

# **SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL**

(	<b>•</b> )	<b>Preliminary Specification</b>
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) Final Specification

Title	15.4" WXGA+ TFT LCD
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Customer	Apple
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.		
*MODEL	LP154WP3		
Suffix	TLA2		

<sup>\*</sup>When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED	BY SIGNATURE				
/					
/					
Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.					

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
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1/30 Ver. 0.4 Aug. 19, 2008



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## **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0	Apr. 8.2008	-	First Draft	0.0
0.1	May 5. 2008	7 11 25 28~30	Changed Interface Connector  Changed Timing Specification (96.31MHz→96.82MHz)  Changed Packing Form  Changed EDID Data (96.31MHz→96.82MHz)	0.1
0.2	May 13. 2008	11 28~30	Changed Timing Specification Changed EDID Data (96.82MHz→88.75MHz)	0.2
0.3	Jun. 20. 2008	6 14 19 14~15 20~21	Changed Power Consumption (1.0W → 1.1W)  Changed Contrast ratio (600:1 → 800:1)  Changed weight (465g → 450g max.)  Update Optical Spec.  Changed the drawing	0.2
0.4	Aug. 19. 2008	4	Changed Power Consumption (4.66W → 4.56W)	0.2
			Changed White chromaticity deviation	

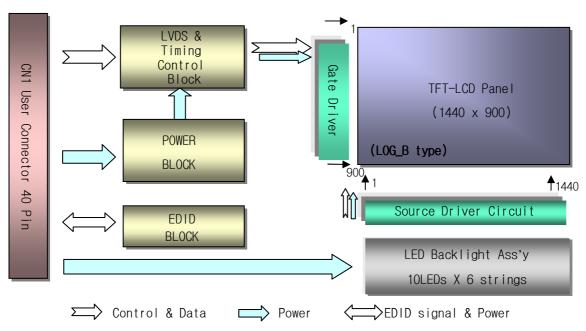


#### 1. General Description

The LP154WP3 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral LED backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.4 inches diagonally measured active display area with WXGA+ resolution(1440 horizontal by 900 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP154WP3 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP154WP3 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP154WP3 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



#### **General Features**

Active Screen Size	15.4 inches diagonal			
Outline Dimension	342.85(H) × 220.84(V) × 4.03(D, Max.) mm			
Pixel Pitch	0.2301 mm × 0.2301 mm			
Pixel Format	1440 horiz. by 900 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement			
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors			
Luminance, White	330 cd/m²(Typ., @I <sub>LED</sub> =18mA) , 160 points Average			
Power Consumption	Total 4.56 Watt @ LCM circuit 1.1 Watt (Typ. Mosaic pattern), B/L 3.46 Watt			
Weight	450g (Max.)			
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white			
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (glare) & Anti-Reflection treatment of the Front polarizer			



### 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

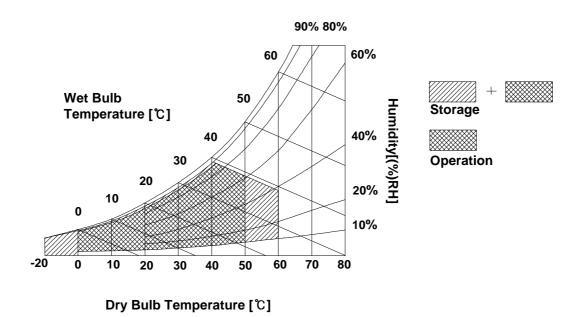
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
i arameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Offics		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



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#### 3. Electrical Specifications

#### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

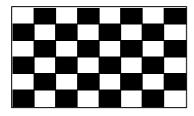
The LP154WP3 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the LED BL.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
Farameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Notes
MODULE :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	$V_{DC}$	
Power Supply Input Current	I <sub>CC</sub> Mosaic	-	335	380	mA	1
	[					
Power Consumption	Pc		1.1	1.25	Watt	11
Differential Impedance	Differential Impedance Zm		100	110	Ohm	2
Inrush Current	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	-	1.5	Α	3
LED Backlight :						
Operating Voltage	$V_{LED}$	-	33		V	
Operating Current per string	I <sub>LED</sub>	-	18	-	mA	4
Power Consumption	$P_{BL}$	-	3.56		Watt	5
Life Time		10,000	-	-	Hrs	6

#### Note)

1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V,  $25^{\circ}C$ , fv = 60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.



- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 3. The inrush current is measured under a maximum or minimum Vcc in black pattern.
- 4. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance ( $L_{WH}$ ) in optical characteristics.  $I_{LED}$  is the current of each LEDs' string, LED backlight has 6 strings on it.
- 5. The LED power consumption shown above does not include power of external LED driver circuit for typical current condition.
- 6. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of LED is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical LED current.

