NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL6448BC26-03

21.4cm (8.4 Type) VGA



This DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PD-0093 (2).

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.

INTRODUCTION

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The quality grade of this product is "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document. If customers intend to use this product for applications other than those specified for "Standard" quality grade, they should contact NEC sales representative in advance.

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1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

NL6448BC26-03 module is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. PC, signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATIONS

- Industrial PC
- Display terminal for control system

1.3 FEATURES

- High luminance
- Wide viewing angle
- 6-bit digital RGB signals
- Reversible-scan direction
- Edge light type
- Replaceable lamp for backlight (Inverter less)
- Acquisition product for UL1950 3rd edition/CSA C22.2 No.950-95 (File number: E170632)
- Suitable for setting in the portrait position (See "4.7.2 Setting the LCD module in the portrait position (vertical)".

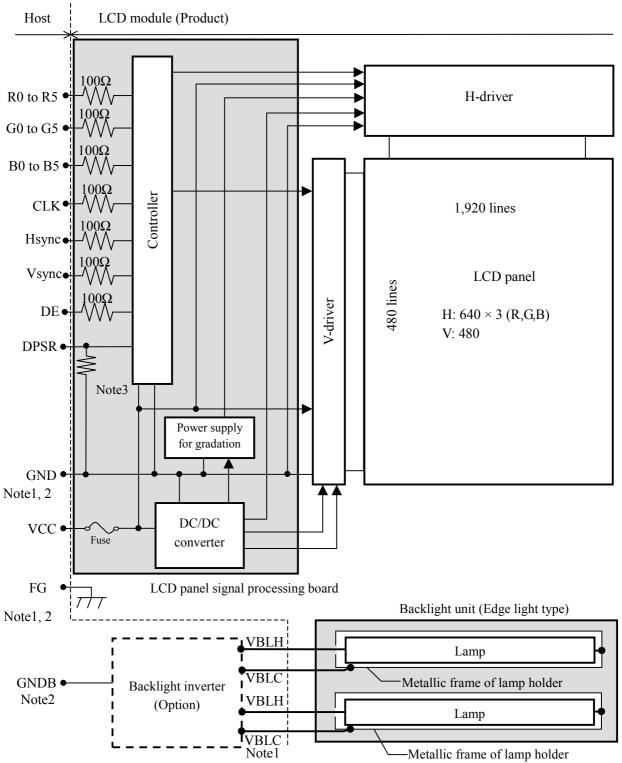
Comparison table of NL6448BC26-03 and NL6448BC26-01

Iten	ı	NL6448BC26-03	NL6448BC26-01
Viouing angle	Horizontal	Right side 40°, Left side 70°	Right side 55°, Left side 55°
Viewing angle	Vertical	Up side 55°, Down side 55°	Up side 40°, Down side 70°

2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	$170.9 \text{ (W)} \times 128.2 \text{ (H) mm (typ.)}$
Diagonal size of display	21.4 cm (8.4 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	262,144 colors
Pixel	640 (H) × 480 (V) pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	0.0890 (W) × 0.2670 (H) mm
Pixel pitch	0.2670 (W) × 0.2670 (H) mm
Module size	200.0 (W) × 152.0 (H) × 12.0 (D) mm (typ.)
Weight	375 g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	500:1 (typ.)
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio 10:1 • Horizontal: Right side 40° (typ.), Left side 70° (typ.) • Vertical: Up side 55° (typ.), Down side 55° (typ.)
Designed viewing direction	 At DPSH, DPSV= Low or Open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: right side (3 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: left side 5° to 10° (9 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ=2.2): normal axis
Polarizer surface	Antiglare treatment
Polarizer pencil-hardness	2H (min.) [by JIS K5400]
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 40 % (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
Response time	<i>Ton (white 90% → black 10%)</i> 10 ms (typ.)
Luminance	At IBL = 5.0 mArms / lamp $450 cd/m2 (typ.)$
Signal system	6-bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE), Horizontal synchronous signal (Hsync), Vertical synchronous signal (Vsync)
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V or 5.0V
Backlight	Edge light type: 2 cold cathode fluorescent lamps (Replaceable parts • Lamp holder set: Type No. 84LHS01) (Recommended inverter (Option) • Inverter: Type No. 65PWB31)
Power consumption	At maximum luminance and checkered flag pattern 4.6 W (typ.)

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Connections between GND (Signal ground), FG (Frame ground) and VBLC (Lamp low voltage terminal) in the LCD module.

GND - FG	Not connected
GND - VBLC	Not connected
FG - VBLC	Not connected

Note2: GND, FG and GNDB must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds are connected together in customer equipment.

Note3: Pull-down resistor of DPSR pin

Power supply voltage	Pull-down resistor of DPSR pin (kΩ)			
VCC	min.	typ.	max.	
at 3.3V	2.9	3.5	4.0	
at 5.0V	2.4	3.2	3.8	

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4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$200.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 152.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 12.0 \pm 0.7 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	170.9 (W) × 128.2 (H)	Note1	mm
Weight	375 (typ.), 400 (max.)		g

Note1: See "7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter			Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power supply LCD panel signal board			VCC	-0.3 to +6.5	V	
voltage		Lamp	VBLH	1,800	Vrms	T. 440.0
Input voltage	D	isplay signals Note1	VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	Ta = 25°C
for signals	Fu	nction signals Note2	VF	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	
Storage temperature			Tst	-20 to +70	°C	
		Front surface	TopF	0 to +60	°C	-
Operating te	emperature	Rear surface	TopR	0 to +65	°C	
				≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C
	Relative hun	nidity	DII	≤ 85	%	40 < Ta ≤ 50°C
Note3			RH	≤ 70	%	50 < Ta ≤ 55°C
				≤ 60	%	55 < Ta ≤ 60°C
	Absolute hur Note3	nidity	АН	≤ 78 Note4	g/m³	Ta > 60°C

Note1: Display signals are CLK, Hsync, Vsync, DE and DATA (R0 to R5, G0 to G5, B0 to B5).

