

No.	LA1-04014A
DATE	July. 1 .2004

[TENTATIVE]

TECHNICAL LITERATURE

FOR

TFT - LCD module

MODEL No. LQ064V3DG01

The technical literature is subject to change without notice.

Please contact Sharp or its representative before designing your product based on this literature.

MOBILE LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP SHARP CORPORATION

RECORDS OF REVISION

MODEL No: LQ064V3DG01

SPEC No : LA1-04014

	NO.	PAGE	SUMMARY	NOTE
2004.06.28	LA1-04014	-	-	1 st Issue
2004.07.01	LA1-04014A	6	[Note6-1] There are two lamps in back light. A piece of lamp current is 5mArms. (add)	2'nd Issue
		6	Lamp current 5 * 2mArms(change)	

LA1-04014A-1

NOTICE

This publication is the proprietary of SHARP and is copyrighted, with all rights reserved. Under the copyright laws, no part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical for any purpose, in whole or in part, without the express written permission of SHARP. Express written permission is also required before any use of this publication may be made by a third party.

The application circuit examples in this publication are provided to explain the representative applications of SHARP's devices and are not intended to guarantee any circuit design or permit any industrial property right or other rights to be executed. SHARP takes no responsibility for any problems related to any industrial property right or a third party resulting from the use of SHARP's devices, except for those resulting directly from device manufacturing processes.

In the absence of confirmation by device specification sheets, SHARP takes no responsibility for any defects that occur in equipment using any of SHARP's devices, shown in catalogs, data books, etc. Contact SHARP in order to obtain the latest device specification sheets before using any SHARP's device.

SHARP reserves the right to make changes in the specifications, characteristics, data, materials, structures and other contents described herein at any time without notice in order to improve design or reliability. Contact SHARP in order to obtain the latest specification sheets before using any SHARP's device. Manufacturing locations are also subject to change without notice.

Observe the following points when using any device in this publication. SHARP takes no responsibility for damage caused by improper use of the devices.

The devices in this publication are designed for general electronic equipment use.

The appropriate design measures should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when SHARP's devices are used for equipment such as:

- Transportation control and safety equipment(i.e.,aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.)
- Traffic signals Gas leakage sensor breakers Alarm equipment Various safety devices etc.

SHARP's devices shall not be used for equipment that requires extremely high level of reliability, such as:

- Military and space applications
 - · Nuclear power control equipment
- · Medical equipment for life support

Contact a SHARP representative, in advance, when intending to use SHARP's devices for any "specific" applications other than those recommended by SHARP.

Contact and consult with a SHARP representative if there are any questions about the contents of this publication.

1 Applicable TFT-LCD module

This specification applies to the color TFT-LCD module, LQ064V3DG01.

2 Overview

This module is a color active matrix transmissive LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor).

It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuits and power supply circuitry and a backlight unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 640 x RGB x 480 dots panel with 262,144 colors by feeding 18 bit data signal (6bit/each of R,G,B), 4(four) timing signals, +3.3V or +5V DC power supply for TFT-LCD and AC power supply for backlight.

(Note: Backlight-driving DC/AC inverter is not built in this module.)

- Fine images with stripe aligned 307,200 pixels on 6.4 inch diagonal screen
- Color display capability of 262,144 colors with 18 bit data signal(6 bits for each RGB)
- Adapting a wide viewing angle technology [best viewing angle: 6 o'clock direction]
- · High contrast, thanks to active matrix drive system
- AG(Anti Glare) polarizing filter
- Light and slim compact module achieved by COG assemble technology (12 o'clock direction is also available by the function to flip the screen horizontally or vertically)
- · Natural coloring reproducibility by employing normally-white-mode, which has good nature in coloring
- · Image inversion both horizontally and vertically

3 Mechanical Specifications

items	specifications	unit
Display size (Diagonal)	16.32 (6.4")	cm
Active display area	130.56 (H) x 97.92 (V)	mm
Pixel format	640(H) x RGB x 480(V)	dot
	(1 pixel=R+G+B dots)	-
Pixel pitch	0.204 (H) x 0.204(V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R,G,B vertical stripe	-
LCD mode	Normally white/Twisted Nematic	-
Dimension *	161.3 (W) x 117 (H) x 12(D)	mm
Mass	TBD	g

^{*.} Protrusion such as backlight harness and positioning boss are not included.

