LG Display

SPECIFICATION
FOR
APPROVAL

(◆) **Preliminary Specification**

(   ) **Final Specification**

Title	17.3" FHD TFT LCD

Customer	
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LP173WF4
Suffix	SPF5

*When you obtain standard approval,
 please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
/	
/	
/	

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
J. Y. Lee / Manager	

REVIEWED BY

C. J. Jun / Manager

PREPARED BY

K. T. Park / Engineer
C. Y. Jung / Engineer

**Products Engineering Dept.
LG Display Co., Ltd**

Product Specification

Contents

Record of Revisions

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID version
0.0	Jul. 21. 2016	All	First Draft (Preliminary Specification)	-
0.1	Aug. 03. 2016	4	Update General Description(Panel Resolution)	-
		20	Update Notes about Ripple	
		46	Add Picture about Dimension	
		48	Add Appendix about Height of PCB Area	
0.2	Sep. 21. 2016	4,6,7	Update Power Consumption(Logic, LED)	0.0
		17	Update Gray scale specification	
		43-45	Update EDID	

Product Specification

1. General Description

The LP173WF4 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral LED backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. This TFT-LCD has 17.3 inches diagonally measured active display area with FHD resolution (1920 horizontal by 1080 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors. The LP173WF4 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI. The LP173WF4 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP173WF4 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.
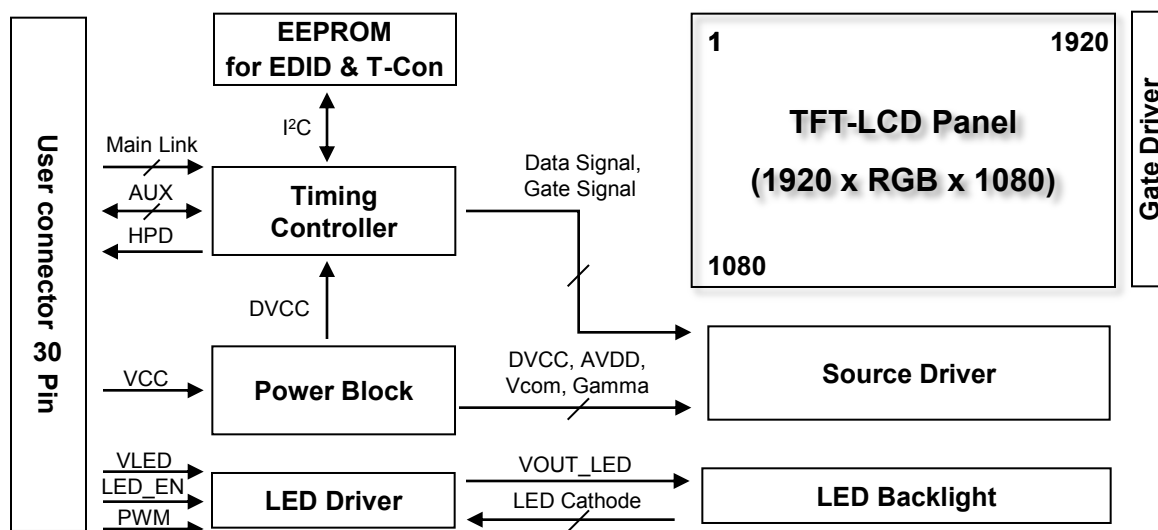
General Features

Active Screen Size	17.3 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	398.1(H, Typ.) × 241.95(V, Typ.) × 4.0(D, Max.) [mm] (with PCB)
Pixel Pitch	0.1989 mm X 0.1989 mm
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	300 cd/m^2(Typ.)
Power Consumption	Total 6.7W (Typ.) Logic : 1.0W (Typ. @ Mosaic), B/L : 5.7W (Typ.)
Weight	550g (Max.)
Display Operating Mode	Normally Black
Surface Treatment	Anti Glare treatment of the front Polarizer
RoHS Compliance	Yes
BFR / PVC / As Free	Yes for all
eDP version(Tcon)	eDP1.2
DPCD version	Ver1.1

PSR	MBO	sDRRS	SSC	NVSR	G-sync
Not support	Not support	Not support	Not support	Not support	Not support

Note : Based on system condition(PSR support/PSR none support), EEPROM data should be changed.

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Units	Notes
		Min	Max		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	V_{DC}	at 25 ± 2°C
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	50	°C	1
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	60	°C	1,2
Operating Ambient Humidity	HOP	10	90	%RH	1
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	%RH	1,2

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.
Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.
Note : 2. Storage Condition is guaranteed under packing condition.

Wet Bulb Temperature [℃]

Humidity[(%)RH]

Storage

Operation

Dry Bulb Temperature [℃]
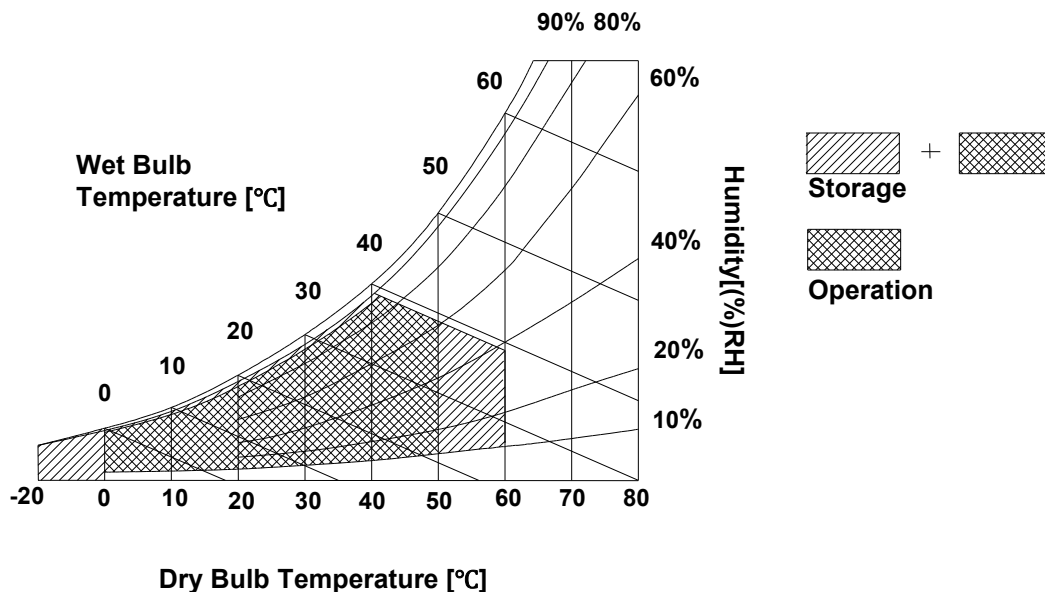
3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. LCD Electrical Characteristics

Table 2. LCD ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max		
Power Supply Input Voltage		Vcc	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	1
Permissive Power Supply Input Ripple		VCCrp	-	-	100	mV$_{p-p}$	
Power Supply Input Current	Mosaic	Icc	-	280	322	mA	2
Power Consumption		Pcc	-	1.0	1.1	W	
Power Supply Inrush Current		Icc_P	-	-	1.5	A	3
Differential Impedance		ZeDP	90	100	110	Ω	

Note)

1. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under 25℃, fv = 60Hz
2. The specified I_{CC} current and power consumption are under the V_{CC} = 3.3V , 25℃, fv = 60Hz condition and Mosaic pattern.
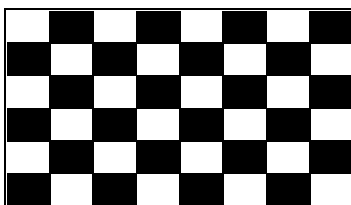
3. The V_{CC} rising time is same as the minimum of T1 at Power on sequence.
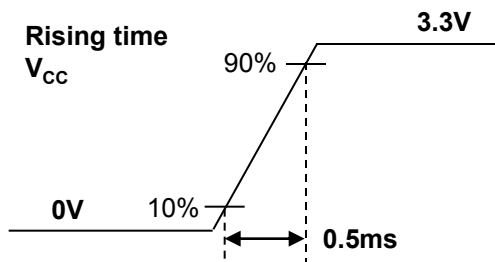
4. Peak current is same as inrush current under the condition that when peak current happens, input voltage should follow (or meet) the Spec at least 3.0V min. voltage

LG Display

3-2. LED Backlight Electrical Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max		
LED Power Input Voltage		V_{LED}	6.0	12.0	21.0	V	1
LED Power Input Current		I_{LED}	-	475	500	mA	2
LED Power Consumption		P_{LED}	-	5.7	6.0	W	
LED Power Inrush Current		I_{LED_P}	-	-	1.5	A	3
PWM Duty Ratio			5	-	100	%	4
PWM Duty Ratio (IC level)			1	-	100	%	5
PWM resolution				10		Bit	6
PWM Jitter			0	-	0.05	%	7
PWM Frequency		F_{PWM}	200	-	1000	Hz	8
PWM	High Level Voltage	V_{PWM_H}	2.5	-	3.6	V	
	Low Level Voltage	V_{PWM_L}	0	-	0.3	V	
LED_EN	High Voltage	$V_{LED\_EN\_H}$	2.5	-	3.6	V	
	Low Voltage	$V_{LED\_EN\_L}$	0	-	0.3	V	
Life Time			15,000	-	-	Hrs	9

Note)

1. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under 25℃.

2. The current and power consumption with LED Driver are under the V_{LED} = 12.0V , 25℃, PWM Duty 100% and White pattern with the normal frame frequency operated(60Hz).

3. The V_{LED} rising time is same as the minimum of T13 at Power on sequence.

Rising time
V_{LED}

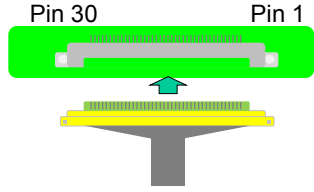**12.0V**

90%

0V   10%

0.5ms
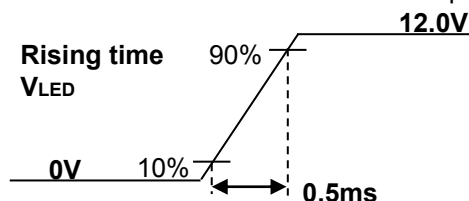
4. The operation of LED Driver below minimum dimming ratio may cause flickering or reliability issue.

5. LGD can only guarantee LCM Level PWM Min Duty .

6. 10bit resolution means it's possible to change PWM duty by 0.1% step. (8bit operated by 0.25% step)

7. If Jitter of PWM is bigger than maximum, it may induce flickering.

8. This Spec. is not effective at 100% dimming ratio as an exception because it has DC level equivalent to 0Hz. In spite of acceptable range as defined, the PWM Frequency should be fixed and stable for more consistent brightness control at any specific level desired.

9. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of LCD is 50% compare to that of minimum value specified in table 7. under general user condition.

3-3. Interface Connections
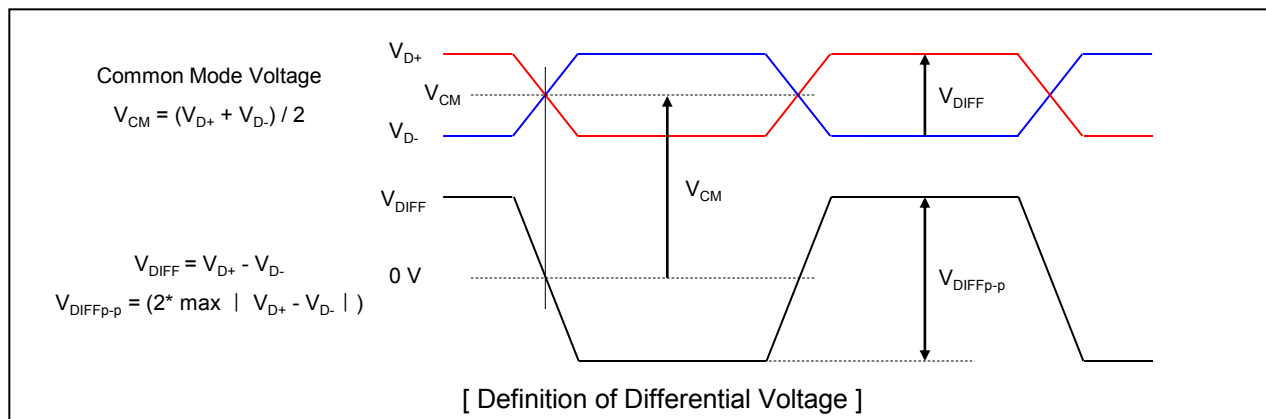
Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	NC	No Connection	
2	GND	High Speed Ground	
3	Lane1_N	Complement Signal Link Lane 1	
4	Lane1_P	True Signal Link Lane 1	
5	GND	High Speed Ground	
6	Lane0_N	Complement Signal Link Lane 0	
7	Lane0_P	True Signal Link Lane 0	
8	GND	High Speed Ground	
9	AUX_CH_P	True Signal Auxiliary Channel	[Connector]
10	AUX_CH_N	Complement Signal Auxiliary Channel	LSC, GT05Q-30S-H10-MN
11	GND	High Speed Ground	(30pin, 0.5pitch) or equivalent
12	VCC	LCD logic and driver power	
13	VCC	LCD logic and driver power	
14	NC	No Connection	[Connector pin arrangement]
15	GND	LCD logic and driver ground	
16	GND	LCD logic and driver ground	
17	HPD	HPD signal pin	
18	BL_GND	LED Backlight ground	
19	BL_GND	LED Backlight ground	
20	BL_GND	LED Backlight ground	
21	BL_GND	LED Backlight ground	[LGD P-Vcom using information]
22	BL ENABLE	LED Backlight control on/off control	1. Pin for P-Vcom : #24, #25
23	BL PWM	System PWM signal input for dimming	2. P-Vcom Address : 0101000x
24	NC Reserved	Reserved for LCD manufacture's use	
25	NC Reserved	Reserved for LCD manufacture's use	
26	VLED	LED Backlight power (12V Typical)	
27	VLED	LED Backlight power (12V Typical)	
28	VLED	LED Backlight power (12V Typical)	
29	VLED	LED Backlight power (12V Typical)	
30	NC	No Connection	

