# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(	)	Preliminary	<b>Specification</b>
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### ( • ) Final Specification

Title	1	14.1" WXGA TFT LCD							
Customer		SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.						
MODEL		*MODEL	LP141WX1						
		Suffix	TLE3						

<sup>\*</sup>When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

SIGNATURE	DATE
Please return 1 copy for your your signature and comment	

SIGNATURE	DATE						
S.C. Yun / G.Manager							
REVIEWED BY							
S.R. Kim / Manager							
PREPARED BY							
D.G. Choi / Engineer							
Products Engineering Dept. LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd							

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## **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
1.0	Dec. 26, 2006	-	Final	0.0

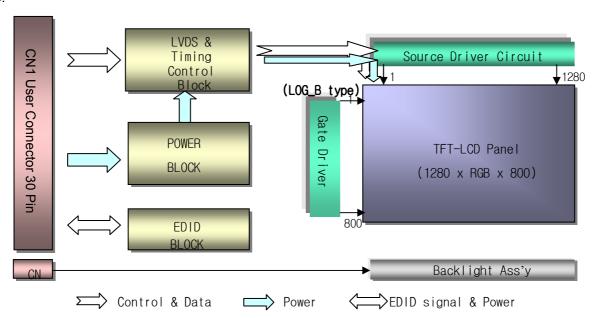


### 1. General Description

The LP141WX1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 14.1 inches diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution(800 vertical by 1280 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP141WX1 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP141WX1 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP141WX1 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



### **General Features**

Active Screen Size	14.1 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	320.0 (H) × 206.0(V) × 5.5(D) [mm] (Max.)
Pixel Pitch	0.2373 mm × 0.2373 mm
Pixel Format	1280 horiz. By 800 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	220 cd/m²(Typ.5 point)
Power Consumption	Total 5.42 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 1.32 Watt(Typ.), B/L input 4.1 Watt(Typ.)
Weight	435 g (Max.), 425g(Typ.) W/O Inverter & Down Bracket
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare treatment of the front polarizer
RoHS Comply	Yes

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### 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

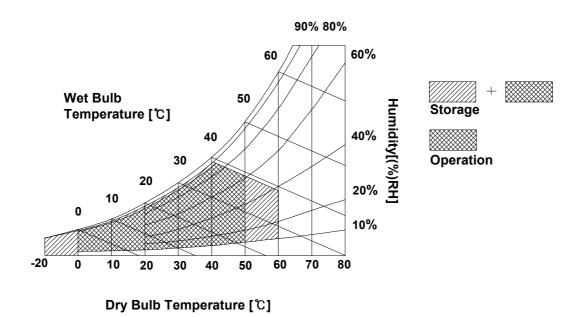
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes			
Farameter	Syllibol	Min	Max	Office	Notes			
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C			
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1			
Storage Temperature	Hst	-20	60	°C	1			
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1			
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1			

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



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### 3. Electrical Specifications

#### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP141WX1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Values Parameter Symbol Unit Notes Min Тур Max MODULE:  $V_{DC}$ VCC Power Supply Input Voltage 3.0 3.3 3.6 Power Supply Input Current 400 460 mΑ  $I_{CC}$ Power Consumption Рс 1.32 1.52 Watt 1 Differential Impedance 90 100 110 Ohm 2 7m LAMP Operating Voltage 640 880  $V_{BL}$ 655  $V_{RMS}$ 3 **Operating Current** 6.3 7.0 4 2.0  $mA_{RMS}$  $I_{BL}$ **Power Consumption**  $P_{BL}$ 4.1 4.5 W 9 Operating Frequency kHz  $f_{BL}$ 50 65 80 7 Discharge Stabilization Time 180 Sec 5 Ts 15,000 Life Time Hrs 6 Established Starting Voltage at 25 ℃ Vs 1180  $V_{RMS}$ 8 at 0 ℃ 1415  $V_{\text{RMS}}$ 

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### Note)

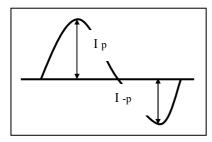
- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V,  $25^{\circ}C$ , fv = 60Hz condition whereas full black pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.
- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 3. The variance of the voltage is  $\pm$  5%.
- 4. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance (L<sub>WH</sub>) in optical characteristics.
- 5. Define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%, Ts is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 6. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current.
- 7. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave.
  Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 8. The voltage above VS should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- 9. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The applied lamp current is a typical one.

