



טט	c. Number :
	Tentative Specification
	Preliminary Specification
	Approval Specification

# MODEL NO.: R190EFE SUFFIX: L51

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Name / Title	
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# **REVISION HISTORY**

Version	Date	Section	Description
1.0	13 <sup>th</sup> , May., 2013	All	Preliminary Specification was first issued.
2.0	11 <sup>th</sup> , Dec., 2013	All	Approval Specification was first issued.



#### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 OVERVIEW

R190EFE-L51 is a 19" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with LED Backlight unit and 30 pins one port 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1280 x 1024 SXGA and display monochrome driven by 8bit drivers. The converter module for Backlight is built in.

#### 1.2 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Screen Size	19" real diagonal		
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1280 x (3) x 1024	pixel	ı
Pixel Pitch	0.294 (H) x 0.294 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	Sub-pixel Vertical stripe	-	
Display Colors	8-bit per1(one) sub-pixel, grayscale	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Dual domain IPS, Normally Black	-	-
Surface Treatment	AG type, 3H hard coating, Haze 25	-	-
Luminance, White	1400	Cd/m2	
ROHS,Halogen Free	ROHS, Halogen Free	-	
Power Consumption	Total 27.74W @cell 9.74W& BL 18W		(1)

Note (1) The specified power consumption: Total= cell (reference 4.3.1)+BL (reference 4.3.3)

#### 2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Horizontal (H)	395.5	396	397.5	mm		
Module Size	Vertical (V)	323.5	324	324.5	mm	(1)	
	Thickness (T)	19.6	20.1	20.6	mm		
Bezel Area	Horizontal	380.15	380.3	380.45	mm		
	Vertical	304.85	305	305.15	mm		
Active Area	Horizontal	-	376.32	-	mm		
Active Area	Vertical	-	301.06	-	mm		
Weight		-	2110	2330	g		

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

#### 3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

#### 3.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	60	°C	(1)	
Operating Ambient Temperature	TOP	0	50	°C	(1), (2)	

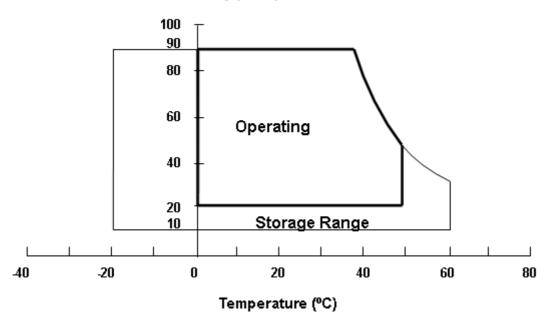
Note (1)

- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta < 40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta < 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.



Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 °C min. and 60 °C max.

## Relative Humidity (%RH)



#### 3.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

#### 3.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage	VCCS	-0.3	13.2	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3	4.3	V	(1)

#### 3.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
Item	Syllibol	Min.	Тур	Max.	Oill	Note
LED Forward Current Per Input Pin	l <sub>F</sub>	0	150	200	mA	(1), (2) Duty=100%
LED Pulse Forward Current Per Input Pin	l <sub>P</sub>			200	mA	(1), (2) Pulse Width≦10msec. and Duty≦30%

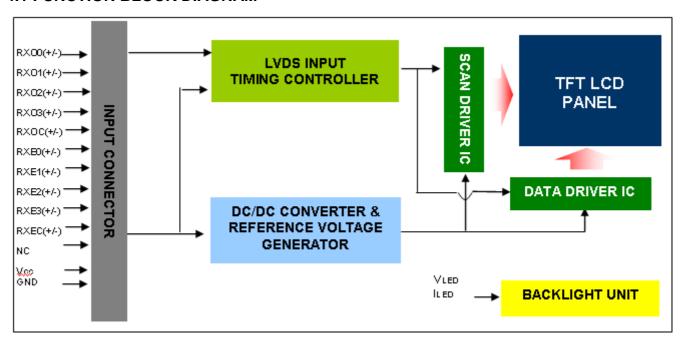
Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for input pin of LED light bar at Ta=25±2 <sup>◦</sup>C (Refer to 4.3.3 and 4.3.4 for further information).



