# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(	<b>•</b> )	<b>Preliminary Specification</b>
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( ) Final Specification

Title	15.4" WXGA TFT LCD
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Customer	Acer
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LP154WX4
Suffix	TLB5

<sup>\*</sup>When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
/	
/	
Please return 1 copy for yo	

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
K. J. Kwon / S.Manager	
REVIEWED BY	
S. R. Kim / Manager	
PREPARED BY	
D. G. Choi / Engineer	
Products Engineerir LG Display Co.,	

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# **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0	Jan. 12. 2009	All	First Draft (Preliminary Specification)	0.0
0.1	Jan. 13. 2009	6	Inrush Current Specification modified	
				[ <u>]</u>
				[]

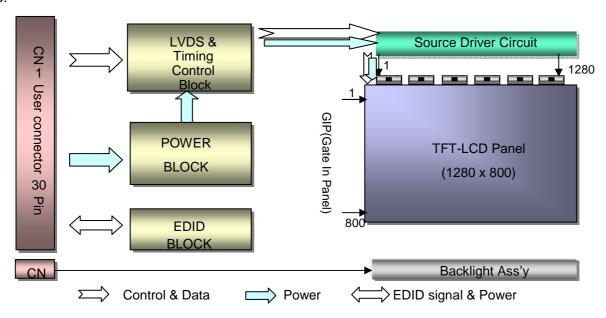


### 1. General Description

The LP154WX4 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.4 inches diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution(800 vertical by 1280 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP154WX4 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP154WX4 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP154WX4 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



### **General Features**

Active Screen Size	15.4 inches diagonal			
Outline Dimension	344.0(H, typ) × 222.0(V, typ) × 6.5(D,Max.) [mm]			
Pixel Pitch	0.25875mm × 0.25875 mm			
Pixel Format	1280 horiz. By 800 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement			
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors			
Luminance, White	220 cd/m <sup>2</sup> (Typ.5 point)			
Power Consumption	Total 5.92 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 1.72 Watt (Typ.), B/L input 4.2Watt(Typ.)			
Weight	575g (Max.)			
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white			
Surface Treatment	Glare &Hard coating(3H)			
RoHS Comply	Yes			

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### 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

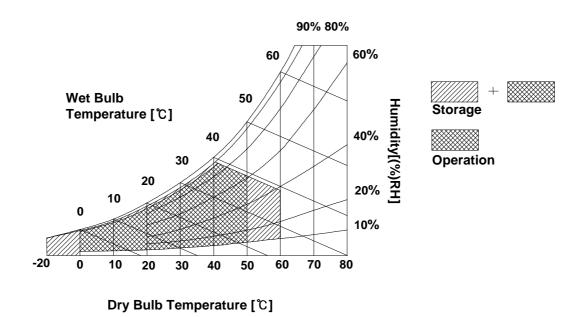
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
Farameter	Syllibol	Min	Max	Offics	Notes	
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



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### 3. Electrical Specifications

### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP154WX4 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

**Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

Parameter	Cumbal		Unit	Notes			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes	
MODULE :							
Power Supply Input Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	$V_{DC}$		
Power Supply Input Current	I <sub>cc</sub>	380	446	510	mA	1	
Inrush Current	I <sub>Inrush</sub>	-	0.8	1.5	Α	1	
Power Consumption	Pc		1.47	1.68	Watt	1	
Differential Impedance	Zm	90	100	110	Ohm	2	
LAMP :							
Operating Voltage	$V_{BL}$	675	690	820	V <sub>RMS</sub>		
Operating voltage		(6.5mA)	(6.0mA)	(3.0mA)			
Operating Current	I <sub>BL</sub>	3.0	6.0	6.5	$mA_RMS$	3	
Power Consumption	$P_{BL}$		4.15	4.60			
Operating Frequency	f <sub>BL</sub>	40	60	80	kHz		
Discharge Stabilization Time	Ts	-	<del>-</del>	3	Min	4	
Life Time		15,000	-	] <del>.</del>	Hrs	5	
Established Starting Voltage							
at 25°C	Vs			1200	$V_{RMS}$		
at 0 ℃				1500	V <sub>RMS</sub>		

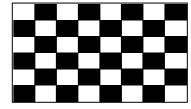
#### Note)

1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V,  $25^{\circ}C$ , fv = 60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.

Definition of Inrush: It is instantaneous input current when driving voltage of Liquid Crystal is generated by Vcc(3.3V)

And, it is controlled with max value and measured at the Max pattern of consuming current.

