# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(	)	Preliminary Specification
1	١	Final Specification

Title 15.0" XGA TFT LCD
-------------------------

BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LP150X09
Suffix	B2

<sup>\*</sup>When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

SI	GNATURE	DATE		
	1			
	1			
	/			
Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.				

SIGNATURE	DATE			
APPROVED BY				
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REVIEWED BY				
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PREPARED BY				
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Products Engineering Dept. LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd				

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### **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	Note
0.1	June.15.2004	-	First Draft	

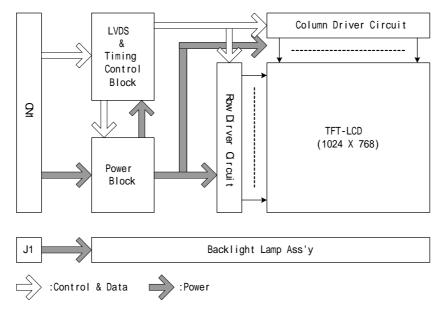


### 1. General Description

The LP150X09 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.0 inches diagonally measured active display area with XGA resolution(768 vertical by 1024 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP150X09 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP150X09 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic display are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP150X09 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



### **General Features**

Active Screen Size	15.0 inches(38.1cm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	317.3(H) x 241.5(V) x 5.7(D) mm(Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.297 mm x 0.297 mm
Pixel Format	1024 horiz. By 768 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White ( Center 1P)	300cd/m <sup>2</sup> (Typ.)
Power Consumption	4.29W (Typ.)
Weight	530 g (Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(2H) Glare+Anti-reflective treatment of the front polarizer

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### 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

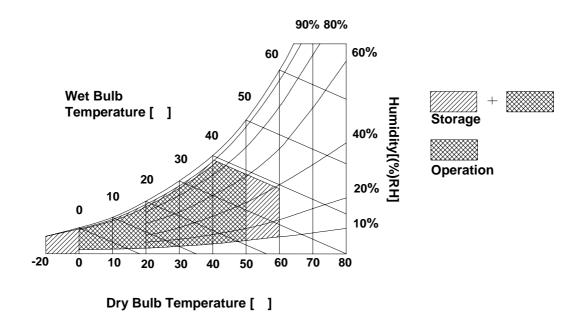
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Units	Notes	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Notes	
Power Input Voltage-ON	VCC	2.7	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Power Input Voltage-OFF	GND	-0.3	0.3	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Тѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



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### 3. Electrical Specifications

#### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP150X09 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Values Parameter Symbol Unit Notes Min Max Тур MODULE: VCC Power Supply Input Voltage 3.0 3.3 3.6 Vdc Power Supply Input Current 230 265 mΑ 1  $I_{CC}$ **Power Consumption** Рс 0.76 0.87 Watt 1 100 2 Differential Impedance Zm 90 110 ohm LAMP: Operating Voltage  $V_{\mathsf{BL}}$ 640 705 805  $V_{RMS}$ 3 **Operating Current** 3.0 5.0 6.5  $mA_{RMS}$  $I_{BL}$ Established Starting Voltage Vs 4 at 25 °C 1165  $V_{\mathsf{RMS}}$ at 0 °C 1400 \_  $V_{RMS}$ Operating Frequency  $f_{BL}$ 50 65 80 kHz 5 Discharge Stabilization Time 3 Ts Min 6 **Power Consumption** 7 3.5 3.9 Watt  $P_{BL}$ Life Time 10,000 Hrs 8

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note: The design of the inverter must have specifications for the lamp in LCD Assembly.

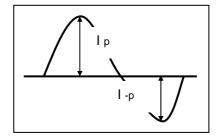
The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter(no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD-Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in you instrument.

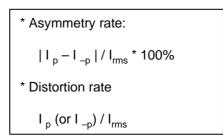
- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the VCC=3.3V,  $25^{\circ}$ C,  $f_V$ =60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and  $f_V$  is the frame frequency.
- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured from LVDS  $T_X$  to the mating connector.
- 3. The variance of the voltage is  $\pm$  10%.
- 4. The voltage above V<sub>S</sub> should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.

