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		AVC Liquid Crystal Display GROUP SHARP CORPORATION	APPLICABLE GROUP AVC Liquid Crystal Display
		SPECIFICATION	Group
		DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR  TFT-LCD Modu  MODEL No.	ule

PRESENTED for BY 4 Inaba

**SHARP** Corporation

Department General Manager

Development Engineering Department 2

AVC Liquid Crystal Display Division

AVC Liquid Crystal Display Group

☐ CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL

DATE

BY

# **RECORDS OF REVISION**

# LQ150X1LW71

SPEC No.	DATE	REVISED		SUMMARY	NOTE
		No.	PAGE		
LD-14309	Mar. 19. 2002				1st Issue
LD-14309A	Jul.11.2002	1	5	Change Operating Temperature	
			7	Add Max Lamp voltage/power consumption	
			11	Add Min.Contrast Ratio	
			11	Change Response Time	
			16	Change Outline Drawing	
LD-14309B	Sep.19.2002	2	4	Add Data Mapping Chart	
			5	Add LVDS interface Block diagram	
					1

#### 1. Application

This specification applies to the color 15.0 XGA TFT-LCD module LQ150X1LW71.

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In case of using the device for applications such as control and safety equipment for transportation(aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.), rescue and security equipment and various safety related equipment which require higher reliability and safety, take into consideration that appropriate measures such as fail-safe functions and redundant system design should be taken.

Do not use the device for equipment that requires an extreme level of reliability, such as aerospace applications, telecommunication equipment(trunk lines), nuclear power control equipment and medical or other equipment for life support.

SHARP assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the device which does not comply with the instructions and the precautions specified in these technical literature sheets.

Contact and consult with a SHARP sales representative for any questions about this device.

#### 2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (<u>Thin Film Transistor</u>). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit and a back light unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a  $1024 \times RGB \times 768$  dots panel with about 16 million colors by using LVDS (<u>Low Voltage Differential Signaling</u>) and supplying +3.3V DC supply voltages for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for backlight.

It is a wide viewing-angle-module

(Vertical viewing angle:170 ° Horizontal viewing angle:170 ° ,CR 10).

# 3. Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	38 (Diagonal)	cm
	15.0 (Diagonal)	Inch
Active area	304.1 (H) × 228.1 (V)	mm
Pixel format	1024 (H) × 768 (V)	Pixel
	(1  pixel = R+G+B  dots)	
Pixel pitch	0.297 (H) × 0.297 (V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R, G, B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally black	
Unit outline dimensions *1	$331.6(W) \times 254.76(H) \times 12.5(D)$	mm
Mass	1300(MAX)	g
Surface treatment	Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H	
	(Haze value = 25)	

<sup>\*1.</sup>Note: excluding back light cables.

The thickness of module (D) doesn't contain the projection.

Outline dimensions are shown in Fig.1.

# 4. Input Terminals

# 4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

CN1 (Interface signals and +3.3V DC power supply)

Using connectors : DF14H-20P-1.25H (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.)

Corresponding connectors : DF14-20S-1.25C(Connector)

DF14-2628SCFA(Terminal)

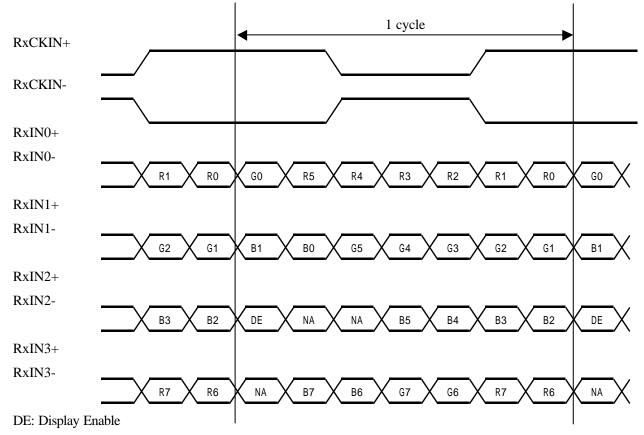
Using LVDS Receiver : Contained in a control IC. [THC63LVDF84A(Thine) compatible]