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#### Note)

- Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
   It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
  - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
  - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within  $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$ .
    - \* Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.
If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.

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#### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model FI-XB30SRL-HF11 manufactured by JAE.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	GND	Ground	
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	1, Interface chips 1.1 LCD: THINE,
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	KE5M5U2518 (LCD Controller)
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	including LVDS Receiver
5	NC	Reserved for supplier test point	1.2 System : it must include international standard LVDS Transmitter.
6	CIK EEDID	DDC Clock	* Pin to Pin compatible with LVDS
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	0.00000000000
8	R <sub>IN</sub> 0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	2. Connector 2.1 LCD : FI-XB30SRL-HF11, JAE or
9	R <sub>IN</sub> 0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	its compatibles
10	GND	Ground	2.2 Mating: FI-X30M or equivalent.
11	R <sub>IN</sub> 1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	2.3 Connector pin arrangement
12	R <sub>IN</sub> 1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	30 1
13	GND	Ground	] П ПП П
14	R <sub>IN</sub> 2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
15	R <sub>IN</sub> 2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
16	GND	Ground	[LCD Module Rear View]
17	CLKIN-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
18	CLKIN+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	
19	GND	Ground	
20	NC NC	No Connect	
21	NC NC	No Connect	
22	NC NC	No Connect	
23	NC	No Connect	
24	NC	No Connect	
25	NC	No Connect	
26 <u></u>	NC	No Connect	
27	NC	No Connect	
28	NC	No Connect	
29	NC	No Connect	
30	NC	No Connect	

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST or Compatible. The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

Table 5. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J3)

			. ,
Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

Notes: 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored Pink and the low voltage side terminal is Green.

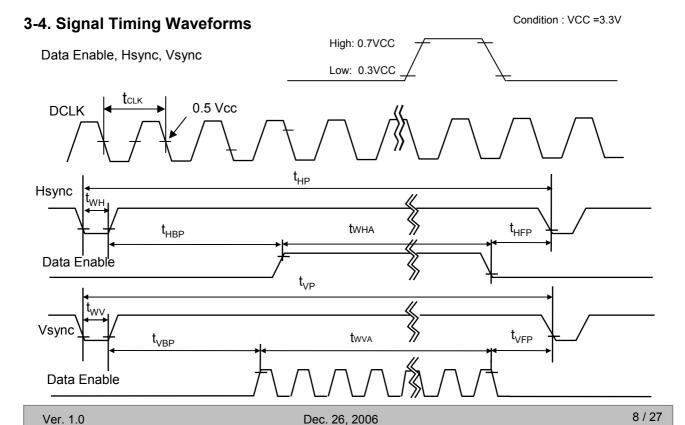


### 3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

**Table 6. TIMING TABLE** 

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	f <sub>CLK</sub>	66.4	71.0	75.7	MHz	
Hsync	Period	Thp	1370	1440	1488		
	Width	t <sub>wH</sub>	16	32	48	tCLK	
	Width-Active	t <sub>WHA</sub>	1280	1280	1280		
Vsync	Period	t <sub>VP</sub>	808	823	848		
	Width	t <sub>wv</sub>	2	6	6	tHP	
	Width-Active	t <sub>wva</sub>	800	800	800		
Data	Horizontal back porch	t <sub>HBP</sub>	58	80	98	tCLK	
Enable	Horizontal front porch	t <sub>HFP</sub>	16	48	62	ICLN	
	Vertical back porch	t <sub>VBP</sub>	5	15	40	tHP	
	Vertical front porch	t <sub>VFP</sub>	1	2	2	LITP	