Fig.1 shows dimensions of the module.

4 Input Signal Assignment

1.1 TFT-LCD Panel driving section

1 31
2 30
CN1 pin arrangement from module surface
(Transparent view)

Employed connector: DF9B31P-1V (32) (HIROSE ELECTRIC) Corresponding connector: DF9 -31S-1V(32), CF9A-31S-1V(32) ,CF9B-31S-1V(32), CF9C-31S-1V(32) (HIROSE ELECTRIC)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Polarity
1	GND	-	
2	CK	Clock signal for sampling each datum	
3	Hsync	Horizontal Sync signal	Negative
4	Vsync	Vertical Sync signal	Negative
5	GND		
6	R0	RED Data signal (LSB)	
7	R1	RED Data signal	
8	R2	RED Data signal	
9	R3	RED Data signal	
10	R4	RED Data signal	
11	R5	RED Data signal (MSB)	
12	GND		
13	G0	GREEN data signal (LSB)	
14	G1	GREEN data signal	
15	G2	GREEN data signal	
16	G3	GREEN data signal	
17	G4	GREEN data signal	
18	G5	GREEN data signal (MSB)	
19	GND		
20	B0	BLUE data signal (LSB)	
21	B1	BLUE data signal	
22	B2	BLUE data signal	
23	В3	BLUE data signal	
24	B4	BLUE data signal	
25	B5	BLUE data signal (MSB)	
26	GND		
27	ENAB	Data Enable signal	[Note 1]
		(Control signal for image location in horizontal direction)	
28	Vcc	Power supply in	
29	Vcc	Power supply in	
30	R/L	Horizontal scanning direction control signal (Rightwards/Leftwards)	[Note 2]
31	U/D	Vertical scanning direction control signal (Upwards/downwards)	[Note 2]

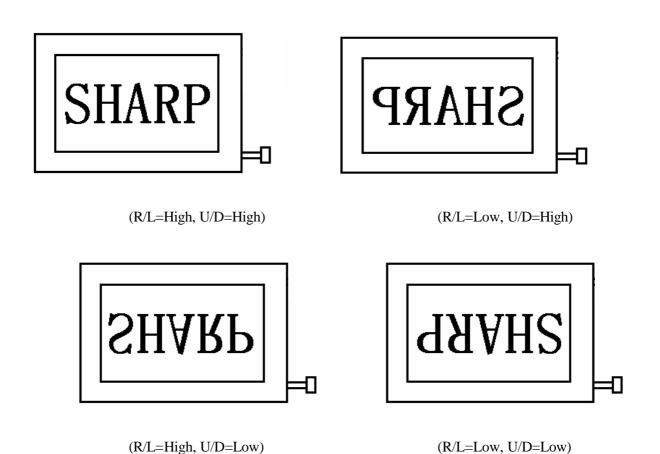
The back shield case is internally grounded to GND of the module.

The front shield case is not certainly grounded to GND of the module.

[Note 1]

The horizontal display location is designated and controlled by rising timing of ENAB signal.

However if ENAB signal is fixed to "Low", display location is designated by the default setting in the module. (Don't use the module by fixing ENAB to "High")See: Chapter 7-2



4.2 Backlight section

Employed connector: BHR-0 4VS-1 (JST)

CN2 Adapted connector: SM04 (4.0) B-BHS-1 (JST)

Pin no.	Symbol	Function
1	V_{HIGH}	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)
2	V_{HIGH}	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)
3	NC	This is electrically opened.
4	V_{LOW}	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)

5 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Input voltage	VI	Ta=25°C	-0.3 ~ +6	V	[Note 1]
Supply voltage	Vcc	Ta=25°C	0 ~ +6	V	-
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	- 30 ~ +80	°C	
Operating temperature (Panel surface)	Topp	-	-10 ~ +70	°C	[Note 2]
Operating temperature (Ambient)	Topa	-	0 ~ (+55)	°C	

[Note 1] CK, R0 \sim R5, G0 \sim G5, B0 \sim B5, Hsync, Vsync, ENAB, R/L and U/D

[Note 2] Humidity: Less than 95%RH at Ta = 40°C and

Maximum wet-bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C at Ta>40°C, with no condensation.

