SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

()	Preliminar	y Specification
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(♦) Final Specification

Title 15.4" WXGA TFT LCD

Customer	DELL
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.		
*MODEL	LP154WP1		
Suffix	TLA3		

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
/	
/	
Please return 1 copy for you your signature and commen	

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE			
G. J. Kwon / G.Manager				
REVIEWED BY				
G. J. Han / Manager				
PREPARED BY				
Y. J. Kim / Engineer				
C. H. Lee / Engineer				
Products Engineering Dept. LG Display Co., Ltd				

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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0	Nov. 12. 2007	-	First Draft (Preliminary Specification)	0.0
0.1	Apr. 1. 2008	4, 17	Define weight	
		6	Revise Power supply input current, Power consumption	
		8	Define Lamp Wire color	
		11	Revise Signal Timing Specifications	
		14	Revise Color Coordinates	<u> </u>
		18, 19	Chaege Front / Rear View	<u> </u>
		20	Add PPID Label Information	
		29~31	Update EDID data	0.5

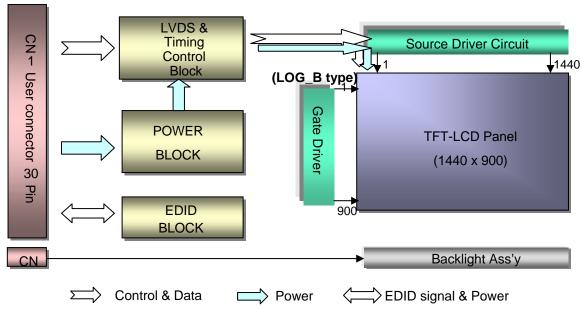


1. General Description

The LP154WP1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.4 inches diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution(900 vertical by 1440 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP154WP1 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP154WP1 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP154WP1 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



General Features

Active Screen Size	15.4 inches diagonal		
Outline Dimension	344.0 (H) × 222.0 (V) × 6.4(D, max) mm		
Pixel Pitch	0.2301 mm × 0.2301 mm		
Pixel Format	1440 horiz. by 900 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement		
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors		
Luminance, White	250 cd/m ² (Typ.) , 5 point		
Power Consumption	Total 5.51 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 1.09 Watt(Typ.), B/L input 4.42 Watt(Typ.)		
Weight	530g (Max.)		
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white		
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Glare treatment of the front polarizer		
RoHS Comply	Yes		

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

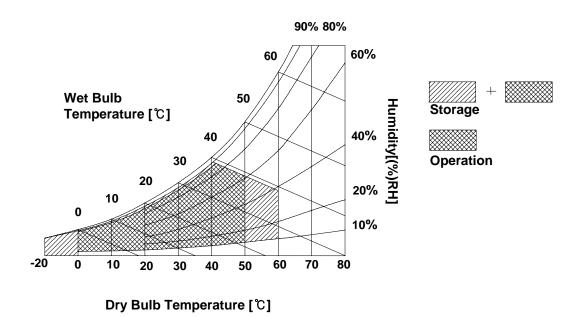
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
Farameter	Syllibol	Min	Max	Office		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

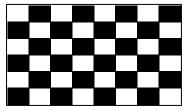
The LP154WP1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Doromotor	Cumbal	Values			Linit	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
MODULE :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V _{DC}	
Power Supply Input Current	I _{cc}		300	345	mA	1
Power Consumption	Pc	-	0.99	1.14	Watt	1
Differential Impedance	Zm	90	100	110	Ohm	2
LAMP :						
Operating Voltage	V_{BL}	665	680	895	V _{RMS}	
Operating voltage		(7.0mA)	(6.5mA)	(2.0mA)		
Operating Current	I _{BL}	2.0	6.5	7.0	mA _{RMS}	3
Power Consumption	P_{BL}	-	4.42	4.73		
Operating Frequency	f _{BL}	45	60	80	kHz	
Discharge Stabilization Time	Ts	-	-	3	Min	4
Life Time		15,000	-	-	Hrs	5
Established Starting Voltage at 25℃ at 0 ℃	Vs			1170 1400	V_{RMS}	

Note)

1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V, $25^{\circ}C$, fv = 60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.



- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 3. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance (L_{WH}) in optical characteristics.
- 4. Define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%, Ts is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 5. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current.

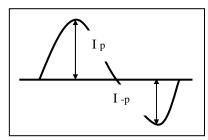
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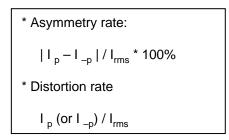


Note)

- 6. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave.
 Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
 - 7. It is defined the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%.