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- 5. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave.
  Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- Let's define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%.
   T<sub>S</sub> is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 7. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The used lamp current is the typical lamp current ( $5.0 \text{mA}_{\text{RMS}}$ ).
- 8. The life is determined as the time at which brightness of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the lamp current( $6.0_{MA_{RMS}}$ ) on condition of continuous operating at 25  $\pm$  2°C
- Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
   It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
  - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
  - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within  $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$ .
  - \* Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.





Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.

If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.



#### 3-2. Interface Connections

The interface connections are compatible with ISP (Industry Standard Panels) 15.0" Mounting and Top Level Interface Requirements (Version2, June,2000) defined by SPWG (Standard Panels Working Group). This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model GT101-30S-HR11 manufactured by LG Cable. The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes	
1	VSS	Ground		
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	[LVDC Transmitter]	
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	[LVDS Transmitter]	
4	VEDID	DDC 3.3V power	TI, SN75LVDS84 or equivalent	
5	NC	No Connection		
6	Clkedid	DDC Clock	[LVDS Receiver]	
7	DATAEDID	DDC Data	THINE, THC63LVDF64A	
8	R <sub>IN</sub> 0 -	- LVDS differential data input (R0-R5, G0)		
9	R <sub>IN</sub> 0 +	+ LVDS differential data input (R0-R5, G0)	[Connector]	
10	VSS	Ground	LCD : GT101-30S-HR11, LG Cable	
11	R <sub>IN</sub> 1 -	- LVDS differential data input (G1-G5, B0-B1)	* Hirose KN07LR-30S-1H /	
12	R <sub>IN</sub> 1 +	+ LVDS differential data input (G1-G5, B0-B1)	JAE FI-XB30Sx-HFxx or	
13	VSS	Ground	equivalent.	
14	R <sub>IN</sub> 2 -	- LVDS differential data input (B2-B5, HS, VS, DE)	Matching : JAE FI-X30M or	
15	R <sub>IN</sub> 2 +	+ LVDS differential data input (B2-B5, HS, VS, DE) equivalent		
16	VSS	Ground		
17	ClkIN -	- LVDS differential clock input		
18	ClkIN +	+ LVDS differential clock input	[Connector pin arrangement]	
19	VSS	Ground	1	
20	NC	No Connection	30 1 ПППП	
21	NC	No Connection		
22	VSS	Ground	_	
23	NC	No Connection	I OD magnificus	
24	NC	No Connection	LCD rear view	
25	VSS	Ground		
26	NC	No Connection		
27	NC	No Connection	_	
28	VSS	Ground	_	
29	NC	No Connection		
30	NC	No Connection		

Note: All GND(ground) pins should be connected together and to GND which should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame. All VCC (power input) pins should be connected together.

The backlight interface connector is a model 1376176-1, manufactured by AMP or a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST . The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

Notes: 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored pink and the low voltage side terminal is blue.



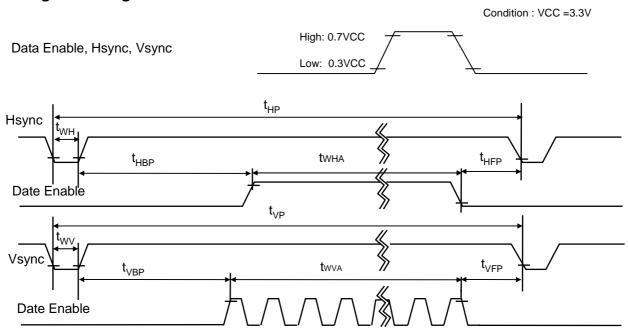
### 3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for it's proper operation.

