

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

	Title	37 0" WXGA TET LCI
()	Final Specification	
()	Preliminary Specification	n

BUYER	
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LC370WX1
SUFFIX	SLA1

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
Please return 1 copy for your of	confirmation with

your signature and comments.

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Record of Revisions

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.0	Jul. 13, 2006	-	Preliminary Specification(First Draft)
0.1	Aug. 12, 2006	17	Updated the color coordinates.
1.0	Aug. 23, 2006	-	Final draft.

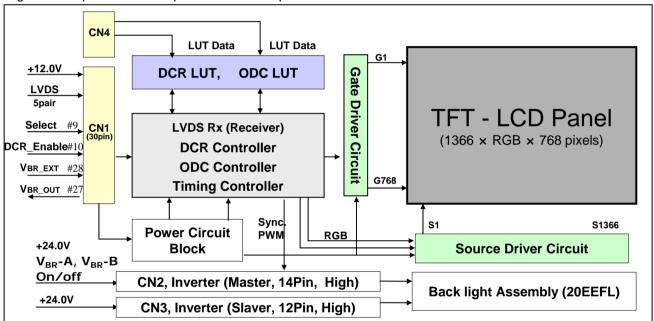


1. General Description

LC370WX1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral External Electrode Fluorescent Lamp(EEFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 37.02 inch diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution (768 vertical by 1366 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus presenting a palette of more than 16.7M(true) colors.

It has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	37.02 inches(940.3mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	877.0mm(H) x 516.8mm(V) x 55.5mm(D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.200mm x 0.600mm x RGB
Pixel Format	1366 horiz. by 768 vert. pixels RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	8-bit, 16.7 M colors
Luminance, White	500 cd/m² (Center 1 point Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 178(Typ.), U/D 178(Typ.))
Power Consumption	Total 126Watt (Typ.) (Logic=4.8W, B/L=120W [I _{LAMP} =120mA])
Weight	9,500g (Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

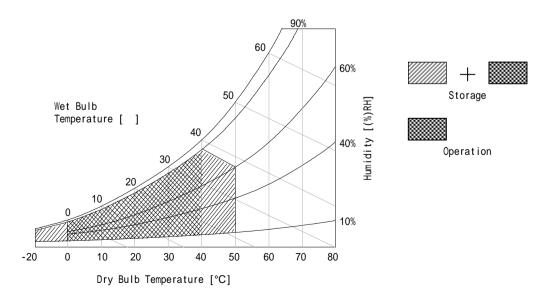
The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter		Symbol Value		Unit	Remark		
Fo	raiaineter		Min	Max	Onit	INGILIAIN	
Power Input	LCM	VLCD	-0.3	14.0	VDC	at 25 ± 2 °C	
Voltage	Backlight inverter	VBL	21.6	27.0	VDC	When operating	
Option Input V	oltage	VI	-0.3	3.6	VDC	#9, #10 Pin	
ON/OFF Conti	rol Voltage	VON/OFF	-0.30	5.5	VDC		
Brightness Co	Brightness Control Voltage		-0.3	5.0	VDC		
Operating Ten	nperature	TOP	0	40			
Storage Temp	erature	TST	-20	50		Note 1	
Operating Ambient Humidity		НОР	10	90	%RH	Note 2	
Storage Humio	dity	HST	10	90	%RH		

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. and no condensation of water.

2. Gravity mura can be guaranteed under 40 condition.





3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other input power for the EEFL/Backlight is to power inverter.

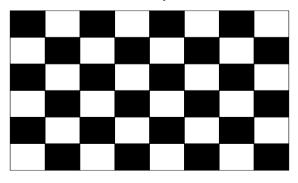
Table 2_1. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Para	ımeter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
T die	i aiaillelei		Min	Тур			Max
MODULE :							
Power Input Voltage		VLCD	11.4	12.0	12.6	VDC	
Permissible Input Ripple Voltage		VRP	-	-	200	mVP-P	
Option	High threshold	VIH	2.3	-	3.3	VDC	
Input Voltage	Low threshold	VIL	0	-	0.7	VDC	
Bower Input Cu	D 1 10 1		-	400	500	mA	1
Power Input Current		ILCD	-	535	785	mA	2
Power Consumption		PLCD	-	4.8	6.0	Watt	1
Rush current		Irush	-	-	3.5	А	3

Note:

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =12.0V, 25 \pm 2°C, f_V =60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.
- 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power Input is 1ms(min.).

