

Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(◆) Preliminary Specification
() Final Specification

Title	26.5" TFT LCD
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BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LM265SQ1
SUFFIX	SLA1

*When you obtain standard approval,
please use the above model name without suffix

SIGNATURE	DATE
/	_____
/	_____
/	_____

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation
With your signature and comments.

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LG Display Co., Ltd

Product Specification

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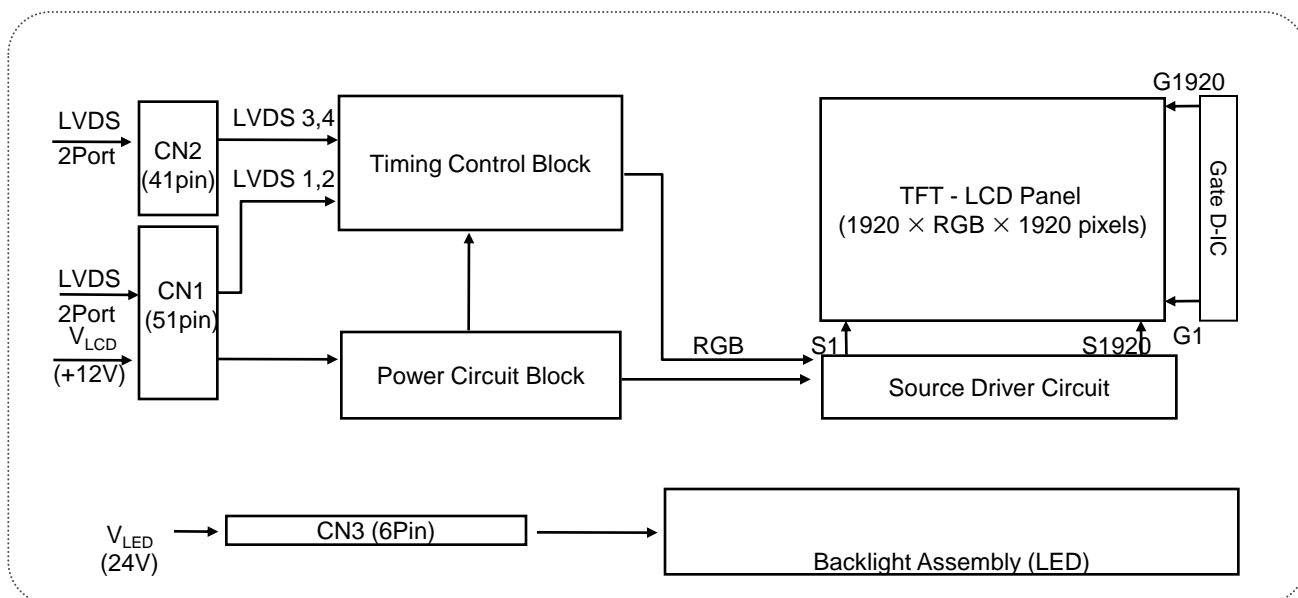
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Product Specification

1. General Description

LM265SQ1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display Light Emitting Diode (White LED) backlight system without LED driver. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element.

It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 26.5-inch diagonally measured active display area with 1920×1920 resolution (1920 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 16,7M(True) colors. It has been designed to apply the 8Bit 4 port LVDS interface. It is intended to support applications where thin thickness, wide viewing angle, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color are important.



General features

Active screen size	26.49 inches (672.85mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	491.8(H) x 491.8(V) x 13.1(D) mm(Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.0826*RGB(H)mm x 0.2478(V)mm
Pixel Format	1920 horizontal By 1920 vertical Pixels. RGB stripe arrangement
Interface	LVDS 4Port
Color depth	16.7M colors
Luminance, white	300 cd/m ² (Center 1Point, typ)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	R/L 178(Typ.), U/D 178(Typ.)
Power Consumption	Target total TBD W(Typ.), (TBD W@VLCD , TBD W_w/o driver)
Weight	TBD g(typ.)
Display operating mode	Transmissive mode, normally Black
Surface treatments	Hard coating (3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer

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2. Absolute maximum ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Units	Notes
		Min	Max		
Power Supply Input Voltage	V_{LCD}	-0.3	+6.0	Vdc	At 25°C
Operating Temperature	T_{OP}	0	50	°C	1,2,3
Storage Temperature	T_{ST}	-20	60	°C	
Operating Ambient Humidity	H_{OP}	10	90	%RH	
Storage Humidity	H_{ST}	10	90	%RH	
LCM Surface Temperature (Operation)	$T_{Surface}$	0	65	°C	1, 4

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

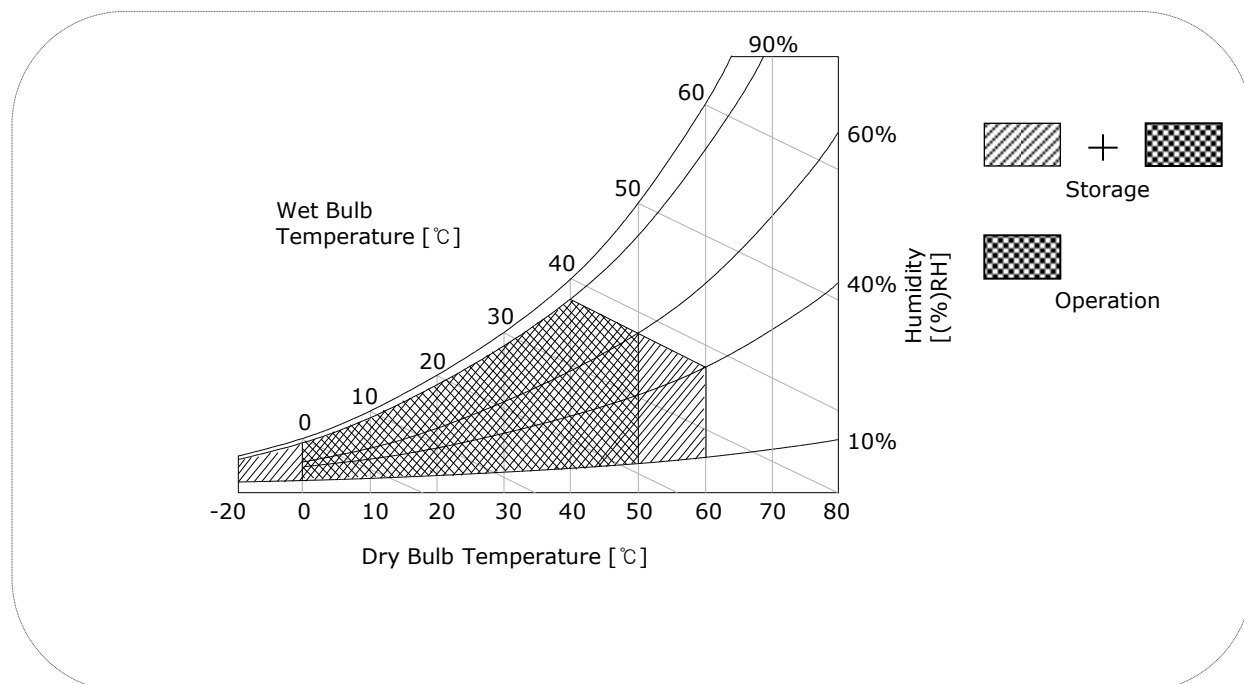
Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max, and no condensation of water.

2. Maximum Storage Humidity is up to 40 °C, 90% RH only for 4 corner light leakage Mura.

3. Storage condition is guaranteed under packing condition

4. LCM Surface Temperature should be Min. 0°C and Max. 65°C under the VLCD=5.0V, fV=60Hz, 25°C ambient Temp. no humidity control and LED string current is typical value.

FIG. 2 Temperature and relative humidity



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3. Electrical specifications

3-1. Electrical characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the LED/Backlight, is typically generated by an LED Driver. The LED driver is an external unit to the LCDs.

Table 2. Electrical characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Min	Typ	Max		
MODULE :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	V _{LCD}	11.5	12.0	12.5	Vdc	
Permissive Input Voltage Ripple	V _{RF}	-	-	0.3	V	3
Power Supply Input Current	I _{LCD-MOSAIC}	-	TBD	-	mA	1
	I _{LCD-Black}	-	TBD	-	mA	2
Power Consumption	P _{LCD}	-	TBD	-	Watt	1
Inrush current	I _{RUSH}	-	-	3.0	A	4

Note :

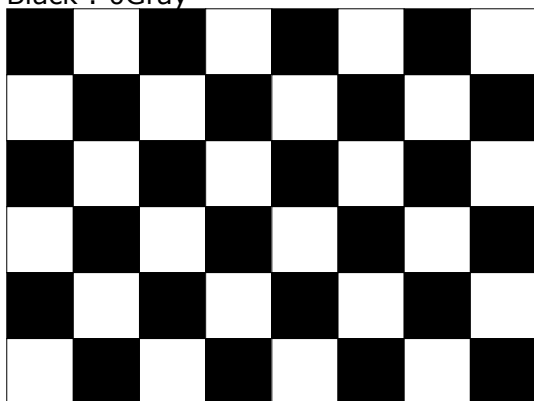
1. The specified current and power consumption are under the $V_{LCD}=12.0V$, $25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$, $f_v=60Hz$ condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_v is the frame frequency.
2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
3. Permissive power ripple should be measured under $V_{LCD}=12.0V$, maximum frame rate (fv) at $25^{\circ}C$.

4. Additionally, we recommend the bandwidth configuration of oscilloscope is to be under 20MHz.
4. The duration of rush current is about 5ms and rising time of power Input is $500us \pm 20\%$.