Note2: Function signals are DPSH and DPSV.

Note3: No condensation Note4: Ta = 70°C, RH = 42%

4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 Driving for LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Darran gummler valtaga		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	for 3V system
Power supply voltage	;	VCC	4.7	5.0	5.3	V	for 5V system
Dozzan gunnly gunnant		ICC	1	140 Note1	400	mA	VCC = 3.3V
Power supply current		icc	1	105 Note1	1	mA	VCC = 5.0V
Logic input voltage for	Low	VDLL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	
display signals	High	VDLH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CMOS level
Input voltage for DPSH or	Low	VFDL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	CIVIOS IEVEI
DPSV signals	High	VFDH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

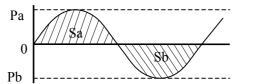
4.3.2 Working for backlight lamp

Parameter Sym		Ta	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Lamp starting valtage	VS	0°C	900	-	-	Vrms	Note1
Lamp starting voltage	VS	25°C	700	1	1	Vrms	Note1
Lamp voltage	VBLH	25°C	1	410	1	Vrms	Note1, Note2
Lamp current	IBL	25°C	3.0	5.0	5.5	mArms	Note2
Lamp oscillation frequency FO		25°C	50	54	58	kHz	Note3

Note1: This product's backlight consists of 2 lamps, and these specifications are for each lamp.

Note2: The lamp voltage cycle between lamps should be kept on a same phase. "VS" and "VBLH" are the voltage value between low voltage side (Cold) and high voltage side (Hot).

Note3: The asymmetric ratio of working waveform for lamps (Power supply voltage peak ratio, power supply current peak ratio and waveform space ratio) should be less than 5 % (See the following figure.). If the waveform is asymmetric, DC (Direct current) element apply into the lamp. In this case, a lamp lifetime may be shortened, because a distribution of a lamp enclosure substance inclines toward one side between low voltage terminal (Cold terminal) and high voltage terminal (Hot terminal).



$$\frac{\frac{|Pa - Pb|}{Pb} \times 100 \le 5 \%}{\frac{|Sa - Sb|}{Sb} \times 100 \le 5 \%}$$

Pa: Supply voltage/current peak for positive, Pb: Supply voltage/current peak for negative Sa: Waveform space for positive part, Sb: Waveform space for negative part

Note4: In case "FO" is not the recommended value, beat noise may display on the screen, because of interference between "FO" and "1/th". Recommended value of "FO" is as following.

FO =
$$\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{\text{th}} \times (2\text{n-1})$$

th: Horizontal synchronous cycle (See "4.8 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS FOR LCD PANEL SIGNAL PROCESSING BOARD".)

n: Natural number (1, 2, 3 ······)

Note5: Method of lamp cable installation may invite fluctuation of lamp current and voltage or asymmetric of lamp working waveform. When design the backlight inverter, evaluate the fluctuation of lamp current and voltage or asymmetric of lamp working waveform sufficiently.

4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are beyond the permissible values as following the table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Parameter	Power supply voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3 V	≤ 100	mVp-p
VCC	5.0 V	≤100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

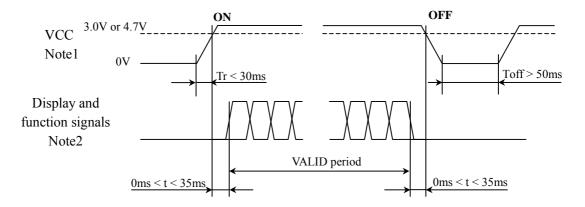
4.3.4 Fuse

Euging line]	Fuse	Dating	Euging aurrent	Domorto
Fusing line	Type	Supplier	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
VCC	KAB2402202	Matsua Elastria Co. Ltd.	2.0 A	404	Nota1
VCC	KAB2402202	Matsuo Electric Co., Ltd.	24 V	4.0 A	Note1

Note1: The power supply capacity should be more than the fusing current. If the power supply capacity is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow for a short time, and then nasty smell, smoking and so on may occur.

4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 Sequence for LCD panel signal processing board

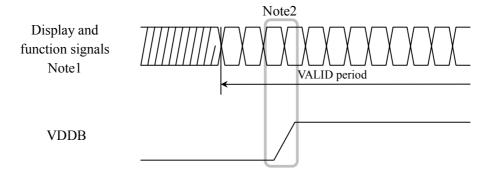


Note1: In terms of voltage variation (voltage drop) while VCC rising edge is below 3.0V in "VCC = 3.3V" or 4.7V in "VCC = 5.0V", a protection circuit may work, and then this product may not work.

Note2: Display (CLK, Hsync, Vsync, DE, R0 to R5, G0 to G5, B0 to B5) and function (DPSR) signals must be Low or High-impedance, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid that internal circuits is damaged.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If customer stops the display and function signals, they should be cut VCC.

4.4.2 Sequence for backlight inverter (Option)



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight inverter voltage (VDDB) should be inputted within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): DF9-31P-1V (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.) Adaptable plug: DF9-31S-1V (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	GND	Ground	
2	CLK	Dot clock	
3	Hsync	Horizontal synchronous	-
4	Vsync	Vertical synchronous	
5	GND	Ground	
6	R0	Red data (LSB)	Least significant bit
7	R1	Red data	
8	R2	Red data	
9	R3	Red data	-
10	R4	Red data	
11	R5	Red data (MSB)	Most significant bit
12	GND	Ground	-
13	G0	Green data (LSB)	Least significant bit
14	G1	Green data	
15	G2	Green data	
16	G3	Green data	-
17	G4	Green data	
18	G5	Green data (MSB)	Most significant bit
19	GND	Ground	-
20	В0	Blue data (LSB)	Least significant bit
21	B1	Blue data	
22	B2	Blue data	
23	В3	Blue data	-
24	B4	Blue data	
25	B5	Blue data (MSB)	Most significant bit
26	GND	Ground	-
27	DE	Select of DE / Fixed mode	DE mode: Data enable signal, Fixed mode: Open
28	VCC	Power supply	
29	VCC	Power supply	_
30	N.C.	Non connection	Keep this terminal Open.
31	DPSR	Select of scan direction	Normal scan: Low or Open, Reverse scan: High Note1

Note1: See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".