White: 255Gray Black: 0Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)



Table 2 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Day	Cumahal	Value			Lloit	Note		
Parameter			Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Inverter :								
Power Input Volta	age		VBL	22.8	24.0	25.2	VDC	1
Power Input Volta	age Ripple			-	-	400	mVp-p	ı
Power Input	Power Input Operating		IBL	-	5.0	5.5	Α	1
Current	Current Turn on		IBL	-	5.5	6.0	Α	1, 2
Power Consumpt	tion		PBL	-	120	132	W	1
	Brightness Adjust		VBR_A	0	1.65	3.3	VDC	3
Input Voltage for	brightness Ad	Aujust	VBR_B	0	3.3	3.3	VDC	3
Control System Signals	On/O#	On	V on	2.5	5.0	5.5	VDC	
O.g. raio	On/Off Off	Off	V off	-0.3	0.0	0.5	VDC	
Lamp :								
Life Time				50,000	60,000	-	Hrs	4

Note:

- 1. Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 120Min at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C and VBR = 3.3V.
 - The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage, 24.0V. It is total power consumption.
- 2. It is not inrush current, it is the current at turn on time.
- 3. Brightness Control.

These VBR Voltages control brightness.

Symbol	Symbol Description		Input Voltage	Brightness(%)	Note
			0V	90%	-
V _{BR} -A	Control the Analog Dimming	V _{BR} -B=3.3V	1.65V	100%	Typical
			3.3V	110%	-
	Control the PWM Duty	V _{BR} -A=1.65V (or Open)	0V	20~30%	Minimum
V _{BR} -B			3.3V	100%	Typical
		(6. 366)	3.3V	100%	Maximum

4. The life time is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C. Specified value is when lamp is aligned horizontally.



3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two kinds of interface connection, a 30-pin connector is used for the module electronics and two 12-pin Connectors are used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-X30SSL-HF (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent
- Mating Connector: FI-X30C2L (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Note
1	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
2	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
3	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
4	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	
5	GND	Ground	
6	GND	Ground	
7	GND	Ground	
8	GND	Ground	
9	Select	Select LVDS Data format	1
10	DCR Enable	Dynamic CR Enable ('L' = Disable , 'H' = Enable)	2
11	GND	Ground	
12	RA-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
13	RA+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
14	GND	Ground	
15	RB-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
16	RB+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
17	GND	Ground	
18	RC-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
19	RC+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
20	GND	Ground	
21	RCLK-	LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	
22	RCLK+	LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	
23	GND	Ground	
24	RD-	LVDS Receiver Signal(-)	
25	RD+	LVDS Receiver Signal(+)	
26	GND	Ground	
27	VBR_OUT	VBR output form LCD module	
28	VBR_EXT	External VBR input from System to LCD module	
29	GND	Ground	
30	GND	Ground	3

Note: 1. If the pin no. 9 is Ground, Interface format is "LG", and if the pin no. 9 is Vcc(3.3V), Interface format is "DISM". See page 9 and 10.

- 2. When this pin is no connection or Ground, DCR is Disabled.
- 3. The pin no. 30 is necessary for LCD test.

