

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(   ) Preliminary Specification

( ● ) Final Specification

Title	15.4" WXGA+ TFT LCD
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BUYER	Dell
MODEL	-

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LP154WP2
Suffix	TLC2

\*When you obtain standard approval,  
please use the above model name without suffix

SIGNATURE	DATE
/	_____
/	_____
/	_____

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

APPROVED BY	DATE
J. L. Ma / G. Manager	_____
REVIEWED BY	
S. W. Paeng / Manager	_____
PREPARED BY	
S. S. Han / Engineer	_____

**Product Engineering Dept.  
LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd**

**Product Specification**

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### RECORD OF REVISIONS

[illegible]

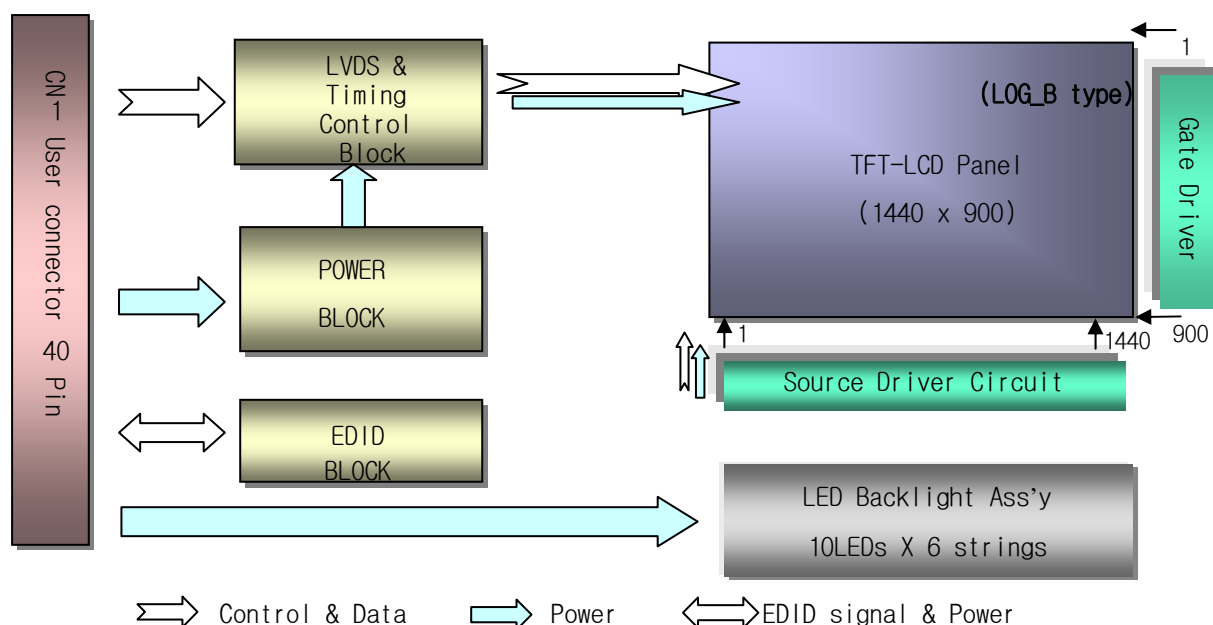
## Product Specification

### 1. General Description

The LP154WP2 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral LED backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.4 inches diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution(1440 horizontal by 900 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP154WP2 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP154WP2 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP154WP2 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



### General Features

Active Screen Size	15.4 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	344.0 (H, typ.) × 222.0 (V, typ.) × 6.1 (D, max.) mm
Pixel Pitch	0.2301 mm × 0.2301 mm
Pixel Format	1440 horiz. by 900 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	300 cd/m <sup>2</sup> (Typ.) , 5 point
Power Consumption	Total 4.6 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 1.0Watt(Typ.), B/L 3.6Watt(Typ.)
Weight	460g (Max.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Glare treatment of the front Polarizer

**Product Specification**

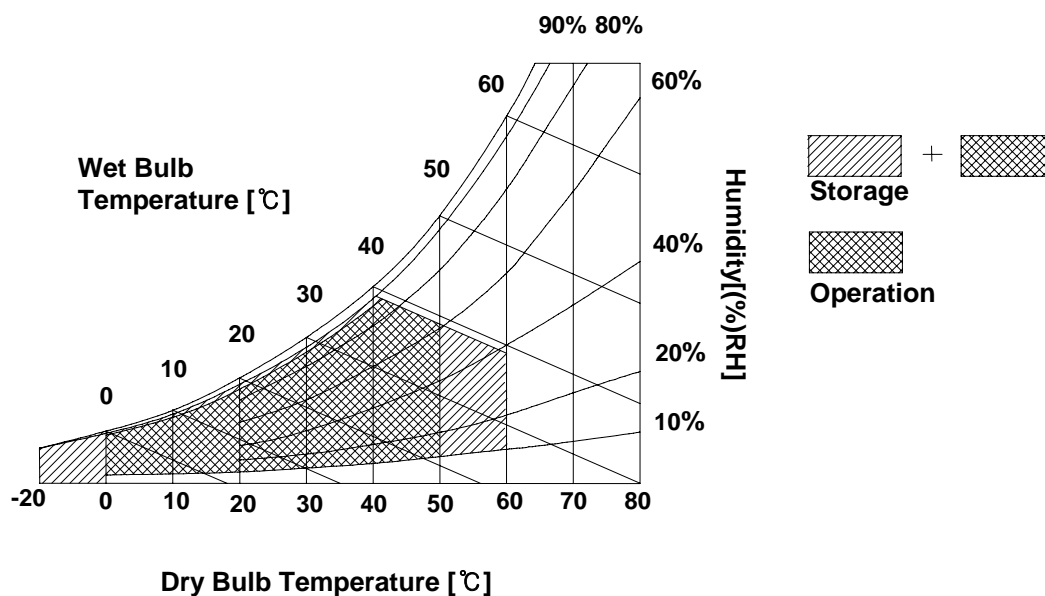
## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

**Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Units	Notes
		Min	Max		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	50	°C	1
Storage Temperature	HST	-20	60	°C	1
Operating Ambient Humidity	HOP	10	90	%RH	1
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	%RH	1

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.  
 Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



## Product Specification

### 3. Electrical Specifications

#### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

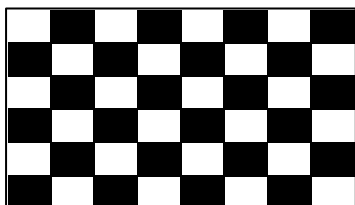
The LP154WP2 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the LED BL, is typically generated by an LED array.

**Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Min	Typ	Max		
MODULE :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V <sub>DC</sub>	3
Power Supply Input Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	255	300	345	mA	1
Power Consumption	P <sub>c</sub>	-	0.99	1.14	Watt	1
Differential Impedance	Z <sub>m</sub>	90	100	110	Ohm	2
LED BL:						
Operating Current per String	I <sub>LED</sub>	5.0	19.0	20.0	mA	4
Power Consumption	P <sub>LED</sub>	-	3.60	3.90	Watt	5
Life Time		10,000	-	-	Hrs	6

Note)

1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V , 25 °C , fv = 60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.



2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
3. The variance of the voltage is  $\pm 10\%$ .
4. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance (L<sub>WH</sub>) in optical characteristics.  
I<sub>LED</sub> is the current of each LEDs' string, LED backlight has 6 strings on it.
5. The LED power consumption shown above does not include power of external LED driver circuit for typical current condition.
6. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of LED is 50% compare to that of minimum value specified in table 7.

## Product Specification

### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 50 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model FI-VHP50S-A-HF11 manufactured by JAE.

**Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)**

Pin	Signal	Description
1	Test Loop	Test Loop (only to pin 30)
2	VEEDID	EDID 3.3V power
3	VSS	Ground (Panel logic, BL logic)
4	CLK EEDID	EDID clock
5	DATA EEDID	EDID data
6	VSS	Ground (Panel logic, BL logic)
7	Odd_Rin0-	- LVDS differential data input (R0-R5, G0)
8	Odd_Rin0+	+ LVDS differential data input (R0-R5, G0)
9	VSS1	Ground – Shield LVDS Ch1
10	Odd_Rin1-	- LVDS differential data input (G1-G5, B0-B1) (odd pixels)
11	Odd_Rin1+	+ LVDS differential data input (G1-G5, B0-B1) (odd pixels)
12	VSS2	Ground – Shield LVDS Ch2
13	Odd_Rin2-	- LVDS differential data input (B2-B5, HS, VS, DE) (odd pixels)
14	Odd_Rin2+	+ LVDS differential data input (B2-B5, HS, VS, DE) (odd pixels)
15	VSS3	Ground – Shield LVDS Ch3
16	Odd_ClkIN-	- LVDS differential clock input (odd pixels)
17	Odd_ClkIN+	+ LVDS differential clock input (odd pixels)
18	VSS4	Ground – Shield LVDS Ch4
19	Even_Rin0-	- LVDS differential data input (R0-R5, G0) (even pixels)
20	Even_Rin0+	+ LVDS differential data input (R0-R5, G0) (even pixels)
21	VSS5	Ground – Shield LVDS Ch5
22	Even_Rin1-	- LVDS differential data input (G1-G5, B0-B1) (even pixels)
23	Even_Rin1+	+ LVDS differential data input (G1-G5, B0-B1) (even pixels)
24	VSS6	Ground – Shield LVDS Ch6
25	Even_Rin2-	- LVDS differential data input (B2-B5, HS, VS, DE) (even pixels)
26	Even_Rin2+	+ LVDS differential data input (B2-B5, HS, VS, DE) (even pixels)
27	VSS7	Ground – Shield LVDS Ch7
28	Even_ClkIN-	- LVDS differential clock input (even pixels)
29	Even_ClkIN+	+ LVDS differential clock input (even pixels)
30	Test Loop	Test Loop (only to pin 1)

**Product Specification**
**Pin No. 31~50**

Pin	Signal	Description
31	CONNTEST	connector test (this pin is connected to pin 20 only) See note 1.
32	VDD	Logic Power 3.3V (Panel bg ic, BL bg ic)
33	VDD	Logic Power 3.3V (Panel bg ic, BL bg ic)
34	TEST (BIST_EN)	Panel Self Test
35	+5V_ALW	SMBUS 5V power
36	VSS	Ground (Panel bg ic, BL bg ic)
37	VSS	Ground (Panel bg ic, BL bg ic)
38	PWM_BL	PWM brightness control
39	VLB_	Ground (LED bg ic)
40	VLB_	Ground (LED bg ic)
41	VLB_	Ground (LED bg ic)
42	VLB_	Ground (LED bg ic)
43	NC	no connect
44	VLB+	7V ~ 20V LED power
45	VLB+	7V ~ 20V LED power
46	VLB+	7V ~ 20V LED power
47	VLB+	7V ~ 20V LED power
48	SMB_DATA	SMBus Data
49	SMB_CLK	SMBus C bck
50	CONNTEST	connector test (this pin is connected to pin 1 only) See note 1.

**Connector Typ**

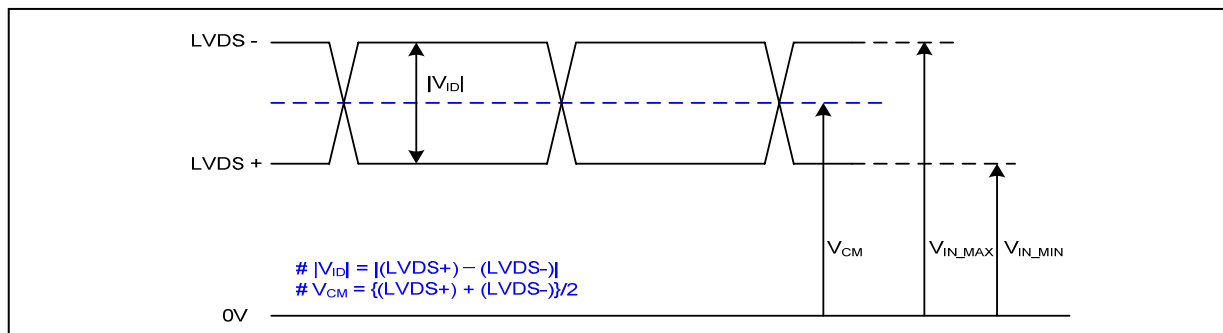
JAE, FI-VHP50S-A-HF11 (50pin)



## Product Specification

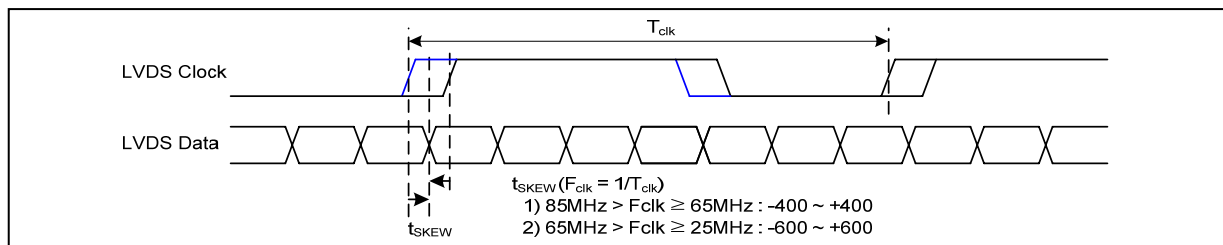
### 3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications

#### 3-3-1. DC Specification



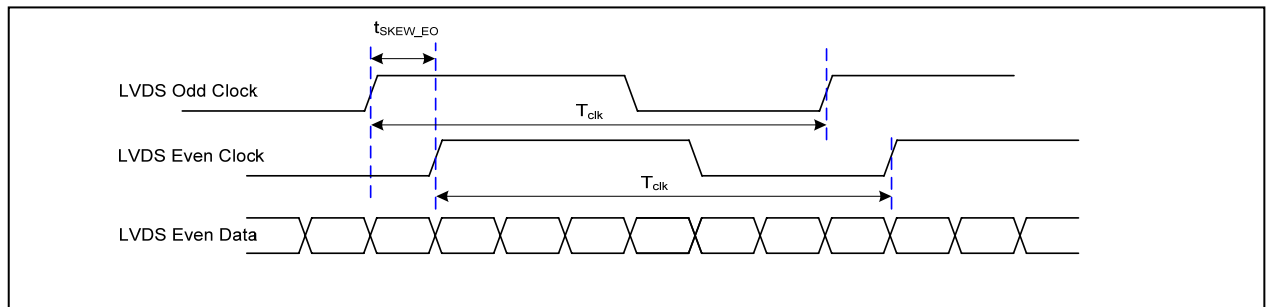
Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	$ V_{ID} $	100	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	$V_{CM}$	0.6	1.8	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	0.3	2.1	V	-

#### 3-3-2. AC Specification

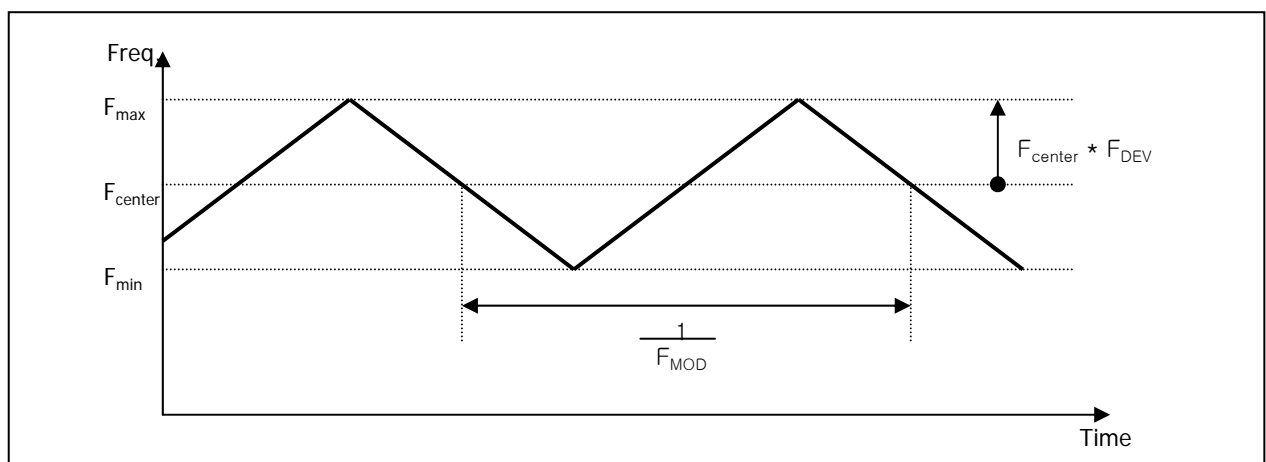


Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	$t_{SKEW}$	- 400	+ 400	ps	$85MHz > F_{clk} \geq 65MHz$
	$t_{SKEW}$	- 600	+ 600	ps	$65MHz > F_{clk} \geq 25MHz$
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	$t_{SKEW\_EO}$	- 1/7	+ 1/7	$T_{clk}$	-
Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC	$F_{DEV}$	-	$\pm 3$	%	-
Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC	$F_{MOD}$	-	200	KHz	-

