



Doc. Number .							
	Tentative Specification						
	Preliminary Specification						
	Approval Specification						

MODEL NO.: M215HJJ SUFFIX: L30

Customer: Common Model					
APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE				
Name / Title Note Product version C1 Please return 1 copy for your signature and comments.	our confirmation with your				

Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By
梁永祥	張耀元	于振華
)((· V = 1)	,,,,,,,,	* ***

Version 2.0 1 October 2014 1 / 37



CONTENTS

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION	5
1.1 OVERVIEW	5
1.2 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	5
2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS	5
3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	5
3.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT	5
3.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS	6
3.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE	
3.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT	6
4. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	7
4.1 FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM	7
4.2. INTERFACE CONNECTIONS	8
4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	1C
4.3.1 LCD ELETRONICS SPECIFICATION	
4.3.2 Vcc Power Dip Condition	
4.3.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT	
4.3.4 LIGHTBAR Connector Pin Assignment	13
4.4 LVDS INPUT SIGNAL SPECIFICATIONS	
4.4.1 LVDS DATA MAPPING TABLE	
4.4.2 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT	15
4.5 DISPLAY TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	
4.6 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE	18
5. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
5.1 TEST CONDITIONS	
5.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS	19
6. RELIABILITY TEST ITEM	23
7. Mechanical Strength Characteristics	
7.1 Mechanical Strength Specifications	24
7.2 Test Conditions	24
7.3 Definition of Test Points	24
8. PACKING	
8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS	25
8.2 PACKING METHOD	
8.3 PALLET	
8.4 UN-PACKING METHOD	27



9. INX MODULE LABEL	28
10. PRECAUTIONS	29
10.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS	29
10.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS	29
10.3 OPERATION PRECAUTIONS	29
10.4 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS	30
10.5 SAFETY STANDARDS	30
10.6 OTHER	30
Appendix 1. SYSTEM COVER DESIGN NOTICE	31
Appendix 2. OUTLINE DRAWING	35



REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Page	Description
	2014.09.26	All	Approval Specification was first issued.

Version 2.0 1 October 2014 4 / 37



1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

M215HJJ-L30 is a 21.5" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with WLED Backlight unit and 30 pins 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1920 x 1080 Full HD mode and can display up to 16.7M colors. The converter module for Backlight is not built in.

1.2 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Screen Size	21.5" real diagonal		
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1920 x R.G.B. x 1080	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.24795 (H) x 0.24795 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7M	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally black	-	-
Surface Treatment	SR16 type,3H hard coating, Haze 25	-	-
Luminance, White	250	Cd/m2	
Color Gamut	72% of NTSC(Typ.)	-	-
TCO	TCO 6.0 compliance		
Power Consumption	Total 17.888 W@ cell 5.6 W, BL 12.288 (V	V),	(1)

Note (1) The specified power consumption: Total= cell (reference 4.3.1)+BL (reference 4.3.3)

2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

It	em	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal (H)	495.1	495.6	496.1	mm	
Module Size	Vertical (V)	291.7	292.2	292.7	mm (1)	
	Thickness (T)	-	- 11.0		mm	
Bezel Area	Horizontal	479.34	479.84	480.34	mm	
	Vertical	270.8	271.3	271.8	mm	
Active Area	Horizontal		476.064	-	mm	
Active Area	Vertical		267.786	-	mm	
Weight		-	1910	2100	g	

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

3.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	NOLE	
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	60	°C	(1)	
Operating Ambient Temperature	TOP	0	50	°C	(1), (2)	

Note (1)

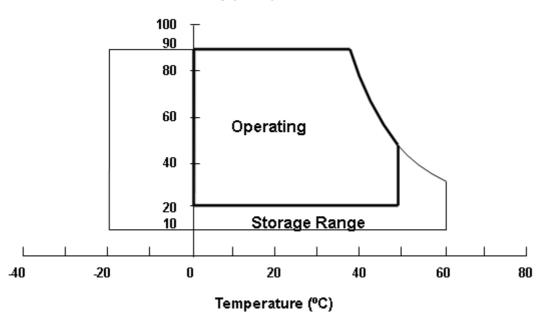
- (a) 90 %RH Max..
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max.
- (c) No condensation.

Version 2.0 1 October 2014 5 / 37



Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 °C min. and 60 °C max.

Relative Humidity (%RH)



3.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

3.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Val	lue	Unit	Note	
itom	Cymbol	Min.	Max.	Offic		
Power Supply Voltage	VCCS	-0.3	6.0	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3	3.6	V	(1)	

3.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

ltem	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note	
iteiii	Syllibol	Min.	Тур	Max.	Offic	Note	
LED Forward Current Per Input Pin	IF		80	85	mA	(1), (2) Duty=100%	
LED Pulse Forward Current Per Input Pin	ΙP			500	mA	(1), (2) Pulse Width≦10msec. and Duty≦25%	

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

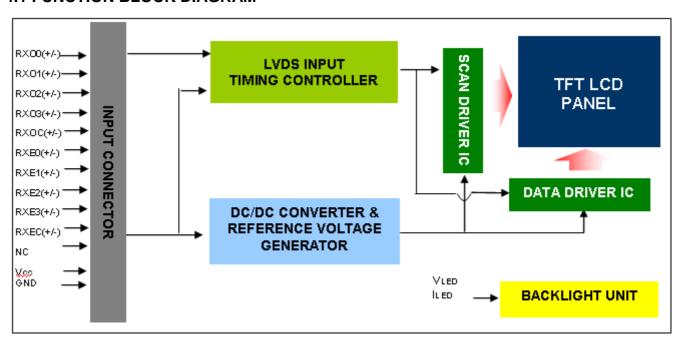
Note (2) Specified values are for input pin of LED light bar at Ta=25±2 °C (Refer to 4.3.3 and 4.3.4 for further information).