FIG.3 pattern for Electrical characteristics

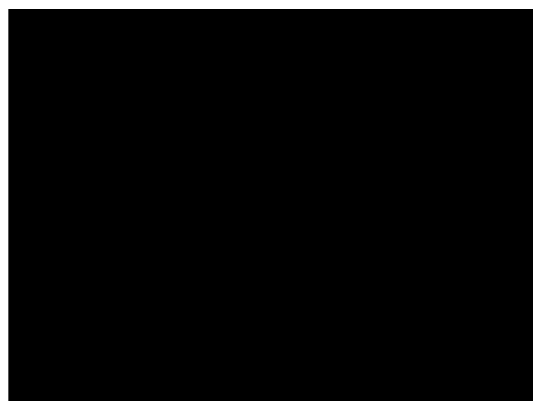
power consumption measurement

White : 255Gray
Black : 0Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

power input ripple



Black

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Table 3. LED array ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Values			Unit	Notes
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
LED String Current	Is		-	(120)	TBD	mA	1,2,5
LED String Voltage	Vs		TBD	TBD	TBD	V	1,5
Power Consumption	PBar			TBD	TBD	Watt	1,2,4
LED Life Time	LED_LT		30,000	-	-	Hrs	3

Notes) The LED Bar consists of 60 LED packages, 4 strings (parallel) x 15 packages (serial)

LED driver design guide

- : The design of the LED driver must have specifications for the LED in LCD Assembly. The performance of the LED in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the LED driver.
- So all the parameters of an LED driver should be carefully designed and output current should be Constant current control.
- Please control feedback current of each string individually to compensate the current variation among the strings of LEDs.
- When you design or order the LED driver, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the LED and the LED driver (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs.
- When you confirm it, the LCD module should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.

- Notes :
- The specified values are for a single LED bar.
 - The specified current is defined as the input current for a single LED string with 100% duty cycle.
 - The LED life time is defined as the time when brightness of LED packages become 50% or less than the initial value under the conditions at $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ and LED string current is typical value.
 - The power consumption shown above does not include loss of external driver.
The typical power consumption is calculated as $P_{\text{Bar}} = V_s(\text{Typ.}) \times I_s(\text{Typ.}) \times \text{No. of strings}$.
The maximum power consumption is calculated as $P_{\text{Bar}} = V_s(\text{Max.}) \times I_s(\text{Typ.}) \times \text{No. of strings}$.
 - LED operating conditions must not exceed Max. ratings.

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3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, 51 pin connector and 41 pin connector are used for the module electronics.

3-2-1. LCD Module

Table 4. Module Connector (CN1) Pin Configuration

- LCD Connector(CN1): GT05P-51S-H38-E1500 (manufactured by LSM) or equivalent
- Mating Connector : FI-RE51HL(JAE) or equivalent

No	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	NC	No Connection
3	NC	No Connection
4	NC	LGD internal use for I2C
5	NC	LGD internal use for I2C
6	NC	No Connection
7	PBP Select	'H'= PBP Concept , 'L'=normal
8	NC	No Connection
9	NC	No Connection
10	PWM_OUT	Reference signal for LED dimming control
11	GND	Ground
12	R1AN	1st LVDS Channel Signal (A-)
13	R1AP	1st LVDS Channel Signal (A+)
14	R1BN	1st LVDS Channel Signal (B-)
15	R1BP	1st LVDS Channel Signal (B+)
16	R1CN	1st LVDS Channel Signal (C-)
17	R1CP	1st LVDS Channel Signal (C+)
18	GND	Ground
19	R1CLKN	1st LVDS Channel Clock Signal(-)
20	R1CLKP	1st LVDS Channel Clock Signal(+)
21	GND	Ground
22	R1DN	1st LVDS Channel Signal (D-)
23	R1DP	1st LVDS Channel Signal (D+)
24	NC	No Connection
25	NC	No Connection
26	Reserved	No connection or GND

No	Symbol	Description
27	Reserved	No connection or GND
28	R2AN	2nd LVDS Channel Signal (A-)
29	R2AP	2nd LVDS Channel Signal (A+)
30	R2BN	2nd LVDS Channel Signal (B-)
31	R2BP	2nd LVDS Channel Signal (B+)
32	R2CN	2nd LVDS Channel Signal (C-)
33	R2CP	2nd LVDS Channel Signal (C+)
34	GND	Ground
35	R2CLKN	2nd LVDS Channel Clock Signal(-)
36	R2CLKP	2nd LVDS Channel Clock Signal(+)
37	GND	Ground
38	R2DN	2nd LVDS Channel Signal (D-)
39	R2DP	2nd LVDS Channel Signal (D+)
40	NC	No Connection
41	NC	No Connection
42	Reserved	No connection or GND
43	GND	Ground
44	GND	Ground (AGP)
45	GND	Ground
46	GND	Ground
47	NC	No connection
48	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
49	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
50	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
51	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V

Note : PBP = Picture By Picture

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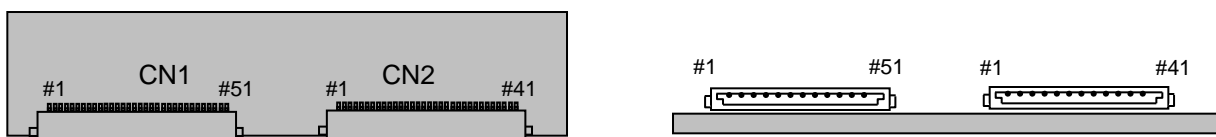
Table 5. Module Connector (CN2) Pin Configuration

- LCD Connector(CN2): GT05P-41S-H38-E1500 (manufactured by LSM) or equivalent
- Mating Connector : FI-RE41HL(JAE) or equivalent

No	Symbol	Description
1	NC	No connection
2	NC	No connection
3	NC	No connection
4	NC	No connection
5	NC	No connection
6	NC	No connection
7	NC	No connection
8	NC	No connection
9	GND	Ground
10	RA3N	3rd LVDS Channel Signal (A-)
11	RA3P	3rd LVDS Channel Signal (A+)
12	RB3N	3rd LVDS Channel Signal (B-)
13	RB3P	3rd LVDS Channel Signal (B+)
14	RC3N	3rd LVDS Channel Signal (C-)
15	RC3P	3rd LVDS Channel Signal (C+)
16	GND	Ground
17	RCLK3N	3rd LVDS Channel Clock Signal(-)
18	RCLK3P	3rd LVDS Channel Clock Signal(+)
19	GND	Ground
20	RD3N	3rd LVDS Channel Signal (D-)
21	RD3P	3rd LVDS Channel Signal (D+)

No	Symbol	Description
22	NC	No Connection
23	NC	No Connection
24	GND	Ground
25	GND	Ground
26	RA4N	4th LVDS Channel Signal (A-)
27	RA4P	4th LVDS Channel Signal (A+)
28	RB4N	4th LVDS Channel Signal (B-)
29	RB4P	4th LVDS Channel Signal (B+)
30	RC4N	4th LVDS Channel Signal (C-)
31	RC4P	4th LVDS Channel Signal (C+)
32	GND	Ground
33	RCLK4N	4th LVDS Channel Clock Signal(-)
34	RCLK4P	4th LVDS Channel Clock Signal(+)
35	GND	Ground
36	RD4N	4th LVDS Channel Signal (D-)
37	RD4P	4th LVDS Channel Signal (D+)
38	NC	No Connection
39	NC	No Connection
40	GND	Ground
41	GND	Ground

Figure 4. Module Connector Diagram



[Rear view of LCM]

Product Specification**Note :**

1. All GND (Ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
2. All V_{LCD} (power input) pins should be connected together.
3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 664 Standard.
4. Always all LVDS signal and clock input should be 4 channels and synchronized.
5. PWM_OUT is a reference signal for LED PWM control.

This PWM signal is synchronized with vertical frequency.

Its frequency is 3 times of vertical frequency, and its duty ratio is 50%.

If the system don't use this pin, do not connect.

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3-2-2. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION(CN2)

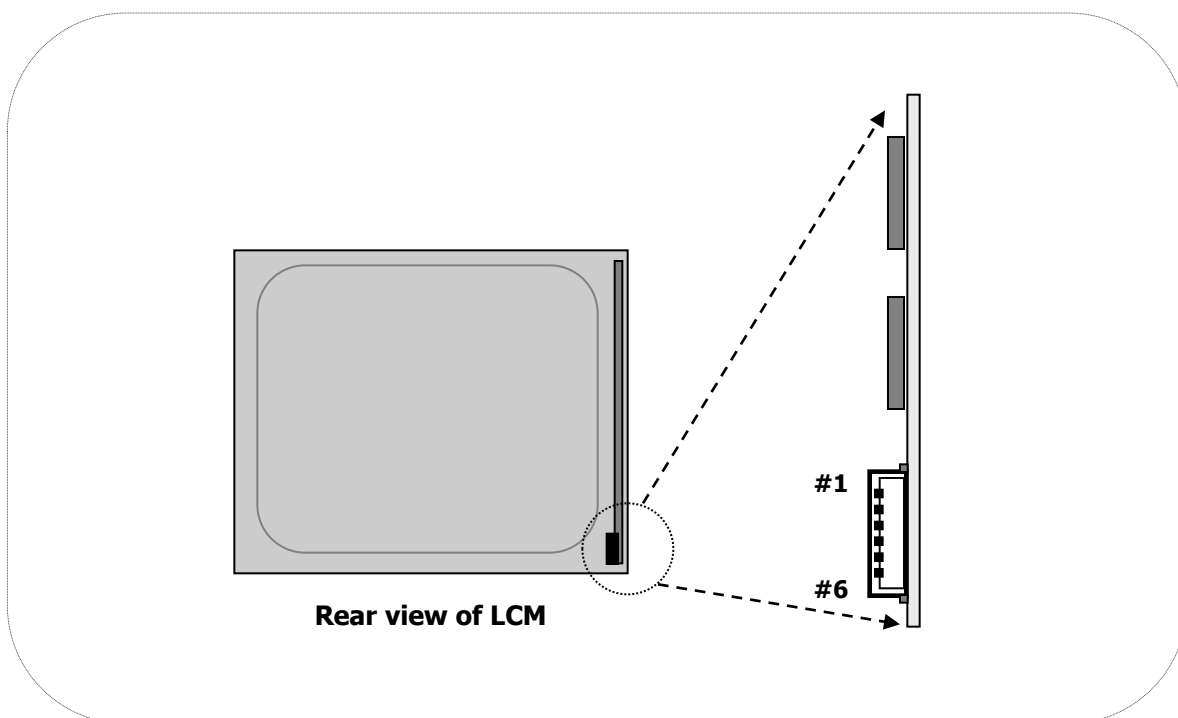
The LED interface connector is a model (TBD) manufactured by (TBD).

