

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

( ) Preliminary Specificat	ion
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Title	15.0" XGA TFT L	CD
BUYER	SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
MODEL	*MODEL	LP150X2
	Suffix	A2M7

<sup>\*</sup>When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

SIGNATURE	DATE				
1					
1					
1					
Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.					

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# **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	Note
1.0	DEC. 20. 2002	-	First Draft	
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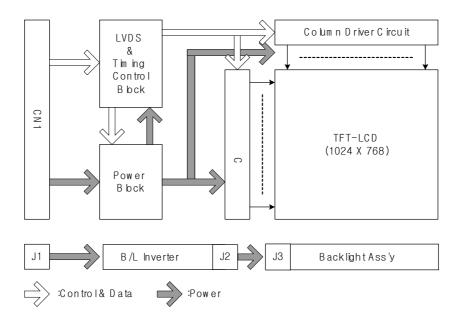


### 1. General Description

The LP150X2(A2M7) is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.0 inches diagonally measured active display area with XGA resolution(768 vertical by 1024 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP150X2(A2M7) has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP150X2(A2M7) is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic display are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP150X2(A2M7) characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



### **General Features**

Active Screen Size	15.0 inches(38.1cm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	317.3(H) × 241.5(V) × 7.0(D) mm (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.297 mm × 0.297 mm
Pixel Format	1024 horiz. By 768 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	180 cd/m²(Typ.)
Power Consumption	Total 5.8 Watt(Typ.)
Weight	695 g (Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer

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### 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

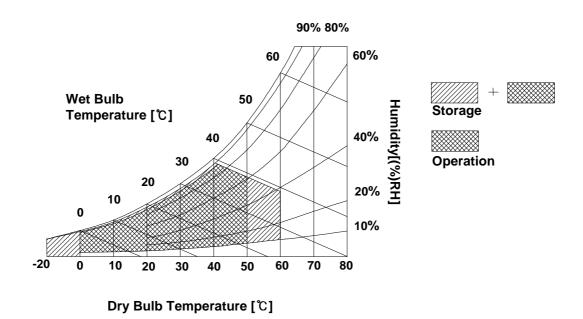
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Units	Notes	
Falametei	Symbol	Min	Max	Offics	Notes	
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



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### 3. Electrical Specifications

### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP150X2(A2M7) requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Cymhal	Symbol Values			Unit	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	notes
MODULE :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V <sub>DC</sub>	[
Power Supply Input Current	I <sub>çc</sub>	-	290	330	mA	1
Power Consumption	Pc	-	0.9	1	Watt	1
Differential Impedance	Zm	90	100	110	Ohm	2
LAMP :						
Operating Voltage	$V_{BL}$	-	680	-	V <sub>RMS</sub>	[
Operating Current	I <sub>BL</sub>	2.5	6.0	6.5	mA <sub>RMS</sub>	3
Operating Frequency	f <sub>BL</sub>	-	58		kHz	
Discharge Stabilization Time	Ts	-		3	Min	4
Life Time		10,000	-	-	Hrs	5
INVERTER:					l	[
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	9.0	14.4	21.0	V <sub>DC</sub>	
Input Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	-	340	390	mA	6
Input Power Consumption	P <sub>IN</sub>	-	4.90	5.62	w	6
Backlight On/Off Control	FPVEE_High	2.0	-	5.25	V <sub>DC</sub>	[
	FPVEE_Low	-0.3	<del>.</del>	0.8	V <sub>DC</sub>	[
Backlight Adjust (I <sub>BL</sub> Control)		FF_H	-	00_H	l <del>.</del>	[
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	580	680	780	$V_{RMS}$	6
Output Current (Aging 30minutes)	I <sub>OUT</sub> FF	1.35	1.75	2.15	mA <sub>RMS</sub>	7
	I <sub>OUT</sub> _00	5.5	6.0	6.5	mA <sub>RMS</sub>	7
Operating Frequency	Freq.	45	60	75	KHz	7
Output Power Consumption	Output Power Consumption P <sub>OUT</sub>		4.08	4.68	W	6
Open Lamp Voltage V <sub>OPEN</sub>		1450	 	<u> </u>	$V_{RMS}$	8
Efficiency	Efficiency η		-	l <del>.</del>	%	9
Striking Time	T <sub>S</sub>	0.3	-	1.4	sec	10
Start and Delay time	ST + DT	-	50	100	Us	11
Burst Mode Frequency	f <sub>B</sub>	-	-	195	sec	

