SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

() Preliminar	y Specification
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(♦) Final Specification

Title 15.0" UXGA TFT LCD

BUYER	LGE PC (COMPAQ)	
MODEL	Magellan Project	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.	
*MODEL	LP150U03	
Suffix	A2P1	

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

SIGNATURE	DATE
/	
/	
/	
Please return 1 copy for yo	our confirmation with

your signature and comments.

SIGNATURE	DATE	
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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	Note
0.0	NOV.30.2001	-	First Draft (Preliminary)	
0.1	JAN.30.2002	all	Update format & detail value.	
		all	Change of model suffix	
0.2	Apr.12.2002	4,6	Change Power consumption Spec 455mA → 440mA	
		13	Change Gray curve spec	
		4,16,17	Change of mechanical Spec. Weight : 560g → 570g[Typ.] Depth : 6.0mm→6.1mm[Max.]	
		12, 25	Color Coordinates Wx:0.320/ Wy:0.328 → Wx:0.320/ Wy:0.330	
		12	Luminance Variation (13P) 1.8 → 1.65	

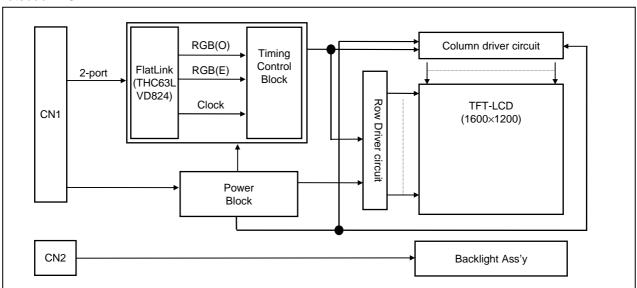


1. General Description

The LP150U03 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.0 inches diagonally measured active display area with UXGA resolution(1200 vertical by 1600 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP150U03 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP150U03 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic display are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP150U03 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



General Features

Active Screen Size	15.0 inches(38.1cm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	317.3(H) x 241.5(V) mm(Typ.), x 6.1(D) mm(Max.)
Pixel Pitch	0.1905 mm x 0.1905 mm
Pixel Format	1600 horiz. By 1200 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	150 cd/m²(Typ.)
Power Consumption	Circuit: (1.45W, at Mosaic), Backlight: (3.43W Typ.)
Weight	570 g (typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

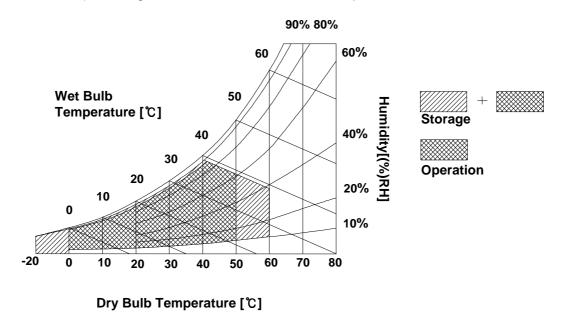
Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Cymbol	Values		Units	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Notes
Power Input Voltage-ON	VCC	2.7	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C
Power Input Voltage-OFF	GND	-0.3	0.3	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1
Storage Temperature	Тѕт	-20	60	°C	1
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1
Electrostatic Durability (ESD)	VESD	± 8	3.0	kV	2

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.