6 Electrical characteristics

TFT-LCD Panel driving section

T_{α}	_	25
1 8	=	2.7

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Supply voltage	Vcc	+3.0	+3.3	+3.6	V	[Note1]
	Vcc	+4.5	+5.0	+5.5	V	
	Icc	-	(290)	(580)	mA	[Note2]
Current dissipation						Vcc=3.3V
	Icc	-	(200)	(400)	mA	[Note2]
						Vcc=5.0V
Allowed input ripple voltage	V_{RF}	-	-	100	mV p-p	Vcc=5V/3.3V
Input voltage ("Low" state)	V_{IL}	- 0.3	-	0.9	V	[Note3]
Input voltage ("High" state)	V_{IH}	2.3	-	5.5	V	
	I _{OL1}	-	-	1.0	μΑ	Vcc=3.3V V _I =0V
Input leakage current (low)	[Note4]			1.0	μΑ	Vcc=5.0V V _I =0V
	I _{OL2}	-	-	(1.0)	μΑ	Vcc=3.3V V _I =0V
	[Note5]			(2.0)	μΑ	Vcc=5.0V V _I =0V
	I _{OL} 3			(120)	μΑ	Vcc=3.3V V _I =0V
	[Note6]			(180)	μΑ	Vcc=5.0V V _I =0V
	I _{OH1}	-	-	1.0	μΑ	Vcc=3.3V V _I =3.3V
Input leakage current (High)	[Note 4]			1.0	μA	$Vcc=5.0VV_I=5.0V$
	$ I_{OH2} $	-	-	(40)	μA	$Vcc=3.3V V_{I}=3.3V$
	[Note 5]		_	(80)	μΑ	Vcc=5.0V V _I =5.0V
	I _{OH3}	-		(40)	μΑ	Vcc=3.3V V _I =3.3V
	[Note 6]			(80)	μΑ	Vcc=5.0V V _I =5.0V

[Note1]

Vcc turn-on/off conditions

0 < t1 = 15 ms

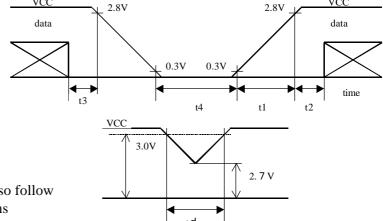
0 < t2 = 20 ms

0 < t3 = 1s

1s < t4

Vcc-dip conditions

- 1) At 2.7V = Vcc < 3.0Vtd = 10ms
- 2) At Vcc < 2.7V Vcc dip conditions should also follow the Vcc turn-on/off conditions



[Note2] Current dissipation (Typ.):

When Monochrome 16 level-gray-bar pattern is displayed (Figure below, Refer Page 10 for details of RGB) Current dissipation (Max.):

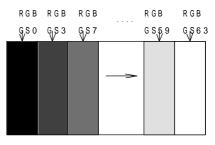
When GS3 and GS10 gray bar are displayed alternately.

[Note3] CK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, Hsync, Vsync, ENAB, R/L and U/D

[Note4] CK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5, Hsync, and Vsync