 T_S is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
 - 8. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The applied lamp current is a typical one.
 - Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
 It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
 - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
 - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$.
 - * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



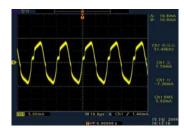


- 10. Inverter open voltage must be more than lamp voltage for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on.
 - Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.
 If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.

Ex of current wave)



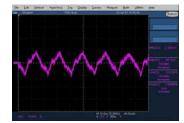
Normal current wave - Standard



Abnormal current wave - Bad



Abnormal current wave - Bad



Abnormal current wave - Bad



3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model FI-XB30SRL-HF11 manufactured by JAE.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	GND	Ground	
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	1, Interface chips
5	BIST	Panel BIST control	1.1 LCD: SW0610_M(LCD Controller)
6	CIk EEDID	DDC Clock	including LVDS Receiver
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	1.2 System : THC63LVD823A or equivalent
8	0dd_R _{IN} 0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	* Pin to Pin compatible with THINE LVDS
9	0dd_R _{IN} 0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	,
10	GND	Ground	2. Connector 2.1 LCD : FI-XB30SRL-HF11, JAE or
11	0dd_R _{IN} 1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	MDF76LARW-30S-1H, Hirose
12	0dd_R _{IN} 1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	equivalent. Locking design
13	GND	Ground	2.2 Mating : FI-X30M or equivalent. 2.3 Connector pin arrangement
14	0dd_R _{IN} 2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	2.5 Connector pin arrangement
15	0dd_R _{IN} 2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	30 1
16	GND	Ground	<u> </u>
17	Odd_CLKIN-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
18	Odd_CLKIN+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
19	GND	Ground	[LCD Module Rear View]
20	Even_R _{IN} 0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
21	Even_R _{IN} 0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
22	GND	Ground	
23	Even_R _{IN} 1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
24	Even_R _{IN} 1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
25	GND	Ground	
26	Even_R _{IN} 2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
27	Even_R _{IN} 2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
28	GND	Ground	
29	Even_CLKIN-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
30	Even_CLKIN+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST or Compatible. The mating connector part number is AMP1674817-2 or equivalent.



Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J3)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

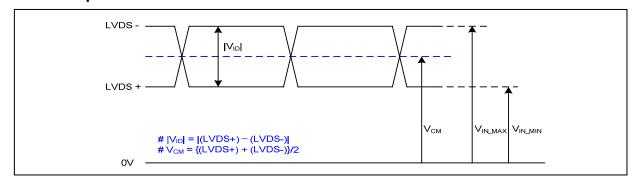
Notes: 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored Pink and the low voltage side terminal is Yellow.

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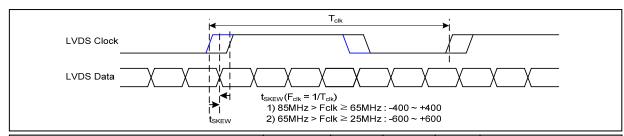
3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications

3-3-1. DC Specification



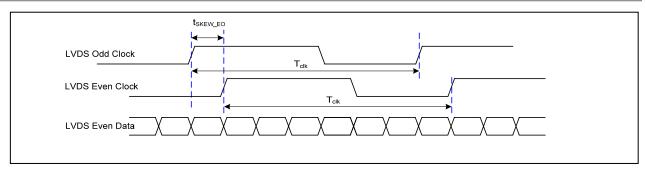
Description	Symb ol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	100	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V _{CM}	0.6	1.8	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	0.3	2.1	V	-

3-3-2. AC Specification

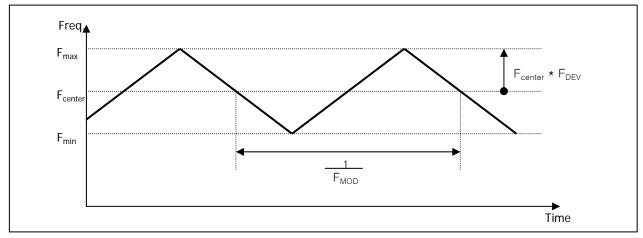


Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skow Margin	t _{SKEW}	- 400	+ 400	ps	85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t _{SKEW}	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 25MHz
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t _{SKEW_EO}	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T _{clk}	-
Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC	F _{DEV}	-	± 3	%	-
Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC	F _{MOD}	-	200	KHz	-