Version 2.0 1 October 2014 6 / 37



4. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM



Version 2.0 1 October 2014 7 / 37



4.2. INTERFACE CONNECTIONS

PIN ASSIGNMENT

Pin	Name	Description
1	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
2	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
3	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
4	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
5	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
6	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
7	GND	Ground
8	RXOC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
9	RXOC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
10	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3(odd)
11	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3 (odd)
12	RXE0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
13	RXE0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
14	GND	Ground
15	RXE1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
16	RXE1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
17	GND	Ground
18	RXE2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
19	RXE2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
20	RXEC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (even)
21	RXEC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (even)
22	RXE3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
23	RXE3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
24	GND	Ground
25	NC	For LCD internal use only, Do not connect
26	NC	For LCD internal use only, Do not connect
27	NC	For LCD internal use only, Do not connect
28	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
29	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
30	Vcc	+5.0V power supply

Note (1) Connector Part No.:

WF13-422-3033(Fullconn) or 187098-30091(P-two) equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No:

Mating Wire Cable Connector Part No.: FI-X30H(JAE) or FI-X30HL(JAE)

Mating FFC Cable Connector Part No.: 217007-013001 (P-TWO) or JF05X030-1 (JAE).

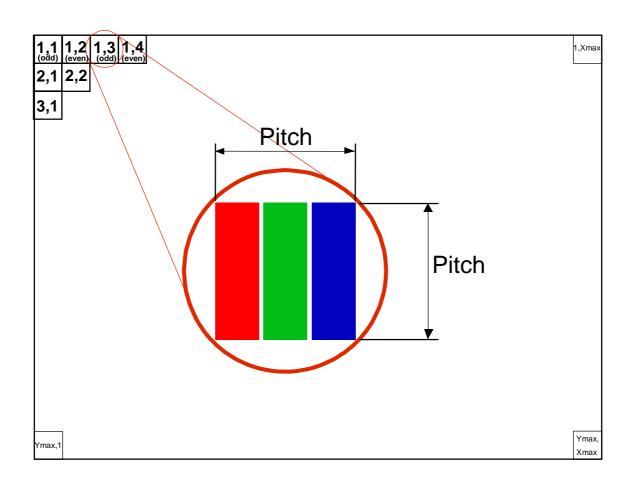
*Notice: There would be compatible issues if not using the indicated connectors in the matching list.

Note (3) The first pixel is odd.

Note (4) Input signal of even and odd clock should be the same timing.

Version 2.0 1 October 2014 8 / 37





Version 2.0 1 October 2014 9 / 37



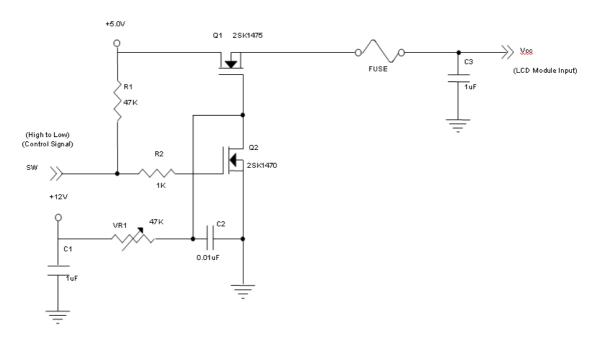
4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD ELETRONICS SPECIFICATION

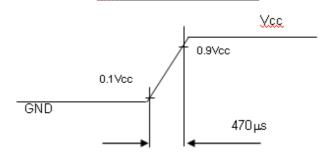
	Parame	otor	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
				Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	NOLE
Power Supply Voltage			Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	-
	Ripple Vo	ltage	V_{RP}	-	-	300	mV	-
	Rush Cu	rrent	I _{RUSH}	-	-	3	Α	(2)
		White	-	•	768	910	mA	(3)a
Power Su	pply Current	Black	-	•	720	845	mA	(3)b
		Vertical Stripe	-	•	948	1105	mA	(3)c
	Power Cons	umption	PLCD	•	4.8	5.6	Watt	(4)
	Different	ial Input Voltage	V_{ID}	100	-	600	mV	
	Commo	n Input Voltage	V_{CM}	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	
LVDS			V _{TH}	_	_	+100	mV	
interface	interface Threshold Voltage		VTH	_		+100	111 V	
Differential Input Low		V _{TL}	-100	_	_	mV		
	Thres	shold Voltage	V IL	100			111 V	

Note (1) The ambient temperature is $Ta = 25 \pm 2$ °C.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