The mating connector is a (TBD) and Equivalent.

The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Table 5. LED connector pin configuration

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	FB1	Channel1 Current Feedback	
2	FB2	Channel2 Current Feedback	
3	VLED	LED Power Supply	
4	VLED	LED Power Supply	
5	FB3	Channel3 Current Feedback	
6	FB4	Channel4 Current Feedback	

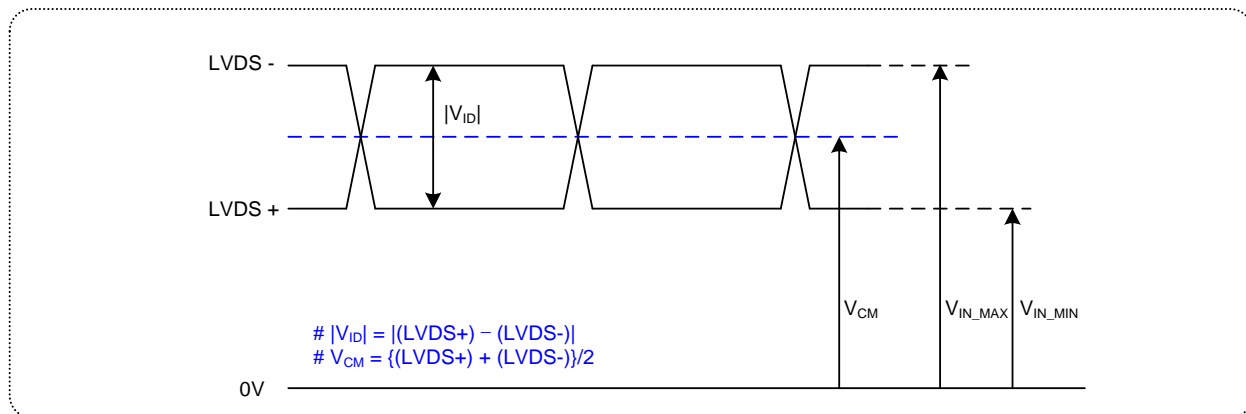


[Figure 5] Backlight connector view

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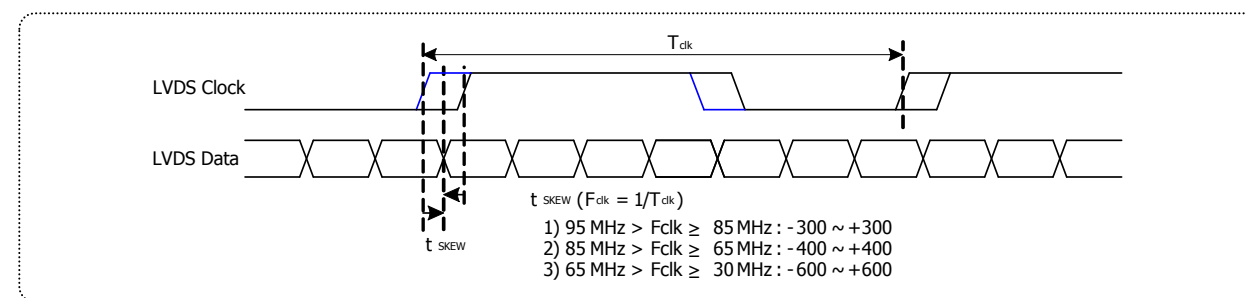
3-3. LVDS characteristics

3-3-1. DC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	$ V_{ID} $	200	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V_{CM}	1.0	1.5	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V_{IN}	0.7	1.8	V	-
Change in common mode Voltage	ΔV_{CM}	-	250	mV	-

3-3-2. AC Specification

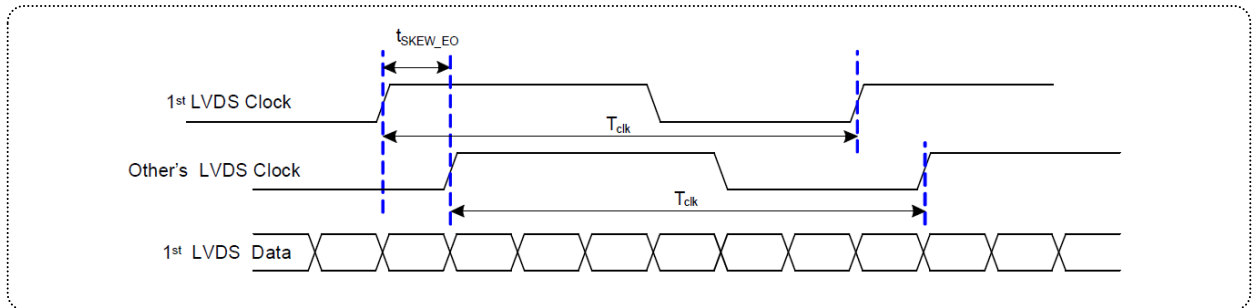


Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t_{SKEW}	- 300	+ 300	ps	$95\text{MHz} > F_{clk} \geq 85\text{MHz}$
	t_{SKEW}	- 400	+ 400	ps	$85\text{MHz} > F_{clk} \geq 65\text{MHz}$
	t_{SKEW}	- 600	+ 600	ps	$65\text{MHz} > F_{clk} \geq 30\text{MHz}$
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t_{SKEW_EO}	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T_{clk}	-

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3-3. LVDS characteristics

3-3-2. AC Specification

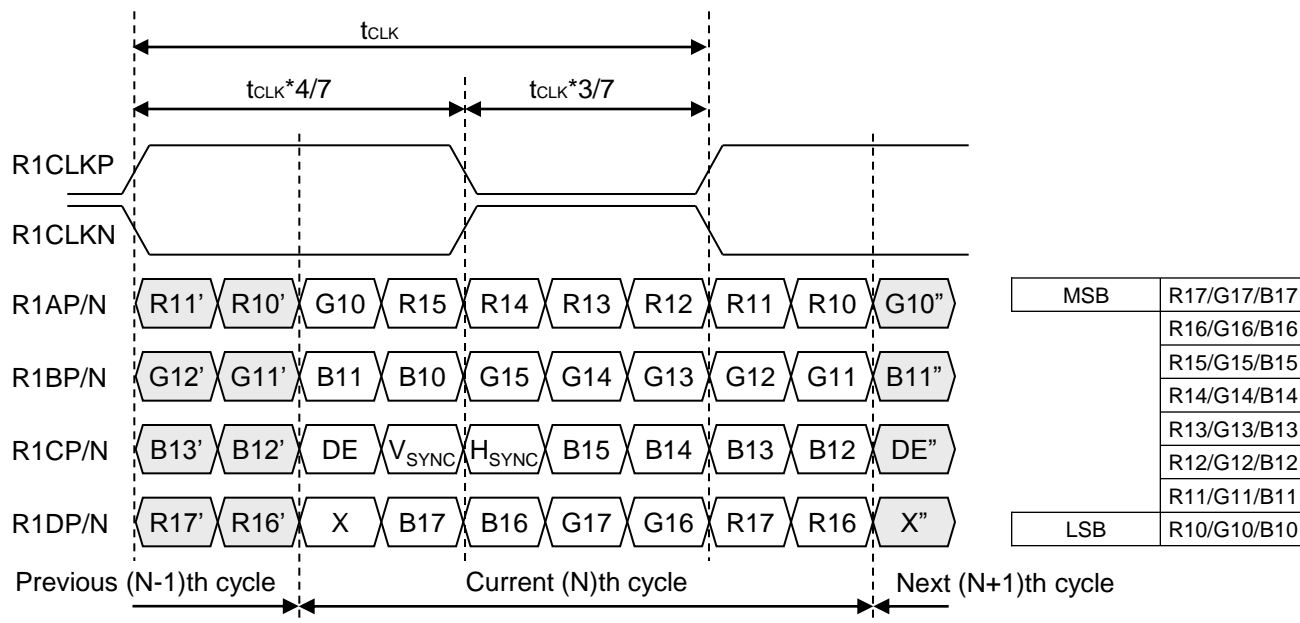


< LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (1st port to other ports) >

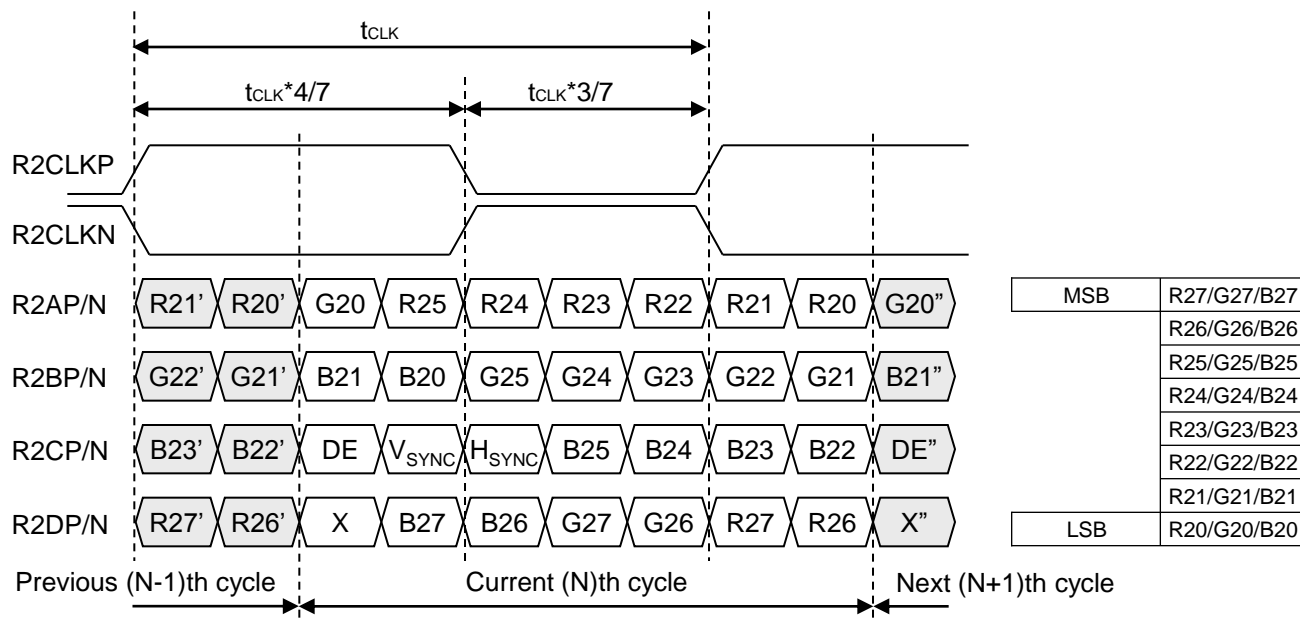
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3-3-3. LVDS data format (8bit, VESA)

■ 1st LVDS Channel



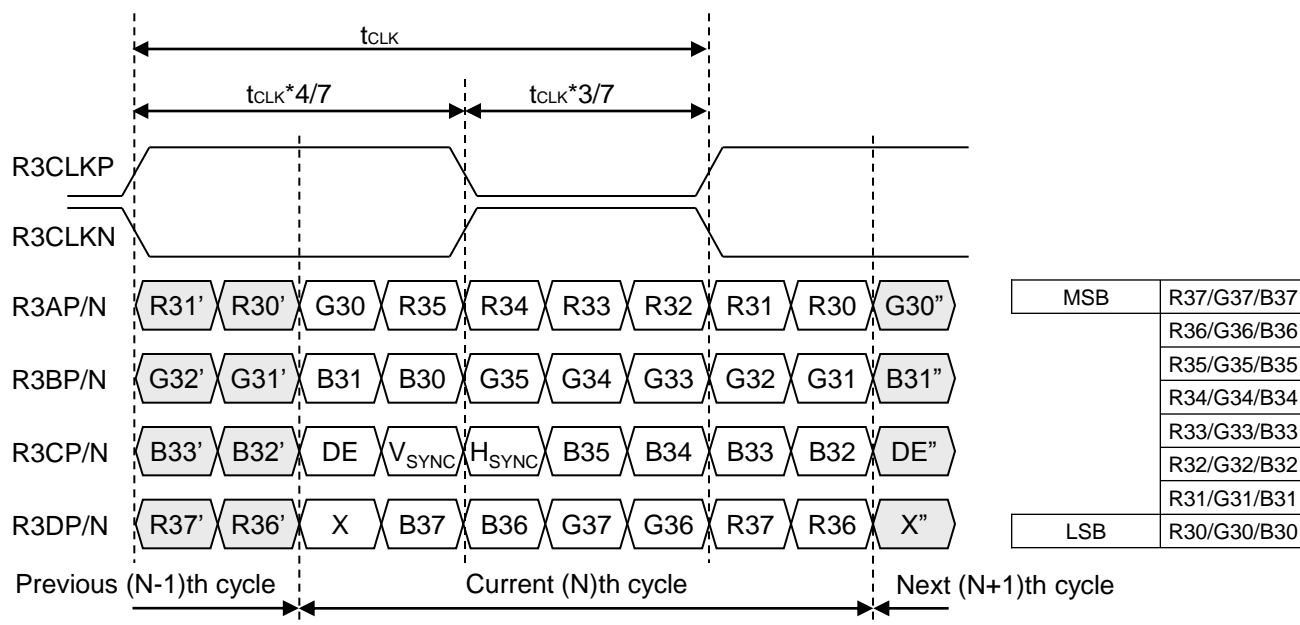
■ 2nd LVDS Channel



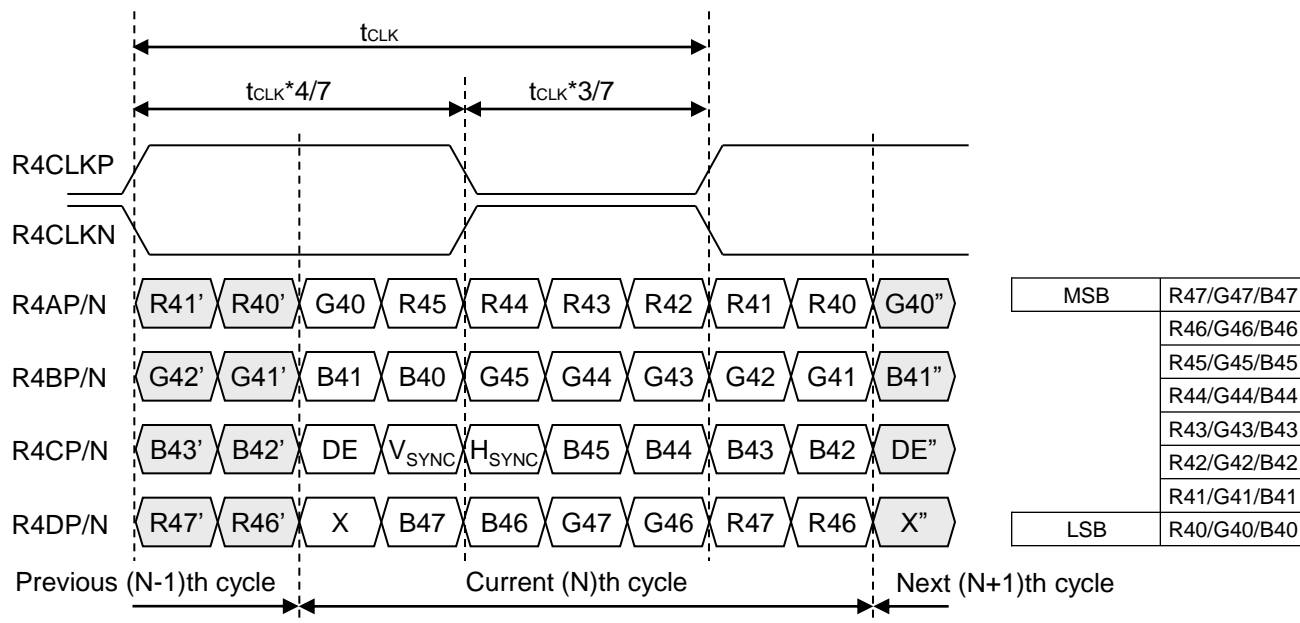
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3-3-3. LVDS data format (8bit, VESA)

■ 3rd LVDS Channel

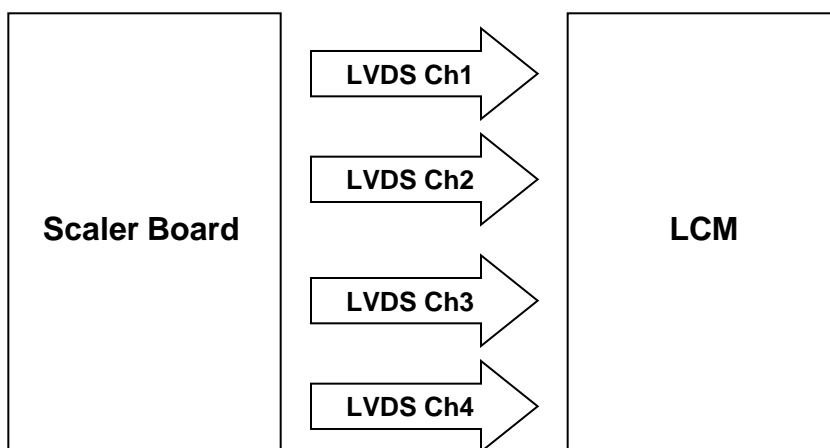
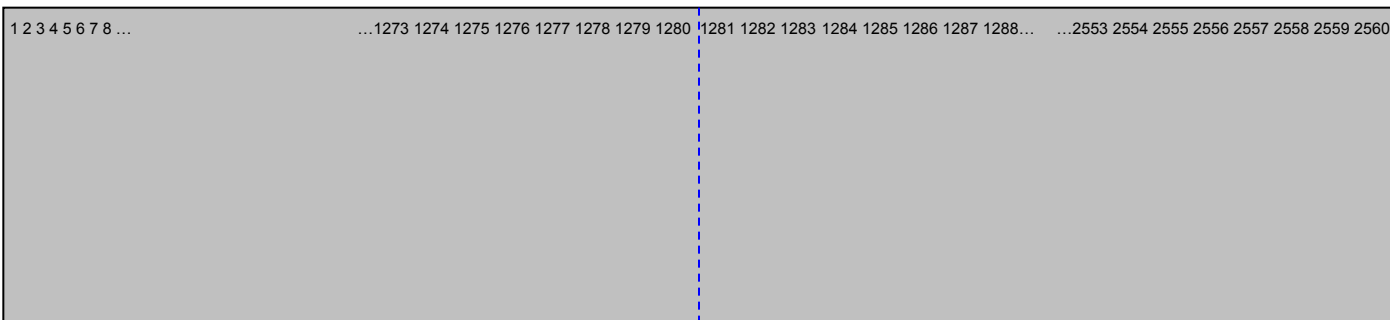


■ 4th LVDS Channel



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3-3-4. LVDS description of Dual Screen



■ Normal (Single Screen, Pin # 7 of CN1 = Low)

LVDS Ch1 : 1 → 5 → ... 1273 → 1277 → 1281 → 1285 → ... 2553 → 2557

LVDS Ch2 : 2 → 6 → ... 1274 → 1278 → 1282 → 1286 → ... 2554 → 2558

LVDS Ch3 : 3 → 7 → ... 1275 → 1279 → 1283 → 1287 → ... 2555 → 2559

LVDS Ch4 : 4 → 8 → ... 1276 → 1280 → 1284 → 1288 → ... 2556 → 2560

■ PBP (Dual Screen, Pin # 7 of CN1 = High)

LVDS Ch1 : 1 → 3 → 5 → 7 → ... 1273 → 1275 → 1277 → 1279

LVDS Ch2 : 2 → 4 → 6 → 8 → ... 1274 → 1276 → 1278 → 1280

LVDS Ch3 : 1281 → 1283 → 1285 → 1287 → ... 2553 → 2555 → 2557 → 2559

LVDS Ch4 : 1282 → 1284 → 1286 → 1288 → ... 2554 → 2556 → 2558 → 2560

Note : PBP = Picture By Picture

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3-4. Signal timing specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

Table 7. Timing table

ITEM	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Period	16.5	16.2	16.0	ns	
	Frequency	60.5	61.6	62.6	MHz	Pixel Frequency : Typ 246.4 MHz
Hsync	Period	520	520	520	tCLK	
	Horizontal Valid	480	480	480		
	Horizontal Blank	40	40	40		
	Frequency	116.4	118.4	120.4	KHz	
	Width	8	8	8	tCLK	
	Horizontal Back Porch	20	20	20		
	Horizontal Front Porch	12	12	12		
Vsync	Period	1974	1975	1976	tHP	
	Vertical Valid	1920	1920	1920		
	Vertical Blank	54	55	56		
	Frequency	58.94	59.95	60.95	Hz	
	Width	10	10	10	tHP	
	Vertical Back Porch	41	42	43		
	Vertical Front Porch	3	3	3		

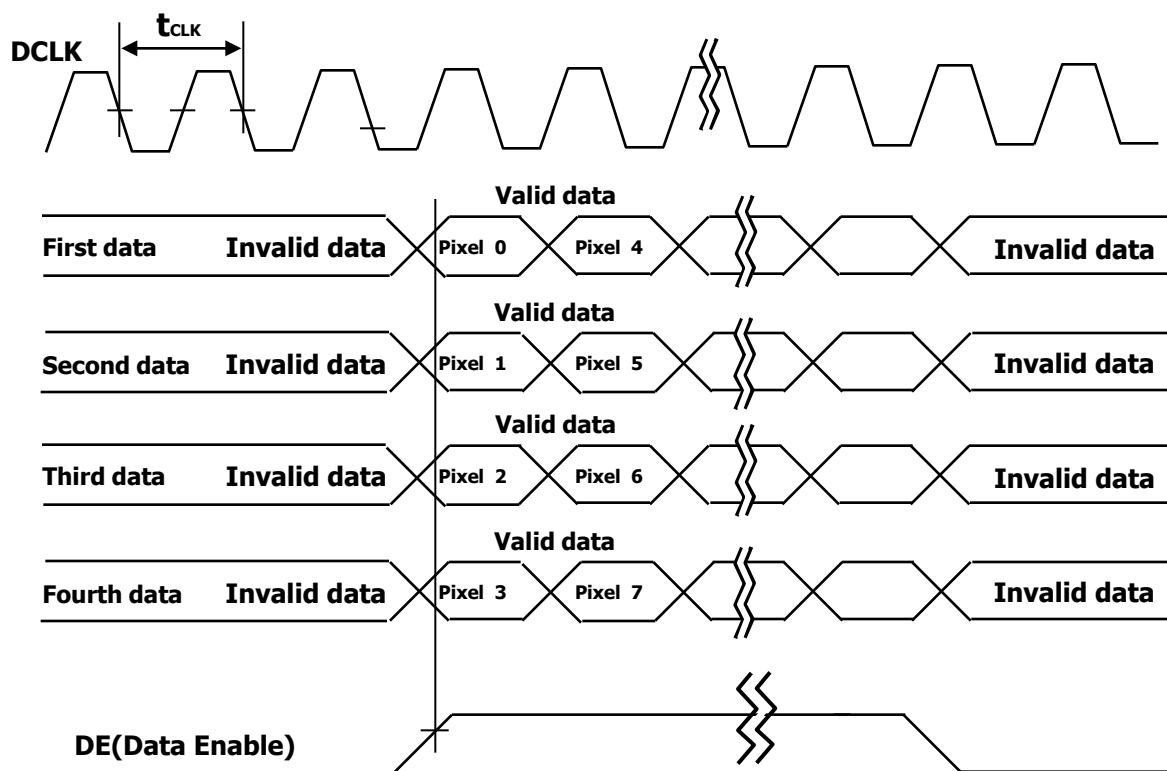
Note: Hsync period and Hsync width-active should be even number times of tCLK. If the value is odd number times of tCLK, display control signal can be asynchronous. In order to operate this LCM a Hsync, Vsync, and DE(data enable) signals should be used.

1. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.
2. Vsync and Hsync should be keep the above specification.
3. Hsync Period, Hsync Width, and Horizontal Back Porch should be any times of of character number(4).
4. The polarity of Hsync, Vsync is not restricted.

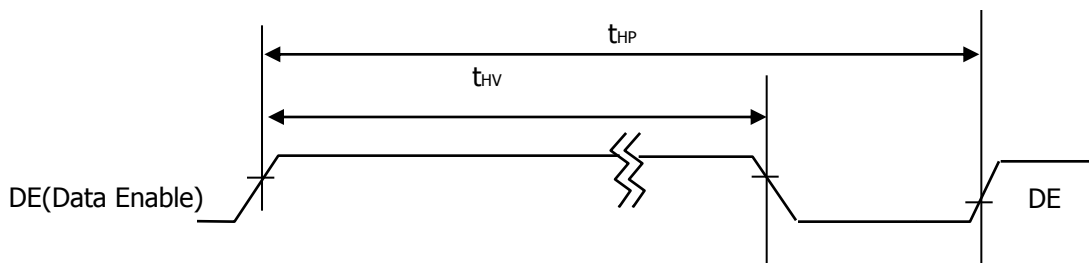
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3-5. Signal timing waveforms

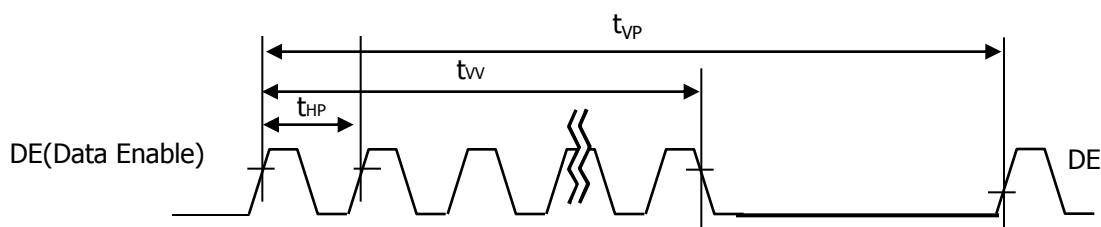
1. DCLK, DE, DATA waveforms



2. Horizontal waveform



3. Vertical waveform



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3-6. Color input data reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8bit gray scale data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 8. Color data reference

Color		Input Color Data																							
		Red								Green								Blue							
		MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB			
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Red	Red(000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(002)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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	-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255) Bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(002)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255) Bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue	Blue(000) Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	Blue(002)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255) Bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Product Specification

