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- □ Preliminary Specification
- Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: V236BJ1 SUFFIX: P03

Revision : <u>CA</u> Customer :	
APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
Name / Title Note	
Please return 1 copy for your confir comments.	rmation with your signature and

Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By

Version 2.0 Date :Dec.23.2015



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REVISION HISTORY

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1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

V236BJ1-P03 is a 23.6" TFT Liquid Crystal Display TV product with driver ICs and 1ch-LVDS interface. This product supports 1366*768 HDTV format and can display 16.7M colors (8-bit / color)..

1.2 FEATURES

CHARACTERISTICS ITEMS	SPECIFICATIONS
Screen Diagonal [in]	23.6
Pixels [lines]	1366 × 768
Active Area [mm]	521.4705(H) × 293.184(V) (23.6" diagonal)
Sub-Pixel Pitch [mm]	0.12725(H) ×0.38175(V)
Pixel Arrangement	RGB Vertical Stripe
Weight [g]	490 Typ. (g)
Physical Size [mm]	535.06(W) × 306.34(H) × 1.315(D) Typ
Display Mode	Transmissive Mode / Normallly Black
Contrast Ratio	Typ.3000:1
	(Typical value measure by INX's Module)
Glass thickness (Array / CF) [mm]	0.5 / 0.5
Viewing Angle (CR>10) (VA Model)	Typ. +89/-89(H), +89/-89(V) (CR≥10)
	(Typical value measured by INX's module)
Color Chromaticity	R = 0.661, 0.326
	G = 0.282, 0.587 B = 0.136, 0.101
	W= 0.318, 0.355
Cell Transparency [%]	5.8%
Polarizer Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare coating (Haze 1%)
Rotation Function	Unachievable

X+C Board	
Back Side	

Front Side

INX

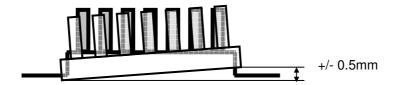


1.3 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Weight	- 490		510	g	-	
I/F connector mounting position	The mounting inclination of the connector makes the					
1/1 Connector mounting position	screen center with	reen center within ± 0.5mm as the horizontal.				

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Connector mounting position



2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

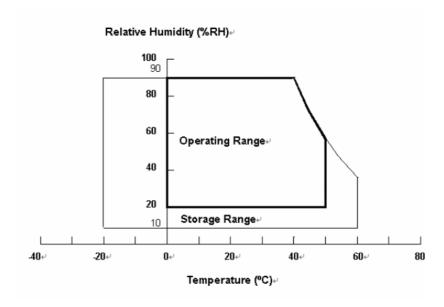
2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Itom	Symbol Min.		llue	Unit	Note	
Item			Max.	Unit	Note	
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	ōС	(1) With INX Module	
Operating Ambient Temperature	TOP	0	50	ōC	(1), (2) With INX Module	

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta \leq 40 ${}^{\circ}$ C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max.
- (c) No condensation.

Note (2) Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 65 °C. The range of operating temperature may degrade in case of improper thermal management in final product design.





2.2 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT (OPEN CELL)

Recommended Storage Condition: With shipping package.

Recommended Storage temperature range: 25 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C Recommended Storage humidity range: 50 \pm 10 $^{\circ}$ RH

Recommended Shelf life: a month

2.3 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Itom	Cymbol	Value		Unit	Note
Item	Symbol Min	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	13.5	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	VIN	-0.3	3.6	V	(1)

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.