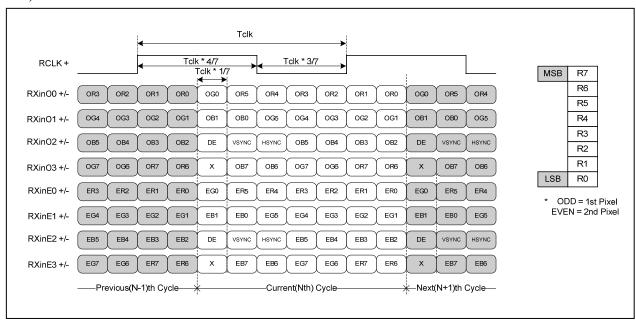
< Clock skew margin between channel >



< Spread Spectrum >

3-3-3. Data Format

1) LVDS 2 Port



< LVDS Data Format >

Condition: VCC =2.85V

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Product Specification

3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

Table 6. TIMING TABLE

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	f _{CLK}	-	51	-	MHz	
	Period	Thp	-	916	932		
Hsync	Width	t _{WH}	104	56	-	tCLK	
	Width-Active	t _{WHA}	720	720	720		
	Period	t _{VP}	ı	926	-		
Vsync	Width	t _{wv}	3	6	-	tHP	
	Width-Active	t _{wva}	900	900	900		
	Horizontal back porch	t _{HBP}	68	76	-	tCLK	
Data	Horizontal front porch	t _{HFP}	60	64	-	ICLK	
Enable	Vertical back porch	t _{VBP}	12	17	-	tHP	
	Vertical front porch	t _{VFP}	2	3	-	une	



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High: 0.7VCC Data Enable, Hsync, Vsync Low: 0.3VCC 0.5 Vcc **DCLK** t_{HP} Hsync **t**WHA t_{HFP} t_{HBP} Data Enable t_{VP} Vsync t_{VFP} twva t_{VBP} Data Enable

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3-6. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	ut Co	olor D	ata							
	Color			RE	D					GRE	EN					BL	UE		
`	50101	MSE	3					MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	В3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0
	Red	1	1	1	. 1	. 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	. 1			1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																	 		
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																	 		••••
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	····· 1
BLUE			• • • • •														 		••••
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	1	 1		 1	 1	
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0		0		0	0	0	0	 0	0		 1	1		1	<u>.</u> 1
	(,							L											

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3-7. Power Sequence

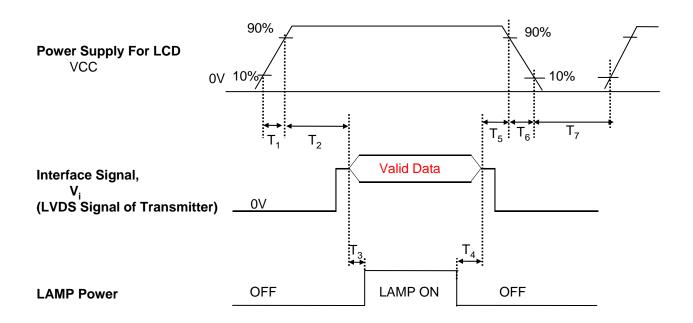


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value		Units
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T ₁	0	-	10	(ms)
T ₂	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₃	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₄	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₅	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₆	0	-	10	(ms)
T ₇	400	-	-	(ms)

Note)

- 1. Valid Data is Data to meet "3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications"
- 2. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 3. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 4. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

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4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and Θ equal to 0° .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

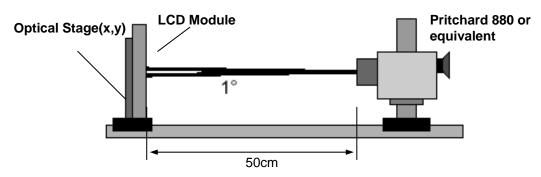


Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, f_{V} =60Hz, f_{CLK} = 86.7MHz, F_{BL} = 60KHz , I_{BL} = 6.5mA

			•	, OLIK	1	=
Parameter	Symbol		Values		Units	Notes
Falanielei	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Ullis	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	400	600			1
Surface Luminance, white	L _{WH}	210	250		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ_{WHITE}			2.0		3
Response Time	Tr_{R} + Tr_{D}		16	25	ms	4
Color Coordinates]	
RED	RX	0.571	0.601	0.631	1	
	RY	0.320	0.350	0.380		
GREEN	GX	0.290	0.320	0.350		
	GY	0.519	0.549	0.579	[
BLUE	вх	0.129	0.159	0.189		
	BY	0.115	0.145	0.175	[
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angle]	5
x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr		80		degree	
x axis, left (Φ =180°)	Θl		80		degree	
y axis, up (Φ=90°)	Θu		60		degree	
y axis, down (⊕=270°)	Θd		60	[degree	
Gray Scale						6