### 3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

			Input Color Data																
	Color			RE	D			GREEN					BLUE						
,	30101	MSE	3					MSE	3				LSB		3				LSB
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0			0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	.1		1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	. 0		0	0	1	1				1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	. 1		1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	. 1		1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN					••••• ••												 		
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																			
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	 1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	 1	1	1
	1																		

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### 3-6. Power Sequence

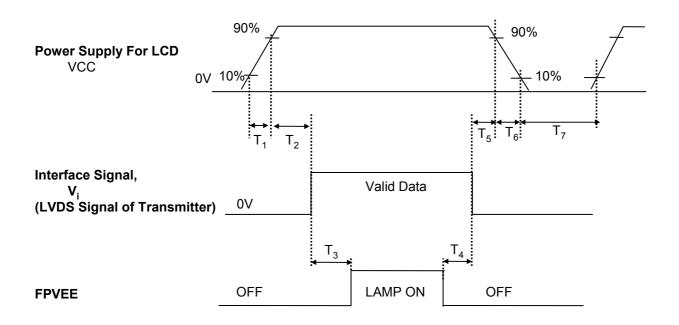


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value	Units	
	Min.	Min. Typ. Max.		
T <sub>1</sub>	-	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>2</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>3</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>4</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>5</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>6</sub>	-	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>7</sub>	400	-	-	(ms)

#### Note)

- 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

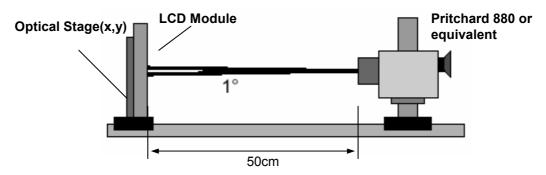


### 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to  $0^{\circ}$ .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.





**Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V,  $f_{V}$ =60Hz,  $f_{CLK}$ = 71.0MHz,  $I_{BL}$ = 6.3mA

Doromotor	Cumahal		Values		Linita	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	MAx	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	300	-	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	L <sub>WH</sub>	200	220	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$	-	1.85	2.0	]	3
Response Time					]	4
Rise Time	$Tr_R$	-	5.5	9	ms	
Delay Time	$Tr_D$	-	10.5	16	ms	
Color Coordinates					]	
RED	RX	0.552	0.582	0.612		
	RY	0.314	0.344	0.374		
GREEN	GX	0.296	0.326	0.356		
	GY	0.517	0.547	0.577		
BLUE	BX	0.128	0.158	0.188		
	BY	0.107	0.137	0.167		
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359	<u></u>	
Viewing Angle					]	5
x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	40	-	-	degree	
x axis, left (⊕=180°)	Θl	40	-	-	degree	
y axis, up (⊕=90°)	Θu	15	-	-	degree	
y axis, down (⊕=270°)	Θd	35	-	-	degree	
Gray Scale						6

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#### Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

$$L_{WH}$$
 = Average( $L_1, L_2, \dots L_5$ )

3. The variation in surface luminance , The panel total variation ( $\delta_{WHITE}$ ) is determined by measuring L<sub>N</sub> at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as followed numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_{13})}{\text{Minimum}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_{13})}$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, Tr<sub>R</sub>) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr<sub>D</sub>). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

