

Vacancy Web application

Technical Design

V1.0.0

1. Overview

Vacancy Web is Java spring-boot react web application that allow system owner to post the vacancy and let people applying for the position.

2. Technical Design

2.1. Technical stack

2.1.1. Back-end

- Java latest stable version (> v11)
- Maven latest stable version (v3.6)
- Spring-boot (v2.7.4)

2.1.2. Front-end

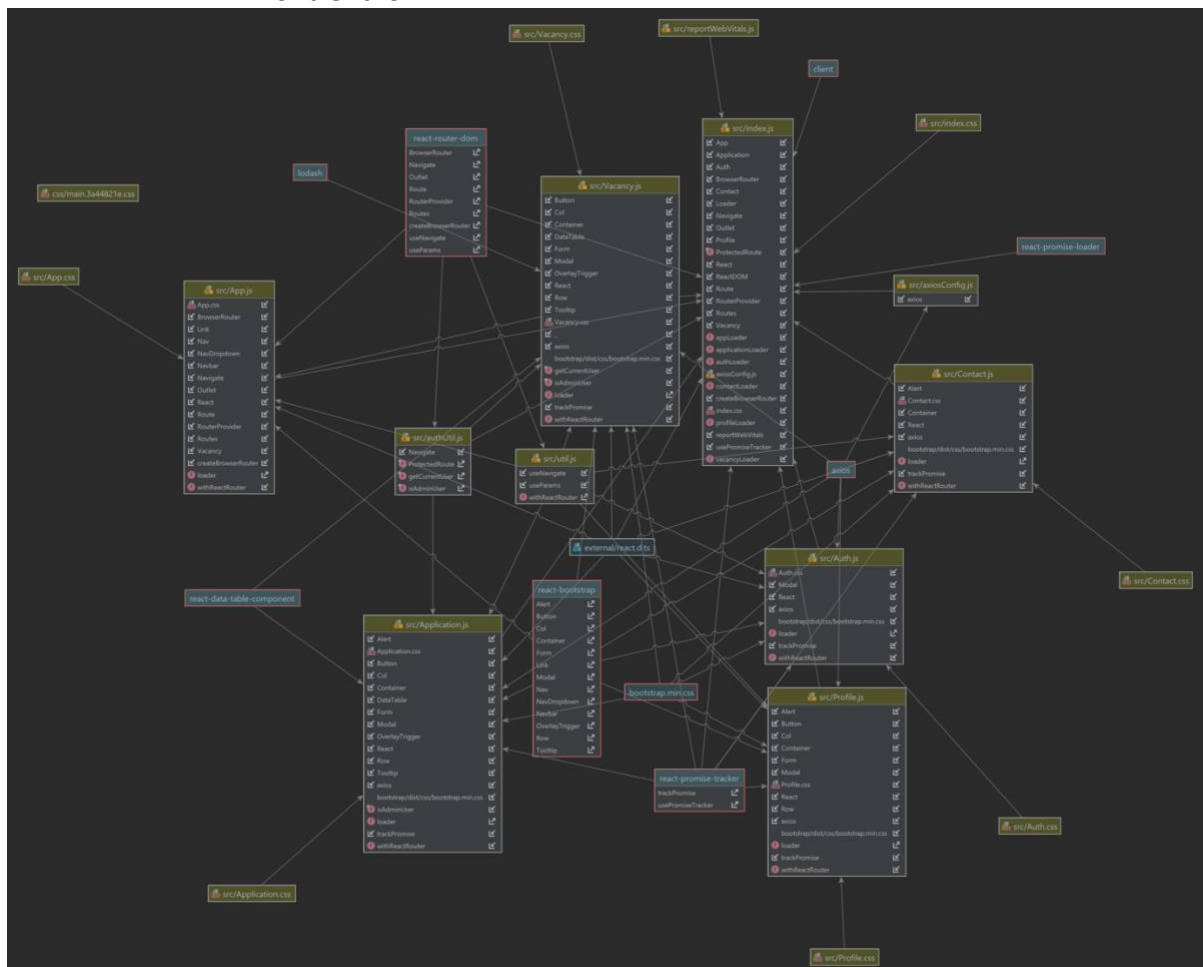
- Nodejs latest stable version (v18)
- Reactjs (v18.2.0)
- Bootstrap (v4.6)

