

Tentative

TFT LCD Tentative Specification

MODEL NO.: N156B3-L01

Customer :	
Approved by :	-
Note:	

記錄	工作	審核	角色	投票
2008-02-12 15:18:50 CST	PMMD Director	cs_lee(李志聖 /56510/44926)	Director	Accept



Tentative

- CONTENTS -

REVISION HISTORY	 3
1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION 1.1 OVERVIEW 1.2 FEATURES 1.3 APPLICATION 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS	 4
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT	 5
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE 3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT	 7
4. BLOCK DIAGRAM 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE 4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT	 11
5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT 5.1 TFT LCD MODULE 5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT 5.3 TIMING DIAGRAM OF LVDS INPUT SIGNAL 5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT 5.5 EDID DATA STRUCTURE 5.6 EDID SIGNAL SPECIFICATION	 12
6. INTERFACE TIMING 6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS 6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE	 18
7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS	 20
8. PRECAUTIONS 8.1 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS 8.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS 8.3 OPERATION PRECAUTIONS	 24
9. PACKING 9.1 CARTON 9.2 PALLET	 25
10. DEFINITION OF LABELS 10.1 CMO MODULE LABEL 10.2 CARTON LABEL	 27



Tentative

REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Page (New)	Section	Description
Ver 0.0	Nov.30, 2007		All	Tentative specification first issued.
Ver 0.1	Feb.01,2008	12	5.	Update Connector Part No



Tentative

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

N156B3-L01 is a 15.6" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with single CCFL Backlight unit and 30 pins LVDS interface. This module supports 1366 x 768 Wide-XGA mode and can display 262,144 colors. The optimum viewing angle is at 6 o'clock direction. The inverter module for Backlight is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Thin and light weight
- WXGA (1366 x 768 pixels) resolution
- 3.3V LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface with 1 pixel/clock

1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD Notebook

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	344.232(H) × 193.536(V) (15.6" diagonal)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	347.73 (H) x 197.04 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1366 x R.G.B. x 768	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.252 (H) x 0.252 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	262,144	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally white	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (3H), Anti-glare	-	-

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Į:	tem	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal(H)	358.8	359.3	359.8	mm	
Module Size	Vertical(V)	209	209.5	210	mm	(1)
	Thickness(T)		5.9	6.2	mm	
W	eight		500	515	g	-

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.



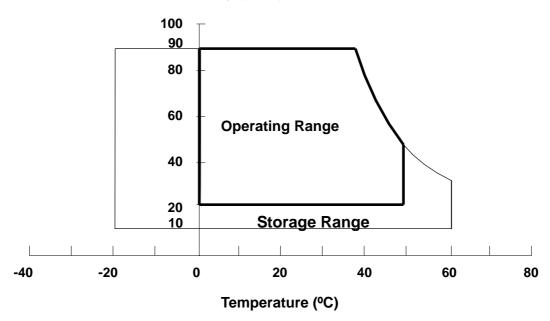
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	NOLE
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	+60	°C	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	°C	(1), (2)
Shock (Non-Operating)	S _{NOP}	-	200/2	G/ms	(3), (5)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V_{NOP}	-	1.5	G	(4), (5)

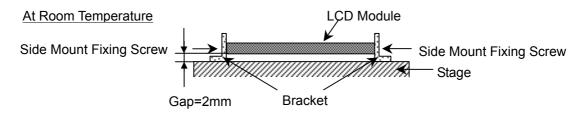
- Note (1) (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta <= 40 °C).
 - (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
 - (c) No condensation.
- Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 °C min. and 50 °C max.

Relative Humidity (%RH)



- Note (3) 1 time for \pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z. for Condition (200G / 2ms) is half Sine Wave,.
- Note (4) 10~500 Hz, 0.5hr/cycle 1cycle for X,Y,Z
- Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

The fixing condition is shown as below:





Tentative

2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
iteiii	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic		
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	+4.0	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	V_{IN}	-0.3	Vcc+0.3	V	(1)	

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Lamp Voltage	V_L	-	2.5K	V_{RMS}	(1), (2), $I_L = 6.0 \text{ mA}$	
Lamp Current	ΙL	-	7.0	mA _{RMS}	(1) (2)	
Lamp Frequency	F∟	50	80	KHz	(1), (2)	

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to Section 3.2 for further information).

