



# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

<b>( •</b> )	Preliminary	<b>Specification</b>
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( ) Final Specification

Title	14.0" HD TFT LC	D
Customer	SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
MODEL	*MODEL	LP140WHU
	Suffix	TI B1

<sup>\*</sup>When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

	APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE				
-	1					
-	/					
_	1					
Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.						

	APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
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Ver. 1.0 Mar. 29, 2013 1 / 27



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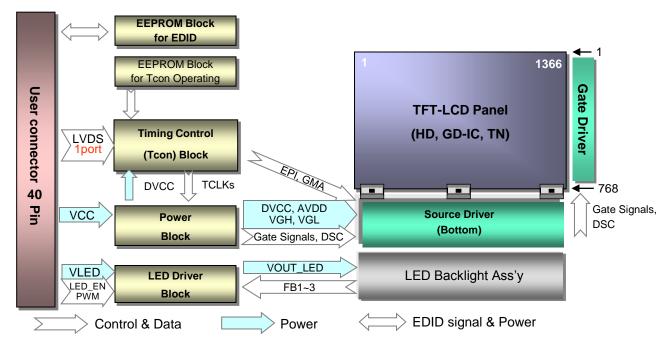
# **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0	Aug 23. 2012	-	First Draft (Preliminary Specification)	-
0.1	Sep. 27. 2012	25-27	Update the EDID (Color coordinates)	0.1
1.0	Mar. 29, 2013	-	Final Draft	1.0
<b> </b>				
				<b></b>
				<b></b>



### 1. General Description

The LP140WHU is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral LED backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 14.0 inches diagonally measured active display area with HD resolution (1366 horizontal by 768 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue subpixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors. The LP140WHU has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI. The LP140WHU is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the subpixels, the LP140WHU characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



### **General Features**

Active Screen Size	14.0 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	320.4(H, typ) × 198.1(V, typ) × 3.0(D,max) [mm] (with PCB Board)
Pixel Pitch	0.2265mm × 0.2265 mm
Pixel Format	1366 horiz. by 768 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	200 cd/m <sup>2</sup>
Power Consumption	Total 3.2W (Typ.) Logic : 0.4W (Typ.@ Mosaic), B/L : 2.8W (Typ.@ VLED 12V )
Weight	270g (Max.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare treatment of the front Polarizer
RoHS Compliance	Yes
BFR/PVC/As Free	Yes for all



### 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

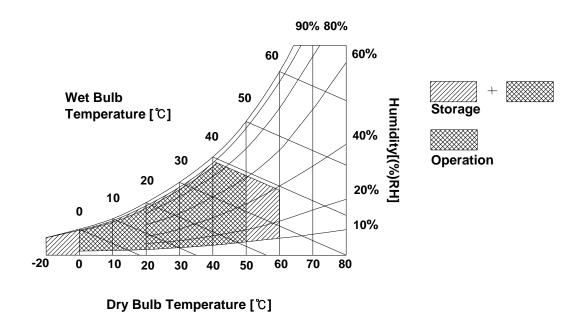
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

**Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** 

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
Farameter	Syllibol	Min	Max	Offics		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.





# 3. Electrical Specifications

### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP140WHU requires two power inputs. The first logic is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second backlight is the input about LED BL with LED Driver.

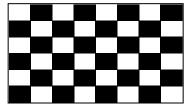
Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Complete		Values		11:4	Notes
		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
LOGIC:							
Power Supply Input Voltage		Vcc	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	1
Power Supply Input Current	Power Supply Input Current Mosaic		-	130	150	mA	2
Power Consumption		Pcc	-	0.4	0.5	W	2
Power Supply Inrush Current		ICC_P	-	-	1500	mA	3
LVDS Impedance		ZLVDS	90	100	110	Ω	4
BACKLIGHT : ( with LED Drive	r)						
LED Power Input Voltage		VLED	6.0	12.0	21.0	V	5
LED Power Input Current	LED Power Input Current			235	250	mA	6
LED Power Consumption	LED Power Consumption		-	2.8	3.0	W	6
LED Power Inrush Current		ILED_P	-	-	2000	mA	7
PWM Duty Ratio			5	-	100	%	8
PWM Jitter		-	0	-	0.2	%	9
PWM Impedance		Zрwм	20	40	60	kΩ	
PWM Frequency		Fрwм	200	-	1000	Hz	10
PWM High Level Voltage		V <sub>PWM_H</sub>	3.0	-	3.6	V	
PWM Low Level Voltage		$V_{PWM\_L}$	0	-	0.3	V	
LED_EN Impedance		Zрwм	20	40	60	kΩ	
LED_EN High Voltage		VLED_EN_H	3.0	-	3.6	V	
LED_EN Low Voltage		VLED_EN_L	0	-	0.3	V	
Life Time			15,000	-	-	Hrs	11

