

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

- () Preliminary Specification
- () Final Specification

Title 43.0" QWUXGA TFT LCD	Title	43.0" QWUXGA TFT LCD
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BUYER	
MODEL	LD430EQE-FLA1

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LD430EQE
SUFFIX	FLA1 (RoHS Verified)

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
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Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

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Ver. 1.0

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DATE

CONTENTS

Number	ITEM	Page
	COVER	0
	CONTENTS	1
	RECORD OF REVISIONS	2
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	3
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	4
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	5
3-1	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	5
3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTIONS	7
3-3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	9
3-4	V by One SIGNAL SPECIFICATIONS	10
3-5	COLOR DATA REFERENCE	12
3-6	POWER SEQUENCE	13
4	OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS	14
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	18
6	RELIABILITY	21
7	INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS	22
7-1	SAFETY	22
7-2	ENVIRONMENT	22
8	PACKING	23
8-1	INFORMATION OF LCM LABEL	23
8-2	PACKING FORM	23
9	PRECAUTIONS	24
9-1	MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS	24
9-2	OPERATING PRECAUTIONS	24
9-3	ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL	25
9-4	PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE	25
9-5	STORAGE	25
9-6	OPERAGING CONDITION GUIDE	25

Ver. 1.0 1/34

RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.1	Nov, 07, 2018	-	Preliminary Specification (First Draft)
0.2	Feb. 08. 2019	3, 18	Up-date the Mechanical information (Depth, weight)
		8, 19, 20	Up-date the Mechanical drawing
0.3	Apr. 24. 2019	3, 5	Up-date the Power consumption
0.4	Jun. 05. 2019	23,26,27,28	Up-date the Packing information
		20	Up-date the Mechanical drawing
1.0	Jul. 26. 2019	8	Up-date the LED array CNT pin map
		19, 20	Up-date the mechanical drawing

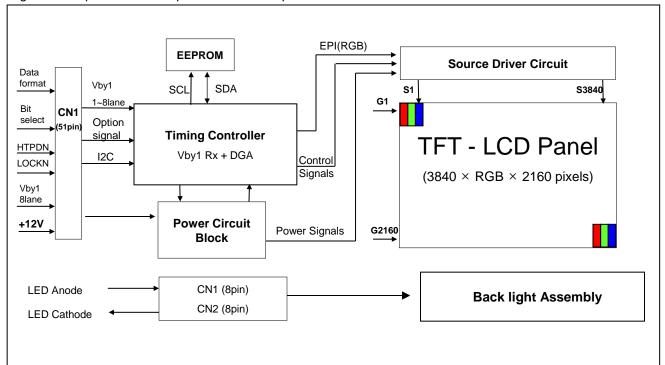
Ver. 1.0 2 /34

1. General Description

The LD430EQE is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Light Emitting Diode (LED) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive display type which is operating in the normally black mode. It has a 42.51 inch diagonally measured active display area with QWUXGA resolution (2160 vertical by 3840 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arrayed in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot. Therefore, it can present a palette of more than 1.06Bilion colors.

It has been designed to apply the 10-bit 8 Lane V by One interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



Active Screen Size	42.51 inches(1,079.75 mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	962.0 (H) x 554.8 (V) x 9.6(D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.2451 mm x 0.2451 mm
Pixel Format	3840 horiz. by 2160 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	10bit(D), 1.06Billon colors
Luminance, White	400cd/m2 (Center 1point ,Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 178 (Min.), U/D 178 (Min.))
Power Consumption	Total 58.49W (Typ) [Logic= 5.49W), LED Backlight=53W (IF_cathode=55mA)
Weight	8.3 kg (Typ.) 8.7 kg (Max.)
Display Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer(Haze 28%(Typ.))

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

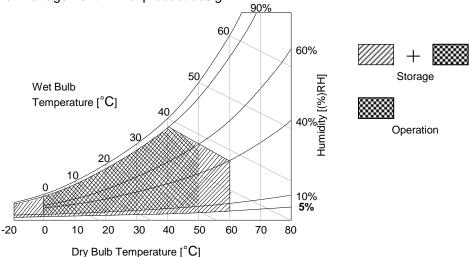
The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or permanent damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter		Symbol		lue	Unit	Notos
		Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Power Input Voltage	LCD Circuit	VLCD	-0.3	+14.0	VDC	
LED Input Voltage	Forward Voltage	VF	-	+64.4	VDC	1
T-Con Option Selection Voltage		VLOGIC	-0.3	+4.0	VDC	
Operating Temperature		Тор	0	+50	°C	0.0
Storage Temperature		Тѕт	-20	+60	°C	2,3
Panel Front Temperature		Tsur	-	+68	°C	4
Operating Ambient Humidity		Нор	10	90	%RH	2.2
Storage Humidity		Нѕт	5	90	%RH	2,3

Notes 1. Ambient temperature condition (Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)

- 2. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39°C, and no condensation of water.
- 3. Gravity mura can be guaranteed below 40°C condition.
- 4. The maximum operating temperatures is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 68°C with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 68°C. The range of operating temperature may be degraded in case of improper thermal management in final product design.