When LVDS signals are abnormal operation more than 3-Vsync times and power 12V is supplied, 'Open' or 'Vcc': LCD operate itself some test patterns.(AGP – Auto Generation Pattern)

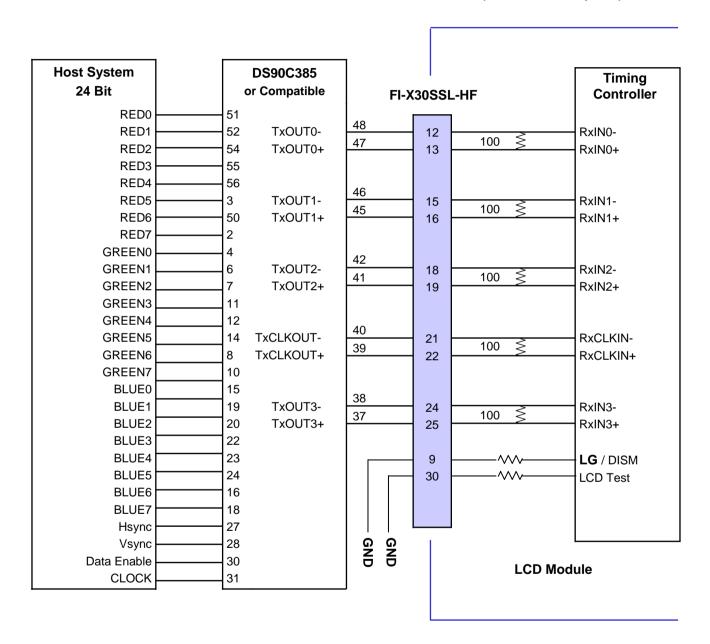
'Ground': LCD operate itself a black pattern. (NSB – No Signal Black)

LPL recommend 'Ground' for NSB.

- 4. All GND (ground) pins should be connected together, which should be also connected to the LCD module's metal frame.
- 5. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 6. Input Levels of LVDS signals are based on the IEA 664 Standard.



Table 4. REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS TRANSMITTER (Pin9="L" or "Open")

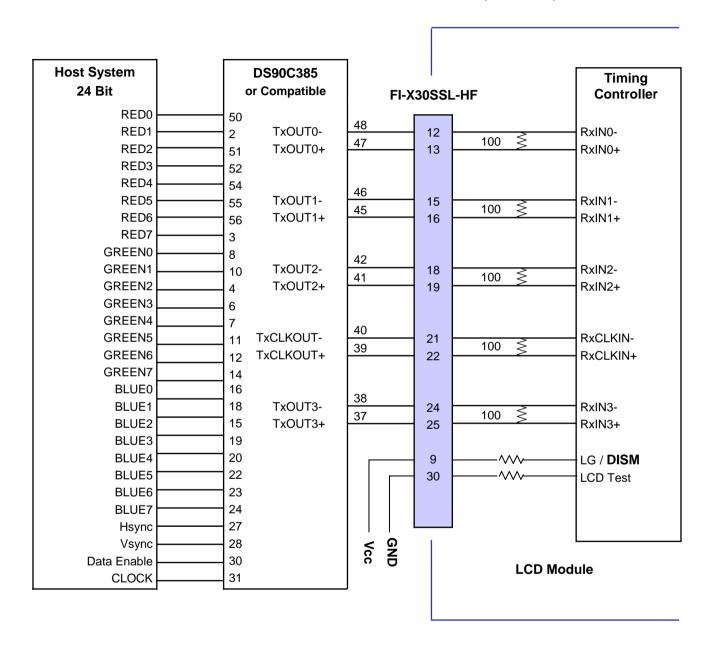


Note: 1. The LCD Module uses a 100 Ohm[] resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

- 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.



Table 5. REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS TRANSMITTER (Pin9="H")



- Note: 1. The LCD Module uses a 100 Ohm[] resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
 - 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
 - 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.