Table 5. TIMING TABLE

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	fclk	65	65	65	MHz	15.4ns
Hsync	Period	tHP	1206	1344	1364	tour	
	Width	twн	8	136	-	tclk	
Vsync	Period	tvp	780	806	830	tup	
	Frequency	fv	60	60	60	tHP	
	Width	tw∨	1	6	24		
Data	Horizontal back porch	tHBP	10	160	-	tour	
Enable	Horizontal front porch	tHFP	18	24	-	tclk	
	Vertical back porch	tvbp	7	29	-	tup	
	Vertical front porch	tvfp	1	3	-	tHP	

### 3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms



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### 3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

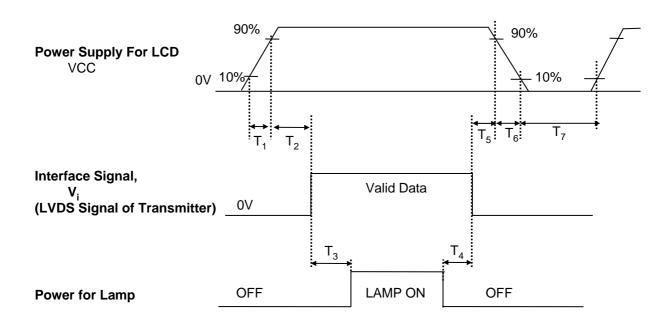
Table 6. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

								Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
Color			RE	D					GRE	EN					BL	UE		
30101	MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB
	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	В3	B 2	B 1	B 0
Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red Green Blue Cyan Magenta Yellow White RED (00) RED (01) RED (62) RED (63) GREEN (00) GREEN (01) GREEN (62) GREEN (63) BLUE (00) BLUE (01) BLUE (62)	MSE   R 5   R 5   R 5   R 5   R 6   R 6   1   Green   0   Blue   0   Cyan   0   Magenta   1   Yellow   1   White   1   RED (00)   0   RED (01)   0     RED (62)   1   RED (63)   1   GREEN (00)   0   GREEN (01)   0   GREEN (62)   0   GREEN (63)   0   BLUE (00)   0   BLUE (01)   0     BLUE (62)   0   GREUE (62)   0   Company   Company	MSB   R 5   R 4     R 5   R 4     R 5   R 4     R 6   R 6     R 6   R	MSB   R	MSB   R 5   R 4   R 3   R 2   R 6	MSB   R5   R4   R3   R2   R1   R2   R1   R2   R4   R3   R2   R1   R4   R4   R4   R4   R4   R4   R4	MSB	MSB	RED	Color    NSB   RED   LSB   MSB   MSB   R5   R4   R3   R2   R1   R0   G5   G4   G3	Color    NSB   S   R   R   R   R   R   R   R   R   R	MSB	NSB	Color      NSB   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	Color    NSB   Section   S	Color    NSB   Sample   LSB   MSB   Sample   LSB   MSB   LSB   MSB   LSB   MSB   Sample   MSB   Sample   MSB   Sample   MSB   Sample   MSB   MSB   Sample   MSB   MSB   Sample   MSB   MSB   MSB   Sample   MSB   MSB	Color	Color

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### 3-6. Power Sequence



**Table 7. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE** 

Parameter		Value	Unit	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T <sub>1</sub>	-	-	10	ms
T <sub>2</sub>	0	-	50	ms
T <sub>3</sub>	200	-	-	ms
T <sub>4</sub>	200	-	-	ms
T <sub>5</sub>	0	-	50	ms
T <sub>6</sub>	0	-	10	ms
T <sub>7</sub>	400	-	-	ms

Notes: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.