Ver. 1.0 4 /34

3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other Is used for the LED backlight.

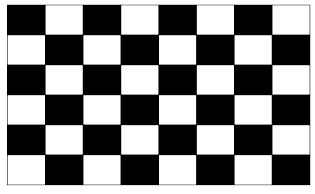
Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
r ai ailletei	Syllibol	Min	Тур	Max	Oilit	Note
Circuit:						
Power Input Voltage	VLCD	10.8	12.0	13.2	VDC	
	ILCD	-	458	595	mA	1
Power Input Current		-	1,110	1,443	mA	2
Took antion coloration walks as	Vih	2.7	-	3.6	VDC	
T-con option selection voltage	Vol	0		0.7	VDC	
Power Consumption	PLCD	-	5.49	7.14	Watt	1
Rush current	IRUSH	-	-	10	А	3

Notes

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =12.0V, Ta=25 \pm 2°C, f_V =60Hz condition, and mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.
- 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min.).
- 4. Ripple voltage level is recommended under $\pm 5\%$ of typical voltage

White: 1023 Gray Black: 0 Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

Ver. 1.0 5 /34

Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue)

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	Note
raia	r ai airietei		Min	Тур	Max	Oilit	Note
Backlight Assemb	oly:						
Forward Current	Anode	I _{F (anode)}		165		mAdc	±5%
(one array)	Cathode	I _{F (cathode)}		55		mAdc	2, 3
Forward Voltage		V _F	151.1	160.1	170.1	Vdc	4
Forward Voltage Va	ariation	$\triangle V_{F}$			1.7	Vdc	5
Power Consumption		P _{BL}	-	52.8	56.1	W	6
Burst Dimming Dut	у	On duty	1		100	%	
Burst Dimming Frequency		1/T	95	100/120	182	Hz	8
LED Array : (APPI			-		-		
Life Time			30,000			Hrs	7

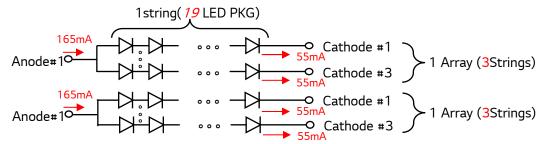
Notes: The design of the LED driver must have specifications for the LED array in LCD Assembly.

The electrical characteristics of LED driver are based on Constant Current driving type.

The performance of the LED in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the LED Driver. So, all the parameters of an LED driver should be carefully designed. When you design or order the LED driver, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the LED and the driver (no lighting, flicker, etc) has never been occurred. When you confirm it, the LCD–Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.

- 1. Electrical characteristics are based on LED Array specification.
- 2. Specified values are defined for a Backlight Assembly. (IBL :2 LED array/LCM) Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 60 minutes at 25±2°C. The specified temperature, optical, and power consumption are under the typical supply input voltage, current &VBR (Duty 100%), it is total power consumption.
- 3. Each LED array has two anode terminal and three cathode terminals.

 The forward current(I_F) of the anode terminal is 165mA and it supplies 55mA into three strings, respectively



- 4. The forward voltage(V_F) of LED array depends on ambient temperature (Appendix-V)
- 5. ΔV_F means Max V_F-Min V_F in one Backlight. So VF variation in a Backlight isn't over Max. 1.7V
- 6. Maximum level of power consumption is measured at initial turn on. Typical level of power consumption is measured after 1hrs aging at 25 \pm 2°C.
- 7. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of the LED is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical LED current on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C, based on duty 100%.
- The reference method of burst dimming duty ratio.
 It is recommended to use synchronous V-sync frequency to prevent waterfall (Vsync * 2 =Burst Frequency)

6/34

3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, 51-pin connector is used for the module electronics and two 8-pin connectors are used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-RE51S-HF(manufactured by JAE) or GT05P-51S-H38(manufactured by LSM) or IS050-C51B-C39(manufactured by UJU)
- Mating Connector: FI-R51HL(manufactured by JAE) or compatible

Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	27	GND	Ground
2	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	28	Rx0n	V-by-One HS Data Lane 0
3	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	29	Rx0p	V-by-One HS Data Lane 0
4	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	30	GND	Ground
5	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	31	Rx1n	V-by-One HS Data Lane 1
6	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	32	Rx1p	V-by-One HS Data Lane 1
7	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	33	GND	Ground
8	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V	34	Rx2n	V-by-One HS Data Lane 2
9	NC	NO CONNECTION	35	Rx2p	V-by-One HS Data Lane 2
10	GND	Ground	36	GND	Ground
11	GND	Ground	37	Rx3n	V-by-One HS Data Lane 3
12	GND	Ground	38	Rx3p	V-by-One HS Data Lane 3
13	GND	Ground	39	GND	Ground
14	NC	NO CONNECTION	40	Rx4n	V-by-One HS Data Lane 4
15	NC	NO CONNECTION	41	Rx4p	V-by-One HS Data Lane 4
16	NC	NO CONNECTION	42	GND	Ground
17	NC	NO CONNECTION	43	Rx5n	V-by-One HS Data Lane 5
18	NC	NO CONNECTION	44	Rx5p	V-by-One HS Data Lane 5
19	NC	NO CONNECTION	45	GND	Ground
20	NC	NO CONNECTION	46	Rx6n	V-by-One HS Data Lane 6
21	Bit SEL	'H' or NC= 10bit(D), 'L' = 8bit	47	Rx6p	V-by-One HS Data Lane 6
22	Data format (Vx1 Input)	'L' : Non division, 'H' 2 division	48	GND	Ground
23	AGP or NSB	'H' or NC : AGP 'L' : NSB (No signal Black)	49	Rx7n	V-by-One HS Data Lane 7
24	NC	NO CONNECTION	50	Rx7p	V-by-One HS Data Lane 7
25	HTPDN	Hot plug detect	51	GND	Ground
26	LOCKN	Lock detect	<u> </u>		-