3-2-2. Backlight Inverter

Input Connector

-Inverter Connector : S14B-PHA-SM3-TB and S12-PHA-SM3-TB(manufactured by JST) or Equivalent

-Mating Connector: PHR14 (JST) & PHR12 (JST) or Equivalent

Table 6. INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGULATION

Pin	Symbol	Signal assignı	ment	Note
FIII	Symbol	Master(CN2)	Slave(CN3)	Note
1	VBL	24V Power Input	24V Power Input	
2	VBL	24V Power Input	24V Power Input	
3	VBL	24V Power Input	24V Power Input	
4	V BL	24V Power Input	24V Power Input	
5	VBL	24V Power Input	24V Power Input	
6	GND	GROUND	GROUND	
7	GND	GROUND	GROUND	
8	GND	GROUND	GROUND	1
9	GND	GROUND	GROUND	
10	GND	GROUND	GROUND	•
11	V _{BR} -A	Analog dimming Control signal	Don't care	0V(min) ~ 3.3V(max)
12	ON / OFF	Backlight ON/OFF control	Don't care	ON: 2.4 ~ 5.0V OFF: 0.0 ~ 0.6V
13	V _{BR} -B	PWM Duty Control signal	No Pin	0V(min) ~ 3.3V(max)
14	Status	Status	No pin	Upper 3.0V(Normal), Under 0.5V(Abnormal)

1. Connector

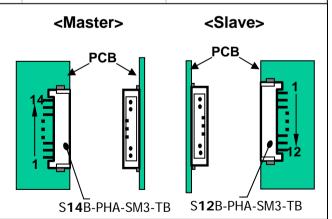
1) Connector(Receptacle)

: S14B-PHA-SM3-TB (JST) & S12B-PHA-SM3-TB (JST)

2) Mating Connector(Plug)

: PHR14 (JST) & PHR12 (JST)

* JST: Japan solderless Terminal Co., Ltd.



Note: 1. GND should be connected to the LCD module's metal frame.

 Minimum Brightness: VBR = 0.0V Maximum Brightness: VBR = 3.3V

3. Von : $3.0 \sim 5.0 \text{V}$ Voff : $-0.3 \sim 0.5 \text{V}$



3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of LVDS Transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

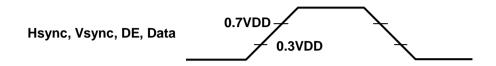
Table 7. TIMMING TABLE

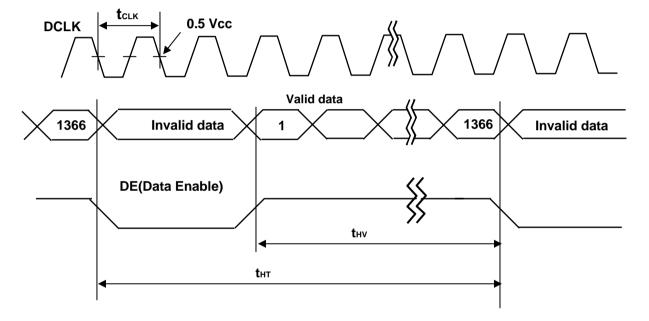
l-	ТЕМ	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Clock	Frequency	f _{CLK}	63	72.3	80	MHz	
	Frequency	f _H	39	47.4	53	KHZ	
Hsync	Display Valid	t _{HV}	1366	1366	1366	Clks	
,	Blank	t _{HT-} t _{HV}	80	162	474	Clks	
	Total	t _{HT}	1446	1528	1840	Clks	
	Frequency	f_{V}	47	60	63	HZ	
	Display Valid	t_{VV}	768	768	768	Lines	PAL:
Vsync	Blank	t _{VT} -t _{VV}	7	22	295	Lines	47~53Hz, NTSC : 57~63Hz
	Total	t _{VT}	775	790	1063	Lines	

Notes:

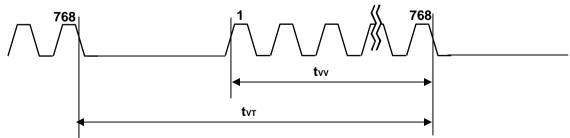
- 1. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics are may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.
- 2. Above timing table is only valid for DE Mode.