#### 4. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

#### 4.1 FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM



#### 4.2. INTERFACE CONNECTIONS

#### **PIN ASSIGNMENT**

Pin	Name	Description
1	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
2	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
3	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
4	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
5	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
		• , , ,
6	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
7	GND	Ground
8	RXOC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
9	RXOC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
10	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3(odd)
11	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3 (odd)
12	RXE0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
13	RXE0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
14	GND	Ground
15	RXE1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
16	RXE1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
17	GND	Ground
18	RXE2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
19	RXE2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
20	RXEC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (even)
21	RXEC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (even)
22	RXE3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
23	RXE3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
24	GND	Ground
25	LVDS_SE	0:VESA Mode; 1:JEITA Mode (0 : low or open ; 1 : 3.3V)



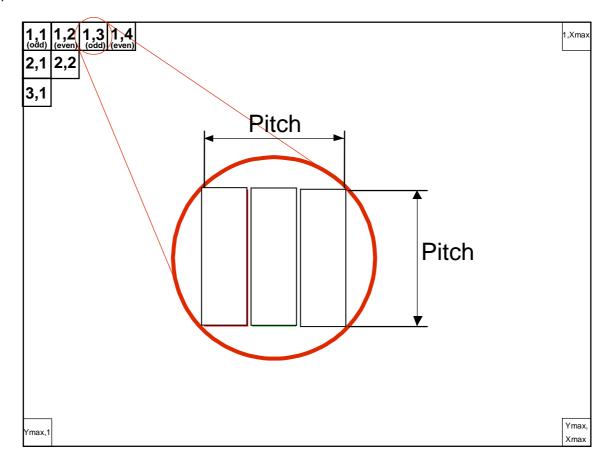
	L	
Pin	Name	Description
26	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open
27	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open
28	V <sub>CC</sub> (12V)	+12.0V power supply
29	V <sub>CC</sub> (12V)	+12.0V power supply
30	V <sub>CC</sub> (12V)	+12.0V power supply

Note (1) Connector Part No.: MSAKT2407P30A (STM)

Note (2) The first pixel is odd.

Note (3) Input signal of even and odd clock should be the same timing.

Note (4) The module uses a 100-ohm resistor between positive and negative data lines of each receiver input.



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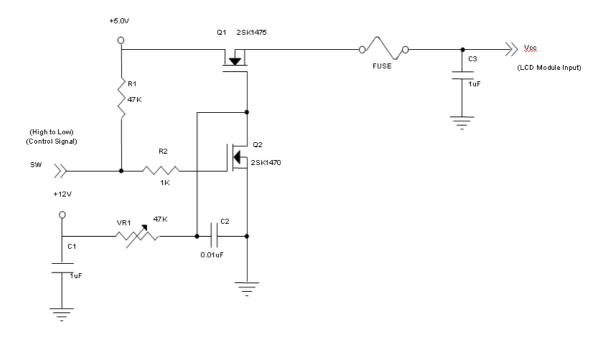
### 4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 4.3.1 LCD ELETRONICS SPECIFICATION

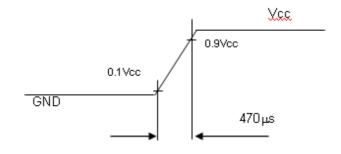
Parame	tor	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
raiaille	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Power Supply	/ Voltage	Vcc	11.4	12.0	12.6	V	-
Ripple Vo	ltage	$V_{RP}$	-	-	300	mV	-
Rush Cui	rrent	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	-	3	Α	(2)
	White		•	0.58	0.812	Α	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black		-	0.23	0.322	Α	(3)b
	Vertical Stripe		-	0.47	0.658	Α	(3)c
Power Cons	umption	PLCD	-	6.96	9.74	Watt	(4)
LVDS differential	LVDS differential input voltage			-	600	mV	
LVDS common in	Vic	1.0	1.2	1.4	V		
LVDS Logic High	VIH	2.64	-	-	V		
LVDS Logic Low	nput Voltage	VIL	-	-	0.66	V	

Note (1) The ambient temperature is  $Ta = 25 \pm 2$  °C.

### Note (2) Measurement Conditions:

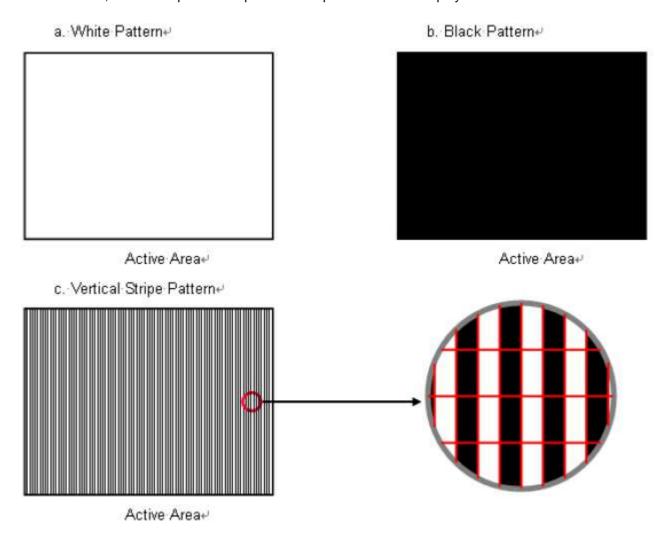


### Vcc rising time is 470µs





Note (3) The specified max power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 12.0 V,  $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ , Fr = 60Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

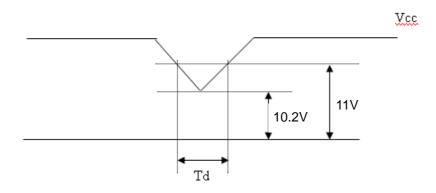


Note (4) The power consumption is specified at the pattern with the maximum current.