## Product Specification



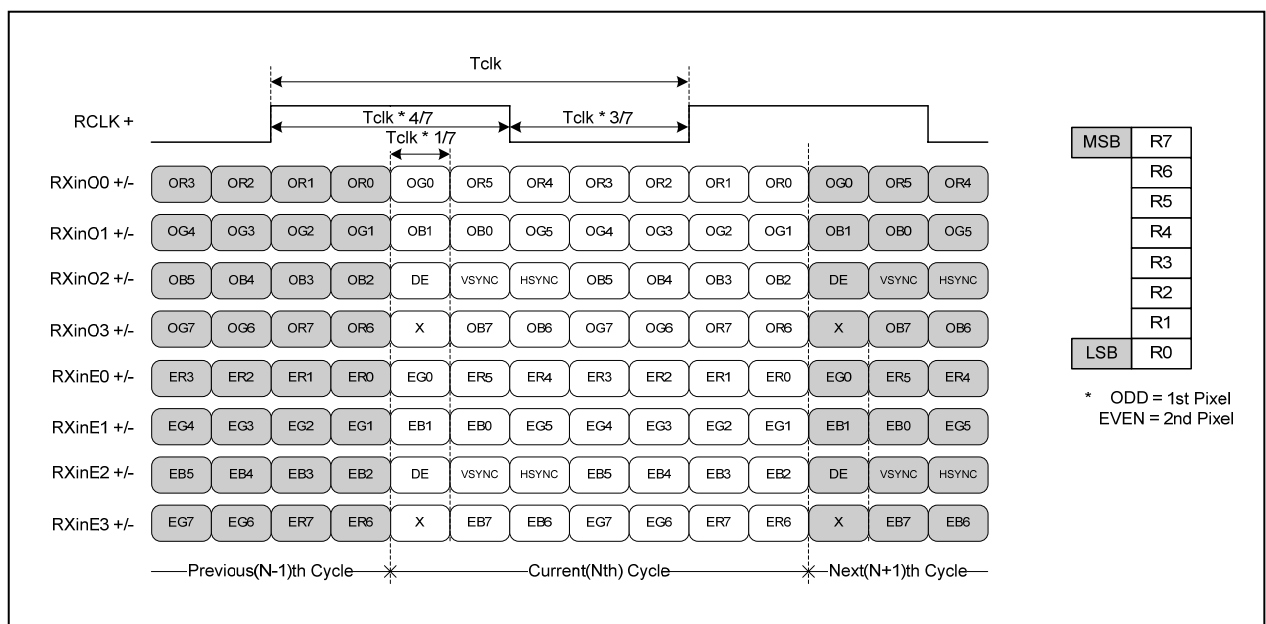
< Clock skew margin between channel >



< Spread Spectrum >

### 3-3-3. Data Format

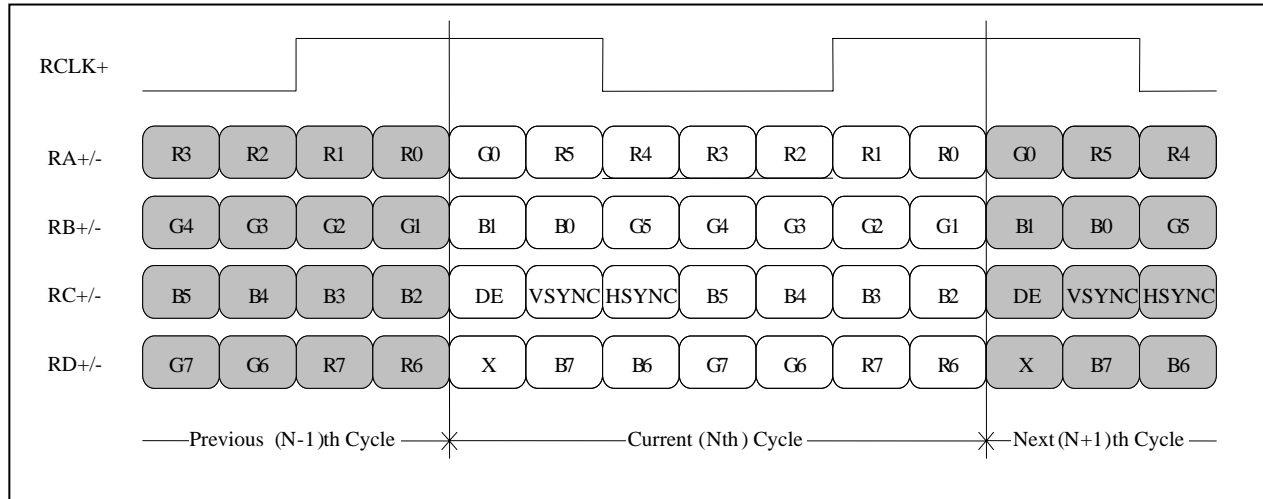
#### 1) LVDS 2 Port



< LVDS Data Format >

Product Specification

2) LVDS 1 Port



**Product Specification**
**3-4. Signal Timing Specifications**

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

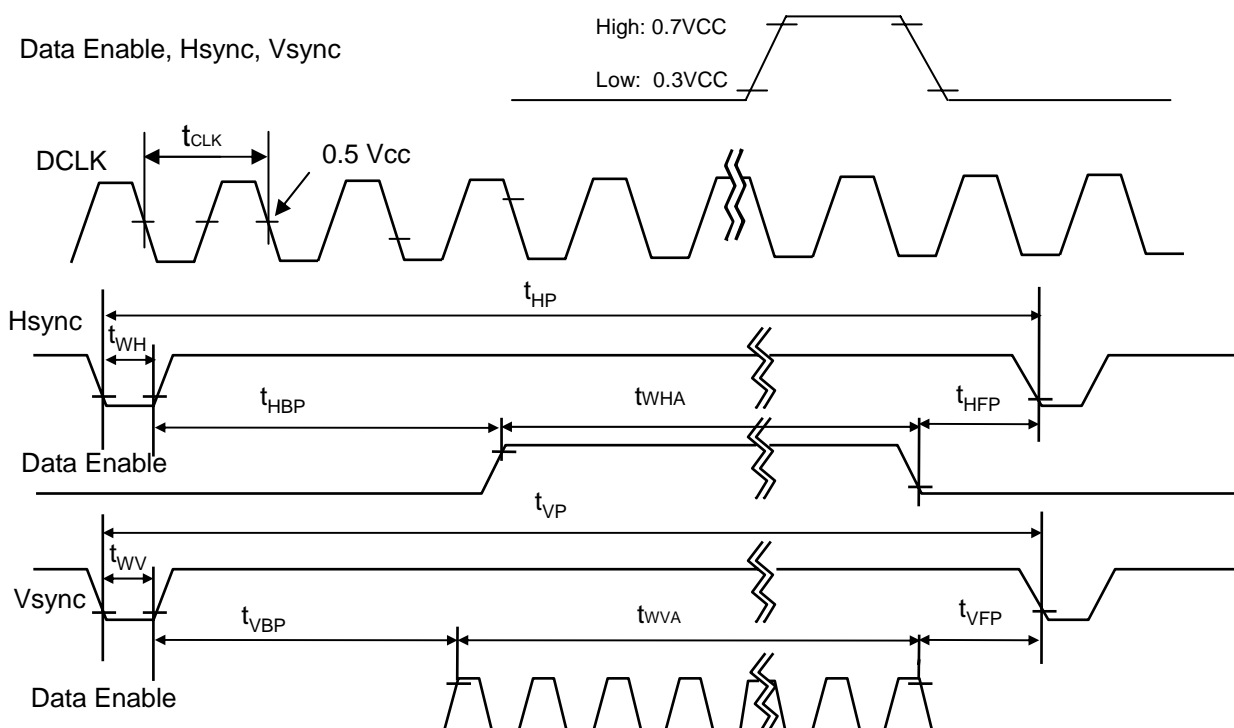
**Table 4. TIMING TABLE**

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	fCLK	-	96.35	-	MHz	
Hsync	Period	tHP	1674	1734	1794	tCLK	
	Width	tWH	24	32	40		
	Active	tWHA	-	1440	-		
Vsync	Period	tVP	911	926	938	tHP	
	Width	tWV	2	6	9		
	Active	tWVA	-	900	-		
Data Enable	Horizontal back porch	tHBP	202	214	258	tCLK	
	Horizontal front porch	tHFP	8	48	56		
	Vertical back porch	tVBP	7	17	23	tHP	
	Vertical front porch	tVFP	2	3	6		