(Room Temp., Vss = GND)

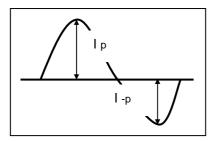


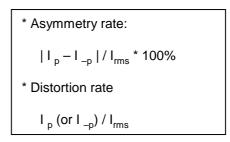
- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 3. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance ( $L_{WH}$ ) in optical characteristics.
- 4. Define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%, Ts is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 5. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current.



#### Note)

- 6. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave.
  Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
  - 7. It is defined the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%. T<sub>S</sub> is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
  - 8. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The applied lamp current is a typical one.
  - Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
     It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
    - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
    - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within  $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$ .
      - \* Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



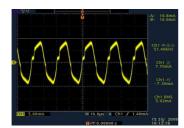


- 10. Inverter open voltage must be more than lamp voltage for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on.
  - Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.
    If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.

#### Ex of current wave)



Normal current wave - Standard



Abnormal current wave - Bad



Abnormal current wave - Bad



Abnormal current wave - Bad



### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model GT101-30S-HR11 manufactured by LSC.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	GND	Ground	
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	1, Interface chips
5	NC	Reserved for supplier test point	1.1 LCD : SW, SW0611 (LCD Controller)
6	Clk EEDID	DDC Clock	including LVDS Receiver * Pin to Pin compatible with LVDS
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	·
8	R <sub>IN</sub> 0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	2. Connector
9	R <sub>IN</sub> 0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	2.1 LCD :IS100-C30R-C15 ,UJU Elec. GT101-30S-HR11,LS Cable
10	GND	Ground	its compatibles
11	R <sub>IN</sub> 1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	2.2 Mating: FI-X30M or equivalent.
12	R <sub>IN</sub> 1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	2.3 Connector pin arrangement
13	GND	Ground	
14	R <sub>IN</sub> 2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	20
15	R <sub>IN</sub> 2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	30
16	GND	Ground	<del>                                     </del>
17	CLKIN-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
18	CLKIN+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	[LCD Module Rear View]
19	GND	Ground	
20	NC	No Connect	
21	NC	No Connect	
22	GND	Ground	
23	NC	No Connect	
24	NC	No Connect	
25	GND	Ground	
26	NC	No Connect	
27	NC	No Connect	
28	GND	Ground	
29	NC	No Connect	
30	NC	No Connect	

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST or Compatible. The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1or equivalent.



Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J3)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

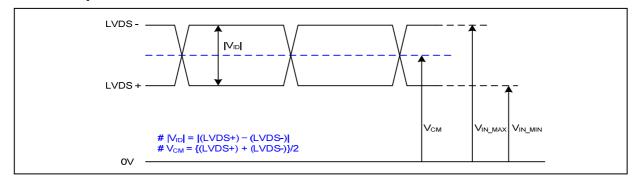
Notes: 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored Pink and the low voltage side terminal is Black.

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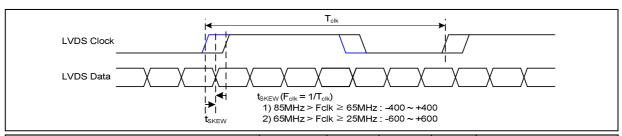
# 3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications

# 3-3-1. DC Specification



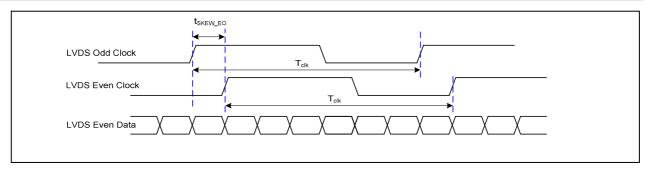
Description	Symb ol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	$ V_{ID} $	100	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	0.6	1.8	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	0.3	2.1	V	-

# 3-3-2. AC Specification

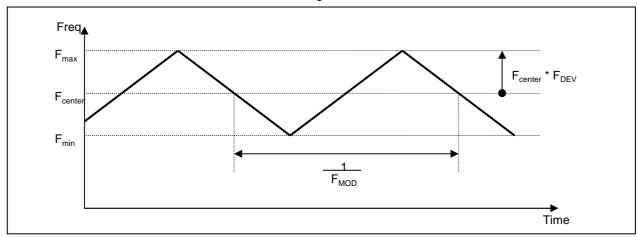


Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skow Margin	t <sub>SKEW</sub>	- 400	+ 400	ps	85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t <sub>SKEW</sub>	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 25MHz
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t <sub>SKEW_EO</sub>	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T <sub>clk</sub>	-
Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC	F <sub>DEV</sub>	-	± 3	%	-
Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC	F <sub>MOD</sub>	-	200	KHz	-





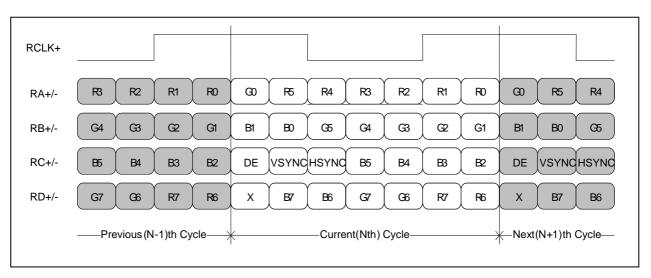
< Clock skew margin between channel >



< Spread Spectrum >

### 3-3-3. Data Format

### 1) LVDS 1 Port



< LVDS Data Format >

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### 3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

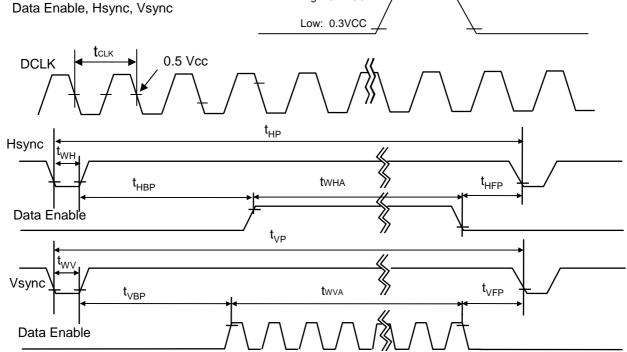
**Table 6. TIMING TABLE** 

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	f <sub>CLK</sub>		71.0		MHz	
	Period	Thp	1338	1440	1496		
Hsync	Width	t <sub>WH</sub>	16	32	48	tCLK	
	Width-Active		1280	1280	1280		
	Period	t <sub>VP</sub>	806	823	844		
Vsync	Width	t <sub>WV</sub>	2	6	10	tHP	
	Width-Active	t <sub>WVA</sub>	800	800	800		
	Horizontal back porch	t <sub>HBP</sub>	32	80	120	tCLK	
Data	Horizontal front porch	t <sub>HFP</sub>	10	48	48	ICLN	
Enable	Vertical back porch	t <sub>VBP</sub>	2	14	28	tHP	
	Vertical front porch	t <sub>VFP</sub>	2	3	6	ITIP	



High: 0.7VCC

Condition: VCC =3.3V



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# 3-6. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
	Color			RE	D					GRE	EN					BL	UE		
	50101	MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	В3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	.1	. 1	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																	· · · · · ·		
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																	 		
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE								·····											• • • • •
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	1	 1	1	 1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	1	 1	1	 1	1	1
	- (/																		



### 3-7. Power Sequence

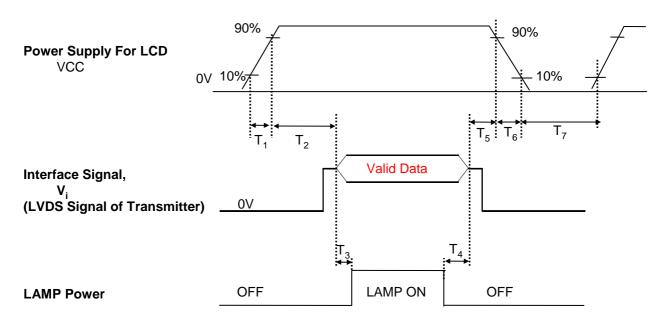


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value	Units	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T <sub>1</sub>	0.5	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>2</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>3</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>4</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>5</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>6</sub>	3	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>7</sub>	400	-	-	(ms)

### Note)

- 1. Valid Data is Data to meet "3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications"
- 2. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 3. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 4. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.
- 5. Discharging Time (Recommendation Condition: Satisfy T6. T7)

Parameter		Value	Units	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
Discharging Time	-	0	5	(sec)

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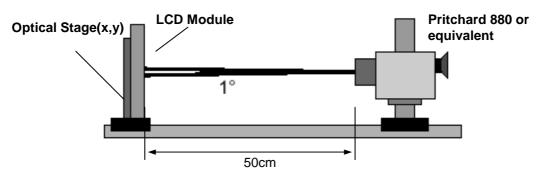


## 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to  $0^{\circ}$ .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method



**Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V,  $f_{V}$ =60Hz,  $f_{CLK}$ = 71.0MHz,  $F_{BL}$ = 60KHz ,  $I_{BL}$ = 6.0mA