\* 
$$f_{V} = 60$$
Hz

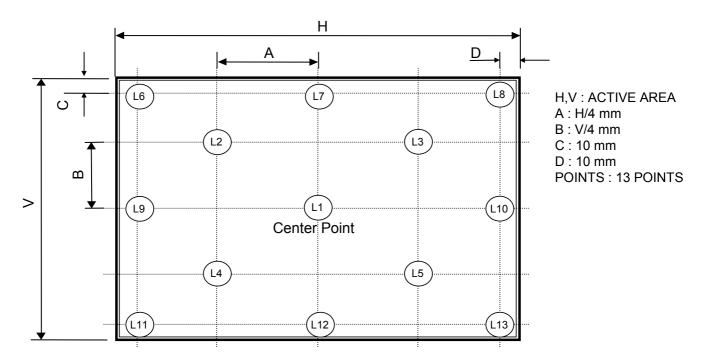
Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.26
L7	1.74
L15	5.66
L23	12.0
L31	20.4
L39	35.5
L47	56.5
L55	80.6
L63	100

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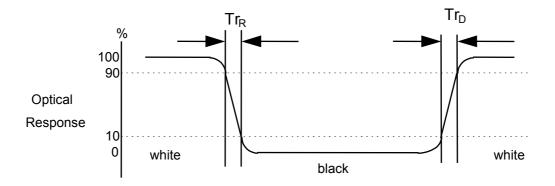
#### FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>



### FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

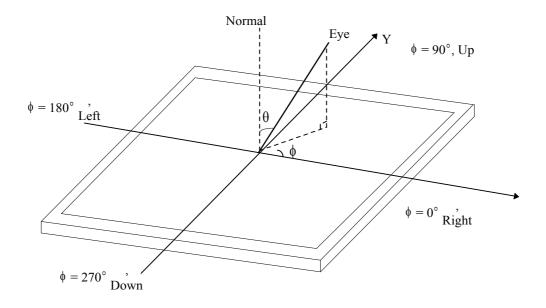


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### FIG. 4 Viewing angle

### <Dimension of viewing angle range>



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### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP141WX1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

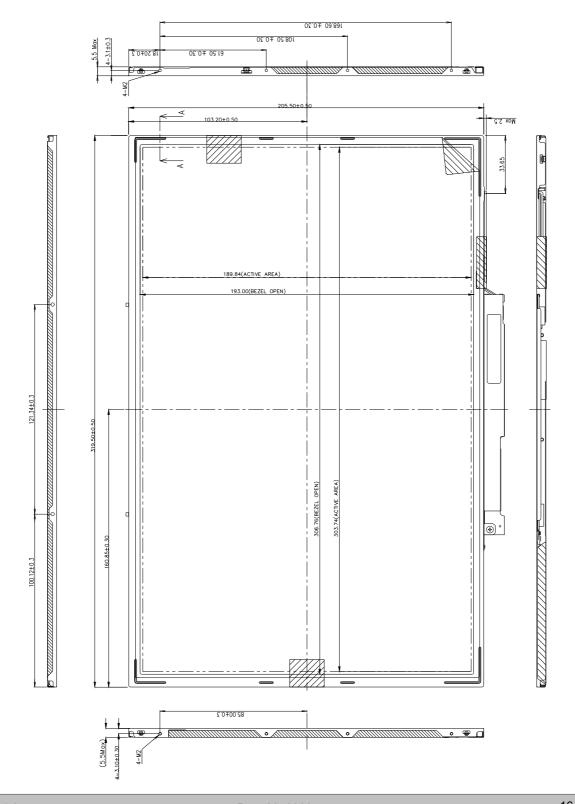
	Horizontal	319.5 ± 0.5mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	205.5 ± 0.5mm			
	Depth	5.5mm (max)			
Bezel Area	Horizontal	306.76 ± 0.5mm			
Bezer Area	Vertical	193 ± 0.5mm			
Active Dieplay Area	Horizontal	303.74 mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	189.84 mm			
Weight	425g (Typ.) 435g (Max.) W/O Inverter & Down Bracket				
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare treatment of the front polarizer				