3-4. eDP Signal Timing Specifications

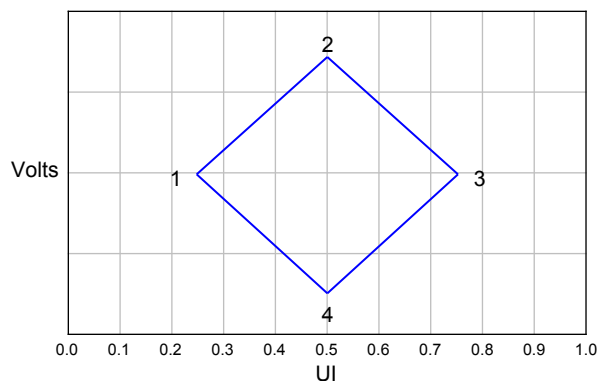### 3-4-1. Definition of Differential Voltage

Common Mode Voltage

$V_{CM} = (V_{D+} + V_{D-}) / 2$

$V_{DIFF} = V_{D+} - V_{D-}$

$V_{DIFFp-p} = (2* \max \mid V_{D+} - V_{D-} \mid)$

[Definition of Differential Voltage]

3-4-2. Main Link EYE Diagram
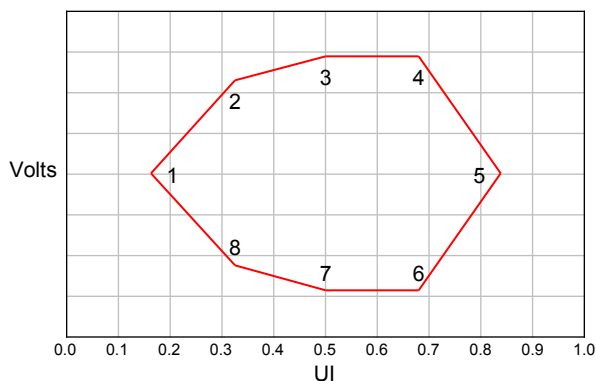
[EYE Mask at Source Connector Pins]

[EYE Mask at Sink Connector Pins]

Point	Reduced Bit Rate		High Bit Rate	
	Time(UI)	Voltage(V)	Time(UI)	Voltage(V)
1	0.127	0.000	0.210	0.000
2	0.291	0.160	0.355	0.140
3	0.500	0.200	0.500	0.175
4	0.709	0.200	0.645	0.175
5	0.873	0.000	0.790	0.000
6	0.709	-0.200	0.645	-0.175
7	0.500	-0.200	0.500	-0.175
8	0.291	-0.160	0.355	-0.140

[EYE Mask Vertices at Source Connector Pins]

Point	Reduced Bit Rate		High Bit Rate	
	Time(UI)	Voltage(V)	Time(UI)	Voltage(V)
1	0.375	0.000	0.246	0.000
2	0.500	0.023	0.500	0.075
3	0.625	0.000	0.755	0.000
4	0.500	-0.023	0.500	-0.075

[EYE Mask Vertices at Sink Connector Pins]

Point	Reduced Bit Rate		High Bit Rate	
	Time(UI)	Voltage(V)	Time(UI)	Voltage(V)
1	0.270	0.000	0.246	0.000
2	0.500	0.068	0.500	0.075
3	0.731	0.000	0.755	0.000
4	0.500	-0.068	0.500	-0.075

[EYE Mask Vertices at embedded DP Sink Connector Pins]

3-4-3. eDP Main Link Signal

[Main Link Differential Pair]
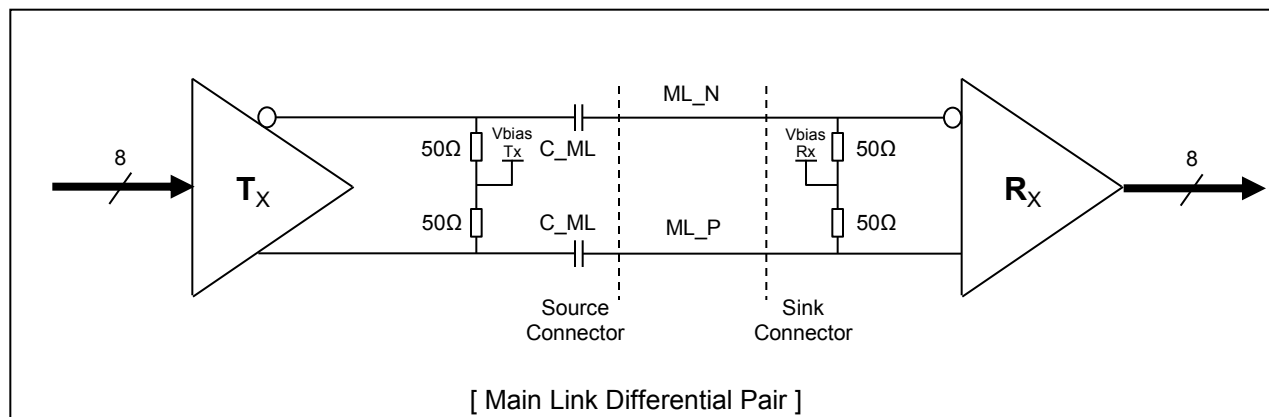
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
Unit Interval for high bit rate (2.7Gbps / lane)	UI_HBR	-	370	-	ps	
Unit Interval for reduced bit rate (1.62Gbps / lane)	UI_RBR	-	617	-	ps	
Link Clock Down Spreading	Amplitude	0	-	0.5	%	
	Frequency	30		33	kHz	
Differential peak-to-peak voltage at Source side connector	$V_{TX-DIFFp-p}$	350	-	-	mV	For HBR(2.7Gbps)
		400	-	-		For RBR(1.62Gbps)
EYE width at Source side connector	$T_{TX-EYE-CONN}$	0.58	-	-	UI	For HBR(2.7Gbps)
		0.75	-	-	UI	For RBR(1.62Gbps)
Differential peak-to-peak voltage at Sink side connector	$V_{RX-DIFFp-p}$	150	-	-	mV	For HBR(2.7Gbps)
		136	-	-		For RBR(1.62Gbps)
EYE width at Sink side connector	$T_{RX-EYE-CONN}$	0.51	-	-	UI	For HBR(2.7Gbps)
		0.46	-	-	UI	For RBR(1.62Gbps)
Rx DC common mode voltage	$V_{RX CM}$	0	-	1.0	V	
AC Coupling Capacitor	C_{SOURCE_ML}	75		200	nF	Source side

Note)
　　1. Termination resistor is typically integrated into the transmitter and receiver implementations.
　　2. AC Coupling Capacitor is not placed at the sink side.
　　3. In cabled embedded system, it is recommended the system designer ensure that EYE width and voltage are met
　　　at the sink side connector pins.

Product Specification

3-4-4. eDP AUX Channel Signal

[Recommended eDP AUX Channel Differential Pair]
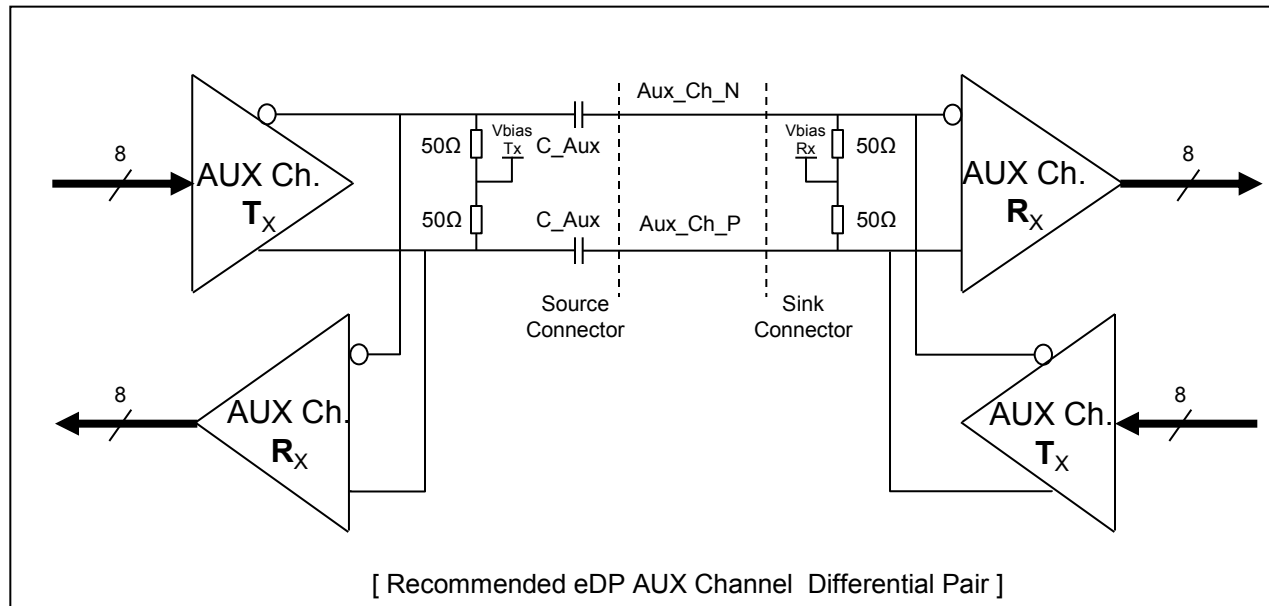
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
AUX Unit Interval	UI	0.4	-	0.6	us	
AUX Jitter at Tx IC Package Pins	T_{jitter}	-	-	0.04	UI	Equal to 24ns
AUX Jitter at Rx IC Package Pins		-	-	0.05	UI	Equal to 30ns
AUX Peak-to-peak voltage at Connector Pins of Receiving	$V_{AUX-DIFFp-p}$	0.39	-	1.38	V	
AUX Peak-to-peak voltage at Connector Pins of Transmitting		0.36	-	1.36	V	
AUX EYE width at Connector Pins of Tx and Rx		0.98	-	-	UI	
AUX DC common mode voltage	V_{AUX-CM}	0	-	1.0	V	
AUX AC Coupling Capacitor	$C_{SOURCE-AUX}$	75		200	nF	Source side

Note)
1. Termination resistor is typically integrated into the transmitter and receiver implementations.
2. AC Coupling Capacitor is not placed at the sink side.
3. $V_{AUX-DIFFp-p} = 2* \mid V_{AUXP}-V_{AUXN} \mid$

3-4-5. eDP HPD Signal

[HPD Events]
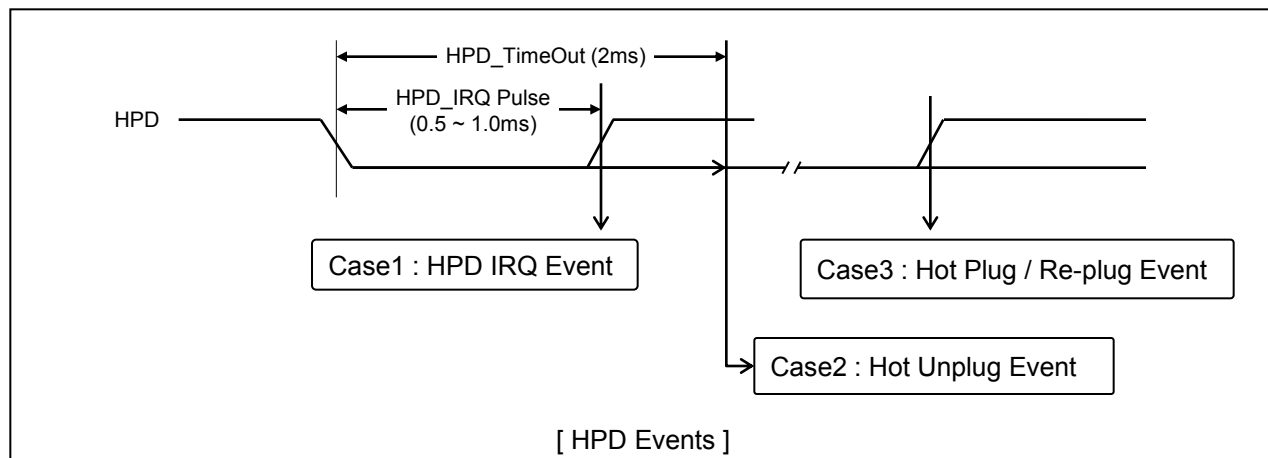
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
HPD Voltage	HPD	2.25	-	3.6	V	Sink side Driving
Hot Plug Detection Threshold		2.0	-	-	V	Source side Detecting
Hot Unplug Detection Threshold		-	-	0.8	V	
HPD_IRQ Pulse Width	HPD_IRQ	0.5	-	1.0	ms	
HPD_TimeOut		2.0	-	-	ms	HPD Unplug Event

Note)
1. HPD IRQ : Sink device wants to notify the Source device that Sink's status has changed so it toggles HPD line, forcing the Source device to read its Link / Sink Receiver DPCD field via the AUX-CH
2. HPD Unplug : The Sink device is no longer attached to the Source device and the Source device may then disable its Main Link as a power saving mode
3. Plug / Re-plug : The Sink device is now attached to the Source device, forcing the Source device to read its Receiver capabilities and Link / Sink status Receiver DPCD fields via the AUX-CH