#### Note)

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V,  $25^{\circ}C$ , fv = 60Hz, fCLK=65MHz condition whereas full black pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.
- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.



#### Note)

- 3. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance( $L_{WH}$ ) in optical characteristics.
- 4. Define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%, TS is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 5. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current.
- 6.  $V_{IN} = 14.4V$ , SMB\_DAT = 00\_H( $I_{OUT} = 6mA$ ).
- 7.  $V_{IN} = 9 \sim 21V$ .
- 8. No Load,  $V_{IN} = 9V$ .
- 9.  $V_{IN} = 9V$ , SMB\_DAT = 00\_H.
- 10. No Load,  $V_{IN} = 9 \sim 21V$ , SMB\_DAT = 00\_H.
- 11. SMB\_DAT = FF\_H

#### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 20 pin connector is used for the module electronics and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model FI-SEB20P-HF-13 manufactured by JAE or equivalent.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	[LVDS Transmitter]
3	GND	Ground	TI, SN75LVDS84 or equivalent
4	GND	Ground	[LVDS Receiver]
5	R <sub>IN</sub> 0-	Negative LVDS differential data input (R0~R5,G0)	THINE, THC63LVDF64A
6	R <sub>IN</sub> 0+	Positive LVDS differential data input (R0~R5,G0)	[Connector]
7	GND	Ground	LCD: FI-SEB20P-HF-13, JAE or equivalent
8	R <sub>IN</sub> 1-	Negative LVDS differential data input (G1~G5,B0~B1)	·
9	R <sub>IN</sub> 1+	Positive LVDS differential data input (G1~G5,B0~B1)	[Connector pin arrangement]
10	GND	Ground	LCD module rear view
11	R <sub>IN</sub> 2-	Negative LVDS differential data input (B2~B5,HS,VS,DE)	
12	R <sub>IN</sub> 2+	Positive LVDS differential data input (B2~B5,HS,VS,DE)	
13	GND	Ground	
14	CLK-	Clock -	
15	CLK+	Clock +	
16	GND	Ground	
17	$V_{EDID}$	Power for EDID	
18	NC	Reserved	
19	CLK <sub>EDID</sub>	Clock for EDID	
20	DATA <sub>EDID</sub>	EDID data	



The inverter interface connector(J1) is a model 52207-1670(FPC Connector) manufactured by MOLEX. The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Table 4. BACKLIGHT INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	$V_{IN}$	Power for the inverter	
2	$V_{IN}$	Power for the inverter	
3	$V_{IN}$	Power for the inverter	
4	GND	Ground	[Connector] 52207-1670 (FPC Connector), MOLEX
5	GND	Ground	02207 1070 (11 0 00111100101), 1110222
6	GND	Ground	[Connector pin arrangement]
7	5V_SUS	Power for the control circuit	
8	5V_ALW	Power for storing a brightness values	LCD module rear view
9	SMB_DAT	Brightness data	
10	SMB_CLK	Clock for brightness data	16 1
11	FPVEE	Enable for lamp turn on and off	
12	NC	No connection	
13	PANEL_ID3	0(GND)	
14	PANEL_ID2	1(OPEN)	
15	PANEL_ID1	0(GND)	
20	PANEL_ID0	1(OPEN)	

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST. The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

Table 5. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J3)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