Demonstra	0		Values	, OLK	Links	Mataa	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes	
Contrast Ratio	CR	300	400	-		1	
Surface Luminance, white	L <sub>WH</sub>	185	220		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2	
Luminance Variation	$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$	-	1.4	1.6	]	3	
Response Time	$\mathrm{Tr}_{\mathrm{R}}$ + $\mathrm{Tr}_{\mathrm{D}}$		8	16	ms	4	
Color Coordinates					]		
RED	RX	0.573	0.603	0.633	1		
	RY	0.319	0.349	0.379			
GREEN	GX	0.295	0.325	0.355			
	GY	0.523	0.553	0.583			
BLUE	BX	0.127	0.157	0.187			
	BY	0.114	0.144	0.174			
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343			
<b> </b>	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359	<u>.</u>		
Viewing Angle					<u>.</u>	5	
x axis, right( $\Phi$ =0°)	Θr	40	45	-	degree		
x axis, left (Φ=180°)	ΘΙ	40	45	-	degree		
y axis, up (Φ=90°)	Θu	10	15	-	degree		
y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	30	35	-	degree		
Gray Scale						6	

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#### Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

$$L_{WH} = Average(L_1, L_2, ... L_5)$$

3. The variation in surface luminance , The panel total variation ( $\delta_{WHITE}$ ) is determined by measuring L<sub>N</sub> at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as followed numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(\mathsf{L}_{1}, \mathsf{L}_{2}, \, \dots \, \mathsf{L}_{13})}{\text{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{1}, \mathsf{L}_{2}, \, \dots \, \mathsf{L}_{13})}$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, Tr<sub>R</sub>) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr<sub>D</sub>). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

\* 
$$f_V = 60Hz$$

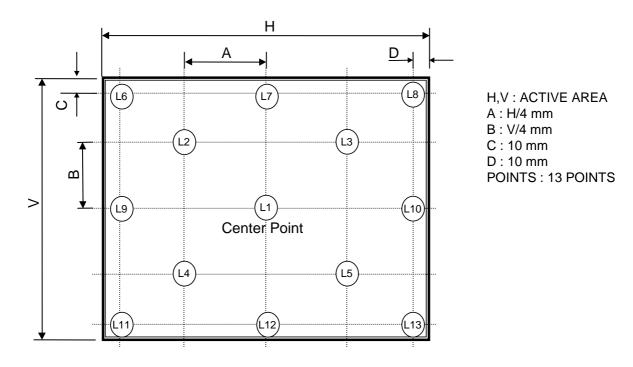
Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.12
L7	0.75
L15	4.00
L23	40.0
	20.0
L39	
L47	51.0
L55	74.5
L63	100

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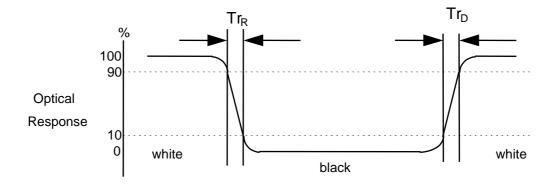
### FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>



### FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



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### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP154WX4. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

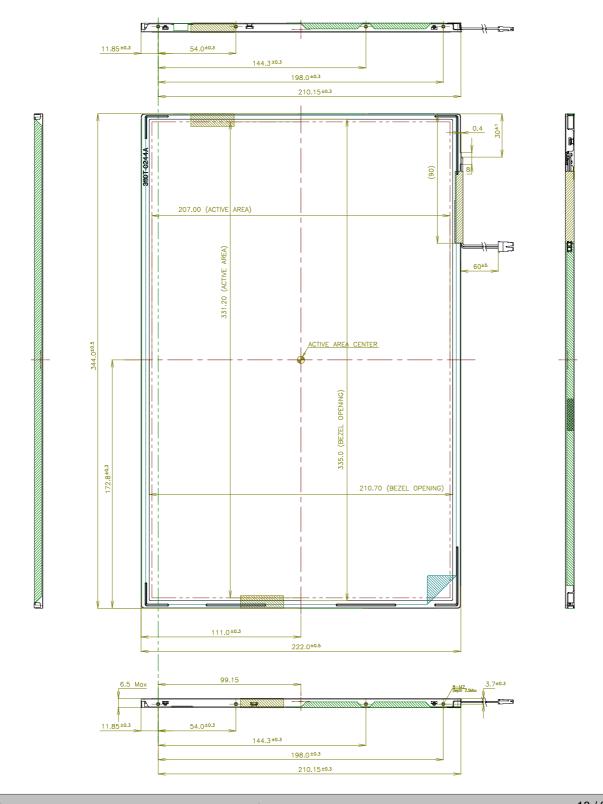
	Horizontal	344.0 ± 0.5mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	$222.0 \pm 0.5$ mm	
	Thickness	6.5mm (max)	
Bezel Area	Horizontal	$335.0 \pm 0.5$ mm	
bezei Alea	Vertical	210.7 ± 0.5mm	
Active Diepley Area	Horizontal	331.2 mm	
Active Display Area	Vertical	207.0 mm	
Weight	575g (Max.)		
Surface Treatment	Glare &Hard coating(3H)		
Mother Glass Thickness	Upper Glass (C/F Glass)	0.63 +0.05 / -0.03 mm	
iviotrier Grass Thickness	Lower Glass (TFT Glass)	0.63 +0.05 / -0.03 mm	

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<FRONT VIEW>

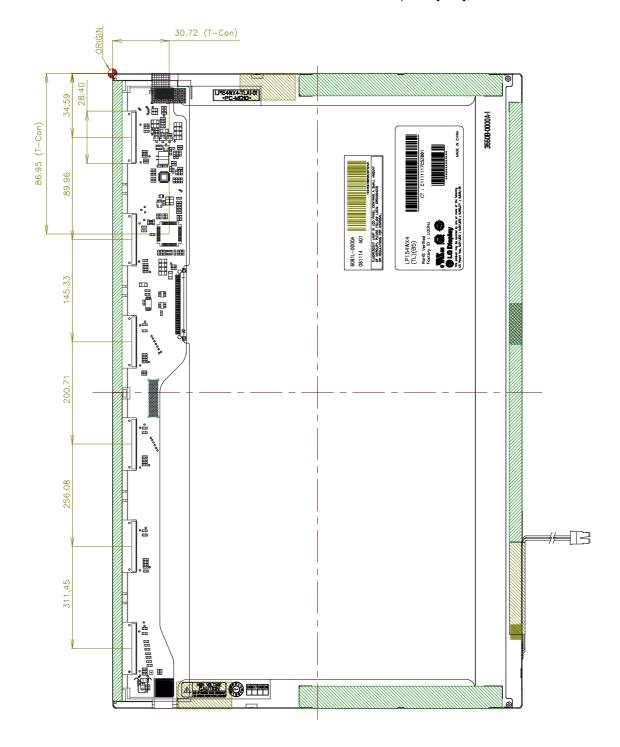
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.5mm





<REAR VIEW - Drive IC and T-Con Position>

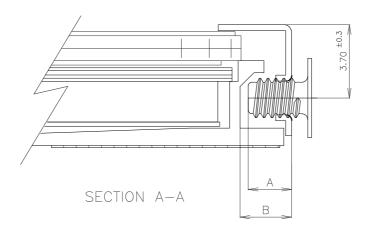
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.5mm



In order to avoid IC damage, it is not allowed to have such overlappings as cables or antennas, camera, WLAN, WWAN over these COF locations.



### [ DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW ]



- \* Mounting Screw Length (A) = 2.0(Min) / 2.5(Max)
- \* Mounting Screw Hole Depth (B) = 2.5(Min)
- \* Mounting hole location: 3.7(typ.)
- \* Torque : 2.5 kgf.cm(Max)

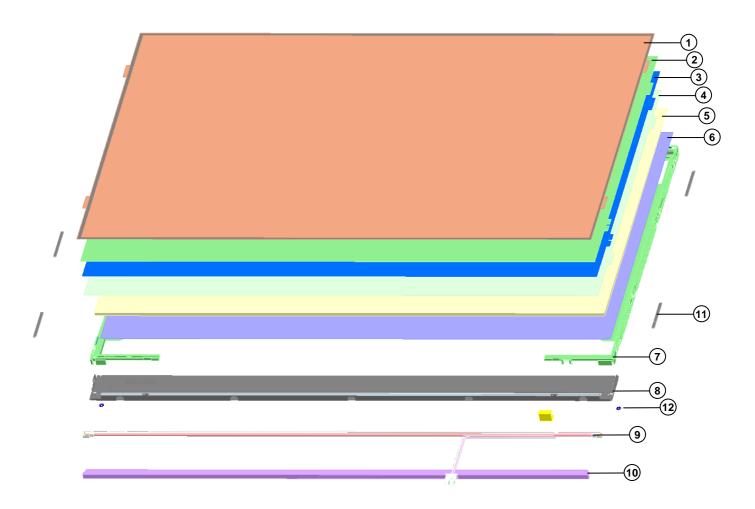
(Measurement gauge: torque meter)

Notes: 1. Screw plated through the method of non-electrolytic nickel plating is preferred to reduce possibility that results in vertical and/or horizontal line defect due to the conductive particles from screw surface.