4.5.2 Backlight lamp

Attention: VBLH and VBLC must be connected correctly. If customer connects wrongly, customer will be hurt and the module will be broken.

CN2 plug: BHR-03VS-1 (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

Adaptable socket: SM03 (4.0) B-BHS-TB (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

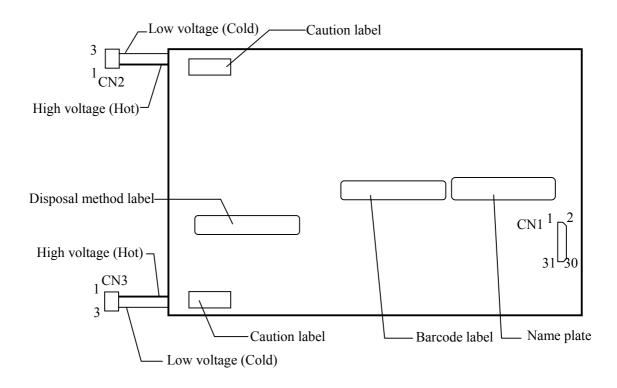
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Pink cable
2	N.C.	-	Keep this terminal open.
3	VBLC	Low voltage (Cold)	White cable

CN3 plug: BHR-03VS-1 (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

Adaptable socket: SM03 (4.0) B-BHS-TB (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Pink cable
2	N.C.	-	Keep this terminal open.
3	VBLC	Low voltage (Cold)	White cable

4.5.3 Positions of plug and a socket



4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

This product can display in equivalent to 262,144 colors in 64 scale. Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Display colors						Γ	ata s	igna	(0: I	Low 1	evel,	1: Hi	gh le	vel)					
Displa	y colors	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G4	G 3	G2	G 1	G 0	В 5	B 4	В3	В2	B 1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
basic colors	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red scale	1										:						:		
Red scare	\downarrow										:						:		
	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green scale	↑										:						:		
Green seare	\downarrow				:						:								
	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue scale	1				:						:						:		
	↓				:						:						:		
	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	DI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

4.7.1 Setting the LCD module in the landscape position (horizontal)

(1) Display positions

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See figure of "(2) Scanning directions".).

C(0, 0)	C(1, 0)	•••	C(X, 0)	•••	C(638, 0)	C(639, 0)
C(0, 1)	C(1, 1)	•••	C(X, 1)	•••	C(638, 1)	C(639, 1)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	• • •
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)	•••	C(X, Y)	• • •	C(638, Y)	C(639, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, 478)	C(1,478)	•••	C(X,478)	•••	C(638,478)	C(639,478)
C(0,479)	C(1,479)	•••	C(X,479)	•••	C(638,479)	C(639,479)

(2) Scanning directions

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.

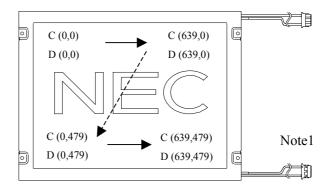


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPSR: Low or Open)

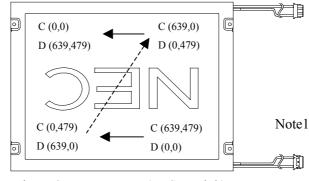


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPSR: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "(1) **Display positions**".)

D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

4.7.2 Setting the LCD module in the portrait position (vertical)

(1) Display positions

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See figure of "(2) Scanning directions".).

			. (. ()	0	,
C(639, 0)	C(639, 1)	•••	C(639, Y)	• • •	C(639,478)	C(639,479)
C(638, 0)	C(638, 1)	• • •	C(638, Y)	• • •	C(638,478)	C(638,479)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	• • •
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(X, 0)	C(X, 1)	•••	C(X, Y)	• • •	C(X,478)	C(X,479)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(1, 0)	C(1, 1)	•••	C(1, Y)	• • •	C(1,478)	C(1,479)
C(0, 0)	C(0, 1)	•••	C(0, Y)	• • •	C(0, 478)	C(0,479)

(2) Scanning directions

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.

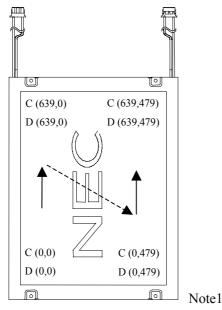


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPSR: Low or Open)

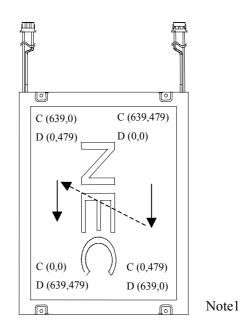


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPSR: High)

Note1: Meaning of C(X, Y) and D(X, Y)

C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "(1) **Display positions**".)

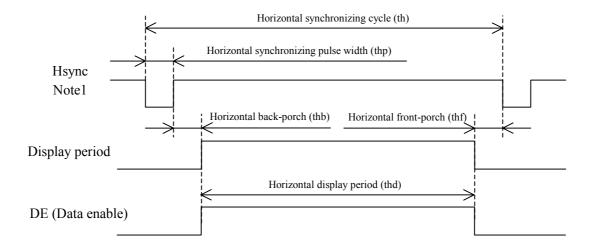
D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

4.8 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS FOR LCD PANEL SIGNAL PROCESSING BOARD

4.8.1 Outline of input signal timings

This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.

