

## TFT LCD Approval Specification

# MODEL NO.: N089L6 - L03

Customer : \_\_\_\_\_

Approved by : \_\_\_\_\_

Note :

記錄	工作	審核	角色	投票
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## Approval

## REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Page (New)	Section	Description
Ver. 2.0	Feb.04, 2009	All	All	Approval specification first issued.
Ver. 2.1	Feb.26, 2009	4	1.4	General Specifications modified.
		5	2.0	Absolute maximum ratings modified
		7	3.1	TFT LCD Module modified.
		11	5.1	Input terminal pin assignment modified.

## 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### 1.1 OVERVIEW

N089L6 - L03 is a 8.9" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with LED Backlight unit and 40 pins LVDS interface. This module supports 1024 x 600 Wide-SVGA mode and can display 262,144 colors. The optimum viewing angle is at 6 o'clock direction. The converter module for Backlight is built in.

### 1.2 FEATURES

- WSVGA (1024 x 600 pixels) resolution
- Thin, light and low power consumption
- DE only mode
- 3.3V LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface with 1 pixel/clock
- Build in LED Converter

### 1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD Notebook

### 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	195.072(H) x 113.4(V)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	198.27(H) x 116.6(V)	mm	
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1024 x R.G.B. x 600	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.1905(H) X 0.189(V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	262,144	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally white	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (3H), Anti-glare Type	-	-

### 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module Size	Horizontal (H)	213.06	213.36	213.66	mm	(1)
	Vertical (V)	129.25	129.55	129.85	mm	
	Depth (D1)	---	4.60	4.90	mm	
	Depth (D2)	---	3.40	3.50	mm	
Weight		---	145	155	g	-

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

## 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

### 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

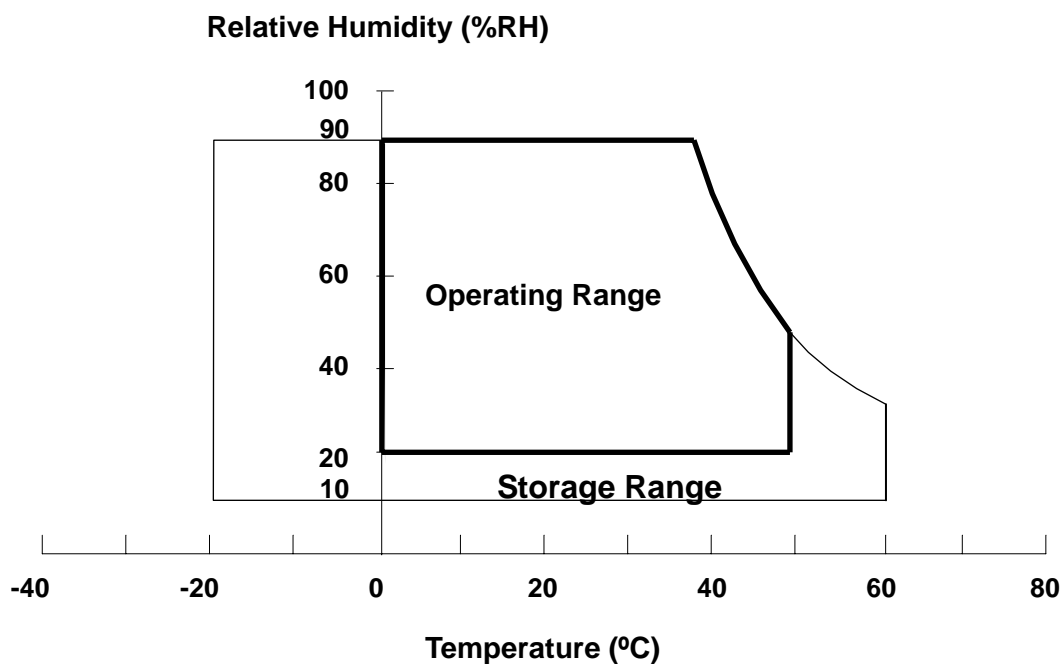
Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-20	+60	°C	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0	+50	°C	(1), (2)
Shock (Non-Operating)	S <sub>NOP</sub>	-	220/2	G/ms	(3), (5)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V <sub>NOP</sub>	-	1.5	G	(4), (5)

Note (1) (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta 40 °C).

(b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).

(c) No condensation.

Note (2) The temperature of panel display surface area should be 0 °C Min. and 60 °C Max.



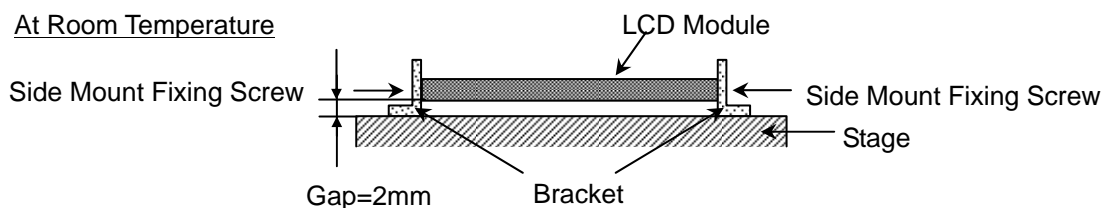
Note (3) 1 time for  $\pm X$ ,  $\pm Y$ ,  $\pm Z$ . for Condition (220G / 2ms) is half Sine Wave,.

Note (4) 10 ~ 500 Hz, 30 min/cycle, 1 cycles for each X, Y, Z axis.

Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

The fixing condition is shown as below:

At Room Temperature



## 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

### 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	-0.3	+4.0	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.3	$V_{CC}+0.3$	V	

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

### 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
LED Light Bar Power Supply Voltage	$V_L$	-35	23.8	V	(1), (2)
LED Light Bar Power Supply Current	$I_L$	0	75	mA	

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for LED (Refer to 3.2 for further information).

### 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

$T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$

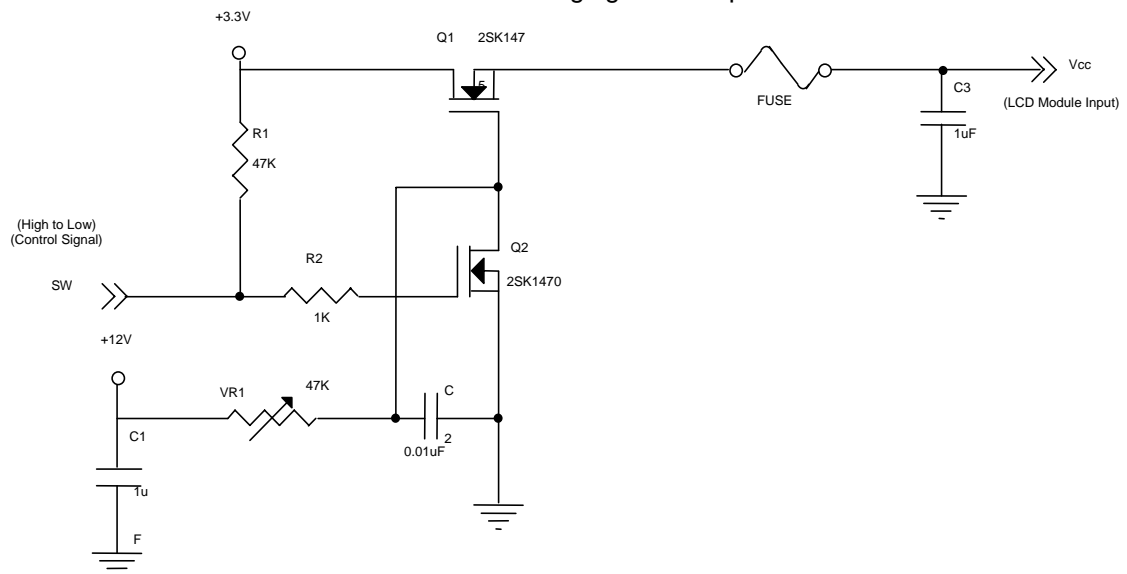
Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Ripple Voltage	$V_{RP}$	-	50	-	mV	-
Rush Current	$I_{RUSH}$	-	-	1.5	A	(2)
Initial Stage Current	$I_{IS}$	-	-	1.0	A	(2)
Power Supply Current	White	-	155	170	mA	(3)a
	Black		200	220	mA	(3)b
LVDS Differential Input High Threshold	$V_{TH(LVDS)}$	-	-	+100	mV	(5), $V_{CM}=1.2V$
LVDS Differential Input Low Threshold	$V_{TL(LVDS)}$	-100	-	-	mV	(5), $V_{CM}=1.2V$
LVDS Common Mode Voltage	$V_{CM}$	1.125	-	1.375	V	(5)
LVDS Differential Input Voltage	$ V_{ID} $	100	-	600	mV	(5)
Terminating Resistor	$R_T$	-	100	-	Ohm	-
Power per EBL WG	$P_{EBL}$	-	1.04	-	W	(4)