[Note5] Enable

[Note6] R/L and U/D



2.8V

6.2 Backlight driving Section

П	Γ ₀ _	25	0	$\overline{}$
	14-	· Z.	, ,	

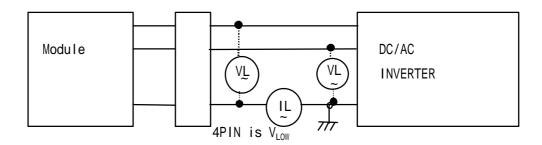
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Lamp voltage	VL	(330)	(370)	(410)	V rms	IL=5 × 2mA rms
Lamp current	IL	(9.0)	(10.0)	(11.0)	mA rms	5mArms × 2[Note6-1]
Lamp frequency	fL	(45)	-	(80)	KHz	Recommend
	Vs	-	-	(660)	V rms	Ta=-10°C [Note6-2]
Kick-off voltage		-	-	(620)		Ta=25°C [Note6-2]
[Note6-1]		-	-	(960)		Ta=-10°C [Note6-3]
		-	-	(900)		Ta=25°C [Note6-3]
Lamp life time	LL	-	50,000	-	hour	[Note6-4]

(Inverter: HARISON TOSHIBA LIGHTING CORPORATION Type HIU-359A-S2(18pF) is used at drive frequency f=50kHz)

Caution: Use Inverter providing symmetrical sine-wave in positive/negative polarity with no spike.

[Note6-1] Connect Module's metal shield case to GND of inverter circuit.

There are two lamps in back light. A piece of lamp current is 5mArms. Lamp current is measured with current meter for high frequency as shown below.



[Note6-2] The voltage at the output of inverter circuitry.

The open output voltage of the inverter shall be maintained for more than 1sec; otherwise the lamp may not be turned on

[Note6-3] The voltage at the output of transformer built in inverter circuitry

[Note6-4] The data for lamp is for your reference, because lamp is consumable component.

a) Lamp life time is defined by either 1 or 2 below. (Continuous turning on at Ta=25 , IL=5 × 2mA rms) When a brightness of lamp surface became 50% of the initial value under the standar d condition.

When a kick-off voltage in Ta= -10 exceeded maximum value (960 Vrms) at the output of inverter circuitry

b In case of operating under lower temp. environment, the lamp exhaustion is accelerated and the brightness becomes lower.

(Continuous operating for around 1 month under lower temp. condition may reduce the brightness to half of the original brightness.)

In case of such usage under lower temp. environment, periodical lampexchange is recommended

7 Timing Characteristics of Input Signals Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig. 2.

7.1 Timing Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	-	25.18	28.33	MHz
	"High" time	Tch	5	-	-	ns
	"Low" time	Tcl	10	-	-	ns
Data	Setup time	Tds	5	-	-	ns
	Hold time	Tdh	10	-	-	ns
Hsync	Period	TH	30.00	31.78		μs
			770	800	900	clock
	Pulse width	THp	2	96	200	clock
Vsync	Period	TV	515	525	560	line
	Pulse width	TVp	1	-	34	line
Horizont	al display period	THd	640	640	640	clock
Phase difference between Hsync and clock Phase difference between Hsync and Vsync		ТНс	10	-	Tc-10	ns
		TVh	0	-	ТН-ТНр	clock
Vertical	display period	TVd	480	480	480	line

Note) In case of lower frequency, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc., may occur.

7.2 Display Position in horizontal direction

Display position in horizontal direction is designated by rising timing of ENAB signal.

1 / 1			<u> </u>	, ,	U		
Par	ameter	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Note
ENAB signal	Setup time	Tes	5	-	Tc-10	ns	
	Pulse width	Tep	2	640	640	clock	
Phase difference between Hsync and ENAB signal		ТНе	44	-	TH-664	clock	

When ENAB is fixed to "Low", the horizontal display will starts from the clock C100 (clock) as shown in Fig.4. When the phase difference is not greater than 100 clock, hold ENAB terminal in "High" state for more than (100-THe), otherwise display will start from C100 (clock).

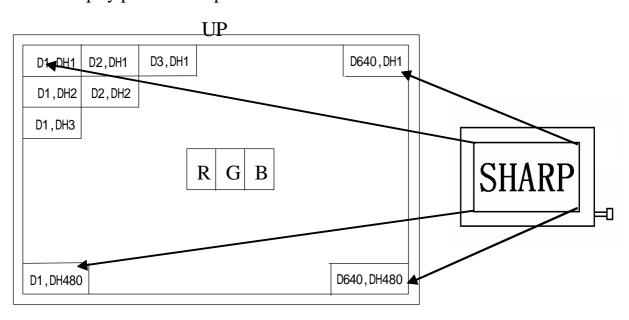
7.3 Display position in vertical direction

Display start position in vertical direction is fixed to the 34th line.