3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 TFT LCD OPEN CELL

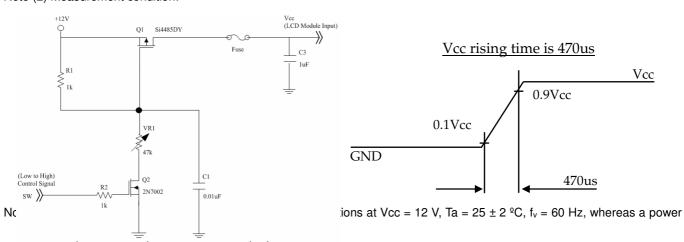
 $(Ta = 25 \pm 2 \,{}^{\circ}C)$

	Davasastav	Coursels al		Value		- Unit	Note
	Parameter	Symbol	Min. Typ.		Max.	Unit	
Power Supply Voltage Rush Current		V _{CC}	10.8	12	13.2	V	(1)
		I _{RUSH}	_	_	2.015	Α	(2)
	White Pattern	P⊤	_	3.864	4.278	w	
Power	Black Pattern	P⊤	_	2.346	2.622		
consumption	Heavy Loading pattern Ex: Horizontal Stripe (by cell and platform)	PT	_	3.864	4.278		- (3)
	White Pattern	P⊤	_	0.336	0.403	A	
Power Supply	Black Pattern	P⊤	_	0.204	0.247		
Current	Heavy Loading pattern Ex: Horizontal Stripe (by cell and platform)	PT	_	0.336	0.403		
	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{LVTH}	_	_	+100	mV	
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{LVTL}	-100	_	_	mV	
LVDS interface	Common Input Voltage	V _{CM}	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	(4)
	Differential input voltage	V _{ID}	100	_	600	mV	
	Terminating Resistor	R _T	_	100	_	ohm	
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH}	2.7	_	3.3	V	
interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL}	0	_	0.7	V	

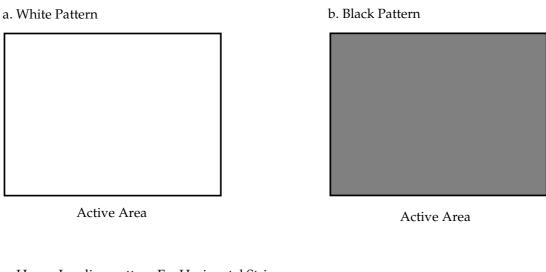
Note (1) The module should be always operated within the above ranges.

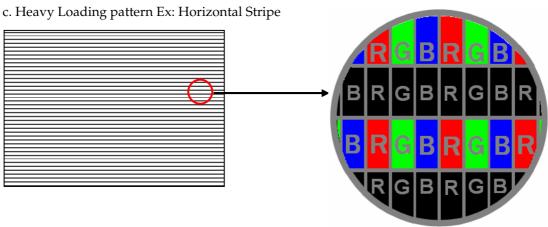
The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of Vcc (Typ.).

Note (2) Measurement condition:

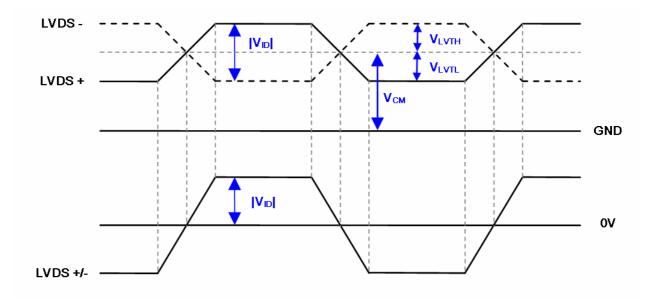








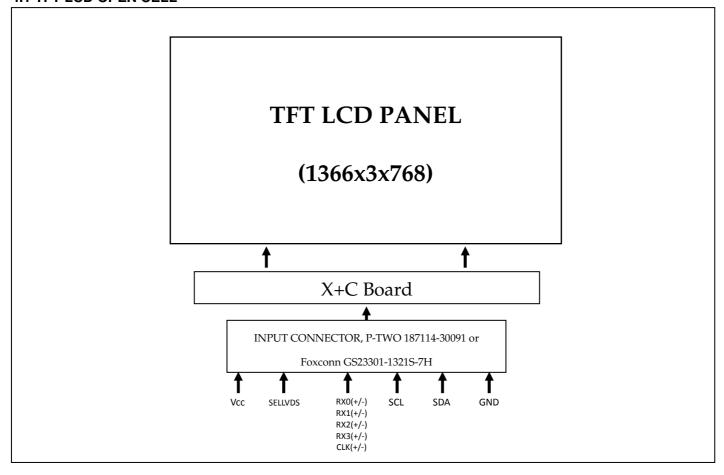
Note (4) The LVDS input characteristics is shown as below:





4. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

4.1 TFT LCD OPEN CELL







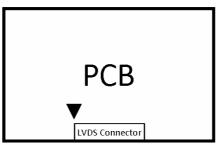
5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD OPEN CELL INPUT