Corresponding LVDS Transmitter : THC63LVDM83R(Thine) or compatible

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	Vcc	+3V Power supply	
2	Vcc	+3V Power supply	
3	GND	Ground	
4	GND	Ground	
5	Rx0-	LVDS CH0 data signal (-)	LVDS
6	Rx0+	LVDS CH0 data signal (+)	LVDS
7	GND	Ground	
8	Rx1-	LVDS CH1 data signal (-)	LVDS
9	Rx1+	LVDS CH1 data signal (+)	LVDS
10	GND	Ground	
11	Rx2-	LVDS CH2 data signal (-)	LVDS
12	Rx2+	LVDS CH2 data signal (+)	LVDS
13	GND	Ground	
14	CK-	LVDS CK- data signal (-)	LVDS
15	CK+	LVDS CK+ data signal (+)	LVDS
16	GND	Ground	
17	Rx3-	LVDS CH3 data signal (-)	LVDS
18	Rx3+	LVDS CH3 data signal (+)	LVDS
19	GND	Ground	
20	GND	Ground	

DATA Mapping 2

Mapping 2		1
	mitter	Input Signal
Pin No.	Data	input arginu
51	TA0	R() (LSB)
52	TA1	R1
54	TA2	R2
55	TA3	R3
56	TA4	R4
3	TA5	R5
4	TA6	G0 (LSB)
6	TB0	G1
7	TB1	G2
11	TB2	G3
12	TB3	G4
14	TB4	G5
15	TB5	B0 (LSB)
19	TB6	B1
20	TC0	B2
22	TC1	В3
23	TC2	В4
24	TC3	B5
27	TC4	(NA)
28	TC5	(NA)
30	TC6	DE
50	TD0	R6
2	TD1	R7 (MSB)
8	TD2	G6
10	TD3	G7 (MSB)
16	TD4	В6
18	TD5	B7 (MSB)
25	TD6	(NA)



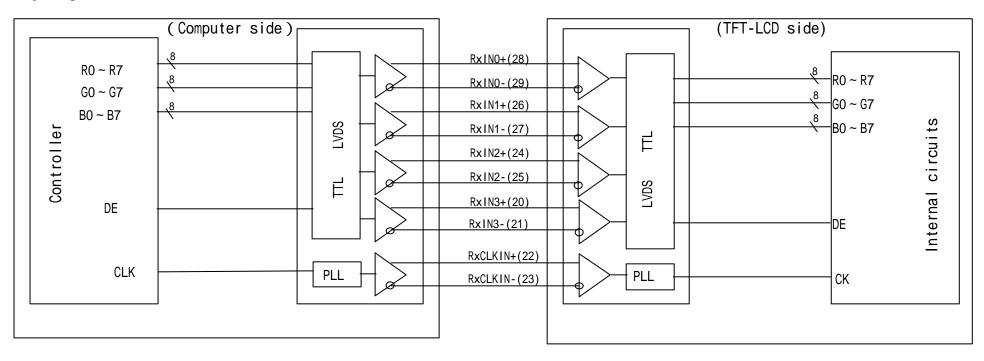
NA: Not Available

# 4-2 Interface block diagram

2

Using receiver: Contained in a control IC.

Corresponding Transmitter: THC63LVDM83A(THine electronics), DS90C383, DS90C383A(National semiconductor)



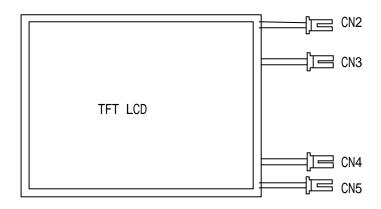
# 4-2. Backlight

# CN 2, 3, 4, 5

The module-side connector : BHSR-02VS-1 (JST)

The user-side connector : SM02B-BHSS-1-TB (JST)

Pin no.	symbol	Function										
1	$V_{\mathrm{H}}$	Power supply for lamp	(High voltage side)									
2	GND	Ground										



5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Supply voltage	Vcc	Ta=25	0 ~ +4.0	٧	
Storage temperature	$T_{STG}$	-	- 25 ~ + 60		[Note1]
Operating temperature (Ambient)	$T_{OPA}$	-	0 ~ +50 (Module Panel side.)		
			0 ~ +70 (Module circuit board side.)		1

[Note1] Humidity: 95%RH Max. (Ta 40)

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 or less. ( Ta>40 )

No condensation.