Notes: 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored pink and the low voltage side terminal is white

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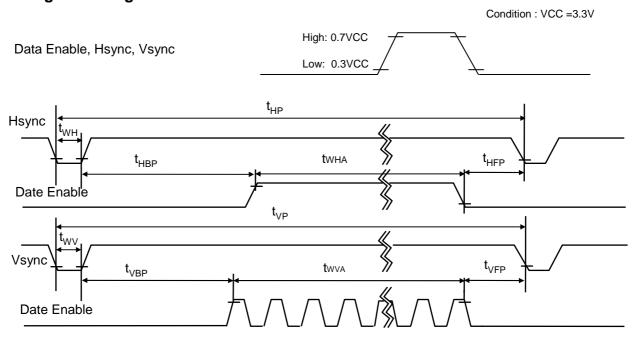
# 3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for it's proper operation.

Table 6. TIMING TABLE

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	fclk	62	65	68	MHz	
Hsync	Period	tHP	1206	1344	1364	tour	
	Width	twn	8	-	-	tCLK	
Vsync	Period	tvp	780	806	830	tup	
	Width	twv	2	-	-	tHP	
Data	Horizontal back porch	tHBP	16	-	-	40.14	
Enable	Horizontal front porch	tHFP	16	-	-	tclk	
	Vertical back porch	tvbp	3	-	-	4.15	
	Vertical front porch	tvfp	2	-	-	tHP	

# 3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms



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# 3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
	Color			RE	D					GRE	EN					BL	UE		
`	50101	MSE	3				LSB		3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB
	,	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0			0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0
	Red	1	1	.1	. 1	. 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																			
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE											 								
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	 1	 1	 1		0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	 1		 1	1	1
	- (/							<u> </u>											

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# 3-6. Power Sequence

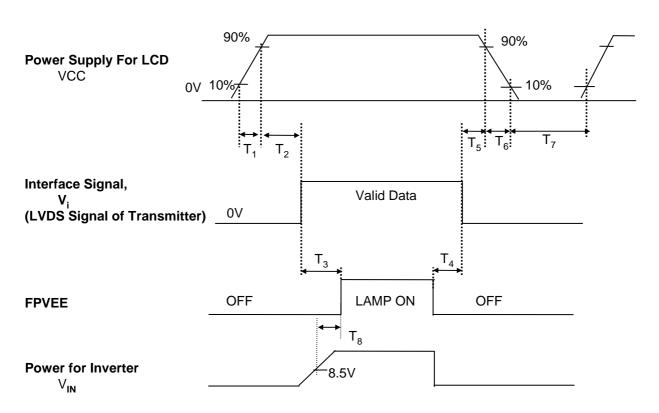


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value		Units
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T <sub>1</sub>	-	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>2</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>3</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>4</sub>	0	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>5</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>6</sub>	-	-	100	(ms)
T <sub>7</sub>	400	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>8</sub>	10	-	-	(ms)

### Note)

- 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.



# 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to  $0^{\circ}$ .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

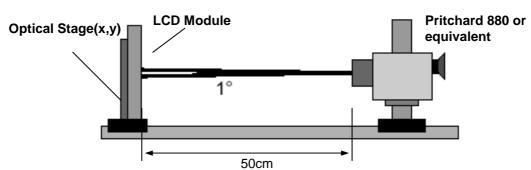


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

**Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, fv=60Hz, Dclk= 65MHz, V<sub>IN</sub>=14.4V, I<sub>I</sub>=6.0mA

Dozomator	Curre head		Values			Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	MAx	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	150	250	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	L <sub>WH</sub>	150	180	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$	-	-	1.45	]	3
Response Time					]	4
Rise Time	$Tr_R$	-	30	50	ms	
Decay Time	$Tr_{D}$	-	30	50	ms	
Color Coordinates					]	
RED	RX	0.537	0.567	0.597	[	
	RY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
GREEN	GX	0.287	0.317	0.347		
	GY	0.506	0.536	0.566		
BLUE	ВХ	0.126	0.156	0.184		
	BY	0.104	0.134	0.164		
WHITE	WX	0.281	0.311	0.341		
	WY	0.294	0.324	0.354		
Viewing Angle					]	5
x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	40	-	-	degree	
x axis, left (Φ=180°)	ΘΙ	40	-	-	degree	
y axis, up (Φ=90°)	Θu	10	-	-	degree	
y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	30	-	-	degree	
Gray Scale						6