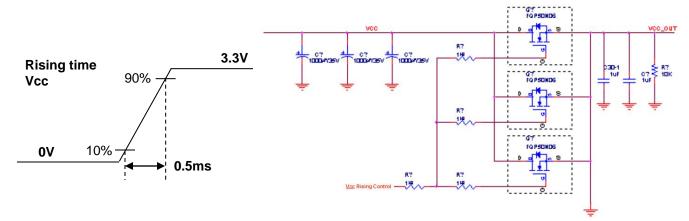


#### Note)

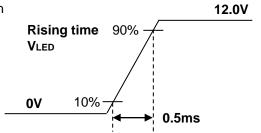
- 1. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under 25 ℃, fv = 60Hz, Black pattern.
- 2. The specified lcc current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V,  $25^{\circ}C$ , fv = 60Hz condition and Mosaic pattern.



- 3. This Spec. is the max load condition for the cable impedance designing.
- 4. The below figures are the measuring Vcc condition and the Vcc control block LGD used. The Vcc condition is same as the minimum of T1 at Power on sequence.



- 5. This impedance value is needed for proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 6. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under 25 °C.
- 7. The current and power consumption with LED Driver are under the Vled = 12.0V, 25°C, Dimming of Max luminance and White pattern with the normal frame frequency operated(60Hz).
- The below figures are the measuring VIed condition and the VIed control block LGD used.
   VLED control block is same with Vcc control block.



- 9. The operation of LED Driver below minimum dimming ratio may cause flickering or reliability issue.
- 10. If Jitter of PWM is bigger than maximum, it may induce flickering.
- 11. This Spec. is not effective at 100% dimming ratio as an exception because it has DC level equivalent to 0Hz. In spite of acceptable range as defined, the PWM Frequency should be fixed and stable for more consistent brightness control at any specific level desired.
- 12. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of LCD is 50% compare to that of minimum value specified in table 7. under general user condition.



### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 40 pin connector used for the module electronics interface and the other connector used for the integral backlight system.

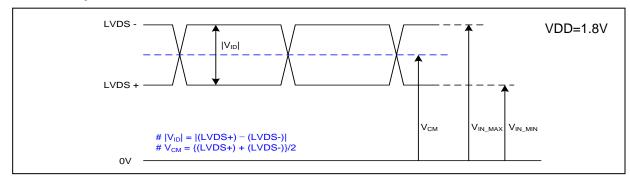
Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	NC	No Connection	[Interface Chip]
2	vcc	LCD Logic and driver power (3.3V Typ.)	1. LCD :
3	vcc	LCD Logic and driver power (3.3V Typ.)	TLI, TL2356EP(LCD Controller)
4	V EEDID	DDC Power (3.3V)	Including LVDS Receiver.
5	NC NC	No Connection	2. System : TLI LVDSRx or equivalent
6	Clk EEDID	DDC Clock	* Pin to Pin compatible with LVDS
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	
8	ORX0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	[Connector]
9	ORX0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	Hirose KN38-40S-0.5H
10	GND	High Speed Ground	
11	ORX1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	[Connector pin arrangement]
12	ORX1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	40
13	GND	High Speed Ground	40
14	ORX2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	<del>                                   </del>
15	ORX2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
16	GND	High Speed Ground	[LCD Module Rear View]
17	ORXC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	[202000 1.00]
18	ORXC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	
19	GND	High Speed Ground	
20	NC NC	No Connection	
21	NC NC	No Connection	
22	GND	High Speed Ground	
23	NC NC	No Connection	
24	NC NC	No Connection	
25	GND	High Speed Ground	
26	NC NC	No Connection	
27	NC	No Connection	
28	GND	High Speed Ground	
29	NC NC	No Connection	
30	NC	No Connection	
31	GND	LED Backlight Ground	
32	GND	LED Backlight Ground	
33	GND	LED Backlight Ground	
34	NC NC	No Connection	
35	PWM	System PWM Signal input for dimming	
36	LED_EN	LED Backlight On/Off	
37	NC	No Connection	
38	VLED	LED Backlight Power (6V-21V)	
39	VLED	LED Backlight Power (6V-21V)	
40	VLED	LED Backlight Power (6V-21V)	
		<u> </u>	