# 6. Electrical Characteristics

#### 6-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Vcc	Supply voltage	Vcc	+3.0	+3.3	+3.6	V	【Note1】
	Current dissipation	Icc	-	630	1000	mA	[Note2]
Permis	ssive input ripple voltage	$V_{RF}$	1	-	100	mVp-p	Vcc=+3.3V
Termi	nate Resister	$R_{T}$		100			

# [Note1]

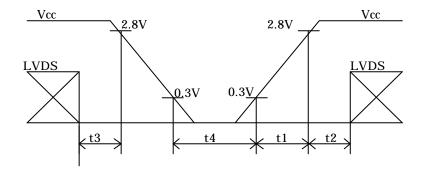
 $\boldsymbol{1}$  ) On-off sequences of Vcc and data

0 < t1 60ms

0 < t2 10ms

0 t3 1s

t4 100ms



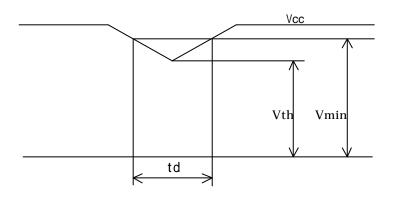
2 ) Dip conditions for supply voltage

Vmin, Vth=3.0V, 2.5V

1) Vth Vcc < Vmin td 10ms

2)  $Vcc \le Vth$ 

The LCD module shuts down.



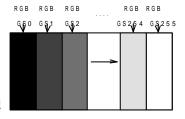
[Note2] Typical current situation : 256-gray-bar pattern

Vcc=+3.3V, CK=65MHz

Gray scale: GS(n)

n=0 ~ 255

The explanation of each gray scale, GS(n), is described below section 8.



#### 6-2. Backlight

The back light system is an edge-lighting type with 4 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

The characteristics of the lamp are shown in the following table.

The value mentioned below is at the case of one CCFT.

CCFT Model Name: KTBE24MSTF-A314NE212-Z (STANLEY ELECTRIC CO., LTD.)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Lamp current range	IL	3.5	6.5	7.5	mArms	[Note1]
Lamp voltage	$V_{\rm L}$	-	615	700	Vrms	Ta=25 ,IL=6.5mArms 1
Lamp power consumption	$P_{L}$	-	4.0	4.55	W	[Note2], IL=6.5mArms 1
Lamp frequency	FL	40	60	70	KHz	[Note3]
Kick-off voltage	Vs	1	•	1080	Vrms	Ta=25 Note4
		1	•	1480	Vrms	Ta=0 【Note4】
Lamp life time	$T_{\rm L}$	50,000	•	-	Hour	[Note5]

[ Note1 ] A lamp can be light in the range of lamp current shown above.

Maximum rating for current is measured by high frequency current measurement equipment connected to  $V_{LOW}$  at circuit showed below.

(Note: To keep enough kick-off voltage and necessary steady voltage for CCFT.)

Lamp frequency: 40 ~ 70kHz

Ambient temperature : 0 ~ 50

CN2 ~5:1pin

CN2 ~5:2pin

A

GND

CN2 ~5:2pin

[Note2] Referential data per one CCFT by calculation (IL × VL).

The data does not include loss at inverter.

- [Note3] Lamp frequency of inverter may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause horizontal beat on the display. Therefore, adjust lamp frequency, and keep inverter as far as from module or use electronic shielding between inverter and module to avoid interference.
- Note4 Kick-off voltage value is described as the index in the state of lamp only.

The kick-off voltage is estimated to be risen up as approx. +200V in the state of module only, and the further rise up can be seen according to the assembling status of user cabinet. Please set the kick-off voltage of inverter to avoid the lighting failures in the state of operation. Please design the inverter so that its open output voltage can be connected for more than 1 second to startup. Otherwise, the lamp may not be turned on. But, please set as 100ms when the ambient luminance around the lamp is more than 1 lux.