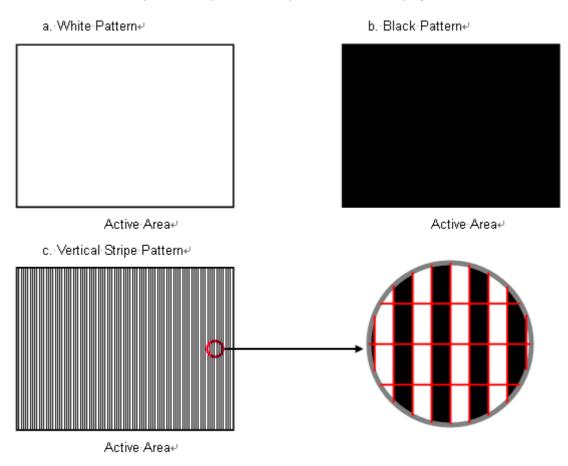
Vcc rising time is 470µs



Version 2.0 1 October 2014 10 / 37



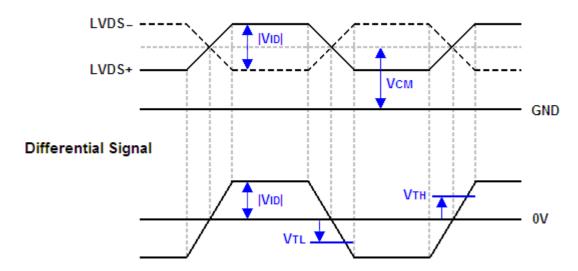
Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 5.0 V, $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$, Fr = 75Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



Note (4) The power consumption is specified at the pattern with the maximum current.

Note (5) The LVDS input characteristics are as follows:

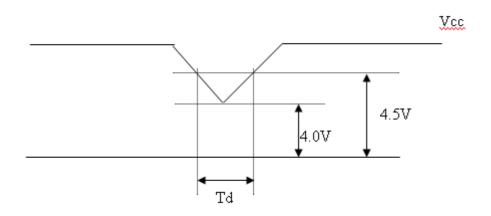
Single-end Signals



Version 2.0 1 October 2014 11 / 37



4.3.2 Vcc Power Dip Condition

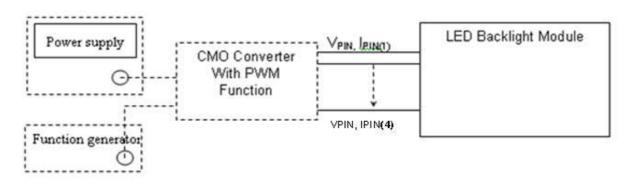


Dip condition:4.0 ≤ Vcc ≤ 4.5, Td ≤ 20ms

4.3.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
Farameter	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	O I II	Note
LED Light Bar Input Voltage Per Input Pin	VPIN		38.4	42	٧	(1), Duty=100%, IPIN=(80mA)
LED Light Bar Current Per Input Pin	IPIN	-	80	85	mA	(1), (2) Duty=100%
LED Life Time	LLED	40000			Hrs	(3)
Power Consumption	PBL		12.288	13.056	W	(1) Duty=100%, IPIN=(80mA)

- Note (1) LED light bar input voltage and current are measured by utilizing a true RMS multimeter as shown below:
- Note (2) PBL (Typ) = $IPIN(Typ) \times VPIN(Typ) \times (4) PBL(Max) = IPIN(Typ) \times VPIN(Max)x(4) input pins$,
- Note (3) The lifetime of LED is defined as the time when LED packages continue to operate under the conditions at Ta = 25 \pm 2 $^{\circ}$ C and I= (80)mA (per chip) until the brightness becomes \leq 50% of its original value.
- Note (4) The module must be operated with constant driving current

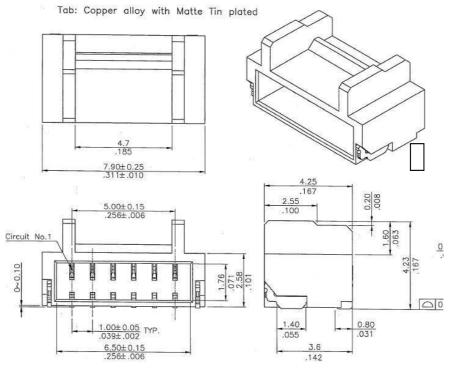


Version 2.0 1 October 2014 12 / 37



4.3.4 LIGHTBAR Connector Pin Assignment

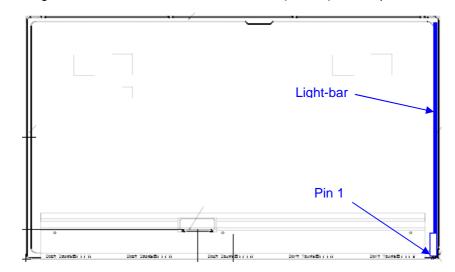
- (1).Connector: WM13-406-063N & CI1406M1HRK-NH.
- (2) LB Connector drawing:



CN1

Pin number	Description
1	Cathode of LED string
2	Cathode of LED string
3	VLED
4	VLED
5	Cathode of LED string
6	Cathode of LED string

Note (1) User's Mating Connector Part No.: CI1406SL000-NH (CviLux) or Compatible.



Version 2.0 1 October 2014 13 / 37



4.4 LVDS INPUT SIGNAL SPECIFICATIONS

4.4.1 LVDS DATA MAPPING TABLE

LVDS Channel O0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel O0	Data order	OG0	OR5	OR4	OR3	OR2	OR1	OR0
LVDS Channel O1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Charmer O1	Data order	OB1	OB0	OG5	OG4	OG3	OG2	OG1
LVDS Channel O2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Channel O2	Data order	DE	NA	NA	OB5	OB4	OB3	OB2
LVDS Channel O3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVD3 Channel O3	Data order	NA	OB7	OB6	OG7	OG6	OR7	OR6
LVDS Channel E0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel E0	Data order	EG0	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2	ER1	ER0
LVDS Channel E1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Channel E1	Data order	EB1	EB0	EG5	EG4	EG3	EG2	EG1
LVDS Channel E2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 GHAHITEI EZ	Data order	DE	NA	NA	EB5	EB4	EB3	EB2
LVDS Channel E3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVD3 Channel E3	Data order	NA	EB7	EB6	EG7	EG6	ER7	ER6