Tentative

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

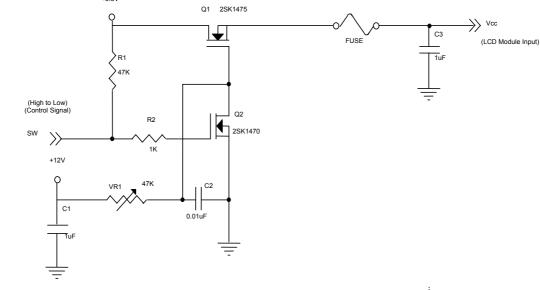
Parameter		Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Ripple Voltage		V_{RP}	-	-	100	mV	-
Rush Current		I _{RUSH}	-	-	1.5	Α	(2)
Initial Stage Current		I _{IS}	-	-	1.0	Α	(2)
Dower Supply Current	White	loo	-	(320)		mA	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black	lcc	-	(380)		mA	(3)b
LVDS Differential Input High Threshold		V _{TH(LVDS)}	-	-	+100	mV	(5), V _{CM} =1.2V
LVDS Differential Input Low Threshold		V _{TL(LVDS)}	-100	-	-	mV	(5) V _{CM} =1.2V
LVDS Common Mode Voltage		V_{CM}	1.125	-	1.375	V	(5)
LVDS Differential Input Voltage		V _{ID}	100	-	600	mV	(5)
Terminating Resistor	R⊤	-	100	-	Ohm	-	
Power per EBL WG		P _{EBL}	-	TBD	-	W	(4)

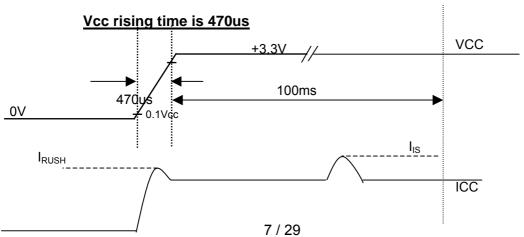
Note (1) The ambient temperature is $Ta = 25 \pm 2$ °C.

Note (2) I_{RUSH}: the maximum current when VCC is rising

 $\ensuremath{I_{\text{IS}}}\xspace$ the maximum current of the first 100ms after power-on

Measurement Conditions: Shown as the following figure. Test pattern: black. $^{\scriptscriptstyle{+3.3\mathrm{V}}}$







Tentative

Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 3.3 V, Ta = 25 \pm 2 °C, DC Current and f_v = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. White Pattern



Active Area



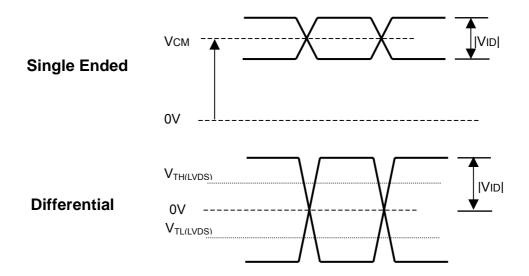


Active Area

Note (4) The specified power are the sum of LCD panel electronics input power and the inverter input power. Test conditions are as follows.

- (a) Vcc = 3.3 V, $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$, $f_v = 60 \,\text{Hz}$,
- (b) The pattern used is a black and white 32 x 36 checkerboard, slide #100 from the VESA file "Flat Panel Display Monitor Setup Patterns", FPDMSU.ppt.
- (c) Luminance: 60 nits.
- (d) The inverter used is provided from Sumida.

Note (5) The parameters of LVDS signals are defined as the following figures.