Brightness becomes 50% of the original value under standard condition.

Kick-off voltage at Ta=0 exceeds maximum value, 1480Vrms.

#### 《Note》

The performance of the backlight, for example lifetime or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. When you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

Use the lamp inverter power source incorporating such safeguard as overvoltage / overcurrent protective circuit or lamp voltage waveform detection circuit, which should have individual control of each lamp.

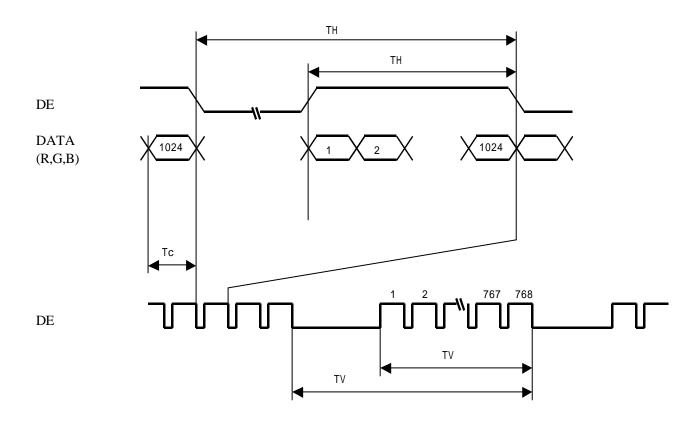
In case one circuit without such individual control is connected to more than two lamps, excessive current may flow into one lamp when the other one is not in operation.

# 7. Timing characteristics of input signals

# 7-1-1. Timing characteristics

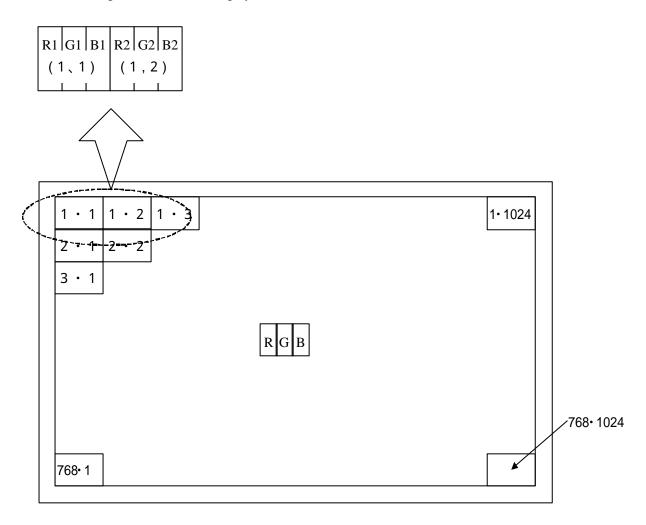
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Frequency	1/Tc	60	65	85	MHz	
Horizontal period	TH	1056	1344	1720	clock	
		16.0	20.7	23.4	μs	
Horizontal period (High)	THd	1024		1024	clock	
Vertical period	TV	773	806	1008	line	[ Note ]
		13.3	16.7	18.1	ms	
Vertical period (High)	TVd	768		768	line	

[Note] In case of using the long vertical period, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc. may occur.



7-2 Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen

Graphics and texts can be displayed on a  $1024 \times RGB \times 768$  dots panel with 16M colors by supplying 24 bit data signal (8bit/color [253 gray scales]  $\times$  3).



Display Position of Data (V,H)

8. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

0. 11	iput Bigii	, D	1510 1	Data signal																						
	Colors &	Gray																								
	Gray	Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	В0	B1	B2	В3	В4	B5	В6	В7
	Black	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1
В	Green	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Color	Cyan	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colo	Red	-	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
r	Magenta	-	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	-	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	-	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G	仓	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Red	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	仓	<b>V</b>				`	L								L							`	V			
of F	Û	<b>V</b>				`	ν <u></u>							\	↓ ↓											
₹ed	Brighter	GS250	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	GS251	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS252	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gra	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay So	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale c	Û	<u> </u>				`	V							`	V							`	V			
Gray Scale of Green	Û	<u> </u>					ν <u> </u>								ν <u> </u>								ν <u> </u>			
een	Brighter	GS250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	GS251		0	0	0	0	0		0		1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS252	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gr	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay So	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Blue	Û	<b>→</b>	<b>↓</b>								ν								ν							
of Bl	Û	<b>→</b>	↓							ν <u> </u>								<b>ν</b>			$\dashv$					
lue	Brighter	GS250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Û	GS251	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue	GS252	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1