### 4.3.2 Vcc Power Dip Condition

- Dip condition:  $10.2V \le Vcc \le 11.1V, Td \le 20ms$ 



#### 4.3.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note	
r arameter	Syllibol	Min. Typ. N		Max.	Offic	NOLE	
LED Light Bar Input Voltage Per Input Pin	VPIN		38.4	43.2	V	(1), Duty=100%, IPIN=105mA	
LED Light Bar Current Per Input Pin	IPIN	105			mA	(1), (2) Duty=100%	
LED Life Time	LLED	50000			Hrs	(3)	
Power Consumption	PBL		16.1	18.1	W	(1) Duty=100%, IPIN=105mA	

Note (1) LED light bar input voltage and current are measured by utilizing a true RMS multimeter as shown below:

Note (2)  $PBL(Typ) = IPIN(Typ) \times VPIN(Typ) \times PBL(Max) = IPIN(TYP) \times VPIN(Max) \times input pins...$ 

Note (3) The lifetime of LED is defined as the time when LED packages continue to operate under the conditions at Ta = 25  $\pm$ 2  $^{\circ}$ C and I= 150mA (per chip) until the brightness becomes  $\leq$  50% of its original value.

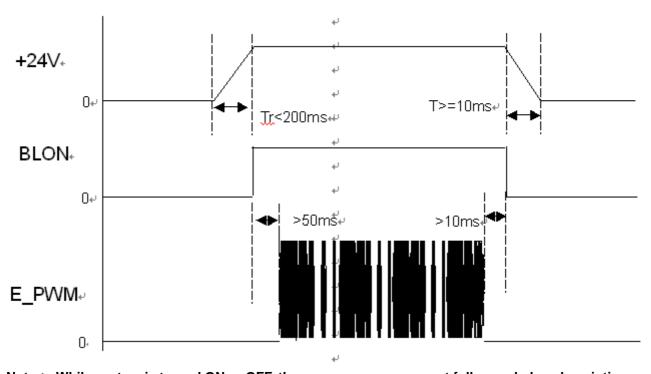




#### 4.3.4 CONVERTER ELECTRICAL CHARATERISTICS

Parameter	Parameter			Value	,	Unit	Note
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Converter Power Sup	ply Voltage	$V_{i}$	21.6	24.0	26.4	V	(Duty 100%)
Converter Power Sup	ply Current	l <sub>i</sub>	0.5	0.7	0.9	Α	@ Vi = 24V (Duty 100%)
Input Power Consump	otion	Pı		16.8	23.8	W	@ Vi = 24V (Duty 100%)
BL Control Level	Backlight on	BLON	2	3.3	5.0	V	
BE Control Level	Backlight off	DEON	0	0	0.8	V	
PWM Control Level	PWM High Level	E PWM	2.0	3.3	5.0	V	
FWW Control Level	PWM Low Level		0	0	8.0	V	
PWM Control Duty Ra	PWM Control Duty Ratio					%	
PWM Control Frequer	ncy	f <sub>PWM</sub>	100	200	210	Hz	

Power sequence and control signal timing are shown in the following figure



Note: While system is turned ON or OFF, the power sequences must follow as below descriptions

Turn ON sequence: Vi(+24V) → BLON → E\_PWM signal
Turn OFF sequence: E\_PWM signal → BLON → Vi(+24V)



#### 4.3.5 CONVERTER INPUT CONNECTOR PIN ASSIGNMENT

CN1 Connector: FCN JH2-D2-143N\_D or equivalent

Pin number	Signal name	Feature
1	$V_BL$	+24 V
2	$V_{BL}$	+24 V
3	$V_{BL}$	+24 V
4	$V_{BL}$	+24 V
5	$V_{BL}$	+24 V
6	GND	GND
7	GND	GND
8	GND	GND
9	GND	GND
10	GND	GND
11	NC	NC
12	BLON	BL ON/OFF (ON:5V, OFF:0V)
13	NC	NC
14	E_PWM	External PWM Control for Positive (Hi Level: 5V, Lo Level: 0V)

