

Customer: DATE: 14/Dec/2006

SAMSUNG TFT-LCD

MODEL: LTB190E3-L01

Any Modification of Specification is not allowed without SEC's Permission.

NOTE :			

Customer's Ap	PREPARE	
SIGNATURE	DATE	APPROVAE

PREPARED BY	DATE 14/Dec/'06
APPROVAED BY	DATE 14/Dec/'06

LCD Development Team 2 Samsung Electronics Co., LTD.



MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	1/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	------

Contents

Approval Specification

Revision History (3)
General Description(4)
1. Absolute Maximum Ratings (5)
2. Optical Characteristics (7)
3. Electrical Characteristics(12) 3.1 TFT LCD Module 3.2 Back Light Unit
4. Block Diagram (17) 4.1 TFT LCD Module 4.2 Back Light Unit
5. Input Terminal Pin Assignment (18)
5.1 Input Signal & Power5.2 LVDS Interface5.3 Back Light Unit5.4 Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color
6. Interface Timing (25) 6.1 Timing Parameters (DE only mode) 6.2 Timing Diagrams of interface Signal (DE only mode) 6.3 Power ON/OFF Sequence 6.4 VDD Power Dip Condition
7. Outline Dimension (29)
8. Reliability Test (31)
9. Packing (32)
10. Marking & Others (33)
11. General Precaution (36) 11.1 Handling 11.2 Storage 11.3 Operation 11.4 Operation Condition Guide 11.5 Others

* Revision History

Approval Specification

Date	Rev. No	Page	Summary
Dec.14, 2006	E00	all	Approval specification of LTB190E3-L01 model was issued first.

 MODEL
 LTB190E3-L01
 Doc. No
 Page
 3/38

General Description

Description

LTB190E3-L01 is a color active matrix liquid crystal display (LCD) that uses amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor) as switching components. This model is composed of a TFT LCD panel, a driver circuit and a back light unit. The resolution of a 19.0" is 1280 x 1024 and this model can display up to 16.7 millions colors.

Features

- RoHS compliance (Pb-free)
- High contrast ratio, high aperture ratio, fast response time
- TN(Twisted Nematic) mode
- 2 dual CCFTs(Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube)
- DE(Data Enable) mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface (2pixel/clock)
- COMPACT SIZE DESIGN

Applications

- Workstation & desktop monitors
- Display terminals for AV application products
- Monitors for industrial machine
 - * If the module is used to other applications besides the above, please contact SEC in advance.

General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Pixel Pitch	0.294(H) x 0.294(W)	mm	
Active Display Area	376.32(H) x 301.056(V)	mm	
Surface Treatment	Haze 25 % Hard-coating (3H)		
Display Colors	16.7M	colors	
Number of Pixels	1280 x 1024	pixel	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Mode	Normally White		
Luminance of White	400(Typ.)	cd/m²	

MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	4/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	------

Mechanical Information

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module size	Horizontal (H)	395.0	396.0	396.5	mm	w/o invertor coo'v
	Vertical (V)	323.5	324.0	324.5	mm	w/o inverter ass'y
	Depth (D)	-	-	17.0	mm	
Weight		-	-	2.250	g	LCD module only
		-	-	-	g	w/ Inverter assembly

Note (1) Mechanical tolerance is \pm 0.5mm unless there is a special comment.

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

If the condition exceeds maximum ratings, it can cause malfunction or unrecoverable damage to the device.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	GND-0.5	6.5	٧	(1)
Data Signal	V _{sig}	-	5	V	
Storage temperature	T _{STG}	-25	60	${\mathbb C}$	(2)
Glass surface temperature (Operation)	T _{OPR}	0	65	°C	(2)
Shock (non - operating)	S _{nop}	-	50	G	(3)
Vibration (non - operating)	V _{nop}	-	1.5	G	(4)

Note (1) Ta= 25 \pm 2 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	5/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	------

- (2) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.
 - a. 90 % RH Max. ($Ta \le 39 \, ^{\circ}C$)
 - b. Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 $^{\circ}$ C or less. (Ta \leq 39 $^{\circ}$ C)
 - c. No condensation
- (3) 11ms, sine wave, one time for $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ axis
- (4) 10-300 Hz, Sweep rate 10min, 30min for X,Y,Z axis

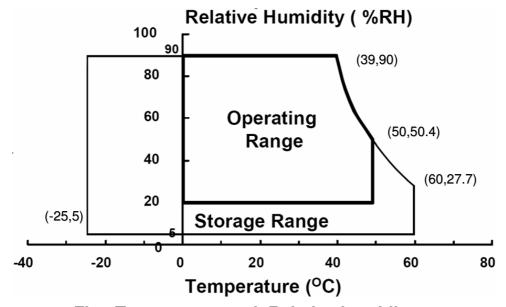


Fig. Temperature and Relative humidity range

 MODEL
 LTB190E3-L01
 Doc. No
 Page
 6/38

2. Optical Characteristics

The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room or equivalent. Measuring equipment: TOPCON BM-7,SPECTRORADIOMETER SR-3

(Ta = 25 ± 2 °C, VDD=5V, fv= 60Hz, fDCLK=54MHz, IL = 7.5mArms)

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast I (Center of s		C/R			800	-		(3) SR-3
Response	Rising	Tr		-	1.7	3	maga	(5)
Time	Falling	Tf		-	6.3	9	msec	BM-7
Luminance of (Center of s		Y _L		320	400	-	cd/m2	(6) SR-3
	Dod	Rx		0.610	0.640	0.670		
	Red	Ry		0.299	0.329	0.359		
	Сиоли	Gx	Normal	0.270	0.300	0.330		
Color	Green	Gy		0.570	0.600	0.630		
Chromaticity (CIE 1931)	Dlus	Bx	$ \begin{array}{c} \Theta_{\mathbf{L},\mathbf{R}} = 0 \\ \Theta_{\mathbf{U},\mathbf{D}} = 0 \end{array} $	0.120	0.150	0.180		
	Blue	Ву	Viewing	0.030	0.060	0.090		
	\A/I 'I	Wx	Angle	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	White	Wy		0.299	0.329	0.359		(7),(8)
	-	Ru'		-	-	-		SR-3
	Red	Rv'		-	-	-		
Calan		Gu'		-	-	-		
Color Chromaticity	Green	Gv'		-	-	-		
(CIE 1976)		Bu'		-	-	-		
	Blue	Bv'		-	-	-		
		Wu'		-	-	-		
	White	Wv'		-	-	-		
C.G.L*	White	∆u'v'		-	0.018	0.02		(9)
Color Ga	mut	-		-	72	-	%	
Color Temp	erature	-		-	6,500	-	К	
	11	θι		70	80	-		
Viewing	Hor.	Θ_{R}	CD>10	70	80	-	Dograda	(8)
Angle	Vor	θυ	CR≥10	70	80	-	Degrees	SR-3
	Ver.	Θ_{D}		70	80	-		
Brightness U		B _{uni}		-	-	25	%	(4) SR-3