- 2. Condition 1) Non-operation, 150pF-330Ω, 25°C, 40~60%RH
 - 2) I/F Connector pins are subjected.
 - 3) The surface of Metal bezel and LCD are subjected except interface connector(LCD side).
 - 4) Discharge interval time 1sec, 10 times each place



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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP150U03 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Values Parameter Symbol Unit Notes Min Max Тур MODULE: Power Supply Input Voltage VCC 3.0 3.3 3.6 Vdc Power Supply Input Current 380 440 500 mΑ 1 I_{CC} 1.45 Watt **Power Consumption** Рc 1.25 1.65 1 **Differential Impedance** Zm 90 100 110 ohm 2 LAMP: 685(5mArms 805(3mArms 655(6mArms Operating Voltage V_{BL} V_{RMS} 4 3.0 5.0 6.0 **Operating Current** mA_{RMS} I_{BL} Established Starting Voltage 5 Vs at 25 °C 1140 $\rm V_{\rm RMS}$ 1370 at 0 °C $\rm V_{\rm RMS}$ Operating Frequency 45 58 80 kHz 6 f_{BL} Discharge Stabilization Time Ts _ _ 3 Min 7 3.77 **Power Consumption** 3.43 Watt 8 P_{BL} 10,000 Hrs 9 Life Time

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note: The design of the inverter must have specifications for the lamp in LCD Assembly.

The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter(no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD – Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in you instrument.

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the VCC=3.3V, 25° C, f_V =60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.
- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured from LVDS T_X to the mating connector.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 20ms.
- 4. The variance of the voltage is \pm 10%.
- 5. The voltage above V_S should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up.

 Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.

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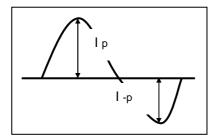


- 6. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave.
 Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 7. Let's define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%.

 T_S is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 8. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- 9. The life is determined as the time at which brightness of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the maximum lamp current($6.0 \text{mA}_{\text{RMS}}$) on condition of continuous operating at 25 ± 2°C
- 10. Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.

It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$.
- * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.
If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.



3-2. Interface Connections

The interface connections are compatible with ISP (Industry Standard Panels) 15.0" Mounting and Top Level Interface Requirements (Version2, June,2000) defined by SPWG (Standard Panels Working Group). This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model FI-XB30SR-HF11 manufactured by JAE or equivalent. The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes		
1	VSS	Ground			
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	1. Interface chips		
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	1.1 LCD : LPZ4E204S6L (Thine)		
4	VEDID	DDC 3.3V power	(THC63LVDF824 core + Timing Controller)		
5	NC	No Connection	1.2 System : THC63LVDM823A (Thine)		
6	CIKEDID	DDC Clock			
7	DATAEDID	DDC Data	2. Connector		
8	RA1-	Odd Channel Differential signal	2.1 LCD : FI-XB30SR-HF11 (JAE)		
9	RA1+	Odd Channel Differential signal	or compatible		
10	VSS	Ground	2.2 Mating		
11	RB1-	Odd Channel Differential signal	Wire type : FI-X30H (JAE)		
12	RB1+	Odd Channel Differential signal			
13	VSS	Ground	FPC type . F1-X30W (JAE)		
14	RC1-	Odd Channel Differential signal	2.3 Connector pin arrangement		
15	RC1+	Odd Channel Differential signal			
16	VSS	Ground			
17	RCLK1-	Odd Channel differential clock	No. 1 · · · 30		
18	RCLK1+	Odd Channel differential clock	NO. 1 · · · 30		
19	VSS	Ground			
20	RA2P1-	Even Channel Differential signal] CN1		
21	RA2P1+	Even Channel Differential signal			
22	VSS	Ground			
23	RB2-	Even Channel Differential signal			
24	RB2+	Even Channel Differential signal			
25	VSS	Ground			
26	RC2-	Even Channel Differential signal			
27	RC2+	Even Channel Differential signal	Viewing on Display side ☐		
28	VSS	Ground	CN2		
29	RCLK2-	Even Channel differential clock	CINZ		
30	RCLK2+	Even Channel differential clock			

Note: All GND(ground) pins should be connected together and to GND which should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame. All VCC (power input) pins should be connected together.