#### 4.4 LVDS INPUT SIGNAL SPECIFICATIONS

# 4.4.1 LVDS DATA INPUT DATA ORDER (VESA mode)

LVDS_SEL = Groun	d or Open							
LVDS Channel O0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel 00	Data order	OG0	OR5	OR4	OR3	OR2	OR1	OR0
LVDS Channel O1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Channel O1	Data order	OB1	OB0	OG5	OG4	OG3	OG2	OG1
LVDS Channel O2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Channel 02	Data order	DE	NA	NA	OB5	OB4	OB3	OB2
LVDS Channel O3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVD3 Charmer O3	Data order	NA	OB7	OB6	OG7	OG6	OR7	OR6
LVDS Channel E0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel EU	Data order	EG0	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2	ER1	ER0
LVDS Channel E1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Chamile L1	Data order	EB1	EB0	EG5	EG4	EG3	EG2	EG1
LVDS Channel E2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Channel E2	Data order	DE	NA	NA	EB5	EB4	EB3	EB2
LVDS Channel E3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVD3 GHanner E3	Data order	NA	EB7	EB6	EG7	EG6	ER7	ER6

### 4.4.2 LVDS DATA INPUT DATA ORDER (JEITA mode)

LVDS_SEL = 3.3V								
LVDS Channel O0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel 00	Data order	OG2	OR7	OR6	OR5	OR4	OR3	OR2
LVDS Channel O1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Channel O1	Data order	OB3	OB2	OG7	OG6	OG5	OG4	OG3
LVDS Channel O2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Charmer 02	Data order	DE	NA	NA	OB7	OB6	OB5	OB4
LVDS Channel O3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27



	Data order	NA	OB1	OB0	OG1	OG0	OR1	OR0
LVDS Channel E0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel E0	Data order	EG2	ER7	ER6	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2
LVDS Channel E1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVDS Charmer ET	Data order	EB3	EB2	EG7	EG6	EG5	EG4	EG3
LVDS Channel E2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVDS Charmer E2	Data order	DE	NA	NA	EB7	EB6	EB5	EB4
LVDS Channel E3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVD3 Channel E3	Data order	NA	EB1	EB0	EG1	EG0	ER1	ER0



### 4.4.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

												Da	ta S	Sign	al										
	Color				Re									een							Bl				
	T=	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0			G5	G4	G3		G1	G0	B7	B6	B5		B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:		:		:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



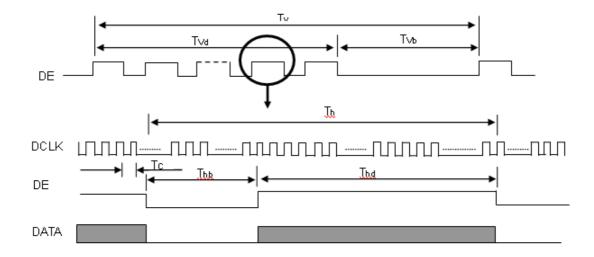
#### 4.5 DISPLAY TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fc	45.74	54	75.03	MHz	-
	Period	Tc	13.33	18.5	21.8	ns	
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T <sub>rcl</sub>	-0.02*Tc		0.02*Tc	ns	(1)
	Input Clock to data skew	TLVCCS	-0.02*Tc	-	0.02*Tc	ps	(2)
LVDS Clock	Spread spectrum modulation range	F <sub>clkin_mod</sub>	-	-	400	MHz	(2)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F <sub>SSM</sub>		-	200	KHz	(3)
	Frame Rate	Fr	56	60	75	Hz	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
	Total	Tv	1034	1066	1124	Th	-
Vertical Display Term	Active Display	Tvd	1024	1024	1024	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	Tv-Tvd	42	Tv-Tvd	Th	-
	Total	Th	790	844	890	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Display Term	Active Display	Thd	640	640	640	Тс	-
	Blank	Thb	Th-Thd	204	Th-Thd	Tc	-

Note: Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

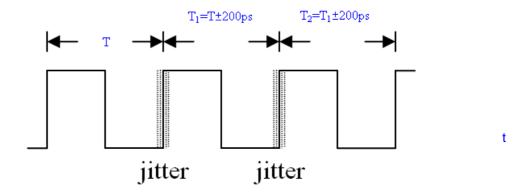
#### **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM**



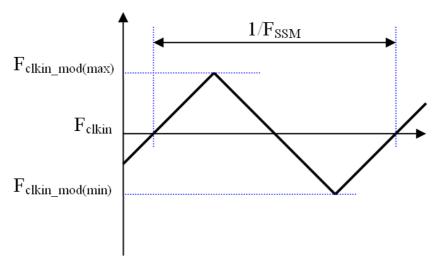
Note (1) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl =  $IT_1 - TI$ 

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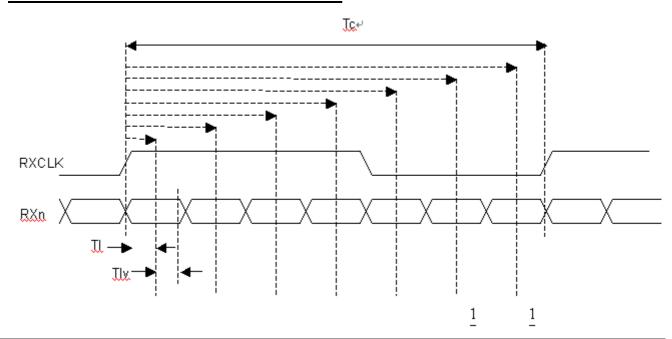


Note (2) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



Note(3) The LVDS timing diagram and setup/hold time is defined and showing as the following figures.