Note

- 1. All GND (ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
- 2. All Input levels of V-by-One signals are based on the V-by-One-HS Standard Version 1.4
- 3. #14~ #20 NC(No Connection): These pins are used only for LGD (Do not connect)
- 4. About specific pin(#22), Please see the Appendix VI.
- 5. Specific pin No. #23 is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface. It should be GND for NSB (No Signal Black) while the system interface signal is not. If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays AGP (Auto Generation Pattern).

Ver. 1.0 7 /34

3-2-2. Backlight Module

[CN201]

- 1) LED Array assy Connector (Plug)
 - : HS100-L08N-N62 (black color, manufactured by UJU)
- 2) Mating Connector (Receptacle)
 - : IS100-L08T-C46 (black color, manufactured by UJU)

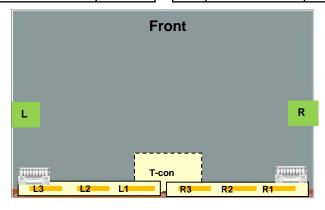
[CN202]

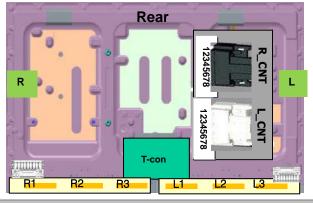
- 1) LED Array assy Connector (Plug)
 - : HS100-L08N-N62-A (natural color, manufactured by UJU)
- 2) Mating Connector (Receptacle)
- : IS100-L08T-C46-A (natural color, manufactured by UJU)

Table 5. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION(CN201,CN202)

No	Symbol	Description	Note
1	L1 Cathode	LED Output Current	
2	L2 Cathode	LED Output Current	
3	L3 Cathode	LED Output Current	
4	N.C	Open	
5	N.C	Open	
6	N.C	Open	
7	N.C	Open	
8	Anode_L	LED Input Current for L1~L3	

No	Symbol	Description	Note
1	Anode_R	LED Input Current for R1~R3	
2	N.C	Open	
3	N.C	Open	
4	N.C	Open	
5	N.C	Open	
6	R3 Cathode	LED Output Current	
7	R2 Cathode	LED Output Current	
8	R1 Cathode	LED Output Current	





Ver. 1.0 8 /34

3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the Vx1 transmitter. All of the interface signal timings should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table 6. TIMING TABLE (DE Only Mode)

ITEM		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	Display Period	t HV	480	480	480	tCLK	3840/8
Horizontal	Blank	t нв	50	70	120	tCLK	1
	Total	t HP	530	550	600	tCLK	
	Display Period	tvv	2160	2160	2160	Lines	
Vertical	Blank	t ∨B	40	90	600	Lines	1
	Total	t vp	2200	2250	2760	Lines	

ITE	EM	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	DCLK	fclk	60	74.25	78.00	MHz	594/8
Frequency	Horizontal	fн	121.8	135	140	KHz	2
	Vertical	f∨	47	60	63	Hz	2

notes: 1. The input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation (DE Only Mode). If you use spread spectrum of EMI, add some additional clock to minimum value for clock margin.

- 2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate and the horizontal frequency
- 3. Spread Spectrum Rate (SSR) is limited to $\pm 0.5\%$ center spread at 30KHz
- Timing should be set based on clock frequency.

Ver. 1.0 9 /34

3-4. V by One input signal Characteristics

3-4-1. V by One Input Signal Timing Diagram

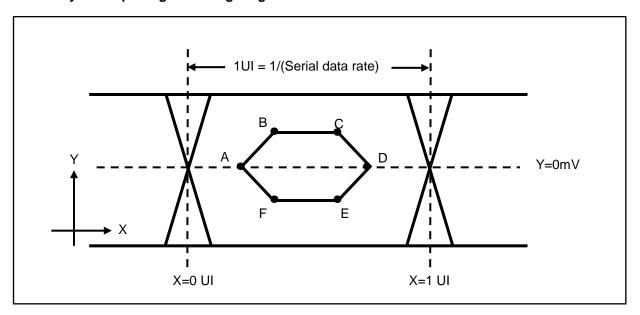


Table7. Eye Mask Specification

	X[UI]	Note	Y[mV]	Note
А	0.25 (max)	2	0	-
В	0.3 (max)	2	50	3
С	0.7(min)	3	50	3
D	0.75(min)	3	0	-
E	0.7(min)	3	I -50 I	3
F	0.3(max)	2	I -50 I	3