Version 2.0 1 October 2014 14 / 37



4.4.2 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

												Da		Sigr											
	Color				Re	ed								reer	1						Blu	ue			
	00.01	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G 7	G 6	G 5	G 4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B 7	В6	В5	В4	ВЗ	B2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:		:		:		:		:	:	:			:	_	:	:	:	:	_
Red	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	:0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:0
	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: (:	:
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Blue(2)	0					0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0						1	0
Scale	:	:	:	:		:	:	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:		:	:	:	:
Of	: Blue(253)		0			: 0		: 0	0	:	:	0	:		:	:	:	•	1	: 1	•	1	: 1	•	1
Blue		0	0	0	0		0		0				_	0			0	1			1	1	1	0	-
	Blue(254) Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Diue(200)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U		ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	ı

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

Version 2.0 1 October 2014 15 / 37



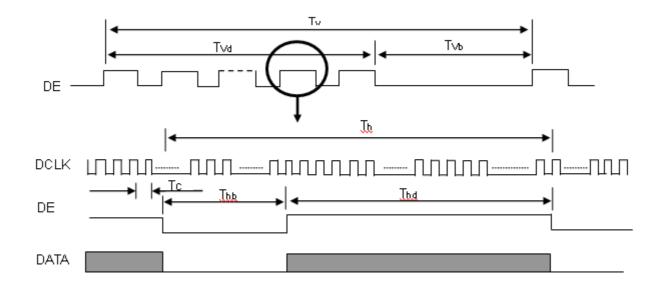
4.5 DISPLAY TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fc	58.54	74.25	97.98	MHz	-
	Period	Tc	ı	13.47		ns	
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T_{rcl}	-0.02*TC	-	0.02*TC	ns	(1)
	Input Clock to data skew	TLVCCS	-0.02*TC		0.02*TC		(2)
LVDS Clock	Spread spectrum modulation range	Fclkin_ mod	0.97*FC	-	1.03*FC	MHz	(2)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F _{SSM}	-	-	100	KHz	(3)
	Frame Rate	Fr	50	60	75	Hz	
	Total	Tv	1115	1125	1136	Th	Tv=Tvd+Tvb-
Vertical Display Term	Active Display	Tvd	1080	1080	1080	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	Tv-Tvd	Tv-Tvd	Tv-Tvd	Th	-
	Total	Th	1050	1100	1150	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Display Term	Active Display	Thd	960	960	960	Тс	-
	Blank	Thb	Th-Thd	Th-Thd	Th-Thd	Tc	-

Note: Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals are ignored.

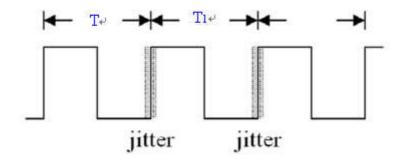
INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM



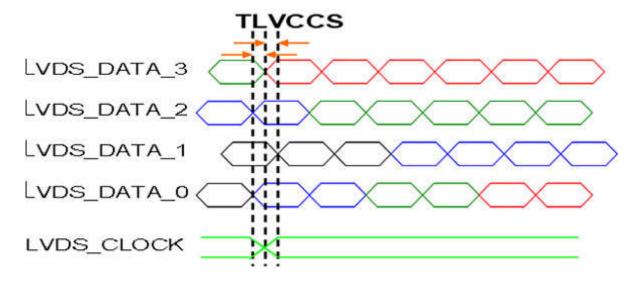
Version 2.0 1 October 2014 16 / 37



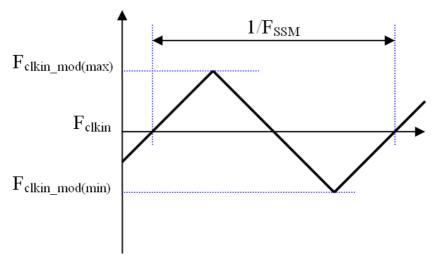
Note (1) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl = $IT_1 - TI$



Note (2) Input Clock to data skew is defined as below figures.



Note (3) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



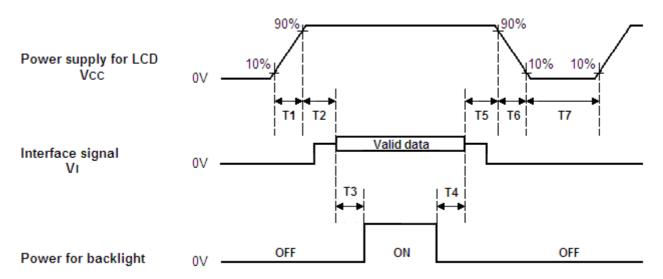
Note (4) The DCLK range at last line of V-blank should be set in 0 to Hdisplay/2

Version 2.0 1 October 2014 17 / 37



4.6 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

The power sequence specifications are shown as the following table and diagram.



Timing Specifications:

Parameters		Units		
Farameters	Min	Тур.	Max	Offics
T1	0.5		10	ms
T2	0	30	50	ms
T3	450			ms
T4	100	250		ms
T5	0	20	50	ms
T6	0.1		100	ms
T7	1000			ms

- Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- Note (2) When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- Note (3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- Note (4) T7 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Note (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- Note (6) INX won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.
- Note (7) There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "t6 spec".