### **LVDS RECEIVER INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM**

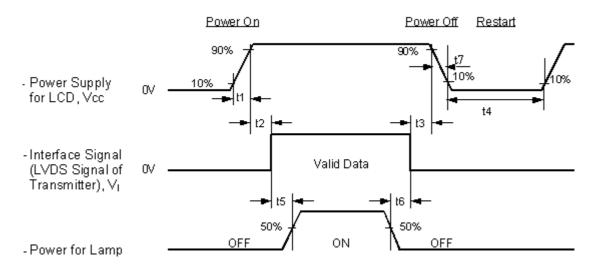


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#### 4.6 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



#### Timing Specifications:

Parameters		Values		Units
Farameters	Min	Тур.	Max	Office
T1	0.5	=	10	msec
T2	0	-	50	msec
T3	0	-	50	msec
T4	500	-	-	msec
T5	450	-	-	msec
T6	90	-	-	msec
T7	5	-	100-	msec

- Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- Note (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- Note (3) In case of  $V_{CC}$  = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- Note (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power of and on period.
- Note (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- Note (6) It is not guaranteed that products are damaged which is caused by not following the Power Sequence.
- Note (7) It is suggested that Vcc falling time follows T7 specification; else slight noise is likely to occur when LCD is turned off (even backlight is already off).



### 5. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### **5.1 TEST CONDITIONS**

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	5	V
Input Signal	According to typical va	alue in "3. ELECTRICAL (	CHARACTERISTICS"
LED Light Bar Input Current Per Input Pin	I <sub>PIN</sub>	105	mA <sub>DC</sub>
PWM Duty Ratio	D	98	%
LED Light Bar Test Converter		INX	

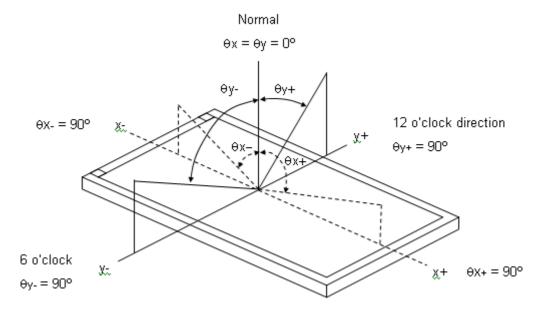
#### **5.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 5.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 5.1 and stable environment shown in Note (5).

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
White Balance	White	Wx	$\theta_x=0^\circ, \ \theta_Y=0^\circ$	Typ – 0.03	0.294	Typ + 0.03	-	(1), (5)
		Wy			0.309			
Center Luminance of White (Center of Screen)		L <sub>C</sub>	CS-2000 or equivalent	1200	1400	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	(4), (5)
Contrast Ratio		CR		800	1000	-	-	(2), (5)
Response Time		$T_{on}$	$\theta_x=0^\circ,  \theta_Y=0$	-	15	20	ms	(3)
		$T_{off}$		-	15	20		
White Variation(adjacent)		$\delta W_a$	$\theta_x$ =0°, $\theta_Y$ =0° USB2000	90			%	(5), (6)
White Variation(total)		$\delta W_t$	$\theta_x$ =0°, $\theta_Y$ =0° USB2000	70			%	(5), (6)
Viewing Angle		$\Theta_{y+}$ $\Theta_{y-}$ $\Theta_{x+}$ $\Theta_{x-}$	CR ≧ 10 USB2000	80	85		Deg.	(1), (5)



#### Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta x$ , $\theta y$ ):



### Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

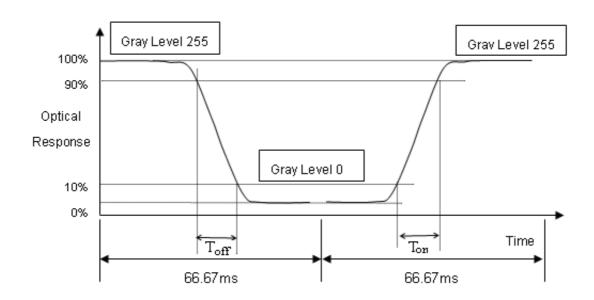
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR (5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (4).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (Ton, Toff):