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Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

$$L_{WH} = Average(L_1, L_2, \dots L_5)$$

3. The variation in surface luminance , The panel total variation (δ_{WHITE}) is determined by measuring L_N at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as followed numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{\text{ WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(\mathsf{L}_{1}, \mathsf{L}_{2}, \, \dots \, \mathsf{L}_{13})}{\text{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{1}, \mathsf{L}_{2}, \, \dots \, \mathsf{L}_{13})}$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, Tr_R) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

*
$$f_{V} = 60$$
Hz

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.12
L7	0.47
L15	3.24
L23	
	21.0
L39	35.9
L47	55.5
L55	79.1
L63	100

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FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>

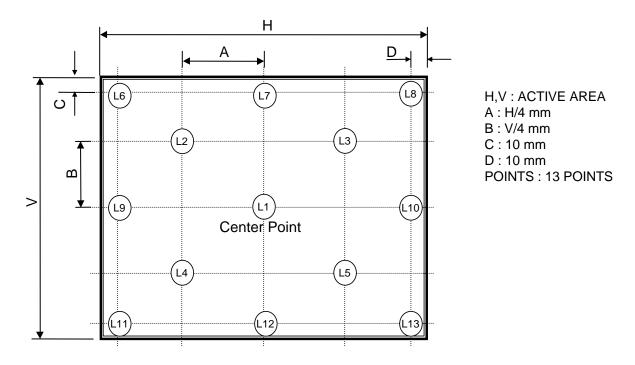
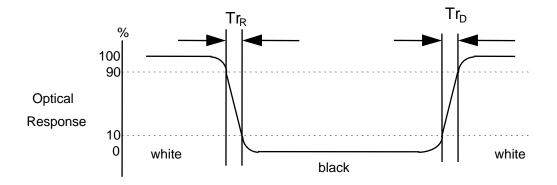


FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



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5. Mechanical Characteristics

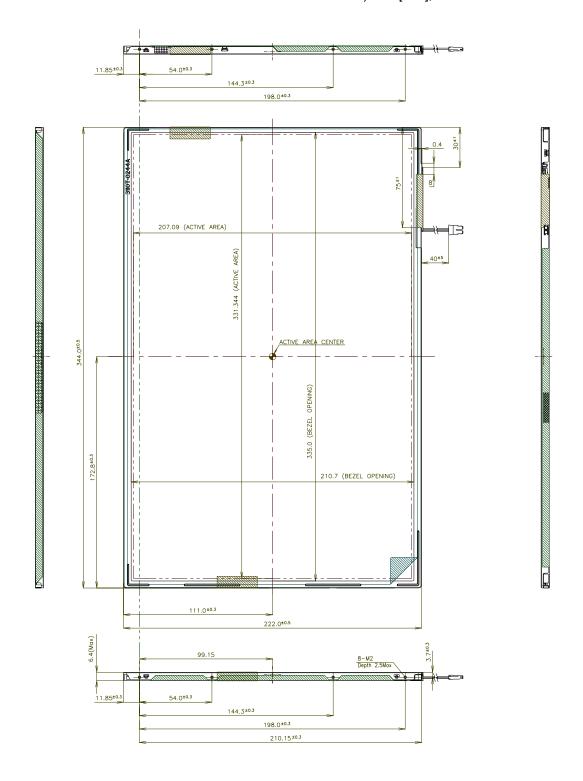
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP154WP1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	344.0 ± 0.5mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	$222.0\pm0.5\text{mm}$			
	Thickness	6.1 ± 0.3mm			
Bezel Area	Horizontal	335.0 ± 0.5mm			
bezei Alea	Vertical	210.7 ± 0.5mm			
Active Display Area	Horizontal	331.344 mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	207.090 mm			
Weight	530g (Max.)				
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Glare treatment of the front polarizer				