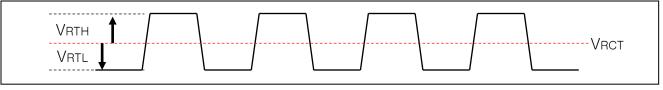
notes 1. All Input levels of V by One signals are based on the V by One HS Standard Ver. 1.4

- 2. This is allowable maximum value.
- 3. This is allowable minimum value.
- 4. The eye diagram is measured by the oscilloscope and receiver CDR characteristic must be emulated.

PLL bandwidth: 20 MhzDamping Factor: 1.5

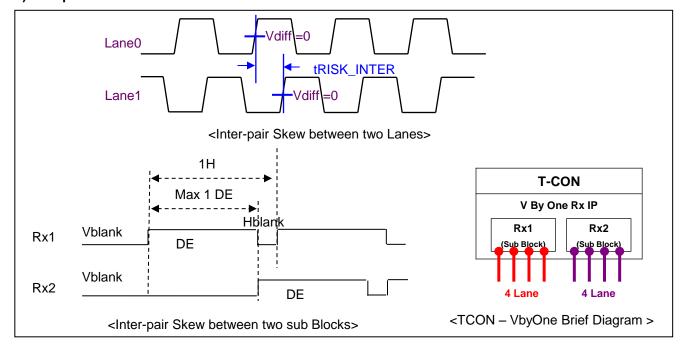
3-4-2. V by One Input Signal Characteristics

1) DC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
CML Differential input High threshold	VRTH	-	50	mV
CML Differential input Low threshold	VRTL	-50	-	mV
CML common mode Bias Voltage	VRCT	0.6	0.8	V

2) AC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	notes
Allowable inter-pair skew between lanes	tRISK_INTER	-	5	UI	1,3
Allowable iner-pair skew between sub-blocks	tRISK_BLOCK	-	1	DE	1,4

Notes 1.1UI = 1/serial data rate

- 2. it is the time difference between the true and complementary single-ended signals.
- 3. it is the time difference of the differential voltage between any two lanes in one sub block.
- 4. it is the time difference of the differential voltage between any two blocks in one IP.

3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green, blue) is based on the 10bit or 8bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 8 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 8. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

Packer in	put & Unpacker output	30bpp RGB (10bit)	24bpp RGB (8bit)
	D[0]	R[2]	R[0]
	D[1]	R[3]	R[1]
	D[2]	R[4]	R[2]
Byte0	D[3]	R[5]	R[3]
Бугео	D[4]	R[6]	R[4]
	D[5]	R[7]	R[5]
	D[6]	R[8]	R[6]
	D[7]	R[9]	R[7]
	D[8]	G[2]	G[0]
	D[9]	G[3]	G[1]
	D[10]	G[4]	G[2]
Duto1	D[11]	G[5]	G[3]
Byte1	D[12]	G[6]	G[4]
	D[13]	G[7]	G[5]
	D[14]	G[8]	G[6]
	D[15]	G[9]	G[7]
	D[16]	B[2]	B[0]
	D[17]	B[3]	B[1]
	D[18]	B[4]	B[2]
Duto?	D[19]	B[5]	B[3]
Byte2	D[20]	B[6]	B[4]
	D[21]	B[7]	B[5]
	D[22]	B[8]	B[6]
	D[23]	B[9]	B[7]
	D[24]	Don't care	
	D[25]	Don't care	
	D[26]	B[0]	
Duta?	D[27]	B[1]	
Byte3	D[28]	G[0]	
	D[29]	G[1]	
	D[30]	R[0]	
	D[31]	R[1]	

Ver. 1.0 12 /34

3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

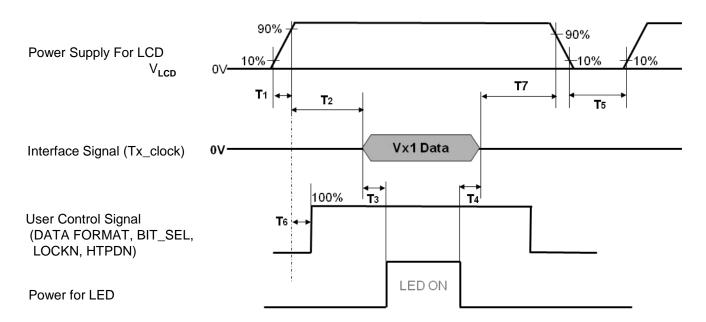


Table 9. POWER SEQUENCE

Dovementor		11-14	Nets		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
T1	0.5	-	20	ms	1
T2	0	-	-	ms	2
Т3	400	-	-	ms	3
T4	100	-	-	ms	3
T5	1.0	-	-	s	4
T6	0	-	T2	ms	5
T7	0	-	-	ms	6

Note:

- 1. Even though T1 is over the specified value, there is no problem if I2T spec of fuse is satisfied.
- 2. If T2 is satisfied with specification after removing LVDS Cable, there is no problem.
- 3. The T3 / T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
- 4. T5 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- 5. If the on time of signals (Interface signal and user control signals) precedes the on time of Power (V_{LCD}), it will be happened abnormal display. When T6 is NC status, T6 doesn't need to be measured.
- 6. It is recommendation specification that T7 has to be 0ms as a minimum value.
- * Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- * When the power supply for LCD (VLCD) is off, be sure to pull down the valid and invalid data to 0V.