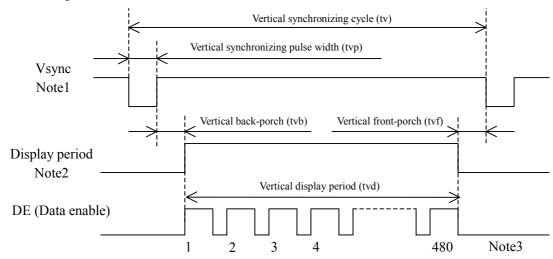
• Horizontal signal



Note1: Fixed mode cannot be used while working of DE mode.

Note2: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.

Vertical signal



Note1: Fixed mode cannot be used while working of DE mode.

Note2: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.

Note3: See "4.8.3 Input signal timing chart" for numeration of pulse.

4.8.2 Timing characteristics

(a) Fixed mode

(Note1)

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
	Frequ	ency	tcf	21.0	25.2	29.0	MHz	39.7 ns (typ.) Note1
CLK	Du	ty	tcd	0.4	-	0.6	ı	Note1
	Rise time,	Fall time	terf	-	-	10	ns	
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	tds	8	-	-	ns	
DATA	CLK-DAIA	Hold time	tdh	12	-	-	ns	-
	Rise time,	Fall time	tdrf	-	-	10	ns	
	Сус	مام	th	30.0	31.8	33.6	μs	31.4 kHz (typ.)
	Сус	JIC .	un		800		CLK	
	Display	period	thd		640		CLK	
	Front-	porch	thf		16		CLK	Note2
Hsync	Pulse	width	thp	10	96	-	CLK	
Tisync	Back-	oorch	thb	-	48	134	CLK	
	Total of pulse widt	h and back-porch	thp + thb		144		CLK	Note2, Note3
	CLK- Hsync	Setup time	ths	8	-	-	ns	
		Hold time	thh	12	-	-	ns	-
	Rise time,	Fall time	thrf	-	-	10	ns	
	Сус	مام	tv	16.1	16.7	17.2	ms	59.9 Hz (typ.)
	Сус	JIC .	ιν		525		Н	
	Display	period	tvd		480		Н	
	Front-	porch	tvf		12		Н	Note2
Vsync	Pulse width		tvp	1	-	2	Н	
v Sylic	Back-		tvb	31	-	32	Н	
	Total of pulse width and back-porch Hsync-Vsync timing		tvp + tvb		33		Н	Note2, Note3
			Thv	1	-	-	CLK	Note2
	Vsync-Hsy	nc timing	tvh	15	-	-	ns	
	Rise time,	Fall time	tvrf	-	-	10	ns	_

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tcf = 1/tc, $tcd = tch/tc = tch \times tcd$

Note2: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc = 1CLK, th = 1H

Note3: Keep tvp + tvb and thp + thb within the table. If it is out of specification, display position will be shifted to right/left side or up/down.