<FRONT VIEW>

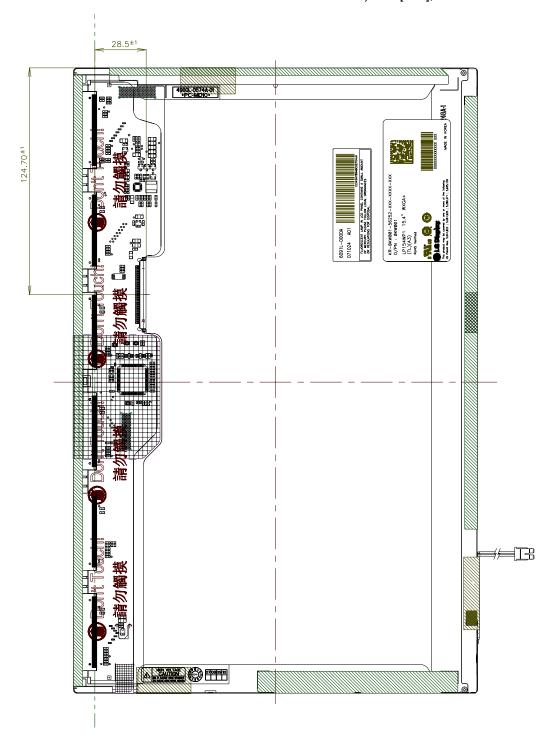
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: \pm 0.5mm





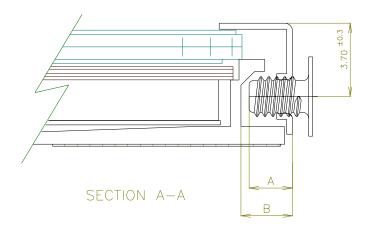
<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: \pm 0.5mm





[DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW]

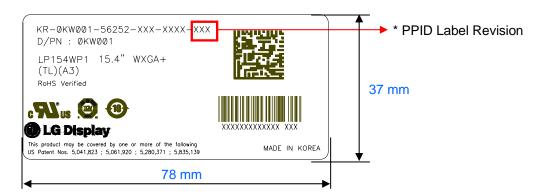


- * Mounting Screw Length (A) = 2.0(Min) / 2.5(Max)
- * Mounting Screw Hole Depth (B) = 2.5(Min)
- * Mounting hole location: 3.7(typ.)
- * Torque : 2.5 kgf.cm(Max)

(Measurement gauge : torque meter)

Notes: 1. Screw plated through the method of non-electrolytic nickel plating is preferred to reduce possibility that results in vertical and/or horizontal line defect due to the conductive particles from screw surface.

[DETAIL INFORMATION OF PPID LABEL AND REVISION CODE]



* PPID Label Revision:

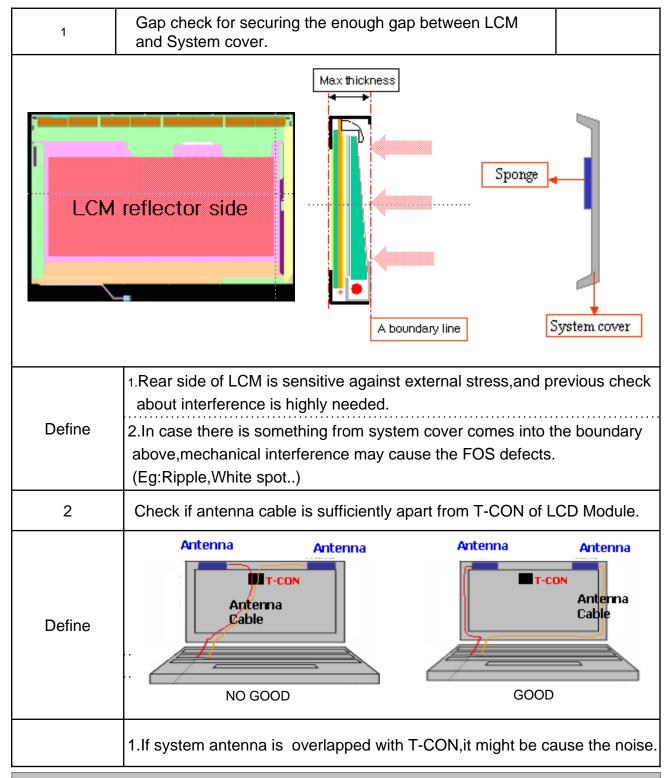
It is subject to change with Dell event. Please refer to the below table for detail.

