

Change Management Quiz Questions and Answers - 10/10

Try Again (https://purplegriffon.com/quizzes/change-management-quiz-questions-an

If you failed to achieve a pass mark maybe some formal training would help?

If you passed the quiz, that's great news – you can get an industry recognised qualification.

Either way, we have a great training course for you.

View Training Course (https://purplegriffon.com/courses/itil/it-change-management-v

Question 1 ID: 586



Where possible, it is desirable to?

- A. Separate the controlling of Changes from the implementation of Changes, through clear roles and/or clear process boundaries between e.g. Change Management and Release & Deployment Management
- B. Ensure that once the Change is authorised, the Change process should have no further involvement in building, testing and implementing the Change
- C. Allow people to authorise their own changes in order to speed up the process
- D. Only allow the CAB to authorise Changes

Answers

- A) A 🗸
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D

Question 2 ID: 587



Changes should be reviewed when?

- A. Changes should be reviewed at the moment of implementation.
- B. Changes should be reviewed after an appropriate elapse of time, to see if the estimates of costs, risks and benefits were accurate.
- C. Only failed changes should be reviewed.
- D. Changes should only be reviewed if they result in Incidents being raised.

Answers

- A) A
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D

Question 3 ID: 588



Who should see the Change Schedule?

- A. No part of the change schedule should be visible outside the service providing organisation.
- B. Customers and Users should see the entire change schedule, but Suppliers cannot have any visibility of it.
- C. Any and all stakeholders should have full visibility of the change schedule.
- D. Appropriate views of the change schedule should be available to different stakeholders.

Answers

- A) A
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D

Question 4 ID: 584



Changes should be authorised based upon?

- A. The person/group submitting the Change e.g. changed submitted by customers must always be authorised.
- B. The costs changes below a certain threshold must always be approved, above the threshold they should be individually considered.
- C. The ease of implementation.
- D. A good understanding of the costs, benefits and risks of making the change versus the costs, benefits and risks of not making the change.

Answers

- A) A
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D

Question 5 ID: 582



Every Request For Change (RFC) when first received by the Change Process must include?

- A. Every RFC must include a detailed back out plan when it is submitted.
- B. Every RFC must include a detailed set of test results when it is submitted.
- C. Every RFC must include a fully detailed set of costs when it is submitted.
- D. Every RFC must include a Business Justification when it is submitted.

Answers

- A) A
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D 🗸

Question 6 ID: 581



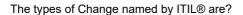
Who should be members of the CAB?

- A. The CAB membership should be determined according to the needs of the organisation, and the membership will often vary from CAB meeting to CAB meeting.
- B. In order to ensure proper control, anyone that could possibly be affected by any change should be a member of the CAB.
- C. CAB membership can vary within the organisation, but it should never include customers, user or suppliers because they won't understand the Changes
- D. The CAB membership must be fixed in order to ensure consistency of decision making.

Answers

- A) A 🗸
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D

Question 7 ID: 583



- A. Standard, Minor, Significant, Major, Emergency.
- B. Standard, Minor, Significant, Major, Urgent.
- C. Pre-authorised, Minor, Significant, Major, Retrospective.
- D. Standard, Minor, Significant, Major, Retrospective.



Answers

- A) A 🗸
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D

Question 8 ID: 580



What is the difference between an incident and a problem?

- A. An incident is an unplanned interruption to (or degradation in) a service, a problem is the cause of that interruption.
- B. There is no difference between Incidents and Problems, it is just jargon.
- C. A problem is an unplanned interruption to (or degradation in) a service, an Incident is the cause of that interruption.
- D. A problem only exists when there have been 5 or more related Incidents logged.

Answers

- A) A 🗸
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D

Question 9 ID: 585



The relationship between a Change's priority and the change schedule is?

- A. There is no relationship between a change's priority and the schedule order of implementing changes.
- B. The change schedule will largely reflect the priority order, but they will not be precisely the same.
- C. Changes must be scheduled and implemented in strict priority order, i.e. a lower priority change can never be implemented ahead of a higher priority change.
- D. Whilst the priority of change can alter, the change schedule is fixed and alterations in priority cannot affect the schedule

Answers

- A) A
- B) B 🗸
- C) C
- D) D

Question 10 ID: 579



Changes must be approved by?

- A. All changes must be approved by the Change Advisory Board (CAB)
- B. All changes must be approved by an appropriate Change Authority
- C. Only major changes should go to the CAB for approval
- D. Change Management is a recording process, not an approving process, so changes do not need to be approved by Change Management but by the customer(s)

Answers

- A) A
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D