### 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to  $0^{\circ}$ .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

Optical Stage(x,y) LCD Module Pritchard 880 or equivalent

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method



50cm

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, fv=60Hz Dclk= 65MHz, I<sub>B</sub>L= 6.0mA

	Daramatar	Cymhal		Values		Linita	Notes
	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Contrast Rati	0	CR	210	300	-		1
Surface Lumi	nance, white (1P)	L <sub>WH</sub>	240	300		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance V	ariation (13P)	$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$	-	-	2.0		3
Response Tir	me						4
	Rise Time	$Tr_R$	-	10	20	ms	
	Decay Time	$Tr_D$	-	20	30	ms	
Color Coordin	nates						PR650 or equivalent
	RED	RX	0.557	0.587	0.617		
		RY	0.313	0.343	0.373		
	GREEN	GX	0.291	0.321	0.351		
		GY	0.500	0.530	0.560		
	BLUE	BX	0.129	0.159	0.189		
		BY	0.110	0.140	0.170		
	WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
		WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angl	е						5
	x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	40	45	-	degree	
	x axis, left (Φ=180°)		40	45	-	degree	
	y axis, up (Φ=90°)		10	15	-	degree	
	y axis, down ( $\Phi$ =270°)	Θd	30	35	-	degree	
Gray Scale							6

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Notes 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- 2. Surface luminance is the Center point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1,2., When I<sub>RI</sub> =6.0mA.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , The Panel total variation ( $\delta_{WHITE}$ ) is determined by measuring  $L_{ON}$  at each test position 1 through 13, and then dividing the maximum  $L_{ON}$  of 13 points luminance by minimum  $L_{ON}$  of 13 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$$
 = Maximum(L<sub>1</sub>,L<sub>2</sub>, ... L<sub>13</sub>) / Minimum(L<sub>1</sub>,L<sub>2</sub>, ... L<sub>13</sub>)

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black(RiseTime, Tr<sub>R</sub>) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr<sub>D</sub>). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

\* f<sub>v</sub>=60Hz

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.3
L7	1.2
L15	4.5
L23	11.3
L31	22
L39	38
L47	57.5
L55	80
L63	100

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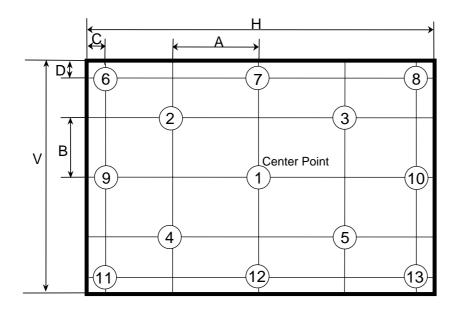
#### FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance>

<measuring point for luminance variation>

**POINTS: Center POINT (1)** 

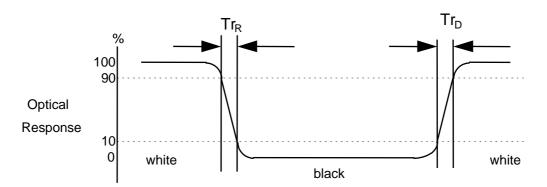
**POINTS: 13 POINTS (1~13)** 



A: H/4 mm B: V/4 mm C: 10 mm D: 10 mm H: 304.128 mm V: 228.096 mm @ H, V: Active Area

### FIG. 3 Response Time

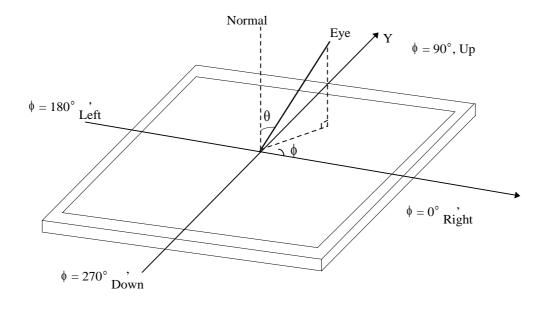
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".