CNF1 Connector Pin Assignment P-TWO=187114-30091 or FOXCONN=GS23302-1321S-7H

Pin	Name	Description	Pin
1	VCC	+12.0V power supply	1
2	VCC	+12.0V power supply	2
3	VCC	+12.0V power supply	3
4	VCC	+12.0V power supply	4
5	NC	No connection	5
6	GND	Ground	6
7	GND	Ground	7
8	NC	No connection	8
9	SELLVDS	Select LVDS Format	9
10	NC	NC	10
11	GND	Ground	11
12	RX0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 0	12
13	RX0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 0	13
14	GND	Ground	14
15	RX1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	15
16	RX1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	16
17	GND	Ground	17
18	RX2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 2	18
19	RX2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 2	19
20	GND	Ground	20
21	RXLCK-	Negative LVDS differential clock input.	21
22	RXCLK+	Positive LVDS differential clock input.	22
23	GND	Ground	23
24	RX3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 3	24
25	RX3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 3	25
26	GND	Ground	26
27	NC	No connection	27
28	SCL	I2C clock (For Vcom tunning)	28
29	SDA	I2C data (For Vcom tunning)	29
30	GND	Ground	30

Note (1) LVDS connector pin orderdefined as below



Note (2) Reserved for internal use. Please leave it open.

n 1 Pin 30

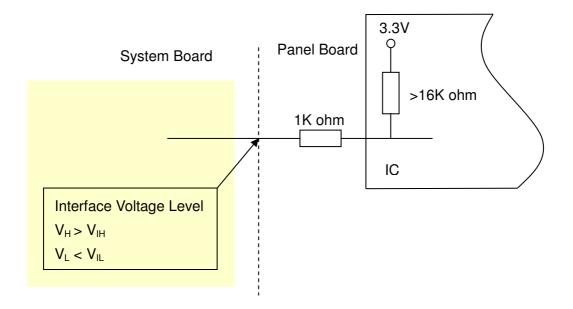
Note (3) Connect to Open or +3.3V: JEIDA Format, connect to GND: VESA Format.

SELLVDS	Mode
H(default)	JEIDA
L	VESA

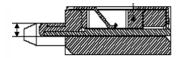
L: Connect to GND, H: Connect to +3.3V

Note (4) Interface optional pin has internal scheme as following diagram. Customer should keep the interface voltage level requirement which including Panel board loading as below.

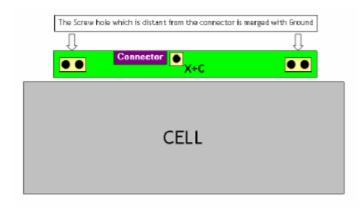




Note (5) LVDS connector mating dimension range request is 0.93mm~1.0mm as below.



Note (6) The screw hole which is distant from the connector is merged with Ground.



5.2 LVDS INTERFACE

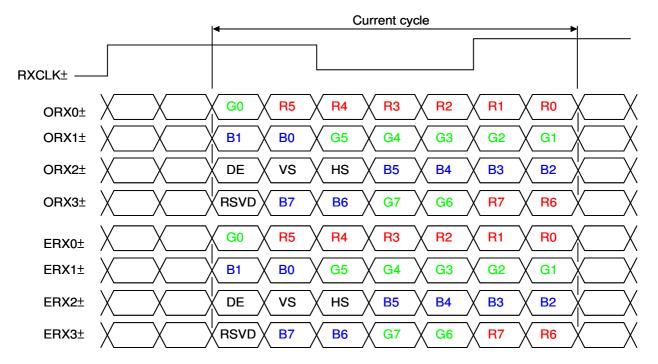
JEIDA Format: SELLVDS = H or Open

VESA Format: SELLVDS = L

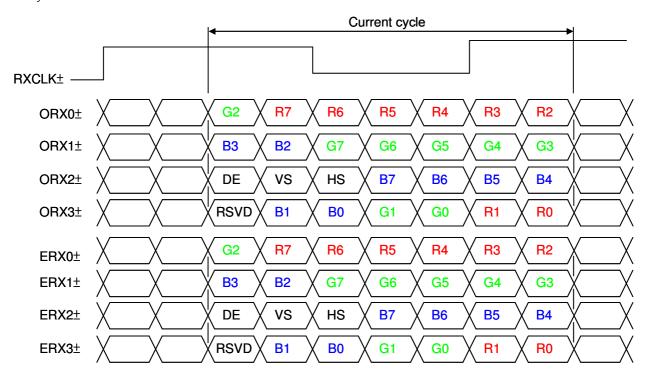




VESA LVDS format



JEIDA LVDS format



R0~R7: Pixel R Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB) G0~G7: Pixel G Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB) B0~B7: Pixel B Data (7; MSB, 0; LSB)

DE : Data enable signal DCLK : Data clock signal

Notes: (1) RSVD (reserved) pins on the transmitter shall be "H" or "L".