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### <B/L STRUCTURE>

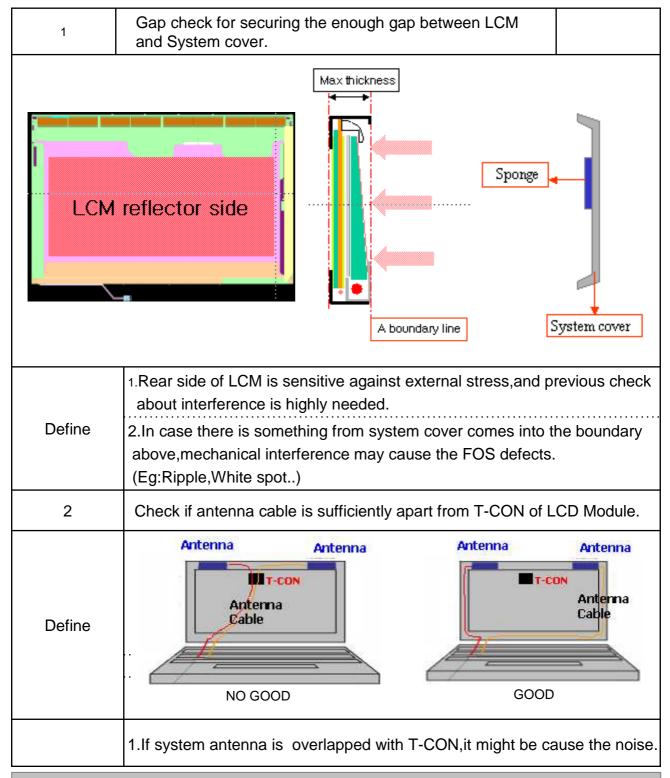


No	Part Name	No	Part Name
1	Diffuser Up Sheet	7	Supporter Main
2	Prism Up Sheet	8	Cover Bottom
3	Prism Down Sheet	9	Lamp Assembly
4	Diffuser Down Sheet	10	Lamp Housing
5	Light Guide	11	Sheet Fixing Pad (* 4pcs)
6	Reflector	12	Screw (* 2pcs)

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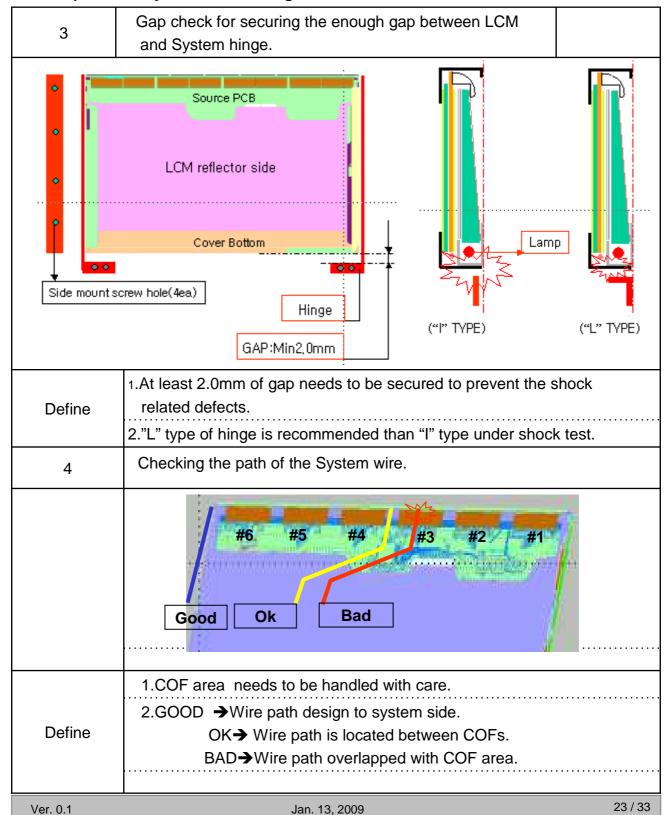