The ENAB signal does not relate to Vertical display position.

7.4 Input signal and display on the screen

Display position of input data



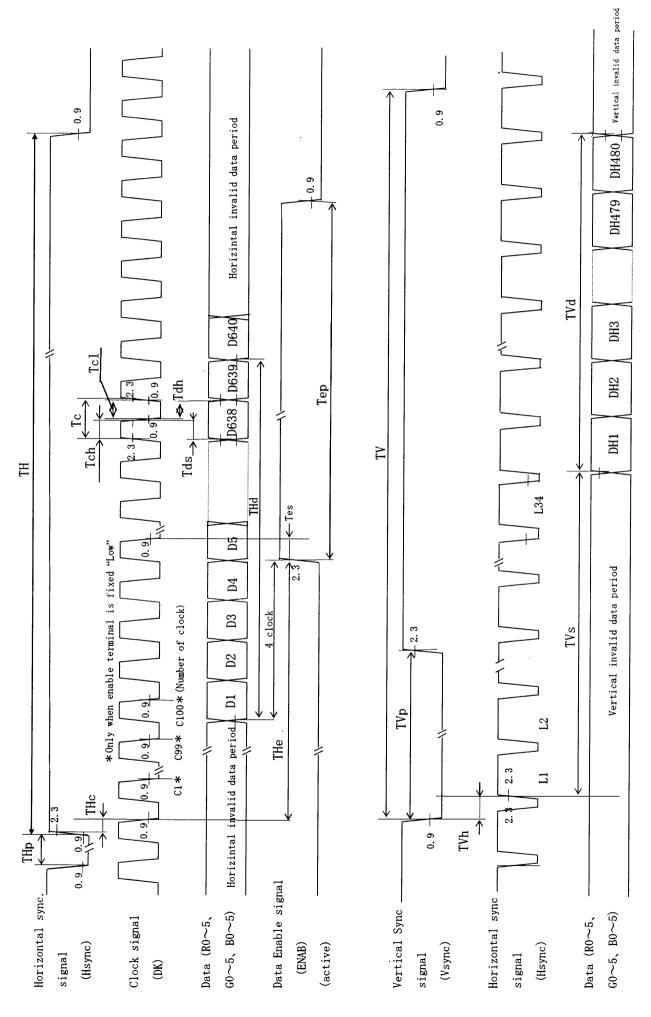


Fig 2. Input signal waveforms

8 Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

	Colors &	Data signal																		
	Gray scale	Gray Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	B0	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5
Basic Color	Black	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale of Red	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	仓	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	仓	\rightarrow	V				V					V								
Sca	Û	\rightarrow	\downarrow				\downarrow					↓								
ay	Brighter	GS61	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gr	Û	GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
en	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Green	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
of (Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale	û	\downarrow	\downarrow				↓				V									
Sc	Ŷ	→	\downarrow				↓				V									
ray	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
g	Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Blue	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	û -	→	V				+ +					<u> </u>								
	<u> </u>	\	V												1					
	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
	<u>û</u>	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

^{0:} Low level voltage, 1: High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

9 Optical Specification

Ta=25°C, Vcc=+3.3V

Parame	ter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Viewing angle	Horizontal	21, 22	21, 22 CR=5		(70)	-	° (Deg.)	[Note9-1,4]	
Range	Vertical	11		(35)	(40)	-	° (Deg.)		
		12		(55)	(70)	-	° (Deg.)		
Contrast ratio		CR max	Best viewing	(150)	-	-	-	[Note9-2]	
			angle						
Response time	Rise	Tr	= 0°	-	(30)	(60)	ms	[Note9-3]	
	Fall	Td		-	(50)	(100)	ms		
Chromaticity of white		X		0.263	0.313	0.363	-	[Note9-4]	
		у	IL=10mA rm s	0.279	0.329	0.379	-		
Lumina	nce	Y		260	350	-	cd/m²		

Lamp test in the module is made with the inverter type HIU-359A-S2(18pF) at 50kHz. The optical specifications are measured 30 minute after turning lamp on and in a dark room or equivalent condition, according to the method shown in Fig.9-1, 2 below.