Version 2.0 1 October 2014 18 / 37



5. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

5.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit			
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	оС			
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH			
Supply Voltage	VCC	5	V			
Input Signal	According to typical va	CHARACTERISTICS"				
LED Light Bar Input Current Per Input Pin	IPIN	80 ± 1.5	mADC			
PWM Duty Ratio	D	100	%			
LED Light Bar Test Converter	(INX Part No.: R373B0000UT000)					

5.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

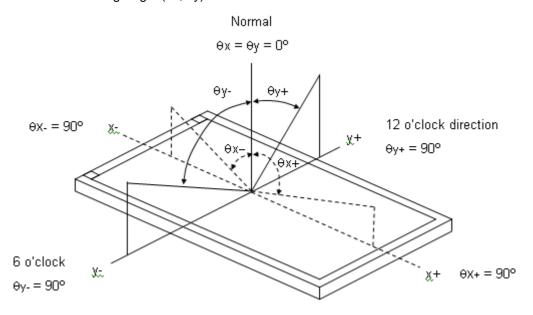
The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 5.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 5.1 and stable environment shown in Note (5).

Iter	Item		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Red	Rx			0.635			
	Red	Ry			0.340			
Color Chromaticity	Green	Gx		Тур –	0.315			
		Gy			0.635	Тур + -		(1) (5)
(CIE 1931)	Blue	Bx		0.03	0.155	0.03	_	(1), (5)
(312 1331)	Blue	Ву	$\theta_x=0^\circ$, $\theta_Y=0^\circ$		0.050			
	White	Wx	CS-2000		0.313			
	vvriite	Wy	R=G=B=255 Gray scale		0.329			
Center Luminance of White (Center of Screen)		L _C	Gray Scale	200	250	-	cd/m ²	(4), (5)
Contrast	Ratio	CR		2000	3000	-	-	(2), (5)
		TR			20	25	ms	(3)
Respone	e Time	TF			5	10	ms	(3)
		T _{GtG_AVE_}	$\theta_x=0^\circ, \ \theta_Y=0^\circ$	-	30	35	ms	(3)
White Va	riation	δW	$\theta_x=0^\circ, \ \theta_Y=0^\circ$	70	-	-	%	(5), (6)
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	$\theta x - + \theta x +$	CR ≧ 10	160	178	-	Deg.	(1), (5)
viewing Angle	Vertical	θ y- + θ y+	OI € 10	160	178	-	Deg.	(1), (3)

Version 2.0 1 October 2014 19 / 37



Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

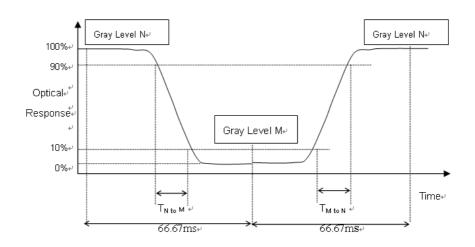
CR = CR (5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time:

-The TR is the rising-time means the transition time from "Full-Black (gray 0)" to "Full-White (gray 255)" and the TF is the falling-time means the transition time from "Full-White (gray 255)" to "Full-White (gray 0)" as the following figure. (Measured by TEKTRONIX TDS3054B).

-The TGtG is the response time means the transition time from "Gray N" to "Gray M" (N,M=0~255).



Version 2.0 1 October 2014 **20 / 37**



- T_{GtG AVE} is the total average of the T_{GtG} data (Measured by INX GTG instrument)
- The gray (N,M) stands for the (0,31,63,~255) as the following table.
- If system use ODC (Over Driving Circuit) function, $T_{\text{GiG_AVE}}$ may be 5ms~15ms.
- * It depends on Overshoot rate

Gray to 0	Pray.			•		Rising tim	е			
Gray to	эгау	0	31	63	95	127	159	191	223	255
	0									
	31									
l [63									
l [95									
Falling time	127									
l [159									
l [191									
	223									
	255									

Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C):

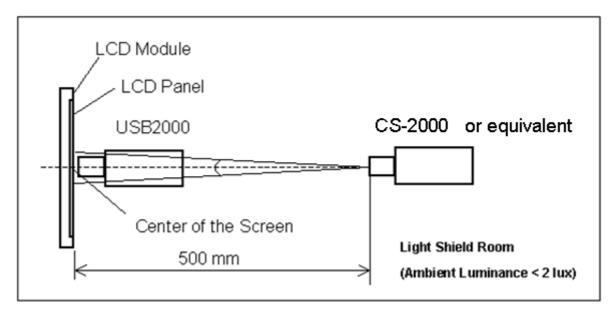
Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

$$L_{C} = L(5)$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 40 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 40 minutes in a windless room.