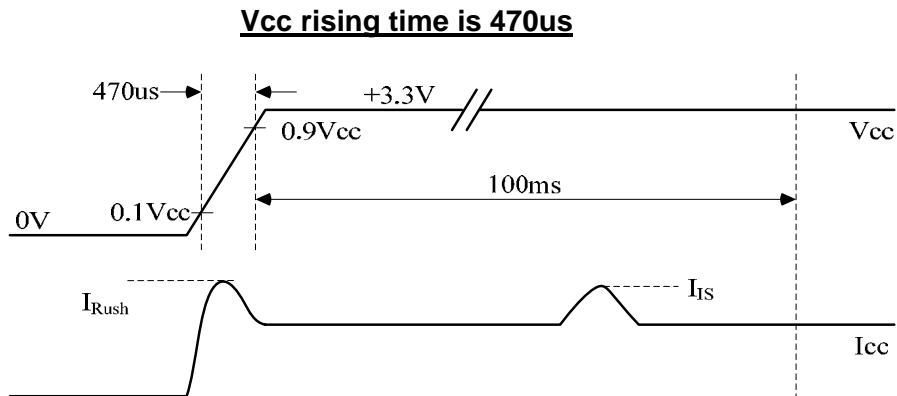
Note (1) The ambient temperature is  $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ .

Note (2)  $I_{RUSH}$ : the maximum current when VCC is rising

$I_{IS}$ : the maximum current of the first 100ms after power-on

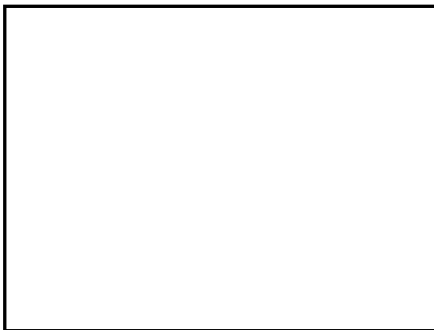
Measurement Conditions: Shown as the following figure. Test pattern: black.





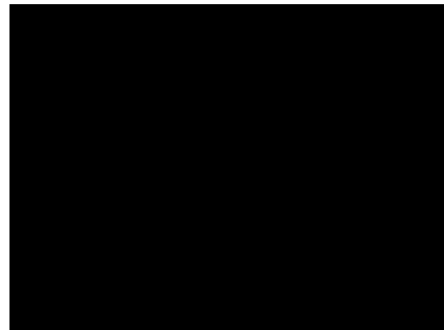
Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at  $V_{cc} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25 \pm 2\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $f_v = 60\text{ Hz}$ , whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. White Pattern



Active Area

b. Black Pattern



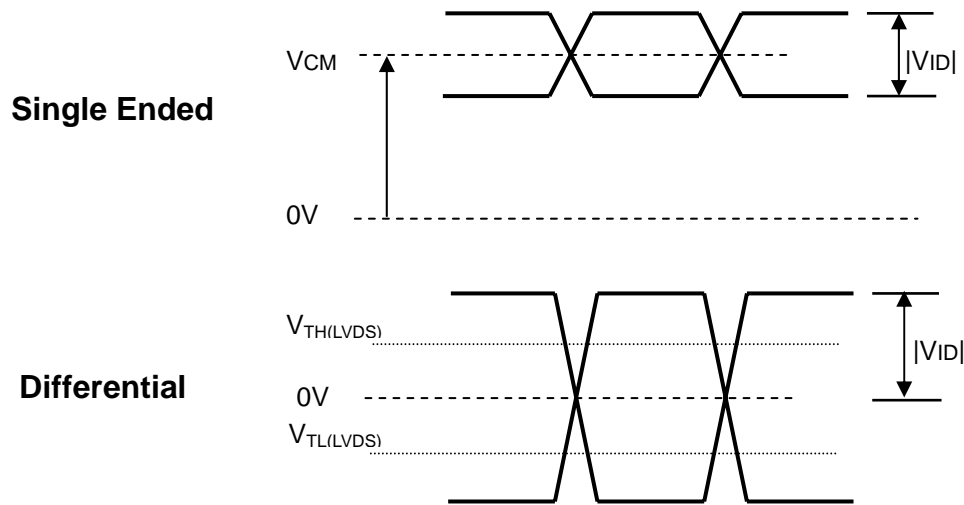
Active Area

Note (4) The specified power are the sum of LCD panel electronics input power and the converter input power. Test conditions are as follows.

- (a)  $V_{cc} = 3.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25 \pm 2\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $f_v = 60\text{ Hz}$ ,
- (b) The pattern used is a black and white 32 x 36 checkerboard, slide #100 from the VESA file "Flat Panel Display Monitor Setup Patterns", FPDMSU.ppt.
- (c) Luminance: 60 nits.



Note (5) The parameters of LVDS signals are defined as the following figures.

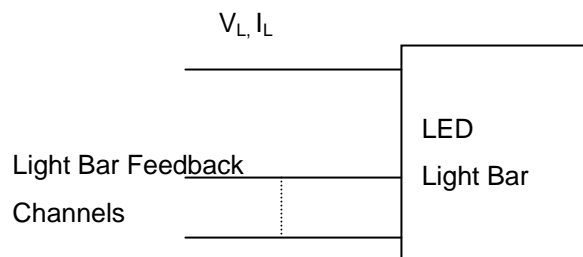


### 3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

$T_a = 25 \pm 2 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
LED Light Bar Power Supply Voltage	$V_L$	21	22.4	23.8	V	(1),(2) (Duty 100%)
LED Light Bar Power Supply Current	$I_L$	57	60	63	mA	
Power Consumption	$P_L$	1.197	1.344	1.499	W	(3), (Duty 100%)
LED Life Time	$L_{BL}$	12000	--	--	Hrs	(4)

Note (1) LED light bar configuration is shown as below.