3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms











3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 8. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

													Inpu	ıt Co	olor	Data	a									
	Color					RE	D							GRE	EEN							BL	UE			
	Coloi		MS	B					LS	SB	MS	B					L	SB	MS	BB					L	SB
			R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1 I	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	В5	В4	ВЗ	В2	В1	В0
	Black		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED	RED (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (254)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																										
	GREEN (254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (000)	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																										
	BLUE (254)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3-6. Power Sequence

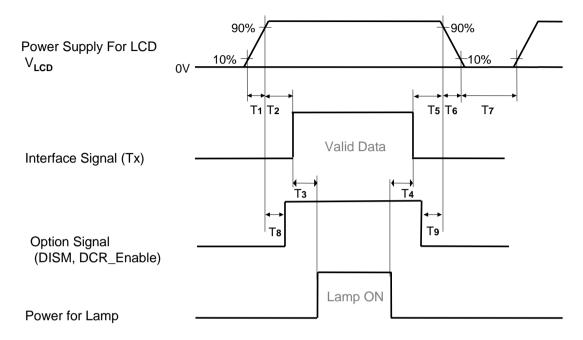


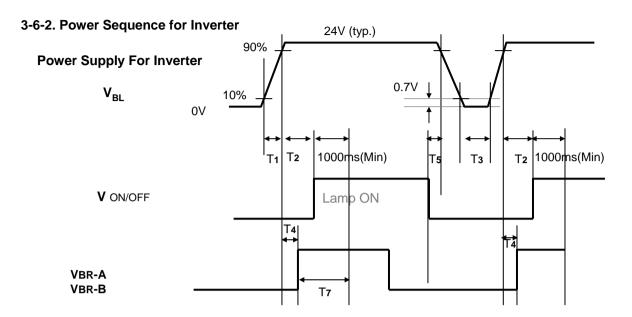
Table 9. POWER SEQUENCE

Danamatan		Value		1.1
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T1	1.0	-	20	ms
T2	5.0	-	50	ms
Т3	200	-	-	ms
T4	200	-	-	ms
T5	0.5	-	50	ms
Т6	-	-	300	ms
T7	2.0	-	-	S
Т8		0 < T8 < T2		ms
Т9		0 < T9 < T5		ms

Note:

- 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply V_{LCD} to 0V.
- 3. The case when the T2/T5 exceed maximum specification, it operates protection pattern(Black pattern) till valid signal inputted. There is no reliability problem.
- 4. The T3/T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
- 5. If the on time of option signal(DISM or Al_Enable) precedes the on time of Power(V_{LCD}), check the LCD logic Power(Vcc) is under 0.8V, otherwise it will be happened abnormal display.





3-6-3. Deep condition for Inverter

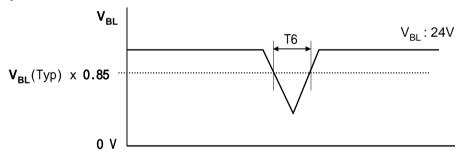


Table 10. Power Sequence for Inverter

Dorometer		Values		Llaita	Domorko
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Remarks
T1	20	-	-	ms	1
T2	500	-	-	ms	2
Т3	200	-	-	ms	
T4	0	-	-	ms	3
T5	10	-	-	ms	
T6	-	-	10	ms	V_{BL} (Тур) х 0.85
T7	1000	-	-	ms	4

Note: 1. T1 describes rising time of 0V to 24V and is not applied at restarting time.

- 2. When $V_{\rm BL}$ (24V) is supplied always, there is no reliability problem.
- 3. T4(max) is less than T2.
- 4.In T7 section, Vbr-B should be 3.3V in T4 section and Vbr-A recommend 1.65V.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' for 30min in a dark environment at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °.

It is presented additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method in FIG. 1.