**3-5. Signal Timing Waveforms**

Condition : VCC = 3.3V

Data Enable, Hsync, Vsync

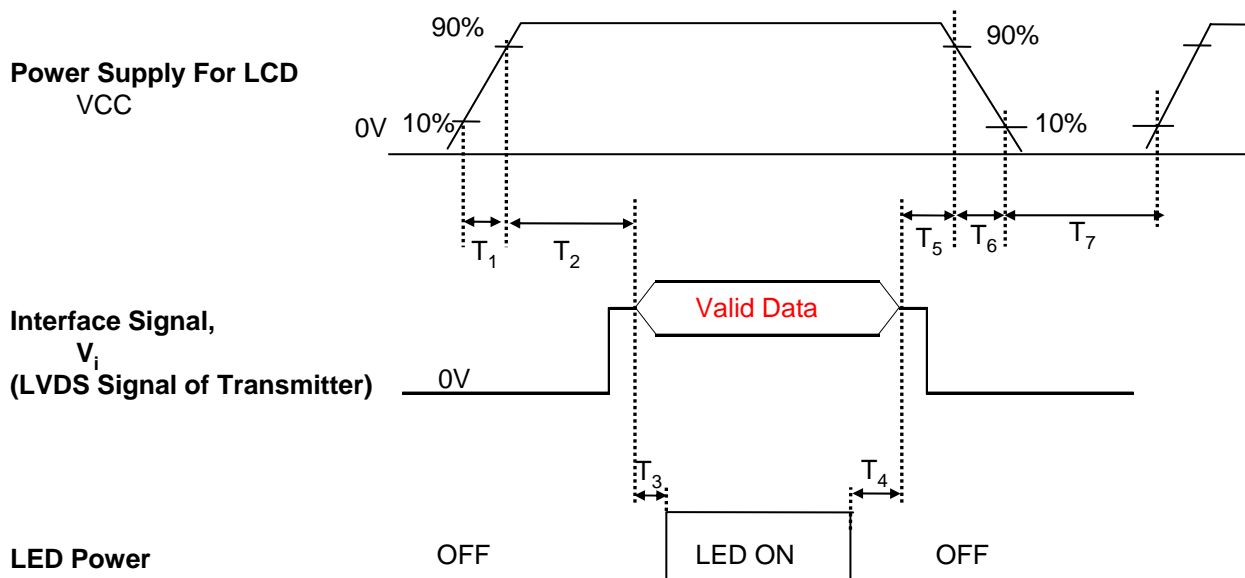


**Product Specification**
**3-6. Color Input Data Reference**

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

**Table 5. COLOR DATA REFERENCE**

Color		Input Color Data																	
		RED						GREEN						BLUE					
		MSB			LSB			MSB			LSB			MSB			LSB		
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	...	...						...						...					
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	...	...						...						...					
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	...	...						...						...					
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

**Product Specification**
**3-7. Power Sequence**

**Table 6. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE**

Parameter	Value			Units
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
T <sub>1</sub>	0	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>2</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>3</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>4</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>5</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>6</sub>	0	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>7</sub>	400	-	-	(ms)

Note)

1. Valid Data is Data to meet "3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications"
2. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
3. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
4. LED power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

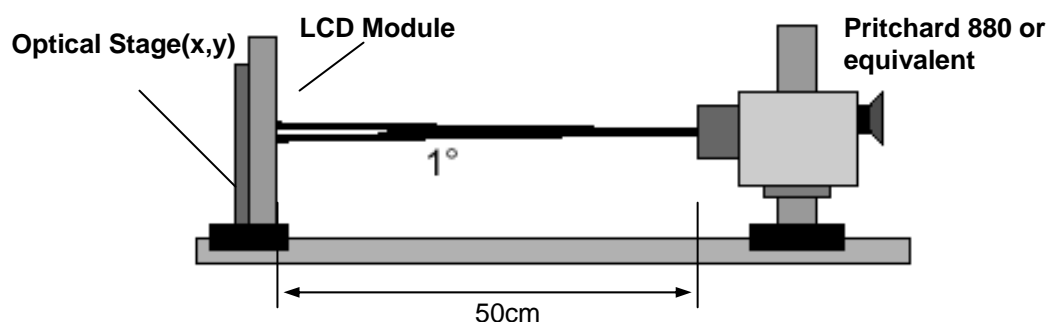
**Product Specification**

## 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to 0°.

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

**FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method**



**Table 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC}=3.3\text{V}$ ,  $f_v=60\text{Hz}$ ,  $f_{CLK}=96.35\text{MHz}$ ,  $I_{LED}=19\text{mA}$

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Units	Notes
		Min	Typ	Max		
Contrast Ratio	CR	500	600			1
Surface Luminance, white	$L_{WH}$	270	300		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	$\delta_{WHITE}$	-	-	1.6		3
Response Time						4
Rise Time+Decay Time	$Tr_R+Tr_D$	-	16	25	ms	
Color Coordinates						
RED	RX	0.557	0.587	0.617		
	RY	0.314	0.344	0.374		
GREEN	GX	0.307	0.337	0.367		
	GY	0.531	0.561	0.591		
BLUE	BX	0.123	0.153	0.183		
	BY	0.092	0.122	0.152		
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right( $\Phi=0^\circ$ )	$\Theta_r$		70	-	degree	
x axis, left ( $\Phi=180^\circ$ )	$\Theta_l$		70	-	degree	
y axis, up ( $\Phi=90^\circ$ )	$\Theta_u$		55	-	degree	
y axis, down ( $\Phi=270^\circ$ )	$\Theta_d$		65	-	degree	
Gray Scale						6

Product Specification

Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}}$$

2. Surface luminance is the 5point (1~5)average across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.

3. Luminance % uniformity is measured for 13 point For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta \text{ WHITE} = \text{Maximum}(\text{LN1}, \text{LN2}, \dots, \text{LN13}) \div \text{Minimum}(\text{LN1}, \text{LN2}, \dots, \text{LN13})$$

4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time,  $\text{Tr}_R$ ) and from black to white(Decay Time,  $\text{Tr}_D$ ). For additional information see FIG 3.

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.

6. Gray scale specification

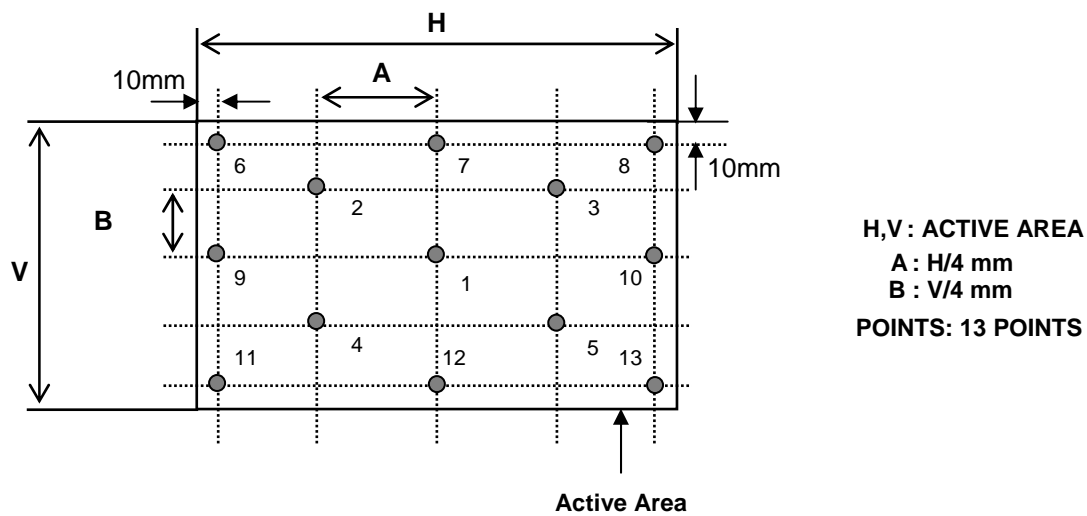
\*  $f_v=60\text{Hz}$

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
L0	0.12
L7	1.18
L15	4.74
L23	10.5
L31	18.1
L39	32.1
L47	52.6
L55	77.7
L63	100