LG Display

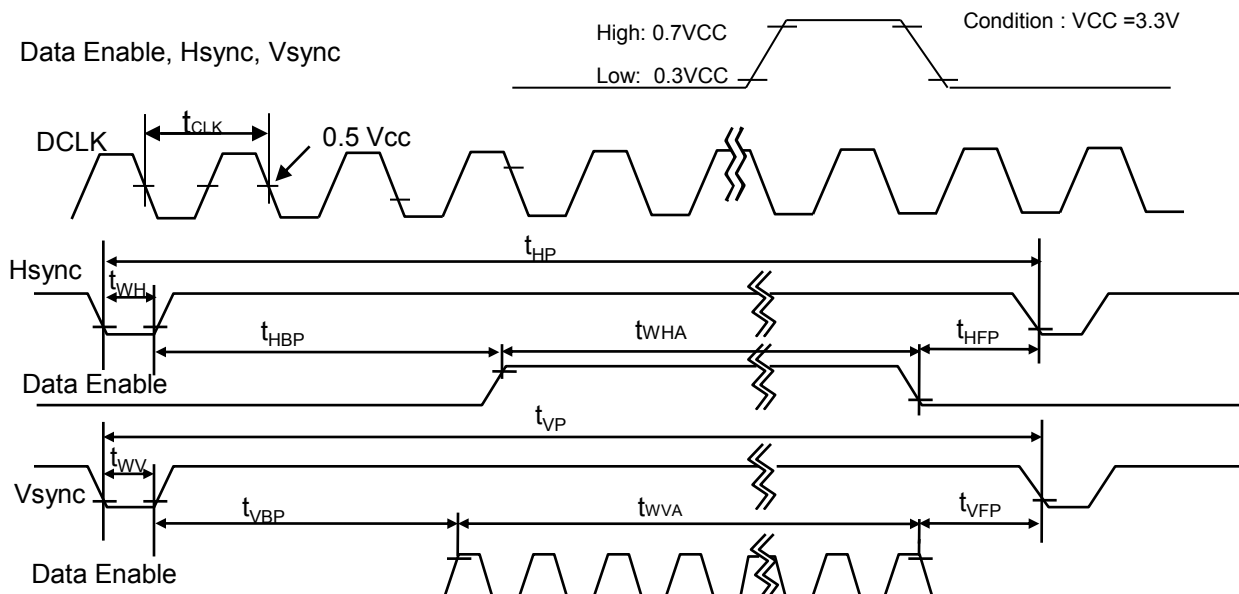Product Specification

3-5. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of eDP Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

Table 4. TIMING TABLE

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	f_{CLK}	-	138.7	-	MHz	
Hsync	Period	t_{HP}	2072	2080	2088	t_{CLK}	
	Width	t_{WH}	32	32	32		
	Width-Active	t_{WHA}	1920				
Vsync	Period	t_{VP}	1108	1111	1114	t_{HP}	
	Width	t_{WV}	5	5	5		
	Width-Active	t_{WVA}	1080				
Data Enable	Horizontal back porch	t_{HBP}	72	80	88	t_{CLK}	
	Horizontal front porch	t_{HFP}	48	48	48		
	Vertical back porch	t_{VBP}	20	23	24	t_{HP}	
	Vertical front porch	t_{VFP}	3	3	5		

Notice. all reliabilities are specified for timing specification based on refresh rate of 60Hz. However, LP173WF4 has a good actual performance even at lower refresh rate (e.g. 40Hz or 50Hz) for power saving Mode, whereas LP173WF4 is secured only for function under lower refresh rate. 60Hz at Normal mode, 50Hz, 40Hz at Power save mode. Don't care Flicker level (Power save mode).

3-6. Signal Timing Waveforms

3-7. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 5. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

Color		Input Color Data																		
		RED						GREEN						BLUE					
		MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	…		…						…						…				
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	...		…						…						…				
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	…		…						…						…				
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
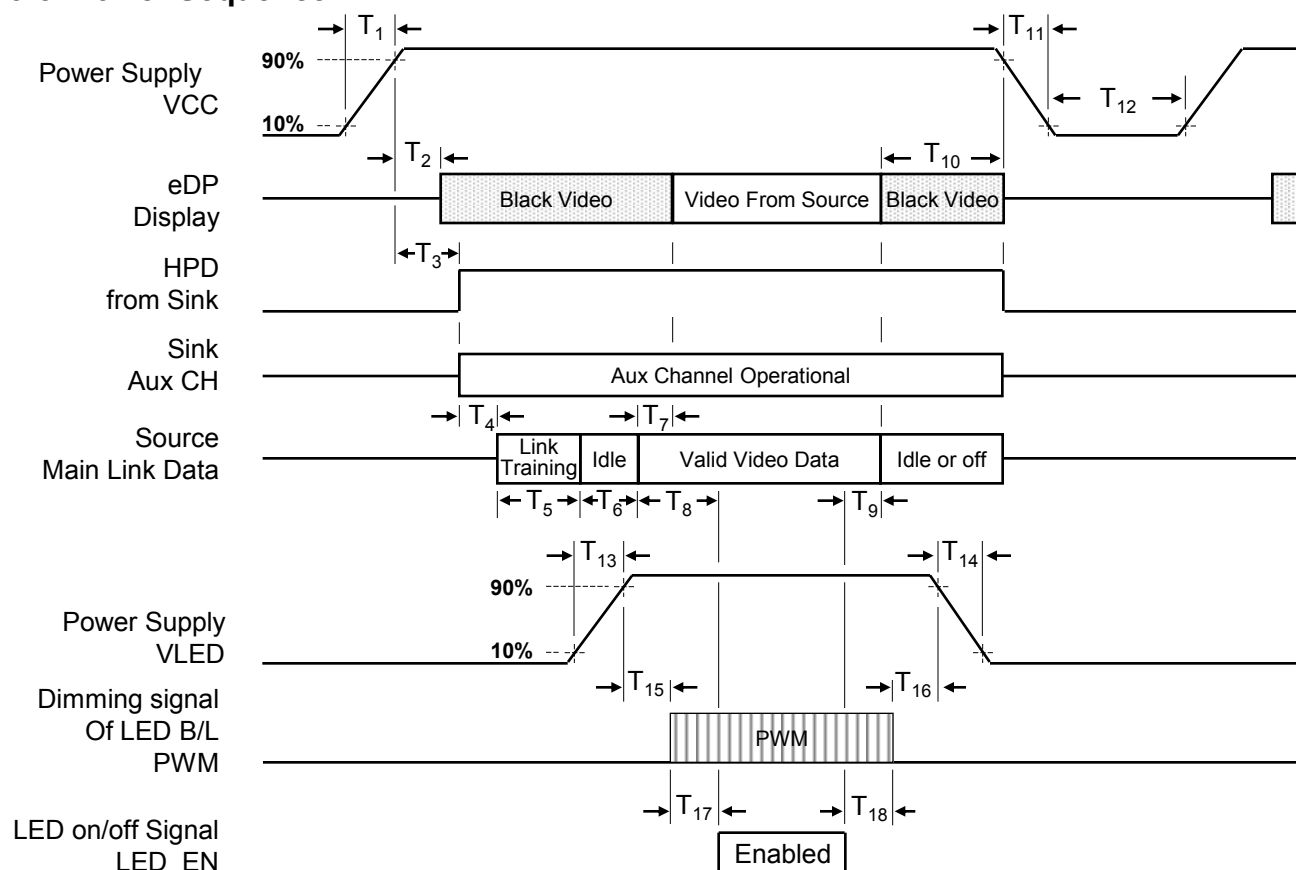
3-8. Power Sequence

Table 6. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Symbol	Required By	Limits Min	Limits Max	Units	Notes	Symbol	Required By	Limits Min	Limits Max	Units	Notes
T_1	Source	0.5	10	ms	-	T_{10}	Source	0	500	ms	-
T_2	Sink	0	200	ms	-	T_{11}	Source	-	10	ms	-
T_3	Sink	0	200	ms	-	T_{12}	Source	500	-	ms	
T_4	Source	-	-	ms	-	T_{13}	Source	0.5	10	ms	-
T_5	Source	-	-	ms	-	T_{14}	Source	0.5	10	ms	-
T_6	Source	-	-	ms	-	T_{15}	Source	10	-	ms	-
T_7	Sink	0	50	ms	-	T_{16}	Source	10	-	ms	-
T_8	Source	-	-	ms	LGD recommend Min 200ms	T_{17}	Source	0	-	ms	-
T_9	Source	-	-	ms	LGD recommend Min 200ms	T_{18}	Source	0	-	ms	-

Note) 1. Do not insert the mating cable when system turn on.
2. Valid Data have to meet "3-3. eDP Signal Timing Specifications"
3. Video Signal, LED_EN and PWM need to be on pull-down condition on invalid status.
4. LGD recommend the rising sequence of VLED after the Vcc and valid status of Video Signal turn on.

Product Specification

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 20 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and Θ equal to 0°.
FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Optical Stage(x,y)   LCD Module   Equipment

1°

500mm±50mm
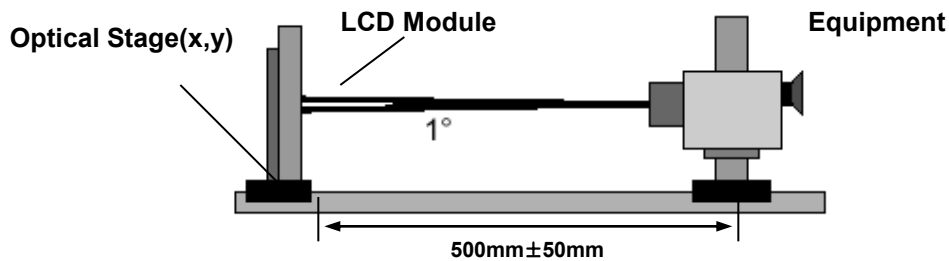
Table 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, fv=60Hz

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Units	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max		
Contrast Ratio		CR	400	700	-		1
Surface Luminance, white		L$_{WH}$	255	300	-	cd/m²	2
Luminance Variation		δ$_{WHITE (5P)}$	-	1.2	1.4	-	3
		δ$_{WHITE(13P)}$	-	1.4	1.6		
Response Time		Tr + Tf	-	25	35	ms	4
Color Coordinates	RED	Rx		TBD			
		Ry		TBD			
	GREEN	Gx		TBD			
		Gy	Typical - 0.03	TBD	Typical + 0.03		
	BLUE	Bx		TBD			
		By		TBD			
	WHITE	Wx		TBD			
		Wy		TBD			
Viewing Angle	x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	80	-	-	Degree	5
	x axis, left (Φ=180°)	Θl	80	-	-		
	y axis, up (Φ=90°)	Θu	80	-	-		
	y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	80	-	-		
Gray Scale							6

Product Specification

Note)

1. It should be measured in the center of screen(1 Point). Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

$$\text{Contrast Ratio(1 Point)} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}}$$

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.

$$L_{WH} = \text{Average(1,2, … 5 Point)}$$

3. The variation in surface luminance , The panel total variation (δ WHITE) is determined by measuring N at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as following numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta \text{ WHITE (5P)} = \frac{\text{Maximum (1,2, … 5 Point)}}{\text{Minimum (1,2, … 5 Point)}} \qquad \delta \text{ WHITE (13P)} = \frac{\text{Maximum (1,2, … 13 Point)}}{\text{Minimum (1,2, … 13 Point)}}$$

4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from black to white (rise time, Tr) and from white to black (falling time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 3.

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.

6. Gray scale specification

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
L0	0.10
L7	0.65
L15	4.60
L23	11.80
L31	21.50
L39	35.90
L47	53.60
L55	73.60
L63	100.00

FIG. 2 Luminance

<Measuring point for Average Luminance & measuring point for Luminance variation>

H,V : ACTIVE AREA
A : H/4 mm
B : V/4 mm
POINTS: 13 POINTS
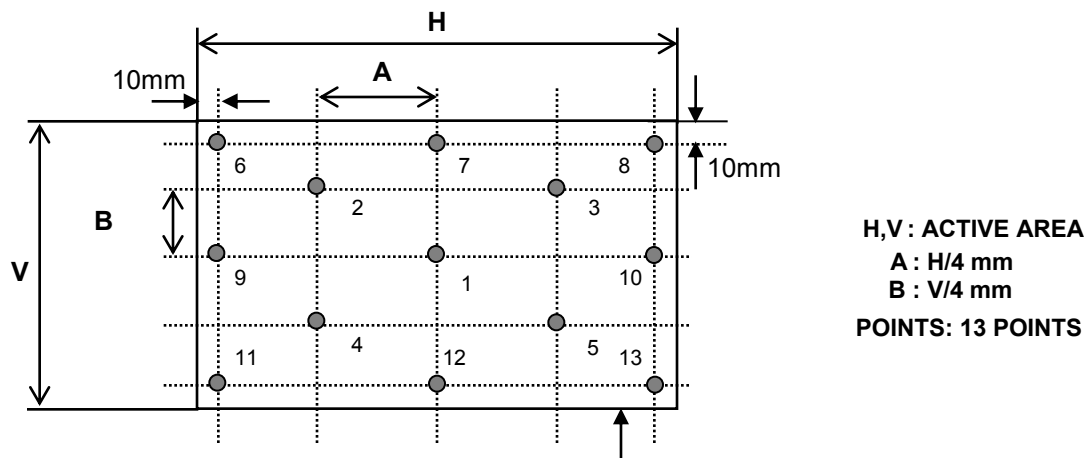
FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".
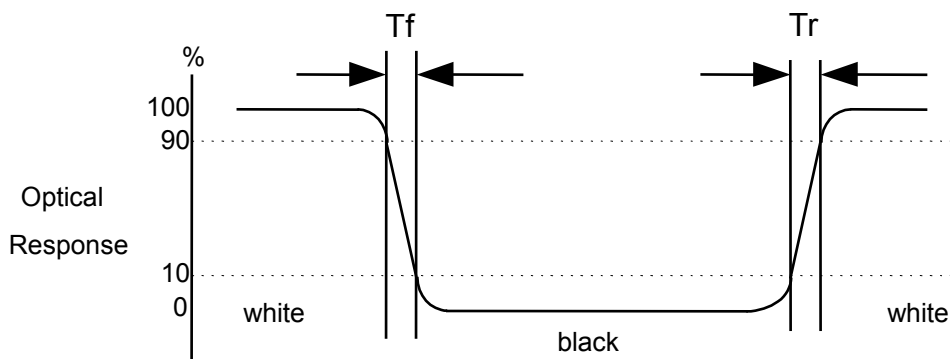
FIG. 4 Viewing angle