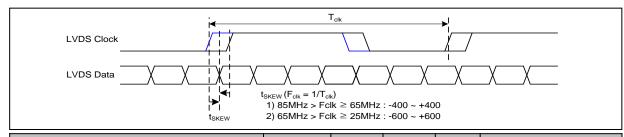
# 3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications

# 3-3-1. DC Specification



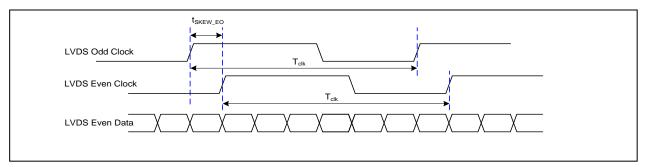
Description	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	100	-	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	$V_{CM}$	V <sub>ID</sub>   /2	1.2	VDD-  V <sub>ID</sub>  /2	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	0.3	-	VDD	٧	-

# 3-3-2. AC Specification

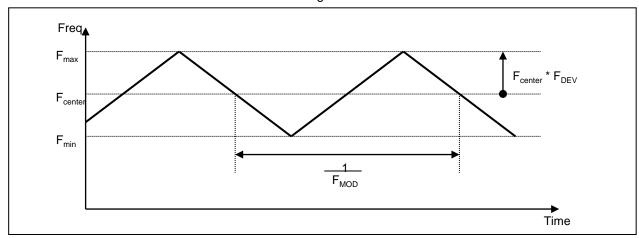


Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skow Margin	t <sub>SKEW</sub>	- 400	+ 400	ps	85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t <sub>SKEW</sub>	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 25MHz
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t <sub>SKEW_EO</sub>	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T <sub>clk</sub>	-
Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC	F <sub>DEV</sub>	-	± 3	%	-
Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC	F <sub>MOD</sub>	-	200	KHz	-





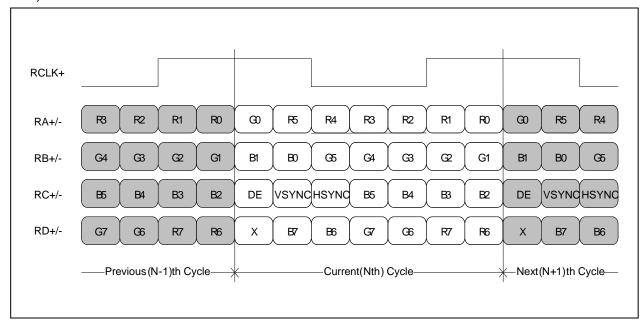
< Clock skew margin between channel >



< Spread Spectrum >

### 3-3-3. Data Format

# 1) LVDS 1 Port



< LVDS Data Format >



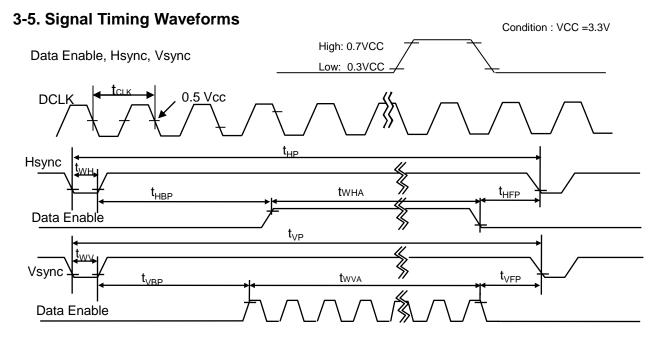
### 3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

**ITEM Symbol** Min Max Unit Note Тур **DCLK** Frequency 76.3 MHz  $f_{CLK}$ Period 1586 1610 1632  $t_{HP}$ Hsync Width 32 32 48 tCLK  $t_{WH}$ Width-Active 1366 1366 1366  $t_{WHA}$ Period  $t_{\text{VP}}$ 780 790 796 Vsync Width 3 5 7 tHP  $t_{WV}$ Width-Active 768 768 768  $t_{WVA}$ Horizontal back porch 156 164 170  $t_{HBP}$ tCLK Horizontal front porch 32 48 48  $t_{HFP}$ Data Enable 7 Vertical back porch  $\mathbf{t}_{\text{VBP}}$ 14 16 tHP Vertical front porch 2 3 5  $t_{VFP}$ 

**Table 4. TIMING TABLE** 

**Appendix)** all reliabilities are specified for timing specification based on refresh rate of 60Hz. However, LP140WHU has a good actual performance even at lower refresh rate (e.g. 40Hz or 50Hz) for power saving mode, whereas LP140WHU is secured only for function under lower refresh rate. 60Hz at Normal mode, 50Hz, 40Hz at Power save mode. Don't care Flicker level (power save mode).