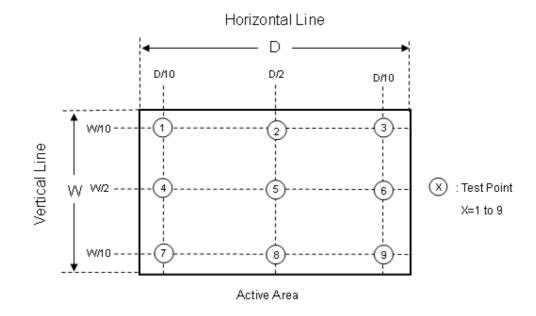
Version 2.0 1 October 2014 21 / 37



Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 9 points

 $\delta W = (Minimum [L (1) \sim L (9)] / Maximum [L (1) \sim L (9)]) *100%$



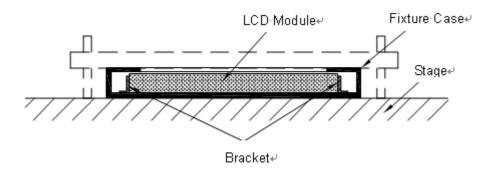


6. RELIABILITY TEST ITEM

Items	Required Condition	Note
Temperature Humidity Bias (THB)	Ta= 50℃ , 80%RH, 240hours	-
High Temperature Operation (HTO)	Ta= 50°C , 240hours	-
Low Temperature Operation (LTO)	Ta= 0°C , 240hours	-
High Temperature Storage (HTS)	Ta= 60 °C , 240hours	-
Low Temperature Storage (LTS)	Ta= -20°C , 240hours	-
Vibration Test (Non-operation)	Acceleration: 1.5 G Wave:sine Frequency: 10 - 300 Hz Sweep: 30 Minutes each Axis (X, Y, Z)	-
Shock Test (Non-operation)	Acceleration: 50 G Wave: Half-sine Active Time: 11 ms Direction: ± X, ± Y, ± Z.(one time for each Axis)	-
Thermal Shock Test (TST)	-20°C/30min , 60°C / 30min , 100 cycles	-
On/Off Test	25℃ ,On/10sec , Off /10sec , 30,000 cycles	-
ESD (Electro Static Discharge)	Contact Discharge: ± 8KV, 150pF(330Ω)	-
	Air Discharge: ± 15KV, 150pF(330Ω)	-
Altitude Test	Operation:10,000 ft / 24hours Non-Operation:30,000 ft / 24hours	-

- Note (1) criteria: Normal display image with no obvious non-uniformity and no line defect.
- Note (2) Evaluation should be tested after storage at room temperature for more than two hours.
- Note (3) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

The fixing condition is shown as below:





7. Mechanical Strength Characteristics

7.1 Mechanical Strength Specifications

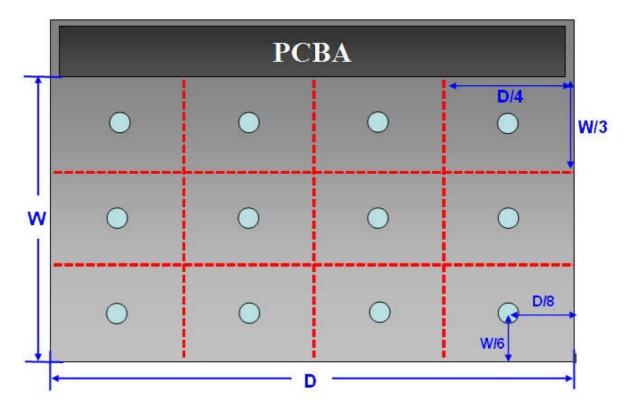
Item	Condition	Min	Unit	Note
Mechanical Strength	128 th Gray Pattern	0.6	Kgf	

7.2 Test Conditions

Items	Description
Test Condition	 Ambient Illumination: 10~15 lux Test Pattern: 128 Gray Distance of the judgment: 30cm from the surface of module Viewing angle of the judgment: Front
Gage Information	1. Push pull guage a. Model name: HF-50, maker: ALGOL b. Shape of gage tip - Diameter: 2mm - Thickness: 2mm
Definition of Minimum force	To measure minimum force when operator detects any white spot and light leakage that have occurred while operator presses on back side of module with push pull gage.

7.3 Definition of Test Points

Measure the minimum force of test points at 128th Gray pattern. The test points at back side of module area is showing as below (except PCBA).



Version 2.0 1 October 2014 24 / 37



8. PACKING

8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

(1) 13 LCD modules / 1 Box

(2) Box dimensions: 567(L) X 356(W) X 376(H) mm

(3) Weight: approximately: 28.84kg (13 modules per box)

8.2 PACKING METHOD

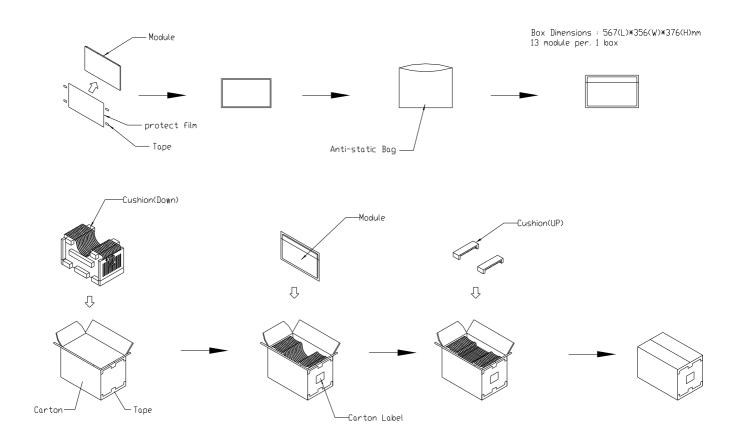


Figure. 8-1 Packing method

Version 2.0 1 October 2014 25 / 37

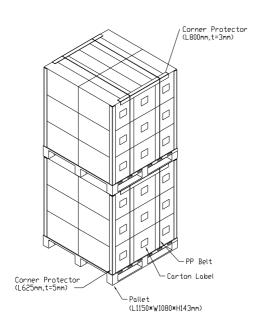


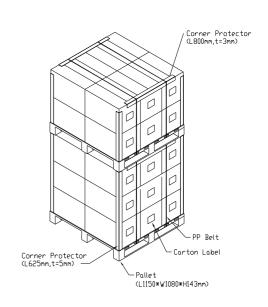


8.3 PALLET

Sea / Land Transportation (40ft HQ Container) 3+3 Layer

Sea / Land Transportation (40ft Container)
3+2 Layer





Air Transportation 3 Layer Corner Protector (L800nm,t=3nm) Corner Protector (L625nm,t=5nm) Pallet (L1150*W1080*H143mm)

Figure. 8-2 Packing method

Version 2.0 1 October 2014 26 / 37



8.4 UN-PACKING METHOD

UN-packaging method is shown as following figures.