### LPL Proposal for system cover design.(Appendix)



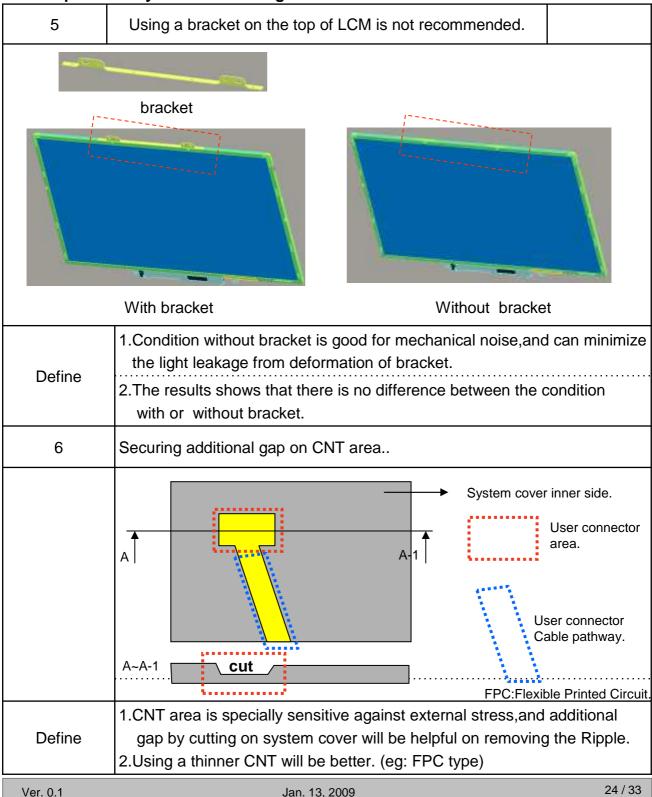


### LPL Proposal for system cover design.





### LPL Proposal for system cover design.





# 6. Reliability

#### **Environment test condition**

No.	Test Item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 6ms for all six faces)
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr
8	Image Sticking 1)	Ta= 25°C, Pattern : Mosaic(8 by 6), Operating Time : 30 min Lamp Operating Current : 6.0mA

### { Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



<Judgment Condition>

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<sup>:</sup> Operating during 30 minutes with Mosaic Pattern(8 by 6), there is no Image Sticking after 10 second with half gray pattern.



### 7. International Standards

### 7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition,

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)

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# 8. Packing

# 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

		Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М
--	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH) D : YEAR

E: MONTH F ~ M: SERIAL NO.

### Note

### 1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

### b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

# 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 20 pcs

b) Box Size : 441mm  $\times$  373mm  $\times$  348mm



### 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
  Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm\ 200mV(Over\ and\ under\ shoot\ voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

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#### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

  It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
  - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

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# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

	Byte	Byte		Value	Value
	(Dec)	(Hex)	Field Name and Comments	(Hex)	(Bin)
	0	00	Header	00	00000000
	1	01	Header	FF	11111111
et.	2	02	Header	FF	11111111
Header	3	03 04	Header Header	FF FF	111111111
He	4 5	05	Header	FF	11111111
	6	06	Header	FF	11111111
	7	07	Header	00	00000000
	8	08	EISA manufacture code (3 Character ID) LGD	30	00110000
	9	09	EISA manufacture code (Compressed ASC II)	E4	11100100
<b>.</b> .	10	0A	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product Code 01F6h	F6	11110110
Vendor / Product EDID Version	11	OB	(Hex. LSB first)	01	00000001
2 2	12	OC OD	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000000
Z 2	13 14	OD OE	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)  LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000000
2 8	15	OF	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000000
<u> </u>	16	10	Week of Manufacture 00 weeks	00	00000000
$\mathbf{z}_{\mathbf{z}}$	17	11	Year of Manufacture 2009 years	13	00010011
	18	12	EDID structure version#= 1	01	00000001
	19	13	EDID revision #= 3	03	00000011
	20	14	Video input Definition = Digital signal	80	10000000
2	21	15	Max H image size (Rounded cm) = 33 cm	21	00100001
tay ete				15	
Display tramete	22	16	Max V image size (Rounded cm) = 21 cm		00010101
Display Parameters	23	17	Display gamma = (gamma*100)-100 = Example:(2.2*100)-100=120 = 2.2 Gamma	78	01111000
Ь	24	18	Feature Support (no_DPMS, no_Active Off/Very Low Power, RGB color display, Timing BLK 1,no_GTF)	0A	00001010
	25	19	Red/Green Low Bits (RxRy/GxGy)	56	01010110
	26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits (BxBy/WxWy)	75	01110101
	27	1B	Red X Rx = 0.603	9A	10011010
to the	28	1C	Red Y Ry = 0.349	59	01011001
Panel Color Coordinates	29	1D	Green X Gx = 0.325	53	01010011
rg et	30	1E	Green Y Gy = 0.553	8D	10001101
um oo,	31	1F	Blue X Bx = 0.157	28	00101000
P	32	20	Blue Y By = 0.144	24	00100100
	33	21	White X Wx = 0.313	50	01010000
	34	22	White Y Wy = 0.329	54	01010100
p	35	23	Established timing 1 (00h if not used)	00	00000000
Established Timings					
inni	36	24	Established timing 2 (00h if not used)	00	00000000
Est T	37	25	Manufacturer's timings (00h if not used)	00	00000000
	38	26	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	39	27	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	40	28	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
a	41	29	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
g J	42 43	2A 2B	Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used) Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used)	01 01	00000001 00000001
Standard Timing ID	44	2B 2C	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
, E	45	2D	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
1	46	2E	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
<u> </u>	47	2F	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
nd	48	30	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
<b>.</b>	49	31	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
S	50	32	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	51	33	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	52	34	Standard timing ID8 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	53	35	Standard timing ID8 (01h if not used)	01	00000001