5.2 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of the color versus data input.

		Data Signal																							
Color			Red					Green							Blue										
	1	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	_	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red (253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i ica	Red (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green (253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
arcon	Green (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale	Blue (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue (253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Diue	Blue (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

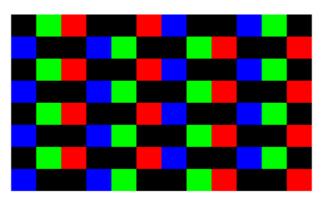
Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



5.4 FLICKER (Vcom) ADJUSTMENT

(1) Adjustment Pattern:

The adjustment pattern is shown as below. If customer needs below pattern, please directly contact with INX account FAE.



(2) Adjustment method: (Digital V-com)

Programmable memory IC is used for Digital V-com adjustment in this model. INX provide Auto Vcom tools to adjust Digital V-com. The detail connection and setting instruction, please directly contact with Account FAE or refer INX Auto V-com adjustment OI. Below items is suggested to be ready before Digital V-com adjustment in customer LCM line.

- a. USB Sensor Board.
- b. Programmable software.
- c. Document: Auto V-com adjustment suggestion OI.



6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

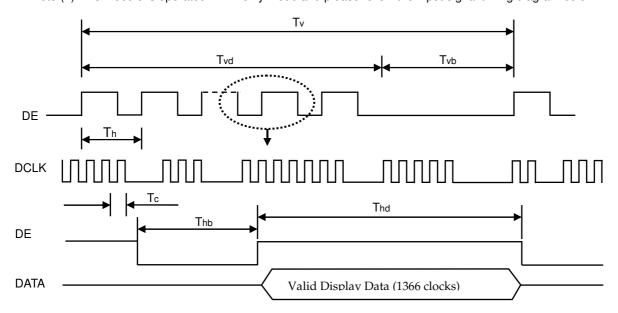
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	F _{clkin} (=1/TC)	60	76	82	MHz	
LVDS	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T_{rcl}	-	_	200	ps	(3)
Receiver Clock	Spread spectrum modulation range	Fclkin_mod	F _{clkin} -2%	_	F _{clkin} +2%	MHz	(4)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F _{SSM}	1	_	200	200 KHz (4) 400 ps (5) 53 Hz (6)	
LVDS Receiver Data	Receiver Skew Margin	T _{RSKM}	-400	-	400	ps	(5)
	Frame Rate	F _{r5}	47	50	53	Hz	(6)
Vertical	Tramo Hato	F _{r6}	57	60	63	Hz	(0)
Active Display	Total	Tv	778	806	986	Th	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
Term	Display	Tvd	768	768	768	Th	_
	Blank	Tvb	10	38	218	Th	_
Horizontal	Total	Th	1446	1560	1936	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Active Display	Display	Thd	1366	1366	1366	Tc	_
Term	Blank	Thb	80	194	570	Tc	_

Note (1) Please make sure the range of pixel clock has follow the below equation :

$$\text{Fclkin(max)} \geq \text{Fr6} \times \text{Tv} \times \text{Th}$$

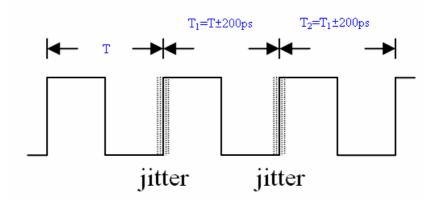
$$Fr5 \times Tv \times Th \ge Fclkin (min)$$

Note (2) This module is operated in DE only mode and please follow the input signal timing diagram below :

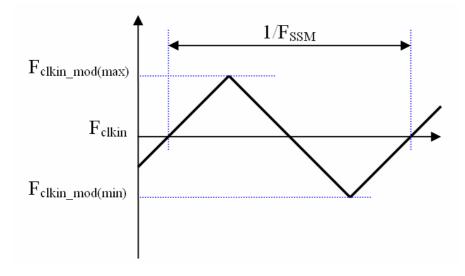




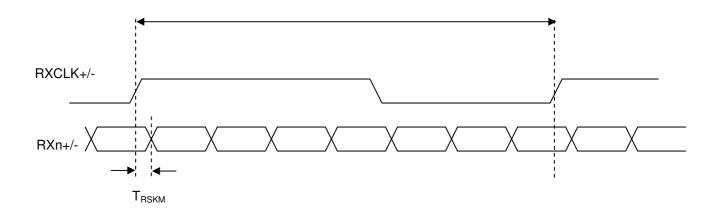
Note (3) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl = $|T_1 - T|$



Note (4) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



Note (5) The LVDS timing diagram and the receiver skew margin is defined and shown in following figure.