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST. The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN2)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

Notes: 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored pink and the low voltage side terminal is White



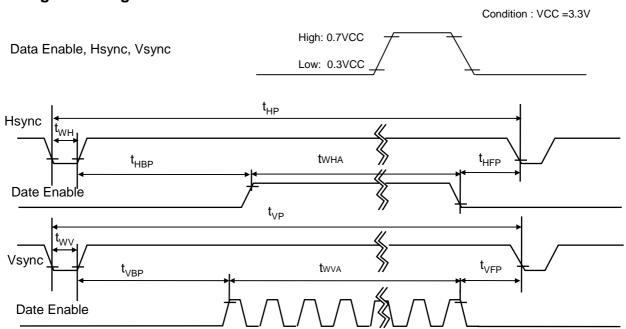
3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for it's proper operation.

Table 5. TIMING TABLE

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	fclk	80	81	82	MHz	12.35ns
Hsync	Period	tHP	900	1080	1100	tour	
	Width	twH	8	96	-	tclk	
Vsync	Period	tvp	1210	1250	1400	tHP	
	Frequency	fv	60	60	60	INP	
	Width	twv	2	3	-		
Data	Horizontal back porch	tHBP	32	152	-	tour	
Enable	Horizontal front porch	tHFP	16	32	-	tclk	
	Vertical back porch	tvbp	3	46	-	tup	
	Vertical front porch	tvfp	2	3	-	tHP	

3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms



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3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 6. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

Input Color Data										olor D	ata							
Color			RE	D					GRE	EN					BL	UE		
50101	MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB
	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	В3	B 2	B 1	B 0
Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red Green Blue Cyan Magenta Yellow White RED (00) RED (01) RED (62) RED (63) GREEN (00) GREEN (01) GREEN (62) GREEN (63) BLUE (00) BLUE (01) BLUE (62)	MSE R 5 R 5 R 5 R 5 R 6 R 6 1 Green 0 Blue 0 Cyan 0 Magenta 1 Yellow 1 White 1 RED (00) 0 RED (01) 0 RED (62) 1 RED (63) 1 GREEN (00) 0 GREEN (01) 0 GREEN (62) 0 GREEN (63) 0 BLUE (00) 0 BLUE (01) 0 BLUE (62) 0 GREUE (62) 0 Company Company	MSB R 5 R 4	MSB R	MSB R	MSB R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R6 R6 R6 R6 R6 R6 R6	MSB	MSB	RED RED	Color RED LSB MSB MSB	Color NSB Sequence Sequenc	RED	NSB	Name	Name	Color NSB Series LSB MSB Series LSB MSB Series LSB MSB Series SER Series SER Series SER Series SER Series SER Series Ser	Color	Color MSB Series Series



3-6. Power Sequence

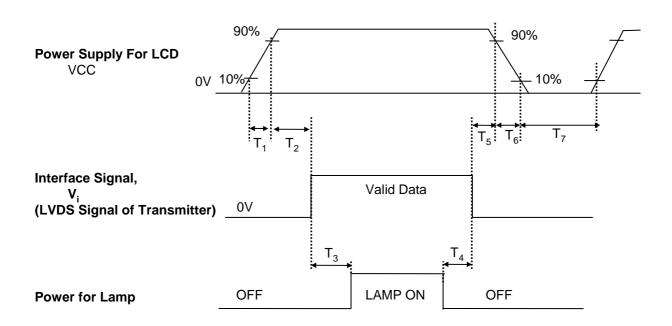


Table 7. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value		Unit
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T ₁	-	-	10	ms
T ₂	0	-	50	ms
T ₃	200	-	-	ms
T ₄	200	-	-	ms
T ₅	0	-	50	ms
T ₆	0	-	100	ms
T ₇	400	-	-	ms

Notes: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and Θ equal to 0° .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

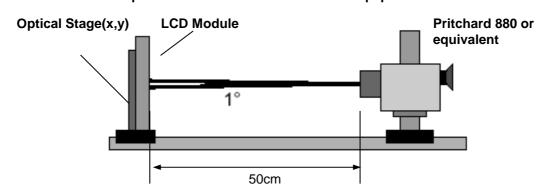


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 8. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, fv=60Hz Dclk= 65MHz, IBL= 6.0mA