<Dimension of viewing angle range>
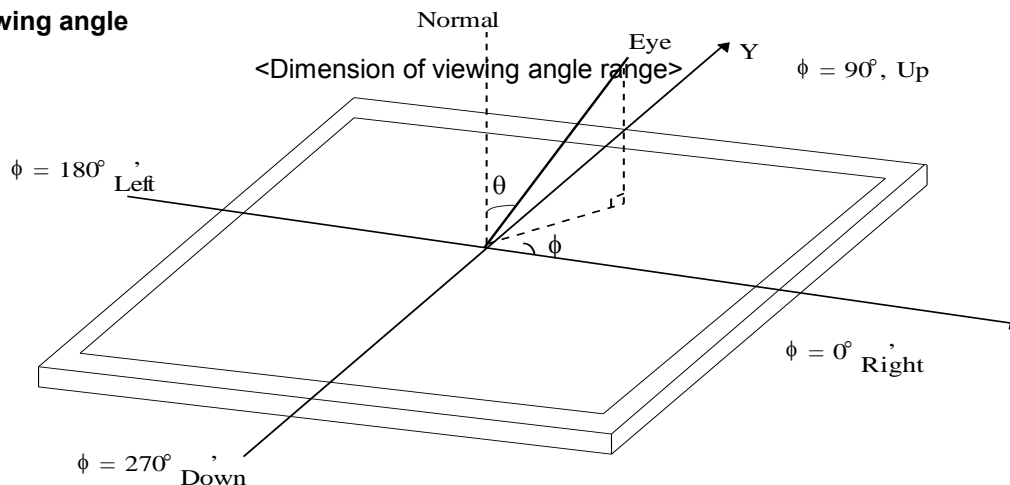
$\phi = 90°$, Up
$\phi = 180°$ Left'
$\phi = 0°$ Right'
$\phi = 270°$ Down'

5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP173WF4. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Outline Dimension	Horizontal	398.1 ± 0.5 mm
	Vertical	241.95 ± 0.5 mm (with PCB)
	Thickness	4.0 mm (Max.)
Bezel Area	Horizontal	385.95± 0.5 mm
	Vertical	218.9± 0.5 mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	381.89 mm
	Vertical	214.81 mm
Weight	550g (Max.)	
Surface Treatment	Anti Glare treatment of the front polarizer	

Product Specification

<FRONT VIEW>

Notes (Measurement method refer to the Appendix D)
1) Unit[mm], General tolerance : ± 0.5mm
2) System Bracket Angle Spec : 87±2˚
3) All components except cover shield of LCM is under upper POL.
4) Ripple will be happened by twist/external force.
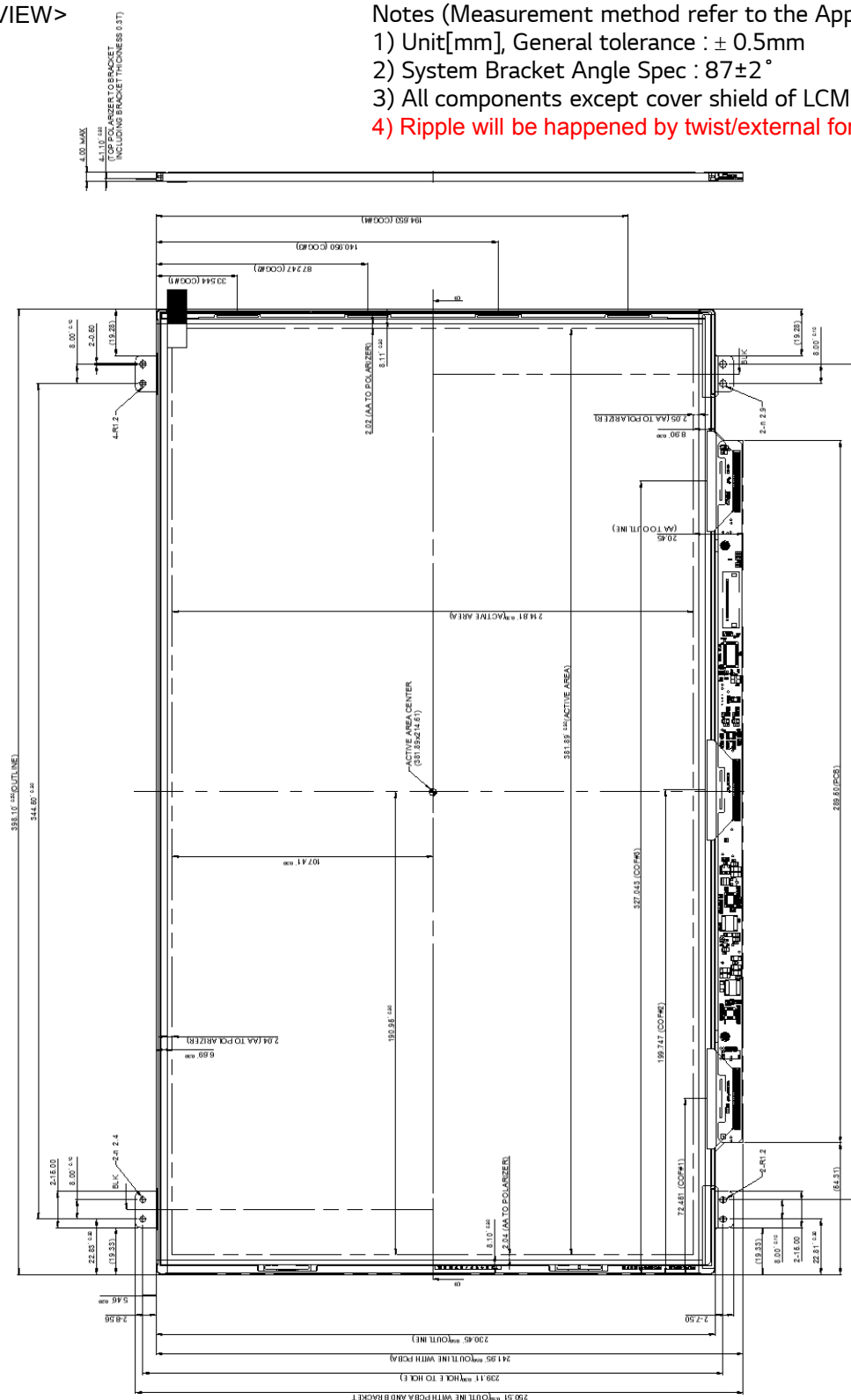
Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>

Notes
1) Unit[mm], General tolerance : ± 0.5mm
2) LCM Label Information refer to the page 24.
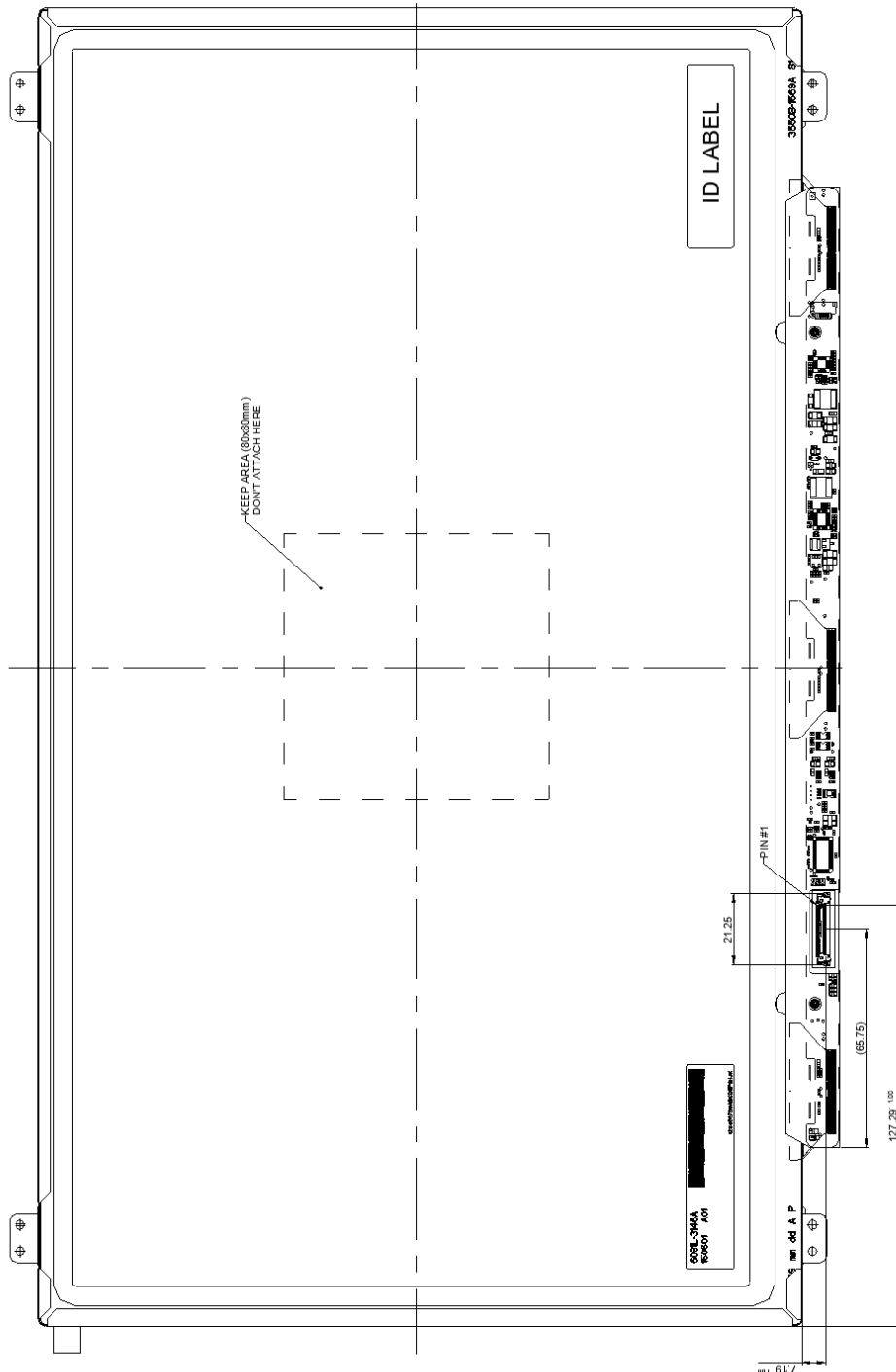
Product Specification

6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Random, 1.0Grms, 10 ~ 300Hz(PSD 0.0035) 3 axis, 30min/axis
6	Shock test (non-operating)	- No functional or cosmetic defects following a shock to all 6 sides delivering at least 180 G in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to the display module - No functional defects following a shock delivering at least 200 g in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to each of 6 sides. Each of the 6 sides will be shock tested with one each display, for a total of 6 displays
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr

[Result Evaluation Criteria]

1. Comparing the initial functional FOS status, there should be no major change
    which might affect the practical display function when the display reliability test is conducted.

2. After conduct reliability tests, LGD guarantees only functional FOS quality.

3. In the Reliability Test, Confirm performance after leaving in room temp.

4.   In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problems that may affect the display function 24
    hours later after reliability test. After the reliability test, we can guarantee the product only when the
    corrosion is causing its malfunction. The corrosion causing no functional defect can not be guaranteed.

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1, Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
   Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
b) CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, Canadian Standards Association.
   Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
c) EN 60950-1, European Committee for Electro technical Standardization (CENELEC).
   Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
d) IEC 60950-1, The International Electro technical Commission (IEC).
   Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements

7-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the council of 8 June 2011

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

LP173WF4 (SP)(F5)

LP173WF4-SPF5

RoHS Verified

XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXX

a) Lot Mark

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)   D : YEAR
E : MONTH   F ~ M : SERIAL NO.