### 3-6. Color Input Data Reference

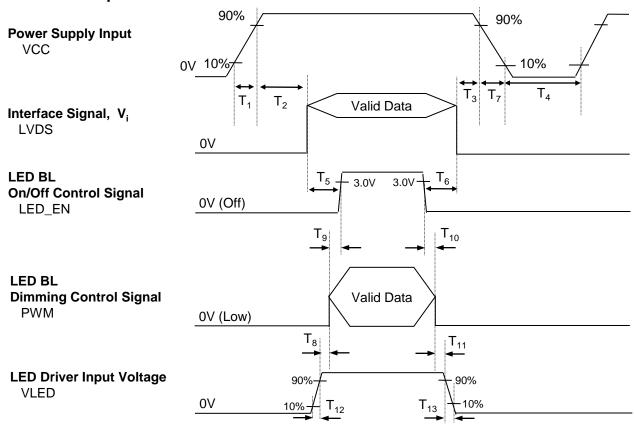
The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 5. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
	Color			RE	Đ					GRI	EEN					BL	UE		
		MSE					LSB	-					LSB	MSE					LSB
	I	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	В3	B 2	B 1	В 0
	Black	0				0	0	0	0		0		0	0	0	0		0	0
	Red	1 	1	1		1	1	0	0		0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0			0	0	0	1				1	1	0		0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	1	. 1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1		. 1		1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED		ļ																	
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																			
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE		ļ						ļ			 						 		
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1



### 3-7. Power Sequence



**Table 6. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE** 

Logic		Value		Linita	LED		Value		Linita
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
T <sub>1</sub>	0.5	-	10	ms	T <sub>8</sub>	10	-	-	ms
T <sub>2</sub>	0	1	50	ms	T <sub>9</sub>	0	-	-	ms
T <sub>3</sub>	0	1	50	ms	T <sub>10</sub>	0	1	-	ms
T <sub>4</sub>	400	1	ı	ms	T <sub>11</sub>	10	1	-	ms
T <sub>5</sub>	200	-	-	ms	T <sub>12</sub>	0.5	-	-	ms
T <sub>6</sub>	200	-	-	ms	T <sub>13</sub>	0	-	5000	ms
T <sub>7</sub>	3	-	10	ms					

### Note)

- 1. Do not insert the mating cable when system turn on.
- 2. Valid Data have to meet "3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications"
- 3. LVDS, LED\_EN and PWM need to be on pull-down condition on invalid status.
- 4. LGD recommend the rising sequence of VLED after the Vcc and valid status of LVDS turn on.



### 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 20 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to  $0^{\circ}$ .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

Optical Stage(x,y)

1°

500mm±50mm

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V,  $f_{V}=60Hz$ ,  $f_{CLK}=76.3MHz$ 

<b>D</b> .	0 1 1		Values	·		-00112, 1 <sub>CLK</sub> - 70.5141112
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	300	350	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	$L_WH$	170	200	[ <u>-</u>	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	δ <sub>WHITE (5P)</sub>	-	1.2	1.4	_	3
	δ <sub>WHITE(13P)</sub>	-	1.4	1.6		
Response Time	$\operatorname{Tr}_{R}$ $\operatorname{Tr}_{D}$	-	16	25	ms	4
Color Coordinates						
RED	RX	0.549	0.579	0.609		
	RY	0.314	0.344	0.374		
GREEN	GX	0.308	0.338	0.368		
	GY	0.539	0.569	0.599		
BLUE	ВХ	0.128	0.158	0.188		
	BY	0.094	0.124	0.154		
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	40		-	degree	
x axis, left ( $\Phi$ =180°)	Θl	40	-		degree	
y axis, up (Φ=90°)	Θu	10	-		degree	
y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	30	-	-	degree	
Gray Scale						6



#### Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

$$LWH = Average(L1, L2, ... L5)$$

3. The variation in surface luminance, The panel total variation (δ WHITE) is determined by measuring LN at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as following numerical formula.