^{*} C.G.L: Color Grayscale Linearity

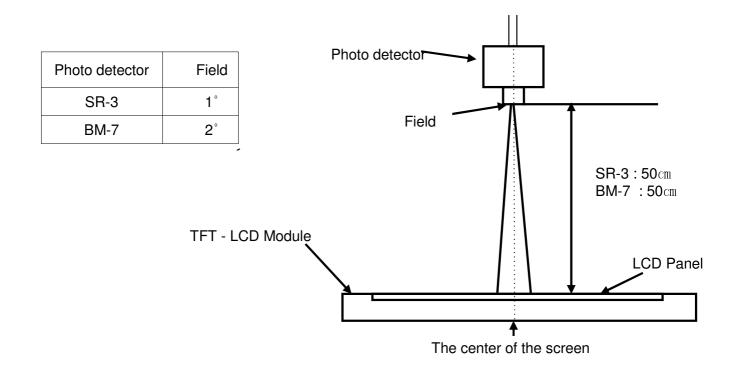
MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	7/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	------

Note (1) Test Equipment Setup

The measurement should be executed in a stable, windless and dark room between 30min after lighting the back light at the given temperature for stabilization of the back light. This should be measured in the center of screen.

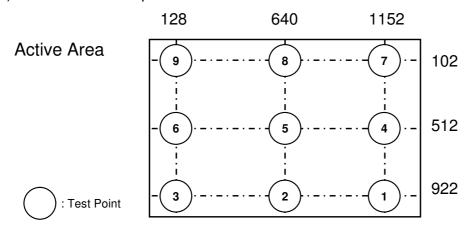
Single lamp current: 7.5mA

Environment condition : Ta = 25 ± 2 °C



MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	8/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	------

Note (2) Definition of test point



Note (3) Definition of Contrast Ratio (C/R)

: Ratio of gray max (Gmax) & gray min (Gmin) at the center point 5 of the panel

$$CR = \frac{G \max}{G \min}$$

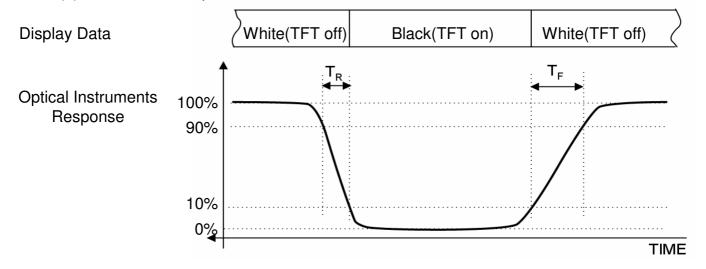
Gmax: Luminance with all pixels white Gmin: Luminance with all pixels black

Note (4) Definition of 9 points brightness uniformity

$$Buni = 100 \times \frac{(B \max - B \min)}{B \max}$$

Bmax : Maximum brightness Bmin : Minimum brightness

Note (5) Definition of Response time: Sum of Tr, Tf

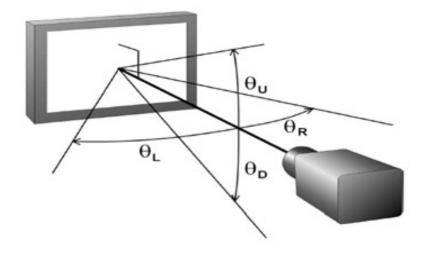


 MODEL
 LTB190E3-L01
 Doc. No
 Page
 9/38

Note (6) Definition of Luminance of White: Luminance of white at center point ⑤

Note (7) Definition of Color Chromaticity (CIE 1931, CIE1976)
Color coordinate of Red, Green, Blue & White at center point ⑤

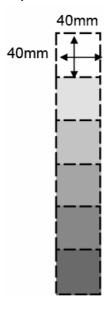
Note (8) Definition of Viewing Angle : Viewing angle range (CR ≥10)



 MODEL
 LTB190E3-L01
 Doc. No
 Page
 10/38

Note (9) Color Grayscale Linearity

- a. Test image: 100% full white pattern with a test pattern as below
- b. Test pattern: Squares, 40mm by 40mm in size, filled with 255, 225, 195, 165, 135 and 105 grays steps should be arranged at the center 5 of the screen.



- c. Test method
 - -1st gray step: move a square of 255 gray level should be moved into the center of the screen and measure luminance and u' and v' coordinates.
 - Next gray step: Move a 225 gray square into the center and measure both luminance and coordinates, too.
- d. Test evaluation

$$\Delta u' v' = \sqrt{(u'_A - u'_B)^2 + (v'_A - v'_B)^2}$$

Where A, B : 2 gray levels found to have the largest color differences between them i.e. get the largest Δu ' and Δv ' of each 6 pair of u' and v' and calculate the Δu 'v'.

MODEL LTB190E3-L01 **Doc. No** Page 11/38

3. Electrical Characteristics

3.1 TFT LCD Module

The connector for display data & timing signal should be connected.