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## 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 40 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model 20474-040E-12 manufactured by I-PEX.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

1	Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
Connector   20474-040E-12(I-PEX), 40pin	1	GND	Ground	[LVDS Receiver]
4	2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
4	3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	[Connector]
CO   Fear view   Co   Cik EEDID   DDC Clock	4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	
6 Cik EEDID DC Clock  7 DATA EEDID DC Data  8 RA1- Negative LVDS differential data input  9 RA1+ Positive LVDS differential data input  10 GND Ground  11 RB1- Negative LVDS differential data input  12 RB1+ Positive LVDS differential data input  13 GND Ground  14 RC1- Negative LVDS differential data input  15 RC1- Negative LVDS differential data input  16 GND Ground  17 RCLK- Negative LVDS differential data input  18 RCLK- Positive LVDS differential data input  19 GND Ground  20 RA2- Negative LVDS differential data input  21 RA2+ Positive LVDS differential data input  22 GND Ground  23 RB2- Negative LVDS differential data input  24 RB2- Positive LVDS differential data input  25 GND Ground  26 RC2- Negative LVDS differential data input  27 RC2+ Positive LVDS differential data input  28 GND Ground  29 RCLK- Negative LVDS differential data input  29 GND Ground  30 RCLK2- Positive LVDS differential data input  29 RCLK- Negative LVDS differential data input  20 GND Ground  21 GND Ground  22 GND Ground  23 GND Ground  24 RB2- Positive LVDS differential data input  25 GND Ground  26 RC2- Negative LVDS differential data input  27 RC2+ Positive LVDS differential data input  28 GND Ground  29 RCLK- Negative LVDS differential data input  31 Vdc1 LED Cathode (Negative)  33 Vdc3 LED Cathode (Negative)  34 Vdc5 LED Cathode (Negative)	5	Vsync	Vsync (GSP)	[Connector pin arrangement]
8 RA1- Negative LVDS differential data input 9 RA1- Positive LVDS differential data input 10 GND Ground 11 RB1- Negative LVDS differential data input 12 RB1- Positive LVDS differential data input 13 GND Ground 14 RC1- Negative LVDS differential data input 15 RC1+ Positive LVDS differential data input 16 GND Ground 17 RCLK1- Negative LVDS differential data input 18 RCLK1+ Positive LVDS differential data input 19 GND Ground 20 RA2- Negative LVDS differential data input 21 RA2+ Positive LVDS differential data input 22 GND Ground 23 RB2- Negative LVDS differential data input 24 RB2- Positive LVDS differential data input 25 GND Ground 26 RC2- Negative LVDS differential data input 27 RC2- Positive LVDS differential data input 28 GND Ground 30 RCLK2- Negative LVDS differential data input 31 Vdc1 LED Cathode (Negative) 32 Vdc2 LED Cathode (Negative) 33 Vdc3 LED Cathode (Negative) 34 Vdc4 LED Cathode (Negative) 35 Vdc5 LED Cathode (Negative)	6	Clk EEDID	DDC Clock	
9	7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	
10	8	RA1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	40 1
11         RB1-         Negative LVDS differential data input           12         RB1+         Positive LVDS differential data input           13         GND         Ground           14         RC1-         Negative LVDS differential data input           15         RC1+         Positive LVDS differential data input           16         GND         Ground           17         RCLK1-         Negative LVDS differential data input           18         RCLK1+         Positive LVDS differential data input           19         GND         Ground           20         RA2-         Negative LVDS differential data input           21         RA2+         Positive LVDS differential data input           22         GND         Ground           23         RB2-         Negative LVDS differential data input           24         RB2+         Positive LVDS differential data input           25         GND         Ground           26         RC2-         Negative LVDS differential data input           27         RC2+         Positive LVDS differential data input           28         GND         Ground           29         RCLK2-         Negative LVDS differential data input           31 <td>9</td> <td>RA1+</td> <td>Positive LVDS differential data input</td> <td> </td>	9	RA1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
12         RB1+         Positive LVDS differential data input           13         GND         Ground           14         RC1-         Negative LVDS differential data input           15         RC1+         Positive LVDS differential data input           16         GND         Ground           17         RCLK1-         Negative LVDS differential data input           18         RCLK1+         Positive LVDS differential data input           19         GND         Ground           20         RA2-         Negative LVDS differential data input           21         RA2+         Positive LVDS differential data input           22         GND         Ground           23         RB2-         Negative LVDS differential data input           24         RB2+         Positive LVDS differential data input           25         GND         Ground           26         RC2-         Negative LVDS differential data input           27         RC2+         Positive LVDS differential data input           29         RCLK2-         Negative LVDS differential data input           30         RCLK2-         Negative LVDS differential data input           31         Vdc1         LED Cathode (Negative) <tr< td=""><td>10</td><td>GND</td><td>Ground</td><td></td></tr<>	10	GND	Ground	
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29 RCLK2- Negative LVDS differential data input 30 RCLK2+ Positive LVDS differential data input 31 Vdc1 LED Cathode (Negative) 32 Vdc2 LED Cathode (Negative) 33 Vdc3 LED Cathode (Negative) 34 Vdc4 LED Cathode (Negative) 35 LED Cathode (Negative)	27	RC2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
30 RCLK2+ Positive LVDS differential data input 31 Vdc1 LED Cathode (Negative) 32 Vdc2 LED Cathode (Negative) 33 Vdc3 LED Cathode (Negative) 34 Vdc4 LED Cathode (Negative) 35 Vdc5 LED Cathode (Negative)	28	GND	Ground	
31         Vdc1         LED Cathode (Negative)           32         Vdc2         LED Cathode (Negative)           33         Vdc3         LED Cathode (Negative)           34         Vdc4         LED Cathode (Negative)           35         Vdc5         LED Cathode (Negative)	29	RCLK2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
32 Vdc2 LED Cathode (Negative) 33 Vdc3 LED Cathode (Negative) 34 Vdc4 LED Cathode (Negative) 35 Vdc5 LED Cathode (Negative)	30	RCLK2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
33 Vdc3 LED Cathode (Negative) 34 Vdc4 LED Cathode (Negative) 35 Vdc5 LED Cathode (Negative)	31	Vdc1	LED Cathode (Negative)	
34 Vdc4 LED Cathode (Negative) 35 Vdc5 LED Cathode (Negative)	32	Vdc2	LED Cathode (Negative)	
35 Vdc5 LED Cathode (Negative)	33	Vdc3	LED Cathode (Negative)	
<u> </u>	34	Vdc4	LED Cathode (Negative)	
		Vdc5	LED Cathode (Negative)	
		Vdc6	LED Cathode (Negative)	
37 NC No Connection		NC	No Connection	
38 Vdc(123456) LED Anode (Positive)	38	Vdc(123456)	LED Anode (Positive)	
39 Vdc(123456) LED Anode (Positive)		Vdc(123456)	LED Anode (Positive)	
40 Vdc(123456) LED Anode (Positive)	40		LED Anode (Positive)	



## Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN2)

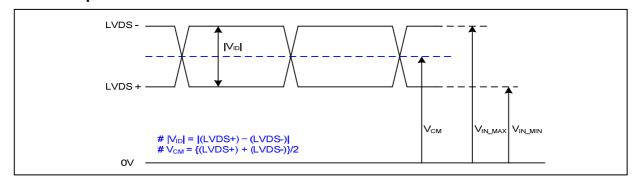
The LED backlight connector is a model TF12-9S-0.5H, manufactured by Hirose.

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	Vdc(1,2,3,4,5,6)	LED Anode(Positive)	9 1
2	Vdc(1,2,3,4,5,6)	LED Anode(Positive)	
3	NC	No Connection	
4	Vdc1	LED Cathode (Negative)	
5	Vdc5	LED Cathode (Negative)	
6	Vdc3	LED Cathode (Negative)	
7	Vdc4	LED Cathode (Negative)	
8	Vdc5	LED Cathode (Negative)	
9	Vdc6	LED Cathode (Negative)	



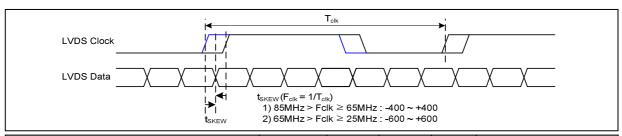
## 3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications

## 3-3-1. DC Specification



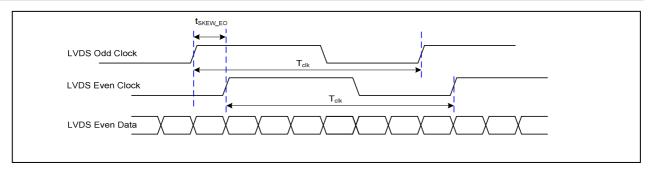
Description	Symb ol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	100	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	0.6	1.8	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	0.3	2.1	V	-

## 3-3-2. AC Specification

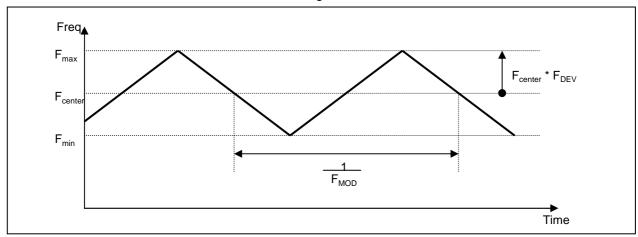


Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skow Margin	t <sub>SKEW</sub>	- 400	+ 400	ps	85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t <sub>SKEW</sub>	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 25MHz
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t <sub>SKEW_EO</sub>	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T <sub>clk</sub>	-
Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC	F <sub>DEV</sub>	-	± 3	%	-
Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC	F <sub>MOD</sub>	-	200	KHz	-