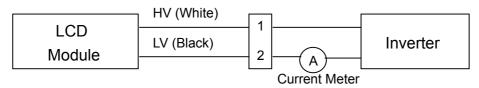
Tentative

3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

	Га	=	25	+	2	00
ı		_	~.)		_	()

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
Farameter	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Lamp Input Voltage	V_L	650	750	820	V_{RMS}	$I_{L} = 6.0 \text{ mA}$
Lamp Current	Ι _L	2.0 (6.0)	(7.0)	mA _{RMS}	(1),(2)	
Lamp Current		3.0	(0.0)	` ,	IIIARMS	(1),(3)
Lamp Turn On Voltage	Vs	-	-	1460(25 °C)	V_{RMS}	(4)
Lamp rum on voltage		ı	-	1600(0 °C)	V_{RMS}	(4)
Operating Frequency	F_L	50	-	80	KHz	(5)
Lamp Life Time	L_BL	15,000	-	-	Hrs	(7)
Power Consumption	P_{L}	ı	4.5	-	W	(6), $I_L = 6.0 \text{ mA}$

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below:



- Note (2) for burst mode inverter design
- Note (3) for continuous mode inverter design
- Note (4) The voltage that must be larger than Vs should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise, the lamp may not be turned on normally.
- Note (5) The lamp frequency may generate interference with horizontal synchronous frequency from the display, and this may cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.
- Note (6) $P_L = I_L \times V_L$
- Note (7) The lifetime of lamp is defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at Ta = 25 ± 2 °C and I_L = 6.0 mA_{RMS} until one of the following events occurs:
 - (a) When the brightness becomes 50% of its original value.
 - (b) When the effective ignition length becomes 80% of its original value. (The effective ignition length is a scope that luminance is over 70% of that at the center point.)
- Note (8) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight, such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid generating too much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.

The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and

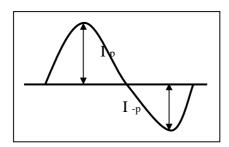


Tentative

symmetrical current waveform. (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter, which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be 10% below;
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $2 \pm 10\%$
- c. The ideal sine wave form shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities.



* Asymmetry rate:

$$|I_{p} - I_{-p}| / I_{rms} * 100\%$$

* Distortion rate

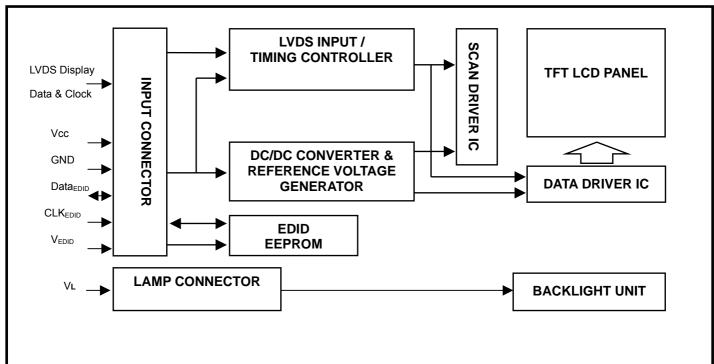
$$I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$$



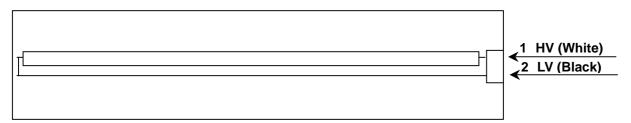
Tentative

4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT





Tentative

5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

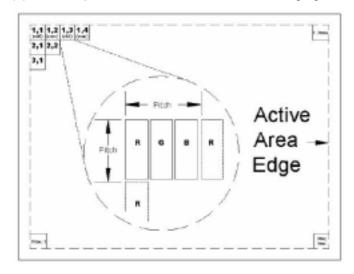
5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Symbol	Description	Polarity	Remark
1	Vss	Ground		
2	Vcc	Power Supply +3.3 V (typical)		
3	Vcc	Power Supply +3.3 V (typical)		
4	V_{EDID}	DDC 3.3V Power		DDC 3.3V Power
5	NC	Non-Connection		
6	CLK _{EDID}	DDC Clock		DDC Clock
7	DATA _{EDID}	DDC Data		DDC Data
8	Rxin0-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	R0~R5,G0
9	Rxin0+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	,
10	Vss	Ground		
11	Rxin1-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	G1~G5, B0, B1
12	Rxin1+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	
13	Vss	Ground		
14	Rxin2-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	B2~B5, DE, Hsync, Vsync
15	Rxin2+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	
16	Vss	Ground		
17	CLK-	LVDS Clock Data Input	Negative	LVDS Level Clock
18	CLK+	LVDS Clock Data Input	Positive	LVD3 Level Clock
19	Vss	Ground		
20	NC	Non-Connection		
21	NC	Non-Connection		
22	Vss	Ground		
23	NC	Non-Connection		
24	NC	Non-Connection		
25	Vss	Ground		
26	NC	Non-Connection		
27	NC	Non-Connection		
28	Vss	Ground		
29	NC	Non-Connection		
30	NC	Non-Connection		

Note (1) Connector Part No.: JAE FI-XB30SL-HF10 or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No: JAE-FI-X30M or equivalent

Note (3) The first pixel is odd as shown in the following figure.





Tentative

5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

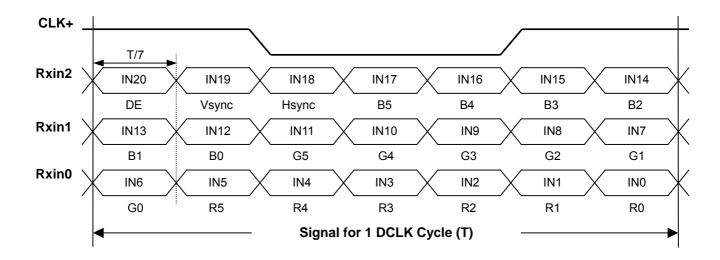
Pin	Symbol	Description	Color
1	HV	High Voltage	White
2	LV	Ground	Black

Note (1) Connector Part No.: JST-BHSR-02VS-1 or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: JAE-FI-X30M or equivalent

Note (3) The first pixel is odd as shown in the following figure.

5.3 TIMING DIAGRAM OF LVDS INPUT SIGNAL





Tentative

5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

		Data Signal																	
	Color			Re	ed			Green				Blue							
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red(61)	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Blue	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



Tentative

5.5 EDID DATA STRUCTURE

The EDID (Extended Display Identification Data) data formats are to support displays as defined in the VESA Plug & Display and FPDI standards.

Byte #(docimal)	Byte	Field Name and Comments	Value(hex)	Value(binary)
#(decimal) 0		Header	00	00000000
1	1	Header	FF	11111111
2	†		FF	11111111
2		Header	FF	11111111
3	3	Header	FF	11111111
4	4	Header 		
5	5	Header L	FF	11111111
6		Header	FF	11111111
7	7	Header	00	00000000
8		EISA ID manufacturer name ("CMO")	0D	00001101
9		EISA ID manufacturer name (Compressed ASCII)	AF	10101111
10		ID product code (N156B3-L01)	57	01010111
11	0B	ID product code (hex LSB first; N156B3-L01)	15	00010101
12	0C	ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	00000000
13	0D	ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	00000000
14	0E	ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	00000000
15	0F	ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	00000000
16	10	Week of manufacture (fixed "00H")	28	00101000
17	11	Year of manufacture (fixed "00H")	11	00010001
18	12	EDID structure version # ("1")	01	00000001
19	13	EDID revision # ("3")	03	00000011
20	14	Video I/P definition ("digital")	80	10000000
21		Max H image size ("35cm")	23	00100011
22		Max V image size ("19cm")	13	00010011
23		Display Gamma (Gamma = "2.2")	78	01111000
24		Feature support ("Active off, RGB Color")	0A	00001010
25		Red/Green (Rx1, Rx0, Ry1, Ry0, Gx1, Gx0, Gy1, Gy0)	07	00000111
26		Blue/White (Bx1, Bx0, By1, By0, Wx1, Wx0, Wy1, Wy0)	F5	11110101
27		Red-x (Rx = "0.602")	9A	10011010
28		Red-y (Ry = "0.340")	57	01010111
29		Green-x (Gx = "0.306")	4E	01001110
30		Green-y (Gy = "0.530")	87	10000111
31		Blue-x (Bx = "0.151")	26	00100110
32		Blue-y (By = "0.120")	1E	00011110
33		White-x (Wx = "0.313")	50	01010000
34		,		01010000
35		White-y (Wy = "0.329")		00000000
		Established timings 1	00	00000000
36 37		Established timings 2	00	00000000
37	25	Manufacturer's reserved timings	00	00000000
38		Standard timing ID # 1		
39	27	Standard timing ID # 1	01	00000001



