

# Git Cheat Sheet

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## Basic Commands

| Command                                      | Description                                 |
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| <code>git init</code>                        | Initialize a new Git repository             |
| <code>git clone &lt;url&gt;</code>           | Create a local copy of a remote repository  |
| <code>git add &lt;file&gt;</code>            | Stage changes to a specific file            |
| <code>git add .</code>                       | Stage all changes in the current directory  |
| <code>git commit -m "&lt;message&gt;"</code> | Commit staged changes                       |
| <code>git status</code>                      | Check the status of changes                 |
| <code>git log</code>                         | View the commit history                     |
| <code>git push</code>                        | Push local commits to the remote repository |
| <code>git pull</code>                        | Fetch and merge changes from the remote     |

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## Branching & Merging | Remote Repositories

| Command                                | Description                  |
|--|------------------------------|
| <code>git branch</code>                | List all branches            |
| <code>git remote -v</code>             | List all remote repositories |
| <code>git branch &lt;name&gt;</code>   | Create a new branch          |
| <code>git checkout &lt;name&gt;</code> | Switch to a different branch |

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <code>git merge &lt;name&gt;</code>     | Merge the specified branch into the current branch |
| <code>git branch -d &lt;name&gt;</code> | Delete a branch                                    |

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## Undoing Changes | Pushing Changes

| Command                                     | Description   |
|---|---|
| <code>git reset &lt;file&gt;</code>         | Unstage changes to a specific file                                    |
| <code>git reset --hard HEAD</code>          | Discard all uncommitted changes in the working directory              |
| <code>git revert &lt;commit_hash&gt;</code> | Create a new commit that undoes the changes made in a previous commit |

- **Why force push?**
  - To overwrite remote history after rebasing or squashing commits.
  - **Caution:** Can cause data loss for others if they've based work on the overwritten commits.

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## Squashing Commits

- **Why squash?** Combine multiple commits into one, creating a cleaner commit history.
- **How:**
  1. `git rebase -i HEAD~<number_of_commits>` (replace `<number_of_commits>` with the desired number)
  2. An editor will open. Change `pick` to `squash` for commits you want to combine, leaving the first one as `pick`.
  3. Save and close the editor. A new editor will open to edit the combined commit message.
  4. Save and close to complete the squash.

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## Additional Tips

- Use clear and descriptive commit messages.
- Pull changes frequently to avoid conflicts.
- Create branches for new features or bug fixes.

- Use `git log` to track changes and understand the project history.
- Explore online resources and tutorials to learn more about Git!

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GitHub Cheat Sheet v1.0 by Goran Tomasic - [www.digiden.dev](http://www.digiden.dev)