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#### Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- 2. Surface luminance is the center point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , The Panel total variation ( $\delta_{WHITE}$ ) is determined by measuring  $L_{ON}$  at each test position 1 through 5, and then dividing the maximum  $L_{ON}$  of 5 points luminance by minimum  $L_{ON}$  of 5 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \text{Maximum}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_5) / \text{Minimum}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_5)$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, Tr<sub>R</sub>) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr<sub>D</sub>). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

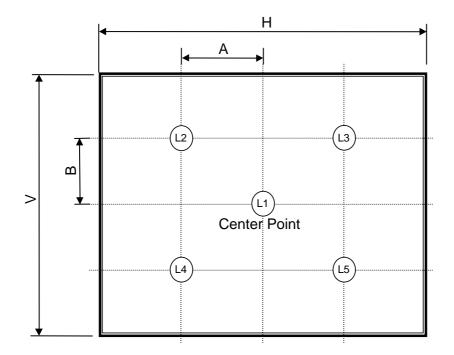
Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.32
L7	0.98
L15	
1.00	10.7
L31	
L39	38.1
	57.8
L55	79.0
L63	100

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### FIG. 2 Luminance

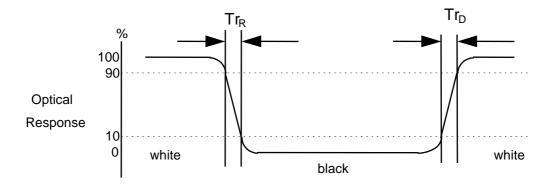
<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>



H,V: ACTIVE AREA
A: H/4 mm
B: V/4 mm
POINTS: 5POINTS

### FIG. 3 Response Time

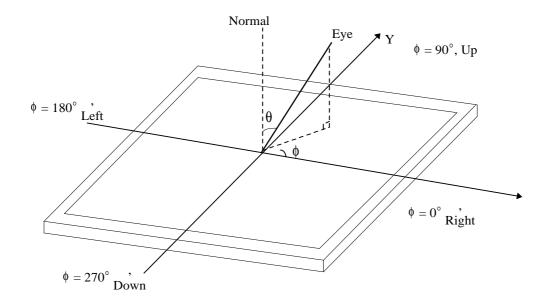
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".





# FIG. 4 Viewing angle

# <Dimension of viewing angle range>





### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP150X2(A2M7).In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

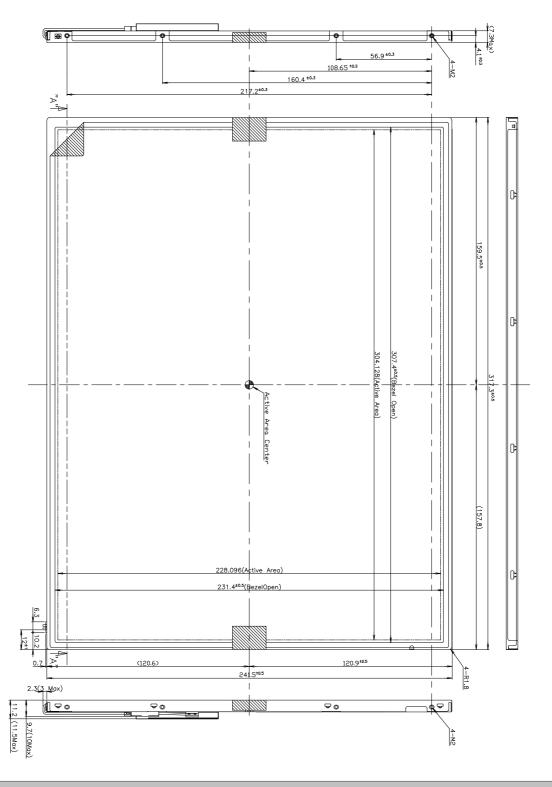
	Horizontal	317.3 ± 0.5mm				
Outline Dimension	Vertical	241.5 ± 0.5mm				
	Depth	Typ. 7.0 mm, Max. 7.3mm				
Bezel Area	Horizontal	307.4 ± 0.5mm				
bezei Alea	Vertical	231.4 ± 0.5mm				
Active Display Area	Horizontal	304.128 mm				
Active Display Area	Vertical	228.096 mm				
Weight	695g (Typ.) 710g (Max.) LCM INVERTER	680g(Typ.) R 15g(Max.)				
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer					