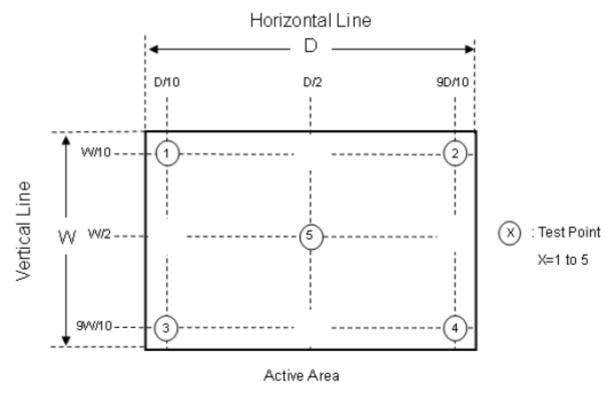


#### Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L<sub>C</sub>):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

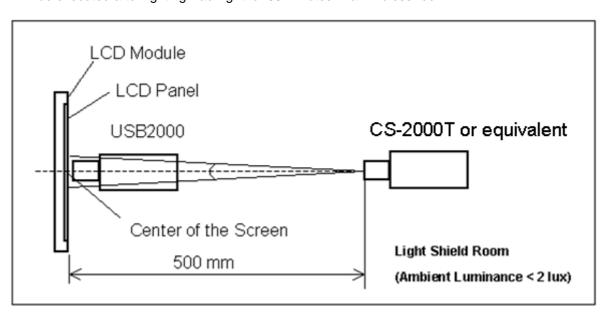
$$L_C = L(5)$$

L(x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at the following figure.



#### Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 60 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 60 minutes in a windless room.



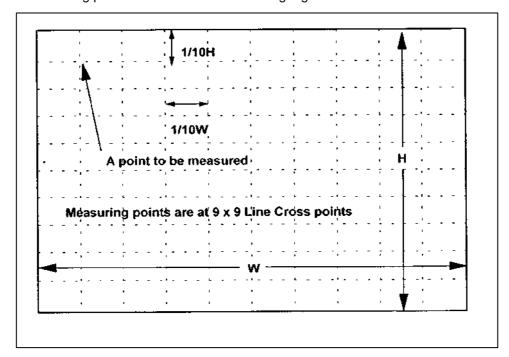


#### Note (6) There is the Uniformity Measurement below:

'L<sub>bright</sub>' represents the Luminance of the point that is brighter than the other point to be compared.

'L<sub>dark</sub>' represents the Luminance of the point that is darker than the other point to be compared.

Measuring points are shown in the following Fig.



When the backlight is on with all pixels in the white (maximum gray) level, the luminance uniformity is defined as follows;

#### Where:

L<sub>bright</sub>: The luminance of the brightness part of the area

L<sub>dark</sub>: The luminance of the darkest part of the area

#### 1. Adjacent Area

Luminance Uniformity = 
$$\frac{L_{dark}}{L_{bright}} \ge 0.90$$

over a circular area of 10mm diameter placed anywhere on the screen.

#### 2. Screen Total

Luminance Uniformity = 
$$\frac{L_{dark}}{L_{bright}} \ge 0.70$$

over the entire screen.



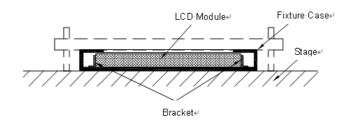
#### 6. RELIABILITY TEST ITEM

Items	Required Condition	Note
Temperature Humidity Bias (THB)	Ta= 50℃ , 80%RH, 240hours	
High Temperature Operation (HTO)	Ta= $50$ °C , 240hours	
Low Temperature Operation (LTO)	Ta= 0°C , 240hours	
High Temperature Storage (HTS)	Ta= $60$ °C , 240hours	
Low Temperature Storage (LTS)	Ta= -20 $^{\circ}$ C , 240hours	
	Acceleration: 1.5 G	
	Wave: sine	
Vibration Test	Frequency: 10 - 300 Hz	
(Non-operation)	Sweep: 30 Minutes each Axis (X, Y, Z)	
	Acceleration: 50 G	
	Wave: Half-sine	
Shock Test	Active Time: 11 ms	
(Non-operation)	Direction: $\pm X$ , $\pm Y$ , $\pm Z$ .(one time for each Axis)	
Thermal Shock Test (TST)	-20°C/30min , 60°C / 30min , 100 cycles	
On/Off Test	$25^{\circ}\!$	
	Operation:10,000 ft / 24hours	
Altitude Test	Non-Operation:30,000 ft / 24hours	

- Note (1) criteria: Normal display image with no obvious non-uniformity and no line defect.
- Note (2) Evaluation should be tested after storage at room temperature for more than two hour
- Note (3) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

The fixing condition is shown as below:

#### At Room Temperature





#### 7. PACKING

### 7.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

(1) 11 LCD modules / 1 Box

(2) Box dimensions: 567(L)\*477(W)\*416(H)mm

(3) Weight: approximately: 23.85 kg

### 7.2 PACKING METHOD

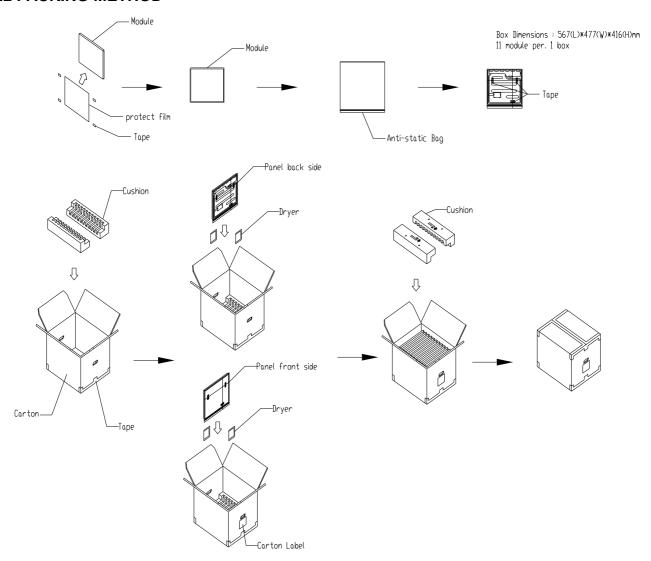
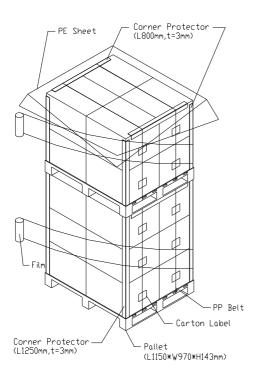


Figure. 7-1 Packing method

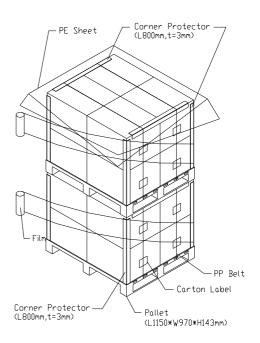


### 7.3 PALLET

Sea / Land Transportation (40ft HQ Container)



Sea / Land Transportation (40ft Container)



#### Air Transportation

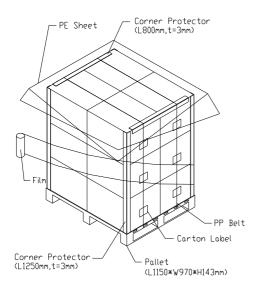


Figure. 7-2 Packing method





### 7.4 UN-PACKING METHOD

UN-packaging method is shown as following figures.

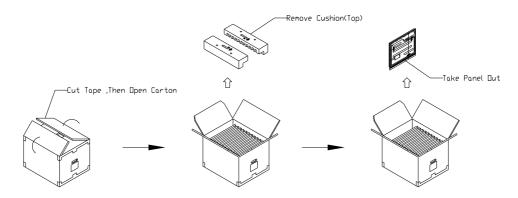
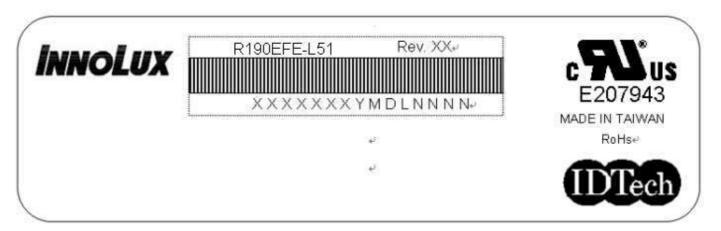


Figure. 7-3 Un-packing method



#### 8. INX MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: R190EFE-L51

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.

(c) INX barcode definition:

Serial ID: XX-XX-X-XX-YMD-L-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description		
XX	INX internal use	-		
XX	Revision	Cover all the change		
Χ	INX internal use	-		
XX	INX internal use	-		
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 0~9, 2010=0, 2011=1, 2012=2 Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O, and U.		
L	Product line #	Line 1=1, Line 2=2, Line 3=3,		
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product		

# NNOLUX 群創光電

# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

#### 9. PRECAUTIONS

#### 9.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10)When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly.

#### 9.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from  $0^{\circ}$ C to  $35^{\circ}$ C and relative humidity of less than 70%
- (2) Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight
- (3) The module should be stored in dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light in storing

### 9.3 OPERATION PRECAUTIONS

(1) The LCD product should be operated under normal condition.

Normal condition is defined as below:

Temperature : 20±15°C Humidity: 65±20%

Display pattern: continually changing pattern(Not stationary)

(2) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, high humidity, high altitude ,display pattern or operation time etc...It is strongly recommended to contact INX for application engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed.