(b) DE mode

CLK Frequency tef 21.0 25.2 29.0 MHz 39.7 ns (typ.) Note1 DATA DATA Setup time tdd 0.4 - 0.6 - Note1 Rise time, Fall time tds 8 - - ns - CLK-DATA Setup time tds 8 - - ns - Rise time, Fall time tdrf - - 10 ns - Cycle th - 800 - CLK Note2 Display period thf - - CLK CLK Note2 Pulse width thp 10 96 - CLK Note2 Pulse width thp th 4 48 - CLK Note2, Note3 Rise time, Fall time thr - - ns - ns <td< th=""><th colspan="2">Parameter</th><th>Symbol</th><th>Min.</th><th>Тур.</th><th>Max.</th><th>Unit</th><th>Remarks</th></td<>	Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks	
CLK Duty tcd 0.4 - 0.6 - Note1 DATA Rise time, Fall time tcf - - 10 ns Hand Tall time tds 8 - - ns Hand Tall time tdf 12 - 10 ns Hand Tall time tdf - - CLK Note2 Hand Tall time thf 14 144 - CLK Note2, Note3 Tall time thf 12 - ns - ns - - ns - - ns - - ns		Frequency		tcf	21.0	25.2	29.0	MHz	39.7 ns (typ.) Note1
DATA CLK-DATA Setup time tds dtd 12 - - ns	CLK	Du	ty	tcd	0.4	-	0.6	-	
DATA Hold time tdh 12 - - ns Rise time Fall time tdrf - - 10 ns		Rise time,	Fall time	terf	-	-	10	ns	
Note		CLIZ DATA	Setup time	tds	8	-	-	ns	
Hand Cycle	DATA	CLK-DAIA	Hold time	tdh	12	-	-	ns	-
Hsync Display period thd CLK Front-porch thf 2 16 - CLK CLK Note2		Rise time,	Fall time	tdrf	-	-	10	ns	
Hsyne		C	ala	<i>4</i> 1a	30.0	31.8	33.6	μs	31.4 kHz (typ.)
Hsync Front-proch thf 2 16 - CLK Pulse width thp 10 96 - CLK Pulse width thp 10 96 - CLK Pulse width Total of pulse width and back-porch thp + thb 14 144 - CLK Note2, Note3 Pulse width Pulse width thp thb 14 144 - CLK Note2, Note3 Pulse width Pulse width thp thb 12 - Note3 Pulse width Pu		Суб	ile .	ιΠ	-	800	-	CLK	
Hsync Pulse width thp 10 96 - CLK		Display	period	thd		640		CLK	
Back-porch		Front-	porch	thf	2	16	-	CLK	Note2
Total of pulse width and back-porch thp + thb 14	Heyne	Pulse	width	thp	10	96	-	CLK	
CLK-Hsync	Hisylic	Back-	porch	thb	4	48	-	CLK	
Vertical (One frame) CLK-Hsync Hold time thh 12 - - ns Rise time, Fall time thrf - - 10 ns Total of pulse width Total of puls		Total of pulse wide	th and back-porch	thp + thb	14	144	-	CLK	Note2, Note3
Note2		CLV Heyme	Setup time	ths	8	-	-	ns	
Cycle tv 16.1 16.7 17.2 ms 59.9 Hz (typ.) Display period tvd 480 H H Note2 Pulse width tvf 0 12 - H Note2 Pulse width tvp 1 2 - H Note2 Pulse width and back-porch tvb 4 31 - H Note2, Note3 Hsync- Vsync thv 1 - - CLK Note2 Vsync-Hsync tvs 30 - - ns - Rise time, Fall time tvrf - - 10 ns - Horizontal Cycle th 30.0 31.8 33.6 µs 31.4 kHz (typ.) Display period thd 640 CLK Note2 Vertical (One frame) Cycle tv 16.1 16.7 17.2 ms 59.9 Hz (typ.) Display period tvd		,		-	12	-		ns	-
Vsync Losplay period by tvd by tvf by by by total constraints and the protection of the protection		Rise time,	Fall time	thrf				ns	
Usync - 525 - H Display period tvd 480 - H H Note2 Pulse width tvf 0 12 - H Note2 Pulse width tvp 1 2 - H Note2 Back-porch tvb 4 31 - H Note2, Note3 Hsync- Vsync thv 1 - CLK Note2 Vsync-Hsync tvs 30 ns ns Rise time, Fall time tvrf - 10 ns 31.4 kHz (typ.) Horizontal Cycle th 30.0 31.8 33.6 µs 31.4 kHz (typ.) Vertical (One frame) Cycle tv 16.1 16.7 17.2 ms 59.9 Hz (typ.) Display period tvd 480 H H Note2 CLK-DE Setup time tdes 8 - ns - ns - ns Hold time tdeh 12 - ns - ns - ns		Cyc	ele	tv	16.1		17.2		59.9 Hz (typ.)
Vsync Front-porch Pulse width Pulse width tvf 0 12 - H Pulse Width Note2 Pulse width Back-porch Back-porch Pulse width and back-porch Back-porch Pulse width and back-porch Back-porch Back-porch Back-porch Pulse Width and back-porch Back-porch Pulse Back-porch Back-porch Back-porch Back-porch Pulse Back-porch Back-porch Back-porch Back-porch Pulse Back-porch Back-porch Back-porch Pulse Back-porch Back-porch Back-porch Back-porch Back-porch Pulse Back-porch Back-porch Back-porch Pulse Back-porch Back		,			-		-		
Pulse width							T		
DE Back-porch tvb 4 31 -							-		Note2
Total of pulse width and back-porch tvp + tvb 5 33 -	Vsvnc						-		
Hsync- Vsync	, 5,110				-		-		
Vsync-Hsync tvs 30 - - ns - Rise time, Fall time tvrf - - 10 ns Horizontal Cycle th 30.0 31.8 33.6 µs 31.4 kHz (typ.) - 800 - CLK Note2 Vertical (One frame) Cycle tv 16.1 16.7 17.2 ms 59.9 Hz (typ.) One frame Cycle tv 16.1 16.7 17.2 ms 59.9 Hz (typ.) One frame Cycle tv 480 H Note2 One frame Setup time tdes 8 - - ns Hold time tdeh 12 - ns -				•		33	-		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					_	-	-	CLK	Note2
Horizontal Cycle th 30.0 31.8 33.6 µs 31.4 kHz (typ.)		Vsync-	Hsync		30	-	-		_
Horizontal Cycle th		Rise time,	Fall time	tvrf	-	-		ns	
DE Horizontal Display period thd 640 CLK Note2			Cvcle	th	30.0				31.4 kHz (typ.)
DE Display period thd 640 CLK		Horizontal			-		-		Note2
DE (One frame)			Display period	thd			T	CLK	
One frame		Vertical	Cycle	tv	16.1		17.2		59.9 Hz (typ.)
Display period tvd 480 H	DE				-		-		Note2
Hold time tdeh 12 ns -		(= == ================================				480	ı	Н	11002
Hold time tdeh 12 - ns -		CLK-DE				-	-	ns	
Rise time. Fall time tderf 10 ns				tdeh	12	-	-	ns	-
		Rise time,	Fall time	tderf	-	-	10	ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

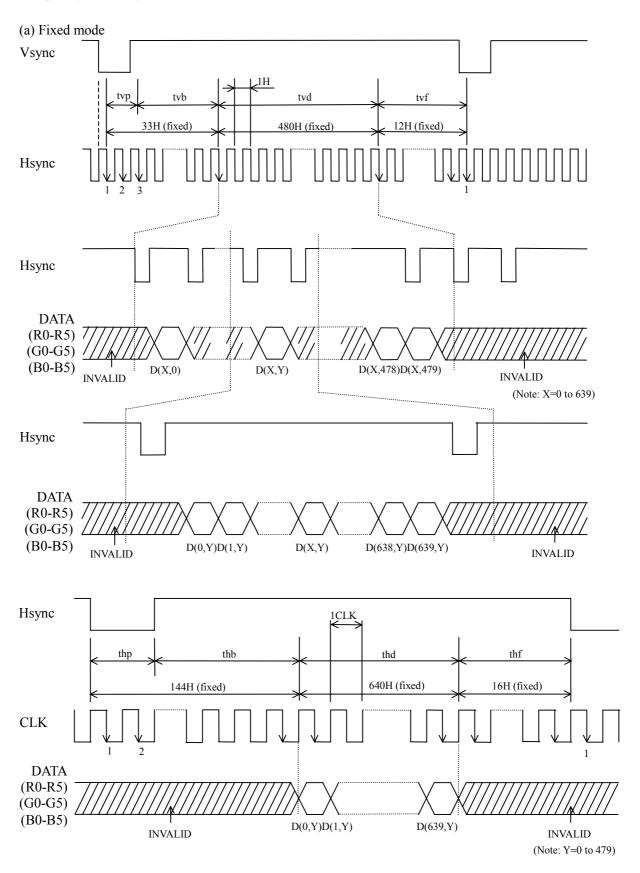
tcf = 1/tc, $tcd = tch/tc = tch \times tcd$