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values are specified at distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °. FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

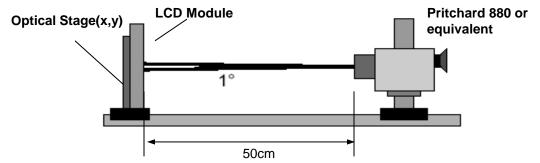


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Ta= $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C, V_{LCD}=12.0V, fv=60Hz, Dclk=74.25MHz, IF_cathode=55mA

Table 10. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

	D		0	l I		Value		11.56	4
	Para	meter	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	notes
Contras	st Ratio		CF	र	700	1000	-		1
Surface	e Luminance	e, white	L_WH	2D	320	400	-	cd/m ²	2
Lumina	ince Variatio	n	δ_{WHITE}	9P	80	-	-		3
Daanan	aa Tima	Variation	G to	G _σ		6	9		4
Respor	nse Time	Gray to Gray (BW)	G to G	BW		9	13	ms	5
		RED	R	Κ		0.643			
		KED	R	/		0.332			
		GREEN	Gx Gy Bx By			0.307	Typ +0.03		
Color C	Coordinates				Тур	0.620			
[CIE193	31]	BLUE			-0.03	0.153			
		BLUL				0.056			
		WHITE	W	x		0.279			
		VVIIII	Wy			0.292			
Color Te	emperature					10,000		K	
Color G	amut					72		%	
		right(φ=0°)	θr (x a	axis)	89	-	-		
Viewin g 2D	left (φ=180°)	θI (х а	axis)	89	-	-	dograd	6	
Angle	(CP> 10) \ \up (\dagger -00°)	θu (y	axis)	89	-	- degree	uegree	U	
7 11 1910	down (φ=270°)	θ d (y	axis)	89	-	-			
Gray So	cale				-	-	-		7

Note: 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio = Surface Luminance with all white pixels
Surface Luminance with all black pixels

It is measured at center 1-point.

- 2. Optical characteristic is determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 1 Hour after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at 25±2°C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as : δ WHITE(9P) = Minimum ($L_{on1}, L_{on2} \sim L_{on8}, L_{on9}$) / Maximum ($L_{on1}, L_{on2} \sim L_{on8}, L_{on9}$)*100 Where Lon1 to Lon9 are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 9 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 2.
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transit from any gray to white (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from any gray to black (Decay time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3.
 - * G to G_{BW} Spec stands for average value of all measured points.

Photo Detector: RD-80S / Field: 2°

5. G to G σ is Variation of Gray to Gray response time composing a picture

- 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.
- Gray scale specification
 Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 11

Table 11. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
L0	0.1
L63	0.27
L127	1.04
L191	2.49
L255	4.68
L319	7.66
L383	11.5
L447	16.1
L511	21.6
L575	28.1
L639	35.4
L703	43.7
L767	53.0
L831	63.2
L895	74.5
L959	86.7
L1023	100

Ver. 1.0 15 /34

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation.

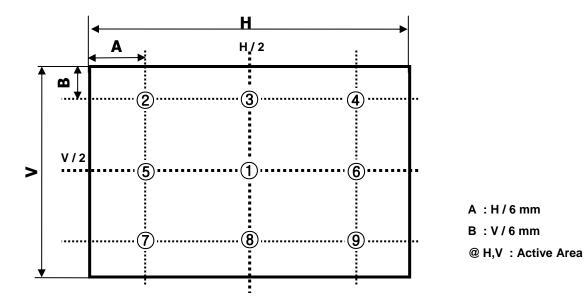


FIG. 2 9 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Black or White".