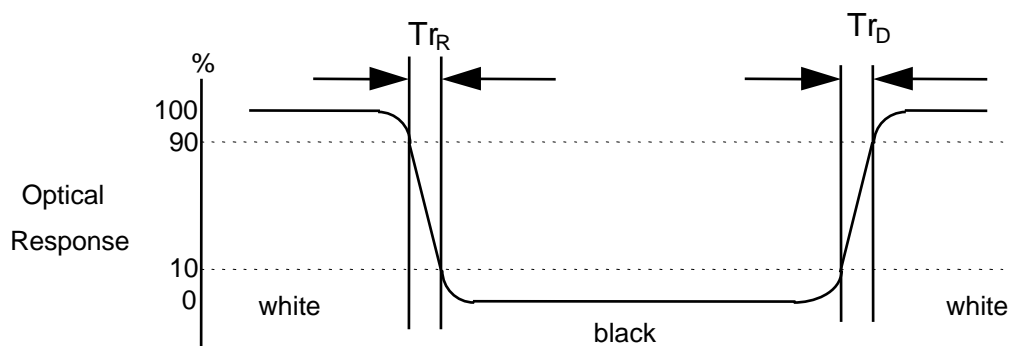
**FIG. 2 Luminance**

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>



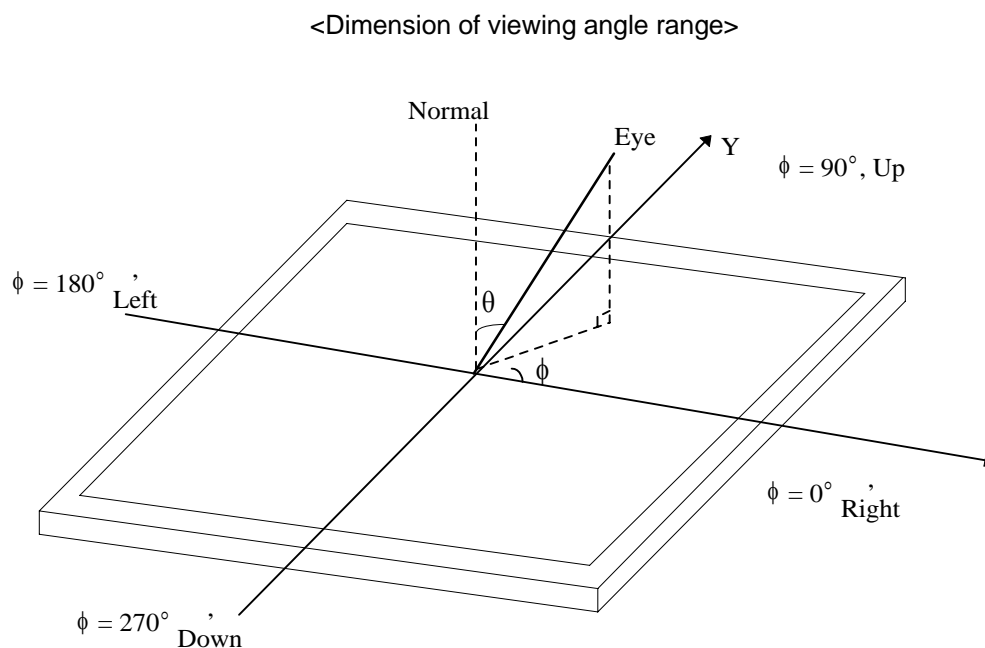
**FIG. 3 Response Time**

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

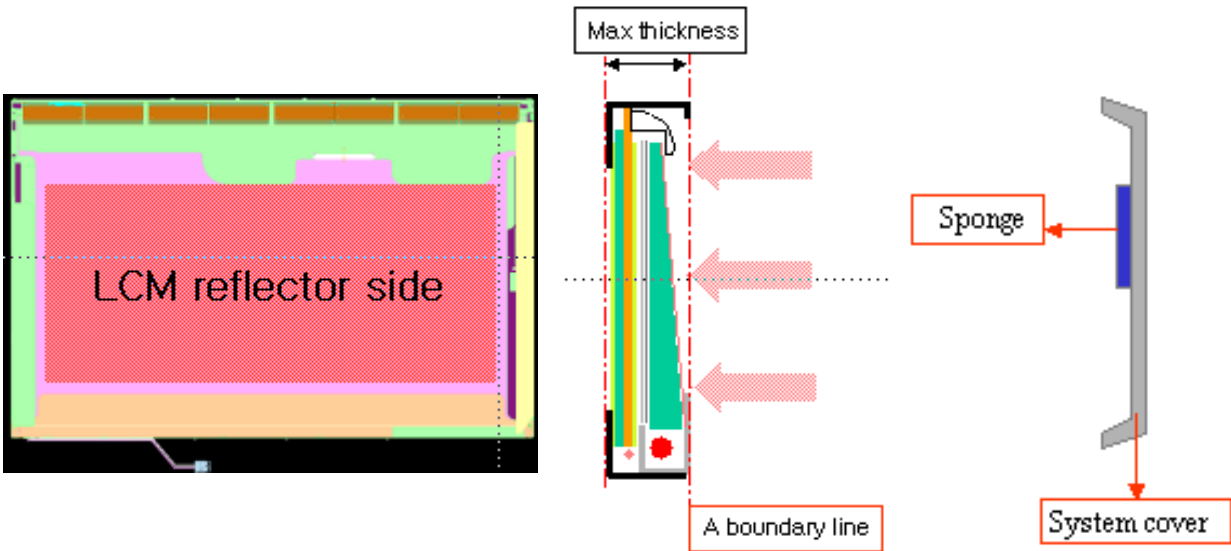
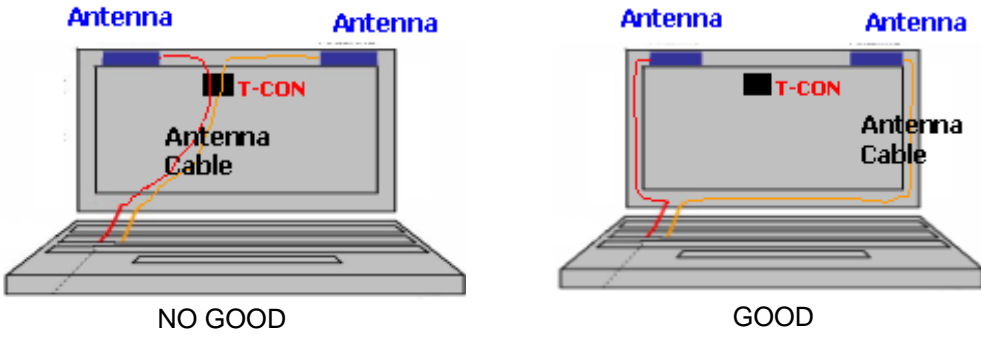


Product Specification

**FIG. 4 Viewing angle**

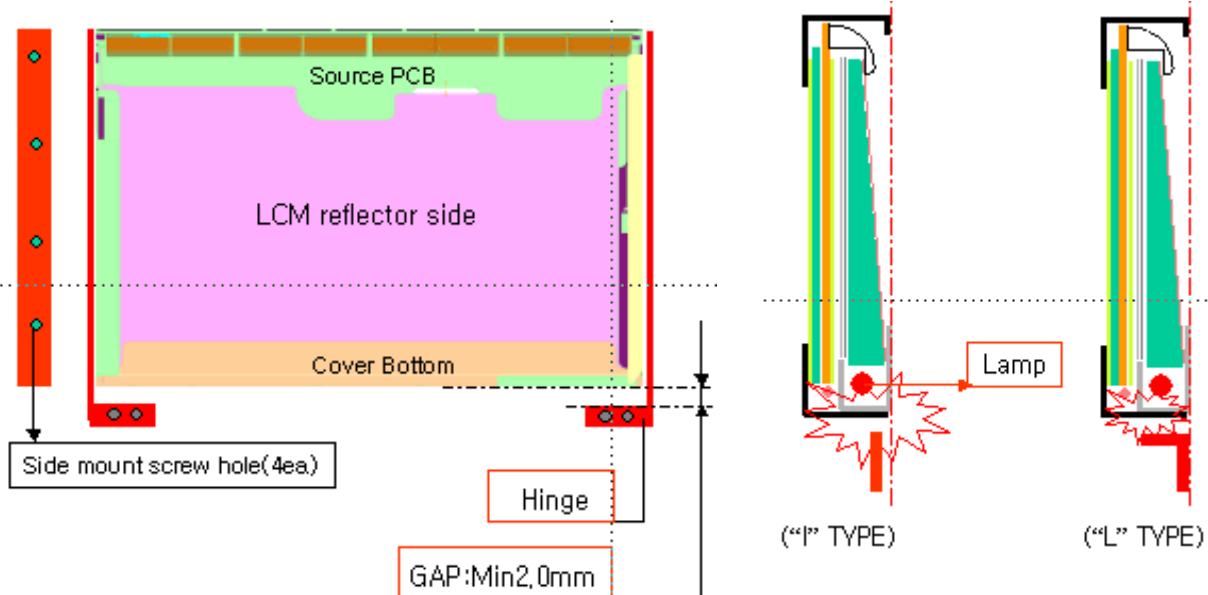
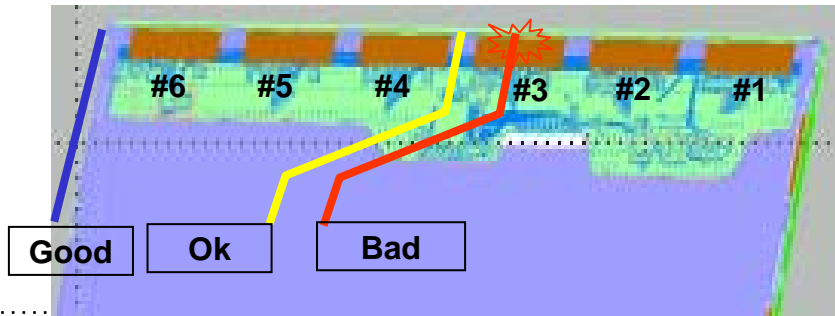