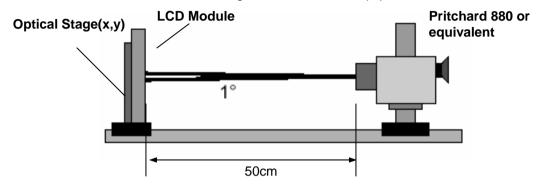


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 11. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta= 25 ± 2 °C, V_{LCD}=12.0V, fv=60Hz, Dclk=72MHz, VBR =3.3V Dynamic CR : Disabled

						•		
De	wa wa a ta u	C:			Value		Linit	Nata
Pa	rameter	Syr	nbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio		С	R	700	1000			1
Contrast Ratio		CR _D (V	Vith AI)	1400	2000		1	
Surface Lumina	ance, white	L _{WH} δ _{WHITE} 5P		400	500		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Va	riation					1.3		3
Response Time	Gray to Gray		-	-	6	10	mx	
	RED	ı	Rx		0.640			
			Ry		0.341			
	GREEN		Gx		0.287]		
Color		Gy		Тур	0.615	Тур		
Coordinates [CIE1931]	BLUE		Вх	-0.03	0.145	+0.03		
			Ву		0.061]		
	WHITE	\	٧x		0.285]		
		1	Ny]	0.293]		
Viewing Angle	(CR>10)							
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	()r	85	89	-		
	x axis, left (φ=180°)	(el e	85	89	-]	_
	y axis, up (φ=90°)	ϵ)u	85	89	-	degree	5
	y axis, down (φ=270°)	ϵ)d	85	89	-	1	
Gray Scale								6



Notes 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio = Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

It is measured at the center point(1).

CRD is measured when Dynamic CR is enabled.

- Surface luminance is luminance value at the center point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white.For more information, see FIG 2.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as : $\delta \, \text{WHITE(5P)} = \text{Maximum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, \, L_{on3}, \, \, , \, L_{on5}) \, / \, \text{Minimum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, \, L_{on3}, \, \, , \, L_{on5}) \, / \, \text{Where L}_{on1} \, \text{to L}_{on5} \, \text{are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations .} \\ \text{For more information, see FIG 2.}$
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. (N<M)
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information, see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see Table 12.

Table 12. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ) Without DCR	Luminance [%] (Typ) With DCR
LO	0.10	0.05
L15	0.32	0.33
L31	1.10	1.10
L47	2.60	2.81
L63	4.90	5.40
L79	8.10	8.5
L95	12.1	12.4
L111	16.7	16.7
L127	21.6	21.3
L143	28.0	27.4
L159	35.4	34.6
L175	43.9	43.0
L191	53.3	52.4
L207	64.1	63.0
L223	75.8	74.5
L239	88.0	86.8
L255	100	100



Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation

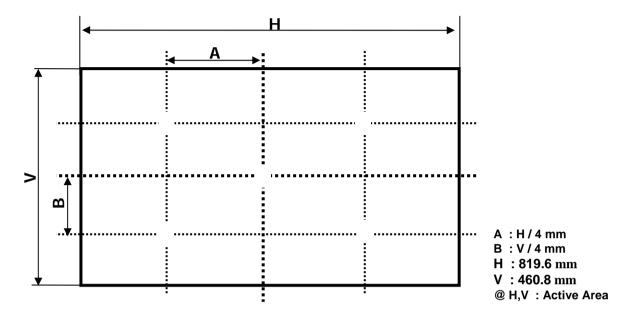


FIG. 2 Measure Point for Luminance

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

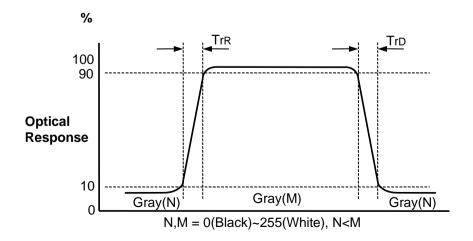


FIG. 3 Response Time

Dimension of viewing angle range

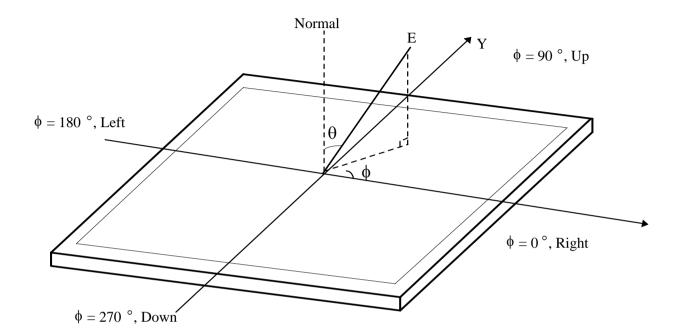


FIG. 4 Viewing angle



5. Mechanical Characteristics

The following items provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD module.