Note
  1. YEAR

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module.
This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box : 20 pcs

b) Box Size : 478 * 365 * 328 mm

8-3. Packing Assembly

	1 LCM / 1 Bag
	2 LCM / 1 Slot
	20LCM/Box = 10 Slot
	No silica gel in the box

NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	LCD Module	
2	BAG	AL
3	TAPE	MASKING 20MMX50M
4	PACKING, TOP	EPS
5	PACKING, BOTTOM	EPS
6	BOX	SWR4
7	TAPE	OPP 70MMX300M
8	LABEL	ART 100X70
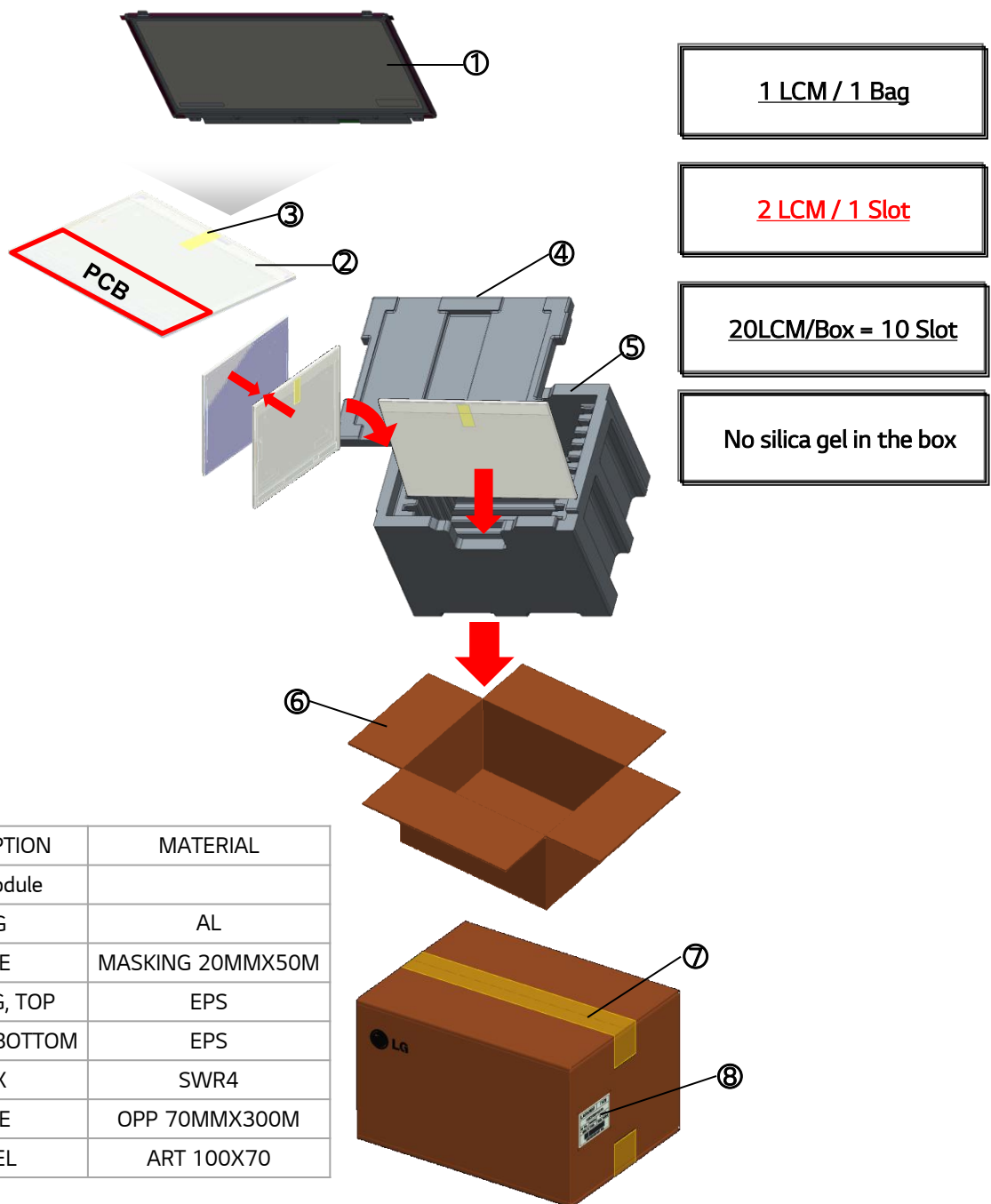
8-3. Packing Assembly

1. Pallet Ready
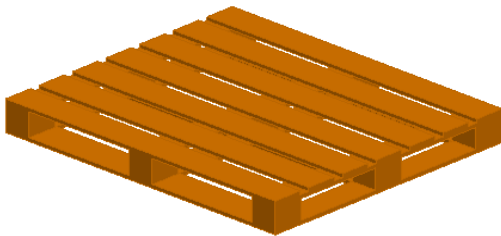
2. 3 x 2 x 3 Box Pattern
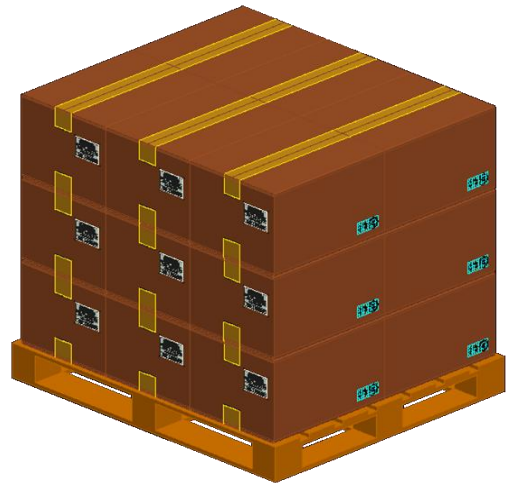
3. Angle Packing & Taping
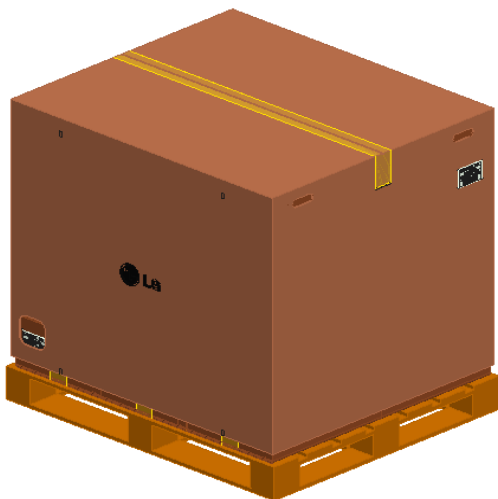
4. Banding
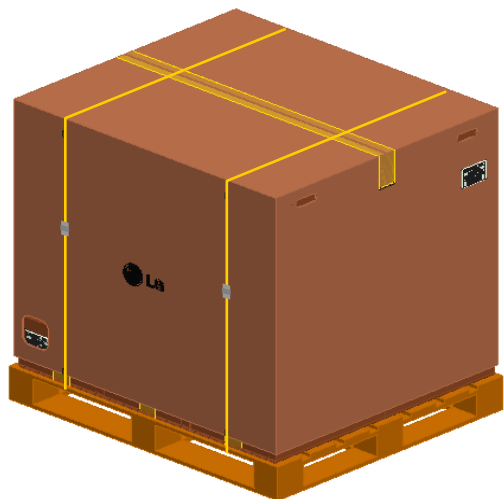
9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

(1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
(2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
(3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
(4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
(5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
(6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
  Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
(7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
(8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
(9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
(10) When handling the LCD module, it needs to handle with care not to give mechanical stress to the PCB and Mounting Hole area."

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

(1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :
  V=± 200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)

(2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
(3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)
  And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
(4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
(5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
(6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

(1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
(2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
   It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM
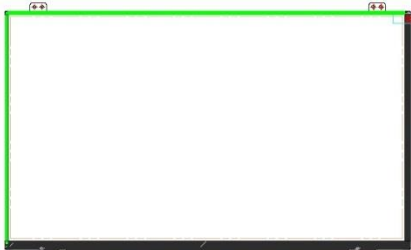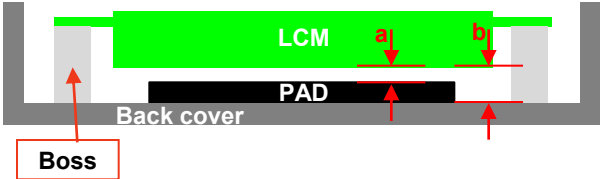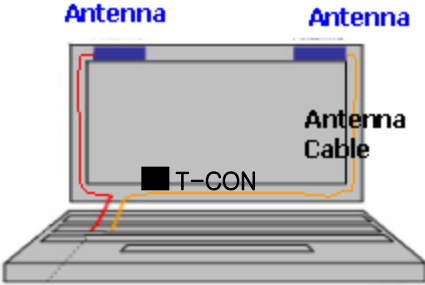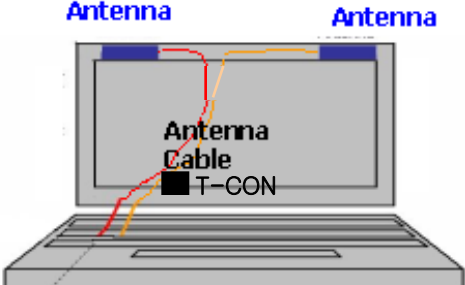
(1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer.
   This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
(2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
   Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
(3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
(4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

9-7. THE LGD QA RESPONSIBILITY WILL BE AVOIDED IN CASE OF BELOW

(1) When the customer attaches TSM(Touch Sensor Module) on LCM without Supplier's approval.
(2) When the customer attaches cover glass on LCM without Supplier's approval.
(3) When the LCMs were repaired by 3rd party without Supplier's approval.
(4) When the LCMs were treated like Disassemble and Rework by the Customer and/or Customer's representatives without supplier's approval.

APPENDIX A. LGD Proposal for system cover design

1	Gap check for securing the enough gap between LCM and System back cover.

◆ **a : min 0mm**
◆ **b : min 0.3mm, Max 1.0mm**

Define	1. Rear side of LCM is sensitive against external stress, and previous check about interference is highly needed.
	2. In case there is something from system cover comes into the boundary above, mechanical interference may cause the FOS defects. (e.g.. Ripple, White spot..)

2	Check if antenna cable is sufficiently apart from T-CON of LCD Module.

	OK	NG

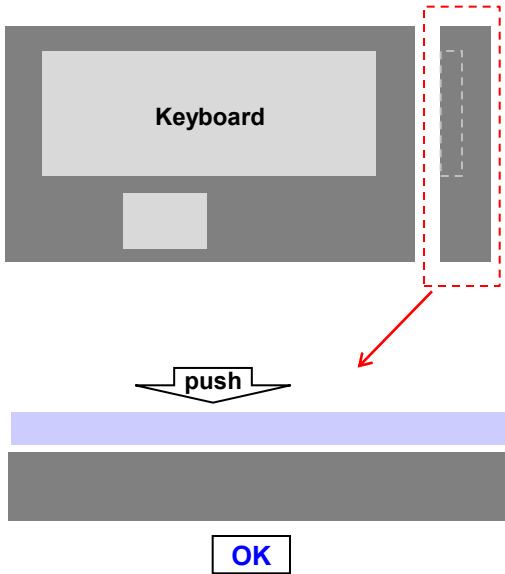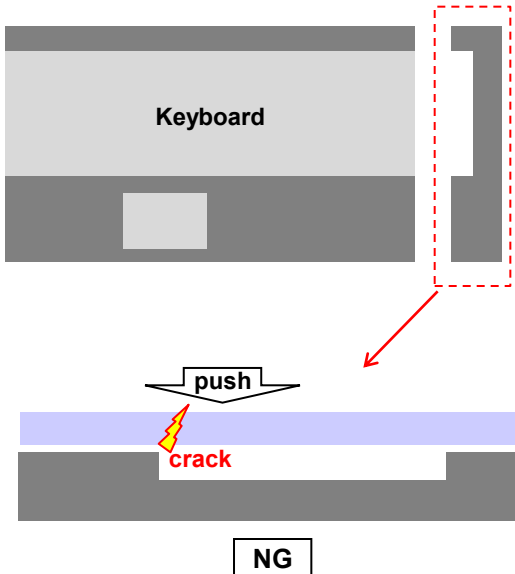| Define	If system antenna is overlapped with T-CON, It might be cause the noise

Product Specification

APPENDIX A. LGD Proposal for system cover design

3	Checking the path of the System wire

Wire

NG

OK

Define	1. If Wire path overlapped with LCM, it is happened white spot. COF problem, etc.
	2. OK ➜ Wire path design to system side. NG ➜ Wire path overlapped with LCM.

4	Add pad to Prevent panel crack against external load (push)

Pad

Back cover

Boss

flange

LCM

PAD

boss

Back cover

push

Pad   boss

Back cover

OK

push

crack   boss

Back cover

NG

Define	1. At flat type LCM, panel is easily cracked at flange area during push, assemble.
	2. Add pad, it prevent panel crack
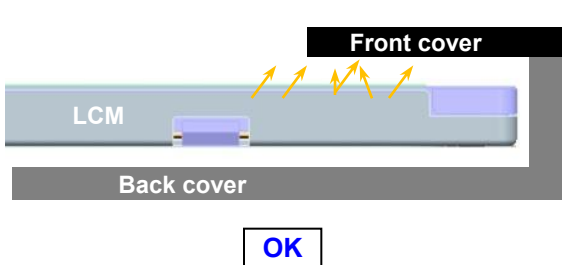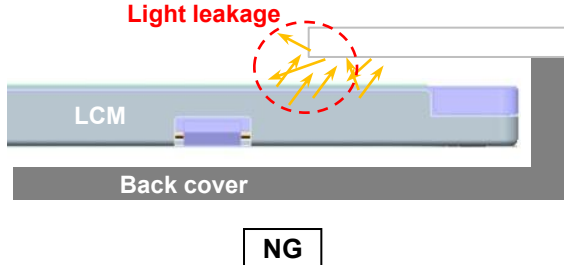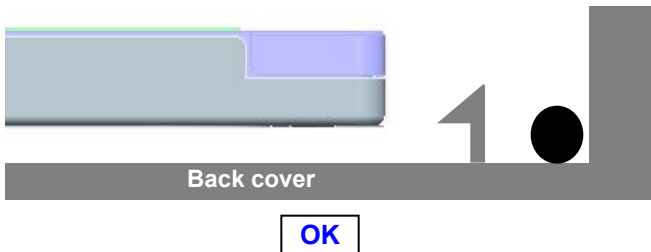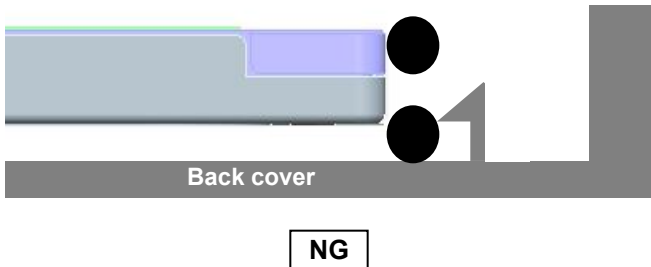
Product Specification
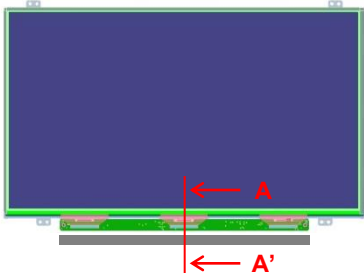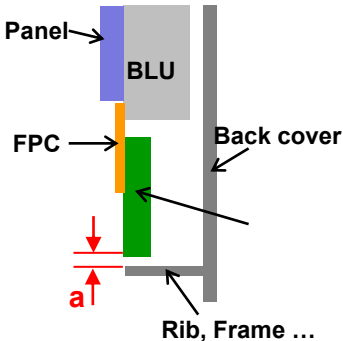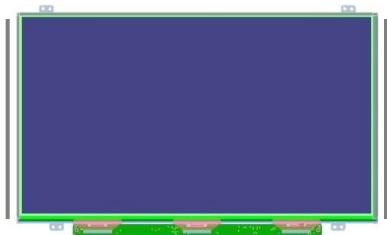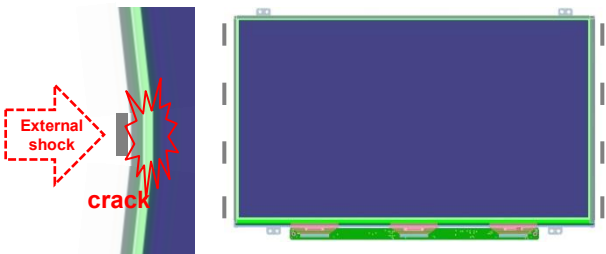
APPENDIX A. LGD Proposal for system cover design

5	Check the rib or Bracket on back cover

Define	1.It is necessary that the height of back cover rib or bracket is higher than LCM height. It can prevent direct compression of panel at LCM edge.
	2."¬" shape bracket is stronger than "I" shape one.