Classification	No Change	1st Revision	2nd Revision	 9th Revision	
SST(WS)	X00	X01	X02	 A09	
PT(ES)	X10	X11	X12	 A19	
ST(CS)	X20	X21	X22	 A29	
XB(MP)	A00	A01	A02	 A09	

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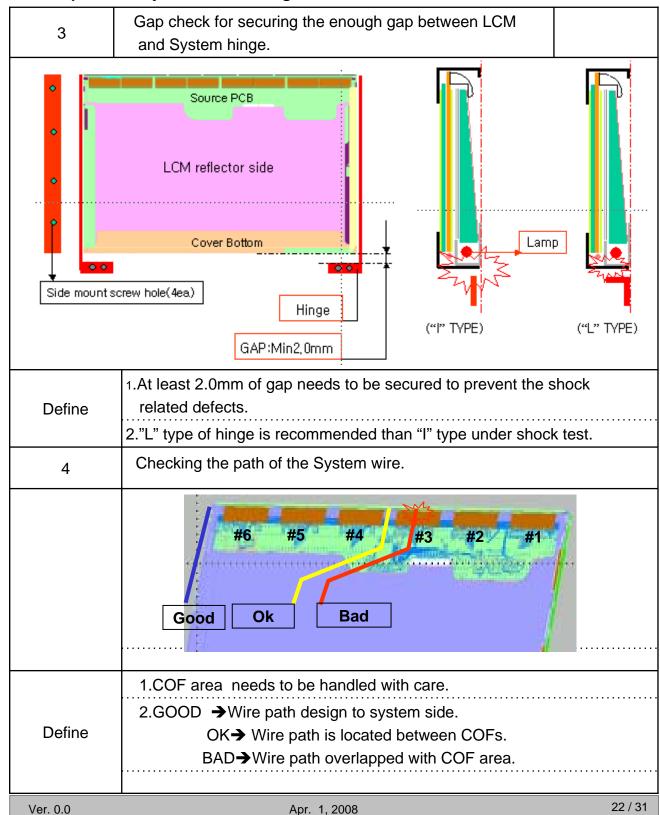
LPL Proposal for system cover design.(Appendix)



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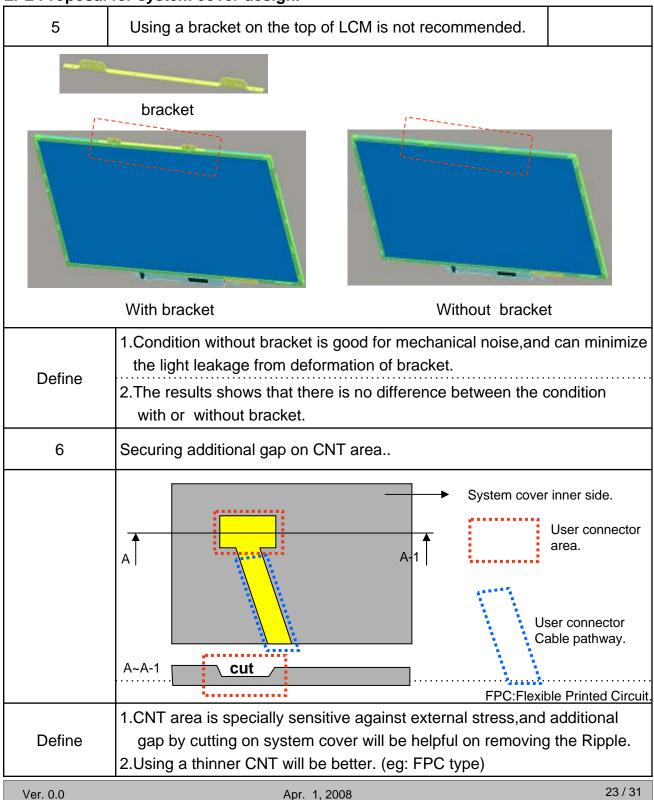


LPL Proposal for system cover design.





LPL Proposal for system cover design.





6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions				
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h				
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h				
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h				
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h				
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis				
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 6ms for all six faces)				
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr				

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

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7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition,

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)

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8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH) D : YEAR

E: MONTH F ~ M: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	C

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 20 pcs

b) Box Size : 395mm \times 390mm \times 309mm

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9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm\ 200mV(Over\ and\ under\ shoot\ voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

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9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
 - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