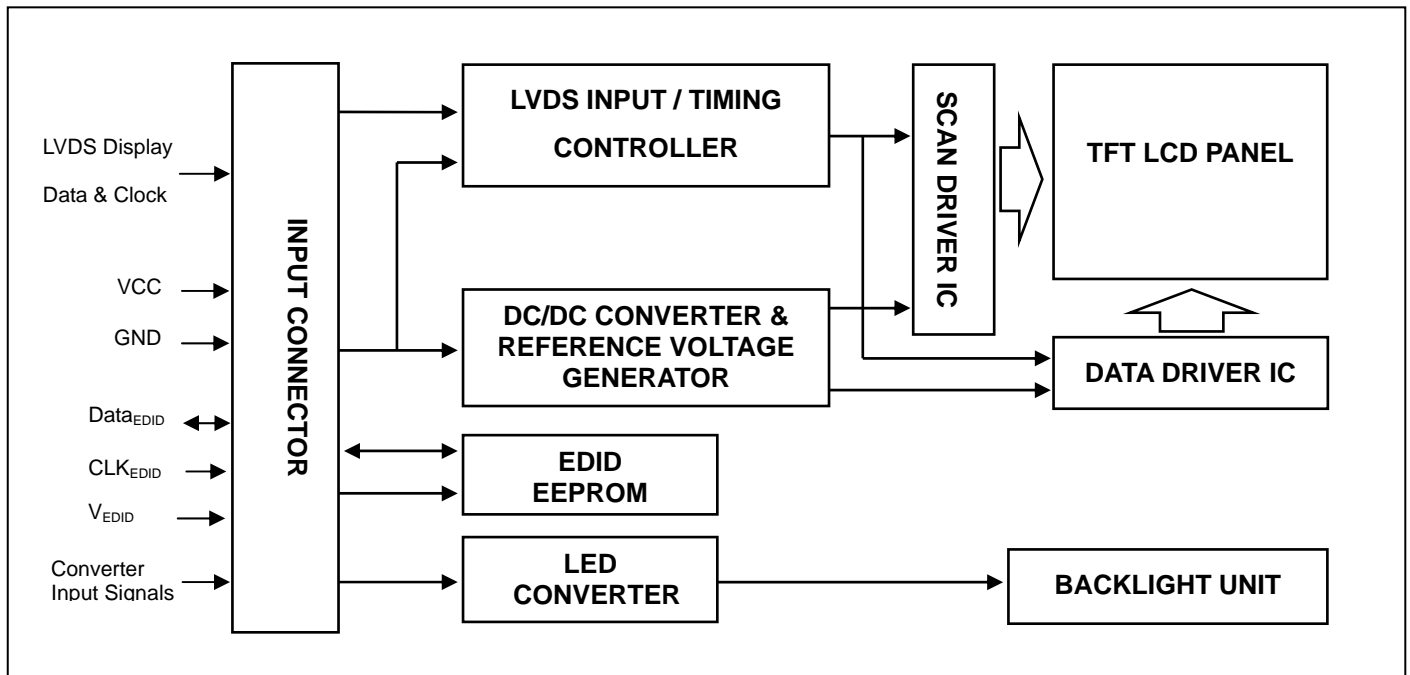
Note (2) For better LED light bar driving quality, it is recommended to utilize the adaptive boost converter with current balancing function to drive LED light-bar.

Note (3)  $P_L = I_L \times V_L$

Note (4) The lifetime of LED is defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at  $T_a = 25 \pm 2 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$  and  $I_L = 20 \text{ mA}$ (Per EA) until the brightness becomes 50% of its original value.

## 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

### 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



## 5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

### 5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

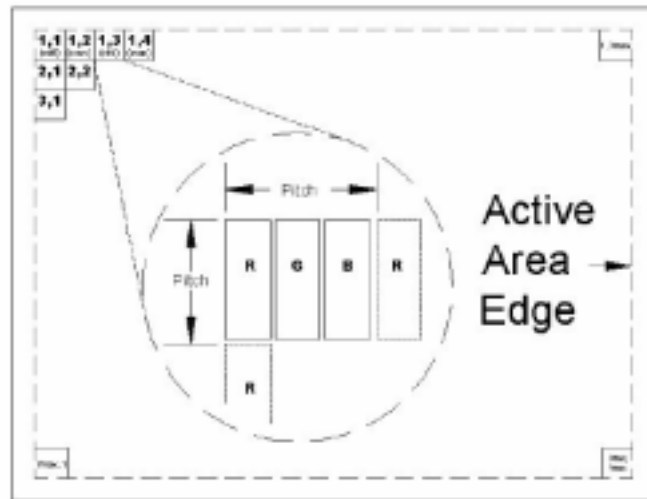
Pin	Symbol	Description	Polarity	Remark
1	GND	Ground		
2	VCC	Power Supply (+3.3V typ.)		
3	VCC	Power Supply (+3.3V typ.)		
4	V <sub>EDID</sub>	EDID power (+3.3V typ.)		DDC 3.3V Power
5	NC	No Connection (Reserved for CMO test)		
6	CLK <sub>EDID</sub>	EDID clock		DDC Clock
7	DATA <sub>EDID</sub>	EDID data		DDC Data
8	Rxin0-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	R0~R5,G0
9	Rxin0+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	
10	GND	Ground		
11	Rxin1-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	G1~G5,B0,B1
12	Rxin1+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	
13	GND	Ground		
14	Rxin2-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	B2~B5,DE,Hsync,Vsync
15	Rxin2+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	
16	GND	Ground		
17	CLK-	LVDS Clock Data Input	Negative	LVDS Level Clock
18	CLK+	LVDS Clock Data Input	Positive	
19	GND	Ground		
20	NC	No Connection		
21	NC	No Connection		
22	GND	Ground		
23	NC	No Connection		
24	NC	No Connection		
25	GND	Ground		
26	NC	No Connection		
27	NC	No Connection		
28	GND	Ground		
29	LED_VCCS	LED Power		
30	LED_VCCS	LED Power		
31	LED_GND	LED Ground		
32	LED_GND	LED Ground		
33	LED_GND	LED Ground		
34	NC	No Connection		
35	NC	No Connection		
36	NC	No Connection		
37	NC	No Connection		
38	LED_PWM	PWM Control Signal of LED Converter		(3)
39	NC	No Connection		
40	NC	No Connection		

Note (1) Connector Part No.: I-PEX 20347-340E-12 or equivalent

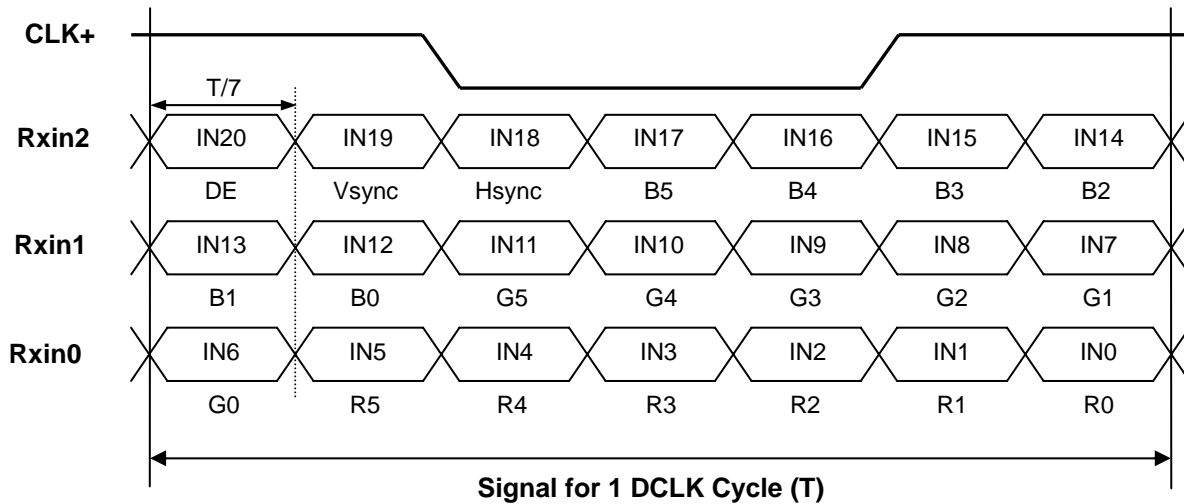
Note (2) User's connector Part No: I-PEX 20345-040T-31 or equivalent

Note (3) BLU brightness is proportion to the duty of LED\_PWM signal.