Tentative

40	28	Standard timing ID # 2	01	00000001	
41	29	Standard timing ID # 2	01	0000001	
42	2A	Standard timing ID # 3	01	0000001	
43	2B	Standard timing ID # 3	01	00000001	
44	2C	Standard timing ID # 4	01	00000001	
45	2D	Standard timing ID # 4	01	0000001	
46	2E	Standard timing ID # 5	01	0000001	
47	2F	Standard timing ID # 5	01	0000001	
48	30	Standard timing ID # 6	01	00000001	
49	31	Standard timing ID # 6	01	0000001	
50	32	Standard timing ID # 7	01	0000001	
51	33	Standard timing ID # 7	01	0000001	
52	34	Standard timing ID # 8	01	0000001	
53	35	Standard timing ID # 8	01	0000001	
		Detailed timing description # 1 Pixel clock ("85.5MHz", According to	66	01100110	
54	36	VESA CVT Rev1.1)			
55	37	# 1 Pixel clock (hex LSB first)	21	00100001	
56	38	# 1 H active ("1366")	56	01010110	
57	39	# 1 H blank ("424")	A8	10101000	
58	3A	# 1 H active : H blank ("1366 :424")	51	01010001	
59	3B	# 1 V active ("768")	00	00000000	
60	3C	# 1 V blank ("30")	1E	00011110	
61	3D	# 1 V active : V blank ("768 :30")	30	00110000	
62	3E	# 1 H sync offset ("69")	45	01000101	
63	3F	# 1 H sync pulse width ("143")	8F	10001111	
64	40	# 1 V sync offset : V sync pulse width ("3 : 10")	3A	00111010	
65	41	# 1 H sync offset : H sync pulse width : V sync offset : V sync width ("69: 143 : 3 : 10")	00	00000000	
66	42	# 1 H image size ("344 mm")	58	01011000	
67	43	# 1 V image size ("193 mm")	C1	11000001	
68	44	# 1 H image size : V image size ("344 : 193")	10	00010000	
69		# 1 H boarder ("0")	00	00000000	
70	46	# 1 V boarder ("0")	00	0000000	
71	47	# 1 Non-interlaced, Normal, no stereo, Separate sync, H/V pol Negatives	18	00011000	
72	48	Detailed timing description # 2	00	0000000	
73	49	# 2 Flag	00	0000000	
74	4A	# 2 Reserved	00	00000000	
75	4B	# 2 FE (hex) defines ASCII string (Model Name "N156B3-L01", ASCII)	FE	11111110	
76	4C	# 2 Flag	00	00000000	
77	4D	# 2 1st character of name ("N")	4E	01001110	
78	4E	# 2 2nd character of name ("1")	31	00110001	
79	4F	# 2 3rd character of name ("5") 35 001101			
80	50	# 2 4th character of name ("6")	36	00110110	
81	51	# 2 5th character of name ("B")	42	01000010	
82	52	# 2 6th character of name ("3")	33	00110011	
83	53	# 2 7th character of name ("-")	2D	00101101	
	•				



Tentative

84	54	# 2 8th character of name ("L")	4C	01001100
85		# 2 9th character of name ("0")	30	00110000
86	56	# 2 9th character of name ("1")	31	00110001
87	57	# 2 New line character indicates end of ASCII string	0A	00001010
88		# 2 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
89		# 2 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
90	5A	Detailed timing description # 3	00	00000000
91	5B	#3 Flag	00	00000000
92		# 3 Reserved	00	00000000
93	5D	# 3 FE (hex) defines ASCII string (Vendor "CMO", ASCII)	FE	11111110
94		# 3 Flag	00	00000000
95		# 3 1st character of string ("C")	43	01000011
96		# 3 2nd character of string ("M")	4D	01001101
97		# 3 3rd character of string ("O")	4F	01001111
98		# 3 New line character indicates end of ASCII string	0A	00001010
99		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
100		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
101		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
102		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
103		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
104		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
105		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
106		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
107		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
108		Detailed timing description # 4	00	00000000
109		# 4 Flag	00	00000000
110		# 4 Reserved	00	00000000
111	6F	# 4 FE (hex) defines ASCII string (Model Name"N154I3-L02", ASCII)	FE	11111110
112		# 4 Flag	00	00000000
113		# 4 1st character of name ("N")	4E	01001110
114		# 4 2nd character of name ("1")	31	00110001
115		# 4 3rd character of name ("5")	35	00110101
116		# 4 4th character of name ("6")	36	00110110
117		# 4 5th character of name ("B")	42	01000010
118		# 4 6th character of name ("3")	33	00110011
119		# 4 7th character of name ("-")	2D	00101101
120		# 4 8th character of name ("L")	4C	01001100
121		# 4 9th character of name ("0")	30	00110000
122		# 4 9th character of name ("1")	31	00110001
123		# 4 New line character indicates end of ASCII string	0A	00001010
124		# 4 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
125		# 4 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
126	7E	Extension flag	00	00000000
127	7F	Checksum	33	00110011
		<u> </u>		ļ