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APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field Nam e and Comments		a lue Va lue			
(decim al)	(HEX)	Field Nam e and Com m ents	(HE	Χ)	(b ir	ary)	
0	00	Header	0	0	0000	0000	
1	01	Header	F	H	1111	1111	
2	02	Header	F	F	1111	1111	
3		Header	F	F	1111	1111	Header
4	04	Header	F	F	1111	1111	
5		Header	F	F	1111	1111	
6	06	Header	F	F 0	1111	1111	
7 8	07 08	Header ESA m anufacturer code(3 Character D) = LPL	3	2	0000	0000	
9	09	ESA m anufacture code (Com pressed ASC II)	0	C	0000	1100	
10	0.9 0.A	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product code	2	5	0010	0101	
11	OB	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product code	0	1	0000	0001	
12	0C		0	0	0000	0000	Vandar/
		LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	-				Vender/
13	0D	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000	0000	Product ID
14	0E	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000	0000	
15	0F	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000	0000	
16	10	W eek of M anufacture = 00	0	0	0000	0000	
17	11	Year of M anufacture = 2007	1	1	0001	0001	
18	12	ED D Structure version # = 1	0	1	0000	0001	ED D Version/
19	13	ED D Revision # = 3	0	3	0000	0011	Revision
20	14	Video hputDefnition = Digitalsignal, 6 bit_Dellonly	9	0	1001	0000	O in a lar.
21 22		MaxH image size(cm) = 33.12cm(33) MaxV image size(cm) = 20.70cm(21)	2	5	0010	0001	Display
23	17	D isp lay gam m a = 2.2	7	8	0111	1000	Param eter
24	18	Feature support(DPMS) = Active off, RGB Color	0	A	0000	1010	
25		Red/Green by Bits	E	9		1001	
26	1A	B lue/W h ite Low B its	D	5	1101	0101	
27	1B	Red X = 0.601	9	9	1001	1001	
28	1C	Red Y = 0.350	5	9	0101	1001	
29	1D	G reen X = 0.326	5	2	0101	0010	Cobr
30	1E	G reen Y = 0.556	8	С	1000	1100	Characteristic
31	1F	B lue X = 0.159	2	8	0010	1000	
32	20	B Lue Y = 0.149	2	5	0010	0101	
33	21	W hite X = 0.313	5	0	0101	0000	
34	22	White Y = 0.329	5	0	0101	0100	Catab liabad
35	23	Established timings 1 (00h if not used)	0	0	0000	0000	Estab lished
36	24	Established timings 2 (00h if not used)	-	_		0000	Timings
37 38	25 26	Manufacturer's timings (00h if not used)	0	1	0000	0000	
		Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	_	_			
39	27	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
40	28	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
41	29	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
42		Standard Tim ing Identification 3 was not used	0		0000	0001	
43	2B	Standard Tim ing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
44	2C	Standard Tim ing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	Standard
45	2D	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	Timing D
46	2E	Standard Tim ing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
47	2F	Standard Tim ing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
48	30	Standard Tim ing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
49	31	Standard Tim ing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
50	32	Standard Tim ing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
51	33	Standard Tim ing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
52	34	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
53	35	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field New e and Comments	Val	lue	Va	lue	
(decim al)	(HEX)	Field Nam e and Com m ents	(HE	(X	(b ir	ary)	
54	36	PixeIC bck/10,000 (LSB)	D	8	1101	1000	
55	37	PixelC bck/10,000 (MSB) / 1440 x 900 @ 60Hz pixelc bck = 102	2	7	0010	0111	
56		Horizontal Active = 1440 pixels		0	1010	0000	
57	39	Horizonta I B lanking = 392 pixels	8	8	1000	1000	
58	ЗА	HorizontalActive:HorizontalBlanking = 1440:392	_	1	0101	0001	
59		Vertica Avtive = 900 lines	8	4	1000	0100	
60		Vertica B lanking = 26 lines		Α	0001	1010	D e ta iled
61		VerticalActive:VerticalBlanking = 900:26		0	0011	0000	Tim ing
62		HorizontalSync. Offset = 128 pixels	_	0	1000	0000	Description
63		Horizonta I Sync Pulse Wildth = 112 pixels		0	0111	0000	#1
64		VerticalSync Offset = 3 lines: Sync W idth = 6 lines		6	0011	0110	
65		Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/W idth upper 2bits = 0	Ţ	0	0000	0000	
66		Horizontal Im age Size = 33.12m m		В	0100	1011	
67		Vertical m age S ize = 20.70m m		F	1100	1111	
68		Horizontal & Vertical Im age Size	_	0	0001	0000	
69		Horizonta Border = 0		0	0000	0000	
70		VerticalBorder = 0	_	0	0000	0000	
71		Non-interlaced, Norm ald isplay, no stereo, D ig ital separate sync, H /V polnegatives		В	0001	1011	
72		P ke C bck/10,000 (LSB)		8		1000	
73		P ke C bck/10,000 (MSB) / 1440 x 900 @ 60Hz p ke c bck = 102		7	0010	0111	
74		Horizontal Active = 1440 pixels		0	1010	0000	
75 76		Horizonta I Blanking = 392 pixels		8	1000	1000	
76 77		HorizontalActive: HorizontalBlanking = 1440:392	_	1	1000	0001	
77		Vertical Avtive = 900 lines		4 A	0001	0100 1010	Dataibd
78		Vertica B lanking = 26 lines Vertica Active : Vertica B lanking = 900 : 26		A 0	0001	0000	Detailed Timing
80		Horizontal Sync. Offset = 128 pixels		0	1000	0000	Description
81		Horizontal Sync Pulse Wildth = 112 pixels		0	0111	0000	#2
82		Vertical Sync Offset = 3 lines: Sync Width = 6 lines		6	0011	0110	π
83		Horizontal Vertical Sync 0 ffset/W idth upper 2b its = 0		0	0000	0000	
84		Horizontal m age Size = 33.12m m		В	0100	1011	
85		Vertical m age Size = 20.70m m		F	1100	1111	
86		Horizontal & Vertical Image Size		0	0001	0000	
87		Horizonta I Border = 0	_	0	0000	0000	
88		VerticalBorder = 0	_	0	0000	0000	
89		Non-interlaced, Normaldisplay, no stereo, Digital separate sync, H/V polnegatives		В	0001	1011	
90		Flag	_	0		0000	
91		Flag	0	0	0000	0000	
92	5C	Flag	0	0	0000	0000	
93	5D	Dum m y Descriptor	F	Ε	1111	1110	
94	5E	Flag	0	0	0000	0000	
95	5F	DellP/N 1st Character = K		В	0100	1011	
96	60	DelIP/N 2nd Character = W		7	0101	0111	D e ta iled
97	61	DellP/N 3nd Character = 0		0	0011	0000	Tim ing
98	62	DellP/N 4th Character = 0		0	0011	0000	Description
99	63	DellP/N 5th Character = 1		1	0011	0001	#3
100	64	LCD Supplier EED D Revision # = A00 (X-build)	-	0	1000	0000	
101	65	M anufacturer P/N = 1		1	0011	0001	
102	66	M anufacturer P/N = 5		5	0011	0101	
103	67	M anufacturer P/N = 4		4	0011	0100	
104	68	Manufacturer P/N = W	5	7	0101	0111	
105	69	M anufacturer P/N = P		0	0101	0000	
106	6A	M anufacturer P /N = 1	~	1	0011	0001	
107	6B	P/N(If < 13 char, then term inate with ASCII code OAh, set remain	0	Α	0000	1010	