### FIG. 4 Viewing angle

### <Dimension of viewing angle range>



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### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

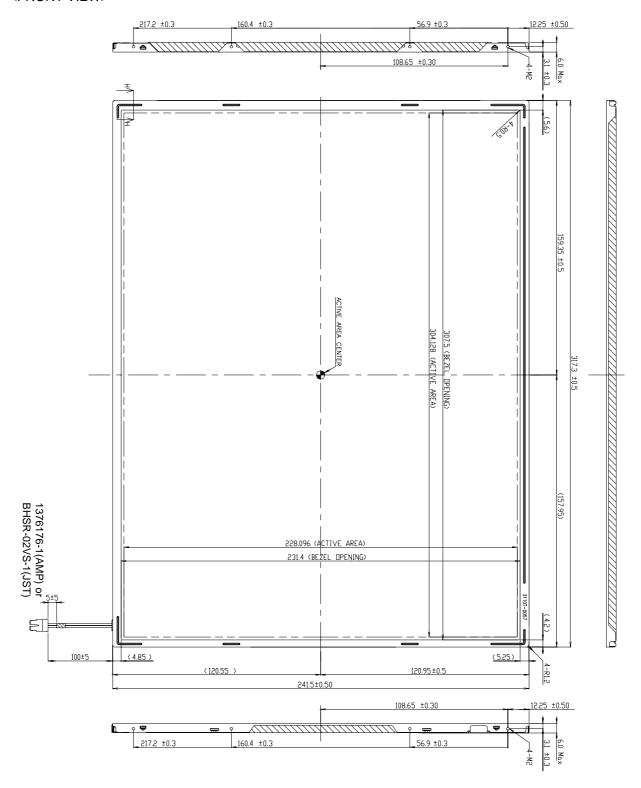
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP150X08. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	317.3 ± 0.5mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	241.5 ± 0.5mm			
	Depth	5.7 ± 0.3mm			
Bezel Area	Horizontal	307.5 ± 0.5mm			
bezei Alea	Vertical	231.4 ± 0.5mm			
Active Diepley Area	Horizontal	304.128 mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	228.096 mm			
Weight	530g (Typ.) 545g (Max.)				
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(2H) Glare + Anti-reflective treatment	of the front polarizer			

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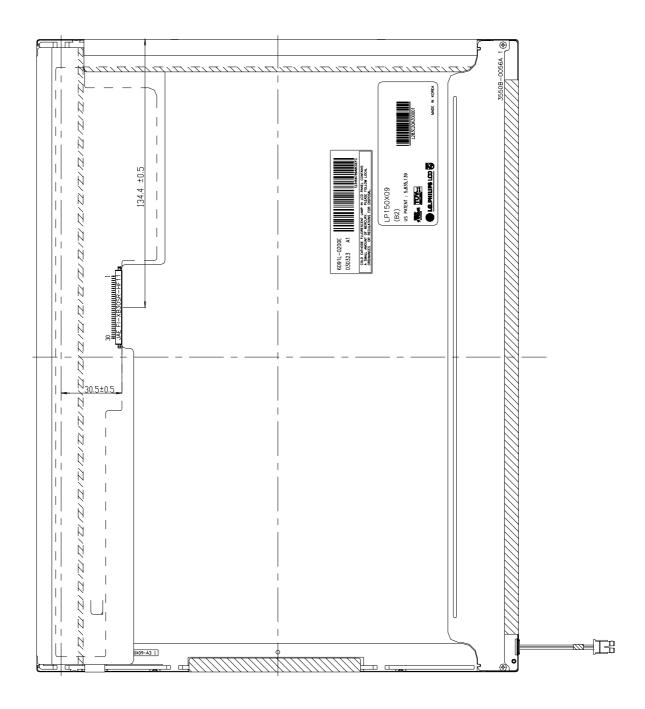


### <FRONT VIEW>



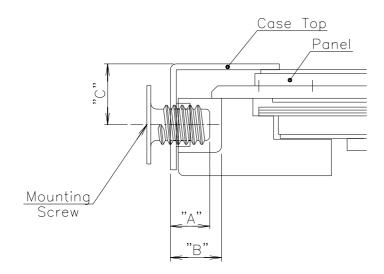


<REAR VIEW>





### [ DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW ]



\* Mounting Screw depth depth Min.: "A" =2.0 depth Max: "B" =2.5

\* Mounting hole location : "C" = 3.1(typ.)