	Develope	Cumah al		Values		l linite	Notes
	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	MAx	Units	Notes
Contrast Rat	io	CR	175	250	-		1
Surface Lum	inance, white (5P, Ave)	L _{WH}	130	150	-	cd/m ²	2
Luminance V	/ariation (13P)	$\delta_{\text{ WHITE}}$	-	-	1.65		3
Response Ti	me						4
	Rise Time	Tr_R	-	7	15	ms	
	Decay Time	Tr_D	-	23	30	ms	
Color Coordinates							PR650 or equivalent
	RED	RX	0.537	0.567	0.597		
		RY	0.305	0.335	0.365		
	GREEN	GX	0.281	0.311	0.341		
		GY	0.502	0.532	0.562		
	BLUE	ВХ	0.124	0.154	0.184		
		BY	0.104	0.134	0.164		
	WHITE	WX	0.290	0.320	0.350		
		WY	0.300	0.330	0.360		
Viewing Ang	le						5
	x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	40	-	-	degree	_
	x axis, left (Φ=180°)	ΘΙ	40	-	-	degree	
	y axis, up (Φ=90°)		15	-	-	degree	
	y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	35	-	-	degree	
Gray Scale							6

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Notes 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- 2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 points across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1., When I_{RI} =6.0mA.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , The Panel total variation (δ_{WHITE}) is determined by measuring L_{ON} at each test position 1 through 13, and then dividing the maximum L_{ON} of 13 points luminance by minimum L_{ON} of 13 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$$
 = Maximum(L₁,L₂, ... L₁₃) / Minimum(L₁,L₂, ... L₁₃)

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black(Rise Time, Tr_R) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

* f_v=60Hz

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.40
L7	0.80
L15	4.00
L23	11.7
L31	21.5
L39	35.0
L47	54.0
L55	85.5
L63	100



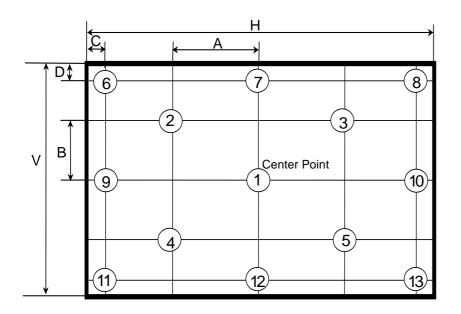
FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance>

<measuring point for luminance variation>

POINTS: 5 POINTS (1~5)

POINTS: 13 POINTS (1~13)



A: H/4 mm B: V/4 mm C: 10 mm D: 10 mm H: 304.8 mm V: 228.6 mm @ H, V: Active Area

FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

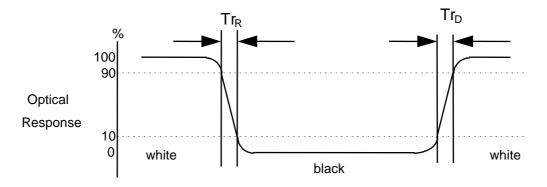
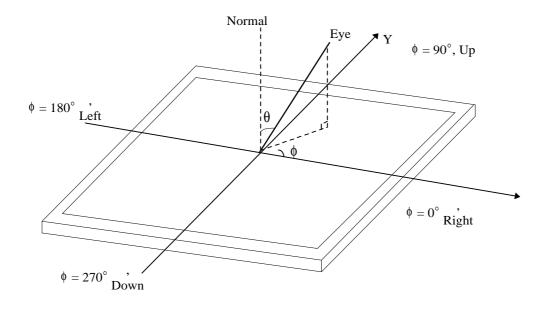




FIG. 4 Viewing angle

<Dimension of viewing angle range>





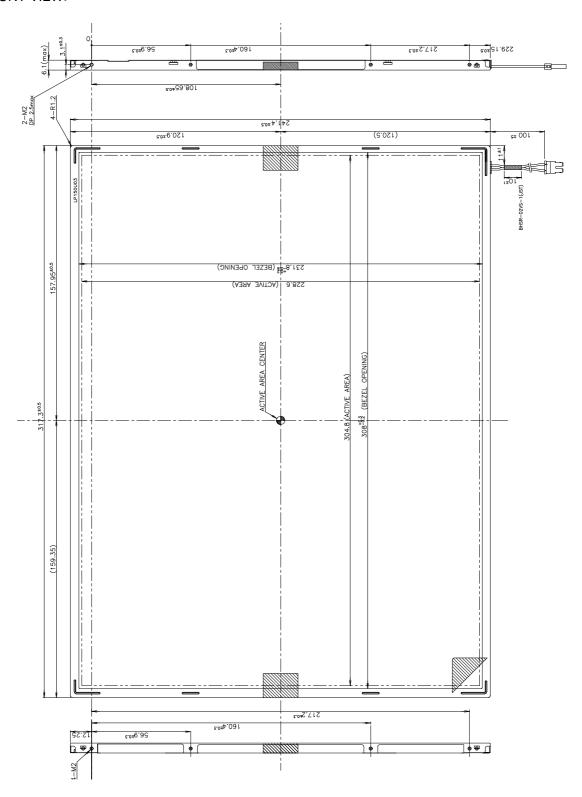
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP150U03. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	317.3 ± 0.5mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	241.5 ± 0.5mm			
	Depth	6.1mm Max.			
Bezel Area	Horizontal	308.0 ± 0.5mm			
bezei Alea	Vertical	231.8 ± 0.5mm			
Active Display Area	Horizontal	304.8 mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	228.6 mm			
Weight	570g (Typ.) 585g (Max.)				
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer				

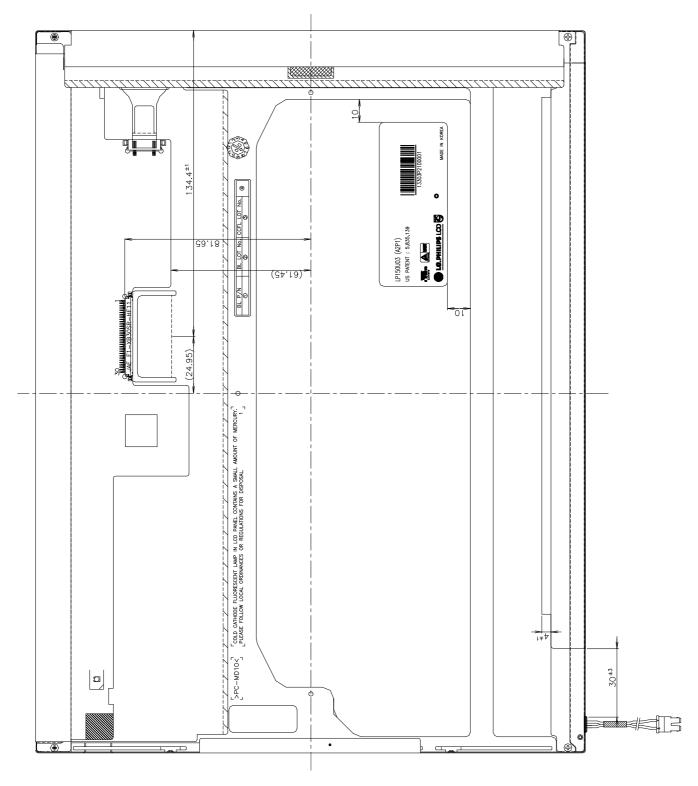


<FRONT VIEW>



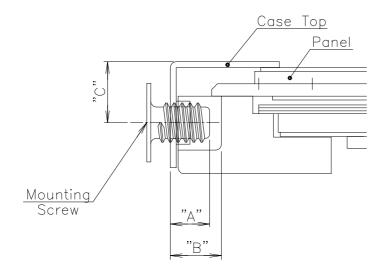


<REAR VIEW>





[DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW]



* Mounting Screw depth depth Min.: "A" =2.0 depth Max: "B" =2.5

* Mounting screw Dim. : "C" = 3.1(typ.)

*Torque : 2 kgf.cm(Max)

(Measurement gauge: torque meter)

Notes: 1. Screw plated through the method of non-electrolytic nickel plating is preferred to reduce possibility that results in vertical and/or horizontal line defect due to the conductive particles from screw surface.



6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions				
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h				
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h				
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h				
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h				
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis				
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 2ms for all six faces)				
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr				

[{] Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

c) EN 60950 : 1992+A1: 1993+A2P1: 1993+A3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997

IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2P1: 1993+A3: 1995+A4: 1996

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

A B C D E F G H I	JK	L M
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A,B,C : SIZE D : YEAR E : MONTH

F,G: PANEL CODE H: ASSEMBLY CODE I,J,K,L,M: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	97	98	99	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mark	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

3. Serial No

Serial No.	1 ~ 99,999	100,000 ~					
Mark	00001 ~ 99999	A0001 ~ A9999, , Z9999					

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 10 pcs

b) Box Size : $374mm \times 329mm \times 311mm$



9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm\ 200mV(Over\ and\ under\ shoot\ voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

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9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



APPENDIX [A] - Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™)

D to#	D to#	1	\ dun	\ dun	
Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments	Value 4 5 A	Value \	Notes
(decimal)	(HEX)		(HEX)	(binary)	Nues
0		Header	00	00000000	
1	01		FF	11111111	
2	02		FF	11111111	
3	03		FF	11111111	Header
4	04		FF	11111111	
5	05		FF	11111111	
6	06		FF	11111111	
7	07	F00 () 1 100	00	0000000	
8	08	BSAmanufacturer coode=LGP	30	00110000	
9	09		F0	11110000	
10	0A	Product code=5BP	54	01010100	
11	0B	(Hex, LSB first)	50	01010000	
12	OC	ID (32-bit) serial number = don't care	00	00000000	
13	0D		00	00000000	Vender/ProductorID
14	0E		00	0000000	
15	0F		00	0000000	
	_	Mode of acceptance about accept			
16	10	Week of manufacture=don't care	00	0000000	
17	11	Year of manufacture = don't care	00	0000000	
18	12	EDIDStructure version#=1	01	00000001	EDID\/i/D-::
19	13	EDID Revision#=3	03	00000011	EDID Version / Revision
20	14	Video input definition=Digital I/P, non TMDS CRCB	80	10000000	
21	15	Max Himage size(cn)=30.48 cm	1E	00011110	
22	16		17	00010111	Display Parameter
		Max Vimage size(°n)=22.86 °m			. ,
23	17	Display gamma = 2.2	78	01111000	
24	18	Feature support (DPMS) = Active off, RCB Color	28	00101000	
25	19	Red/Green low Bits	80	10000000	
26	1A	BueWhite Low Bits	5F	01011111	
27	1B	Red X Rx=0.567	91	10010001	
28	1C	Red Y Ry=0.335	55	01010101	
		7			
29	1D	Green X Gx=0.311	4F .	01001111	Color Characteristic
30	1E	Green Y Gy=0.532	88 .	10001000	
31	1F	Blue X Bx=0.154	27	00100111	
32	20	Bue Y By=0.134	22	00100010	
33	21	WhiteX Wk=0.320	51	01010001	
34	22	WhiteY W=0.330	54	01010100	
35	23	Established Timing I	00	00000000	
36	24	Established Timing II	00	0000000	Established Timings
37	25	Manufacturer's Timings	00	0000000	Danie da III i go
38	26	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	01	00000001	
39	27	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	01	00000001	
40	28	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	01	00000001	
41	29	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	01	00000001	
42	2A	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	01	00000001	
43	2B	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	01	00000001	
44	2C	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	01	00000001	
45	2D	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	01	00000001	
46	2E	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	01	0000001	Standard Timing ID
47	2F	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	01	00000001	
48	30	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	01	00000001	
49	31	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	01	00000001	
50	32	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	01	00000001	
51	33	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	01	00000001	
52	34	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	01	00000001	
53	35	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	01	0000001	
54	36	Detailed Timing Descriptor #1	48	01001000	
			3F	00111111	
55	37	1600 x 1200 @60 Hz mode: pixel dock = 162.00 MHz			
56	38	Horizontal Active=1600 pixels	40	01000000	
57	39	Horizontal Blanking=560 pixels	30	00110000	Details IT :
58	3A	Horizontal Active: Horizontal Blanking	62	01100010	Detailed Timing
59	3B	Vertical Avtive=120 lines	B0	10110000	Description#1
60	3C	Vertical Blanking=50 lines	32	00110010	
61	3D	Vertical Active: Vertical Banking	40	01000000	
62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset =64 pixels	40	01000000	
	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width = 192 pixels	00	11000000	
64	40	Vertical Sync Offset = 3 lines, Sync Width = 3 lines	13	00010011	



Byte#	Byte#		Value	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)	Field Name and Comments	(HEX)	(binary)	Notes
65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits	00	00000000	
66	42	Horizontal Image Size = 304.8 mm	31	00110001	
67	43	Vertical Image Size = 228.6 mm	E5	11100101	
					Detailed Timing
68	44	Horizontal & Vertical Image Size	10	00010000	Description #1
69	45	Horizontal Border = 0	00	00000000	•
70	46	Vertical Border = 0	00	00000000	
71	47	Non-interlaced, Normal display, no stereo, Digital separate sync, H/V pol negatives	18	00011000	
72	48	Detailed Timing Descriptor #2	00	00000000	
73	49		00	00000000	
74	4A		00	00000000	
75	4B		00	00000000	
76	4C		00	00000000	
77	4D		00	00000000	
78	4E		00	00000000	
79	4F		00	00000000	Detailed Timing
80	50		00	00000000	Detailed Timing Description #2
81	51		00	00000000	Description #2
82	52		00	00000000	
83	53		00	00000000	
84	54		00	00000000	
85	55		00	00000000	
86	56		00	00000000	
87	57		00	00000000	
88	58		00	00000000	
89	59		00	00000000	
90	5A	Detailed Timing Descriptor #3	00	00000000	
91	5B		00	00000000	
92	5C		00	00000000	
93	5D		00	00000000	
94	5E		00	00000000	
95	5F		00	00000000	
96	60		00	00000000	
97	61		00	00000000	5 · 11 · 17 ·
98	62		00	00000000	Detailed Timing
99	63		00	00000000	Description #3
100	64		00	00000000	
101	65		00	00000000	
102	66		00	00000000	
103	67		00	00000000	
104	68		00	00000000	
105	69		00	00000000	
106	6A		00	00000000	
107	6B		00	00000000	
108	6C	Detailed Timing Descriptor #4	00	00000000	
109	6D		00	00000000	
110	6E		00	00000000	
111	6F		00	00000000	
112	70		00	00000000	
113	71		00	00000000	
114	72		00	00000000	
115	73		00	00000000	
116	74		00	00000000	Detailed Timing
117	75		00	00000000	Description #4
118	76		00	00000000	
119	77	+	00	00000000	
120	78	+	00	00000000	
121	79		00	0000000	
122	79 7A	+	00	0000000	
123	7A 7B		00	0000000	
	7C		00	0000000	
124 125	7C 7D		00	00000000	
125	7D 7E	Extension flag = 00		0000000	Extension Flag
			00	11001101	
127	7F	Checksum	82	11001101	Checksum