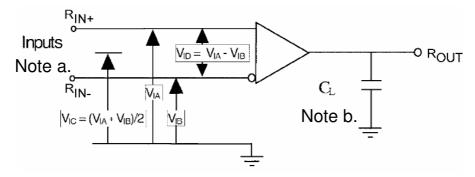
 $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Voltage	e of Power Supply	V_{DD}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	(1)
	Differential Input	High	-	-	+100	mV	(2)
	Voltage for LVDS Receiver Threshold	Low	-100	-	-	mV	
	LVDS skew	t _{SKEW}	-380		380	ps	(3)
LVDS Input Characteri	Differential input voltage	V _{ID}	200		600	mV	(4)
stics	Input voltage range (single-ended)	V _{IN}	0		2.4	V	(4)
	Common mode voltage	V _{CM}	0+ V _{ID} /2	1.2	2.4- V _{ID} /2	V	(4)
	Input current	I _{IN}			±10	μA	(5)
Current of	(a) Black		-	800	-	mA	
Power	(b) White	I _{DD}	-	700	-	mA	(6),(7)
Supply	(c) Dot		-	900	1000	mA	
Vsy	nc Frequency	f_V	50	60	75	Hz	
Hsy	nc Frequency	f _H	53	64	79.976	kHz	
Ма	in Frequency	f _{DCLK}	45	54	67.5	MHz	
R	lush Current	I _{RUSH}	-	-	3.0	Α	(8)

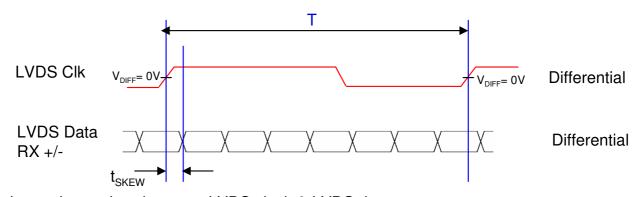
Note (1) The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{DD} .

MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	12/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	-------

- (2) Differential receiver voltage definitions and propagation delay and transition time test circuit
 - a. All input pulses have frequency = 10MHz, t_R or $t_F=1$ ns
 - b. C₁ includes all probe and fixture capacitance



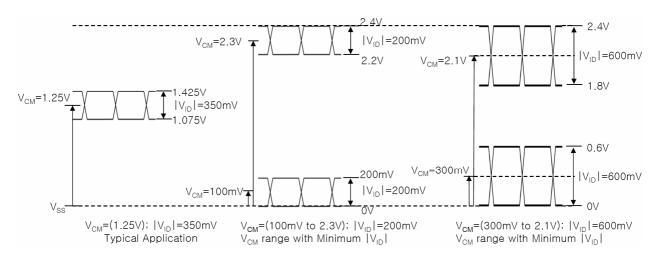
(3) LVDS Receiver DC parameters are measured under static and steady conditions which may not be reflective of its performance in the end application.



where tskew: skew between LVDS clock & LVDS data,

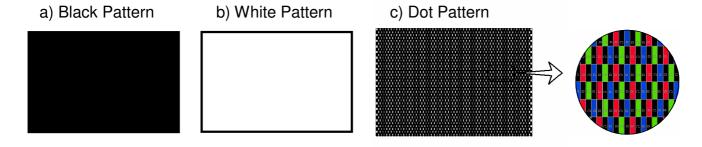
- T: 1 period time of LVDS clock
 - cf) (-/+) of 380psec means LVDS data goes before or after LVDS clock.

(4) Definition of V_{ID} and V_{CM} using single-end signals

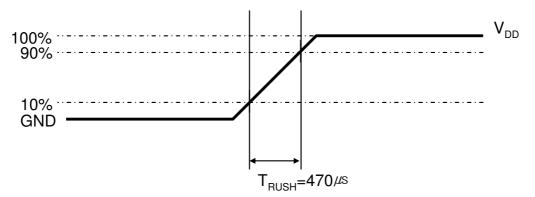


 MODEL
 LTB190E3-L01
 Doc. No
 Page
 13/38

- (5) Measurement Conditions Maximum + 10uA @ VIN=2.4V, VDD=3.6V, 10uA @ VIN=0V, VDD=3.6V
- (6) fV=60Hz, fDCLK = 54MHz, VDD = 5.0V, DC Current.
- (7) Power dissipation check pattern (LCD Module only)



(8) Measurement Conditions.



Rush Current I_{RUSH} can be measured when T_{RUSH} . is 470 μ s.

 MODEL
 LTB190E3-L01
 Doc. No
 Page
 14/38

3.2 Back Light Unit

The back light unit is an edge - lighting type with 2 dual CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube) The characteristics of two dual lamps are shown in the following tables.

 $Ta=25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$

Ite	em	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Lamp	Current	IL	3.0	7.5	8.0	mArms	(1)
Lamp	Voltage	V _L	-	650	-	Vrms	
Lamp Fi	requency	f_L	40	-	60	kHz	(2)
Operating	Life Time	Hr	50,000	-	-	Hour	(3)
Inverter	Asymmetry rate	Wasy	-	-	10	%	(4)
waveform	Distortion rate	Wdis	1.2726	1.414	1.5554		(4)
Ctortus	0				0℃:1,650	\/wma	(E)
Startup	Voltage	Vs	-	-	25℃: 1,450	Vrms	(5)

Note (1) Specified values are for a single lamp.

Lamp current is measured with current meter for high frequency as shown below. Refer to the following block diagram of the back light unit for more information.

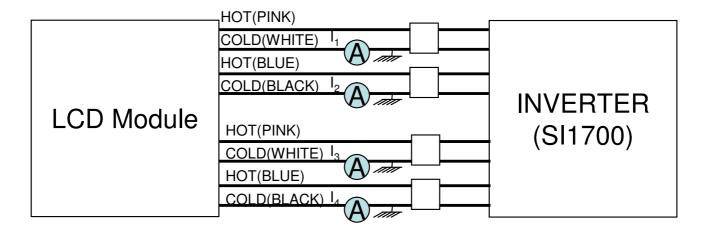


Fig. Measurement point of Lamp Current

MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	15/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	-------

- (2) Lamp frequency which may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency may cause line flow on the display. Therefore lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible in order to avoid interference.
- (3) Life time (Hr) is defined as the time when brightness of a lamp unit itself becomes 50% or less than its original value at the condition of Ta = $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C and I_L = 7.5mArms
- (4) Designing a system inverter intended to have better display performance, power efficiency and lamp reliability.

They would help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.

- a. The measurement should be done at typical lamp current.
- b. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
- c. The distortion rate of the waveform should be $\sqrt{2}$ with $\pm 10\%$ tolerance.
 - Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.