Tentative

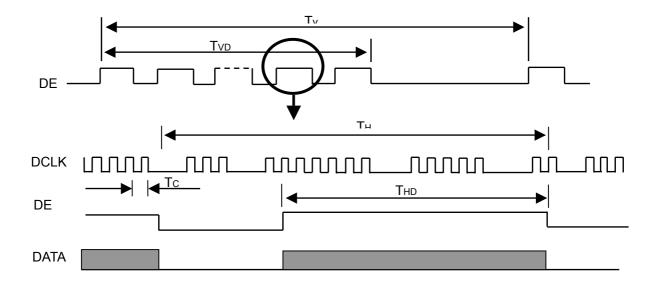
6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	1/Tc	50	(76)	(85)	MHz	(2)
	Vertical Total Time	TV	(778)	(806)	(888)	TH	-
	Vertical Active Display Period	TVD	768	768	768	TH	-
DE	Vertical Active Blanking Period	TVB	TV-TVD	(38)	TV-TVD	TH	
	Horizontal Total Time	TH	(1446)	(1560)	(1936)	Tc	(2)
	Horizontal Active Display Period	THD	1366	1366	1366	Tc	(2)
	Horizontal Active Blanking Period	THB	TH-THD	(424)	TH-THD	Tc	(2)

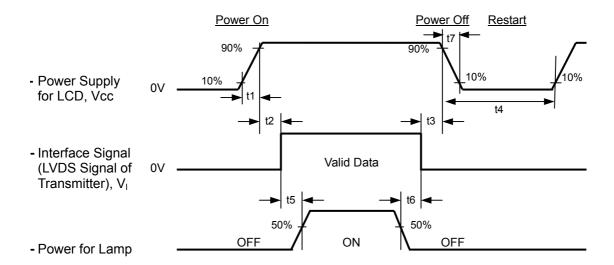
INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM





Tentative

6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE



Timing Specifications:

0.5< t1 <= 10 msec

0 < t2 <= 50 msec

0 < t3 <= 50 msec

t4 >= 500 msec

t5 >= 200 msec

t6 >= 200 msec

- Note (1) Please follow the power on/off sequence described above. Otherwise, the LCD module might be damaged.
- Note (2) Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply of LCD Vcc to 0 V.
- Note (3) The Backlight inverter power must be turned on after the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is valid. The Backlight inverter power must be turned off before the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is invalid.
- Note (4) Sometimes some slight noise shows when LCD is turned off (even backlight is already off). To avoid this phenomenon, we suggest that the Vcc falling time is better to follow 5ms to 300 ms.



Tentative

7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit			
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	°C			
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH			
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	3.3	V			
Input Signal	According to typical v	CHARACTERISTICS"				
Inverter Current	IL	6.0	mA			
Inverter Driving Frequency	F_L	61	KHz			
Inverter	Sumida-H05-4915					