Note (4) The first pixel is odd as shown in the following figure.



## 5.2 TIMING DIAGRAM OF LVDS INPUT SIGNAL



### 5.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

Color		Data Signal																	
		Red						Green						Blue					
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale Of Red	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
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	Red(61)	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale Of Green	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale Of Blue	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
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	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

## 5.4 EDID DATA STRUCTURE

The EDID (Extended Display Identification Data) data formats are to support displays as defined in the VESA Plug & Display and FPD standards.

Byte # (decimal)	Byte # (hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (hex)	Value (binary)
0	0	Header	00	00000000
1	1	Header	FF	11111111
2	2	Header	FF	11111111
3	3	Header	FF	11111111
4	4	Header	FF	11111111
5	5	Header	FF	11111111
6	6	Header	FF	11111111
7	7	Header	00	00000000
8	8	EISA ID manufacturer name ("CMO")	0D	00001101
9	9	EISA ID manufacturer name (Compressed ASCII)	AF	10101111
10	0A	ID product code (N089L6-L03)	09	00001001
11	0B	ID product code (hex LSB first; N089L6-L03)	03	00000011
12	0C	ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	00000000
13	0D	ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	00000000
14	0E	ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	00000000
15	0F	ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	00000000
16	10	Week of manufacture (fixed week code)	2D	00101101
17	11	Year of manufacture (fixed year code)	12	00010010
18	12	EDID structure version # ("1")	01	00000001
19	13	EDID revision # ("3")	03	00000011
20	14	Video I/P definition ("digital")	90	10010000
21	15	Max H image size ("21.3cm")	15	00010101
22	16	Max V image size ("12.9cm")	0C	00001100
23	17	Display Gamma (Gamma = "2.2")	78	01111000
24	18	Feature support ("Active off, RGB Color")	0A	00001010
25	19	Rx1, Rx0, Ry1, Ry0, Gx1, Gx0, Gy1, Gy0	B9	10111001
26	1A	Bx1, Bx0, By1, By0, Wx1, Wx0, Wy1, Wy0	85	10000101
27	1B	Rx=0.584	95	10010101
28	1C	Ry=0.362	5C	01011100
29	1D	Gx=0.350	59	01011001
30	1E	Gy=0.583	95	10010101
31	1F	Bx=0.154	27	00100111
32	20	By=0.105	1B	00011011
33	21	Wx=0.313	50	01010000
34	22	Wy=0.329	54	01010100
35	23	Established timings 1	00	00000000
36	24	Established timings 2	00	00000000
37	25	Manufacturer's reserved timings	00	00000000
38	26	Standard timing ID # 1	01	00000001
39	27	Standard timing ID # 1	01	00000001
40	28	Standard timing ID # 2	01	00000001
41	29	Standard timing ID # 2	01	00000001

Byte # (decimal)	Byte # (hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (hex)	Value (binary)
42	2A	Standard timing ID # 3	01	00000001
43	2B	Standard timing ID # 3	01	00000001
44	2C	Standard timing ID # 4	01	00000001
45	2D	Standard timing ID # 4	01	00000001
46	2E	Standard timing ID # 5	01	00000001
47	2F	Standard timing ID # 5	01	00000001
48	30	Standard timing ID # 6	01	00000001
49	31	Standard timing ID # 6	01	00000001
50	32	Standard timing ID # 7	01	00000001
51	33	Standard timing ID # 7	01	00000001
52	34	Standard timing ID # 8	01	00000001
53	35	Standard timing ID # 8	01	00000001
54	36	Detailed timing description # 1 Pixel clock ("45MHz", According to VESA CVT Rev1.1)	94	10010100
55	37	# 1 Pixel clock (hex LSB first)	11	00010001
56	38	# 1 H active ("1024")	00	00000000
57	39	# 1 H blank ("176")	B0	10110000
58	3A	# 1 H active : H blank ("1024 : 176")	40	01000000
59	3B	# 1 V active ("600")	58	01011000
60	3C	# 1 V blank ("25")	19	00011001
61	3D	# 1 V active : V blank ("600 : 25")	20	00100000
62	3E	# 1 H sync offset ("53")	35	00110101
63	3F	# 1 H sync pulse width ("35")	23	00100011
64	40	# 1 V sync offset : V sync pulse width ("3 : 6")	36	00110110
65	41	# 1 H sync offset : H sync pulse width : V sync offset : V sync width ("53: 35 : 3 : 6")	00	00000000
66	42	# 1 H image size ("195 mm")	C3	11000011
67	43	# 1 V image size ("113mm")	71	01110001
68	44	# 1 H image size : V image size ("195 : 113")	00	00000000
69	45	# 1 H boarder ("0")	00	00000000
70	46	# 1 V boarder ("0")	00	00000000
71	47	# 1 Non-interlaced, Normal, no stereo, Separate sync, H/V pol Negatives	18	00011000
72	48	Detailed timing description # 2	00	00000000
73	49	# 2 Flag	00	00000000
74	4A	# 2 Reserved	00	00000000
75	4B	# 2 FE (hex) defines ASCII string (Model Name "N089L6-L03", ASCII)	FE	11111110
76	4C	# 2 Flag	00	00000000
77	4D	# 2 1st character of name ("N")	4E	01001110
78	4E	# 2 2nd character of name ("0")	30	00110000
79	4F	# 2 3rd character of name ("8")	38	00111000
80	50	# 2 4th character of name ("9")	39	00111001
81	51	# 2 5th character of name ("L")	4C	01001100
82	52	# 2 6th character of name ("6")	36	00110110
83	53	# 2 7th character of name ("-")	2D	00101101
84	54	# 2 8th character of name ("L")	4C	01001100

Byte # (decimal)	Byte # (hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (hex)	Value (binary)
85	55	# 2 9th character of name ("0")	30	00110000
86	56	# 2 10th character of name ("3")	33	00110011
87	57	# 2 New line character indicates end of ASCII string	0A	00001010
88	58	# 2 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
89	59	# 2 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
90	5A	Detailed timing description # 3	00	00000000
91	5B	# 3 Flag	00	00000000
92	5C	# 3 Reserved	00	00000000
93	5D	# 3 FE (hex) defines ASCII string (Vendor "CMO", ASCII)	FE	11111110
94	5E	# 3 Flag	00	00000000
95	5F	# 3 1st character of string ("C")	43	01000011
96	60	# 3 2nd character of string ("M")	4D	01001101
97	61	# 3 3rd character of string ("O")	4F	01001111
98	62	# 3 New line character indicates end of ASCII string	0A	00001010
99	63	# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
100	64	# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
101	65	# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
102	66	# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
103	67	# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
104	68	# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
105	69	# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
106	6A	# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
107	6B	# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
108	6C	Detailed timing description # 4	00	00000000
109	6D	# 4 Flag	00	00000000
110	6E	# 4 Reserved	00	00000000
111	6F	# 4 FE (hex) defines ASCII string (Model Name"N089L6-L03", ASCII)	FE	11111110
112	70	# 4 Flag	00	00000000
113	71	# 4 1st character of name ("N")	4E	01001110
114	72	# 4 2nd character of name ("0")	30	00110000
115	73	# 4 3rd character of name ("8")	38	00111000
116	74	# 4 4th character of name ("9")	39	00111001
117	75	# 4 5th character of name ("L")	4C	01001100
118	76	# 4 6th character of name ("6")	36	00110110
119	77	# 4 7th character of name ("-")	2D	00101101
120	78	# 4 8th character of name ("L")	4C	01001100
121	79	# 4 9th character of name ("0")	30	00110000
122	7A	# 4 10th character of name ("3")	33	00110011
123	7B	# 4 New line character indicates end of ASCII string	0A	00001010
124	7C	# 4 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
125	7D	# 4 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
126	7E	Extension flag	00	00000000
127	7F	Checksum	84	10000100



## 6. CONVERTER SPECIFICATION

### 6.1 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

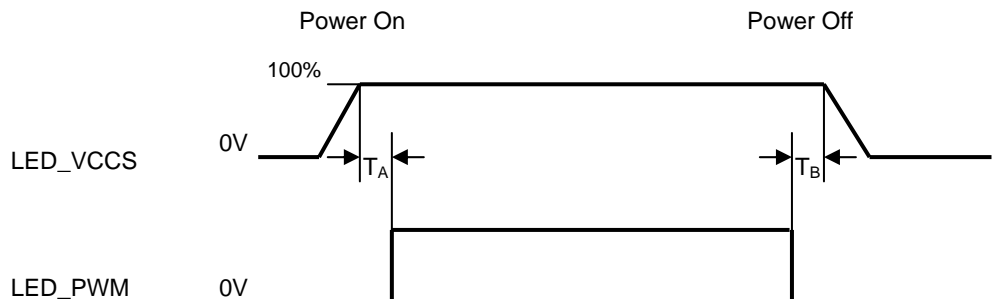
Symbol	Ratings
LED_VCCS	-0.3V ~ 6.0V
LED_PWM	-0.3V ~ 6.0V

### 6.2 RECOMMENDED OPERATING RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Converter Input power supply voltage	LED_VCCS	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
PWM Control Level	PWM High Level	2.4	-	5.0	V	
	PWM Low Level	0	-	0.5	V	
PWM Control Duty Ratio		10	-	100	%	
PWM Control Frequency	$f_{PWM}$	190	210	230	Hz	
PWM Control Permissive Ripple Voltage	$V_{PWM\_pp}$			100	mV	
Converter Input Current	$V_{in}=Min.$	355	375	395	mA	(1)
	$V_{in}=Typ.$	310	329	350	mA	(1)
	$V_{in}=Max.$	280	296	310	mA	(1)

Note (1) The specified LED power supply current is under the conditions at "LED\_VCCS = Min, Typ, Max",  
 $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ C$ ,  $f_{PWM} = 200$  Hz, Duty=100%.

### 6.3 LED BACKLIGHT CONTROLL POWER SEQUENCE



Timing Specifications:

$T_A$  0ms

$T_B$  0ms

Note (1) Please follow the LED backlight power sequence as above. If the customer could not follow, it might cause backlight flash issue during display ON/OFF or damage the LED backlight controller

## 7. INTERFACE TIMING

### 7.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

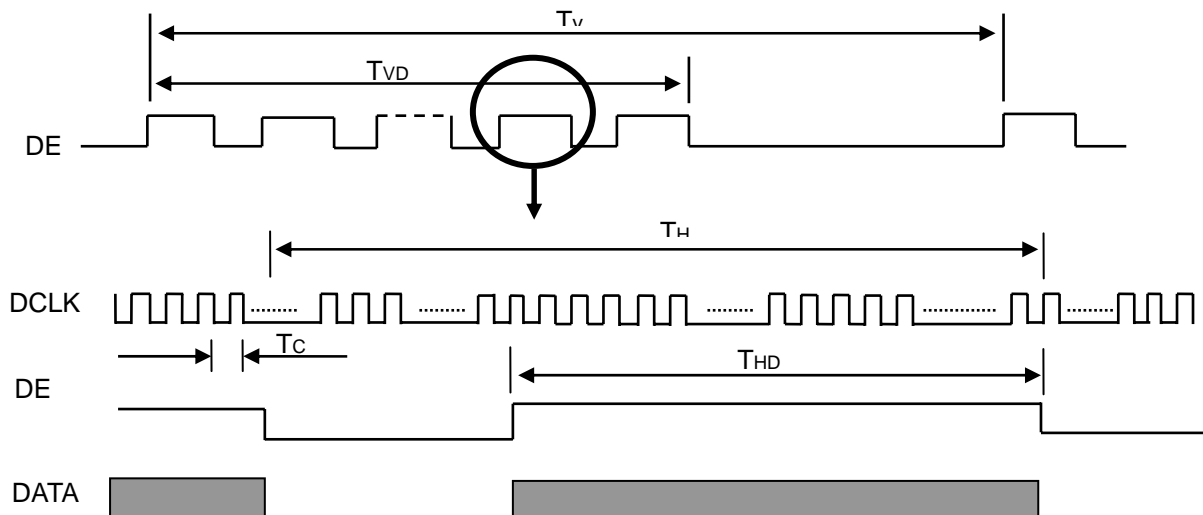
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	1/Tc	40.5	45	47.25	MHz	-
DE	Vertical Total Time	TV	610	625	768	TH	-
	Vertical Active Display Period	TVD	600	600	600	TH	-
	Vertical Active Blanking Period	TVB	TV-TVD	25	TV-TVD	TH	
	Horizontal Total Time	TH	1100	1200	1344	Tc	(2)
	Horizontal Active Display Period	THD	1024	1024	1024	Tc	(2)
	Horizontal Active Blanking Period	THB	TH-THD	176	TH-THD	Tc	(2)

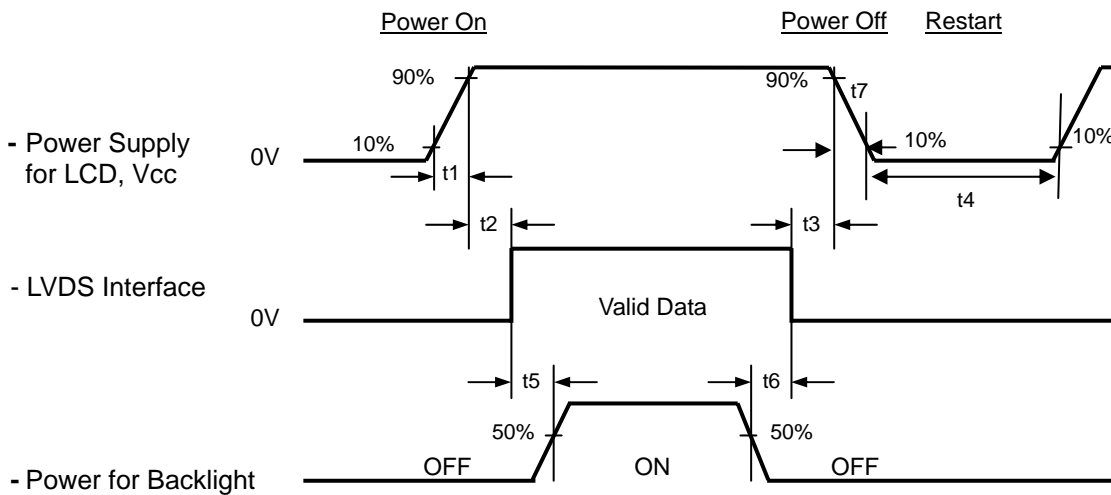
Note (1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync are ignored.

(2) 1 channel LVDS input.