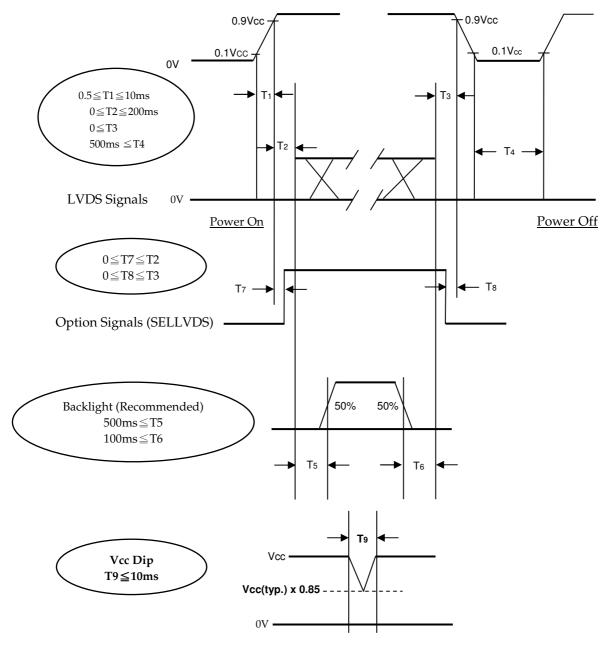
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6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



- Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should follow the definition of Vcc.
- Note (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- Note (3) In case of VCC is in off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or high impedance. If T2<0,that maybe cause electrical overstress failure.
- Note (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Note (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- Note (6) Vcc must decay smoothly when power-off.

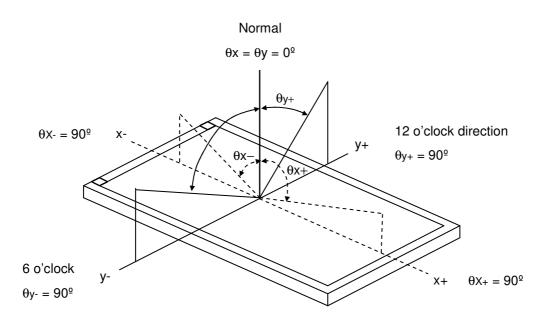


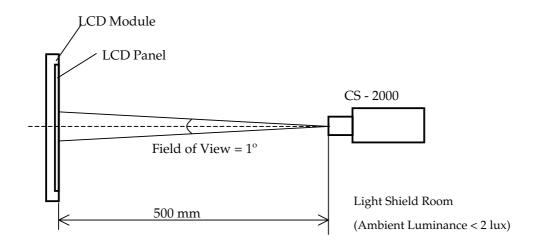
7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit				
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25 ±2	°C				
Ambient Humidity	Ha	50 ±10	%RH				
Vertical Frame Rate	Fr	60	Hz				
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	12.0±1.2	V				
Input Signal According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC							

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 1 hour to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring in a windless room.







7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown as below. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in 7.1.

It	tem	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Red	Rcx			0.661		-		
	Ked	Rcy			0.326		-		
	Crro	Gcx	$\theta_x=0^\circ$, $\theta_Y=0^\circ$		0.282		-		
Color Chromaticity Blue Bcx Bcy Standard light source "C" Wex White Wex White Gcy Viewing Angle at Normal Direction -0.03 0.587 0.136 0.101 0.317	10.03	-	(0)						
	-		Standard light source "C"	-0.03	0.136	+0.03	-	(0)	
	Diu		- Startaura right source C		0.101		-		
	White				0.317		-		
	VVIII	Wcy			0.355		-		
Transmittar	Transmittance				5.8	-	%	(5)	
Transmittar	Transmittance Variation		$\theta x=0^{\circ}$, $\theta Y=0^{\circ}$ With INX Module@60Hz			1.42		(6)	
Contrast Ra	tio	CR		2000	3000	ı	-	(1),(3)	
Response Ti Model)	ime (VA	Gray to gray	$\theta x=0^{\circ}$, $\theta Y=0^{\circ}$ With INX Module@60Hz	-	8.5	20	ms	(1),(4)	
	Horizon	θ_x +		80	89	ı			
Viewing	110112011	θ_{x} -	CR≥10	80	89	1	Dog	(1) (2)	
Angle	Vertica	θ_{Y} +	With INX Module	80	89	Deg.		(1),(2)	
	v ci tica	θ _Y -		80	89	-			

Note (0) Light source is the standard light source "C" which is defined by CIE and driving voltage are based on suitable gamma voltages. The calculating method is as following:

- 1. Measure Module's and BLU's spectrum at center point. W, R, G, B are with signal input. BLU (V236BJ1-LE2) is supplied by INX. (VA Model)
- 2. Calculate cell's spectrum.
- 3. Calculate cell's chromaticity by using the spectrum of standard light source "C".