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<FRONT VIEW>

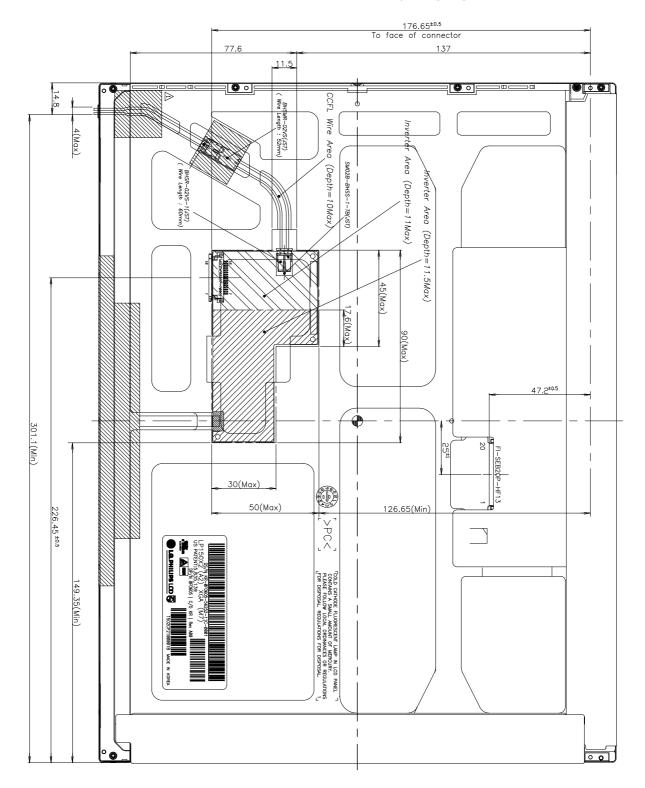
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.5mm





<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.5mm

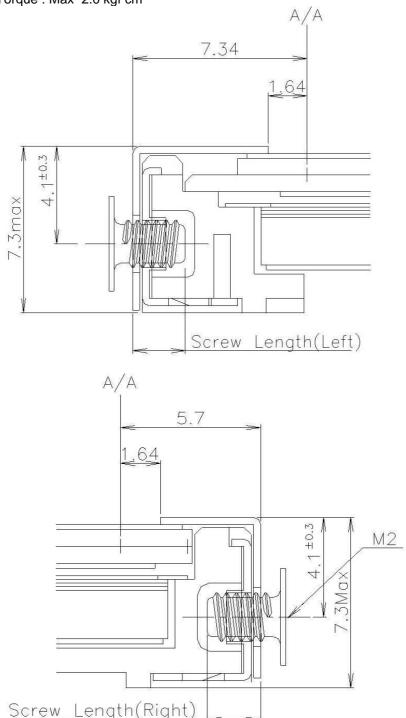




# [ DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW ]

\* Screw Length: Left and Right (Max: 2.6, Min 1.8)