For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta \text{ WHITE (13P)} = \frac{\text{Maximum (L1,L2, ... L13)}}{\text{Minimum (L1,L2, ... L13)}} \delta \text{ WHITE (5P)} = \frac{\text{Maximum(L1,L2, ... L5)}}{\text{Minimum(L1,L2, ... L5)}}$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, TrR) and from black to white(Decay Time, TrD). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

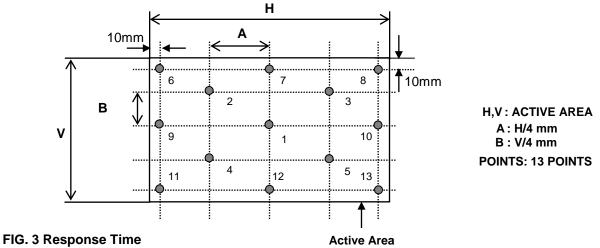
\* 
$$fV = 60Hz$$

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
L0	0.2
L7	1.6
L15	5.9
L23	12.7
L31	21.8
L39	35.8
L47	54.3
L55	76.5
L63	100.0

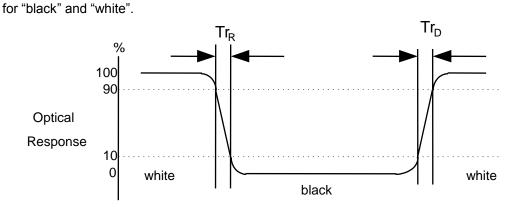


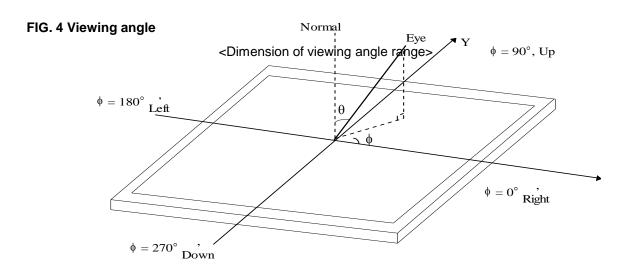
#### FIG. 2 Luminance

<Measuring point for Average Luminance & measuring point for Luminance variation>



The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal





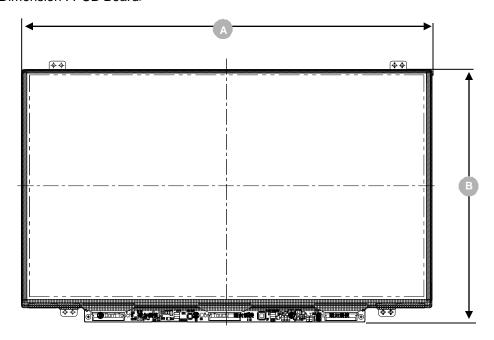


### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP140WHU. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	320.4 ± 0.5mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	198.1 ± 0.5mm			
	Thickness	3.0mm (max)			
Bezel Area	Horizontal	312.40 ± 0.5mm			
bezel Alea	Vertical	176.95 ± 0.5mm			
Active Dieplay Area	Horizontal	309.40 mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	173.95 mm			
Weight	270g (Max.)				
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare treatment of the front pola	rizer			