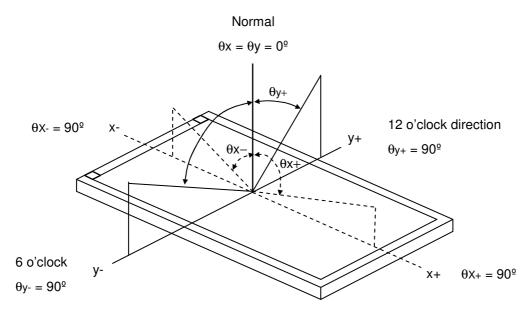
Note (1) Light source is the BLU which supplied by INX (V236BJ1-LE2) and the cell driving voltage are based on suitable gamma voltages.

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Note (2) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy):

Viewing angles are measured by Autronic Conoscope Cono-80 (or Eldim EZ-Contrast 160R)



Note (3) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

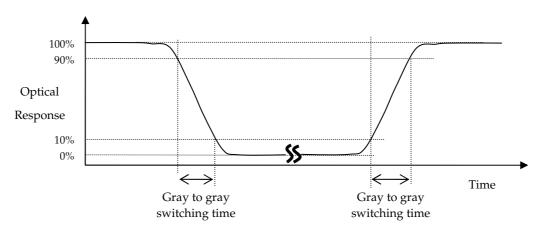
The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR (5), where CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at the figure in Note (6).

Note (4) Definition of Gray-to-Gray Switching Time (VA Model):



The driving signal means the signal of gray level 0, 31, 63, 95, 127, 159, 191, 223 and 255.

Gray to gray average time means the average switching time of gray level 0, 31, 63, 95, 127, 159, 191, 223 and 255 to each other.



Note (5) Definition of Transmittance (T%): (VA Model)

Measure the transmittance at 5 points.

Light source is INX V236BJ1-LE2 module BLU and the cell driving voltage are based on suitable gamma voltages.

Transmittance (T%) = Average [T(1), T(2), T(3), T(4), T(5)]

The transmittance of each point can be calculated by the following expression.

$$T(X) = \frac{L255(X) \text{ of LCD module}}{Luminance(X) \text{ of BLU}} \times 100\%$$

L255: Luminance of gray level 255

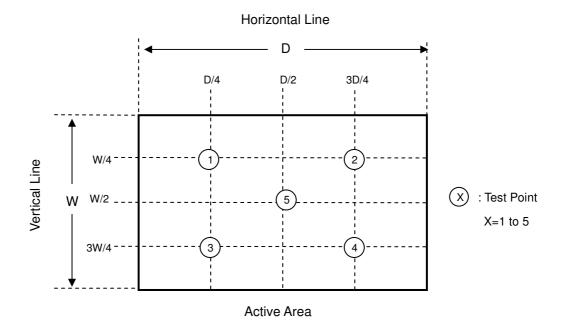
T(X) is corresponding to the point $X1 \sim X5$ at the figure in Note (6).

Note (6) Definition of Transmittance Variation (δT): (VA Model)

Measure the transmittance at 5 points.

$$\text{Transmittance Variation } (\delta T) = \frac{\text{Maximum} \left[\ T(1), T(2), T(3), T(4), T(5) \ \right] }{\text{Minimum} \left[\ T(1), T(2), T(3), T(4), T(5) \ \right] }$$

T(X) is calculated as Note(5).



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PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

8. PRECAUTIONS

8.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- [1] Do not apply improper or unbalanced force such as bending or twisting to open cells during assembly.
- [2] It is recommended to assemble or to install an open cell into a customer's product in clean working areas.