\*Torque: 2 kgf.cm(Max)

(Measurement gauge: torque meter)

Notes: 1. Screw plated through the method of non-electrolytic nickel plating is preferred to reduce possibility that results in vertical and/or horizontal line defect due to the conductive particles from screw surface.



### 6. Reliability

#### **Environment test condition**

No.	Test Item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 2ms for all six faces)
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr

<sup>{</sup> Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

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#### 7. International Standards

### 7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950, Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Dated Dec. 11, 2000.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950, Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Dec. 1, 2000.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.

c) EN 60950 : 2000, Third Edition

IEC 60950: 1999, Third Edition

European Committee for Electro-technical Standardization(CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

#### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electro-technical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)



### 8. Packing

### 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

### a) Lot Mark

А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A: LPL B,C: Luminance (280Nit)

D: YEAR E: MONTH

F: PANEL CODE G: FACTORY CODE H: ASSEMBLY CODE I,J,K,L,M: SERIAL NO.

#### Note

### 1. YEAR

Year	97	98	99	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Mark	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

#### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

### 3. PANEL CODE

Panel Code	P1 Factory	P2 Factory	P3 Factory	P4 Factory	P5 Factory	Hydis Panel
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	Н

### 4. FACTORY CODE

Factory Code	LPL Gumi	LPL Nanjing
Mark	K	С

### 5. SERIAL NO.

Year	1 ~ 99999	100000 ~
Mark	00001 ~ 99999	A0001 ~ A9999,, Z9999

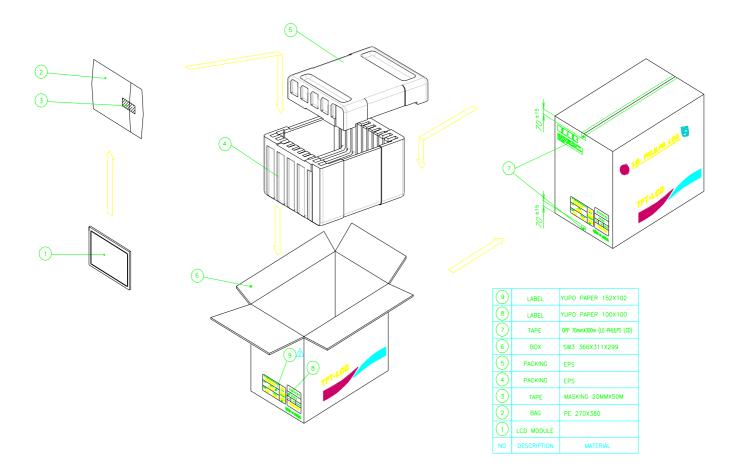
### b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.



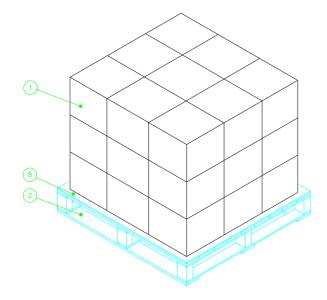
### 8-2. Packing Form

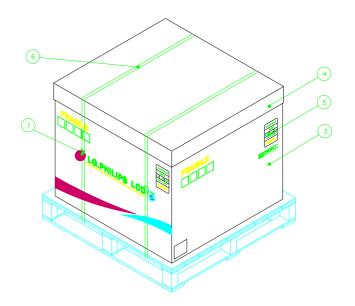
a) Package quantity in one box : 10 pcs b) Box Size : 372mm × 317mm × 308mm





### c) Pallet





8	SHEET	DW3
7	BAND, CLIP	STEEL
6	BAND, PACKING	P.P
5	LABEL	YUPO PAPER
4	ANGLE, COVER	DW3
3	ANGLE, PACKING	DW3
2	PALLET	STEEL(SPOT)
1	PACKING ASS'Y	
NO	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL







#### 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
  Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm 200 \text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

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#### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

  It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



### APPENDIX [A] - Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™)

#### E-EDID DATA FOR LP150X09-B2 (Ver 0.1) Byte# Byte# Value Field Name and Comments (HEX) (HFX) (binary) (decimal) 00 0 0 0000 0000 Header F 1111 1111 F 1111 1111 01 F 02 F F 1111 1111 3 03 Header F F 04 1111 1111 4 F F 1111 1111 5 05 F F 1111 1111 6 06 0 0000 07 0000 8 08 EISA manufacturer code = LGP 0 0011 0000 0 1111 0000 09 Compressed ASCII 10 0A Panel Supplier Reserved -Product code=5XE 5 7 0101 0111 5 0000 0101 0 11 0B (Hex, LSB first) 12 00 ID(32-bit) serial number = don't care 0 0 0000 0000 Vender/ 13 0D 0 0 0000 0000 Product ID 14 0 0000 0000 0E 0 15 0F 0 0 0000 0000 16 10 Week of manufacture = don't care 0 0 0000 0000 17 11 Year of manufacture = "200" 0000 1101 18 EDID Structure version # = "1" 0 1 0000 0001 EDID Version/ Revision 13 EDID Revision # = "3" 0000 19 0 0011 Video input definition = Digital I/p,non TMDS CRGB 0 1000 0000 20 8 Max H image size(cm)= 30.4128cm(30) 0001 Display 15 1110 21 0111 22 16 Max V image size(cm)= 0001 Parameter Display gamma = 2.2 23 17 7 8 0111 1000 24 Feature support(DPMS) = Active off, RGB Color 0000 1010 25 19 Red/Green low Bits (RxRy/GxGy) 0111 0010 26 1A Blue/White Low Bits (BxBy/WxWy) 1011 0000 27 1B 1001 0110 Red > 28 1C Red Y Rv = 0.3430101 0111 29 1D Green X Gx = 0.3210101 0010 Color 30 1E Green Y 1000 0111 Characteristic 1F 0010 1000 31 Blue X 20 Bv = 0.1400011 32 0010 33 21 White X 0101 0000 0101 0100 34 23 0 Established Established Timing I 0 0000 0000 35 36 Established Timing II 0 0 0000 0000 **Timings** 0 0000 37 25 0 0000 Manufacturer's Timings 38 Standard Timing ID1 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 26 39 Standard Timing ID1 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 40 Standard Timing ID2 (01h if not used) 1 0000 0001 28 0 41 0 Standard Timing ID2 (01h if not used) 0000 0001 0 1 0000 0001 42 2A Standard Timing ID3 (01h if not used) 1 0000 0001 43 2B Standard Timing ID3 (01h if not used) 0 44 2C Standard Timing ID4 (01h if not used) 1 0000 0001 Standard 1 0000 0001 45 2D Standard Timing ID4 (01h if not used) 0 Timing ID Standard Timing ID5 (01h if not used) 46 2E 0 1 0000 0001 1 2F Standard Timing ID5 (01h if not used) 0 0000 0001 1 48 30 Standard Timing ID6 (01h if not used) 0 0000 0001 31 0000 0001 49 Standard Timing ID6(01h if not used) 0 50 32 Standard Timing ID7(01h if not used) 0000 0001 51 33 Standard Timing ID7 (01h if not used) 0 1 0000 0001 1 52 34 Standard Timing ID8 (01h if not used) 0 0000 0001

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Standard Timing ID8 (01h if not used)