3-7. Power sequence

3-7. Power Sequence

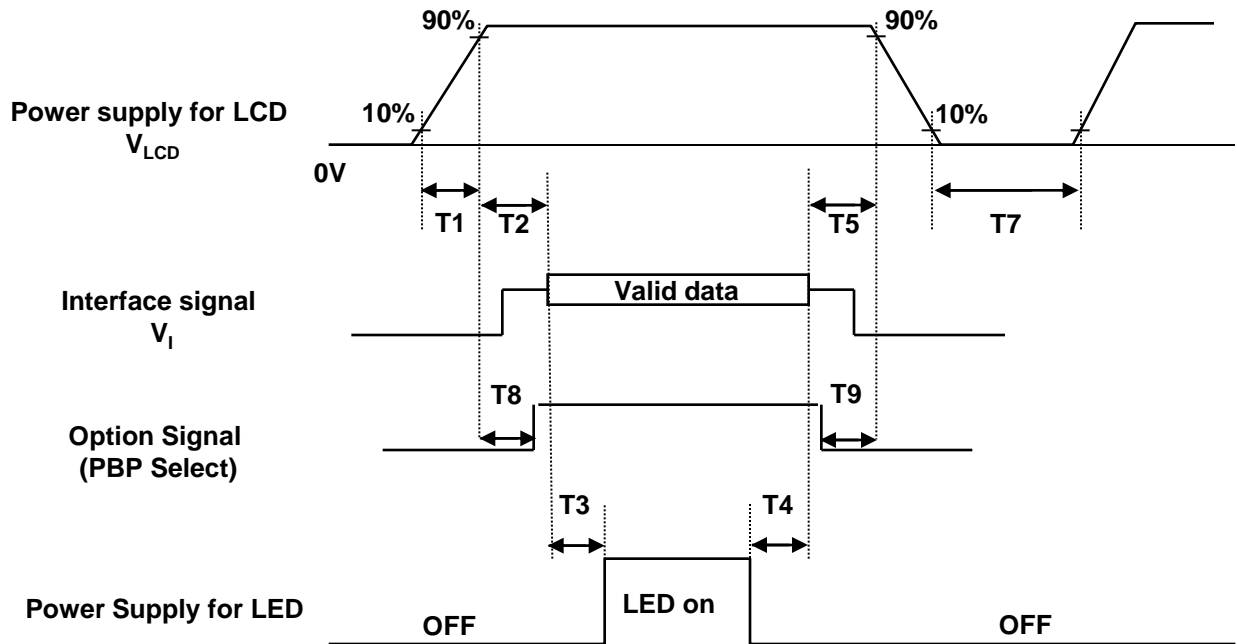


Table 9. Power Sequence

Parameter	Values			Units
	Min	Typ	Max	
T1	0.5	-	10	ms
T2	0.01	-	50	ms
T3	500	-	-	ms
T4	200	-	-	ms
T5	0.01	-	50	ms
T7	1000	-	-	ms
T8	0	-	T2	ms
T9	0	-	-	ms

Notes :

1. Please V_{LCD} power on only after connecting interface cable to LCD.
2. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
3. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD V_{LCD} to 0V.
4. LED power must be turn on after power supply for LCD an interface signal are valid.
5. It must be no valid signal at SCL & SDA line for 500ms, after VLCD input to LCD
6. If VLCD Power is Changed during on status, be sure to Pull down the LED Power on to 0V

Product Specification

3-8. V_{LCD} Power dip condition

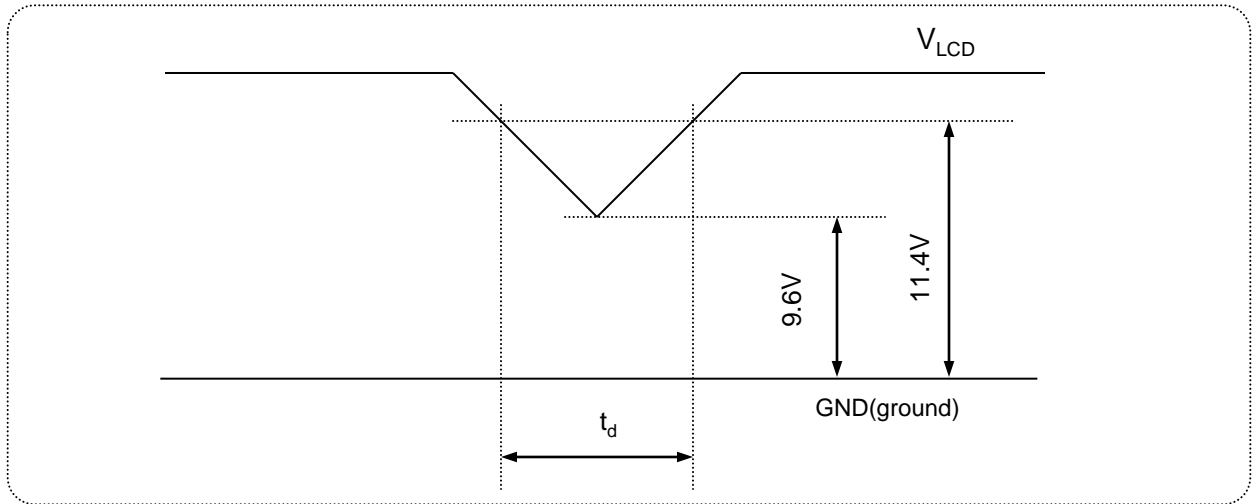


FIG.5 Power dip condition

1) Dip condition

$$9.6V \leq V_{LCD} < 11.4V, t_d \leq 20ms$$

2) $V_{LCD} < 9.6V$

V_{LCD} -dip conditions should also follow the Power On/Off conditions for supply voltage.

Product Specification

4. Optical Specifications

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0° and aperture 1 degree.

Figure. 6 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

Figure 6. Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

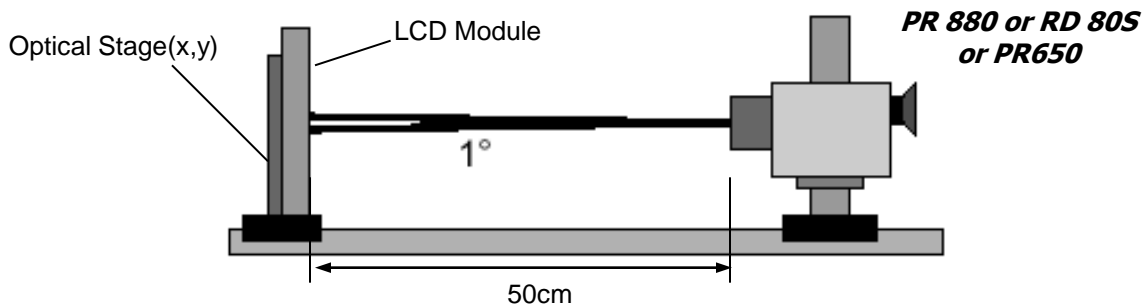


Table 10. Optical Characteristics

($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{\text{LCD}} = 12.0\text{V}$, $f_v = 60\text{Hz}$, $D_{\text{CLK}} = 246.4\text{MHz}$, $I_s = 120\text{mA}$)

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Units	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max		
Contrast Ratio		CR	700	1000	-		1
Surface Luminance, white		L_{WHITE}	240	300	-	cd/m^2	2
Luminance Variation		δ_{WHITE}	75	-	-	%	3
Response Time	GTG	$T_{\text{GTG_AVR}}$	-	14	28	ms	4
Color Coordinates [CIE1931] (By PR650)	RED	Rx	Typ -0.03	TBD	Typ +0.03		
		Ry		TBD			
	GREEN	Gx		TBD			
		Gy		TBD			
	BLUE	Bx		TBD			
		By		TBD			
	WHITE	Wx		TBD			
		Wy		TBD			
Color Shift	Horizontal	$\theta_{\text{CST_H}}$	-	178	-	Degree	5
	Vertical	$\theta_{\text{CST_V}}$	-	178	-		
Viewing Angle (CR>10)							
General	Horizontal	θ_H	170	178	-	Degree	6
	Vertical	θ_V	170	178	-		
GSR @ 60dgree (Gamma shift rate)	Horizontal	$\delta_{\text{Gamma_H}}$	-	-	20	%	7
	Vertical	$\delta_{\text{Gamma_V}}$	-	-	20		
Gray Scale			-	2.2	-		8

Product Specification

Notes :

1. **Contrast ratio (CR)** is defined mathematically as :

It is measured at center point (1)

$$\text{Contrast ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface luminance with all black pixels}}$$

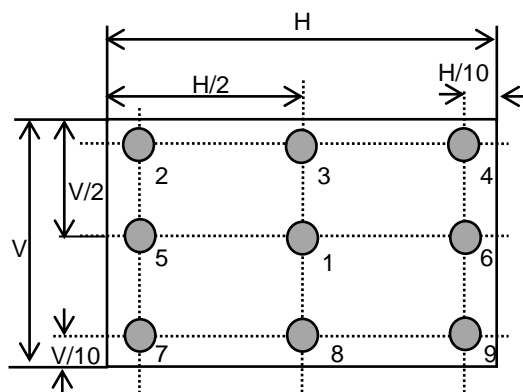
2. **Surface luminance** is the luminance value at center 1 point (1) across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white.
For more information see Figure 7.

3. The **variation in surface luminance** , δ_{WHITE} is defined as :

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Minimum (P1,P2,, P9)}}{\text{Maximum (P1,P2,, P9)}} \times 100 (\%)$$

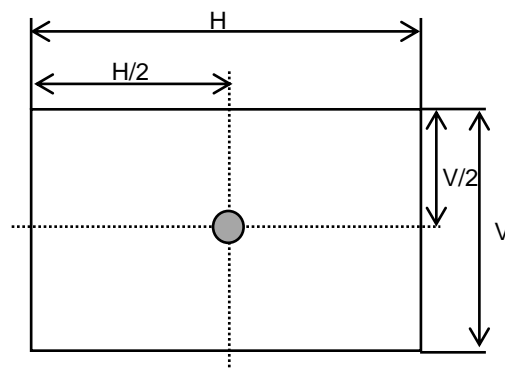
For more information see Figure 7.

Figure 7. Luminance measuring point



@ H,V : Active Area

<Measuring point for luminance variation>



<Measuring point for surface luminance>

Product Specification

4. The **Gray to Gray response time** is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for “Gray To Gray “.
- Gray step : 5 Step
 - TGTG_AVR is the total average time at rising time and falling time for “Gray To Gray “.
 - By RD80S

Table 11. GTG Gray Table

Gray to Gray		Rising Time				
		G255	G191	G127	G63	G0
Falling Time	G255					
	G191					
	G127					
	G63					
	G0					

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for “Gray(N)” and “Black or White”.

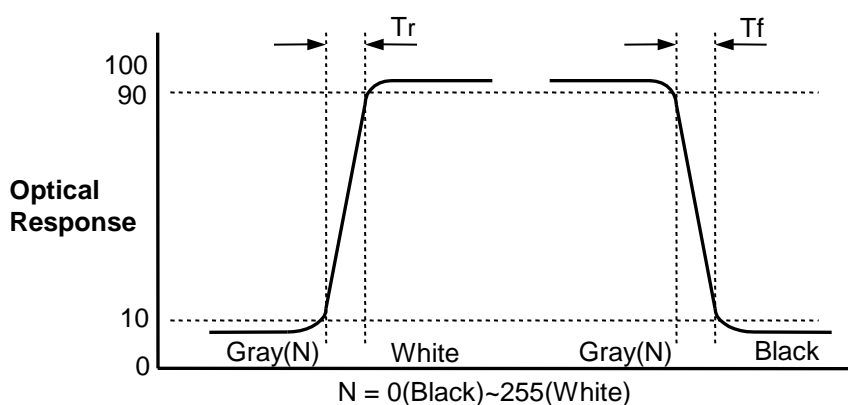


Figure 8. Response Time

Product Specification

5. Color shift is the angle at which the average color difference for all Macbeth is lower than 0.02.

For more information see FIG.9 **(By EZ Contrast)**

- Color difference ($\Delta u'v'$)

$$u' = \frac{4x}{-2x + 12y + 3}$$

$$v' = \frac{9y}{-2x + 12y + 3}$$

$$\Delta u'v' = \sqrt{(u'_1 - u'_2)^2 + (v'_1 - v'_2)^2}$$

$$Avg(\Delta u'v') = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{24} (\Delta u'v')_i}{24}$$

u'_1, v'_1 : $u'v'$ value at viewing angle direction
 u'_2, v'_2 : $u'v'$ value at front ($\theta=0$)
 i : Macbeth chart number (Define 23 page)

- Pattern size : 25% Box size

- Viewing angle direction of color shift : Horizontal, Vertical

Color shift is defined as the following test pattern and color.

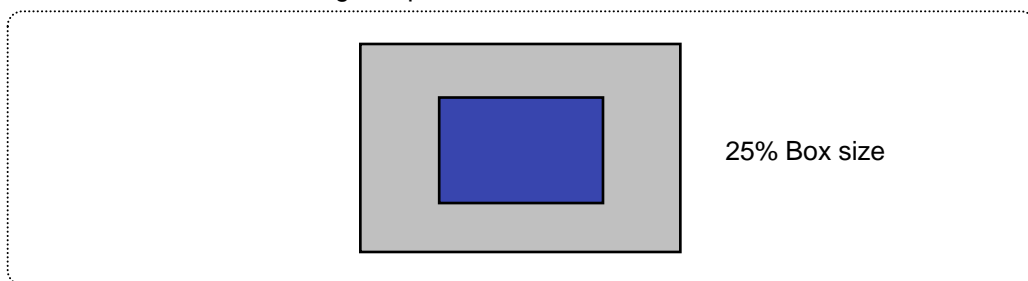


Figure 9. Color Shift Test Pattern

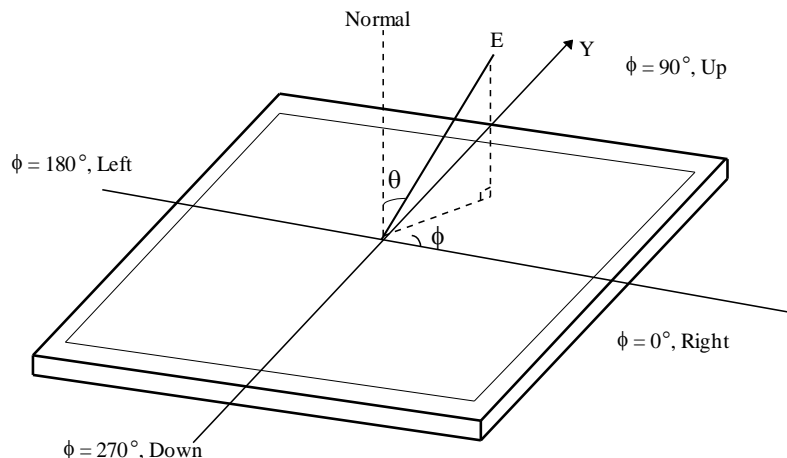
Average RGB values in Bruce RGB for Macbeth Chart

	Dark skin (i=1)	Light skin	Blue sky	Foliage	Blue flower	Bluish green
R	98	206	85	77	129	114
G	56	142	112	102	118	199
B	45	123	161	46	185	178
	Orange	Purplish blue	Moderate red	Purple	Yellow green	Orange yellow
R	219	56	211	76	160	230
G	104	69	67	39	193	162
B	24	174	87	86	58	29
	Blue	Green	Red	Yellow	Magenta	Cyan
R	26	72	197	241	207	35
G	32	148	27	212	62	126
B	145	65	37	36	151	172
	White	Neutral 8	Neutral 6.5	Neutral 5	Neutral 3.5	Black
R	240	206	155	110	63	22
G	240	206	155	110	63	22
B	240	206	155	110	63	22

Product Specification

6. **Viewing angle** is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see Figure 10 .

Figure 10. Viewing Angle



7. **GSR** is the rate of gamma shift at up, down, left and right 60 degree viewing angle compare with center gamma. For more information see FIG.10 and FIG.11 (**By EZ Contrast**)
- GSR (δ Gamma) is defined as :

$$GSR = \left(1 - \frac{\text{View angle Gamma Value (Up, Down, Left, Right 60 Degree)}}{\text{Center Gamma Value (0 Degree)}} \right) \times 100$$

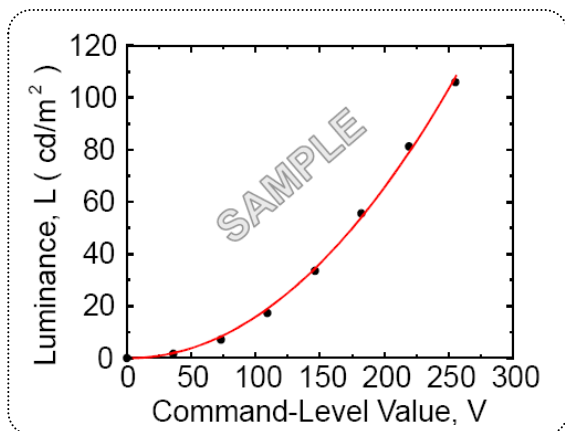


Figure11. Sample Luminance vs. gray scale (using a 256 bit gray scale)

$$L = aV^r + L_b$$

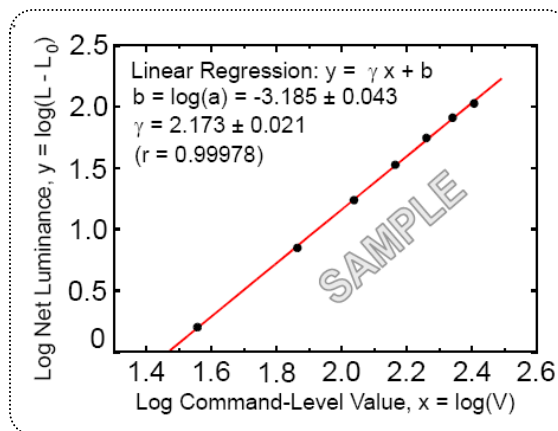


Figure 12. Sample Log-log plot of luminance vs. gray scale

$$\log(L - L_b) = r \log(V) + \log(a)$$

Here the Parameter α and γ relate the signal level V to the luminance L .
The GAMMA we calculate from the log-log representation (Figure 12.)

Product Specification
Table 12. Gray Scale Specification

Gray Level	Relative Luminance [%] (Typ.)
0	0.1
15	0.3
31	1.08
47	2.5
63	4.72
79	7.7
95	11.49
111	16.2
127	21.66
143	28.2
159	35.45
175	43.8
191	53.00
207	63.3
223	74.48
239	86.8
255	100

Product Specification

5. Mechanical characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

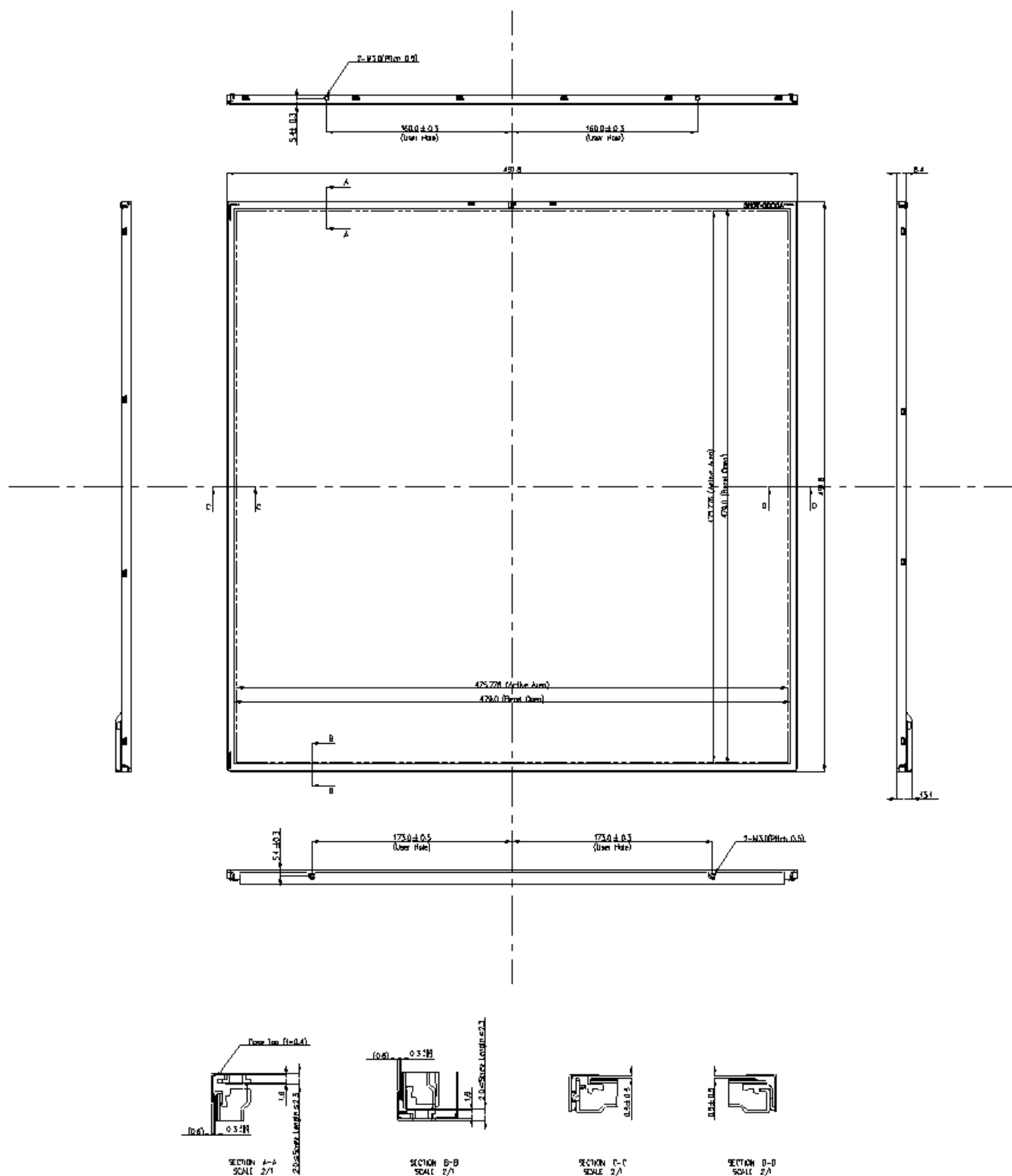
Table 13. Mechanical characteristics

Outline dimension	Horizontal	491.8 mm
	Vertical	491.8 mm
	Depth	13.1mm
Bezel area	Horizontal	479.0 mm
	Vertical	479.0 mm
Active display area	Horizontal	475.776 mm
	Vertical	475.776 mm
Weight	TBD	
Surface treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer	

Notes : Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

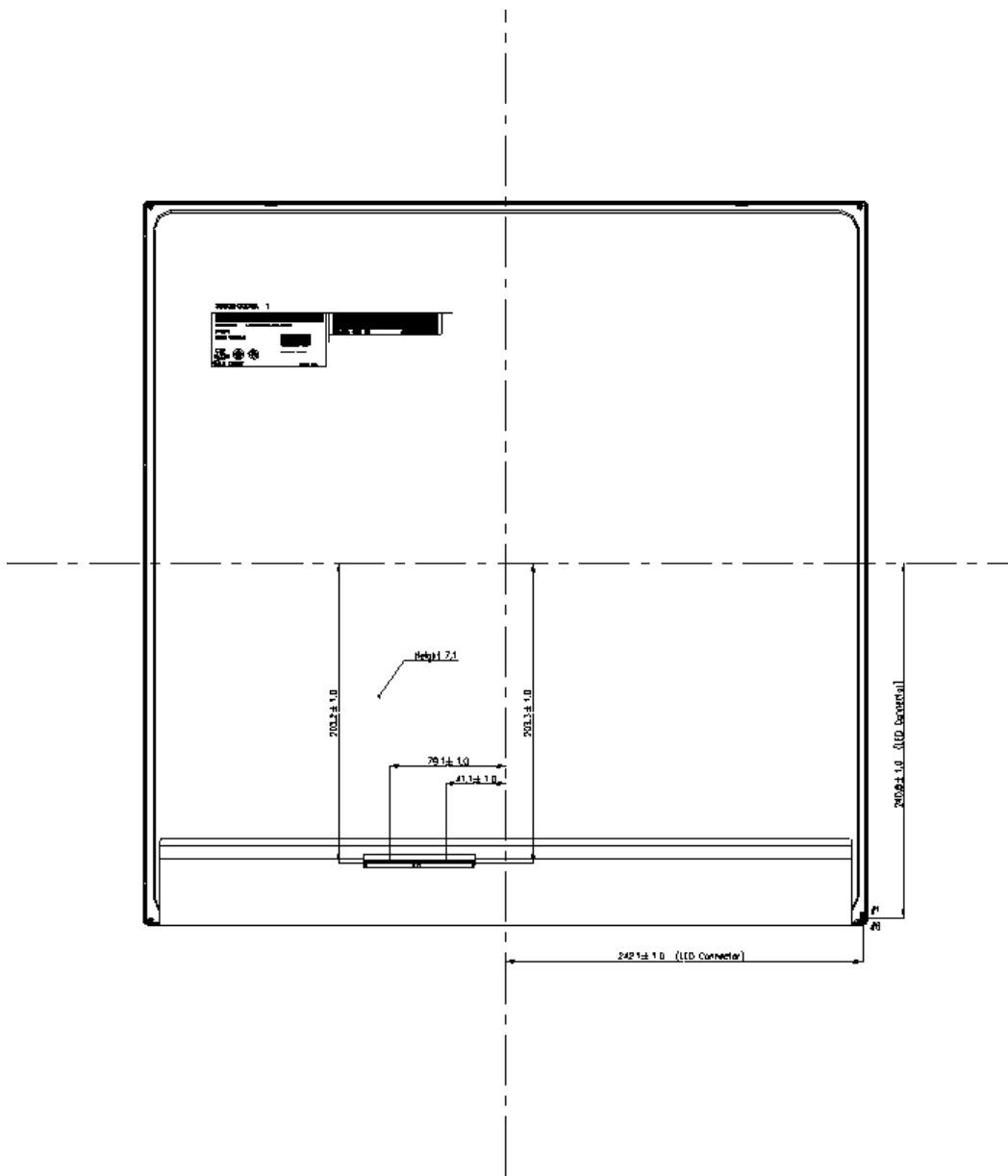
Product Specification

<FRONT VIEW>



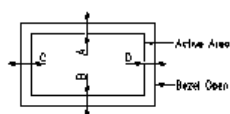
Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>



Notes

1. I/T Connector Specification : TBD
2. (ED Connector specification)
- TBD, BPN
3. Torque of user hole : 2.5~3.5 kgf-cm
4. Tilt and parallel disposition tolerance of display area as following
(1) Y-Direction : μ -B1 \leq 1.4
(2) X-Direction : K-D1 \leq 1.4



5. Unspecified tolerances to be $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$
6. The COF area is weak & sensitive. So, please don't press the COF area.

Product Specification

6. Reliability

Table 13. Environment test conditions

No	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.00G RMS Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X, Y, Z, 10 min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 100G Waveform : half sine wave, 2ms Direction : $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ One time each direction
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH
8	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 10,000 feet(3,048m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12,192m)
9	Maximum Storage Humidity for 4 corner light leakage Mura.	Max 70%RH , Ta=40°C

{ Result evaluation criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

Product Specification

7. International standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1, Second Edition, Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-07, Second Edition, Canadian Standards Association.
Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
- c) EN 60950-1:2006 + A11:2009, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC).
Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
- d) IEC 60950-1:2005, Second Edition, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).
Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
(Including report of IEC60825-1:2001 clause 8 and clause 9)

Notes

1. Laser (LED Backlight) Information

Class 1M LED Product IEC60825-1 : 2001 Embedded LED Power (Class 1M)
--

2. Caution

- : LED inside.
- Class 1M laser (LEDs) radiation when open.
- Do not open while operating.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz."
American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 2003.
- b) CISPR 22 "Information technology equipment – Radio disturbance characteristics – Limit and methods of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), 2005.
- c) CISPR 13 "Sound and television broadcast receivers and associated equipment – Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and method of measurement."
International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), 2006.

7-3. Environment

- a) RoHS, Directive **2011/65/EU** of the European Parliament and of the council of **8 June 2011**

Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of lot mark

a) Lot mark

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C : Size (Inch)
E : Month

D : Year
F ~ M : Serial No.

Note:

1. Year

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K

2. Month

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C

b) Location of lot mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module.
This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing form

a) Package quantity in one box : **TBD**

b) Box size : **TBD**

Product Specification

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in left & right sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the Module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.
(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V = \pm 200\text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In higher temperature, it becomes lower.)
And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can not be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw (if not, it causes metal foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) Please conduct image sticking test after 2-hour aging with Rolling PTN and normal temperature (25~40℃)

Product Specification**9-3. Electrostatic discharge control**

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for strong light exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling precautions for protection film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape.
When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.