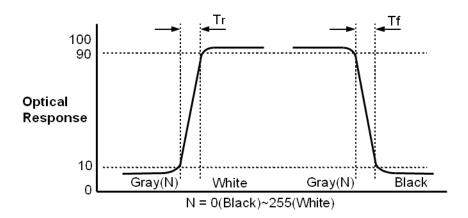


FIG. 3 Response Time

Dimension of viewing angle range

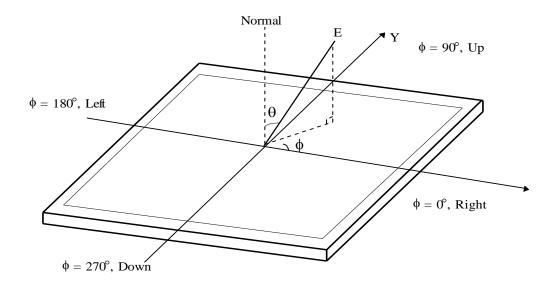


FIG. 4 Viewing Angle

5. Mechanical Characteristics

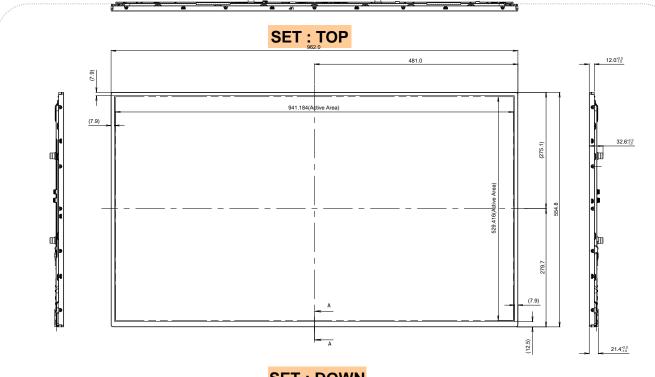
Table 12 provides general mechanical characteristics.

Table 12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

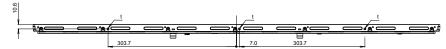
Item	Value		
	Horizontal	962.0mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	554.8mm	
	Depth	9.6mm	
	Horizontal	946.2mm	
Bezel Area	Vertical	534.4mm	
Active Display Avec	Horizontal	941.184mm	
Active Display Area	Vertical	529.416mm	
Weight	8.3kg (Typ.) 8.7 kg (Max.)		

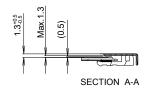
notes: Please refer to a mechanical drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

[FRONT VIEW]



SET: DOWN





Date	Version
19.01.29	0.1
19.02.08	0.2
19.06.05	0.3
19.07.10	0.4

Notes

1. Unspecified tolerance is 1.0mm

2. Tilt and partial disposition tolerance of display area as following.

(a) X-Direction: (A-B) 2.0mm

(b) Y-Direction: (C-D) 2.0mm

(b) Y-Direction: (C-D) 3.0mm

3. UDM depth&forque: Refer to table.

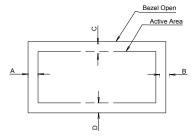
4. Screw Head max profusion: 1.0mm

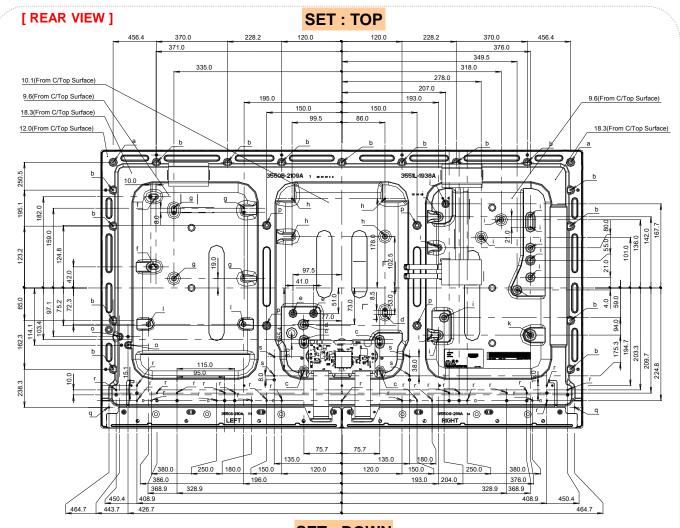
5. The same feature means the same dimension.

6. Designer's approval is required before mass-production.

7. This drawing is only preliminary data amd can be changed.

8. Version (0.1)





SET: DOWN

Item	UDM Height	Тар	Max Depth (mm)	Max. Torque (kgf.cm)	Notes
a	3. 0	M3. O	4. 0	5. 0	2ea
b	3. 0	M3. O	4. 0	5. 0	15ea
С	5. 2	M3. O	4. 0	5. 0	4ea
d	6. 2	M3. O	5. 0	5. 0	2ea
е	6. 2	M3. O	5. 0	8. 0	2ea
f	7. 2	M3. O	6. 0	5. 0	2ea
9	6. 2	M3. O	5. 0	5. 0	4ea
h	6. 2	M3. O	5. 0	5. 0	4ea
i	5. 4	M3. O	4. 0	5. 0	13ea
j	3. 7	M3. O	2. 5	5. 0	1ea
k	10. 4	M3. O	9. 0	8. 0	1ea
l	13. 1	M3. O	12. 0	8. 0	2ea
0	2. 0	M3. O	1. 5	5. 0	2ea
Р	14. 3	M6. 0	10. 0	15. 0	4ea
q	-	M3. O	4. 0	5. 0	2ea
r	-	M3. O	4. 0	5. 0	25ea
S	-	M3. O	4. 0	5. 0	4ea
t	-	M3. O	3. 0	5. 0	3ea

6. Reliability

Table 13. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 90% 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 500h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 500h
5	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH
6	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 16,400 ft 0 - 40,000 ft

Note: 1. Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

2. These conditions are for LGD's internal test. Please refer to Absolute Maximum Ratings (Table1) for guaranteed condition.