# LPL Proposal for system cover design.(Appendix)

1	Gap check for securing the enough gap between LCM and System cover.	
 <p>The diagram illustrates the gap check for securing the LCM and system cover. It shows the LCM reflector side, a cross-section of the LCM with 'Max thickness' and 'A boundary line' labels, and the system cover with a 'Sponge' label.</p>		
Define	<p>1.Rear side of LCM is sensitive against external stress,and previous check about interference is highly needed.</p> <p>2.In case there is something from system cover comes into the boundary above,mechanical interference may cause the FOS defects. (Eg:Ripple,White spot..)</p>	
2	Check if antenna cable is sufficiently apart from T-CON of LCD Module.	
Define	 <p>The diagrams show the antenna cable placement relative to the T-CON. The left diagram shows the cable overlapping the T-CON, labeled 'NO GOOD'. The right diagram shows the cable separated from the T-CON, labeled 'GOOD'.</p>	
	1.If system antenna is overlapped with T-CON,it might be cause the noise.	


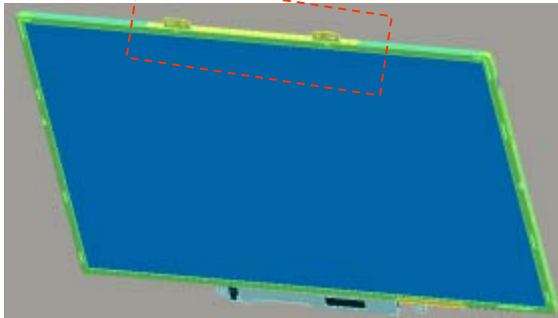
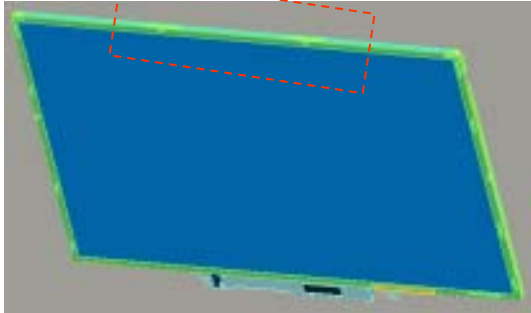
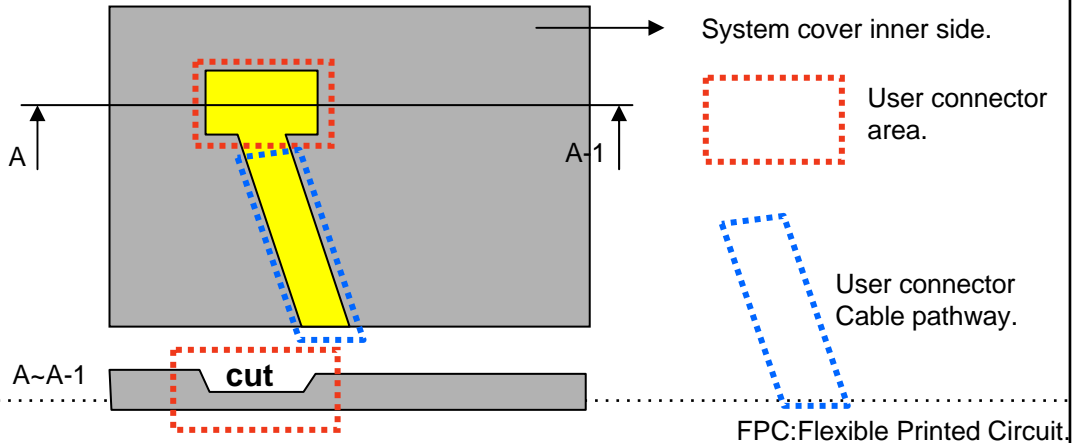
Product Specification

**LPL Proposal for system cover design.**

3	Gap check for securing the enough gap between LCM and System hinge.	
		
Define	1. At least 2.0mm of gap needs to be secured to prevent the shock related defects. 2. "L" type of hinge is recommended than "I" type under shock test.	
4	Checking the path of the System wire.	
		
Define	1. COF area needs to be handled with care. 2. GOOD → Wire path design to system side. OK → Wire path is located between COFs. BAD → Wire path overlapped with COF area.	

Product Specification

**LPL Proposal for system cover design.**

5	Using a bracket on the top of LCM is not recommended.	
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>bracket</p>  <p>With bracket</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Without bracket</p> </div> </div>		
Define	1.Condition without bracket is good for mechanical noise,and can minimize the light leakage from deformation of bracket. 2.The results shows that there is no difference between the condition with or without bracket.	
6	Securing additional gap on CNT area..	
		
Define	1.CNT area is specially sensitive against external stress,and additional gap by cutting on system cover will be helpful on removing the Ripple. 2.Using a thinner CNT will be better. (eg: FPC type)	

Product Specification

## 5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP154WP2.

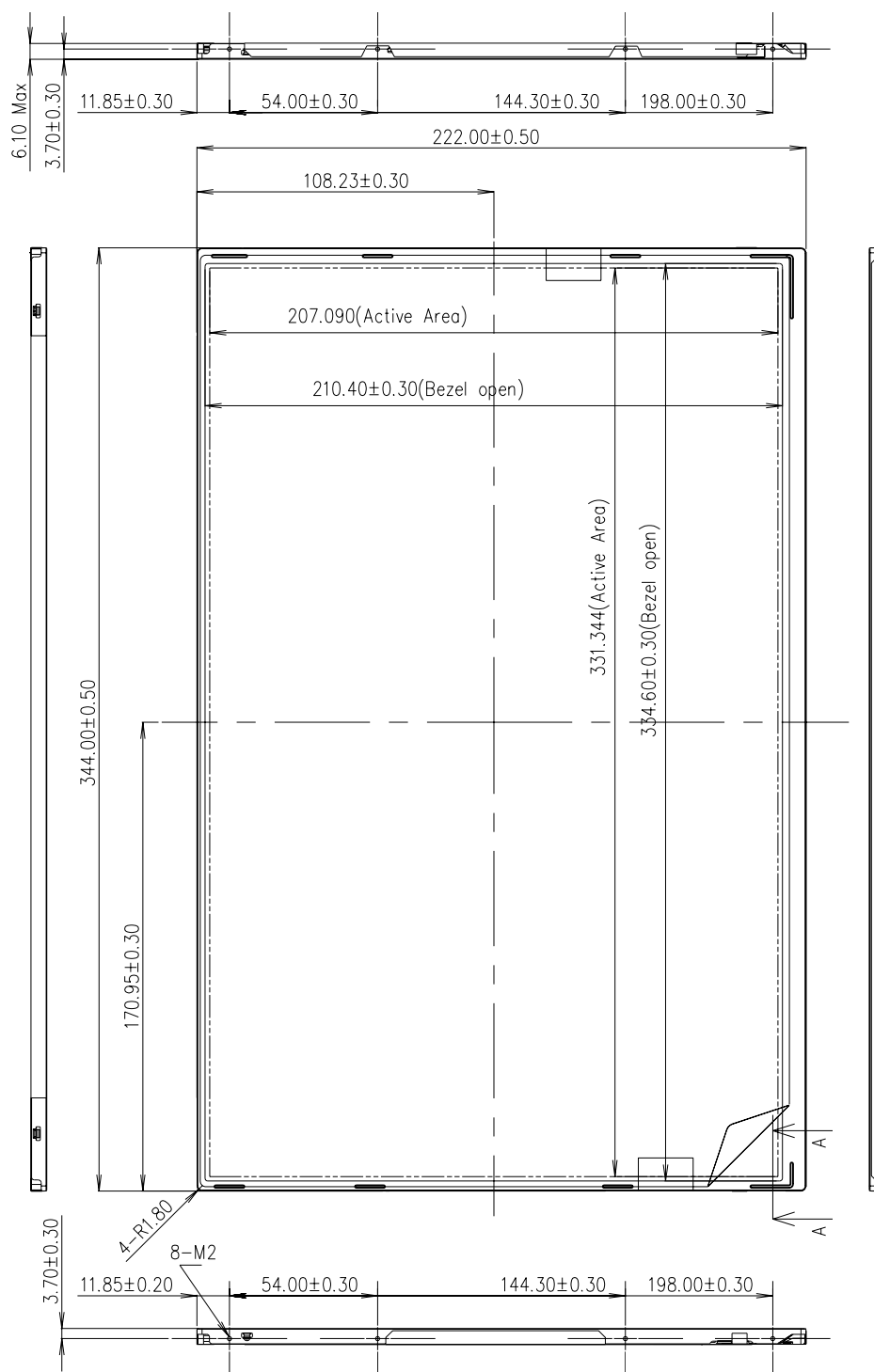
In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Outline Dimension	Horizontal	344.0 ± 0.50mm
	Vertical	222.0 ± 0.50mm
	Depth	6.1mm(Max)
Bezel Area	Horizontal	334.60 mm
	Vertical	210.40mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	331.344mm
	Vertical	207.090 mm
Weight	460g (Max)	
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Glare treatment of the front Polarizer	