<sup>0:</sup> Low level voltage,

Each basic color can be displayed in 253 gray scales from 8 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 24 bit data signals, the 16-million-color display can be achieved on the screen.

<sup>1 :</sup> High level voltage.

X :Don't care.

# 9. Optical Characteristics

Ta=25 , Vcc = +3.3V

					I		1	-23 , <b>vec</b> -13.3 <b>v</b>
Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing	Vertical	11	CR 10	70	85	-	Deg.	[Note1,4]
angle		12		70	85	ı	Deg.	
range	Horizontal	21, 22		70	85	ı	Deg.	
Contrast ratio		C R	=0 °	300	400	ı		【Note2,4】 1
Response Time		Td+Tr		-	25	55	ms	【Note3,4】 1
Chromaticity of		Wx		0.283	0.313	0.343	-	【Note4】
White		Wy		0.299	0.329	0.359	-	
Chromaticity of		Rx		0.608	0.638	0.668	-	
Red		Ry		0.309	0.339	0.369	-	
Chromaticity of		Gx		0.250	0.280	0.310	-	
Green		Gy		0.570	0.600	0.630	-	
Chromaticity of		Bx		0.114	0.144	0.174	-	
Blue		Ву		0.057	0.087	0.117	-	
Luminance of white		YL		200	250	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	(IL=6.5mA rms
								FL=60kHz)
								[Note4]
White Uniformity		W		-	-	1.25	-	[Note5]

The measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after lighting at rating.

The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the method shown in Fig.2 below.

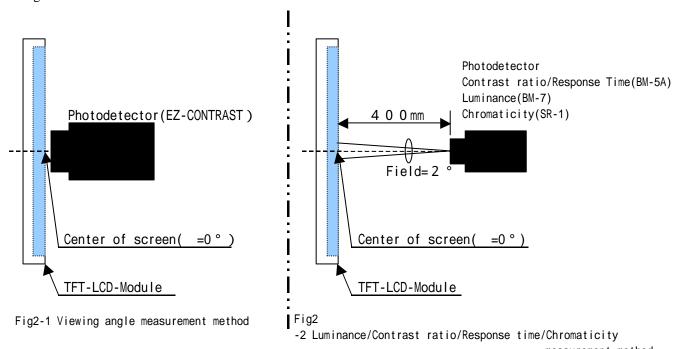
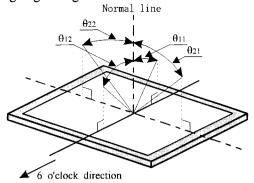


Fig2 Optical characteristics measurement

# [Note1] Definitions of viewing angle range:

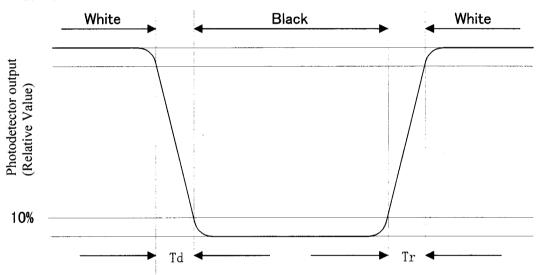


## [Note2] Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

# [Note3] Definition of response time:

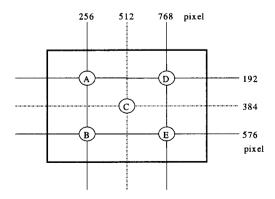
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



#### [Note4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

# [Note5] Definition of white uniformity:

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements  $(A \sim E)$ .