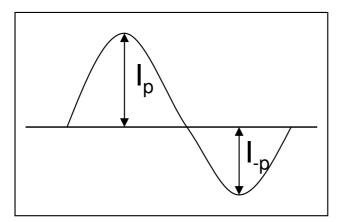


Fig. Wave form of the inverter

Asymmetry rate

$$\frac{|I_p - I_{-p}|}{I_{rms}} \times 100$$

Distortion rate

$$|\frac{I_{\rm p}}{I_{rms}}|$$
 or $|\frac{I_{\rm -p}}{I_{rms}}|$

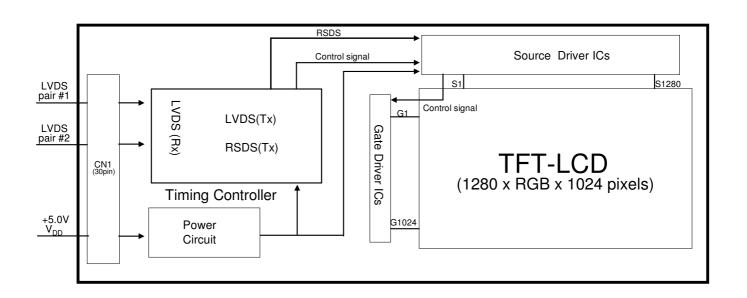
(5) If an inverter has shutdown function, it should keep its output for over 1 second even if the lamp connector is open. Otherwise the lamps may not be turned on.

 MODEL
 LTB190E3-L01
 Doc. No
 Page
 16/38

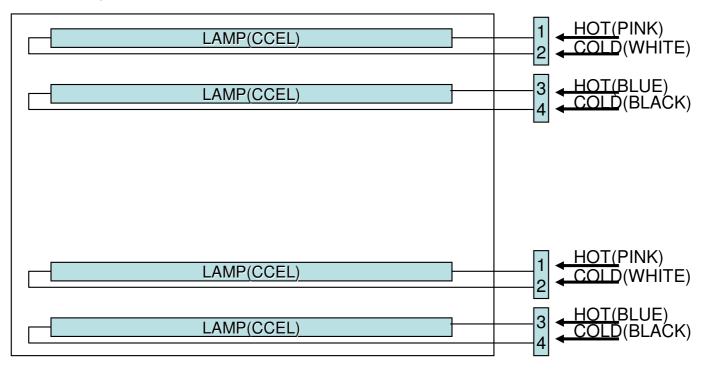
Approval Specification

4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD Module



4.2 Back Light Unit



 MODEL
 LTB190E3-L01
 Doc. No
 Page
 17/38

5. Input Terminal Pin Assignment

5.1. Input Signal & Power (LVDS Connector :FI-XB30SSL-HF15)

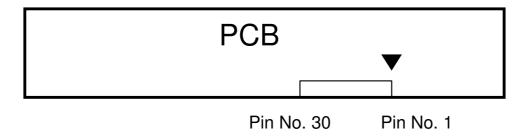
Mating connector : FI-X30C2L(JAE)

PIN NO0	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1	RXO0-	Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 0 (ODD data)
2	RXO0+	Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 0 (ODD data)
3	RXO1-	Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 1 (ODD data)
4	RXO1+	Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 1 (ODD data)
5	RXO2-	Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 2 (ODD data)
6	RXO2+	Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 2 (ODD data)
7	GND	Power Ground
8	RXOC-	Negative Sampling Clock (ODD data)
9	RXOC+	Positive Sampling Clock (ODD data)
10	RXO3-	Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 3 (ODD data)
11	RXO3+	Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 3 (ODD data)
12	RXE0-	Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 0 (EVEN data)
13	RXE0+	Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 0 (EVEN data)
14	GND	Power Ground
15	RXE1-	Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 1 (EVEN data)
16	RXE1+	Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 1 (EVEN data)
17	GND	Power Ground
18	RXE2-	Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 2 (EVEN data)
19	RXE2+	Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 2 (EVEN data)
20	RXEC-	Negative Sampling Clock (EVEN data)
21	RXEC+	Positive Sampling Clock (EVEN data)
22	RXE3-	Negative Transmission Data of Pixel 3 (EVEN data)
23	RXE3+	Positive Transmission Data of Pixel 3 (EVEN data)
24	GND	Power Ground
25	*CE	For LCD internal use only. Do not Connect.
26	*CTL	For LCD internal use only. Do not Connect.
27	NC	No Connection
28	V _{DD}	
29	V _{DD}	Power Supply : +5V
30	V_{DD}	

^{*} If the system already uses the 25, 26pins, it should keep under GND level The voltage applied to those pins should not exceed -200mV.

MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	18/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	-------

Note) Pin number starts from Right side



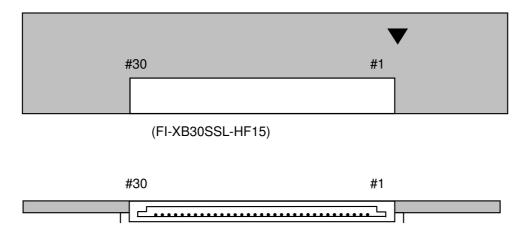


Fig. Connector diagram

- a. All GND pins should be connected together and also be connected to the LCD's metal chassis.
- b. All power input pins should be connected together.
- c. All NC pins should be separated from other signal or power.

 MODEL
 LTB190E3-L01
 Doc. No
 Page
 19/38

5.2 LVDS Interface

5.2.1 Odd Pixel Data (1st pixel data)

	1st LVDS Transmitter (DS90C387) Signal Interface									
De	vice Input Pin		Device Input Signal	Output	To LTM Interface (
N 0	Symbol	Symbol	Signal Function		Terminal	Symbol				
51	TXIN0	RO0	Red Odd Pixel Data (LSB)							
52	TXIN1	RO1	Red Odd Pixel Data							
54	TXIN2	RO2	Red Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT0- TXOUT0+	No. 1 No. 2	RXO0- RXO0+				
55	TXIN3	RO3	Red Odd Pixel Data							
56	TXIN4	RO4	Red Odd Pixel Data							
2	TXIN5	RO7	Red Odd Pixel Data (MSB)	TXOUT3- TXOUT3+	No. 10 No. 11	RXO3- RXO3+				
3	TXIN6	RO5	Red Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT0-	No. 1	RXO0-				
4	TXIN7	GO0	Green Odd Pixel Data (LSB)	TXOUT0+	No. 2	RXO0+				
6	TXIN8	GO1	Green Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT1-	No. 3 No. 4	RXO1-				
7	TXIN9	GO2	Green Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT1+		RXO1+				
8	TXIN10	GO6	Green Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT3-	No. 10	RXO3-				
10	TXIN11	GO7	Green Odd Pixel Data (MSB)	TXOUT3+	No. 11	RXO3+				
11	TXIN12	GO3	Green Odd Pixel Data							
12	TXIN13	GO4	Green Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT1-	No. 3	RXO1-				
14	TXIN14	GO5	Green Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT1+	No. 4	RXO1+				
15	TXIN15	BO0	Blue Odd Pixel Data (LSB)	TXOUT1+ No. 4						
16	TXIN16	BO6	Blue Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT3-	No. 10	RXO3-				
18	TXIN17	BO7	Blue Odd Pixel Data (MSB)	TXOUT3+	No. 11	RXO3+				
19	TXIN18	BO1	Blue Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT1- TXOUT1+	No. 3 No. 4	RXO1- RXO1+				
20	TXIN19	BO2	Blue Odd Pixel Data							
22	TXIN20	ВО3	Blue Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT2-	No. 5	RXO2-				
23	TXIN21	BO4	Blue Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT2+	No. 6	RXO2+				
24	TXIN22	BO5	Blue Odd Pixel Data							
50	TXIN27	RO6	Red Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT3- TXOUT3+	No. 10 No. 11	RXO3- RXO3+				