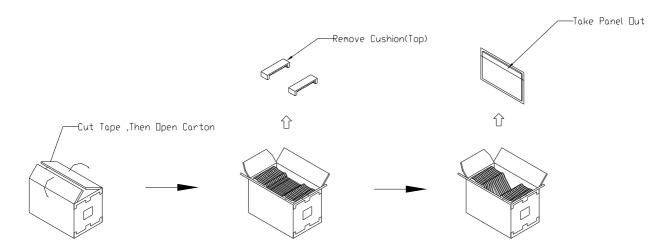


Figure. 8-3 Un-packing method



9. INX MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: M215HJJ-L30

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.

(c) INX barcode definition:

Serial ID: XX-XX-XX-YMD-L-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
XX	INX internal use	-
XX	Revision	Cover all the change
Х	INX internal use	-
XX	INX internal use	-
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 0~9, 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=32010=0, 2011=1, 2012=2 Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O, and U.
L	Product line #	Line 1=1, Line 2=2, Line 3=3,
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product

(d) Customer's barcode definition:

Serial ID: CM- L5J30-X-X-X-XX-L-XX-L-YMD-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
CM	Supplier code	INX=CM
L5J30	Model number	M215HJJ-L30= L5J30
Х	Revision code	Non ZBD: 1,2,~,8,9 / ZBD: A~Z
Х	Source driver IC code	Century=1, CLL=2, Demos=3, Epson=4, Fujitsu=5, Himax=6, Hitachi=7, Hynix=8, LDI=9, Matsushita=A, NEC=B, Novatek=C,
х	Gate driver IC code	OKI=D, Philips=E, Renasas=F, Samsung=G, Sanyo=H, Sharp=I, TI=J, Topro=K, Toshiba=L, Windbond=M, ILITEK=Q, Fiti=Y, None IC =Z
XX	Cell location	Tainan Taiwan=TN, Ningbo China=CN, Hsinchu Taiwan=SC
L	Cell line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
XX	Module location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN ; Ningbo China=NP, Shenzhen China=SH
L	Module line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 0~9, 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=32010=0, 2011=1, 2012=2 Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, T, U, V
NNNN	Serial number	By LCD supplier





(e) FAB ID(UL Factory ID):

Region	Factory ID
TWINX	GEMN
NBCMI	LEOO
NBCMI	VIRO
NBCME	CANO
NHCMI	CAPG

10. PRECAUTIONS

10.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly.

10.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0°C to 35°C and relative humidity of less than 70%
- (2) Do not store the TFT LCD module in direct sunlight
- (3) The module should be stored in dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light in storing

10.3 OPERATION PRECAUTIONS

(1) The LCD product should be operated under normal condition.

Normal condition is defined as below:

Temperature : 20±15°C Humidity: 65±20%

Display pattern: continually changing pattern(Not stationary)



(2) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, high humidity, high altitude , display pattern or operation time etc... It is strongly recommended to contact CMI for application engineering advice. Otherwise, Its reliability and function may not be guaranteed...

10.4 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (2) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

10.5 SAFETY STANDARDS

The LCD module should be certified with safety regulations as follows:

- (1) UL60950-1 or updated standard.
- (2) IEC60950-1 or updated standard.

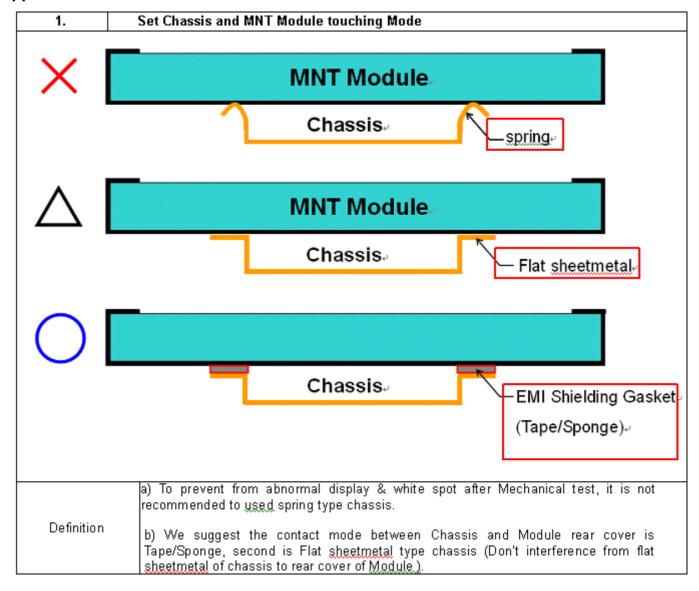
10.6 OTHER

When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.