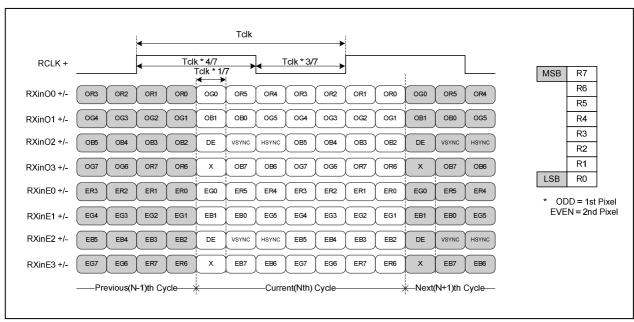
< Clock skew margin between channel >



< Spread Spectrum >

#### 3-3-3. Data Format

#### ☐ LVDS 2 Port



< LVDS Data Format >



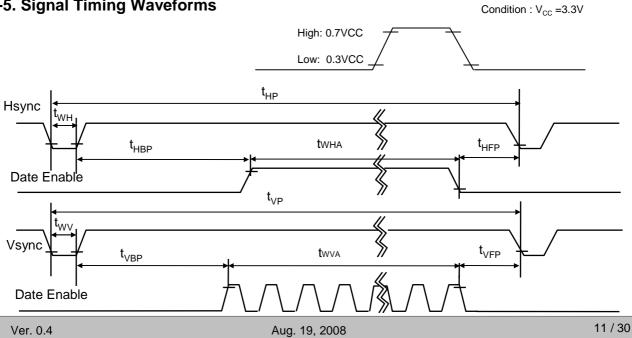
## 3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

**Table 5. TIMING TABLE** 

ITEM	Symbol		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	f <sub>CLK</sub>	_	88.750	-	MHz	
Hsync	Active	t w <sub>HA</sub>	1440	1440	1440		
	Period	t <sub>HP</sub>	1520	1600	1680	tCLK	
	Width-Active	t <sub>wH</sub>	24	32	40		
Vsync	Active	t w <sub>VA</sub>	900	900	900		
	Period t <sub>VP</sub>		911	926	938	tHP	
	Width-Active	t <sub>wv</sub>	2	6	10		
Data Enable	Horizontal back porch	t <sub>HBP</sub>	48	80	144	+Ol IV	
	Horizontal front porch	t <sub>HFP</sub>	8	48	56	tCLK	
	Vertical back porch	t <sub>VBP</sub>	7	17	23	HID	
	Vertical front porch	t <sub>VFP</sub>	2	3	6	t HP	

## 3-5. Signal Timing Waveforms





## 3-6. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 6. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
	Color			RE	D					GRE	EN					BL	UE		
	50101	MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	В3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1		. 1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN		ļ									 						 		
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	·····  1
BLUE		·····									 						 		• • • •
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	 1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	 1	1	 1	1	1



### 3-7. Power Sequence

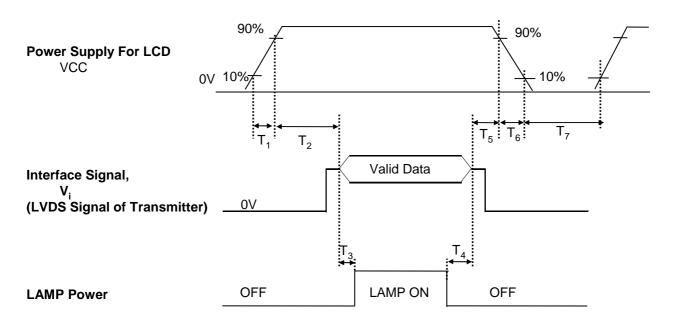


Table 7. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value		Units
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T <sub>1</sub>	-	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>2</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>3</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>4</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>5</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>6</sub>	0	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>7</sub>	400	-	-	(ms)

#### Note)

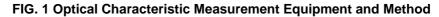
- 1. Valid Data is Data to meet "3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications"
- 2. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 3. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 4. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

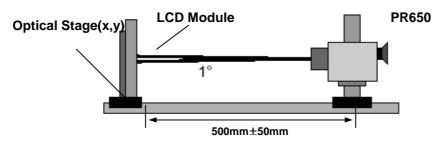


### 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 20 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to  $0^{\circ}$ .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.