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM



## 7.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE



### Timing Specifications:

0.5	t1	10 ms
0	t2	50 ms
0	t3	50 ms
	t4	500 ms
	t5	200 ms
	t6	200 ms

Note (1) Please follow the power on/off sequence described above. Otherwise, the LCD module might be damaged.

Note (2) Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply of LCD Vcc to 0 V.

Note (3) The Backlight converter power must be turned on after the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is valid. The Backlight converter power must be turned off before the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is invalid.

Note (4) Sometimes some slight noise shows when LCD is turned off (even backlight is already off). To avoid this phenomenon, we suggest that the Vcc falling time is better to follow 50us t7 10 ms.

## 8. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 8.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	Ha	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	3.3	V
Input Signal	According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"		
LED Light Bar Input Current	I <sub>L</sub>	60	mA

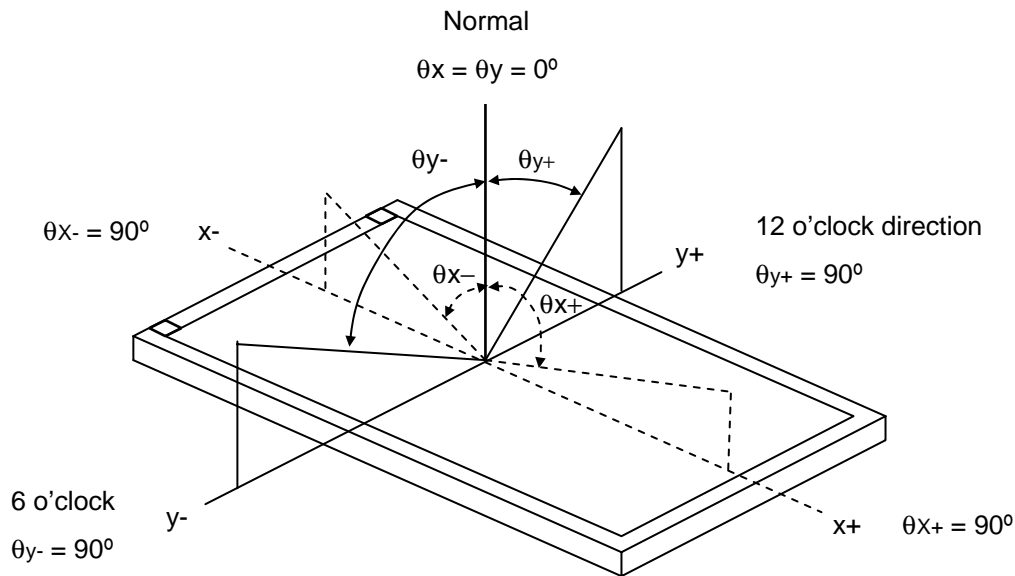
The measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in Section 8.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in Section 8.1 and stable environment shown in Note (5).

### 8.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 8.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 8.1 and stable environment shown in Note (5).

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR	$\theta_x=0^\circ, \theta_y=0^\circ$ Viewing Normal Angle	300	400	-	-	(2), (5)
Response Time		T <sub>R</sub>		-	3	8	ms	(3)
		T <sub>F</sub>		-	7	12	ms	
Average Luminance of White		L <sub>5p</sub>		160	200	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	(4), (5)
Luminance Non-Uniformity		$\delta W_{5p}$		-	-	1.4		(5), (6)
Color Chromaticity	Red	R <sub>x</sub>		TYP -0.05	0.571	TYP +0.05	-	(1), (5)
		R <sub>y</sub>			0.360		-	
	Green	G <sub>x</sub>			0.351		-	
		G <sub>y</sub>			0.573		-	
	Blue	B <sub>x</sub>			0.156		-	
		B <sub>y</sub>			0.118		-	
	White	W <sub>x</sub>			0.313		-	
		W <sub>y</sub>			0.329		-	
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	$\theta_{x+}$	CR≥10	60	70	-	Deg.	
		$\theta_{x-}$		60	70	-		
	Vertical	$\theta_{y+}$		50	60	-		
		$\theta_{y-}$		50	60	-		

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta_x$ ,  $\theta_y$ ):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

$$\text{Contrast Ratio (CR)} = L_{63} / L_0$$

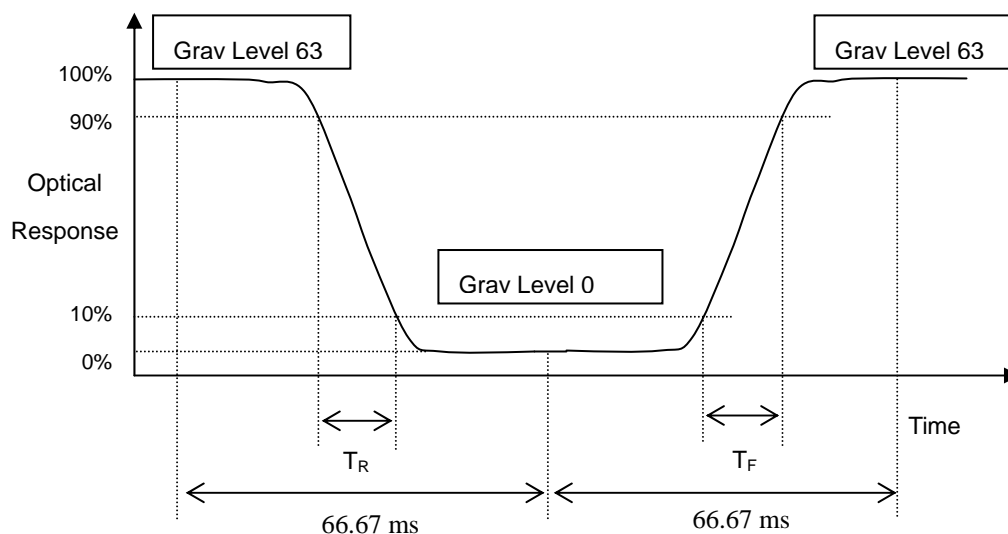
L63: Luminance of gray level 63

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

$$CR = CR(1)$$

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time ( $T_R$ ,  $T_F$ ):



Note (4) Definition of Average Luminance of White ( $L_{AVE}$ ):

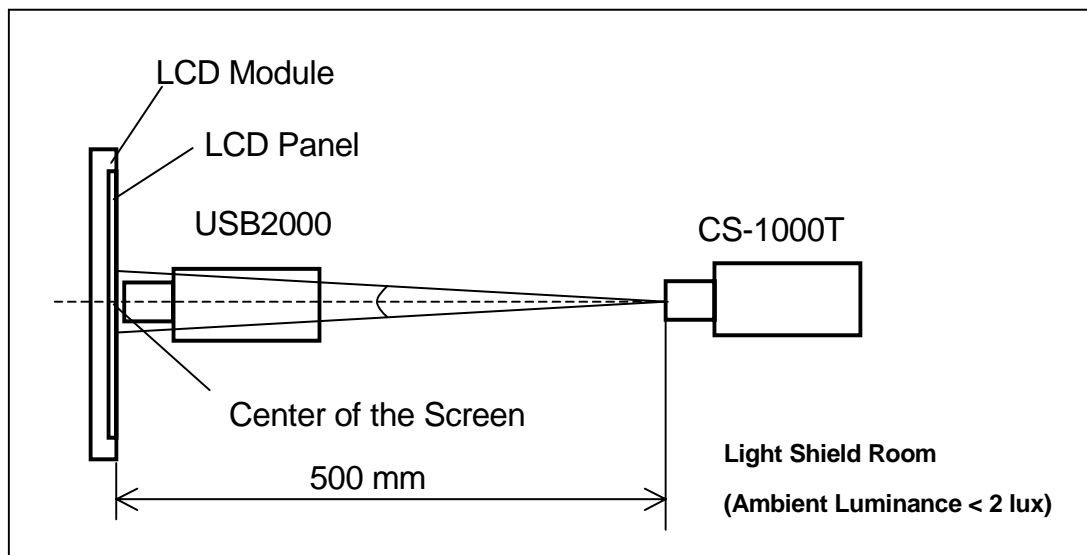
Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points

$$L_{AVE} = [L(1) + L(2) + L(3) + L(4) + L(5)] / 5$$

$L(x)$  is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6)