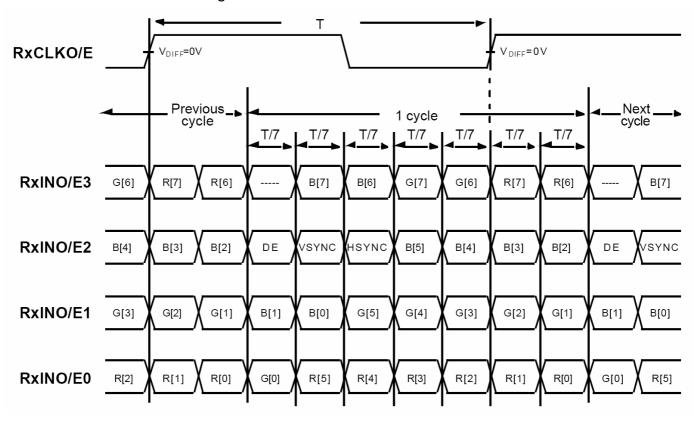
MODEL LTB190E3	-L01 Doc. No	Page	20/38
----------------	---------------------	------	-------

5.2.2 Even Pixel Data (2nd pixel data)

	2nd LVDS Transmitter (DS90C387) Signal Interface								
Device Input Pin			Device Input Signal	Output Signal		M190EX (CN101)			
No	Symbol	Symbol	Function		Terminal	Symbol			
51	TXIN0	RE0	Red Even Pixel Data (LSB)						
52	TXIN1	RE1	Red Even Pixel Data						
54	TXIN2	RE2	Red Even Pixel Data	TXOUT0- TXOUT0+	No. 12 No. 13	RXE0- RXE0+			
55	TXIN3	RE3	Red Even Pixel Data						
56	TXIN4	RE4	Red Even Pixel Data						
2	TXIN5	RE7	Red Even Pixel Data (MSB)	TXOUT3- TXOUT3+	No. 22 No. 23	RXE3- RXE3+			
3	TXIN6	RE5	Red Even Pixel Data	TXOUT0-	No. 12	RXE0-			
4	TXIN7	GE0	Green Even Pixel Data (LSB)	TXOUT0+	No. 13	RXE0+			
6	TXIN8	GE1	Green Even Pixel Data	TXOUT1-	UT1- No. 15	RXE1-			
7	TXIN9	GE2	Green Even Pixel Data	TXOUT1+	No. 16	RXE1+			
8	TXIN10	GE6	Green Even Pixel Data	TXOUT3-	No. 22	RXE3-			
10	TXIN11	GE7	Green Even Pixel Data (MSB)	TXOUT3+	No. 23	RXE3+			
11	TXIN12	GE3	Green Even Pixel Data						
12	TXIN13	GE4	Green Even Pixel Data	TXOUT1-		RXE1-			
14	TXIN14	GE5	Green Even Pixel Data	TXOUT1+		RXE1+			
15	TXIN15	BE0	Blue Even Pixel Data (LSB)						
16	TXIN16	BE6	Blue Even Pixel Data	TXOUT3-	No. 22	RXE3-			
18	TXIN17	BE7	Blue Even Pixel Data (MSB)	TXOUT3+	No. 23	RXE3+			
19	TXIN18	BE1	Blue Even Pixel Data	TXOUT1- TXOUT1+	No. 15 No. 16	RXE1- RXE1+			
20	TXIN19	BE2	Blue Even Pixel Data						
22	TXIN20	BE3	Blue Even Pixel Data	TXOUT2-	No. 18	RXE2-			
23	TXIN21	BE4	Blue Even Pixel Data	TXOUT2+	No. 19	RXE2+			
24	TXIN22	BE5	Blue Even Pixel Data						
50	TXIN27	RE6	Red Even Pixel Data	TXOUT3- TXOUT3+	No. 22 No. 23	RXE3- RXE3+			

MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	21/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	-------

5.2.3 Timing Diagrams of LVDS For Transmitting LVDS Receiver : Integrated T-CON



5.3 Back Light Unit

	Pin No.	Input	Color	Function		
	1	Hot1	Pink	High Voltage		
Linnor	2	Cold1	White	Ground		
Upper	3	Hot2	Blue	High Voltage		
	4	Cold2	Black	Ground		
	1	Hot1	Pink	High Voltage		
Lower	2	Cold1	White	Ground		
Lower	3	Hot2	Blue	High Voltage		
	4	Cold2	Black	Ground		
	Connect or Part No.	Connector : BHSR-02VS-1(JST) Mating Connector : SM02B-BHSS-1(JST)				

5.4 Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

												DA	ATA S	SIGN	AL											
COLO	DISPLAY				RE	ΞD							GRE	EEN							BL	UE				GRAY SCALE
R	(8bit)	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	G0	G 1	G 2	G3	G 4	G 5	G6	G 7	В0	B1	B2	ВЗ	B4	B5	B6	В7	LEVEL
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
BASIC	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
COLO R	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	MAGENT A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0
		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1
GRAY	DARK	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R2
SCALE	1	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			R3~
OF RED	\downarrow	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			R252
	LIGHT	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R253
		0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R254
	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R255
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G1
GRAY	DARK ↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G2
SCALE OF	ı	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			G3~
GREE N	\downarrow	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			G252
	LIGHT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G253
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G254
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G255
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B1
GRAV	DARK ↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	B2
GRAY SCALE	1	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			B3~
OF BLUE	\downarrow	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:			B252
	LIGHT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	B253
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B254
	BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B255