6	Check the gap between front cover and LCM (glass)

[OK] a ≥ 0.3mm
[CO] 0.3mm ≥ a ≥ 0.1mm
[NG] a ≤ 0.1mm

Define	Ripple can be happened by little gap between glass and front cover.

Product Specification

APPENDIX A. LGD Proposal for system cover design
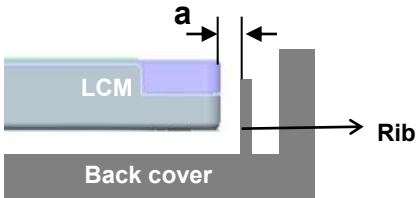
7	Check the rib or Bracket on back cover

Define	1.If it is possible, shrink to apply front cover of white color.
	2. White color can caused light leakage

8	Check the wire position(path)

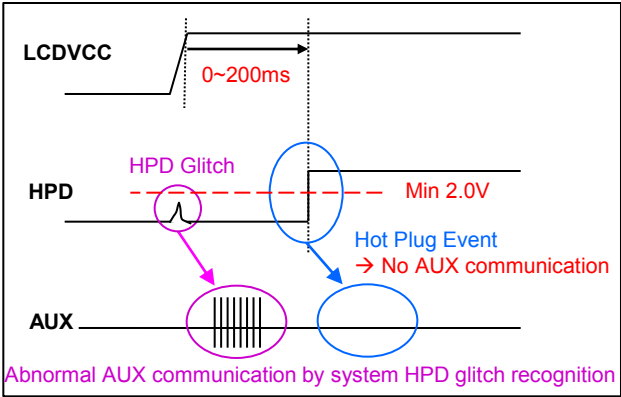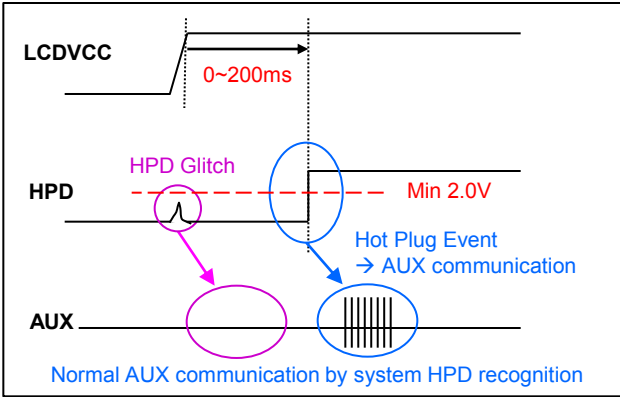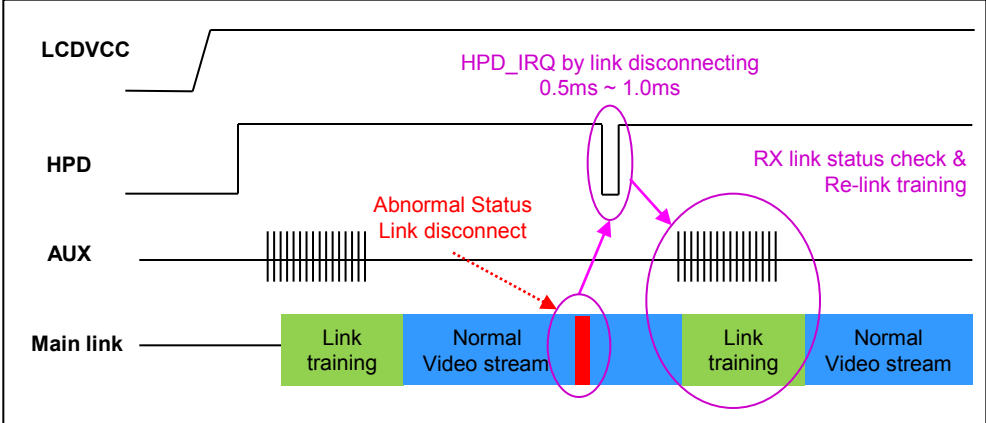| Define	1. It is necessary that wire is posited out of hook, not posited near hook,.
	2. If wire is posited near hook, it can be happened assemble error and panel crack during assemble front cover

Product Specification

APPENDIX A. LGD Proposal for system cover design

9	Check mouse pad (touch pad) depth and shape of edge

[OK] a ≤ 0.3mm
[CO] 0.5mm ≥ a ≥ 0.3mm
[NG] a ≥ 0.5mm

Mouse pad

OK   **NG**

Define	1.Mouse pad step is deep, it is caused panel crack by external load.
	2. The edge shape must be smooth.

10	Check the step of keyboard area

Keyboard   **Keyboard**

push   **push**

crack

OK   **NG**

| Define	The step of keyboard at the side edge of main body, it is caused panel crack

APPENDIX A. LGD Proposal for system cover design

11	Check the gap [PCB ~ system]

Panel

BLU

FPC →

Back cover

A

A'

a

Rib, Frame …

a ≥ 0.5mm [at max dimension of design]
a ≥ 1.0mm [at typical dimension of design]

Define	1. Gap is too small, FPC is easily cracked by interference and repetitive bending. (circuit is opened) .
	2. Gap is must be kept more than 0.5mm(max dim.) and 1.0mm(typ dim.) .

12	System rib (on A cover)

OK

External shock

crack

NG

a

LCM

Rib

Back cover

a ≥ 0.5mm [at max dimension of design]
a ≥ 1.0mm [at typical dimension of design]

Define	1. Gap is too small and rib is too short, panel is easily cracked by external stress.
	2. Gap is must be kept more than 0.5mm(max dim.) and 1.0mm(typ dim.) .
	3. The figure of rib is continuous or fully long.

Product Specification

APPENDIX B. LGD Proposal for eDP Interface Design Guide

1	HPD Signal recognition

[Abnormal Communication By HPD Glitch]   **[Normal Communication By HPD Signal]**

Define	1. Hot Plug Detection (HPD) Threshold level of Source Device is minimum 2.0V
	2. HPD Unplug : HPD pulse stays low longer than 2ms. DP Tx shall wait for HPD signal to go high again.
	3. "HPD High" is confirmed only after HPD has been asserted continuously for 100msec.

2	IRQ (Interrupt Request) HPD Pulse Definition

Define	Upon detection this "HPD IRQ Event"(0.5ms ~ 1ms) ,the source device must read the link / sink status field of the DPCD and take corrective action.

⭕ LG Display

Product Specification

APPENDIX B. LGD Proposal for eDP Interface Design Guide

3	Main Link EYE Diagram
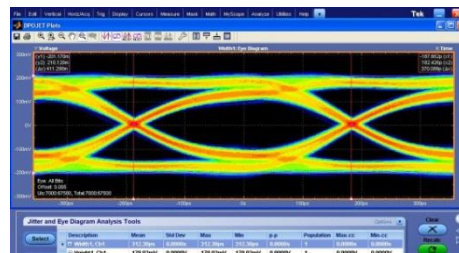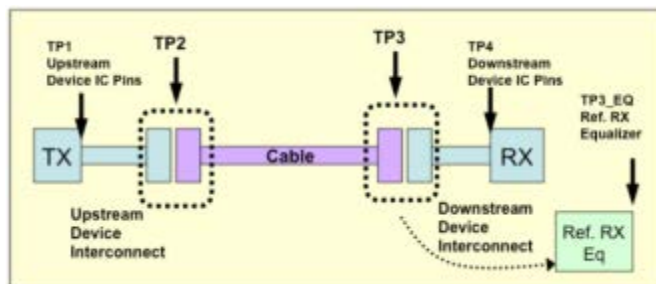
[EYE Diagram]
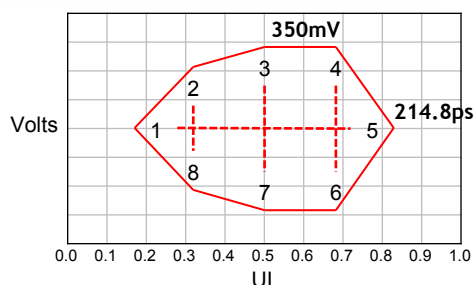
Point	UI	Voltage (Volts)
1	0.210	0.000
2	0.355	0.140
3	0.500	0.175
4	0.645	0.175
5	0.790	0.000
6	0.645	-0.175
7	0.500	-0.175
8	0.355	-0.140

[EYE Vertices for TP2 at HBR]
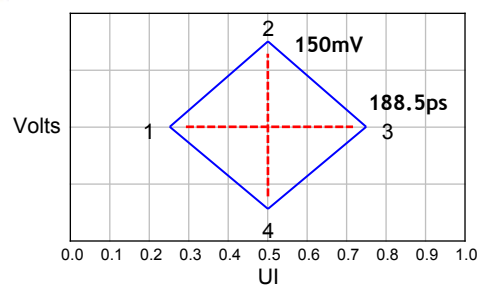
Point	UI	Voltage (Volts)
1	0.246	0.000
2	0.500	0.075
3	0.755	0.000
4	0.500	-0.075

[EYE Vertices for TP3 at HBR]

Define	Main Link EYE Diagram should meet TP2 and TP3 point

4	Cable Impedance management
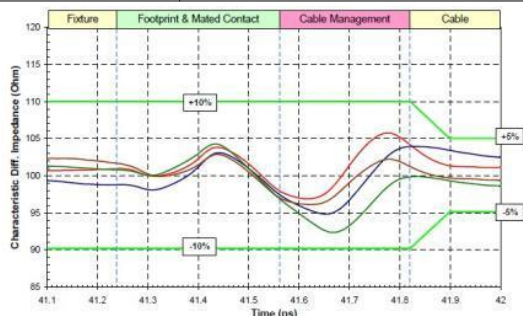
Segment	Differential Impedance	Maximum Tolerance
Fixture	100 Ω	
Connector	100 Ω	+/- 10%
Wire management	100 Ω	
Cable	100 Ω	+/- 5%

Define	Cable Impedance 100 Ω +/- 5% (95Ω ~ 105Ω)

Product Specification

APPENDIX B. LGD Proposal for eDP Interface Design Guide

5	Main Link Off vs. LCD Power Off at Non-PSR
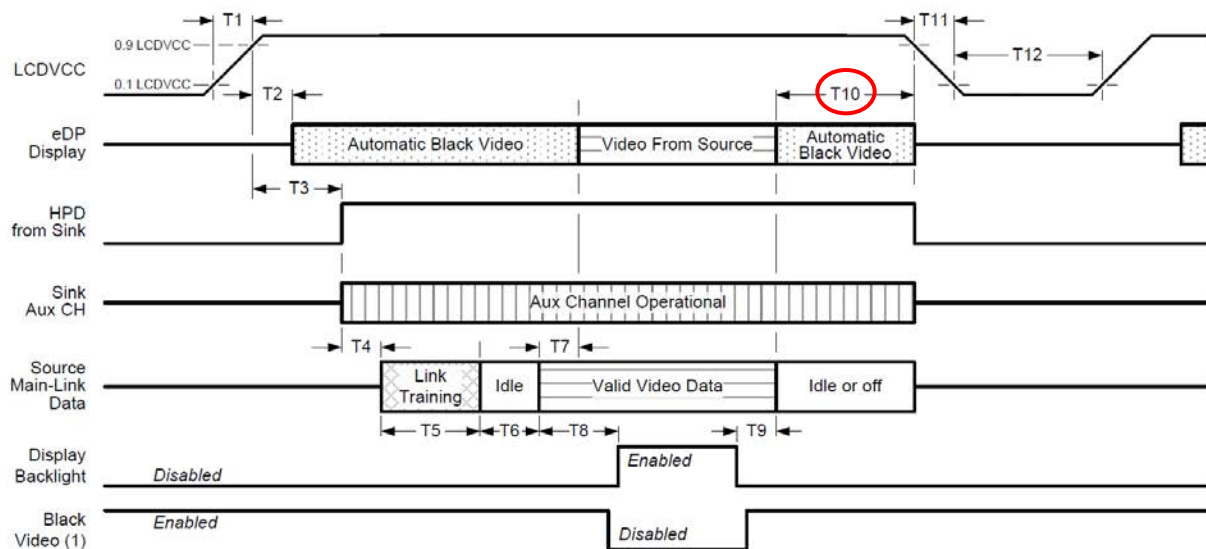
Timing Parameter	Description	Required By	Min	Max
T10	Delay from end of valid video from Source to Power Off	Source	0ms	500ms

* LGD recommend that Source must power off the LCDVCC if Main Link off like below.