#### 9.4 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (2) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.



#### 9.5 SAFETY STANDARDS

The LCD module should be certified with safety regulations as follows:

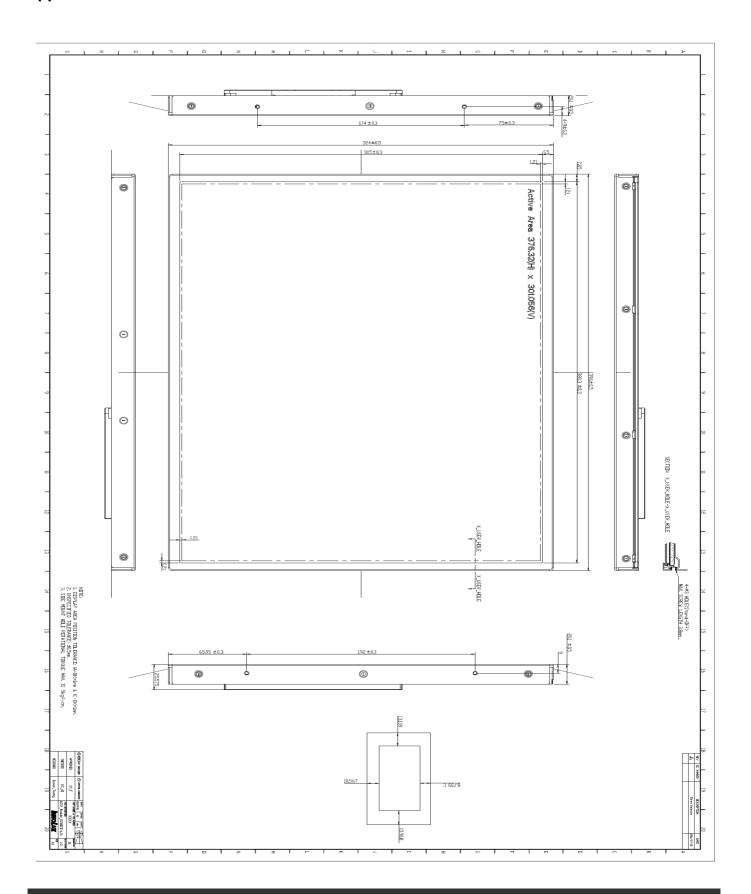
- (1) UL60950-1 or updated standard.
- (2) IEC60950-1 or updated standard.

#### **9.6 OTHER**

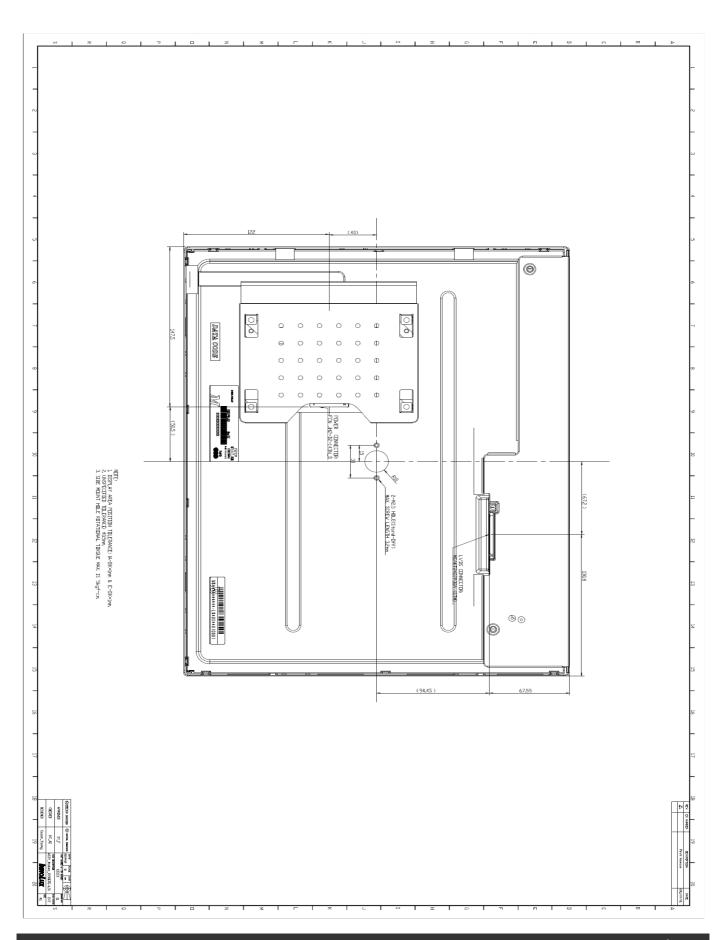
When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.



# **Appendix. OUTLINE DRAWING**







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