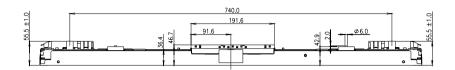
Table 13. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

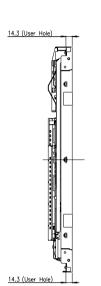
	Horizontal	877.0 mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical	516.8 mm		
	Depth	55.5 mm		
Bezel Area	Horizontal	828.6mm		
Dezel Alea	Vertical	469.8mm		
Active Display Area	Horizontal	819.6mm		
Active display Area	Vertical	460.8mm		
Weight	9,500 (Typ.)/10,000(Max)			
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarize	er		

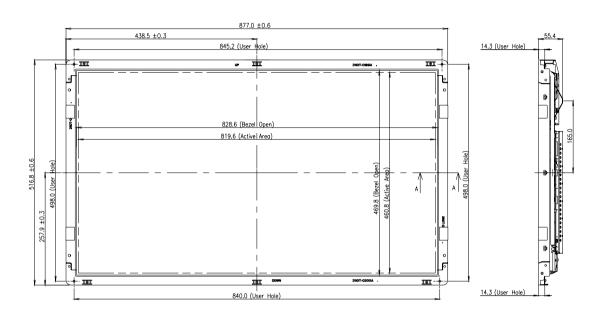
Note: Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.



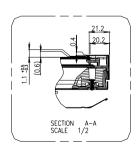
<FRONT VIEW>





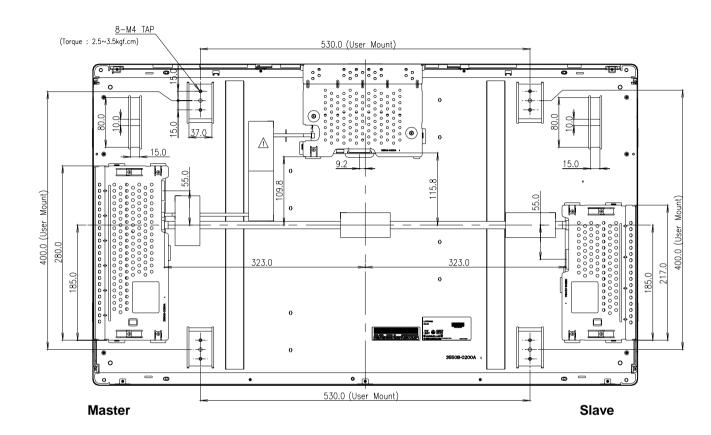




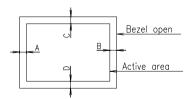




<REAR VIEW>



- Unspecified tolerances are to be ±0.5mm.
 This drawing is only preliminary data and can be changed without previous
 Tilt and partial disposition tolerance of display area are as following.
 X-Direction: IA-BI ≤ 1.5mm
 Y-Direction: IC-DI ≤ 1.5mm





6. Reliability

Table 14. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 50°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 40°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth : 10-500Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 10 min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 100G Waveform : half sine wave, 2ms Direction : ±X, ±Y, ±Z One time each direction
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C, 90%RH
8	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 14,000 feet(4267.2m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12192m)



7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60065, 7th Edition, dated June 30, 2003, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60065:03, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.
- c) IEC60065:2001, 7th Edition CB-scheme and EN 60065:2002,

Safety requirements for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus..

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) CISPR22 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH) D: YEAR

E: MONTH $F \sim M$: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	C

3. FACTORY CODE

Factory Code	Gumi	Nanjing	Paju		
Mark	K	С	Р		

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 5 pcs

b) Box Size: 973mm X 493mm X 577mm



9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm 200 \text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)

 And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.



9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normalhexane.