[Case1. Resolution Change]

[Case2. Close the Lid]

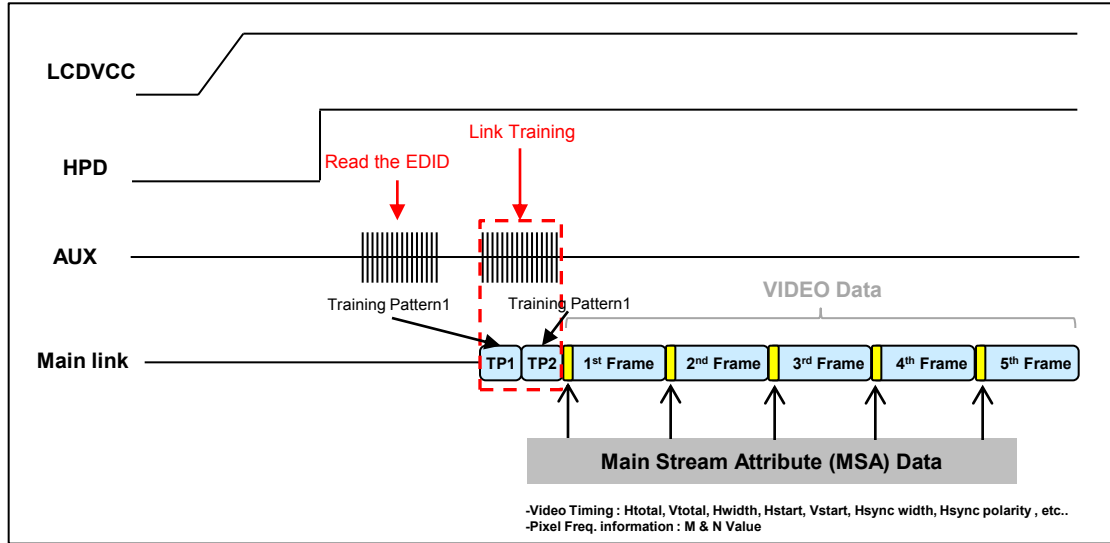| Define	If Main Link off signal from Source, then LCDVCC must be Power Off within T10 period at Non-PSR mode

Product Specification

APPENDIX B. LGD Proposal for eDP Interface Design Guide

| 6	Main Link M & N value of MSA data

| Define	It need to fix M& N value of MSA data output to prevent the initial abnormal M& N Value from incoming after power on.

Product Specification

APPENDIX B. LGD Proposal for eDP Interface Design Guide

7	PSR Exit

If link training is not required, the Source must begin transmitting data on the Main Link prior to the wake AUX command which occurs through writing 01h to the SET_POWER & SET_DP_PWR_VOLTAGE register (DPCD Address 00600h; see *DP v1.2a*), as illustrated in the upper portion of Figure 6-9. This transmitted data must be a repetition of D10.2 symbols (which is the same as Link Training Pattern 1). Note the requirement above to transmit five repeats of the Idle Pattern after receiving ACK from the Sink.
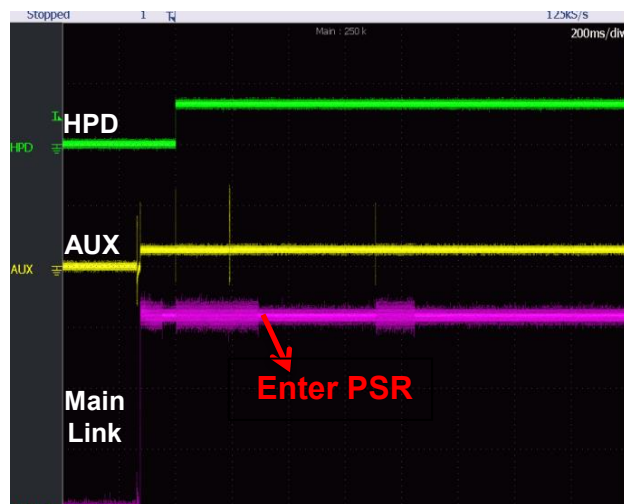

PSR Exit Link Management with No Link Training
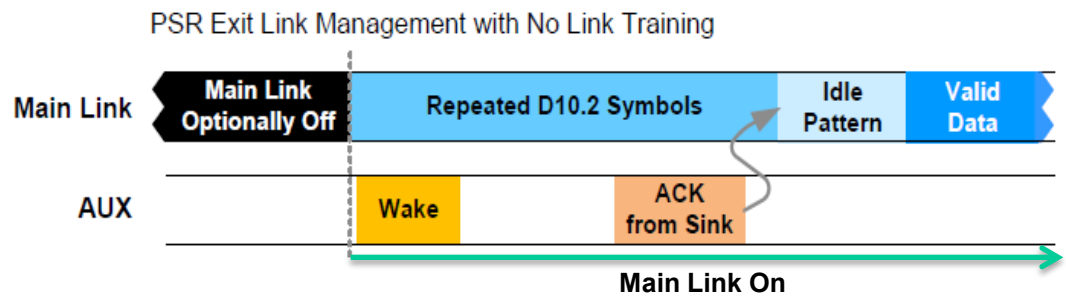
-. The below waveform is the issued case.
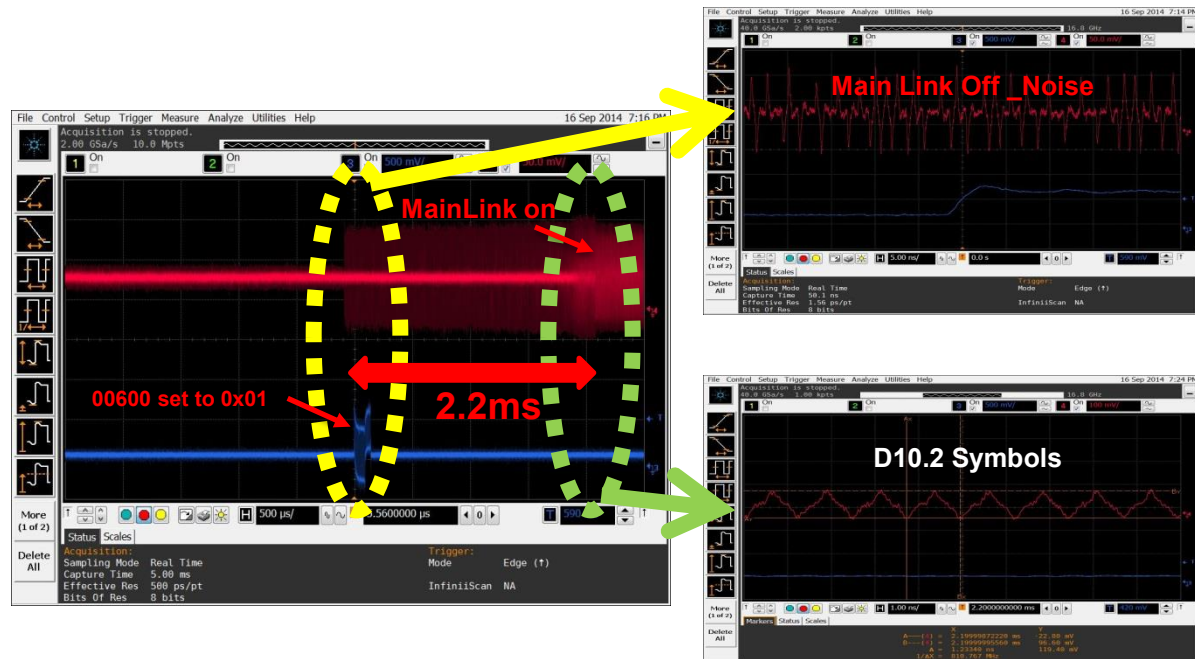
Define	If link training is not required, the source must begin transmitting data on the ML prior to the wake AUX wake-up command.

APPENDIX B. LGD Proposal for eDP Interface Design Guide

8	1st time PSR Entry after Power on
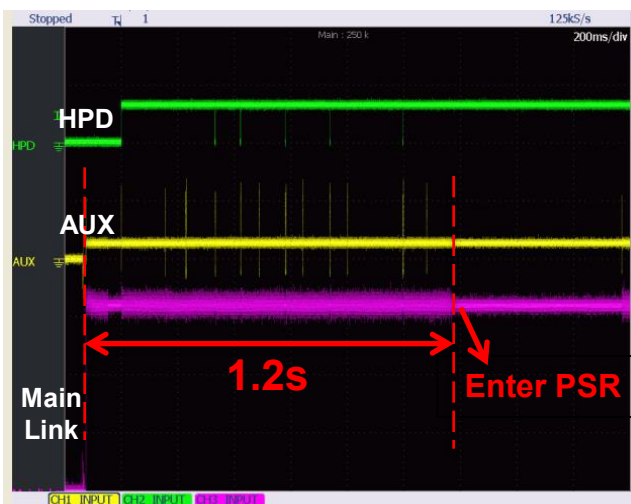
< Issue waveform >   < solution waveform >

1. It is found that with solution , the TCON enter the PSR timing is 1.2s delay from VCC on which avoid TCON capture the wrong data from DP link(poor link quality) and enter the BIST mode + PSR mode(black screen).
2. **According to test, link is stable 800ms after VCC on.**

Define	After power(Vcc) on, the DP link is not stable, so the source try to PSR entry at 800ms after Power(Vcc) on..

Product Specification

APPENDIX B. LGD Proposal for eDP Interface Design Guide
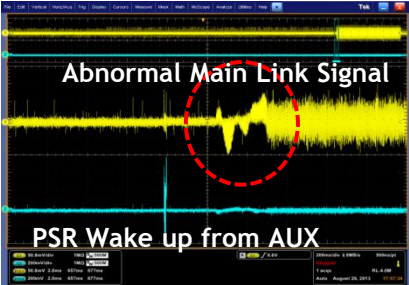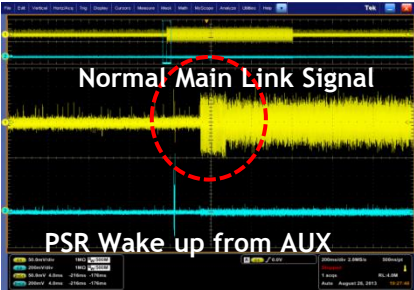
9	PSR Period Issue
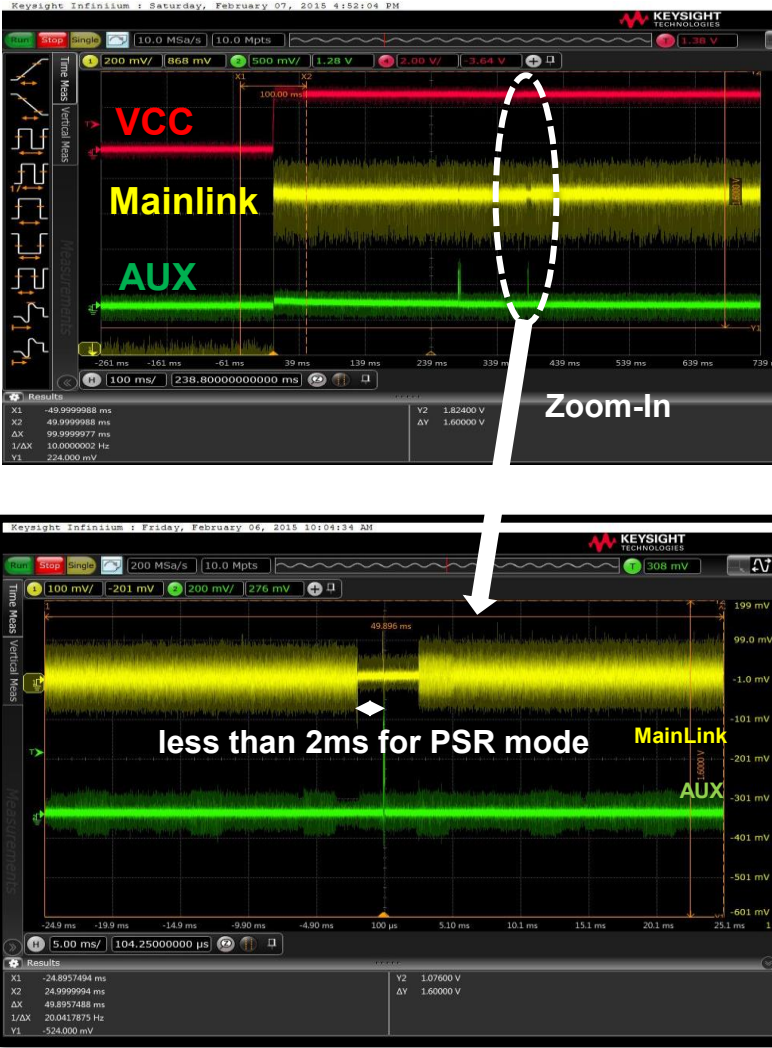
1. When issue is happened, system go to PSR mode for very short time.
2. If PSR active period is shorter than 1frame(16.67ms), T-Con can not go to the standby mode for PSR exit.

Define	When GPU go to the PSR mode, the source must hold the main link off over than 1frame.

APPENDIX B. LGD Proposal for eDP Interface Design Guide

10	Main Link Noise at PSR Exit
	[Abnormal Main Link Noise] [Normal Main Link Signal]
Define	Main Link Noise at PSR Exit mode can be a cause abnormal display.

Product Specification

APPENDIX C. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™)   1/3

	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
Header	0	00	Header	00	00000000
	1	01	Header	FF	11111111
	2	02	Header	FF	11111111
	3	03	Header	FF	11111111
	4	04	Header	FF	11111111
	5	05	Header	FF	11111111
	6	06	Header	FF	11111111
	7	07	Header	00	00000000
Vendor / Product EDID Version	8	08	ID Manufacture Name LGD	30	00110000
	9	09	ID Manufacture Name	E4	11100000
	10	0A	ID Product Code 056Dh	6D	01101101
	11	0B	(Hex. LSB first)	05	00000101
	12	0C	ID Serial No. - Optional ("00h" If not used, Number Only and LSB First)	00	00000000
	13	0D	ID Serial No. - Optional ("00h" If not used, Number Only and LSB First)	00	00000000
	14	0E	ID Serial No. - Optional ("00h" If not used, Number Only and LSB First)	00	00000000
	15	0F	ID Serial No. - Optional ("00h" If not used, Number Only and LSB First)	00	00000000
	16	10	Week of Manufacture - Optinal 00 weeks	00	00000000
	17	11	Year of Manufacture 2016 years	1A	00011010
	18	12	EDID structure version # = 1	01	00000001
	19	13	EDID revision # = 4	04	00000100
Display Parameters	20	14	Video input Definition = Input is a Digital Video signal Interface , Colo Bit Depth : 6 Bits per Primary Color , Digital Video Interface Standard Supported: DisplayPort is supported	95	10010101
	21	15	Horizontal Screen Size (Rounded cm) = 38 cm	26	00100110
	22	16	Vertical Screen Size (Rounded cm) = 21 cm	15	00010101
	23	17	Display Transfer Characteristic (Gamma) = (gamma*100)-100 = Example:(2.2*100)-100=120	78	01111000
	24	18	Feature Support [Display Power Management(DPM) : Standby Mode is not supported, Suspend Mode is not supported, Active Off = Very Low Power is not supported ,Supportted Color Encoding Formats : RGB 4:4:4 & YCrCb 4:4:4 ,Other Feature Support Flags : No_sRGB, Preferred Timing Mode, No_Display is continuous frequency (Multi-mode_Base EDID and Extension Block).]	0A	00001010
Panel Color Coordinates	25	19	Red/Green Low Bits (RxRy/GxGy)	0B	00001011
	26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits (BxBy/WxWy)	B5	10110101
	27	1B	Red X Rx = 0.637	A3	10100011
	28	1C	Red Y Ry = 0.348	59	01011001
	29	1D	Green X Gx = 0.334	55	01010101
	30	1E	Green Y Gy = 0.628	A0	10100000
	31	1F	Blue X Bx = 0.154	27	00100111
	32	20	Blue Y By = 0.050	0C	00001100
	33	21	White X Wx = 0.313	50	01010000
	34	22	White Y Wy = 0.329	54	01010100
Established Timings	35	23	Established timing 1 (Optional_00h if not used)	00	00000000
	36	24	Established timing 2 (Optional_00h if not used)	00	00000000
	37	25	Manufacturer's timings (Optional_00h if not used)	00	00000000
Standard Timing ID	38	26	Standard timing ID1 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	39	27	Standard timing ID1 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	40	28	Standard timing ID2 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	41	29	Standard timing ID2 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	42	2A	Standard timing ID3 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	43	2B	Standard timing ID3 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	44	2C	Standard timing ID4 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	45	2D	Standard timing ID4 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	46	2E	Standard timing ID5 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	47	2F	Standard timing ID5 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	48	30	Standard timing ID6 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	49	31	Standard timing ID6 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	50	32	Standard timing ID7 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	51	33	Standard timing ID7 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	52	34	Standard timing ID8 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	53	35	Standard timing ID8 (Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001

Product Specification

APPENDIX C. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™)   2/3

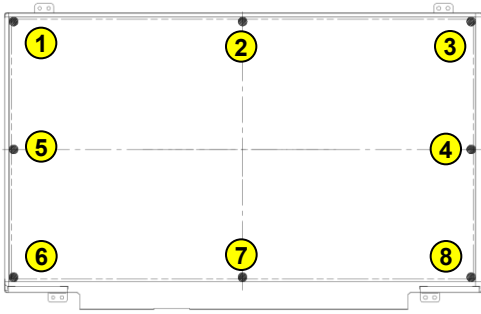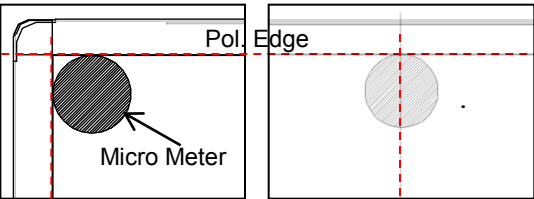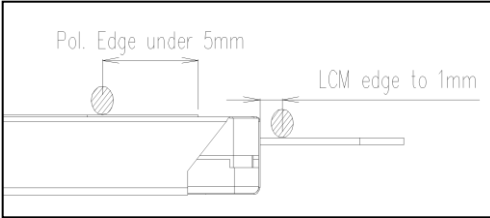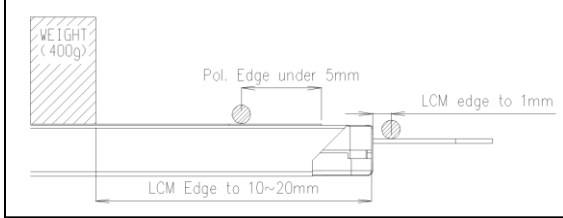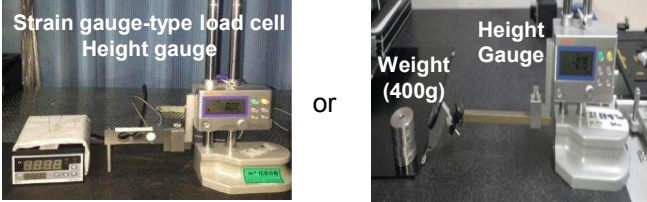|	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments		Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
Timing Descriptor #1	54	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB)	138.7 MHz @ 60 Hz	2E	00101110
	55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)		36	00110110
	56	38	Horizontal Active (HA) (lower 8 bits)	1920 pixels	80	10000000
	57	39	Horizontal Blanking (HB) (lower 8 bits)	160 pixels	A0	10100000
	58	3A	Horizontal Active (HA) / Horizontal Blanking (HB) (upper 4:4bits)		70	01110000
	59	3B	Vertical Avtive (VA)	1080 lines	38	00111000
	60	3C	Vertical Blanking (VB) (DE Blanking typ.for DE only panels)	31 lines	1F	00011111
	61	3D	Vertical Active (VA) / Vertical Blanking (VB) (upper 4:4bits)		40	01000000
	62	3E	Horizontal Front Porch in pixels (HF) (lower 8 bits)	48 pixels	30	00110000
	63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width in pixels (HS) (lower 8 bits)	32 pixels	20	00100000
	64	40	Vertical Front Porch in lines (VF) : Vertical Sync Pluse Width in lines (VS) (lower 4 bits)	3 lines : 5 lines	35	00110101
	65	41	Horizontal Front Porch/ Sync Pulse Width/ Vertical Front Porch/ Sync Pulse Width (upper 2bits)		00	00000000
	66	42	Horizontal Vedio Image Size (mm) (lower 8 bits)	382 mm	7E	01111110
	67	43	Vertical Vedio Image Size (mm) (lower 8 bits)	215 mm	D7	11010111
	68	44	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size (upper 4 bits)		10	00010000
	69	45	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)		00	00000000
	70	46	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)		00	00000000
	71	47	Non-Interlace, Normal display, no stereo, Digital Separate [Vsync_NEG, Hsync_POS (outside of V-sync)]		1A	00011010
Timing Descriptor #2	72	48	Flag		00	00000000
	73	49	Flag		00	00000000
	74	4A	Flag		00	00000000
	75	4B	Data Type Tag (Descriptor Defined by manufacturer)		00	00000000
	76	4C	Flag		00	00000000
	77	4D	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer		00	00000000
	78	4E	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer		00	00000000
	79	4F	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer		00	00000000
	80	50	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer		00	00000000
	81	51	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer		00	00000000
	82	52	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer		00	00000000
	83	53	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer		00	00000000
	84	54	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer		00	00000000
	85	55	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer		00	00000000
	86	56	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer		00	00000000
	87	57	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer		00	00000000
	88	58	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer		00	00000000
	89	59	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer		00	00000000
Timing Descriptor #3	90	5A	Flag		00	00000000
	91	5B	Flag		00	00000000
	92	5C	Flag		00	00000000
	93	5D	Data Type Tag (Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String))		FE	11111110
	94	5E	Flag		00	00000000
	95	5F	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	L	4C	01001100
	96	60	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	G	47	01000111
	97	61	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)		20	00100000
	98	62	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	D	44	01000100
	99	63	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	i	69	01101001
	100	64	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	s	73	01110011
	101	65	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	p	70	01110000
	102	66	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	l	6C	01101100
	103	67	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	a	61	01100001
	104	68	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	y	79	01111001
	105	69	Manufacturer P/N(If<13 char--> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC II code 0Ah,set remaining char = 20h)		0A	00001010
	106	6A	Manufacturer P/N(If<13 char--> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC II code 0Ah,set remaining char = 20h)		20	00100000
	107	6B	Manufacturer P/N(If<13 char--> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC II code 0Ah,set remaining char = 20h)		20	00100000

Product Specification

APPENDIX C. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™)   3/3

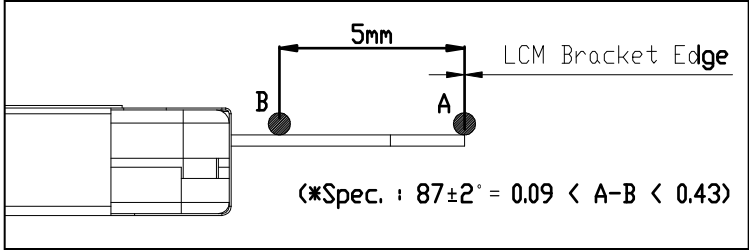|	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments		Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
Timing Descriptor #4	108	6C	Flag		00	00000000
	109	6D	Flag		00	00000000
	110	6E	Flag		00	00000000
	111	6F	Data Type Tag (Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String))		FE	11111110
	112	70	Flag		00	00000000
	113	71	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	L	4C	01001100
	114	72	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	P	50	01010000
	115	73	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	1	31	00110001
	116	74	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	7	37	00110111
	117	75	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	3	33	00110011
	118	76	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	W	57	01010111
	119	77	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	F	46	01000110
	120	78	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	4	34	00110100
	121	79	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	-	2D	00101101
	122	7A	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	S	53	01010011
	123	7B	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	P	50	01010000
	124	7C	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	F	46	01000110
	125	7D	Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	5	35	00110101
Checksum	126	7E	Extension flag (# of optional 128 panel ID extension block to follow, Typ = 0)		00	00000000
	127	7F	Check Sum (The 1-byte sum of all 128 bytes in this panel ID block shall = 0)		C6	11000110

LG Display

Product Specification

APPENDIX D. LGD Proposal for Measurement Method

1	LCM Thickness
Point	 Pol. Edge Micro Meter Pol. Edge (①,③,⑥,⑧) LCM Center (②,④,⑤,⑦)
Measure Tool	Micro Meter
Guide	✓ Measure the thickness between Polarizer surface and M-Chassis on the rear of LCM ✓ Subtract Pol. protect film thickness from LCM thickness

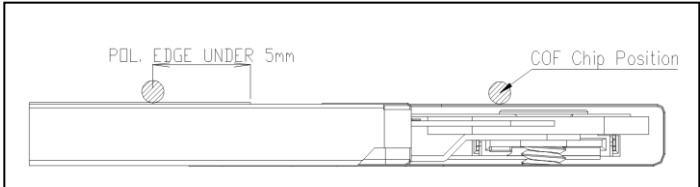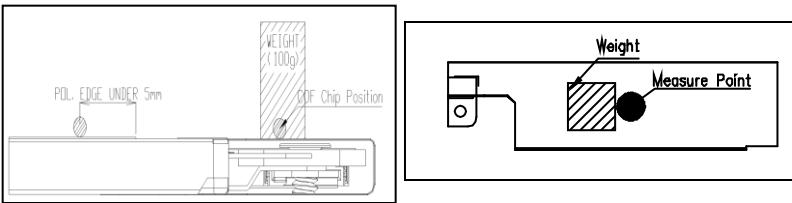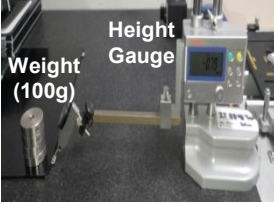| 2	Dimension Between Upper Polarizer to Bottom surface of Bracket
Point	 **[Height gauge with load cell]** **[Height gauge with weight 400g]**
Measure Tool	Height Gauge (With Force 400gf) or
Guide	✓ Measure the thickness between Polarizer surface and Bracket top surface. ✓ Measure the thickness include force(400gf) on the Panel surface. ✓ The CAS Spec. : Height from Pol. to Bracket top surface + Material Thickness

G LG Display

Product Specification

APPENDIX D. LGD Proposal for Measurement Method

3	System Bracket Angle Management
Point	 5mm LCM Bracket Edge B A (✳Spec. : 87±2° = 0.09 < A-B < 0.43)
Measure Tool	Height Gauge
Guide	✓ Measure the Height point "A" and "B" at all system bracket in LCM ✓ The CAS Spec. : 87°±2° → 0.09 <A-B <0.43 ✓"A-B" spec. could be changed, if bracket dimension is not over than 5mm .

Product Specification

APPENDIX D. LGD Proposal for Measurement Method

4	Height of PCB Area
Measure Tool & Point	
Measure Tool & Point	
Guide	✓ Measure the height between upper Polarizer surface and C/Shield top surface. ✓ Measure the height include force(100gf) on the C/Shield surface at FPC/COF Center. ✓ The CAS Spec. : All components except cover shield of LCM is under upper POL. 　　　　　　　Upper polarizer higher than source cover shield pressed down 100g.
Measure condition	Put the LCM on flat ground w/o interference on PCB rear side

※ **Measure Point**

Item	Description
Measure Tool	Height gauge (with Strain gauge type load-cell or weight)
Measure Point	V-dimension : Pol. Edge ~ 5mm, FPC/COF Center(or Chip) H-dimension : Each FPC/COF Center(or Chip) → Including all of components on PCB