Ver. 1.0 21 /34

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 60065, Underwriters Laboratories Inc.

Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus - Safety Requirements.

b) CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60065-03, Canadian Standards Association.

Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus - Safety Requirements.

c) EN 60065, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC).

Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus - Safety Requirements.

d) IEC 60065, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).

Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus - Safety Requirements.

7-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the council of 8 June 2011

Ver. 1.0 22 /34

8. Packing

8-1. Information of LCM Label

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C: SIZE(INCH) D: YEAR

E: MONTH $F \sim M$: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	K

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one Pallet: 24 pcs

b) Pallet Size: 1300 mm(W) X 1140 mm(D) X 964 mm(H)

Ver. 1.0 23 /34

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings).
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress, Concentrated stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (2) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer
- (3) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (4) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (5) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (6) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (7) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it can causes conductive particles and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (8) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (9) The conductive material and signal cables are kept away from LED driver inductor to prevent abnormal display, sound noise and temperature rising.

Ver. 1.0 24 /34

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
- (3) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
- (4) The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition.

9-6. Operating condition guide

- (1) The LCD product should be operated under normal conditions. Normal condition is defined as below;
 - Temperature : 5 ~ 40 °C, normal humidity
 - Display pattern: continually changing pattern (Not stationary)
- (2) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, display patterns or operation time etc...

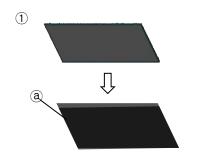
It is strongly recommended to contact LGD for Qualification engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at Airports, Transit Stations, Banks, Stock market, and Controlling systems. The LCD product should be applied by global standard environment. (refer ETSI EN 300, IEC 60721)

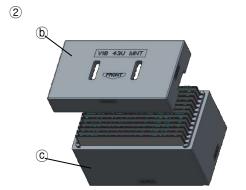
Ver. 1.0 25 /34

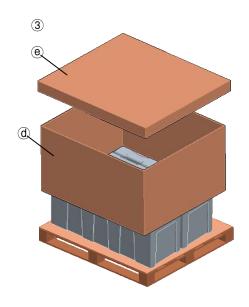
4

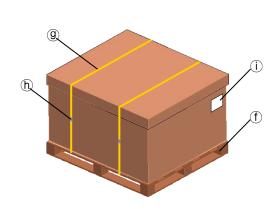
APPENDIX-I

■ Pallet Ass'y









No.	Description	Material
(a)	BAG	AL
(b)	PackingTop	EPS
(C)	Packing,Bottom	EPS
(d)	Angle Packing	Double Wall
e	Angle Cover	Single Wall
(f)	Pallet	Plywood
9	Band	PP
h	Clip	Steel
(i)	Label	Paper

Ver. 1.0 26 /34

APPENDIX- II-1

■ LCM Label



Ver. 1.0 27 /34

APPENDIX- II-2

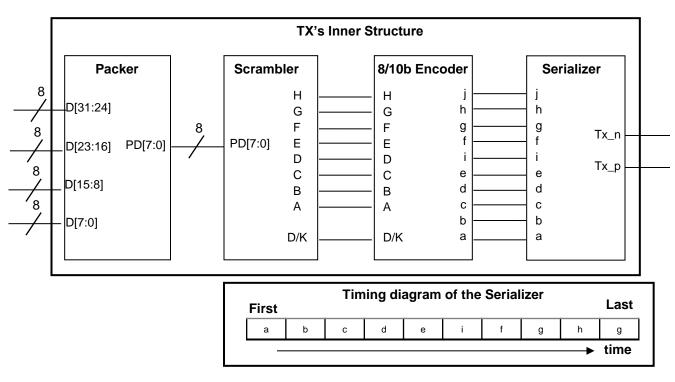
■ Pallet Label

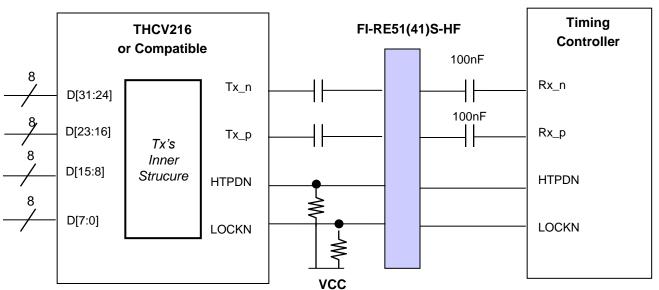


Ver. 1.0 28 / 34

APPENDIX- III

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine : THCV216) Transmitter





notes: 1. The LCD module uses a 100 nF capacitor on positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

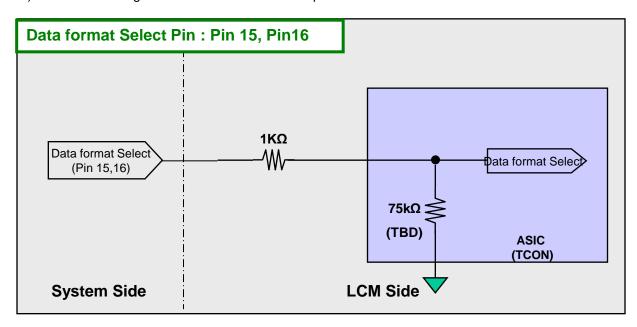
- 2. Refer to Vx1 Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THCV216 or Compatible)
- 3. About Module connector pin configuration, Please refer to the Page 8~9.