2.1.3. Database

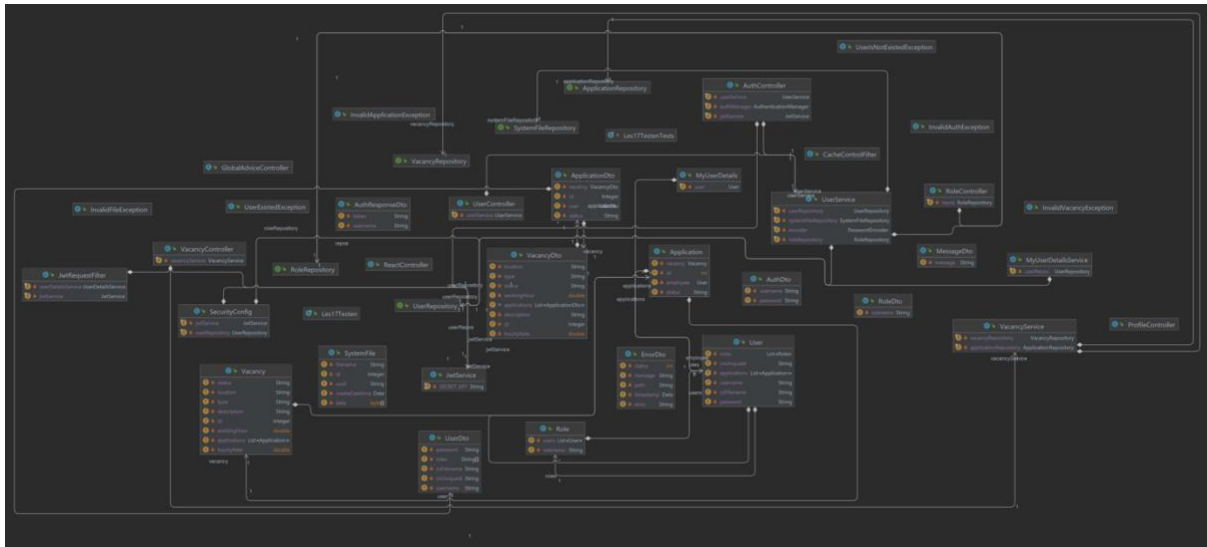
- Postgresql latest stable version

2.2. System design UML

2.2.1. Front-end UML



2.2.2. Back-end UML



2.3. Api design

2.3.1. Auth api (/api/auth)

- Sign In api:
 - Path: /api/auth/signIn
 - Method: POST
 - Request: AuthDto
 - Response: AuthResponseDto
 - Functionality: logged in user and generate jwt token and return in the response.
 - Error handling: return UNAUTHORIZED if the user credential is invalid.
- Sign Up api:
 - Path: /api/auth/signUp
 - Method: POST
 - Request: AuthDto
 - Response: UserDto
 - Functionality: create user and return detail in the response
 - Error handling:
 - return UNAUTHORIZED if the user credential is invalid.
 - Return BAD_REQUEST if the username is already existed

2.3.2. User api (/api/users)

- Get user info:
 - Path: /api/users/me
 - Method: GET
 - Request: jwt token - header
 - Response: Userdto
 - Functionality: find user detail by the provided jwt token and return in the response
- Upload Cv:
 - Path: /api/users/upload

- Method: POST
 - Request: jwt token – header, cv file – Multipart file
 - Functionality: find user detail by the provided jwt token, save the uploaded file into database “systemfile” table as blob data type and return the UUID of uploaded file in the response.
 - Error handling:
 - return UNAUTHORIZED if the user credential is invalid.
 - Download Cv:
 - Path: /api/users/download
 - Method: GET
 - Request: jwt token – header, UUID of the uploaded file
 - Functionality: find the saved file by UUID and return as byte stream to client
- 2.3.3. Vacancy api (/api/vacancies)
- Get all vacancy:
 - Path: /api/vacancies
 - Method: GET
 - Request: jwt token - header
 - Response: VacancyDto
 - Functionality: find all vacancies and return in the response
 - Get all vacancy by id:
 - Path: /api/vacancies/{id}
 - Method: GET
 - Request: jwt token - header
 - Response: VacancyDto
 - Functionality: find single vacancy by id and return in the response
 - Create vacancy:
 - Path: /api/vacancies
 - Method: POST
 - Request: jwt token - header
 - Response: VacancyDto
 - Functionality: create vacancy and return in the response
 - Error handling:
 - return UNAUTHORIZED if the user credential is invalid or it's not ADMIN user.
 - Update vacancy:
 - Path: /api/vacancies
 - Method: PUT
 - Request: jwt token - header
 - Response: VacancyDto
 - Functionality: find vacancy by id and update it and return in the response
 - Error handling:
 - return UNAUTHORIZED if the user credential is invalid or it's not ADMIN user.
 - Apply for a vacancy:
 - Path: /api/vacancies/apply

- Method: POST
- Request: jwt token – header, vacancy id
- Response: status message
- Functionality:
 - check if the vacancy is still in OPEN status, if yes, allow to proceed with the following, otherwise return 'Already closed' message.
 - check if the user is not yet applied for vacancy, if not allow to apply and save the applied record otherwise return 'Already applied' message.
- Complete decision for the vacancy:
 - Path: /api/vacancies/complete
 - Method: POST
 - Request: jwt token – header, application id, accept/reject status
 - Response: status message
 - Functionality: find application by id, and set status to ACCEPT or REJECT status
 - Error handling:
 - return UNAUTHORIZED if the user credential is invalid or it's not ADMIN user.

2.4. Security design

- System using spring-boot framework together with spring-boot-security to enabling security around endpoint
- Pseudo-code for security configuration is as per below

```

- @Bean
public CorsConfigurationSource corsConfigurationSource() {
    final CorsConfiguration configuration = new
    CorsConfiguration();

    configuration.setAllowedOriginPatterns(Arrays.asList("*"));
    configuration.setAllowedMethods(Arrays.asList("HEAD",
        "GET", "POST", "PUT", "DELETE", "PATCH"));
    // setAllowCredentials(true) is important, otherwise:
    // The value of the 'Access-Control-Allow-Origin' header
    in the response must not be the wildcard '*' when the
    request's credentials mode is 'include'.
    configuration.setAllowCredentials(true);
    // setAllowedHeaders is important! Without it, OPTIONS
    preflight request
    // will fail with 403 Invalid CORS request

    configuration.setAllowedHeaders(Arrays.asList("Authorization",
        "Cache-Control", "Content-Type"));
    final UrlBasedCorsConfigurationSource source = new
    UrlBasedCorsConfigurationSource();
    source.registerCorsConfiguration("/**", configuration);
    return source;
}

@Bean
public SecurityFilterChain filterChain(HttpSecurity http)
throws Exception {
    http

```

```

        .cors().and()
        .httpBasic().disable()
        .authorizeRequests()
        .antMatchers(HttpMethod.GET,
"/static/**").permitAll()
        .antMatchers(HttpMethod.GET,
"/index.html").permitAll()
        .antMatchers(HttpMethod.POST,
"/api/auth/").permitAll()
        .antMatchers(HttpMethod.GET,
"/api/users/cv/download").permitAll()
        .antMatchers("/api/**").hasAnyAuthority("USER",
"ADMIN")
        .and()
        .addFilterBefore(new
JwtRequestFilter(jwtService, userDetailsService()),
UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter.class)
        .csrf().disable()

.sessionManagement().sessionCreationPolicy(SessionCreationPo
licy.STATELESS);

return http.build();
}

```

- Public recourses – under static folder, index.html page is allowed public GET
- Authentication api (/api/auth) is allowed public POST
- CV download api /api/cv/download is allowed public GET
- Other api are secured with jwt token
- Jwt token is secured generated using strong encryption method HS256 by using io.jsonwebtoken jjwt library. Pseudo code for token generation is below