Note (1) Definition of Gray:

Rn: Red Gray, Gn: Green Gray, Bn: Blue Gray (n = Gray level)

Input Signal: 0 = Low level voltage, 1 = High level voltage

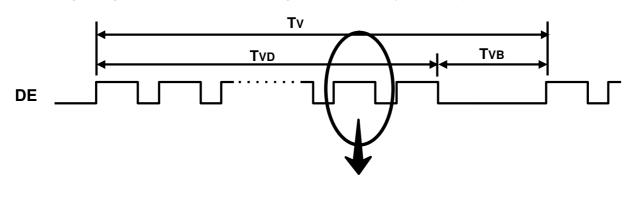
6. Interface Timing

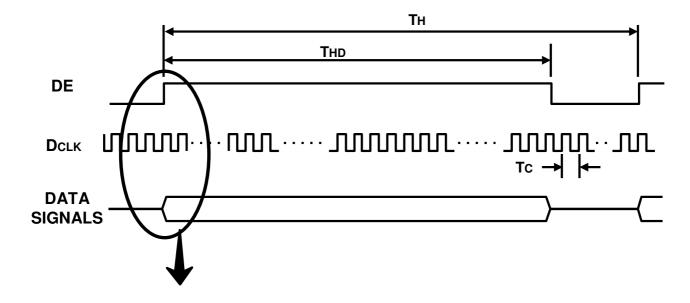
6.1 Timing Parameters (DE only mode)

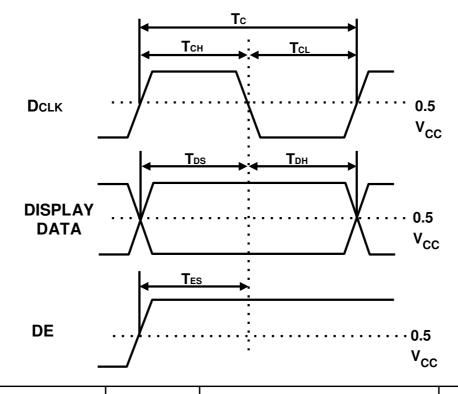
SIGNAL	ITEM	SYMBO L	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	NOTE
Clock		1/T _C	45	54	67.5	MHz	-
Hsync	Frequency	F _H	53	64	79.976	KHz	-
Vsync		F _v	50	60	75	Hz	-
Vertical	Active Display Period	T _{VD}	ı	1024	-	lines	-
Display Term	Vertical Total	T _{VB}	1031	1066	-	lines	-
Horizontal	Active Display Period	T _{HD}	640	640	640	clocks	2pixel/clock
Display Term	Horizontal Total	T _H	676	844	1130	clocks	2pixel/clock

- Note (1) This product is DE only mode. The input of Hsync & Vsync signal does not have an effect on normal operation.
 - (2) Test Point : TTL control signal and CLK at LVDS Tx input terminal in system
 - (3) Internal Vcc = 3.3V

6.2 Timing diagrams of interface signal (DE only mode)



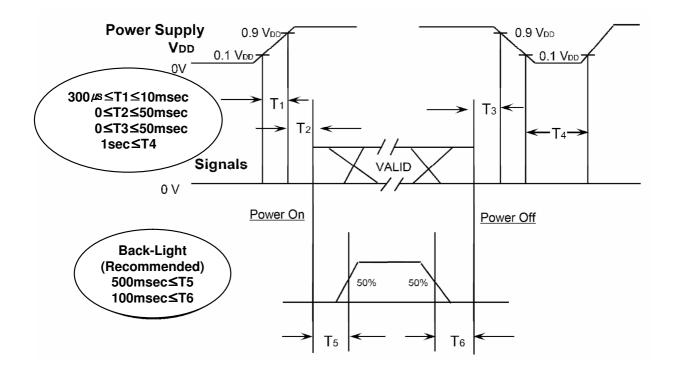




 MODEL
 LTB190E3-L01
 Doc. No
 Page
 26/38

6.3 Power ON/OFF Sequence

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of the LCD Module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



T1 : V_{DD} rising time from 10% to 90%

T2 : The time from V_{DD} to valid data at power ON.

T3 : The time from valid data off to V_{DD} off at power Off.

T4: V_{DD} off time for Windows restart

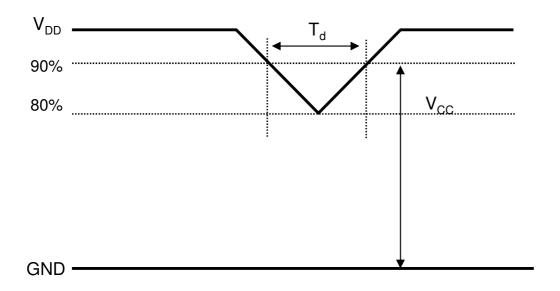
T5: The time from valid data to B/L enable at power ON.

T6: The time from valid data off to B/L disable at power Off.

- The supply voltage of the external system for the Module input should be the same as the definition of V_{DD}.
- Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the back light turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back light turns off, the display may momentarily show abnormal screen.
- In case of V_{DD} = off level, please keep the level of input signals low or keep a high impedance.
- T4 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Interface signal should not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	27/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	-------