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
	54	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 71 MHz @ 59.9Hz	BC	101111100
	55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	1B	00011011
	56	38	Horizontal Active (lower 8 bits) 1280 Pixels	00	00000000
	57	39	Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (lower 8 bits) 160 Pixels	A0	10100000
	58	3A	Horizontal Active / Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	50	01010000
I	59	3B	Vertical Avtive 800 Lines	20	00100000
##	60	3C	Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (DE Blanking typ.for DE only panels) 23 Lines	17	00010111
)to	61	3D	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	30	00110000
'nį	62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset (Thfp) 48 Pixels	30	00110000
8	63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width (HSPW) 32 Pixels	20	00100000
2 2	64	40	Vertical Sync Offset(Tvfp) : Sync Width (VSPW)   3 Lines : 6 Lines	36	00110110
Tinning Descriptor #1	65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width (upper 2bits)	00	00000000
<u>,ii</u>	66	42	Horizontal Image Size (mm) 331 mm	4B	01001011
1	67	43	Vertical Image Size (mm) 207 mm	$\mathbf{CF}$	11001111
	68	44	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size	10	00010000
	69	45	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	70	46	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	71	47	Non-Interlace, Normal display, no stereo, Digital Separate (Vsync_NEG, Hsync_NEG), DE only note : LSB is set to '1' if panel is DE-timing only. H/V can be ignored.	19	00011001
	72	48	Flag	00	00000000
	73	49	Flag	00	00000000
	74	4A	Flag	00	00000000
	75	4B	Data Type Tag (Descriptor Defined by manufacturer)	00	00000000
	76	4C	Flag	00	00000000
#	77	4D	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
for	78	4E	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
- <u>1</u>	79	4F	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
Timing Descriptor #2	80	50	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
Ď	81	51	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
ng.	82	52	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	83 84	53 54	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
T.	85	55	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer  Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	86	56	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer  Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	87	57	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	88	58	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	89	59	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer  Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	90	5A	Flag	00	00000000
	91	5B	Flag	00	00000000
	92	5C	Flag	00	00000000
	93	5D	Data Type Tag (ASCII String)	FE	111111110
	94	5E	Flag	00	00000000
443	95	5F	ASCII String L	4C	01001100
*	96	60	ASCII String G	47	01000111
Tinning Descriptor #3	97	61	ASCII String	20	00100000
<u>K</u>	98	62	ASCII String D	44	01000100
Des	99	63	ASCII String i	69	01101001
80	100	64	ASCII String s	73	01110011
·ii	101	65	ASCII String p	70	01110000
Τ'n	102	66	ASCII String 1	6C	01101100
	103	67	ASCII String a	61	01100001
	104	68	ASCII String y	79	01111001
	105	69	Manufacturer P/N(If<13 char> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC II code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	0A	00001010
	106	6A	Manufacturer P/N(If<13 char> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC II code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	20	00100000
	107	6B	Manufacturer P/N(If<13 char> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC II code 0Ah, set remaining char = 20h)	20	00100000



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

	Byte	Byte	Field Name and Comments	Value	Value
	(Dec) 108	(Hex)		(Hex)	(Bin) 00000000
		6C	Flag	00	
	109	6D	Flag	00	00000000
	110	6E	Flag	00	00000000
	111	6F	Data Type Tag (ASCII String)	FE	111111110
	112	70	Flag	00	00000000
##- ***	113	71	ASCII String L	4C	01001100
*	114	72	ASCII String P	50	01010000
Timing Descriptor #4	115	73	ASCII String 1	31	00110001
5	116	74	ASCII String 5	35	00110101
ક્	117	75	ASCII String 4	34	00110100
s I	118	76	ASCII String W	57	01010111
·Ē	119	77	ASCII String X	58	01011000
₹	120	78	ASCII String 4	34	00110100
	121	79	ASCII String -	2D	00101101
	122	7A	ASCII String T	54	01010100
	123	7B	ASCII String L	4C	01001100
	124	7C	ASCII String B	42	01000010
	125	7D	ASCII String 5	35	00110101
Checksmu	126	7E	Extension flag (# of optional 128 panel ID extension block to follow, Typ = 0)	00	00000000
Checi	127	7 <b>F</b>	Check Sum (The 1-byte sum of all 128 bytes in this panel ID block shall = 0)	EB	11101011

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