Ver. 1.0 29 / 34

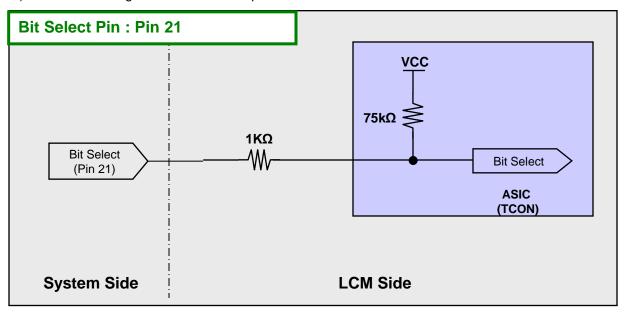
APPENDIX- IV-1

■ Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram

1) Circuit Block Diagram of Data format Selection pin



2) Circuit Block Diagram of Bit Selection pin

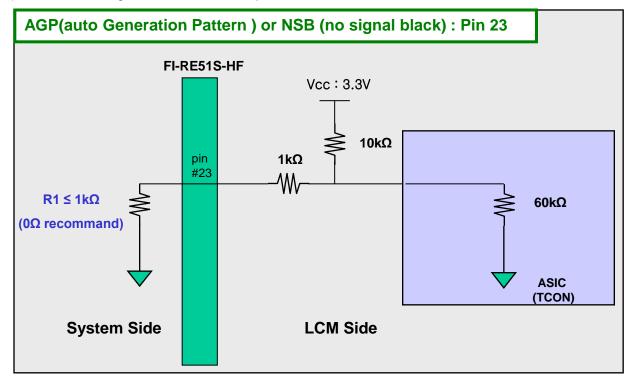


Ver. 1.0 30 / 34

APPENDIX- IV-2

■ Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram

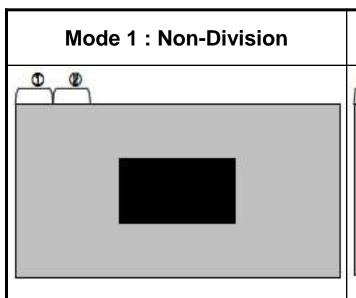
3) Circuit Block Diagram of AGP Selection pin

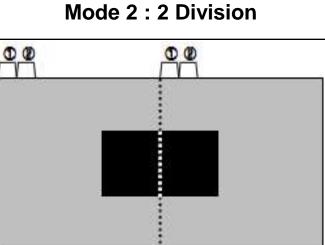


Ver. 1.0 31 / 34

APPENDIX- VI

■ input mode of pixel data





Lane	1 st Data	2 nd Data	Data#
Lane0	1	9	3833
Lane1	2	10	3834
Lane2	3	11	3835
Lane3	4	12	3836
Lane4	5	13	3837
Lane5	6	14	3838
Lane6	7	15	3839
Lane7	8	16	3840

Lane	1st Data	2 nd Data	Data#
Lane0	1	5	1917
Lane1	2	6	1918
Lane2	3	7	1919
Lane3	4	8	1920
Lane4	1921	1925	3837
Lane5	1922	1926	3838
Lane6	1923	1927	3839
Lane7	1924	1928	3840

Ver. 1.0 32 /34

APPENDIX- VII

■ LED Array Electrical Spec

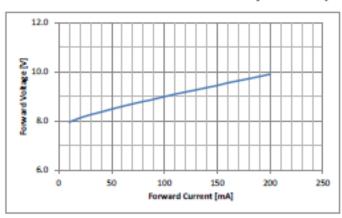
(Ta=25±2℃)

Item	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Array Operating Voltage	Vf	IF=55mA	151.1	160.1	170.1	V
	ΔVf	IF=55mA			1.7	V

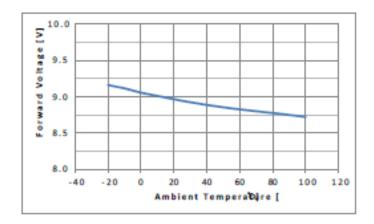
^{*}Typ. If=55[mA]: This value is determined by the specific LED current (55mA per LED)

■ Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

(Ta = 25°C)



■ Ambient Temperature vs. Forward Voltage



Ver. 1.0 33 /34

APPENDIX- VIII

■ The reference method of BL dimming

It is recommended to use synchronous V-sync frequency to prevent waterfall (Vsync * 2 =P-Dim Frequency)

Ver. 1.0 34 /34