6.4 VDD Power Dip Condition



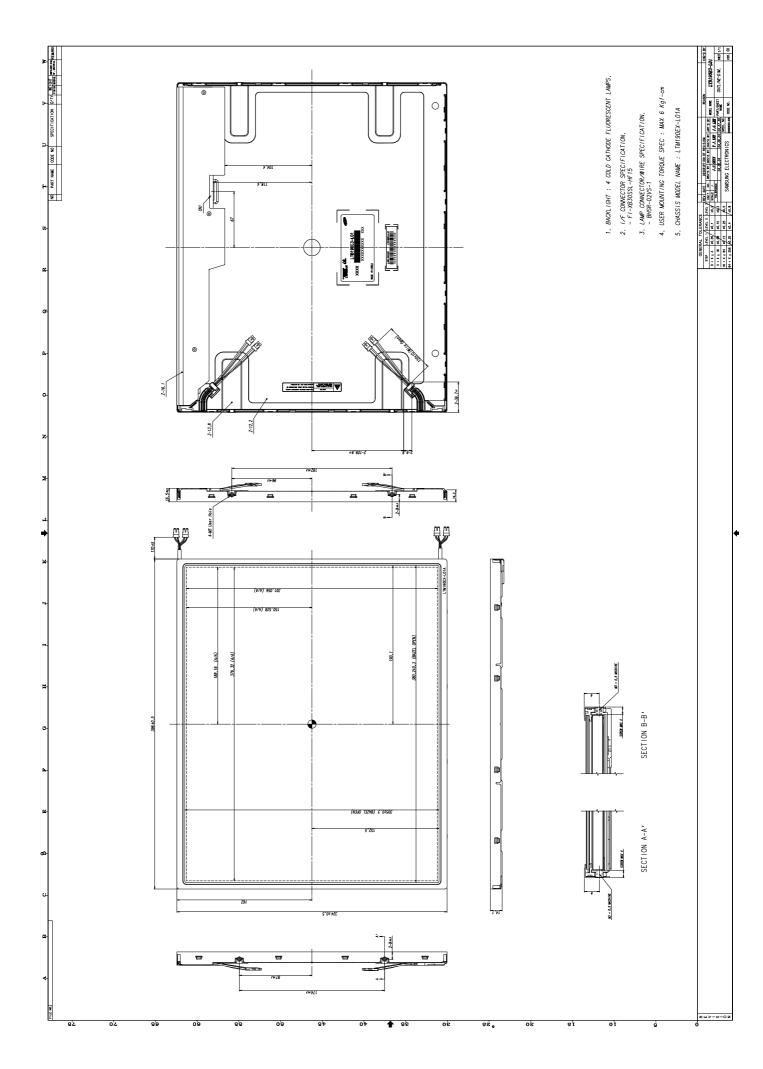
$$\begin{array}{c} 4.5 \text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{V} \\ \text{If V}_{\text{DD}}(\text{typ.}) \ge 80\% \leq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}}(\text{typ}) \ge 90\% \\ \text{Then, 0$$

Note (1) The above conditions are for the glitch of the input voltage.

(2) For stable operation of an LCD Module power, please follow them. i.e., if typ VDD x 80% \leq Vcc \leq typ VDD x 90%, then T_d should be less than 20ms.

MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	28/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	-------

	ne Dimension Refer to the next pa	ge]	Approva	l Specific	cation
MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	29/38



8. Reliability Test

Te	st Items	Conditions	Time/Cycle	Sample
H	HTOL*	50°C , Bias	500 hrs	12
l	_TOL*	0°C , Bias	500 hrs	5
-	THB**	40°C / 95% , Bias	500 hrs	5
HTS*** 70°C , No Bias		500 hrs	5	
L	LTS*** -30°C , No Bias		500 hrs	5
Ther	mal Cycle	-20°C/30min ~ +60°C/30min , No bias	100 cycle	5
Во	ox Drop	1 angle, 3 edge, 6 side, 66 cm		5
Shock (Non-operating)		50G , 11msec Sine wave , \pm x/y/z axis	1 time/axis	3
	ibration -operating)	1.5G , 10~300 Hz x/y/z axis , sweep rate : 10 min	30min/axis	3
	Non- Operating	CDM: 150pF, 330Ω, 9point, 3 times/point	± 10kV	3
ESD	On a vating	Contact : 150pF, 330 Q , 100point, once/point	± 8kV	3
	Operating	Air(non-contact) : 150pF, 330Ω, 100point, once/point	± 15kV	3
А	ltitude	Thermal :-10~50°C, 15000ft(Operating), 40000ft(Non-operating)	8Hr	3
		Normal :45℃, 15000ft	10Hr	3

[Result Evaluation Criteria]

Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these should be no change which may affect practical display functions.

* HTOL/ LTOL: High/Low Temperature Operating Life

** THB : Temperature Humidity Bias

*** HTS/LTS : High/Low Temperature Storage

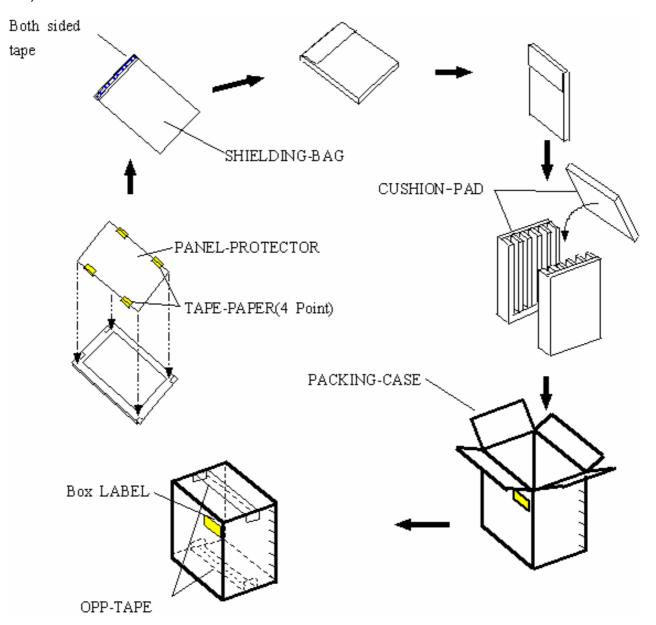
9. PACKING

9.1 CARTON (Internal Package)

(1) Packing Form

Corrugated fiberboard box and EPS cushion foam as shock absorber

- (2) Packing Method
 - a) Without Inverter



NOTE 1) TOTAL : Approx. 16.0kg

2) Acceptance number of piling: 5sets

3) Carton size : $401(W) \times 365(D) \times 477(H)$

4) MAX accumulation quantity: 5 cartons

MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	32/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	-------

(3) Packing Material

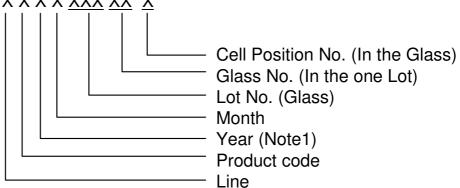
No	Part name	Quality
1	Static electric protective sack	5
2	Packing case(Inner box) included shock absorber	1 set
3	Pictorial marking	2 pics
4	Carton	1 set

10. MARKING & OTHERS

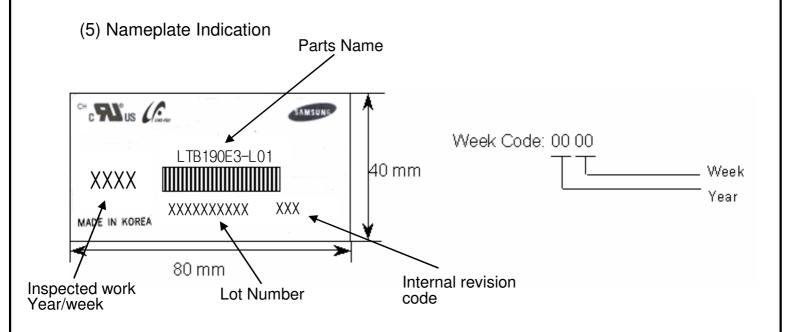
A nameplate bearing followed by is affixed to a shipped product at the specified location on each product.

