



Unix for Telecommunications

Portfolio Task – P-Lab-08-tcpdump Pass Level Task

I. INTRODUCTION

In this lab you will use the program **tcpdump** to perform some ‘detective’ work on packets captured in the situation shown below.

A Unix for Telecommunications student (Lawrence Slowman) is sitting at the client machine. He connects to the server using a number of different services and performed a number of different tasks. Using the packet trace file captured on the ‘sniffing’ machine and the program **tcpdump** – it is your job to discover as much as possible about what Lawrence did during this session.

II. PURPOSE

To gain and/or enhance the following practical skills:

- Learn how to use **tcpdump** for traffic analysis
- Explore and use appropriate **tcpdump** options
- Understand the value and implications of **tcpdump**

III. PREPARATION

Download a copy of the packet trace file for examination from Doubtfire and place it on your rule host for examination prior to the lab.

Also you can read the **tcpdump** documentation at <http://www.tcpdump.org>

IV. METHODOLOGY

A. *tcpdump Introduction*

- 1) **tcpdump** has already been installed on your rule host, how would you go about installing **tcpdump** under FreeBSD?
- 2) After reading the **tcpdump** documentation, in what way is the name **tcpdump** misleading?

B. *Exploring the packet trace file*

- 1) Don’t forget to uncompress the packet trace file you have downloaded (*Hint: man gzip*)
- 2) You can examine the trace file as a regular user but live capture requires **root** privileges, why?
- 3) What do each of the fields before the ‘:’ in the output of **tcpdump** mean?
- 4) What are the IP addresses of the two hosts in the traffic trace? What are the hostnames assigned to these hosts?
- 5) How would you tell **tcpdump** to give you:
 - a) Only the web traffic from the trace file
 - b) Packet information in HEX format
 - c) Packet information in ASCII format
 - d) Full versus summarised packet information
- 6) How are these options useful in exploring traces using **tcpdump**?
- 7) What is the purpose of **tcpdump**’s **-n** option? When is it useful?

C. *What did Lawrence do?*

With your basic **tcpdump** skills, answer the following questions about the packet trace file:

- 1) Over what time frame was the trace file captured? (duration of session in *seconds*)
- 2) What four protocols did Lawrence use and in what order?
- 3) What web site did Lawrence visit that was hosted on 136.186.229.138?
- 4) What happened the first time Lawrence tried to log in using **ftp**?
- 5) What file did Lawrence retrieve using **ftp**?
- 6) What commands were issued by Lawrence across the **ssh** session?
- 7) What was the contents of the email sent to Lawrence? Who sent it and when?
- 8) What is Lawrence's password?

V. ASSESSMENT

The due date for completion of practical work is **11:00pm**, exactly **six** days after your scheduled class.

Note: *The nominated submission day/time holds regardless of whether that day is a non-teaching day or public holiday*

To complete this lab you need to submit (to Doubtfire) a simple (unformatted) PDF document a brief answer to all the questions in Section IV-C.

Note: *A PDF upload is required as Doubtfire cannot currently accept uploads of text files*

A. *Completion of task in Doubtfire*

You will need to upload your PDF file containing the answers to your Doubtfire portfolio before the due date

B. *Tutor Discussion*

In order for the submission to be marked as complete, you must discuss your work with the tutor