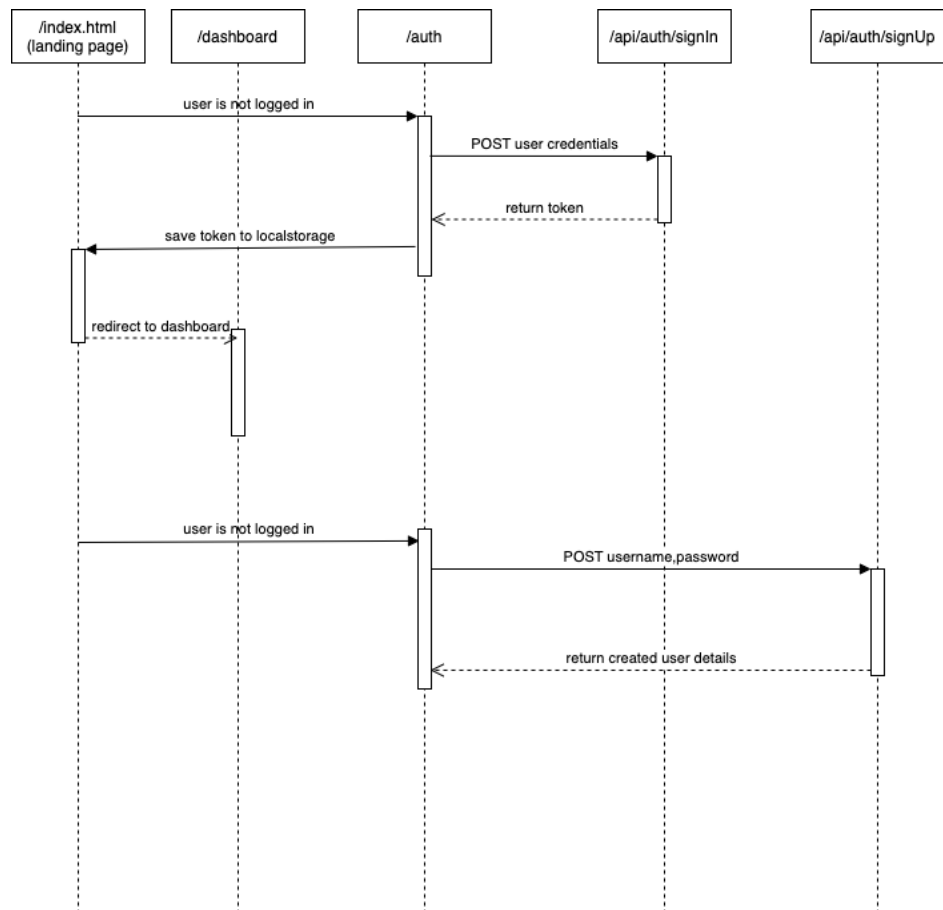
```

private String createToken(Map<String, Object> claims, String
subject) {
    long validPeriod = 1000 * 60 * 60 * 24 * 10; // 10 days in ms
    long currentTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
    return Jwts.builder()
        .setClaims(claims)
        .setSubject(subject)
        .setIssuedAt(new Date(currentTime))
        .setExpiration(new Date(currentTime + validPeriod))
        .signWith(SignatureAlgorithm.HS256, SECRET_KEY)
        .compact();
}

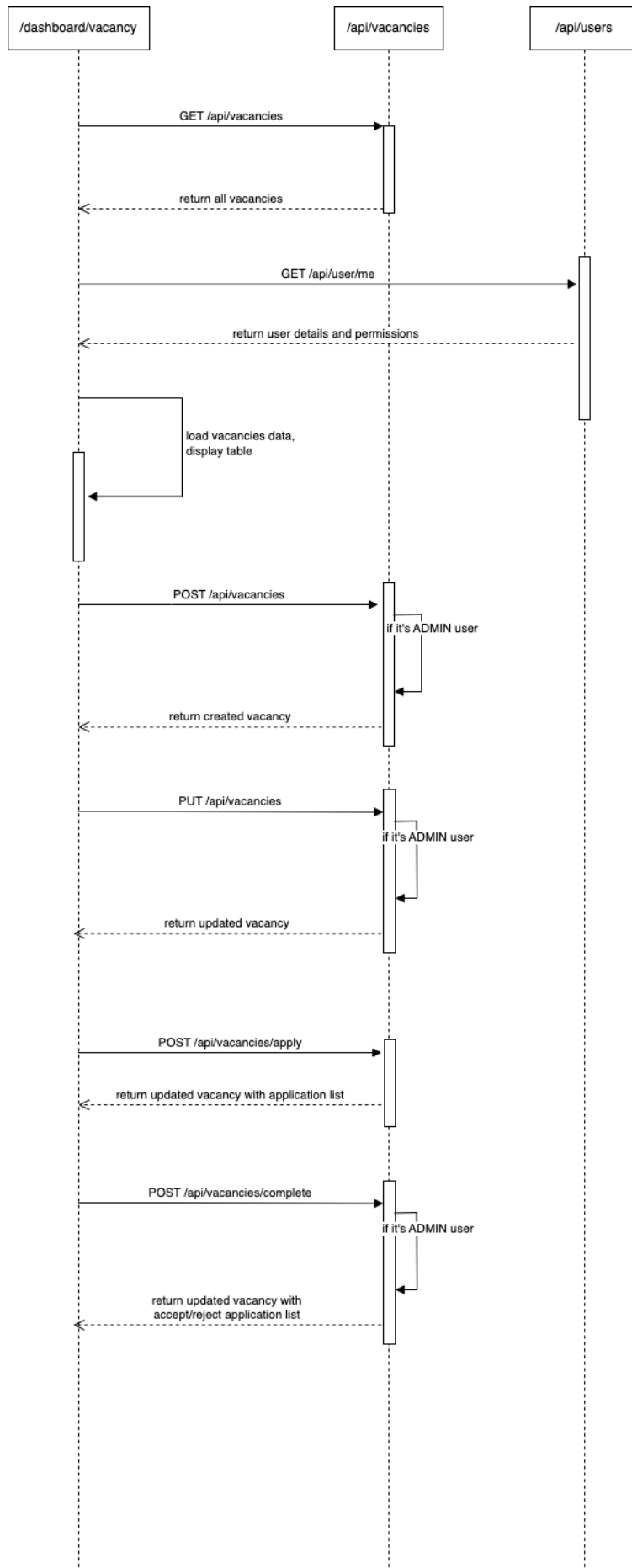
```

2.5. Application sequence diagram

2.5.1. User sign up/ sign in flow



2.5.2. Vacancy flow



2.5.3. User profile flow