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field Nam e and Comments	۷a	lue	Va lue	
(decim al)	(HEX)	Pela Naii e and Coii ii ents	Œ	EX)	(b inary)	
108	6C	Flag	0	0	0000 0000	
109	6D	F lag	0	0	0000 0000	
110	6E	Flag	0	0	0000 0000	
111	6F	Data Type Tag:ASCIIString	F	Ε	1111 1110	
112	70	Flag	0	0	0000 0000	
113	71	SMBUS Value = 10 nits	2	3	0010 0011	
114	72	SMBUS Value = 17 nits	3	3	0011 0011	D e ta iled
115	73	SMBUS Value = 24 nits	3	D	0011 1101	Tim ing
116	74	SMBUS Value = 30 nits	4	8	0100 1000	Description
117	75	SMBUS Value = 60 nits	6	5	0110 0101	#4
118	76	SMBUS Value = 110 nits	8	4	1000 0100	
119	77	SMBUS Value = 180 nits	Α	Α	1010 1010	
120	78	SMBUS Value = Max (Typically = FFh)	F	F	1111 1111	
121	79	Num ber of LVDS receiver chips = 1 or 2	0	2	0000 0010	
122	7A	BIST Enable: Yes = 0'1'No = 0'0'	0	1	0000 0001	
123	7B	13 char, then term inate with ASCII code OAh, set rem aining char=	0	Α	0000 1010	
124	7C	(lf<13 char, then term inate with ASC∥code 0Ah)	2	0	0010 0000	
125	7D	(If<13 char, then term inate with ASCII code 0Ah)	2	0	0010 0000	
126	7E	Extension flag = 00	0	0	0000 0000	Extension Flag
127	7F	Checksum	6	F	0110 1111	Checksum

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