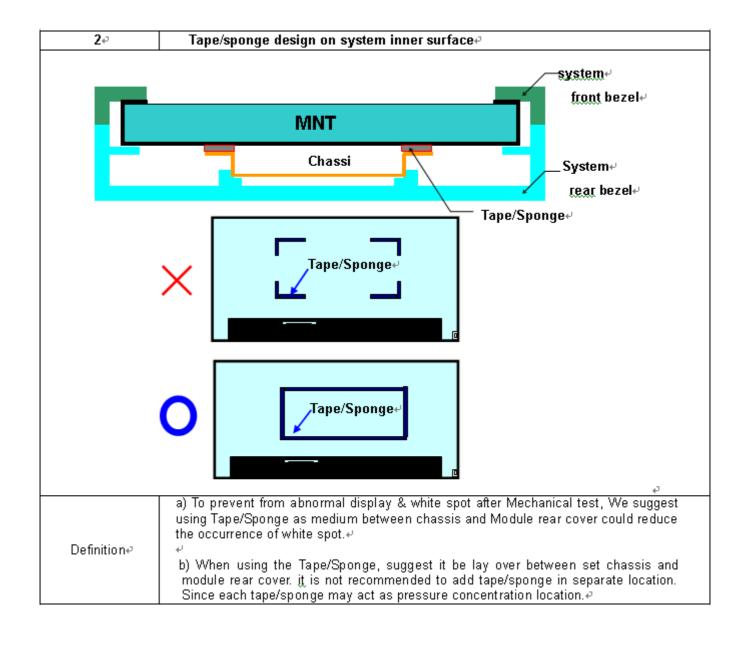
Version 2.0 1 October 2014 30 / 37



Appendix 1. SYSTEM COVER DESIGN NOTICE

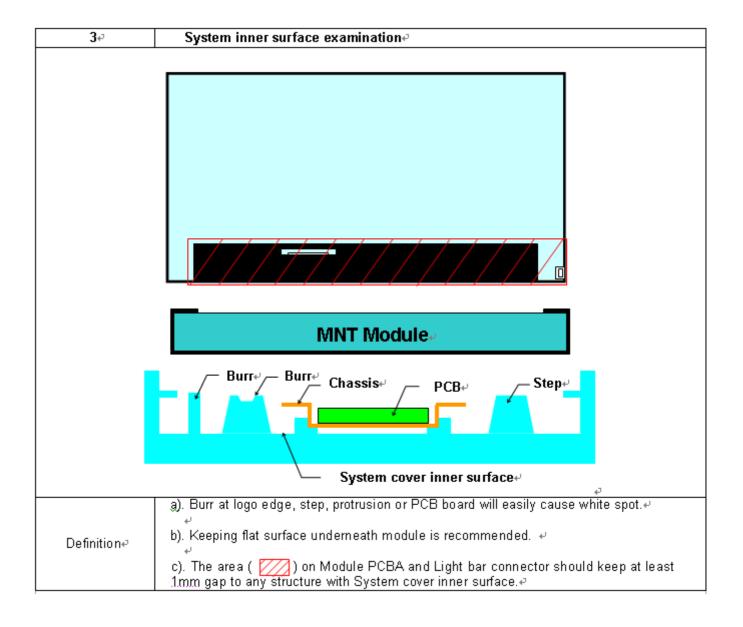






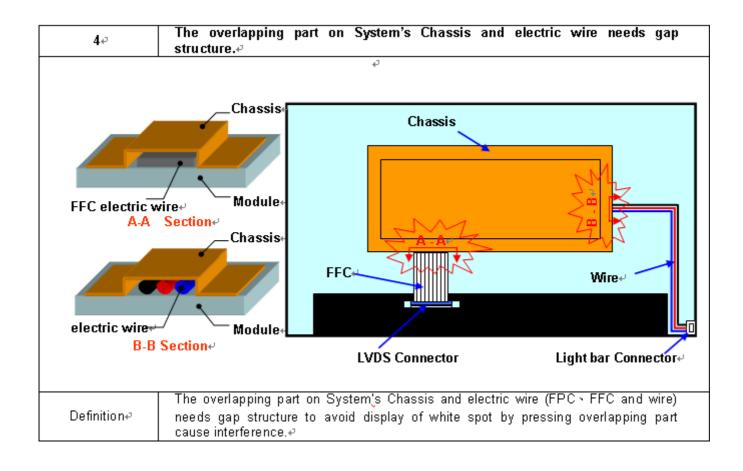
Version 2.0 1 October 2014 32 / 37





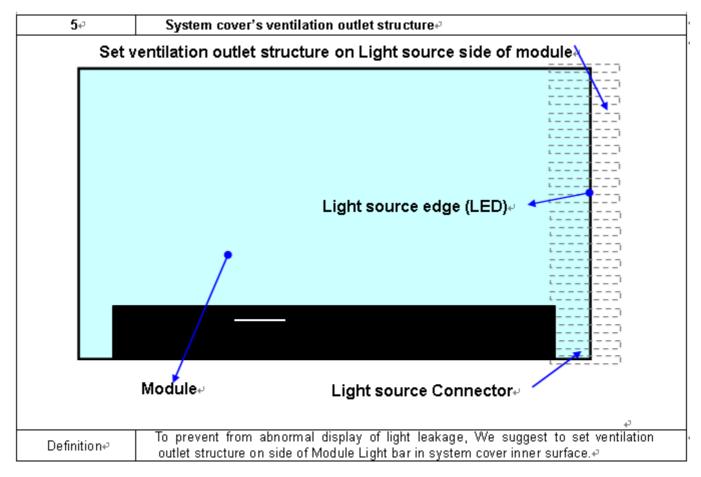
Version 2.0 1 October 2014 33 / 37





Version 2.0 1 October 2014 34 / 37





Appendix 2. OUTLINE DRAWING

Version 2.0 1 October 2014 35 / 37