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

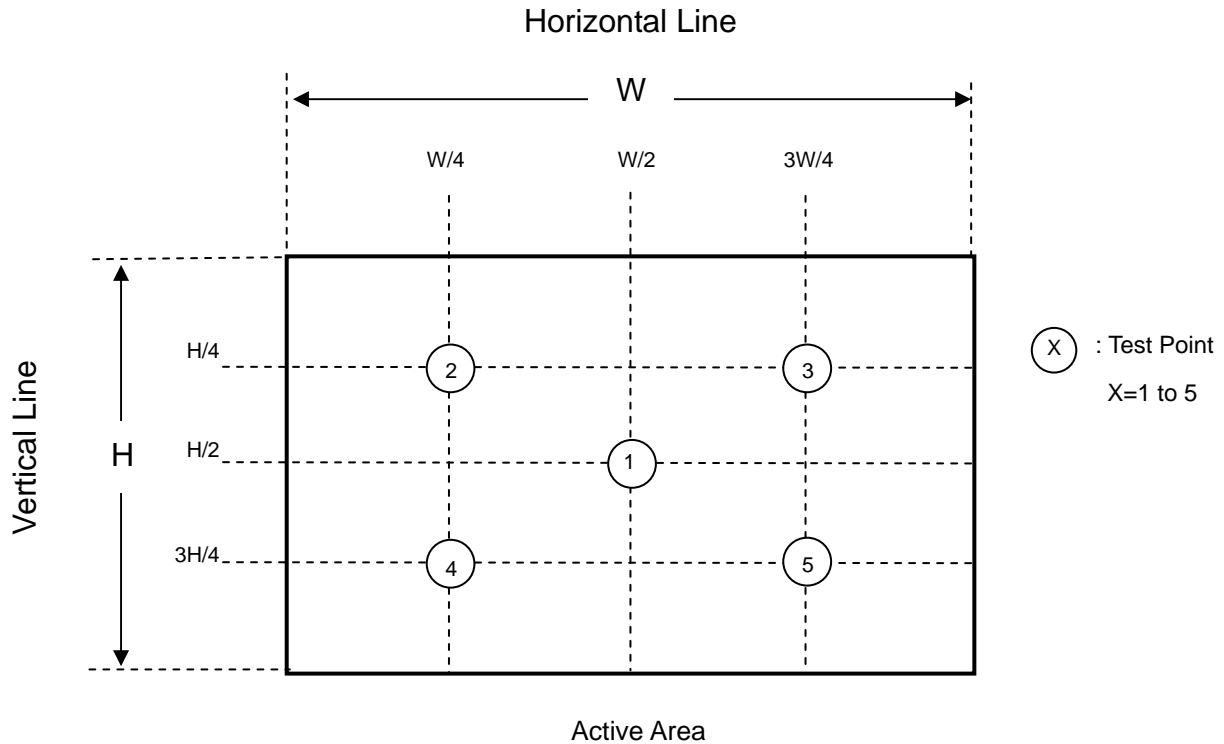
The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.



Note (6) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points

$$\delta W = \{ \text{Maximum } [L(1), L(2), L(3), L(4), L(5)] / \text{Minimum } [L(1), L(2), L(3), L(4), L(5)] \}$$



## 9. PRECAUTIONS

### 9.1 SYSTEM MATCHING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Refer to the drawing.
- (2) To avoid wireless noise interference, please keep the antenna away from LCD control board.

### 9.2 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The module should be assembled into the system firmly by using every mounting hole. Be careful not to twist or bend the module.
- (2) While assembling or installing modules, it can only be in the clean area. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or damage the polarizer.
- (3) Use fingerstalls or soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (4) Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead on the panel because the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, please clean it by some absorbent cotton or soft cloth. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanently damage the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (6) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Staining and discoloration may occur if they left on panel for a long time.
- (7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contacting with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (8) Protect the module from static electricity, it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.
- (9) Do not disassemble the module.
- (10) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (11) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

### 9.3 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

- (1) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (2) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because the moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (3) It may reduce the display quality if the ambient temperature is lower than 10 °C. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of lamp will be higher than the room temperature.

### 9.4 OPERATION PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (2) Always follow the correct power on/off sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent the CMOS LSI chips from damage during latch-up.
- (3) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with converter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.

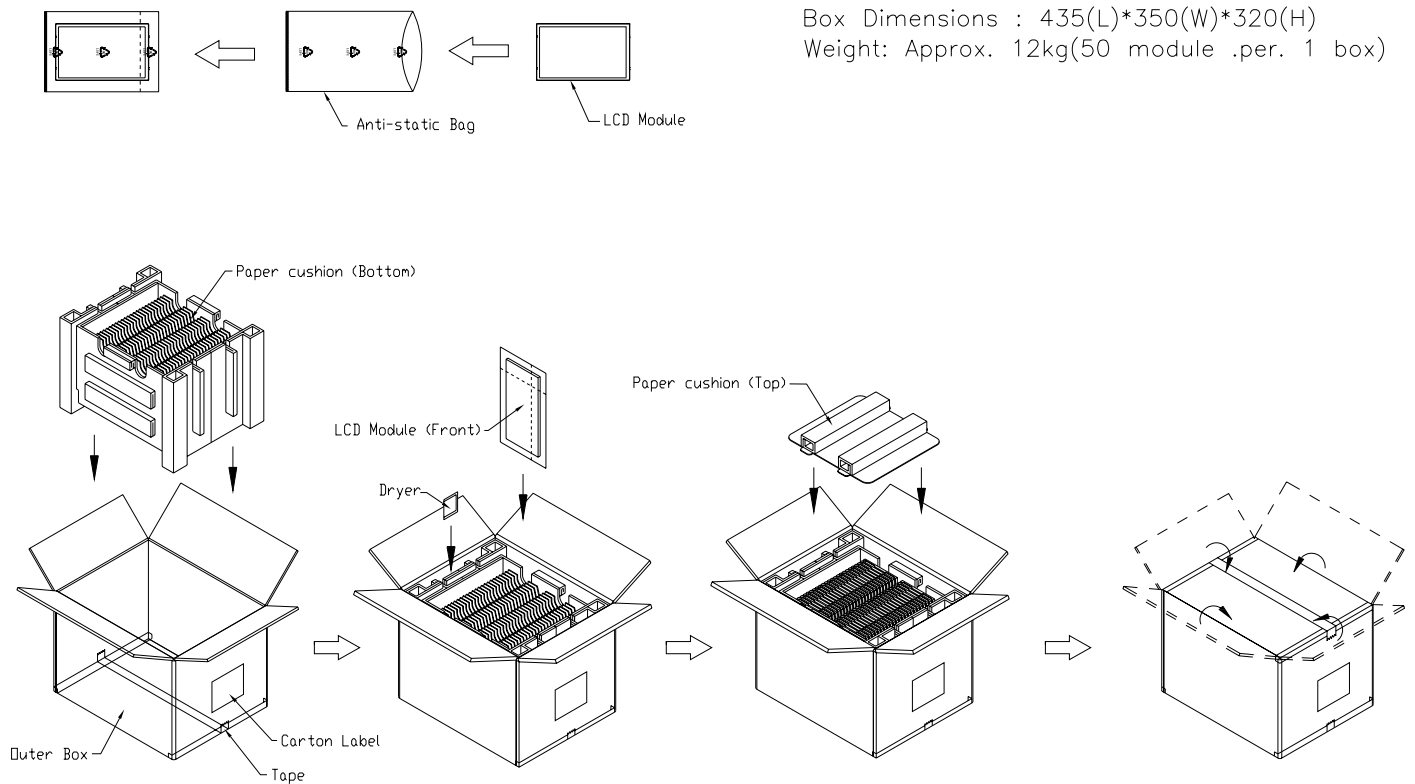
### 9.5 OTHER PRECAUTIONS

- (1) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.