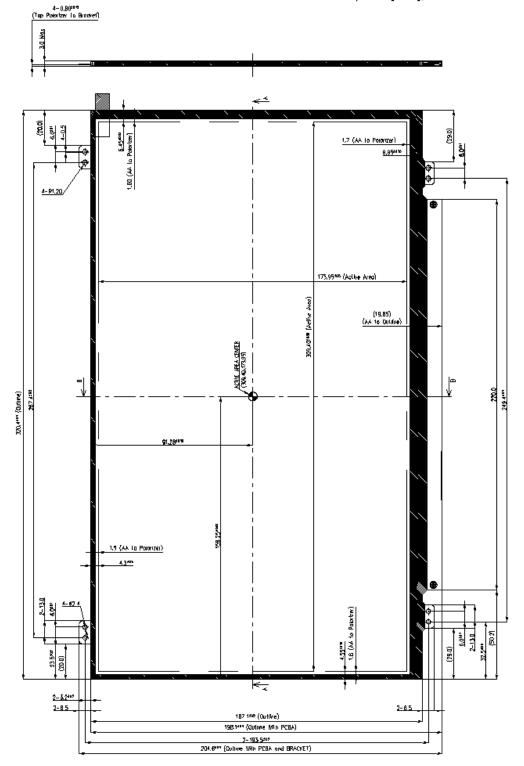
### <Outline Dimension: PCB Board>





<FRONT VIEW>

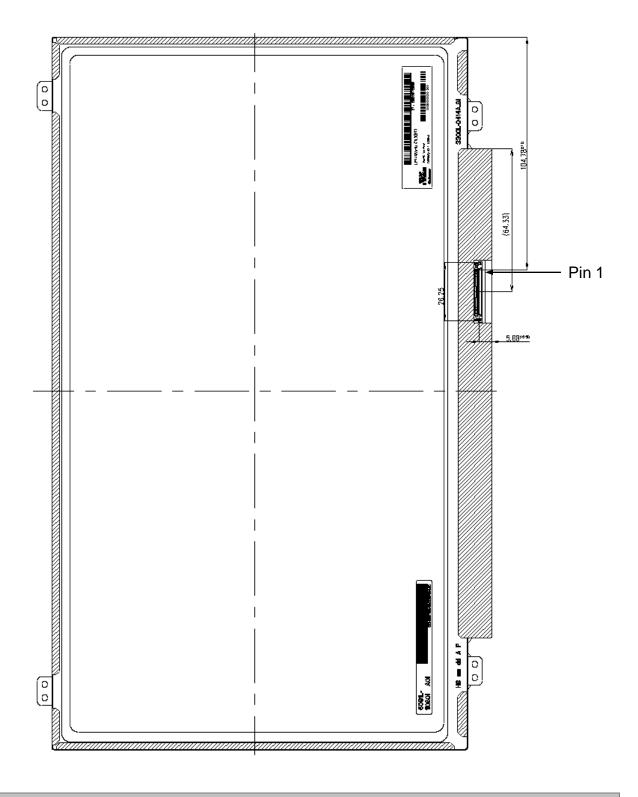
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5mm





<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5mm





# 6. Reliability

#### Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 5 ~ 150Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 30min/axis
6	Shock test (non-operating)	- No functional or cosmetic defects following a shock to all 6 sides delivering at least 180 G in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to the display module - No functional defects following a shock delivering at least 200 g in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to each of 6 sides. Each of the 6 sides will be shock tested with one each display, for a total of 6 displays
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr

<sup>{</sup> Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



### 7. International Standards

### 7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1, Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
  Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-07, Canadian Standards Association. Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
- c) EN 60950-1, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC). Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- d) IEC 60950-1, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).
   Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.

#### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz." American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 2003.
- b) CISPR 22 "Information technology equipment Radio disturbance characteristics Limit and methods of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), 2005.
- c) CISPR 13 "Sound and television broadcast receivers and associated equipment Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and method of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), 2006.

#### 7-3. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the council of 8 June 2011



# 8. Packing

### 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH) D : YEAR

E: MONTH  $F \sim M$ : SERIAL NO.

#### Note

#### 1. YEAR

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	K

#### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

### b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

# 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 30pcs

b) Box Size: 478mm X 365mm X 288mm



#### 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to to to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external
- force is not transmitted directly to the module.

  (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer.

  Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
  Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
- (10) When handling the LCD module, it needs to handle with care not to give mechanical stress to the PCB and Mounting Hole area."

#### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm\ 200mV(Over\ and\ under\ shoot\ voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.



#### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
  - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
	0	00	Header	00	00000000
	1	01	Header	FF	11111111
	2	02	Header	FF	111111111
ter	3	03	Header	FF	111111111
Header	4	04	Header	FF	111111111
H	5	05	Header	FF	111111111
	6	06	Header	FF	111111111
	7	07	Header	00	00000000
	8	08	ID Manufacture Name LGD	30	00110000
EDID	9	09	ID Manufacture Name	<b>E4</b>	11100100
$\mathbf{Q}$	10	0A	ID Product Code 03B6h	B6	10110110
	11	0B	( Hex. LSB first )	03	00000011
2	12	0C	ID Serial No Optional ("00h" If not used, Number Only and LSB First)	00	00000000
ion	13	0D	ID Serial No Optional ("00h" If not used, Number Only and LSB First)	00	00000000
roduct Version	14	0E	ID Serial No Optional ("00h" If not used, Number Only and LSB First)	00	00000000
Pre V	15	0F	ID Serial No Optional ("00h" If not used, Number Only and LSB First)	00	00000000
r / .	16	10	Week of Manufacture - Optinal 00 weeks	00	00000000
Vendor / Product Version	17	11	Year of Manufacture 2012 years	16	00010110
'en	18	12	EDID structure version # = 1	01	00000001
-	19	13	EDID revision # = 4	04	00000100
rs	20	14	Video input Definition = Input is a Digital Video signal Interface, Colo Bit Depth: 6 Bits per Primary Color,	90	10010000
ete	21	15	Digital Video Interface Standard Supported: Digital Interface is not defined  Horizontal Screen Size (Rounded cm) = 31 cm31 cm	1F	00011111
m a	22	16	Vertical Screen Size (Rounded cm) = 17 cm17 cm	11	00011111
ar	23	17	Display Transfer Characteristic (Gamma) = (gamma*100)-100 = Example:(2.2*100)-100=120 = 2.2 Gamma	78	01111000
y P	23	17	Feature Support [ Display Power Management(DPM) : Standby Mode is not supported, Suspend Mode is not	70	01111000
Display Parameters	24	18	supported, Active Off = Very Low Power is not supported, Supported Color Encoding Formats: RGB 4:4:4 & YCrCb 4:4:4, Other Feature Support Flags: No_sRGB, Preferred Timing Mode, No_Display is continuous frequency (Multi-mode_Base EDID and Extension Block).]	<b>0A</b>	00001010
	25	19	Red/Green Low Bits (RxRy/GxGy)	4B	01001011
Panel Color Coordinates	26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits (BxBy/WxWy)	<b>B5</b>	10110101
tin	27	1B	Red X $Rx = 0.579$	94	10010100
orc	28	1C	Red Y $Ry = 0.344$	58	01011000
$\mathcal{C}$	29	1D	Green X $Gx = 0.338$	56	01010110
or or	30	1E	Green Y Gy = $0.569$	91	10010001
Jo	31	1F	Blue X $Bx = 0.158$	28	00101000
) 18	32	20	Blue Y By = $0.124$	<b>1F</b>	00011111
an a	33	21	White X $Wx = 0.313$	50	01010000
P	34	22	White Y Wy = 0.329	54	01010100
<i>bl</i> <i>d</i>	35	23	Established timing 1 ( Optional_00h if not used)	00	00000000
Establ ished Timin	36	24	Established timing 2 ( Optional_00h if not used)	00	00000000
	37	25	Manufacturer's timings ( Optional_00h if not used)	00	00000000
E is					
E is	38	26	Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
E. is	38 39		Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used)	01 01	00000001
E. is		26			
E is	39	26 27	Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used)	01	00000001
	39 40	26 27 28	Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used)	01 01	00000001 00000001
	39 40 41	26 27 28 29	Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used)	01 01 01	00000001 00000001 00000001
	39 40 41 42	26 27 28 29 2A	Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used)	01 01 01 01	00000001 00000001 00000001
	39 40 41 42 43	26 27 28 29 2A 2B	Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used)	01 01 01 01 01	00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001
	39 40 41 42 43 44	26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C	Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 ( Optional_01h if not used)	01 01 01 01 01 01	00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001 000000
	39 40 41 42 43 44 45	26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D	Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 ( Optional_01h if not used)	01 01 01 01 01 01 01	00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001 000000
	39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E	Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID5 ( Optional_01h if not used)	01 01 01 01 01 01 01	00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001 000000
Standard Timing ID is	39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F	Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID5 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID5 ( Optional_01h if not used)	01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01	00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001
	39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F 30	Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID5 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID5 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID5 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID6 ( Optional_01h if not used)	01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01	00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001 000000
	39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F 30	Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID5 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID5 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID5 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID6 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID6 ( Optional_01h if not used)	01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01	00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001
	39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F 30 31	Standard timing ID1 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID2 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID4 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID5 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID5 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID5 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID6 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID6 ( Optional_01h if not used) Standard timing ID6 ( Optional_01h if not used)	01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01	00000001 00000001 00000001 00000001 000000