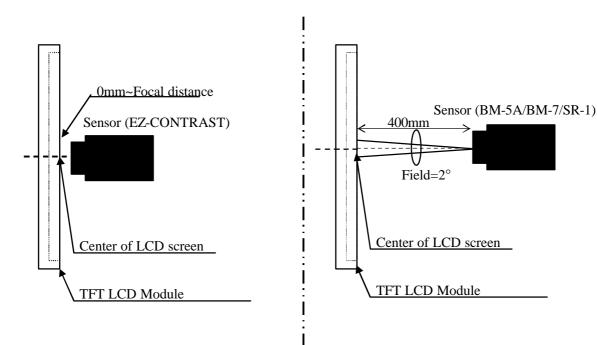
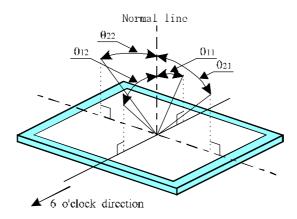


Fig.9-1 Measuring setup for
Viewing angle and Contrast ratio

Fig.9-2 Measuring setup for
Luminance, Chromaticity
and Response time

(BM-7 is used for Luminance, SR-1 is for response)

[Note9-1] Definitions of viewing angle range:

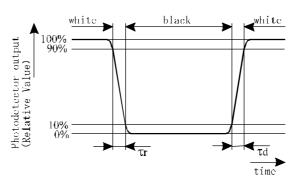


[Note9-2] Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

[Note9-3] Definition of response time:

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal between "black" and "white" alternatively.



[Note9-4] This parameter should be measured at the center of the screen and 30 minutes after turn-on.

Inverter frequency: 50 kHz

The characteristics are measured when the driver circuit is not powered.

[Note9-5] The data for lamp is for your reference, because lamp is consumable component.

a) Lamp life time is defined by either 1 or 2 below.

(Continuous turning on at Ta=25 , IL=10mA rms)

When a brightness of lamp surface became 50% of the initial value under the standard condition.

When a kick-off voltage in Ta= -10 exceeded maximum value (960 Vrms) at the output of inverter circuitry

b) In case of operating under lower temp. environment, the lamp exhaustion is accelerated and the brightness becomes lower.

(Continuous operating for around 1 month under lower temp. condition may reduce the brightness to half of the original brightness.)

In case of such usage under lower temp. environment, periodical lampexchange is recommended.

10 Display Qualities

Please refer to the Outgoing Inspection Standard.

11 Handling Instruction

11.1 Assembling the module

- 1) This TFT-LCD module has four holes at each corner to fix it to customer's product. Mount the module on same plane and don't apply stress such as bow or crook.
- 2) Connection/disconnection of the module's input connector shall be made while power is off.
- 3) Make sure to connect module's metal shield case to GND of inverter circuit. If its connection is not made perfectly, some of the following problems may occur.
 - a) Increase of noise caused by backlight
 - b) Unstable output from inverter circuit
 - c) Possibly over-heat in some section

11.2 Instruction for assembling

Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention to avoid rubbing with something hard or sharp. A protective film "Laminator" is attached on the module screen to avoid scratch and/or dust.

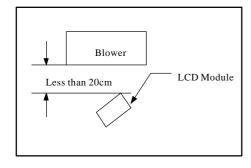
You are recommended remove the "Laminator" just before you embed the module into your products, paying attention to avoid electrostatic damage as followings.

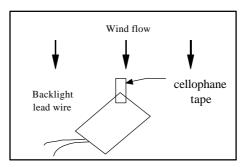
A) Work Environment

Since removing laminator may causes electrostatic charge that tends to attract dust, the following work environment would be desired.

- a) Floor: Conductive treatment having 1M resistance onto floor's tile
- b) The room free from dust coming from outdoor environment, and put an adhesive mat at entrances
- c) Humidity from 50% to 70% and temperature from 15°C to 27°C are desirable.
- d) Worker should ware conductive shoes, conductive fatigue, conductive glove and earth wrist band.

B) Instruction for working





- a) Wind direction of an electrostatic discharging blower should slightly downward to properly blow the module. The distance between the blower and the module should be less than 20cm. Also, pay attention to the direction of the module. [See the above]
- b) To prevent polarizer from scratching, adhesive tape (cellophane tape) should be stuck at the part of laminator sheet, which is closed to blower. [See the above]
- c) Pull slowly adhesive tape to peel the laminator off, with spending more than 5 second.
- d) The module without laminator should be moved to the next process to prevent dust.

e) How to eliminate dust on polarizer.

Blow dust away by N₂ blower having measures of electrostatics

Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, wiping dust off is not adequate.

If the polarizer is soiled, it is suggested to peel dust off by using adhesive surface of adhesive tape.

When the metal section [shield case or shield back case] is soiled, wipe it off with dry and soft cloth. If not so easy, breathe upon it then wipe off. If the water droplet or fat is left for long term, it may cause stain or tarnish, it should be wipe off immediately.

Since TFT-LCD panel is made of glass substrate, dropping the panel or banging it against hard objects may cause cracking or fragmentation.

Since CMOS LSIs are incorporated in this module, please pay special care to electrostatic while handling it, and earth human body.

11.3 Caution in product design

The notes and cautions below should be followed when product is designed with this module.

The module should be protected with cover to prevent salt content and/or water droplet.

Take enough shielding countermeasure not to interfere to peripheral electronic device.

11.4 Others

The LCD has the nature that its performance is degradation by ultra-violet light. Don't leave the LCD module in direct sunlight or strong ultra violet ray.

If stored at the temperatures lower than the rated storage temperature, the LC may freeze and it may cause LCD panel damage. If storage temperature exceeds the specified rating, the molecular orientation of the LC may change to that of a liquid, and they may not revert to their original state. Store the module in normal room temperature.

The inductive loss caused by routing of lamp lead wire, which is closed to conductive section, may require the kick-off voltage greater than specified kick-off voltage.

The liquid crystal may leak out when the LCD is broken. If the liquid crystal drip into the eyes or mouth washes it out immediately.

The caution to other ordinal electronic component should be followed also.

"4")

12 Packing Form

- 12.1 Fig.3 shows packaging form.
- 12.2 Carton stock conditions
 - a) Maximum number of Carton being stuck: TBD

b) Maximum number of product contained: TBD Unit

c) Carton size: TBDmm (W) x TBDmm (H) x TBDmm (D)

d) Total mass (for 20Unit): Approximately TBDkg

e) Carton stock environment:

1) Temperature: $0 \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$ 2) Humidity: Up to 60%RH

3) Ambiance: No gases bite into electronic components and wiring materials

4) Period: Approximately 3month

5) Unpacking: To prevent LCD module from damaging by ESD,

unpack the module with effective measure after controlling

humidity 50%RH or more.

13 Marking of product name

13.1 Serial No. indication

Serial No. is indicated by labeling. The location is given in Fig.1 Outline dimension.

Indicated contents:

LQ064V3DG01 XXXXXXXXX Model name Serial No.

Serial No. contents 1st digit: last digit of produced year (ex. 2004

2nd digit: Produced month 1, 2, $3 \sim 9$, X, Y, Z

3rd ~ 8th digit: Sequential number 000001 ~ 9th digit: Interoffice control code

14 Miscellaneous

- a) Variable resister has been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may be not satisfied.
- b) Don't disassemble this module, it may cause malfunction.
- c) Image retention may occur when the fixed image is display for long time.