Product Specification

<FRONT VIEW>

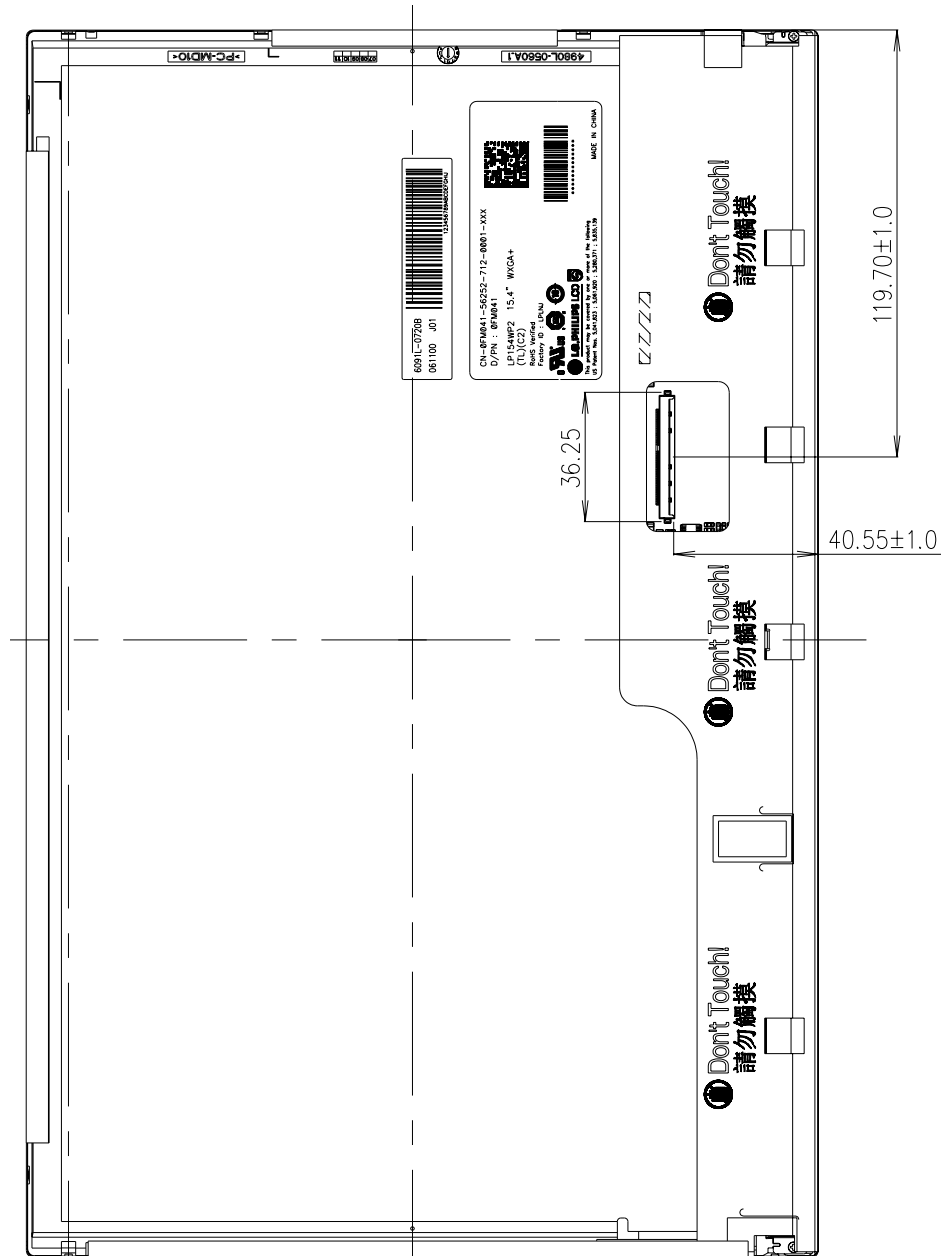
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$



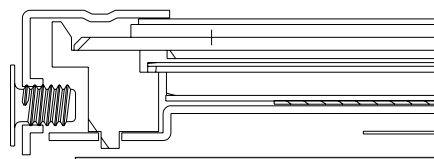
Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>

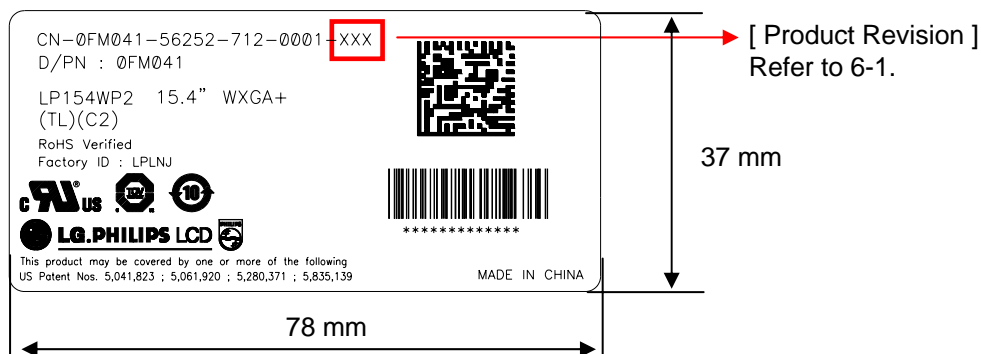
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$





**Product Specification**
**[ DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW ]**

**SECTION A-A**

- \*Screw(8EA) Torque : 2.0kgf.cm max
- \*Screw Hole Depth : 2.5mm min
- \*Screw Length : max 2.5, min2.0

**[ DETAIL INFORMATION OF PPID LABEL AND REVISION CODE]**

**※PPID Label revision:**

It is subject to change with Dell event. Please refer to the below table for detail.

Classification	No Change	1st Revision	2nd Revision	...	9th Revision	...
SST(W/S)	X00	X01	X02	...	A09	...
PT(E/S)	X10	X11	X12	...	A19	...
ST(C/S)	X20	X21	X22	...	A29	...
XB(M/P)	A00	A01	A02	...	A09	...

Product Specification

## 6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 6ms for all six faces)
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

**Product Specification****7. International Standards****7-1. Safety**

- a) UL 1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995.  
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995.  
Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- c) EN 60950 : 1992+A1: 1993+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A1: 1997+A11: 1997  
IEC 950 : 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A1: 1996  
European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)  
EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

**7-2. EMC**

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998

## Product Specification

### 8. Packing

#### 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)  
E : MONTH

D : YEAR  
F ~ M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module.  
This is subject to change without prior notice.

#### 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box : 20 pcs

b) Box Size : 515mm × 425mm × 321mm

**Product Specification****9. PRECAUTIONS**

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

**9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS**

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

**9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS**

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  
 $V = \pm 200\text{mV}$  (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)  
And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.

### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.  
It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer.  
This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.  
Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

**Product Specification**
**APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3**
**EDID Data for Dell \_ ver. 1.0**

2008. 4. 3.

	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
<b>Header</b>	0	00	Header	00	00000000
	1	01	Header	FF	11111111
	2	02	Header	FF	11111111
	3	03	Header	FF	11111111
	4	04	Header	FF	11111111
	5	05	Header	FF	11111111
	6	06	Header	FF	11111111
<b>Vendor / Product</b>	7	07	Header	00	00000000
	8	08	EISA manufacture code ( 3 Character ID ) LPL	32	00110010
	9	09	EISA manufacture code (Compressed ASCII )	0C	00001100
	10	0A	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product Code 0AB8h	B8	10111000
	11	0B	( Hex. LSB first )	0A	00001010
	12	0C	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000000
	13	0D	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000000
	14	0E	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000000
	15	0F	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000000
	16	10	Week of Manufacture : 00 weeks	00	00000000
<b>Display</b>	17	11	Year of Manufacture 2008 year	12	00010010
	18	12	EDID structure version # = 1	01	00000001
	19	13	EDID revision # = 3	03	00000011
	20	14	Video input Definition = Digital signal, 6 bit _ Dell only	90	10010000
<b>Vendor / Product</b>	21	15	Max H image size (Rounded cm) = 33 cm	21	00100001
	22	16	Max V image size (Rounded cm) = 21 cm	15	00010101
	23	17	Display gamma = (gamma*100)-100 = Example:(2.2*100)-100=120 = 2.2 Gamma	78	01111000
	24	18	Feature Support (no_DPMS, no_Active Off/Very Low Power, RGB color display, Timing BLK 1,no_ GTF)	0A	00001010
<b>Vendor / Product</b>	25	19	Red/Green Low Bits (RxRy/GxGy)	46	01000110
	26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits (BxBY/WxWy)	55	01010101
	27	1B	Red X Rx = 0.587	96	10010110
	28	1C	Red Y Ry =0.344	58	01011000
	29	1D	Green X Gx = 0.337	56	01010110
	30	1E	Green Y Gy =0.561	8F	10001111
	31	1F	Blue X Bx = 0.153	27	00100111
	32	20	Blue Y By = 0.122	1F	00011111
	33	21	White X Wx =0.313	50	01010000
	34	22	White Y Wy =0.329	54	01010100
<b>Established</b>	35	23	Established timing 1 (00h if nt used)	00	00000000
	36	24	Established timing 2 (00h if nt used)	00	00000000
<b>Standard Timing ID</b>	37	25	Manufacturer's timings (00h if nt used)	00	00000000
	38	26	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	39	27	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	40	28	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	41	29	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	42	2A	Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	43	2B	Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	44	2C	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	45	2D	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	46	2E	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	47	2F	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	48	30	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	49	31	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	50	32	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	51	33	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	52	34	Standard timing ID8 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	53	35	Standard timing ID8 (01h if not used)	01	00000001

**Product Specification**
**APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3**

	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
<b>Timing Descriptor #1</b>	54	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 96.35 MHz @ 60.01Hz	A3	10100011
	55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	25	00100101
	56	38	Horizontal Active (lower 8 bits) 1440 Pixels	A0	10100000
	57	39	Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (lower 8 bits) 294 Pixels	26	00100110
	58	3A	Horizontal Active / Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	51	01010001
	59	3B	Vertical Active 900 Lines	84	10000100
	60	3C	Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (DE Blanking typ.for DE only panels) 26 Lines	1A	00011010
	61	3D	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	30	00110000
	62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset (Thfp) 48 Pixels	30	00110000
	63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width (HSPW) 32 Pixels	20	00100000
	64	40	Vertical Sync Offset(Tvfp) : Sync Width (VSPW) 3 Lines : 6 Lines	36	00110110
	65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width (upper 2bits)	00	00000000
	66	42	Horizontal Image Size (mm) 331 mm	4B	01001011
	67	43	Vertical Image Size (mm) 207 mm	CF	11001111
	68	44	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size	10	00010000
	69	45	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	70	46	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	71	47	Non-Interlace, Normal display, no stereo, Digital Separate ( Vsync_NEG, Hsync_POS ), DE only note : LSB is set to '1' if panel is DE-timing only. H/V can be ignored.	1B	00011011
<b>Timing Descriptor #2</b>	72	48	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 96.35 MHz @ 60.01Hz	A3	10100011
	73	49	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	25	00100101
	74	4A	Horizontal Active (lower 8 bits) 1440 Pixels	A0	10100000
	75	4B	Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (lower 8 bits) 294 Pixels	26	00100110
	76	4C	Horizontal Active / Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	51	01010001
	77	4D	Vertical Active 900 Lines	84	10000100
	78	4E	Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (DE Blanking typ.for DE only panels) 26 Lines	1A	00011010
	79	4F	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	30	00110000
	80	50	Horizontal Sync. Offset (Thfp) 48 Pixels	30	00110000
	81	51	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width (HSPW) 32 Pixels	20	00100000
	82	52	Vertical Sync Offset(Tvfp) : Sync Width (VSPW) 3 Lines : 6 Lines	36	00110110
	83	53	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width (upper 2bits)	00	00000000
	84	54	Horizontal Image Size (mm) 331 mm	4B	01001011
	85	55	Vertical Image Size (mm) 207 mm	CF	11001111
	86	56	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size	10	00010000
	87	57	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	88	58	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	89	59	Non-Interlace, Normal display, no stereo, Digital Separate ( Vsync_NEG, Hsync_POS ), DE only note : LSB is set to '1' if panel is DE-timing only. H/V can be ignored.	1B	00011011
<b>Timing Descriptor #3</b>	90	5A	Flag	00	00000000
	91	5B	Flag	00	00000000
	92	5C	Flag	00	00000000
	93	5D	Data Type Tag : Alphanumeric Data String (ASCII String)	FE	11111110
	94	5E	Flag	00	00000000
	95	5F	Dell P/N 1st Character = F	46	01000110
	96	60	Dell P/N 2nd Character = M	4D	01001101
	97	61	Dell P/N 3rd Character = 0	30	00110000
	98	62	Dell P/N 4th Character = 4	34	00110100
	99	63	Dell P/N 5th Character = 1	31	00110001
	100	64	EDID Revision Build Name = MP(X-Build) , Revision # = A00	80	10000000
	101	65	Manufacturer P/N = 1	31	00110001
	102	66	Manufacturer P/N = 5	35	00110101
	103	67	Manufacturer P/N = 4	34	00110100
	104	68	Manufacturer P/N = W	57	01010111
	105	69	Manufacturer P/N = P	50	01010000
	106	6A	Manufacturer P/N = 2	32	00110010
	107	6B	Manufacturer P/N(If<13 char--> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC II code 0Ah,set remaining char = 20h)	0A	00001010



**Product Specification**
**APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3**

	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
<b>Timing Descriptor #4</b>	108	<b>6C</b>	Flag	<b>00</b>	00000000
	109	<b>6D</b>	Flag	<b>00</b>	00000000
	110	<b>6E</b>	Flag	<b>00</b>	00000000
	111	<b>6F</b>	Data Type Tag : Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	<b>00</b>	00000000
	112	<b>70</b>	Flag	<b>00</b>	00000000
	113	<b>71</b>	SMBUS Value(Step #1) = TBD nits	<b>3C</b>	00111100
	114	<b>72</b>	SMBUS Value(Step #2) = TBD nits	<b>58</b>	01011000
	115	<b>73</b>	SMBUS Value(Step #3) = TBD nits	<b>74</b>	01110100
	116	<b>74</b>	SMBUS Value(Step #4) = TBD nits	<b>90</b>	10010000
	117	<b>75</b>	SMBUS Value(Step #5) = TBD nits	<b>AC</b>	10101100
	118	<b>76</b>	SMBUS Value(Step #6) = TBD nits	<b>C8</b>	11001000
	119	<b>77</b>	SMBUS Value(Step #7) = TBD nits	<b>E4</b>	11100100
	120	<b>78</b>	SMBUS Value(Step #8) = 320 nits (Typically = FFh, Max nits)	<b>FF</b>	11111111
	121	<b>79</b>	Dual channel LVDS, No RTC support	<b>02</b>	00000010
	122	<b>7A</b>	BIST support	<b>01</b>	00000001
	123	<b>7B</b>	(If<13 char--> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC II code 0Ah,set remaining char = 20h)	<b>0A</b>	00001010
	124	<b>7C</b>	(If<13 char--> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC II code 0Ah,set remaining char = 20h)	<b>20</b>	00100000
	125	<b>7D</b>	(If<13 char--> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC II code 0Ah,set remaining char = 20h)	<b>20</b>	00100000
<b>Chec</b>	126	<b>7E</b>	Extension flag (# of optional 128 panel ID extension block to follow, Typ = 0)	<b>00</b>	00000000
	127	<b>7F</b>	Check Sum (The 1-byte sum of all 128 bytes in this panel ID block shall = 0)	<b>F1</b>	11110001