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
	54	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 76.3 MHz @ 60Hz	CE	11001110
	55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	1D	00011101
	56	38	Horizontal Active (lower 8 bits) 1366 Pixels	56	01010110
	57	39	Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (lower 8 bits) 244 Pixels	F4	11110100
	58	3A	Horizontal Active / Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	50	01010000
<i>I</i> #	59	3B	Vertical Avtive 768 Lines	00	00000000
)r.	60	3C	Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (DE Blanking typ.for DE only panels) 22 Lines	16	00010110
ipte	61	3D	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	30	00110000
c.	62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset (Thfp) 48 Pixels	30	00110000
Timing Descriptor #1	63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width (HSPW) 32 Pixels	20	00100000
8	64	40	Vertical Sync Offset(Tvfp): Sync Width (VSPW) 3 Lines: 5 Lines	35	00110101
nin	65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width (upper 2bits)	00	00000000
Tü	66	42	Horizontal Image Size (mm) 309 mm	35	00110101
1	67	43	Vertical Image Size (mm) 174 mm	AE	10101110
	68	44	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size	10	00010000
	69	45	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	70	46	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	71	47	Non-Interlace, Normal display, no stereo, Digital Separate [ Vsync_NEG, Hsync_NEG (outside of V-sync) ]	19	00011001
	72	48	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 50.87 MHz @ 40Hz	DF	11011111
	73	49	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	13	00010011
	74	4A	Horizontal Active (lower 8 bits) 1366 Pixels	56	01010110
	75	4B	Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (lower 8 bits) 244 Pixels	F4	11110100
	76	4C	Horizontal Active / Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	50	01010000
#2	77	4D	Vertical Avtive 768 Lines	00	00000000
r.	78	4E	Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (DE Blanking typ.for DE only panels) 22 Lines	16	00010110
pte	79	4F	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	30	00110000
Timing Descriptor #2	80	50	Horizontal Sync. Offset (Thfp) 48 Pixels	30	00110000
Des	81	51	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width (HSPW) 32 Pixels	20	00100000
8	82	52	Vertical Sync Offset(Tvfp): Sync Width (VSPW) 3 Lines: 5 Lines	35	00110101
nin	83	53	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width (upper 2bits)	00	00000000
Tin	84	54	Horizontal Image Size (mm) 309 mm	35	00110101
	85	55	Vertical Image Size (mm) 174 mm	AE	10101110
	86	56	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size	10	00010000
	87	57	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	88	58	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	89	59	Non-Interlace, Normal display, no stereo, Digital Separate [ Vsync_NEG, Hsync_NEG (outside of V-sync) ]	19	00011001
	90	5A	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
	91	5B	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
	92	5C	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
	93	5D	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
	94	5E	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
#3	95	5F	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
Timing Descriptor #.	96	60	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
.ipt	97	61	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
scr	98	62	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
De	99	63	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
Su	100	64	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
mi	101	65	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
Tü	102	66	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
	103	67	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
	104	68	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
	105	69	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
	106	6A	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000
	107	6B	Blank for nvDPS	00	00000000



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
	108	6C	Detailed Timing Descriptions #4	00	00000000
	109	6D	Flag	00	00000000
	110	6E	Reserved	00	00000000
	111	6F	For Brightness Table and Power consumption	02	00000010
	112	70	Flag	00	. 00000000
#	113	71	PWM % [7:0] @ Step 0 5 % @ 10 nit	<b>0C</b>	00001100
Timing Descriptor #4	114	72	PWM % [7:0] @ Step 5 30 % @ 60 nit	<b>4C</b>	01001100
ipt	115	73	PWM % [7:0] @ Step 10 100 % @ 200 nit	FF	111111111
scr	116	74	Nits [7:0] @ Step 0	<b>0A</b>	00001010
De	117	75	Nits [7:0] @ Step 5	<b>3C</b>	00111100
<b>60</b>	118	76	Nits [7:0] @ Step 10	64	01100100
nir	119	77	Panel Electronicx Power @ 32 x 32 Chess Pattern = 400 mW	<b>0A</b>	00001010
Tü	120	78	Backlight Power @ 60 nits = 850 mW	15	00010101
	121	79	Backlight Power @ Step 10 = 2800 mW	23	00100011
	122	7A	Nits @ 100% PWM Duty = 200 nit	64	01100100
	123	7B	Flag	00	00000000
	124	7C	Flag	00	00000000
	125	7D	Flag	00	00000000
ksum	126	<b>7</b> E	Extension flag (# of optional 128 panel ID extension block to follow, Typ = 0)	00	00000000
Checksum	127	<b>7</b> F	Check Sum (The 1-byte sum of all 128 bytes in this panel ID block shall = 0)	<b>A6</b>	10100110