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<FRONT VIEW>

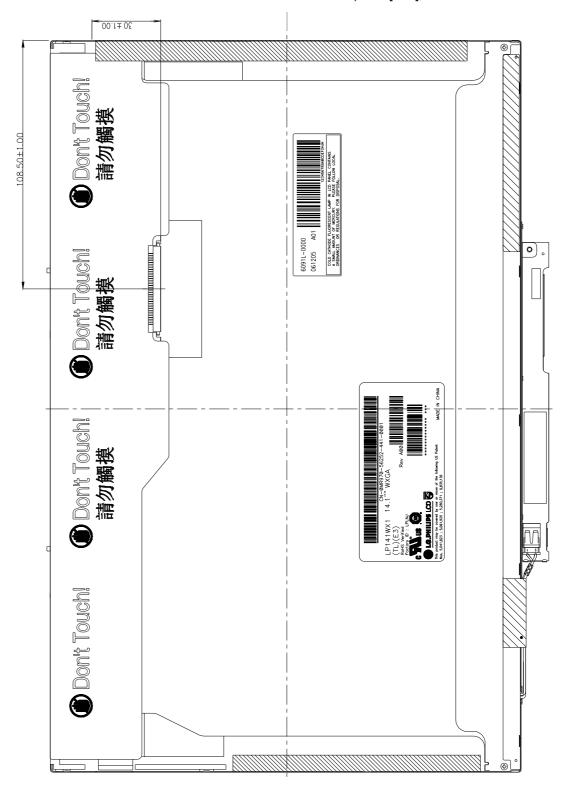
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.5mm





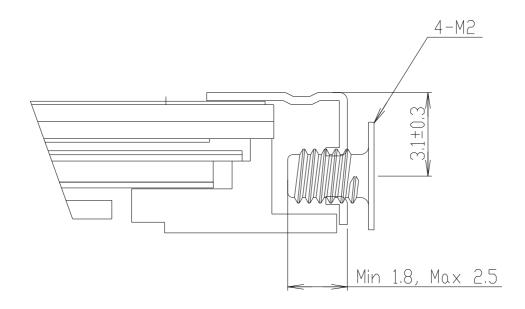
<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.5mm





### [ DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW ]



SECTION A-A SCALE 5/1

\*SCREW(8ea) TORQUE : 2kgf.cm max

\*Mounting SCREW Depth: 2.5mm max

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5mm

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### 6. Reliability

#### **Environment test condition**

No.	Test Item	Conditions				
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h				
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h				
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h				
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h				
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	ng) Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis				
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 6ms for all six faces)				
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr				

### { Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

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#### 7. International Standards

### 7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950, Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Dated Dec. 11, 2000.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950, Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Dec. 1, 2000.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.

c) EN 60950 : 2000, Third Edition

IEC 60950 : 1999, Third Edition

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

#### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)

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### 8. Packing

### 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	1	J	К	L	М	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH) D: YEAR

E: MONTH  $F \sim M$ : SERIAL NO.

#### Note

#### 1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

#### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

### b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

### 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 20ea

b) Box Size: L430 \* W334 \* H287

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#### 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
  Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm\ 200mV(Over\ and\ under\ shoot\ voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)

  And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

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#### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

  It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
  - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

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## APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