 The dust and oil may cause electrical short to an open cell or worsen polarizers on an open cell.
- [3] Do not apply pressure or impulse to an open cell to prevent the damage.
- [4] Always follow the correct power-on sequence when an open cell is assembled and turned on. This can prevent the damage and latch-up of the CMOS LSI chips.
- [5] Do not design sharp-pointed structure / parting line / tooling gate on the plastic part of a COF (Chip on film), because the burr will scrape the COF.
- [6] If COF would be bended in assemble process, do not place IC on the bending corner.
- [7] The gap between COF IC and any structure of BLU must be bigger than 2 mm. This can prevent the damage of COF IC.
- [8] The bezel opening must have no burr and be smooth to prevent the surface of an open cell scraped.
- [9] The bezel of a module or a TV set can not contact with force on the surface of an open cell. It might cause light leakage or scrape.
- [10] In the case of no FFC or FPC attached with open cells, customers can refer the FFC / FPC drawing and buy them by self.
- [11] It is important to keep enough clearance between customers' front bezel/backlight and an open cell.

 Without enough clearance, the unexpected force during module assembly procedure may damage an open cell
- [12] Do not plug in or unplug an I/F (interface) connector while an assembled open cell is in operation.
- [13] Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- [14] Moisture can easily penetrate into an open cell and may cause the damage during operation.
- [15] When storing open cells as spares for a long time, the following precaution is necessary.
 - [15.1] Do not leave open cells in high temperature and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store open cells in the temperature range from 0 to 35°C at normal humidity without condensation.
 - [15.2] Open cells shall be stored in dark place. Do not store open cells in direct sunlight or fluorescent light environment.
- [16] When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C, the display quality might be reduced.
- [17] Unpacking (Cartons/Tray plates) in order to prevent open cells broken:
 - [17.1] Moving tray plates by one operator may cause tray plates bent which may induce open cells broken.

 Two operators carry one carton with their two hands. Do not throw cartons/tray plates, avoid any impact on cartons/tray plates, and put down & pile cartons/tray plates gently.
 - [17.2] A tray plate handled with unbalanced force may cause an open cell damaged. Trays should be completely put on a flat platform.
 - [17.3] To prevent open cells broken, tray plates should be moved one by one from a plastic bag.



- [17.4] Please follow the packing design instruction, such as the maximum number of tray stacking to prevent the deformation of tray plates which may cause open cells broken.
- [17.5] To prevent an open cell broken or a COF damaged on a tray, please follow the instructions below:
 - [17.5.1] Do not peel a polarizer protection film of an open cell off on a tray
 - [17.5.2] Do not install FFC or LVDS cables of an open cell on a tray
 - [17.5.3] Do not press the surface of an open cell on a tray.
 - [17.5.4] Do not pull X-board when an open cell placed on a tray.
- [18] Unpacking (Hard Box) in order to prevent open cells broken:
 - [18.1] Moving hard boxes by one operator may cause hard boxes fell down and open cells broken by abnormal methods. Two operators carry one hard box with their two hands. Do handle hard boxes carefully, such as avoiding impact, putting down, and piling up gently.
 - [18.2] To prevent hard boxes sliding from carts and falling down, hard boxes should be placed on a surface with resistance.
 - [18.3] To prevent an open cell broken or a COF damaged in a hard box, please follow the instructions below:
 - [18.3.1] Do not peel a polarizer protection film of an open cell off in a hard box.
 - [18.3.2] Do not install FFC or LVDS cables of an open cell in a hard box.
 - [18.3.3] Do not press the surface of an open cell in a hard box.
 - [18.3.4] Do not pull X-board when an open cell placed in a hard box.
- [19] Handling In order to prevent open cells, COFs, and components damaged:
 - [19.1] The forced displacement between open cells and X-board may cause a COF damaged. Use a fixture tool for handling an open cell to avoid X-board vibrating and interfering with other components on a PCBA & a COF.
 - [19.2] To prevent open cells and COFs damaged by taking out from hard boxes, using vacuum jigs to take out open cells horizontally is recommended.
 - [19.3] Improper installation procedure may cause COFs of an open cell over bent which causes damages. As installing an open cell on a backlight or a test jig, place the bottom side of the open cell first on the backlight or the test jig and make sure no interference before fitting the open cell into the backlight/the test jig.
 - [19.4] Handle open cells one by one.
- [20] Avoid any metal or conductive material to contact PCB components, because it could cause electrical damage or defect.