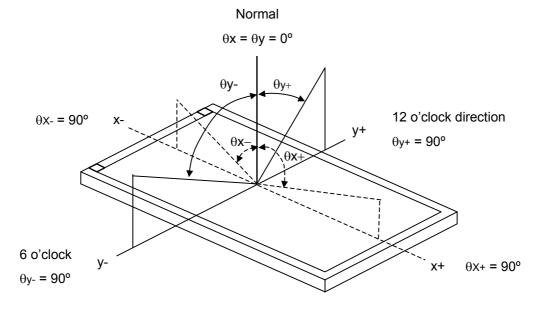
The measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in Section 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in Section 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR		280	400	_	-	(2), (5)
Response Time		T_R		-	3	8	ms	(3)
Response fille	;	T_F		-	7	12	ms	(3)
Average Lumin	ance of White	Lave		200	220	-	cd/m ²	(4), (6)
	Red	Rx			TBD		-	
	ixeu	Ry	θ _x =0°, θ _Y =0°		TBD		-	(1)
	Green	Gx	Viewing Normal Angle		TBD		-	
Color		Gy	viewing Normal Angle	TYP. -0.03	TBD	TYP. +0.03	-	
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx			TBD		-	
Chilomaticity		Ву			TBD		-	
	White	Wx			0.313		-	
		Wy			0.329		-	
	Color Gamut	C.G.		54	60	-	%	(7)
	Horizontol	θ_{x} +	40	40	45	-		
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_{x} -	40	40	45	-	Dog	(4) (5)
Viewing Angle	Martiaal	θ _Y +	15	15	20	-	Deg.	(1),(5)
	Vertical	θ _Y -	40	40	45	-		
White Variation	White Variation of 5 Points		θ _x =0°, θ _Y =0°	75	85	-	%	(5),(6)



Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L63 / L0

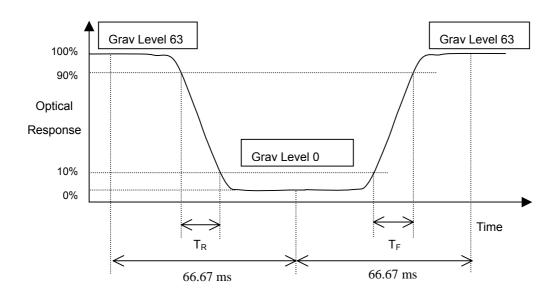
L63: Luminance of gray level 63

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(1)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T_R, T_F):





Tentative

Note (4) Definition of Average Luminance of White (L_{AVE}):

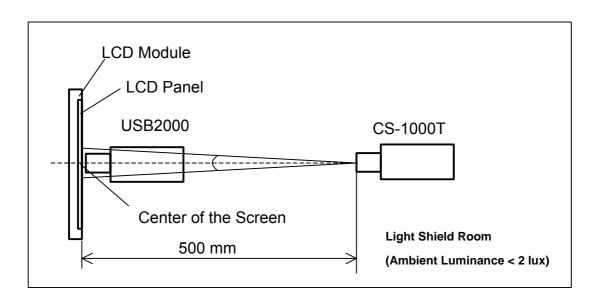
Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points

$$L_{AVE} = [L(1) + L(2) + L(3) + L(4) + L(5)] / 5$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6)

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.



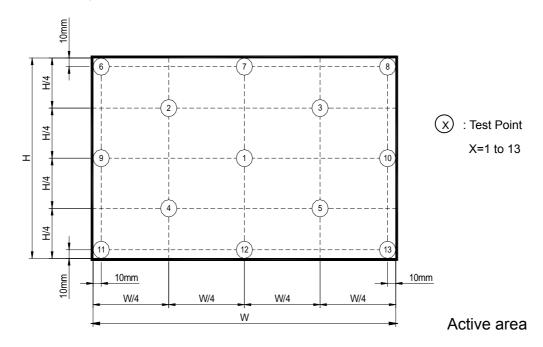


Tentative

Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points

 δW_{5p} = Minimum [L (1)+ L (2)+ L (3)+ L (4)+ L (5)] / Maximum [L (1)+ L (2)+ L (3)+ L (4)+ L (5)]



Note (7) Definition of color gamut (C.G%):

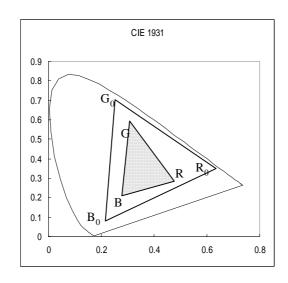
C.G%= RGB/ $R_0 G_0 B_0,*100\%$

R₀, G₀, B₀: color coordinates of red, green, and blue defined by NTSC, respectively.

R, G, B: color coordinates of module on 63 gray levels of red, green, and blue, respectively.

R₀ G₀ B₀: area of triangle defined by R₀, G₀, B₀

R G B: area of triangle defined by R, G, B





Tentative

8. PRECAUTIONS

8.1 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The module should be assembled into the system firmly by using every mounting hole. Be careful not to twist or bend the module.
- (2) While assembling or installing modules, it can only be in the clean area. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or damage the polarizer.
- (3) Use fingerstalls or soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (4) Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead on the panel because the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, please clean it by some absorbent cotton or soft cloth. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanently damage the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (6) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Staining and discoloration may occur if they left on panel for a long time.
- (7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contacting with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (8) Protect the module from static electricity, it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.
- (9) Do not disassemble the module.
- (10) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (11) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

8.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

- (1) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (2) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because the moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (3) It may reduce the display quality if the ambient temperature is lower than 10 °C. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of lamp will be higher than the room temperature.

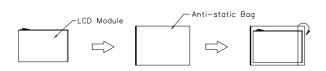
8.3 OPERATION PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (2) Always follow the correct power on/off sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent the CMOS LSI chips from damage during latch-up.
- (3) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.



Tentative

9. PACKING9.1 CARTON



Box Dimensions: 489(L)*382(W)*330(H) Weight: Approx. 13.06kg(20 module .per. 1 box)

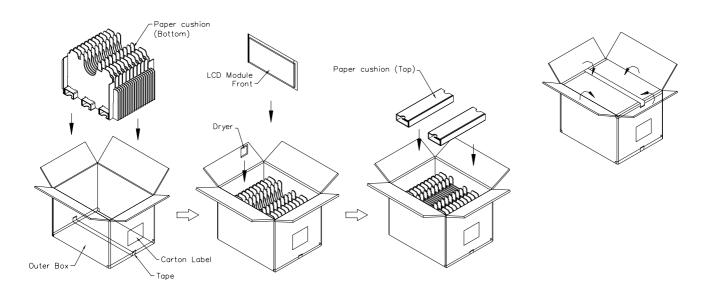


Figure. 9-1 Packing method



Tentative

9.2 PALLET

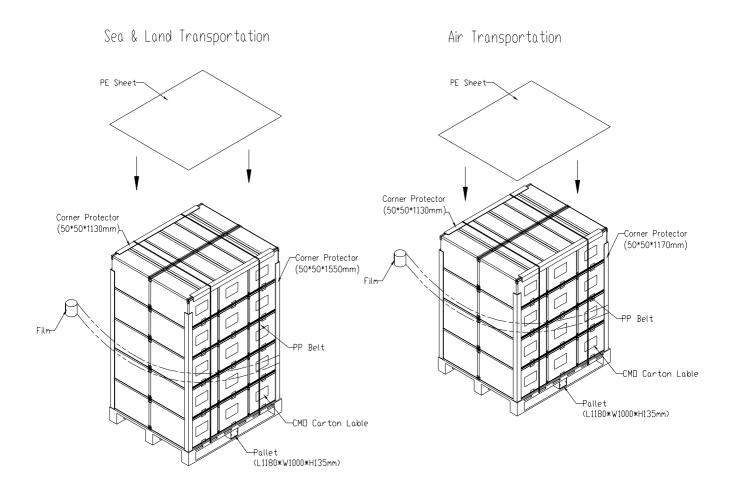


Figure. 9-2 Packing method

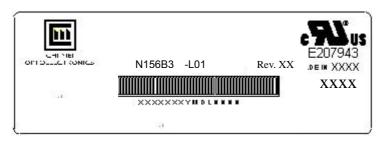


Tentative

10. DEFINITION OF LABELS

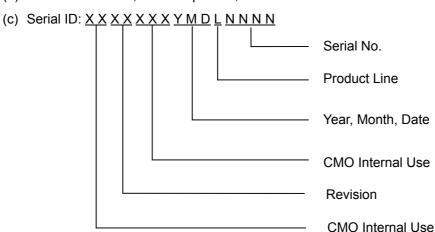
10.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: N156B3 - L01

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: C1, C2 ...etc.



Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2001~2009

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I, O and U

(b) Revision Code: cover all the change

(c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product

(d) Product Line: 1 -> Line1, 2 -> Line 2, ...etc.



Tentative

10.2 CARTON LABEL

CHI MEI OPTOELECTRONICS	
PO.NO	
Part ID.	
Model Name	
Carton ID.	Quantities
	Made in XXXX RoHS