## 10. PACKING

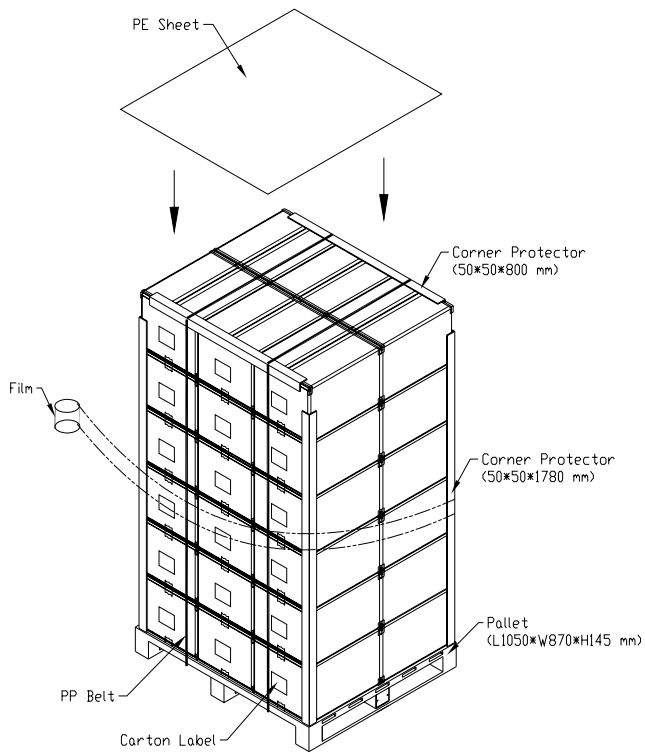
### 10.1 CARTON



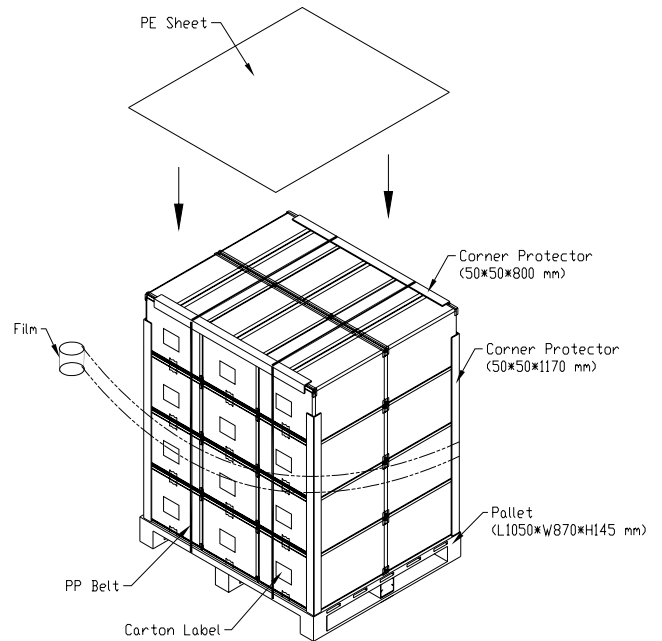
**Figure. 10-1 Packing method**

## 10.2 PALLET

### Sea & Land Transportation



### Air Transportation



**Figure. 10-2 Packing method**

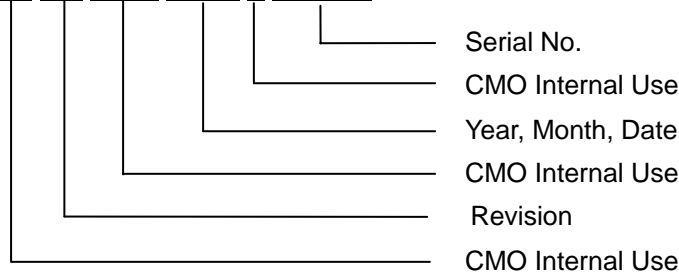
## 11. DEFINITION OF LABELS

### 11.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



- (a) Model Name: N089L6 - L03
- (b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A1, ..., C1, C2 ...etc.
- (c) Serial ID: X X X X X X Y M D X N N N N



- (d) Production Location: MADE IN XXXX. XXXX stands for production location.

Serial ID includes the information as below:

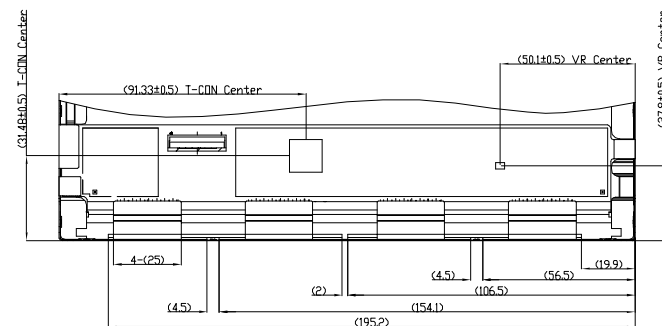
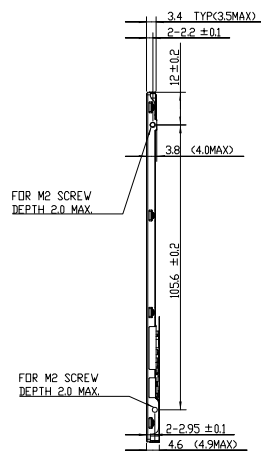
- (a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2001~2009  
 Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.  
 Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1<sup>st</sup> to 31<sup>st</sup>, exclude I, O and U
- (b) Revision Code: cover all the change
- (c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product

## 11.2 CMO CARTON LABEL





The image shows a template for a CMO (Carton Material Order) label. It features the CHI MEI logo at the top left. Below the logo, the text "CHI MEI OPTOELECTRONICS" is visible. The label contains several fields for information entry: "PO/NO.", "Part ID.", "Model Name", "Carton ID.", and "Quantities". A large, stylized "CMO" watermark is centered on the label. At the bottom, there is a "Made in XXXX" field and a "RoHS" compliance logo (a green circle with "GP" inside).

(a) Production location: Made In XXXX. XXXX stands for production location.



IC CENTER LOCATION

General Tolerance Unless Specified						Drawer	Poshen	Material	NA	Sheet	1 / 1	AI	
0-3	+0.05	30-120	+0.15	1000-3000	+0	Designer	Poshen	Date	26-Feb-2009	Scale	1:1	Unit/mm	
3-6	+0.05	120-400	+0.2	2000-4000	+0	 <b>CHI MEI</b> OPTOELECTRONICS CORP. <span style="float: right;">ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. COPYING FORBIDDEN.</span>							
6-30	+0.1	400-1000	+0.3	4000-10000	+0.1								