 $\delta w = \frac{\text{Maximum Luminance of five points (brightness)}}{\text{Minimum Luminance of five points (brightness)}}$ 

#### 10. Handling Precautions

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarize is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- d) Since long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe off water drop immediately.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.
- h) Make sure the four mounting holes of the module are grounded sufficiently. Take electro-magnetic interference (EMI) into consideration.
- i) The module has some printed circuit boards (PCBs) on the back side. Take care to keep them form any stress or pressure when handling or installing the module; otherwise some of electronic parts on the PCBs may be damaged.
- j) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- k) When some pressure is added onto the module from rear side constantly, it causes display non-uniformity issue, functional defect, etc. So, please avoid such design.
- When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.

#### 11. Packing form

- a) Piling number of cartons: maximum 5 cartons
- b) Packing quantity in one carton: 5 module
- c) Carton size :  $317mm(W) \times 402mm(H) \times 272mm(D)$
- d) Total mass of one carton filled with full modules: 8.2kg
- e) Packing form is shown in Fig.3

#### 12 · Reliability test items

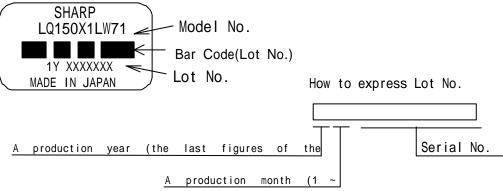
No.	Test item	Conditions				
1	High temperature storage test	Ta = 60 240h				
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta = -25 240h				
3	High temperature	Ta = 40 ; 95% RH 240h				
	& high humidity operation test	(No condensation)				
4	High temperature operation test	Ta = 50 240h				
		(The panel temp. must be less than 60 )				
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta = 0 240H				
6	Vibration test	Frequency: 10 ~ 57Hz/Vibration width (one side): 0.075mm				
	(non- operating)	: 58 ~ 500Hz/Gravity : 9.8m/s <sup>2</sup>				
		Wave form: sin wave				
		Sweep time: 11minutes				
		Test period: 3 hours				
		(1 hour for each direction of X,Y,Z)				
7	Shock test	Max. gravity: 490m/s <sup>2</sup>				
	(non- operating)	Pulse width: 11ms, sine wave				
		Direction: $\pm X$ , $\pm Y$ , $\pm Z$ ,				
		once for each direction.				

#### 【Result Evaluation Criteria】

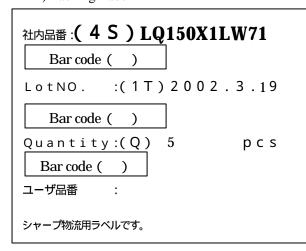
Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change which may affect practical display function.

#### 13 . Others

1) Lot No. and indication Bar Code Label:



#### 2) Packing Label



Model No. (LQ150X1LW71)

Lot No. (Date)

Quantity

- 3) Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- 4) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.
- 5) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.
- 6) The chemical compound which causes the destruction of ozone layer is not being used.
- 7) Warning of mercury and material information of LPG (Light Pipe Guide) are labeled on the back of the module.

# MATERIAL INFORMATION >PLASTIC LIGHT GUIDE:PMMA<

8)Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD PANEL contains a small amount of mercury, Please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal. (put on the back of the module.)

COLD CATHODE FLUORESCENT LAMP IN LCD PANEL CONTAINS A SMALL AMOUNT OF MERCURY, PLEASE FOLLOW LOCAL ORDINANCES OR REGULATION FOR DISPOSAL 当該液晶ディスプレイパネルは蛍光管が組み込まれていますので、地方自治体の条例、または、規則に従って廃棄ください。

9) When any question or issue occurs, it shall be solved by mutual discussion.

#### Carton storage condition

Temperature 0 to 40 Humidity 95%RH or less

Reference condition: 20 to 35, 85%RH or less (summer)

to 15, 85%RH or less (winter)

• the total storage time (40 ,95%RH): 240H or less

Sunlight Be sure to shelter a product from the direct sunlight.

Atmosphere Harmful gas, such as acid and alkali which bites electronic components and/or

wires must not be detected.

Notes Be sure to put cartons on palette or base, don't put it on floor, and store them with

removing from wall

Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control

changing temperature is within limits of natural environment

Storage period 1 year