\* Screw Torque : Max 2.0 kgf cm



Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5mm



# 6. Reliability

#### **Environment test condition**

No.	Test Item	Conditions				
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h				
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h				
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h				
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h				
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis				
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 6ms for all six faces)				
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr				

<sup>{</sup> Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



### 7. International Standards

### 7-1. Safety

a) UL 1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

c) EN 60950 : 1992+A1: 1993+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997

IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A4: 1996

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998



# 8. Packing

### 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

### a) Lot Mark

A B C D E F G H I	JK	L M
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A,B,C : SIZE D : YEAR E : MONTH

F,G: PANEL CODE H: ASSEMBLY CODE I,J,K,L,M: SERIAL NO.

#### Note

#### 1. YEAR

Year	97	98	99	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mark	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

#### 3. Serial No

Serial No.	1 ~ 99,999	100,000 ~
Mark	00001 ~ 99999	A0001 ~ A9999, , Z9999

### b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

### 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 10 pcs

b) Box Size : 360mm  $\times$  322mm  $\times$  391mm



### 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
  Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm\ 200mV(Over\ and\ under\ shoot\ voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

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### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

  It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

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# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

Byte#	Byte#	FILLIN 10	Va	lue	Value	
DEC	HEX	Field Name and Comments	Н	ΞX	BIN	1
0	00	Header	0	0	00000000	
1	01		F	F	11111111	1
2	02		F	F	11111111	1
3	03		F	F	11111111	1
4	04		F	F	11111111	Header
5	05		F	F	11111111	
6	06		F	F	11111111	
7	07		0	0	00000000	
8	08	EISA manufacturer code = LGP	3	0	00110000	
9	09		F	0	11110000	
10	0A	Product code = 152(LP150X2)	4	6	01000110	
11	0B	(Hex, LSB first)	В	2	10110010	
12	0C	32-bit serial number =Don't care	0	0	00000000	Vandar/ Bradust ID
13	0D		0	0	00000000	Vender/ Product ID
14	0E		0	0	00000000	
15	0F		0	0	00000000	
16	10	Week of manufacture = Don't care	0	0	00000000	
17	11	Year of manufacture = Don't care	0	0	00000000	1
18	12	EDID Structure version # = 1	0	1	00000001	EDID Version
19	13	EDID Revision # = 3	0	3	00000011	/Revision
20	14	Video input definition = Digital I/p,non TMDS CRGB	8	0	10000000	
21	15	Max H image size(cm)= 30.4128cm(30)	1	Е	00011110	
22	16	Max V image size(cm)= 22.8096cm(22)	1	6	00010110	Display Parameter
23	17	Display gamma = 2.2	7	8	01111000	
24	18	Feature support(DPMS) = Active off, RGB Color	2	8	00101000	
25	19	Red/Green low Bits	0	2	00000010	
26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits	D	F	11011111	
27	1B	Red X Rx =0.567	9	1	10010001	
28	1C	Red Y Ry =0.329	5	4	01010100	
29	1D	Green X Gx =0.317	5	1	01010001	Color
30	1E	Green Y Gy =0.536	8	6	10000110	Characteristic
31	1F	Blue X Bx =0.156	2	7	00100111	
32	20	Blue Y By =0.134	2	2	00100010	
33	21	White X Wx = 0.311	5	1	01010001	]
34	22	White Y Wy = 0.324	5	2	01010010	
35	23	Established Timing I	0	0	00000000	Established
36	24	Established Timing II	0	0	00000000	Timings
37	25	Manufacturer's Timings	0	0	00000000	J
38	26	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	00000001	
39	27	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	00000001	
40	28	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	00000001	
41	29	Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	00000001	
42	2A	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	00000001	
43	2B	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	00000001	Standard Timing ID
44	2C	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	00000001	
45	2D	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	00000001	
46	2E	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	00000001	
47	2F	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	00000001	
48	30	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	00000001	