8.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- [1] If the liquid crystal material leaks from the open cell, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- [2] After the end of life, open cells are not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

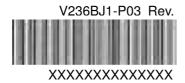
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9. **DEFINITION OF LABELS**

9.1 OPEN CELL LABEL

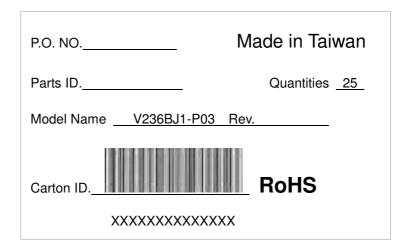
The barcode nameplate is pasted on each open cell as illustration for INX internal control.

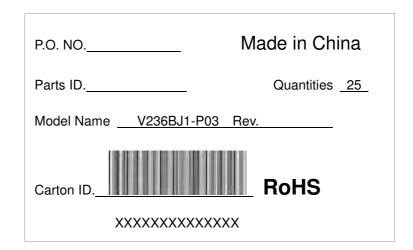




9.2 CARTON LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each box as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation





(a) Model Name: V236BJ1- P03(b) Carton ID: INX internal control

(c) Quantities: 25





10. PACKAGING

10.1 PACKAGING SPECIFICATIONS

(1) 25 PCS LCD Panels / 1 Box

(2) Box dimensions: 630 (L) X 473 (W) X143 (H)mm

(3) Weight: approximately 13.6 Kg

(4) 800 PCS LCD TV Panels / 1 Group

10.2 PACKING METHOD

Packing method (EPO Box) is shown in following figures

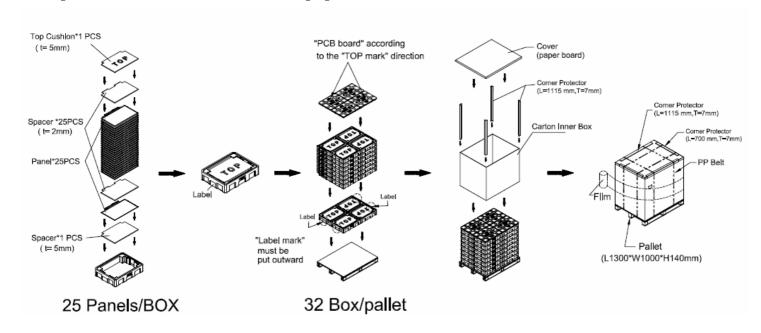
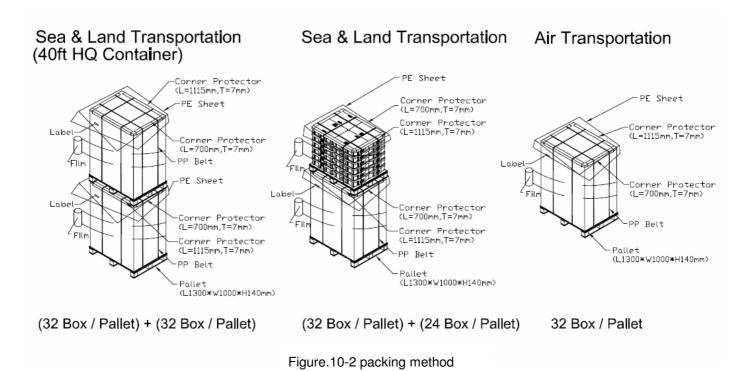


Figure.10-1 packing method



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10.3 UN - PACKAGING METHOD

Without the outer Carton, Boxes stack under the package architecture

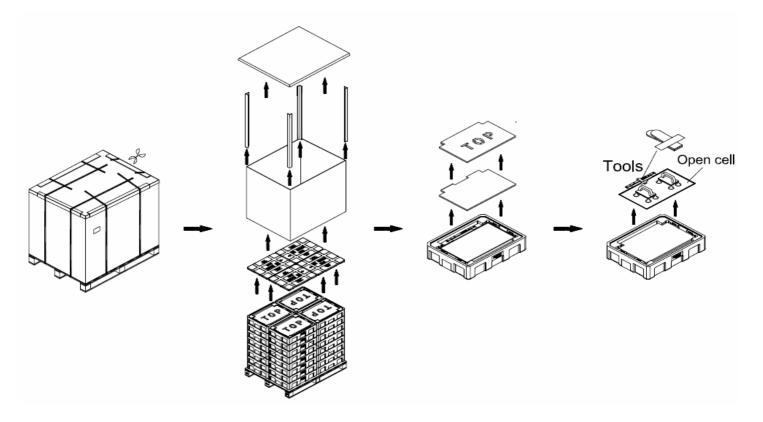


Figure.10-3 unpacking method



11. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTIC