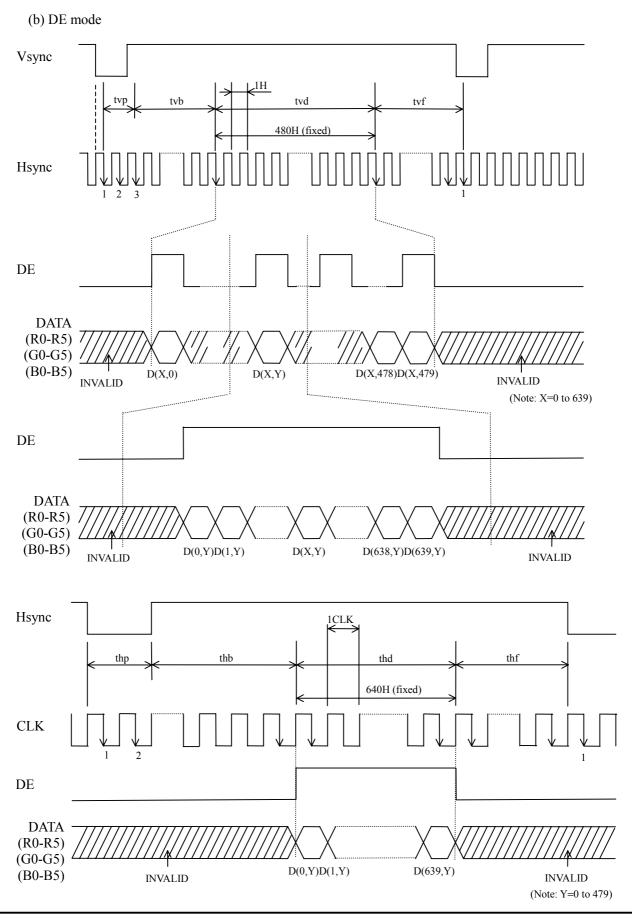
Note2: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc = 1CLK, th = 1H

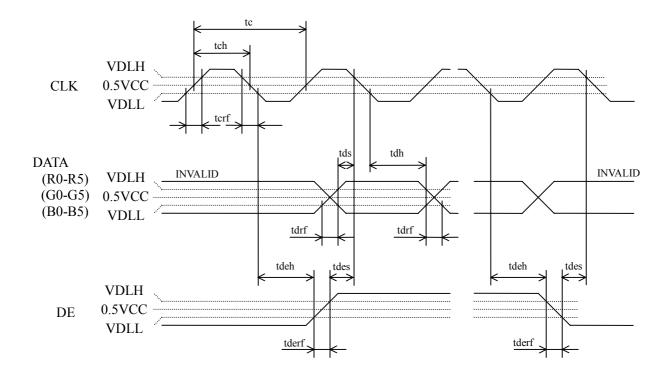
Note3: Keep tvp + tvb and thp + thb within the table. If it is out of specification, display position will be shifted to right/left side or up/down.

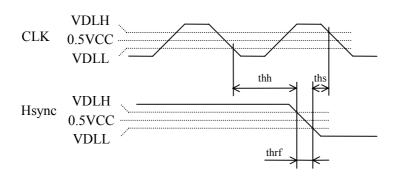
4.8.3 Input signal timing chart

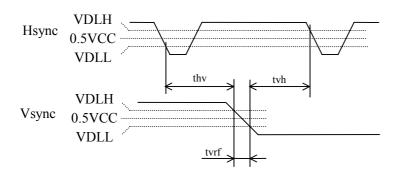




(c) Common







4.9 OPTICS

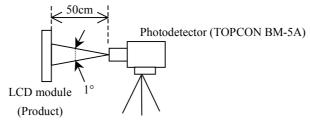
4.9.1 Optical characteristics

Parameter Note1		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Contrast ratio		White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	CR	200	500	-	-	Note2
Luminan	ce	White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	L	360	450	1	cd/m ²	-
Luminance uni	formity	-	LU	ı	-	1.40	ı	Note3
	White	x coordinate	Wx	ı	0.305	1	•	
	Wille	y coordinate	Wy	•	0.340	1	•	
	Pad	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.562	-	-	
Characticitae	Red	y coordinate	Ry	-	0.334	-	-	
Chromaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.320	-	-	Note4
		y coordinate	Gy	-	0.537	-	-	
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.156	-	-	
	Blue	y coordinate	Ву	-	0.157	-	-	
Color gam	ut	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ at center, against NTSC color space		35	40	1	%	
Dagmanga ti		White to black	Ton	-	10	20	ms	Note5
Response ti	me	Black to white	Toff	-	25	50	ms	Note6
	Right	$\theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, CR = 10$	θR	-	40	-	0	
Viania a an 1	Left	$\theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, CR = 10$	θL	-	70	-	0	Note7
Viewing angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR = 10$	θU	-	55	-		
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, CR = 10$	θD	-	55	-	0	

Note1: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta = 25°C, VCC = 3.3V, IBL = 5.0mArms/lamp, Display mode: VGA, Horizontal cycle = 31.4kHz, Vertical cycle = 59.9Hz

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation after 20minutes from working the product, in the dark room. Also measurement method for luminance is as follows.



Note2: See "4.9.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note3: See "4.9.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note4: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note5: Product surface temperature: $TopF = 32.5^{\circ}C$

Note6: See "4.9.4 Definition of response times".

Note7: See "4.9.5 Definition of viewing angles".

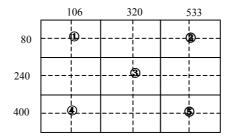
4.9.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

4.9.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

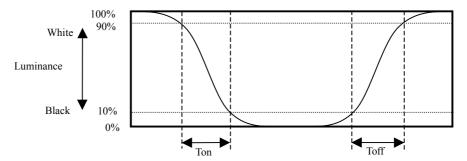
The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

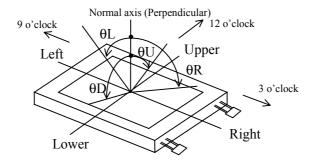


4.9.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured, the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.9.5 Definition of viewing angles

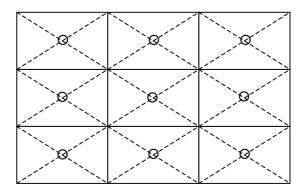


5. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Test item Condition			
High temperature and humidity (Operation)				
Heat cycle (Operation)	① 0 ± 3°C1hour 60 ± 3°C1hour ② 50cycles, 4hours/cycle ③ Display data is black.			
Thermal shock (Non operation)	① -20 ± 3°C30minutes 70 ± 3°C30minutes ② 100cycles, 1hour/cycle ③ Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes.	No display malfunctions Note1		
ESD (Operation)	 ① 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV ② 9 places on a panel surface Note2 ③ 10 times each places at 1 sec interval 			
Dust (Operation)	Dust ① Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901) ② 15 seconds stir			
Vibration (Non operation) ① 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s² ② 1 minute/cycle ③ X, Y, Z direction ④ 120 times each directions		No display malfunctions No physical damages Note1		
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	① 539m/s², 11ms ② ±X, ±Y, ±Z direction ③ 3 times each directions	ino physical damages		

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



6. PRECAUTIONS

6.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "6.2 CAUTIONS" and "6.3 ATTENTIONS", after understanding this contents!



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself or the product will sustain a damage, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will get an electrical shock, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself, if customer has wrong operations.

6.2 CAUTIONS



* Do not touch the working backlight. Customer will be in danger of an electric shock.



- * Do not touch the working backlight. Customer will be in danger of burn injury.
- * Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: To be not greater 980m/s² and to be not greater 11ms, Pressure: To be not greater 19.6 N)



6.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touch the circuit board cover when customer pulls out products (LCD modules) from inner packing box. If customer touches it, products may be broken down or out of adjustment, because of stress to mounting parts.
- ② Do not hook cables nor pull connection cables such as lamp cable and so on, for fear of damage.
- 3 If customer puts down the product temporarily, the product puts on flat subsoil as a display side turns down.
- ① Take the measures of electrostatic discharge such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, when customer deals with the product, because products may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ⑤ The torque for mounting screws must never exceed 0.29N⋅m. Higher torque values might result in distortion of the bezel.
- ® The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area) except mounting hole portion.
 - Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion except mounting hole portion may cause display un-uniformity.

- ② Do not press or rub on the sensitive display surface. If customer clean on the panel surface, NEC recommends using the cloth with ethanolic liquid such as screen cleaner for LCD.
- ® Do not push-pull the interface connectors while the product is working, because wrong power sequence may break down the product.
- Do not bend or unbend the lamp cable at the near part of the lamp holding rubber, to avoid the
 damage for high voltage side of the lamp. This damage may cause a lamp breaking and abnormal
 operation of high voltage circuit.

6.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in antistatic pouch in room temperature, because of avoidance for dusts and sunlight, if customer stores the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurring by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after leave under the environment of an unpacking room temperature enough. Because a situation of dew condensation occurring is changed by the environmental temperature and humidity, evaluate the leaving time sufficiently. (Recommendation leaving time: 6 hour or more with packing state)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. Circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.
- ⑤ Use an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer). Adhesive type protection sheet should be avoided, because it may change color or properties of the polarizer.

6.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

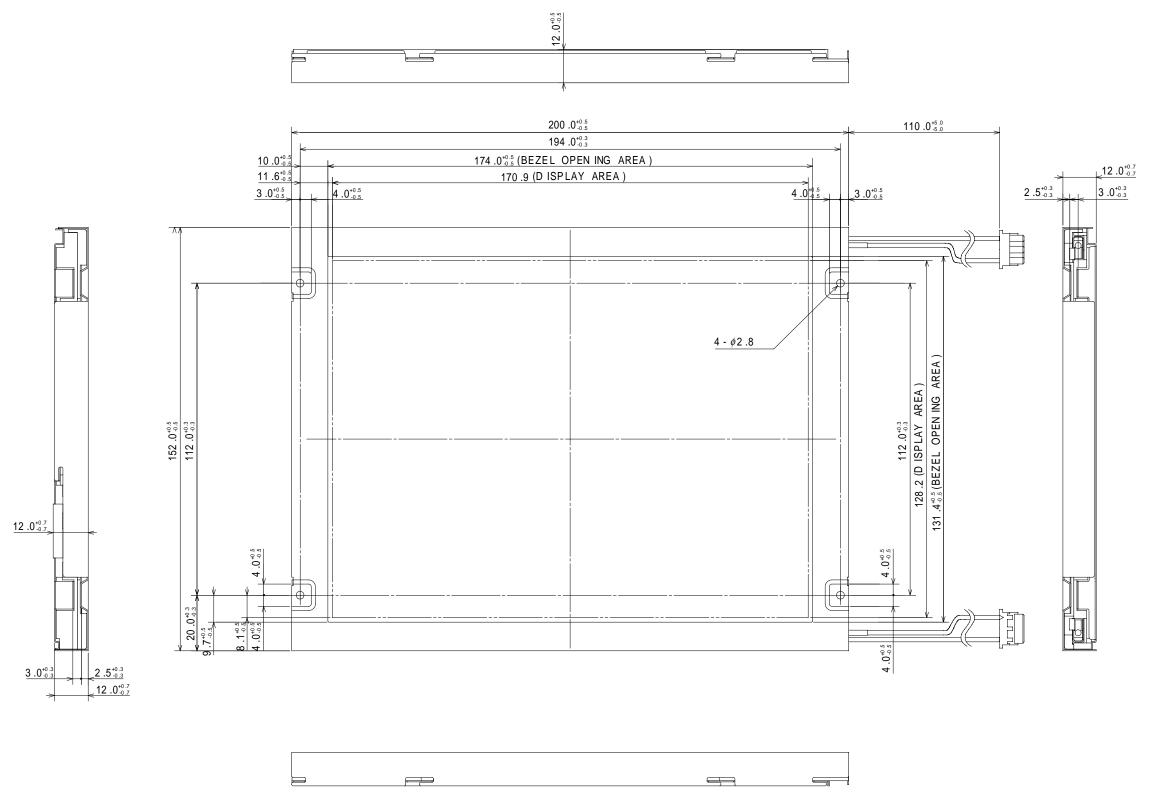
- ① Response time, luminance and color may be changed by ambient temperature.
- ② The LCD may be seemed luminance non-uniformity, flicker, vertical seam or small spot by display patterns.
- ③ Optical characteristics (e.g. luminance, display uniformity, etc.) gradually is going to change depending on operating time, and especially low temperature, because the LCD has cold cathode fluorescent lamps.
- ① Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- ⑤ The display color may be changed by viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- 6 Optical characteristics may be changed by input signal timings.
- The interference noise of input signal frequency for this product's signal processing board and luminance control frequency of customer's backlight inverter may appear on a display. Set up luminance control frequency of backlight inverter so that the interference noise does not appear.

6.3.4 Other

- ① All GND and VCC terminals should be used without a non-connected line.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust volume without permission of NEC.
- 3 See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", if customer would like to replace backlight lamps.
- ④ Pay attention not to insert waste materials inside of products, if customer uses screwnails.
- ⑤ Pack the product with original shipping package, because of avoidance of some damages during transportation, when customer returns it to NEC for repair and so on.

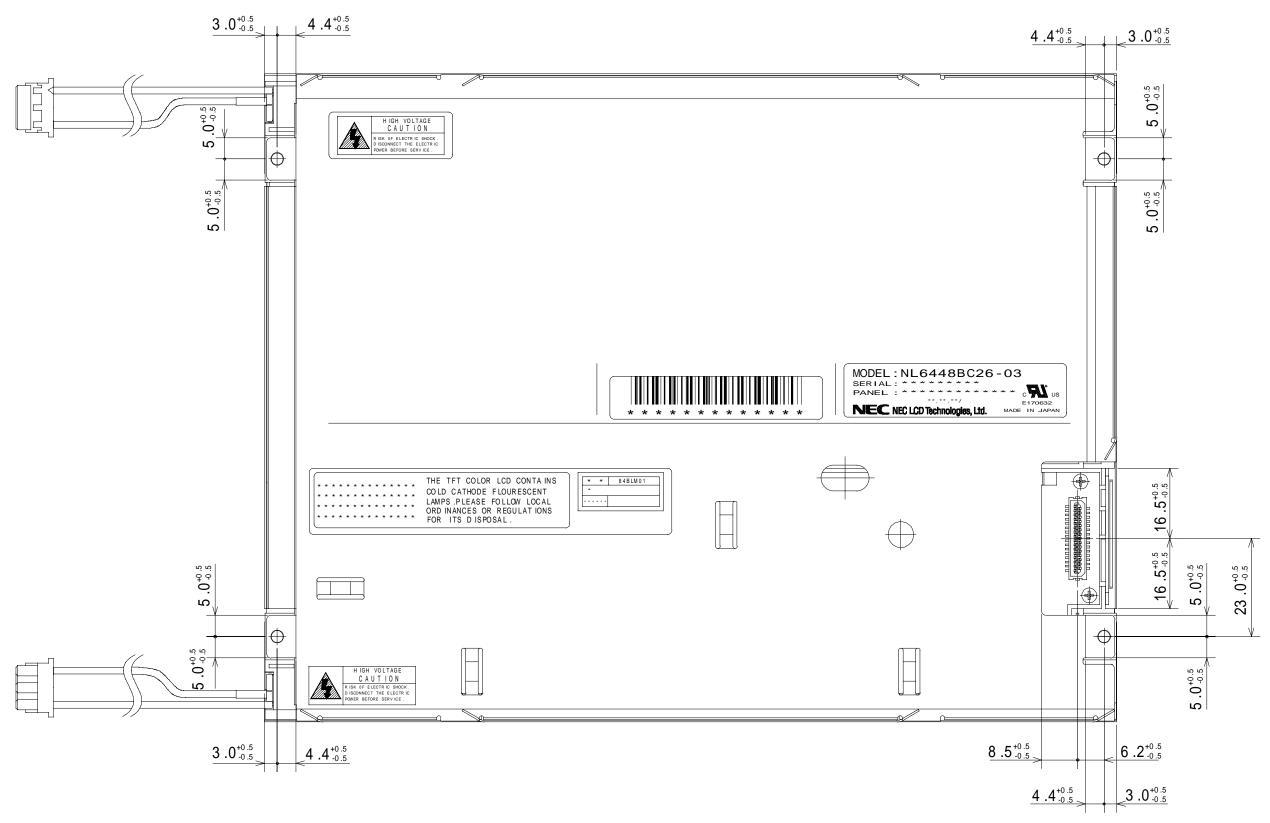
7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

7.1 FRONT VIEW



Unit: mm

7.2 REAR VIEW



Unit: mm