(1) Parts number : LTB190E3-L01(2) Revision code : Two letters

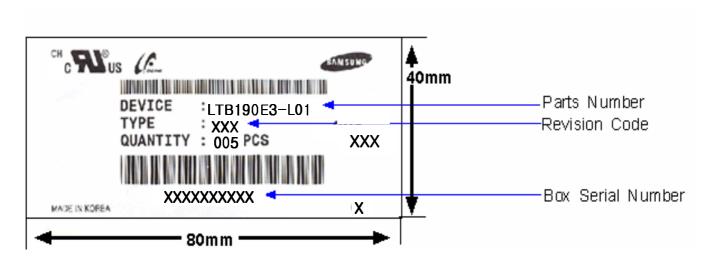
(3) Customer code: One letter



MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	33/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	-------

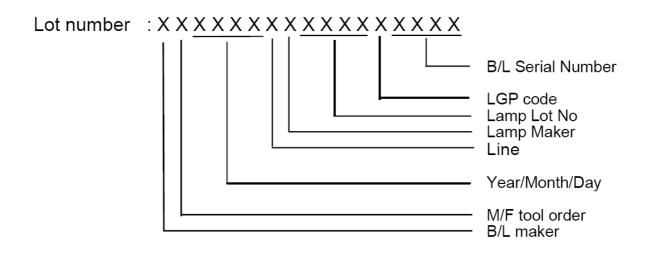


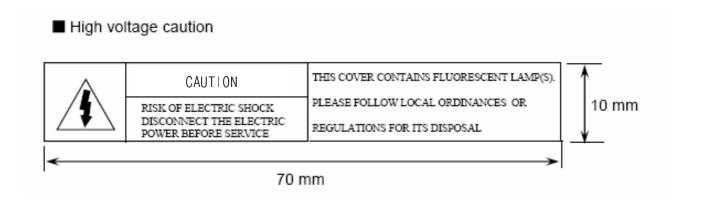
(6) Packing box attach

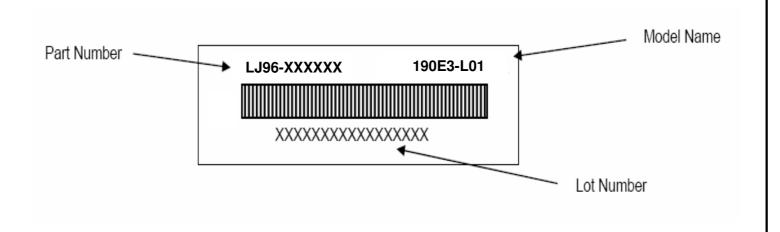


 MODEL
 LTB190E3-L01
 Doc. No
 Page
 34/38

(7) Backlight Label







MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	35/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	-------

11. General Precautions

11.1 Handling

- (a) When the module is assembled, it should be attached to the system firmly using all mounting holes. Be careful not to twist and bend the module.
- (b) Because the inverter uses high voltages, it should be disconnected from power source before it is assembled or disassembled.
- (c) Refrain from strong mechanical shock and / or any force to the module. In addition to damage, it may cause improper operation or damage to the module and CCFT back light.
- (d) Note that polarizer films are very fragile and could be damaged easily. Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead.
- (e) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. If you leave the droplets for a long time, staining or discoloration may occur.
- (f) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, clean it using absorbent cotton or soft cloth.
- (g) Desirable cleaners are water, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) or Hexane.

 Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might cause permanent damage to the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (h) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away with soap thoroughly.
- (i) Protect the Module from static, or the CMOS Gate Array IC would be damaged.
- (j) Use finger-stalls with soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (k) Do not disassemble the Module.
- (I) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (m) Do not adjust the variable resistor located on the Module.
- (n) Protection film for polarizer on the Module should be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.
- (o) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	36/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	-------

11.2 Storage

- (a) Do not leave the Module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the Module with temperature from 0 to $35\,^{\circ}$ C and relative humidity of less than 70%.
- (b) Do not store the TFT-LCD Module in direct sunlight.
- (c) The Module should be stored in a dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light in storing.

11.3 Operation

- (a) Do not connect or disconnect the Module in the "Power On" condition.
- (b) Power supply should always be turned on/off by the item 6.3 "Power on/off sequence"
- (c) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference should be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.
- (d) The cable between the back light connector and its inverter power supply should be connected directly with a minimized length. A longer cable between the back light and the inverter may cause lower luminance of lamp(CCFT) and may require higher startup voltage(Vs).

11.4 Operation Condition Guide

(a) The LCD product should be operated under normal conditions. Normal condition is defined as below;

- Temperature : 20±15°C

- Humidity : 65±20%

- Display pattern : continually changing pattern (Not stationary)

(b) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, humidity, display patterns or operation time etc.., It is strongly recommended to contact SEC for Application engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at Airports, Transit Stations, Banks, Stock market, and Controlling systems.

MODEL	LTB190E3-L01	Doc. No		Page	37/38
-------	--------------	---------	--	------	-------

11.5 Others

- (a) Ultra-violet ray filter is necessary for outdoor operation.
- (b) Avoid condensation of water. It may result in improper operation or disconnection of electrode.
- (c) Do not exceed the absolute maximum rating value. (supply voltage variation, input voltage variation, variation in part contents and environmental temperature, and so on)

Otherwise the Module may be damaged.

- (d) If the Module keeps displaying the same pattern for a long period of time, the image may be "sticked" to the screen. To avoid image sticking, it is recommended to use a screen saver.
- (e) This Module has its circuitry PCB's on the rear side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.
- (f) Please contact SEC in advance when you display the same pattern for a long time.

 MODEL
 LTB190E3-L01
 Doc. No
 Page
 38/38