	Byte	Field Name and Comments	Value	Value
	(hex)	Field Name and Comments	(hex)	(binary)
	0	Header	00	00000000
	1	Header	FF	11111111
5	2	Header	FF	11111111
Header	3	Header	FF	11111111
<u>e9</u>	4	Header	FF	11111111
	5	Header	FF	11111111
	6	Header	FF	11111111
	7	Header	00	00000000
	8	EISA manufacture code = LPL	32	00110010
	9	EISA manufacture code (Compressed ASCII)	0C	00001100
헐	0A	Panel Supplier Reserved – Product Code	00	00000000
g gr	0B	Panel Supplier Reserved – Product Code	00	00000000
or Sis	OC OD	LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used)	00	00000000
- A	0D	LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used)	00	00000000
ndor / Produ	0E 0F	LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used)  LCD module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" if not used)	00 00	0000000 0000000
end	10	Week of manufacture	00	0000000
Vendor / Product EDID Version	11	Year of manufacture = 2006	10	00010000
	12	EDID structure version # = 1	01	00010000
	13	EDID revision # = 3	03	0000001
Display Parameters	14	Video I/P definition = Digital I/P (80h)	80	10000000
Display	15	Max H image size = (Rounded to cm)	1E	00011110
l ds	16	Max V image size = (Rounded to cm)	13	00010011
ara 🗀	17	Display gamma = $(gamma \times 100)-100 = Example: (2.2 \times 100) - 100 = 120$	78	01111000
Ğ.	18	Feature support ( no DPMS, Active off, RGB, timing BLK 1)	0A	00001010
	19	Red/Green Low bit (RxRy/GxGy)	08	00001010
	19 1A	Blue/White Low bit (BxBy/WxWy)	85	100001010
	1B	Red X $Rx = 0.582$	95	10010101
ē ši	1C	Red Y Ry = 0.344	58	01011000
Panel Color Coordinates	1D	Green X $Gx = 0.326$	53	01010011
<u>d</u> : <u>e</u>	1E	Green Y Gy = 0.547	8C	10001100
an	1F	Blue X Bx = 0.158	28	00101000
ű Ö	20	Blue Y By = $0.137$	23	00100011
	21	White X $Wx = 0.313$	50	01010000
	22	White Y $Wy = 0.329$	54	01010100
shed	23	Established timings 1 (00h if not used)	00	00000000
Established Timings	24	Established timings 2 (00h if not used)	00	00000000
Es	25	Manufacturer's timings (00h if not used)	00	00000000
	26	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
		Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	0000001
	28	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	29	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
$oldsymbol{\square}$	2A	Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
<u>6</u>	2B	Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
ıjı.	2C	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
Ē	2D	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
5	2E	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
Standard Timing ID	2F	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
a	30	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
St	31	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used)	01	0000001
	32	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	33	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	34	Standard timing ID8 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	35	Standard timing ID8 (01h if not used)	01	00000001



## APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

	Byte	Field Name and Comments	Value	Value
	(hex)		(hex)	(binary)
	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 71MHz (LSB)	BC	10111100
	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	1B	00011011
	38	Horizontal Active = 1280 pixels (lower 8 bits)	00	00000000
	39	Horizontal Blanking (Thbp) = 160 pixels (lower 8 bits)	A0	10100000
	3A	Horizontal Active/Horizontal blanking (Thbp) (upper4:4 bits)	50	01010000
#	3B	Vertical Active = 800 lines	20	00100000
e	3C	Vertical Blanking (Tvbp) = 23 lines (DE Blanking typ. for DE only panels)	17	00010111
ipt	3D	Vertical Active: Vertical Blanking (Tvbp) (upper4:4 bits)	30	00110000
200	3E	Horizontal Sync, Offset (Thfp) = 48 pixels	30	00110000
ĕ	3F	Horizontal Sync, Pulse Width = 32 pixels	20 36	00100000
] 6	40	Vertical Sync, Offset (Tvfp) = 3 lines Sync Width = 6 lines  Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2 bits	00	00110110 00000000
Ë	42	Horizontal Image Size =303.74 mm	30	00110000
Timing Descripter #1	43	Vertical image Size = 189.84 mm	BE	10111110
	44	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical image size	10	00010000
	45	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	46	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
		Non-interlaced, Normal, no stereo, Separate sync, H/V pol Negatives, <b>DE only</b>		
	47	note: LSB is set to "1" if panel is DE-timing only. H/V can be ignored.	18	00011000
	48	Pixel Clock/10,000 71MHz (LSB)	BC	10111100
	49	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	1B	00011011
	4A	Horizontal Active = 1280 pixels (lower 8 bits)	00	00000000
	4B	Horizontal Blanking (Thbp) = 160 pixels (lower 8 bits)	A0	10100000
64	4C	Horizontal Active/Horizontal blanking (Thbp) (upper4:4 bits)	50	01010000
Timing Descripter #2	4D	Vertical Active = 800 lines	20	00100000
ote	4E	Vertical Blanking (Tvbp) = 23 lines (DE Blanking typ. for DE only panels)	17	00010111
iri	4F	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvbp) (upper4:4 bits)	30	00110000
SSC	50	Horizontal Sync, Offset (Thfp) = 48 pixels	30	00110000
ă	51 52	Horizontal Sync, Pulse Width = 32 pixels	20	00100000
ng	53	Vertical Sync, Offset (Tvfp) = 3 lines Sync Width = 6 lines  Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2 bits	36 00	00110110 00000000
Ξ	54	Horizontal Image Size =303.74 mm	30	00110000
F	55	Vertical image Size = 189.84 mm	BE	10111110
	56	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical image size	10	00010000
	57	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	58	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	59	Module "A" Revision = Example: 00, 01, 02, 03, etc.	00	00000000
	5A	Flag	00	00000000
	5B	Flag	00	00000000
	5C	Flag	00	00000000
	5D	Dummy Descriptor	FE	11111110
_	5E	Flag	00	00000000
Timing Descripter #3 Dell specific information	5F	Dell P/N 1 <sup>st</sup> Character = Y	59	01011001
r #	60	Dell P/N 2 <sup>nd</sup> Character = Y	59	01011001
ote	61	Dell P/N 3 <sup>rd</sup> Character = 2	32	00110010
- Sriķ nfc	62	Dell P/N 4 <sup>th</sup> Character = 6	36	00110110
es(	63	Dell P/N 5 <sup>th</sup> Character = 5	35	00110101
Ğ ij				
ng	64	LCD Supplier EEDID Revision # = 0.1	01	0000001
E IS	65	Manufacturer P/N = 1	31	00110001
i=	66	Manufacturer $P/N = 4$	34	00110100
	67	Manufacturer $P/N = 1$	31	00110001
	68	Manufacturer $P/N = W$	57	01010111
	69	Manufacturer $P/N = X$	58	01011000
		Manufacturer P/N = 1		
	6A	Manufacturer $P/N = 1$ Manufacturer P/N (If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set	31	00110001
	6B	remaining char = 20h)	0A	00001010
	()D	remaining char – 2011)	UA.	00001010



## APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

	Byte	Field Name and Comments	Value	Value
	(hex)		(hex)	(binary)
	6C	Flag	00	00000000
	6D	Flag	00	00000000
	6E	Flag	00	00000000
	6F	Data Type Tag:	FE	11111110
	70	Flag	00	00000000
4	71	SMBUS Value = 10 nits	1D	00011101
# 15	72	SMBUS Value = 17 nits	2B	00101011
Descripter #4	73	SMBUS Value = 24 nits	35	00110101
SCF	74	SMBUS Value = 30 nits	40	01000000
Ö	75	SMBUS Value = 60 nits	5C	01011100
DC DC	76	SMBUS Value = 110 nits	77	01110111
Timing	77	SMBUS Value = 150 nits	A0	10100000
F	78	SMBUS Value = 240 nits (Typically = DFh, 220 nits)	E8	11101000
	79	Number of LVDS receiver chips = '01' or '02'	01	00000001
	7A	BIST Enable: Yes = '01' No = '00'	01	00000001
	7B	(If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	0A	00001010
	7C	(If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	20	00100000
	7D	(If <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	20	00100000
Ε				
ns	7E	Extension flag (# of optional 128 EDID extension blocks to follow, Typ = 0)	00	00000000
Checksum	7F	Checksum (The 1-byte sum of all 128 bytes in this EDID block shall = 0)	7D	01111101

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