**Table 8. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

 $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ , VCC=3.3V, fv=60Hz,  $f_{CLK}=96.82MHz$ , ILED = 18mA

D.			0 1:1:		Values			N
Para	ameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Average	Luminance	L <sub>AVE</sub>	160 Points (I <sub>LED</sub> = 18mA)	280	330		cd/m²	Fig 2
Luminance	e variation	%	160 points	60	70		-	Fig 2
(	C/R	-	Center 1 Point	600	800		-	
Respor	nse time	Tr <sub>R +</sub> Tr <sub>D</sub>	-	-	16	25	ms	Fig 3
	Horizontal	Θ	φx(Left,Right)	±65	±70	-		
Viewing angle	Vertical	Θ	ф yu(Up)	50	60	-	0	Fig 4
	vertical	Θ	φyd(Down)	50	60	-		
Worst neighbor Brightness uniformity		%		70				
White chromaticity deviation (W.R.T center)			d u'v'	_	_	0.008		
dev	romaticity iation panel)		d u'v'	_	-	0.0084		
White chromaticity deviation (Worst neighbor)			d u'v'	_	-	0.0025		
Cross Talk		D <sub>SHA</sub>	-	-	-	4.0	%	Fig 5
Gray	Scale	-	-		-	-		

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#### **Table 9. RGB Color Chromaticity**

	Wh	ite	Red		Gre	een	Blue		
	Wx	Wy	Rx	Ry	Gx	Gy	Вх	Ву	
Max.	0.343	0.359	0.620	0.370	0.360	0.600	0.185	0.165	
Тур.	0.313	0.329	0.590	0.340	0.330	0.570	0.155	0.135	
Min.	0.283	0.299	0.560	0.310	0.300	0.540	0.125	0.105	

#### Notes)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- 2. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time,  $Tr_R$ ) and from black to white(Decay Time,  $Tr_D$ ). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 3. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 4. Gray scale specification

\*  $f_V = 60Hz$ 

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.00
L7	0.80
L15	4.25
	10.9
	21.0
L39	34.8
L47	52.5
L55	74.2
L63	100



#### 5. Average Luminance

Ave. = SUM(L1:L160) / 160

where L1 to L160 are the luminance values measured at point #1 to #160.

#### 6. Luminance Uniformity

Luminance Uniformity:

U = 100% - (Lmax-Lmin)/Lmax

where, Lmax = max {Luminance values at 160 points},

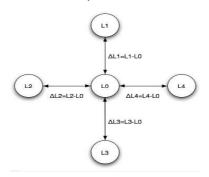
Lmin = min {Luminance values at 160 points}

#### 7. Worst neighbor Luminance Uniformity

Worst Neighbor Luminance Uniformity (The 4 points that are closest to the test point)

WNU=100%-Max( $\triangle$ L1,  $\triangle$ L2,  $\triangle$ L3,  $\triangle$ L4)/L0

Global WNU = min (WNU1, ...WNU160)



#### 8. White chromaticity deviation - with respect to center

Center color coordinate is defined as the Average of points: 72, 73, 88, 89.

#### 9. White chromaticity deviation - over panel

Maximum delta u'v' between any two measured points over the 160 points

#### 10. White chromaticity deviation - worst neighbor

Maximum delta u'v' between any two neighboring points on the panel

#### 11. White Chromaticity

Average (72, 73, 88, 89 Points)

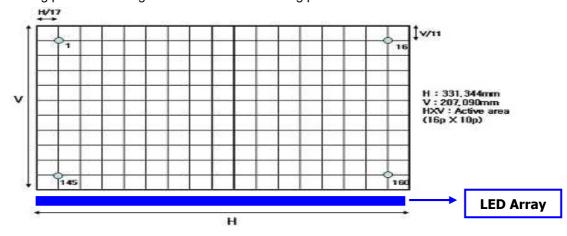
#### 12. RGB Chromaticity

Center Point



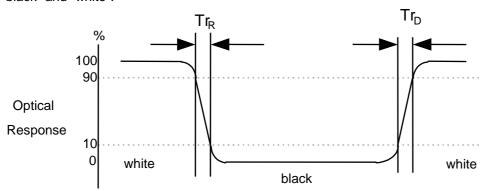
#### FIG. 2 Luminance

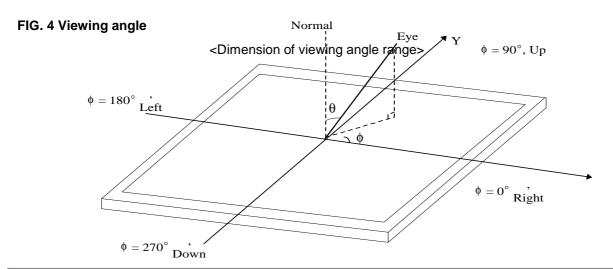
<Measuring point for Average Luminance & measuring point for Luminance variation>



#### FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".





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#### FIG. 5 Cross talk

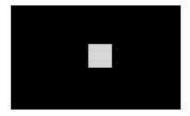
No visual cross-talk will be allowed. Two luminance values are measured at center spot with 50 x 50 pixels. The cross-talk, D<sub>SHA</sub>, is defined as,

$$D_{SHA} = (L_B - L_A)/L_B \cdot 100\%$$
,

Where, LA = Luminance in Pattern A

L<sub>B</sub> = Luminance in Pattern B.

Pattern A



Pattern A Gray Scale = 31 in center Black in surrounding area

Pattern B



Pattern B Gray Scale = 31 full screen



### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

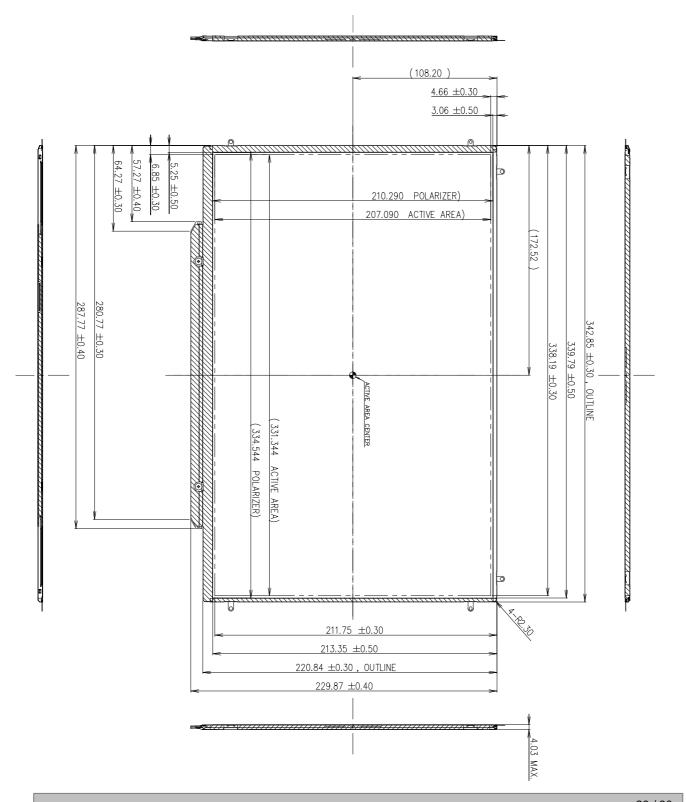
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP154WP3. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	342.85 ± 0.30mm
Outline Dimension	Vertical	220.84 ± 0.30mm
	Depth	4.03mm(Max)
Polarizer Area	Horizontal	334.54mm
Polatizet Alea	Vertical	210.29mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	331.344mm
Active Display Area	Vertical	207.090mm
Weight	450g (Max.)	
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (glare) & Anti-Reflection	on treatment of the Front polarizer



<FRONT VIEW>

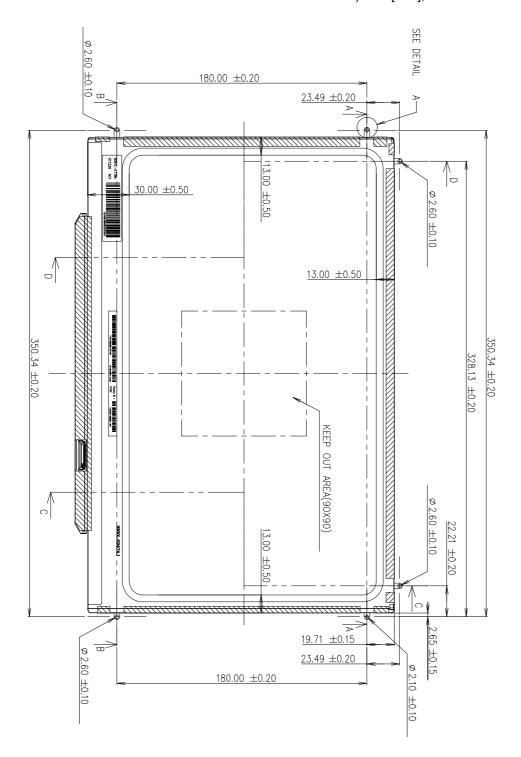
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.5mm





<REAR VIEW>

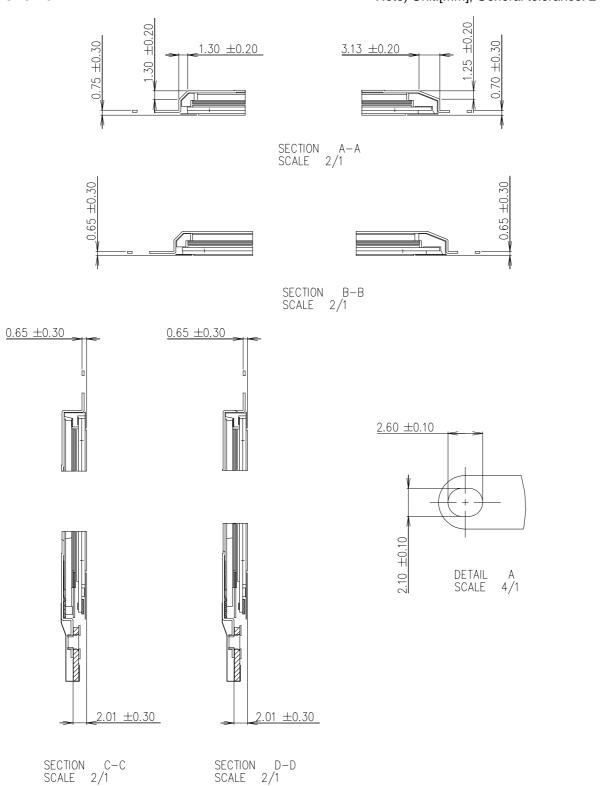
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.5mm





#### <SECTION VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.5mm





## 6. Reliability

#### **Environment test condition**

No.	Test Item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 5 ~ 150Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 30min/axis
6	Shock test (non-operating)	<ul> <li>No functional or cosmetic defects following a shock to all 6 sides delivering at least 180 G in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to the display module</li> <li>No functional defects following a shock delivering at least 200 g in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to each of 6 sides. Each of the 6 sides will be shock tested with one each display, for a total of 6 displays</li> </ul>
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr

<sup>{</sup> Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



#### 7. International Standards

#### 7-1. Safety

a) UL 1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

c) EN 60950 : 1992+A1: 1993+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A1: 1997+A11: 1997

IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A1: 1996

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

#### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



### 8. Packing

## 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH) D: YEAR

E: MONTH  $F \sim M$ : SERIAL NO.

#### Note

#### 1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

#### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

#### b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

#### 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 20pcs

b) Box Size: 480mm × W370mm × H296mm

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#### 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
  Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm\ 200mV(Over\ and\ under\ shoot\ voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

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#### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

  It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
  - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



## APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

	Byte	Byte	Field Name and Comments	Value	Value				
	( <b>dec</b> )	(hex)	Header	(hex) 00	(binary) 00000000				
	1	00	Header Header	FF	11111111				
	2	02		FF	11111111				
er	3	03	Header Header	FF	11111111				
Header	4	03	Header	FF	11111111				
Щ	5	05	Header	FF	11111111				
	6	06	Header	FF	11111111				
	7	07	Header	00	00000000				
	8	08	EISA manufacture code ( 3 Character ID ) APP	06	00000110				
	9	09	EISA manufacture code (Compressed ASC II )	10	00010000				
	10	0A	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product Code 9C84h	84	10000100				
ct	11	0B	(Hex. LSB first)	9C	10011100				
ior	12	0C	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000000				
endor / Produc EDID Version	13	0D	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000000				
7 0	14	0E	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000000				
do	15	0F	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000000				
Vendor / Product EDID Version	16	10	Week of Manufacture : 00 weeks	00	00000000				
12	17	11	Year of Manufacture 2008 year	12	00010010				
	18	12	EDID structure version #= 1	01	00000001				
	19	13	EDID revision # = 3	03	00000011				
8	20	14	Video input Definition = Digital signal	80	10000000				
Display Parameters	21	15	Max H image size (Rounded cm) = 33 cm	21	00100001				
phc me	22	16	Max V image size (Rounded cm) = 21 cm	15	00010101				
Display aramete	23	17	Display gamma = (gamma*100)-100 = Example:(2.2*100)-100=120 = 2.2 Gamma						
Pa	24	18	Feature Support (no_DPMS, no_Active Off/Very Low Power, RGB color display, Timing BLK 1,no_GTF)	0A	00001010				
	25	19	Red/Green Low Bits (RxRy/GxGy)	50	01010000				
	26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits (BxBy/WxWy)						
	27	1B	Red X Rx = 0.595						
lor tes	28	1C	Red Y Ry =0.345						
Co	29	1D	Green X $Gx = 0.32$	52	01010010				
el rdi	30	1E	Green Y Gy = 0.555	8E	10001110				
Panel Color Coordinates	31	1F	Blue X $Bx = 0.155$	27	00100111				
I C	32	20	Blue Y By = 0.145	25	00100101				
	33	21	White X Wx =0.313	50	01010000				
	34	22	White Y Wy =0.329	54	01010100				
19 19	35	23	Established timing 1 (00h if nt used)	00	00000000				
Establ ished Timin	36	24	Established timing 2 (00h if nt used)	00	00000000				
Es is Ti	37	25	Manufacturer's timings (00h if nt used)	00	00000000				
	38	26	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
	39	27	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
	40	28	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
	41	29	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
a	42	2A	Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
Standard Timing ID	43	2B	Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
nin	44	2C	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
Tür	45	2D	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
rd	46	2E	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
da	47	2F	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
tan	48	30	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
S	49	31	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
	50	32	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
	51	33	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
	52	34	Standard timing ID8 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				
	53	35	Standard timing ID8 (01h if not used)	01	00000001				



## APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

	Byte	Byte	Field Name and Comments	Value	Value
	( <b>dec</b> ) 54	(hex)	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 88.75 MHz @ 60Hz	(hex)	(binary) 11010010
	55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	22	100101
	56	38	Horizontal Active (lower 8 bits) 1440 Pixels	A0	10100000
	57	39	Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (lower 8 bits) 160 Pixels	A0	111000
	58	3A	Horizontal Active / Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	50	01010001
1.	59	3B	Vertical Avtive 900 Lines	84	10000100
# J	60	3C	Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (DE Blanking typ.for DE only panels)  26 Lines	1A	10111
pto	61	3D	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	30	00110000
cri	62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset (Thfp) 48 Pixels	30	01000000
Timing Descriptor #1	63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width (HSPW) 32 Pixels	20	00100000
18	64	40	Vertical Sync Offset(Tvfp): Sync Width (VSPW) 3 Lines: 6 Lines	36	00110011
nin	65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width (upper 2bits)	00	00000000
Tin	66	42	Horizontal Image Size (mm) 331 mm	4B	01001011
	67	43	Vertical Image Size (mm) 207 mm	CF	11001111
	68	44	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size	10	00010000
	69	45	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	70	46	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	71	47	Non-Interlace, Normal display, no stereo, Digital Separate ( Vsync_NEG, Hsync_NEG )	18	00011000
	72	48	Flag	00	00000000
	73	49	Flag	00	00000000
	74	4A	Flag	00	00000000
	75	4B	Data Type Tag (Descriptor Defined by manufacturer)	01	00000001
	76	4C	Flag (Version)	00	00000000
#2	77	4D	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer ( Apple EDID signature ) APP	06	00000110
or	78	4E	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer ( Apple EDID signature )	10	00010000
.ipt	79	4F	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer ( Link Type )	30	00110000
sci	80	50	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer ( Pixel and link component format_6bit panel interface )	00	00000000
Timing Descriptor #2	81	51	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer ( Panel feature_Inverter NA, no Inverter )	00	00000000
Bu	82	52	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
mi	83	53	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
Zi.	84	54	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	85	55	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	86	56	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	87	57	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	88	58	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	0A	00001010
	89	59	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	20	00100000
	90	5A	Flag	00	00000000
	91	5B 5C	Flag	00	00000000
	92	5D	Flag Data Tune Tag ( A SCII String )	FE	11111110
	93	5D 5E	Data Type Tag ( ASCII String ) Flag	00	00000000
23	95	5E 5F	ASCII String L	4C	01001100
Timing Descriptor #3	96	60	ASCII String P	50	0101100
oto	97	61	ASCII String 1	31	00110001
cri	98	62	ASCII String 5	35	00110101
)es	99	63	ASCII String 4	34	00110100
B I	100	64	ASCII String W	57	01010111
uin	101	65	ASCII String P	50	01010000
Tin	102	66	ASCII String 3	33	00110011
` `	103	67	ASCII String -	2D	00101101
	104	68	ASCII String T	54	01010100
	105	69	ASCII String L	4C	01001100
	106	6A	ASCII String A	41	01000001
	107	6B	ASCII String 1	31	00110001
•					



## APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

	Byte (dec)	Byte (hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (HEX)	Value (binary)			
	108	6C	Flag	00	00000000			
	109	6D	Flag	00	00000000			
	110	6E	Flag	00	00000000			
	111	6F	Data Type Tag ( ASCII String )	FE	11111110			
	112	70	Flag	00	00000000			
#4	113	71	ASCII String C	43	01000011			
or:	114	72	ASCII String o	6F	01101111			
Timing Descriptor #4	115	73	ASCII String 1	6C	01101100			
scr	116	74	ASCII String o	6F	01101111			
De,	117	75	ASCII String r	72	01110010			
81	118	76	ASCII String	20	00100000			
nir	119	77	ASCII String L	4C	01001100			
Tü	120	78	ASCII String C	43	01000011			
	121	79	ASCII String D	44	01000100			
	122	7A	ASCII String	0A	00001010			
	123	7B	ASCII String	20	00100000			
	124							
	125	7D	ASCII String	20	00100000			
Спес	126	7E	Extension flag (# f optional 128 panel ID extension block to follow, Typ = 0)	00	00000000			
Ch	127	<b>7</b> F	Check Sum (The 1-byte sum of all 128 bytes in this panel ID block shall = 0)	92	11000101			

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```
ERROR: syntaxerror
OFFENDING COMMAND: --nostringval--
STACK:
/Title
( )
/Subject
(D:20100504145438+08'00')
/ModDate
( )
/Keywords
(PDFCreator Version 0.9.5)
/Creator
(D:20100504145438+08'00')
/CreationDate
(USER)
/Author
-mark-
```