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

Byte#	Byte#		Value		Value	
DEC	HEX	Field Name and Comments	Н	ΞX	BIN	
49	31	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	00000001	
50	32	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	00000001	
51	33	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	00000001	Standard Timing ID
52	34	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	00000001	
53	35	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	00000001	
54	36	Detailed Timing Descriptor #1	6	4	01100100	
55	37	1024 x768@60Hz mode : pixel clock = 65₩b	1	9	00011001	
56	38	Horizontal Active = 1024 pixels	0	0	00000000	
57	39	Horizontal Blanking = 320 pixels	4	0	01000000	
58	3A	Horizontal Active : Horizontal Blanking	4	1	01000001	
59	3B	Vertical Avtive = 768 lines	0	0	00000000	
60	3C	Vertical Blanking = 38 lines	2	6	00100110	
61	3D	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking	3	0	00110000	
62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset = 24 pixels	1	8	00011000	Detailed Timing
63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width = 136 pixels	8	8	10001000	Description #1
64	40	Vertical Sync Offset = 3 lines,Sync Width = 6 lines	3	6	00110110	
65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits	2	0	00100000	
66	42	Horizontal Image Size = 304.128mm(304)	3	0	00110000	
67	43	Vertical Image Size = 228.096mm(228)	Е	4	11100100	
68	44	Horizontal & Vertical Image Size	1	0	00010000	
69	45	Horizontal Border = 0	0	0	00000000	
70	46	Vertical Border = 0	0	0	00000000	
71	47	Non-interlaced, Normal display ,no stereo, Digital separate sync	1	8	00011000	
72	48	Detailed Timing Descriptor #2	0	0	00000000	
73	49		0	0	00000000	
74	4A		0	0	00000000	
75	4B		0	0	00000000	
76	4C		0	0	00000000	
77	4D		0	0	00000000	
78	4E		0	0	00000000	
79	4F		0	0	00000000	
80	50		0	0	00000000	Detailed Timing
81	51		0	0	00000000	Description #2
82	52		0	0	00000000	
83	53		0	0	00000000	
84	55		0	0	00000000	
85	55		0	0	00000000	
86	56		0	0	00000000	
87	57		0	0	00000000	
88	58		0	0	00000000	
89	59		0	0	00000000	
90	5A	Detailed Timing Descriptor #3	0	0	00000000	
91	5B		0	0	00000000	
92	5C		0	0	00000000	
93	5D		0	0	00000000	Detailed Timing
94	5E		0	0	00000000	Description #3
95	5F		0	0	00000000	
96	60		0	0	00000000	
97	61		0	0	00000000	



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments		lue	Value	
DEC	HEX	Field Name and Comments	HI	ΞX	BIN	
98	62		0	0	00000000	
99	63		0	0	00000000	
100	64		0	0	00000000	
101	65		0	0	00000000	
102	66		0	0	00000000	Detailed Timing
103	67		0	0	00000000	Description #3
104	68		0	0	00000000	
105	69		0	0	00000000	
106	6A		0	0	00000000	
107	6B		0	0	00000000	
108	6C	Detailed Timing Descriptor #4	0	0	00000000	
109	6D		0	0	00000000	
110	6E		0	0	00000000	
111	6F		0	0	00000000	
112	70		0	0	00000000	
113	71		0	0	00000000	
114	72		0	0	00000000	
115	73		0	0	00000000	
116	74		0	0	00000000	Detailed Timing
117	75		0	0	00000000	Description #4
118	76		0	0	00000000	
119	77		0	0	00000000	
120	78		0	0	00000000	
121	79		0	0	00000000	
122	7A		0	0	00000000	
123	7B		0	0	00000000	
124	7C		0	0	00000000	
125	7D		0	0	00000000	
126	7E	Extension flag = 00	0	0	00000000	Extension Flag
127	7F	Checksum	7	7	01110111	Checksum