1 0000



						1
Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments		lue	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)	Tiola Hairb and Controlled	(H	ΞX)	(binary)	
54	36	Detailed Timing Descriptor #1	6	4	0110 0100	
55	37	1024X768 @ 60 Hz mode : pixe; clock = 65.00 MHz	1	9	0001 1001	
56	38	Horizontal Active = 1024 pixels	0	0	0000 0000	
57	39	Horizontal Blanking = 320 pixels	4	0	0100 0000	
58	3A	Horizontal Active : Horizontal Blanking	4	1	0100 0001	
59	3B	Vertical Avtive = 768 lines	0	0	0000 0000	
60		Vertical Blanking = 38 lines	2	6	0010 0110	
61		Vertical Active: Vertical Blanking	3	0		
62		Horizontal Sync. Offset = 24 pixels	1	8		
63		Horizontal Sync Pulse Width = 136 pixels	8	8	1000 1000	#1
64		Vertical Sync Offset = 3 lines : Sync Width = 6 lines	3	6	0011 0110	
65		Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits	0	0	0000 0000	
66		Horizontal Image Size = 304.128 mm(304)	3	0	0011 0000	
67		Vertical Image Size = 228.096 mm(228)	Е	4	1110 0100	
68		Horizontal & Vertical Image Size	1	0	0001 0000	ł
69		Horizontal Border = 0	0	0	0000 0000	ł
70		Vertical Border = 0	0	0	0000 0000	
71	47	Non-interlaced, Normal display, no stereo, Digital separate sync, H/V pol negatives	1	8	0001 1000	
72	48	Detailed Timing Descriptor #2 was not used	0	0	0000 0000	l
73	49		0	0		4
74	4A		0	0	0000 0000	ł
75	4B		0	0	0000 0000	
76	4C		0	0	0000 0000	ļ
77	4D		0	0	0000 0000	
78	4E		0	0	0000 0000	4
79	4F		0	0	0000 0000	
80	50		0	0	0000 0000	
81	51		0	0	0000 0000	#2
82	52		0	0	0000 0000	
83	53		0	0	0000 0000	
84	55		0	0		
85	55		0	0		ł
86	56		0	0		1
87	57		0	0		4
88	58		0	0	0000 0000	1
89	59	Detelled Timing December 110	0	0	0000 0000	
90	5A 5B	Detailed Timing Descriptor #3	0	0	0000 0000	1
91 92			0	0	0000 0000	1
92	5C 5D	ASCII Data String Tag (Supplier Name)	0			1
93	5E		0	0		1
94 95		IL1	4	С		
96	60	[G]	4	7		
97		[P]	5	0		4
98	62		6		0110 1000	
99		[i]	6	9		#3
100		[I]	6	C	0110 1001	<b>"</b> "
101		rii	6	9	0110 1100	1
102		[p]	7	0	0111 0000	1
103	67	[s]	7	3	0111 0001	1
104		[L]	4	С	0100 1100	1
105	69	IC1	4	3	0100 1100	1
106	6A	IDI	4	4	0100 0110	1
107	6B	[^] Line Feed	0	A	0000 1010	1
		1				



Byte#	Byte#	Field Name and Comments	Va	lue	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)	i ieiu ivaire ariu comments		EX)	(binary)	
108	6C	Detailed Timing Descriptor #4	0	0	0000 0000	
109	6D		0	0	0000 0000	
110	6E	ASCII Data String Tag (Supplier P/N)	0	0	0000 0000	
111	6F	ASCII Data Stillig Tag (Supplier F/N)	0	0	0000 0000	
112	70		0	0	0000 0000	
113	71	[L]	4	С	0100 1100	
114	72	[P]	5	0	0101 0000	
115	73	[1]	3	1	0011 0001	Detailed
116	74	[5]	3	5	0011 0101	Timing
117	75	[0]	3	0	0011 0000	Description
118	76	[X]	5	8	0101 1000	#4
119	77	[0]	3	0	0011 0000	
120	78	[9]	3	9	0011 1001	
121	79	[-]	2	D	0010 1101	
122	7A	[B]	4	2	0100 0010	
123	7B	[2]	3	2	0011 0010	
124	7C		0	0	0000 0000	
125	7D		0	0	0000 0000	
126	7E	Extension flag = 00	0	0	0000 0000	Extension Flag
127	7F	Checksum	1	8	0001 1000	Checksum
					•	