15 Reliability Test Items

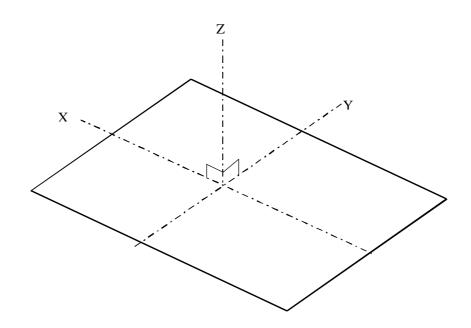
Note: The condition of temperature is the operation temperature given in Absolute maximum rating.

No.	Test parameter	Conditions						
1	High temperature storage test	Leaves the module at Ta=80°C for 240h						
2	Low temperature storage test	Leaves the module at Ta=-30°C for 240h						
3	High temperature	Operates the module at Ta=40°C; 90~95%RH for 240h						
	& high humidity operation test	(No condensation)						
4	High temperature operation test	Operates the module with +70°C at panel surface for 240h						
5	Low temperature operation test	Operates the module at Ta=-10°C for 240h						
6	Strength against ESD	±200V 200pF [0] one time for each terminal						
7	Shock test	Max. acceleration: 490m/s ²						
	(non- operating)	Pulse width: 11ms, half sine wave						
		Direction: $\pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z$						
		once for each direction.						
8	Vibration test	Frequency: 10 ~ 57Hz/Vibration width (one side):0.075mm						
	(non- operating)	: 58 ~ 500Hz/Gravity:9.8m/s ²						
		Sweep time: 11 minutes						
		Test period: 3 hours						
		(1 hour for each direction of X,Y,Z)						
9	Thermal shock test	-30°C ~ +80°C /50 cycle						
		[0.5h] [0.5h]						

[Result Evaluation Criteria]

Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change which may affect practical display function.

[Note] The directions of X, Y, Z are defined as below:



LA1-04014A-16 SHARP TENTATIVE Since this module is under development, all the specified value is tentative. The technical literature is subject to change without notice. Æ (75.4) 3.45 №. 2 Æ No. 1 £3.2 130, 56 <u>3</u>. 05 No. 30 Stripe Stripe 3. 05 640HXRGBX480V dots 6. 4" VGA (130. 56×97. 92) Guarantee of appearance=Screen Size \ø3, 2 ø3. 2/ <u>∕3\147. 5</u>147. 6 154 161. 3 80±10 THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE <u>&</u> **a** BHR-04VS-1: J. S. T Mfg co. . Itd Module Lot No. <u>№</u> 30 ₩CDC 🥞 MADE IN 1APAN **P** (136.8)

General tolerance is ± 0.5 . Take care in set design to hide the scratches and bubbles appeared on the polarizer or other frame area which is located outside of active area.

		2004. 06. 28	Change outline form. Correct connector No Add 1/F_connector pinNo.	Kasai
Please do not copy this	material	2004. 05. 21	Change VCDC position	Kasal
		2004. 04. 20	Change I/F_connector direction	Kasai
and do not disclose this	to			
third party.		2004. 03. 17	BL LOT No. LABEL	Kasai
2004. 01. 28	SCALE	2004. 02. 18	Change I/F_connecter No.	Kasal
++ 	SCALE	2004. 02. 03	Change I/F_connecter No.	Kasai
. Q0 6 4 V 3 D G 0 1	free	No. DATE	REVISION	
		ENGINE	RING DEPARTMENT I	
	A A			
MECHUCH A2				
t -	and do not disclose this third party. 2004.01.28 Q064V3DG01	and do not disclose this to third party. 2004.01.28 SCALE Q064V3DG01 free	Please do not copy this material (A) 2004.05.21 A 2004.04.20 A 2004.03.17 A 2004.03.17 A 2004.02.03 A 2004.03.17 A 2004.02.03 A 2004.03.17 A 2004.03	A 2004.04.20 Change I/F_connector direction A 2004.03.17 BL LOT No. LABEL 2004.02.18 Change I/F_connector No. A 2004.02.18 Change I/F_connector No. DOI: 10.000.03 Change I/F_connector No. No. DATE REVISION ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT I MOBILE LCD DESIGN CENTER I MOBILE LCD DESIGN CENTER I MOBILE LOUDEN CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP