

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(    ) Preliminary Specification

( ◆ ) Final Specification

Title	15.6" HD+ TFT LCD
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Customer	lenovo
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LP156WD1
Suffix	TLB2

\*When you obtain standard approval,  
please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
/	
/	
/	

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

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## Product Specification

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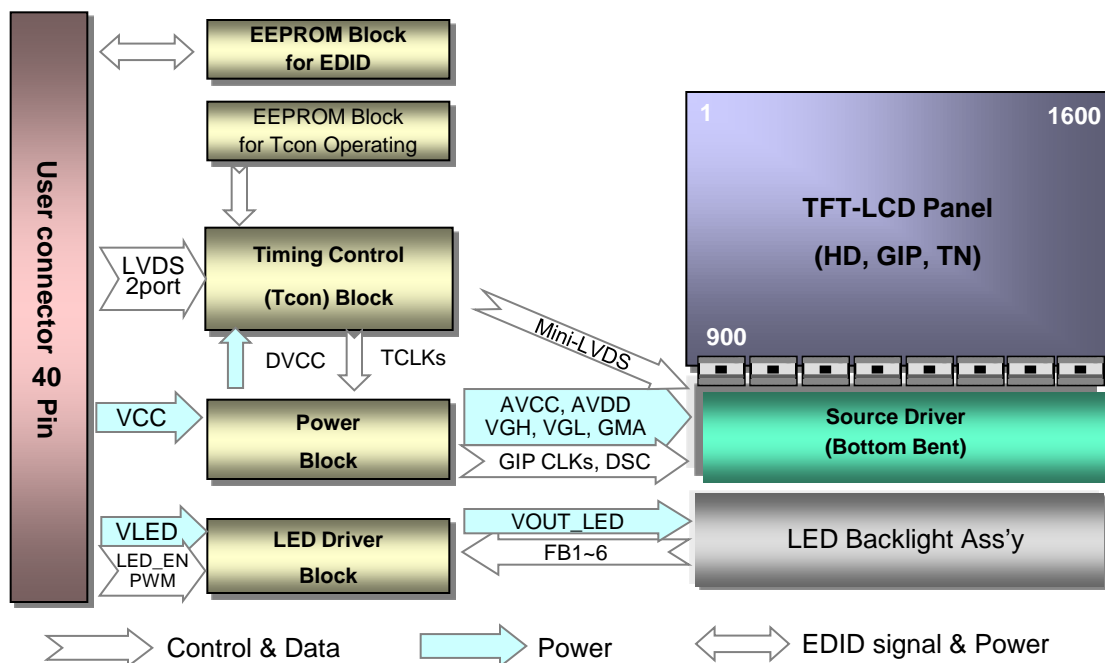
**Product Specification**
**RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0	Feb. 26, 2009	-	First Draft (Preliminary Specification)	0.0
0.1	Mar. 10, 2009	6	Update Life Time	
		13, 14	Update Luminance Variation and note	
		17~19	Update Mechanical Dimension	
		26	Add Label Information	
0.2	Jun. 10, 2009	4	Update General Description	
		6,7	Update Electrical Characteristics	
		8	Update Interface Connections	
		13	Update Power Sequence	
		14	Update Color Coordinates, Surface Luminance (min)	
		19	Update Mechanical Dimension	
0.3	Oct. 9, 2009	6,7	Update min duty (5%→1%) and min PWM Frequency(200→150)	
		25	Update International Standards	
		30~32	Update EDID (check sum "FD"→"E2" for change Dclk)	0.2
0.4	Oct. 29, 2009	6	Delete Black Input Current Spec. and change PWM, LED_EN High Level Voltage Spec. (3.0→2.2)	
		8	Update LED Power Supply(20V→21V)	
		11	Update Timing Specifications(for change Dclk) and Add Appendix	
		13	Update Power Sequence(T3: max 50 -> max -, T4: min 400 -> min 150, T6:min200 -> min 0, T7:min 3 -> min 0, T8,T11: min 10 -> min 0)	
		14	Update Uniformity(5point) and change Uniformity(13point, max 60% -> min 60%) and add spec. (typ.) of viewing angle	
		15	Change Gray scale L55 (85.56→74.17)	
		18	Update Front metal width size and Metal frame edge to Active area edge size and Bezel opening tolerance (0.5→0.3)	
		20	Update Torque max 2.5 → min 2.3, max 2.5	
1.0	Nov. 12, 2009	-	Final Draft	
		6	Delete "Mosaic" because duplicate next page.	
		8	Delete statements about connector and Update 2.1	
		14	Add CR Typ. Spec.(400)	

## Product Specification

### 1. General Description

The LP156WD1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral LED backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.6 inches diagonally measured active display area with HD+ resolution (1600 horizontal by 900 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors. The LP156WD1 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI. The LP156WD1 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP156WD1 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



### General Features

Active Screen Size	15.6 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	359.3(H, typ.) × 209.5(V, typ.) × 5.7(D,max) [mm]
Pixel Pitch	0.2151 mm x 0.2151 mm
Pixel Format	1600 horiz. By 900 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	220 cd/m <sup>2</sup> (Typ.5 point)
Power Consumption	Total 6.7Watt(Typ.)@ Logic 1.5Watt(Typ.), B/L input 5.2 Watt (Typ.)
Weight	470g ( Max.) / 450g ( Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare treatment of the front polarizer (3H)
RoHS Comply	Yes
BFR / PVC / As Free	Yes all.

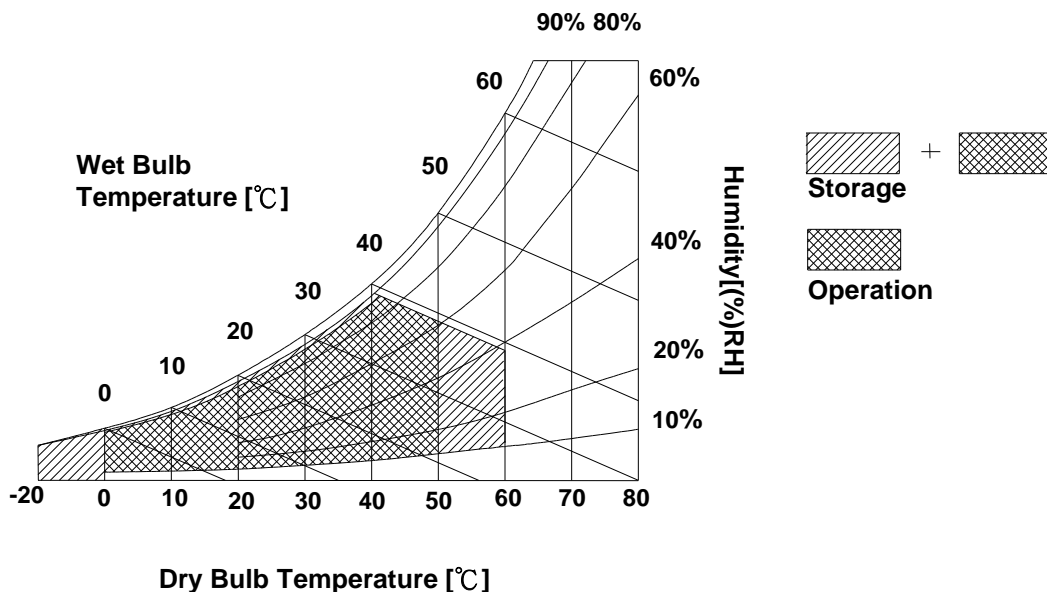
## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

**Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Units	Notes
		Min	Max		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	50	°C	1
Storage Temperature	HST	-20	60	°C	1
Operating Ambient Humidity	HOP	10	90	%RH	1
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	%RH	1

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.  
 Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



**Product Specification**

### 3. Electrical Specifications

#### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP156WD1 requires two power inputs. The first logic is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second backlight is the input about LED BL with LED Driver.

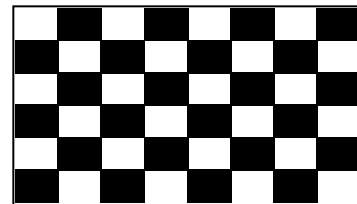
**Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Min	Typ	Max		
LOGIC :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	1
Power Supply Input Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	-	455	525	mA	2
Power Consumption	P <sub>CC</sub>	-	1.5	1.73	W	2
Power Supply Inrush Current	I <sub>CC_P</sub>	-	700	1500	mA	3
LVDS Impedance	Z <sub>LVDS</sub>	90	100	110	Ω	4
BACKLIGHT : ( with LED Driver)						
LED Power Input Voltage	V <sub>LED</sub>	7.0	12.0	21.0	V	5
LED Power Input Current	I <sub>LED</sub>	-	434	500	mA	6
LED Power Consumption	P <sub>LED</sub>	-	5.2	6.0	W	6
LED Power Inrush Current	I <sub>LED_P</sub>	-	900	1500	mA	7
PWM Duty Ratio		1	-	100	%	8
PWM Jitter	-	0	-	0.2	%	9
PWM Impedance	Z <sub>PWM</sub>	20	40	60	kΩ	
PWM Frequency	F <sub>PWM</sub>	150	-	1000	Hz	10
PWM High Level Voltage	V <sub>PWM_H</sub>	2.2	-	5.3	V	
PWM Low Level Voltage	V <sub>PWM_L</sub>	0	-	0.5	V	
LED_EN Impedance	Z <sub>PWM</sub>	20	40	60	kΩ	
LED_EN High Voltage	V <sub>LED_EN_H</sub>	2.2	-	5.3	V	
LED_EN Low Voltage	V <sub>LED_EN_L</sub>	0	-	0.5	V	
Life Time		12,000	-	-	Hrs	11

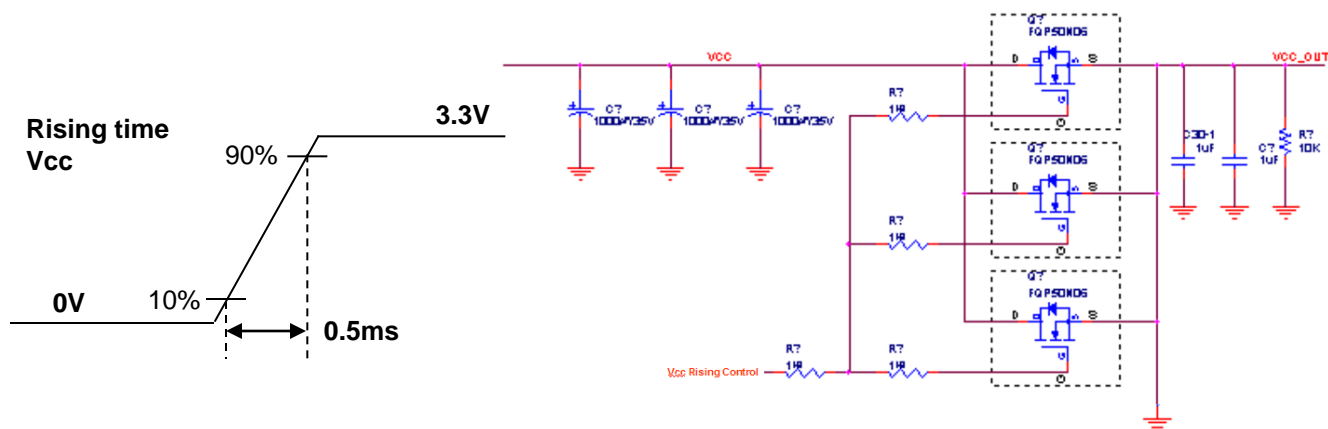
## Product Specification

Note)

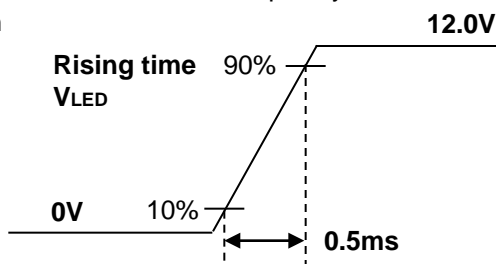
1. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $f_v = 60\text{Hz}$ , Black pattern.
2. The specified  $I_{cc}$  current and power consumption are under the  $V_{cc} = 3.3\text{V}$ ,  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $f_v = 60\text{Hz}$  condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and  $f_v$  is the frame frequency. (Power consumption of window pattern is same with one of Mosaic pattern)



3. The below figures are the measuring  $V_{cc}$  condition and the  $V_{cc}$  control block LGD used.  
The  $V_{cc}$  condition is same the minimum of T1 at Power on sequence.



4. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
5. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
6. The current and power consumption with LED Driver are under the  $V_{led} = 12.0\text{V}$ ,  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , Dimming of Max luminance whereas White pattern is displayed and  $f_v$  is the frame frequency.
7. The below figures are the measuring  $V_{led}$  condition and the  $V_{led}$  control block LGD used.  
 $V_{LED}$  control block is same with  $V_{cc}$  control block.



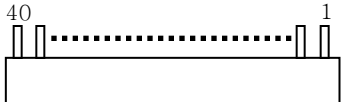
8. The operation of LED Driver below minimum dimming ratio may cause flickering or reliability issue.  
Min. Duty 1% through apply Direct PWM function is not wavy noise free.
9. If Jitter of PWM is bigger than maximum. It may cause flickering.
10. This Spec. is not effective at 100% dimming ratio as an exception because it has DC level equivalent to 0Hz. In spite of acceptable range as defined, the PWM Frequency should be fixed and stable for more consistent brightness control at any specific level desired.
- 11 The life time is determined as the time at which the typical brightness of LCD is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical LED current. These LED backlight has 6 strings on it and the typical current of LED's string is base on 20mA.

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### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 40 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

**Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)**

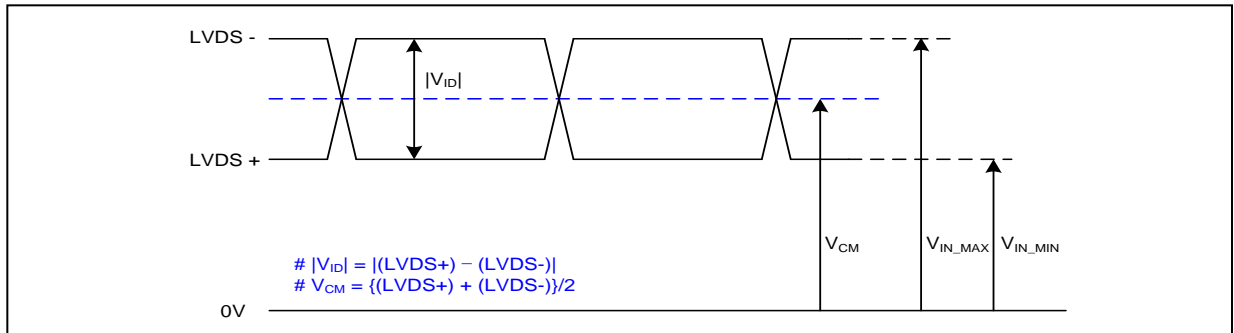
Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	NC	Reserved	<p>1, Interface chips            1.1 LCD : SW, ST2_BS (LCD Controller) including LVDS Receiver            1.2 System : THC63LVDF823A or equivalent            * Pin to Pin compatible with LVDS</p> <p>2. Connector            2.1 LCD : 20455-040E-x2, I-PEX            2.2 Connector pin arrangement</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>[LCD Module Rear View]</p> </div>
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	
5	BIST	Built-In Self Test	
6	Clk EEDID	DDC Clock	
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	
8	Odd_Rin0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
9	Odd_Rin0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
10	VSS1	Ground	
11	Odd_Rin1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
12	Odd_Rin1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
13	VSS2	Ground	
14	Odd_Rin2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
15	Odd_Rin2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
16	VSS3	Ground	
17	Odd_ClkIN-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
18	Odd_ClkIN+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	
19	VSS4	Ground	
20	Even_Rin0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
21	Even_Rin0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
22	VSS5	Ground	
23	Even_Rin1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
24	Even_Rin1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
25	VSS6	Ground	
26	Even_Rin2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
27	Even_Rin2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
28	VSS7	Ground	
29	Even_ClkIN-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
30	Even_ClkIN+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	
31	VLED_GND	LED Ground	
32	VLED_GND	LED Ground	
33	VLED_GND	LED Ground	
34	NC	Reserved	
35	BLIM	PWM for Luminance control	
36	BL_On	Backlight On/Off Control	
37	NC	No Connection	
38	VLED	LED Power Supply (7V-21V)	
39	VLED	LED Power Supply (7V-21V)	
40	VLED	LED Power Supply (7V-21V)	



## Product Specification

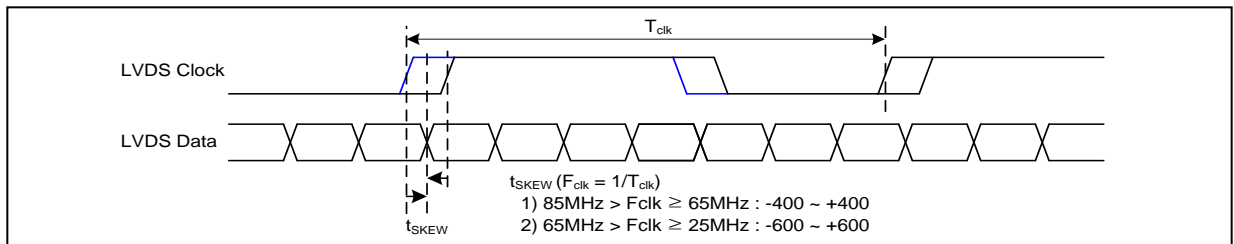
### 3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications

#### 3-3-1. DC Specification



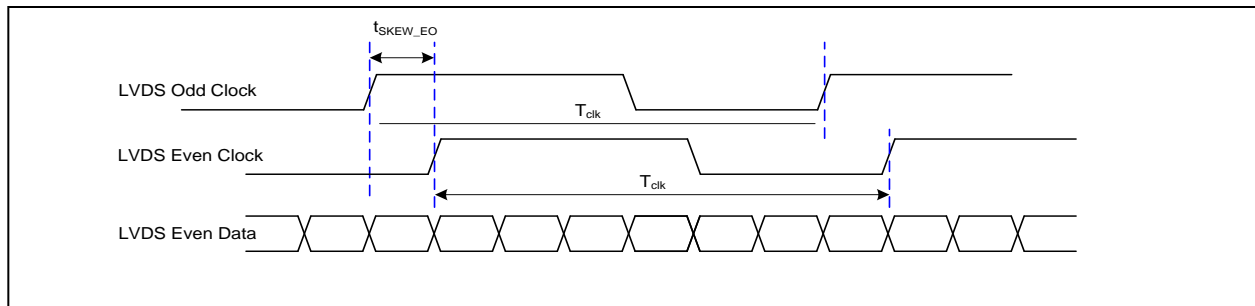
Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	$ V_{ID} $	100	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	$V_{CM}$	0.6	1.8	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$	0.3	2.1	V	-

#### 3-3-2. AC Specification

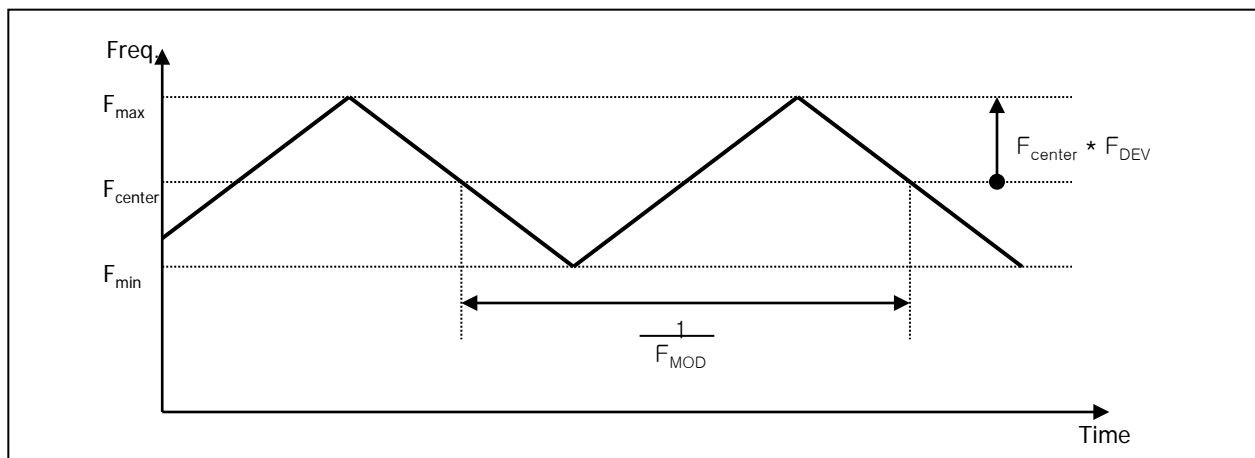


Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	$t_{SKEW}$	- 400	+ 400	ps	$85MHz > F_{clk} \geq 65MHz$
	$t_{SKEW}$	- 600	+ 600	ps	$65MHz > F_{clk} \geq 25MHz$
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	$t_{SKEW\_EO}$	- 1/7	+ 1/7	$T_{clk}$	-
Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC	$F_{DEV}$	-	$\pm 3$	%	-
Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC	$F_{MOD}$	-	200	KHz	-

## Product Specification



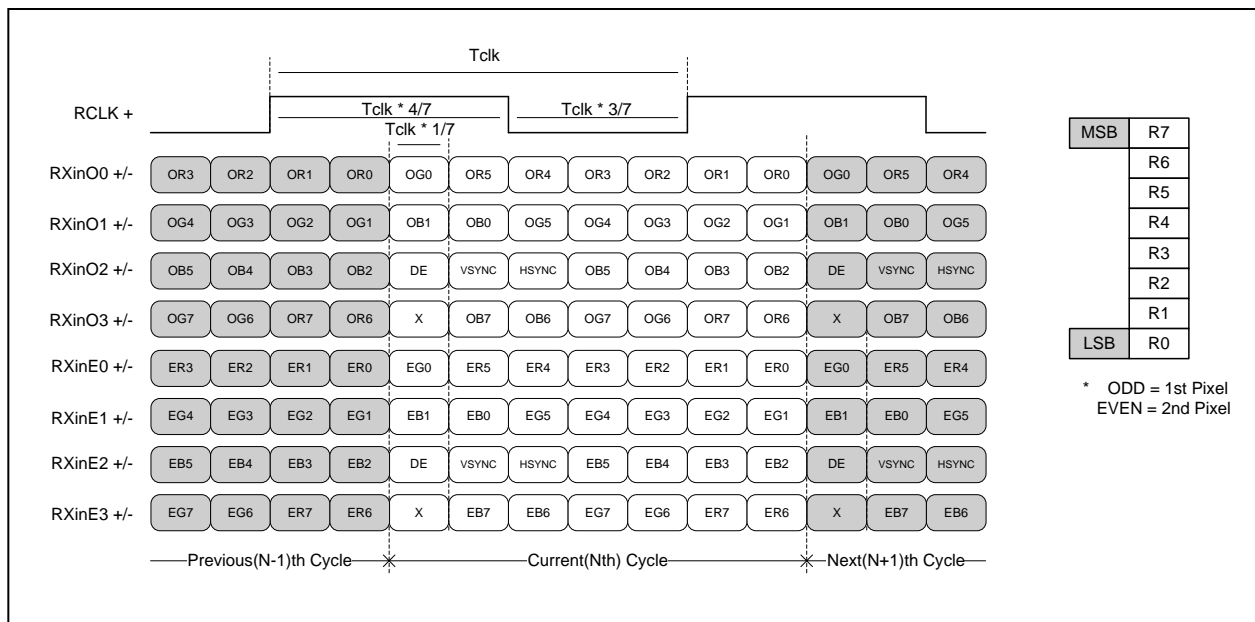
< Clock skew margin between channel >



< Spread Spectrum >

### 3-3-3. Data Format

#### 1) LVDS 2 Port



< LVDS Data Format >

## Product Specification

### 3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

**Table 6. TIMING TABLE**

ITEM	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	$f_{CLK}$	-	54.25	-	MHz
Hsync	Period	$t_{HP}$	914	960	988	tCLK
	Width	$t_{WH}$	16	16	16	
	Width-Active	$t_{WHA}$	800	800	800	
Vsync	Period	$t_{VP}$	928	942	942	tHP
	Width	$t_{WV}$	5	5	5	
	Width-Active	$t_{WVA}$	900	900	900	
Data Enable	Horizontal back porch	$t_{HBP}$	78	120	144	tCLK
	Horizontal front porch	$t_{HFP}$	20	24	28	
	Vertical back porch	$t_{VBP}$	21	34	33	tHP
	Vertical front porch	$t_{VFP}$	2	3	4	

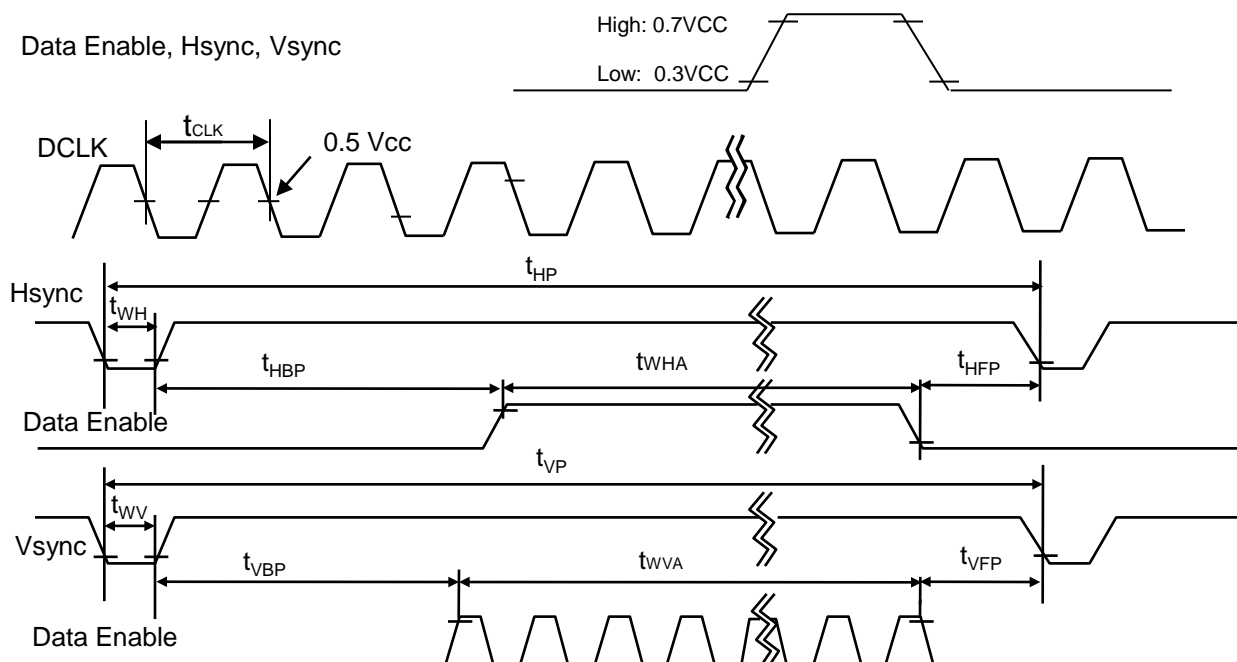
Appendix) All reliabilities are specified for timing specification based on refresh rate of 60 Hz.

Even though actual performance in 50Hz and 40Hz for low power is displayed normally, remark and inform to user that display quality in 40 Hz and 50 Hz is out of guarantee range.

### 3-5. Signal Timing Waveforms

Condition : VCC = 3.3V

Data Enable, Hsync, Vsync



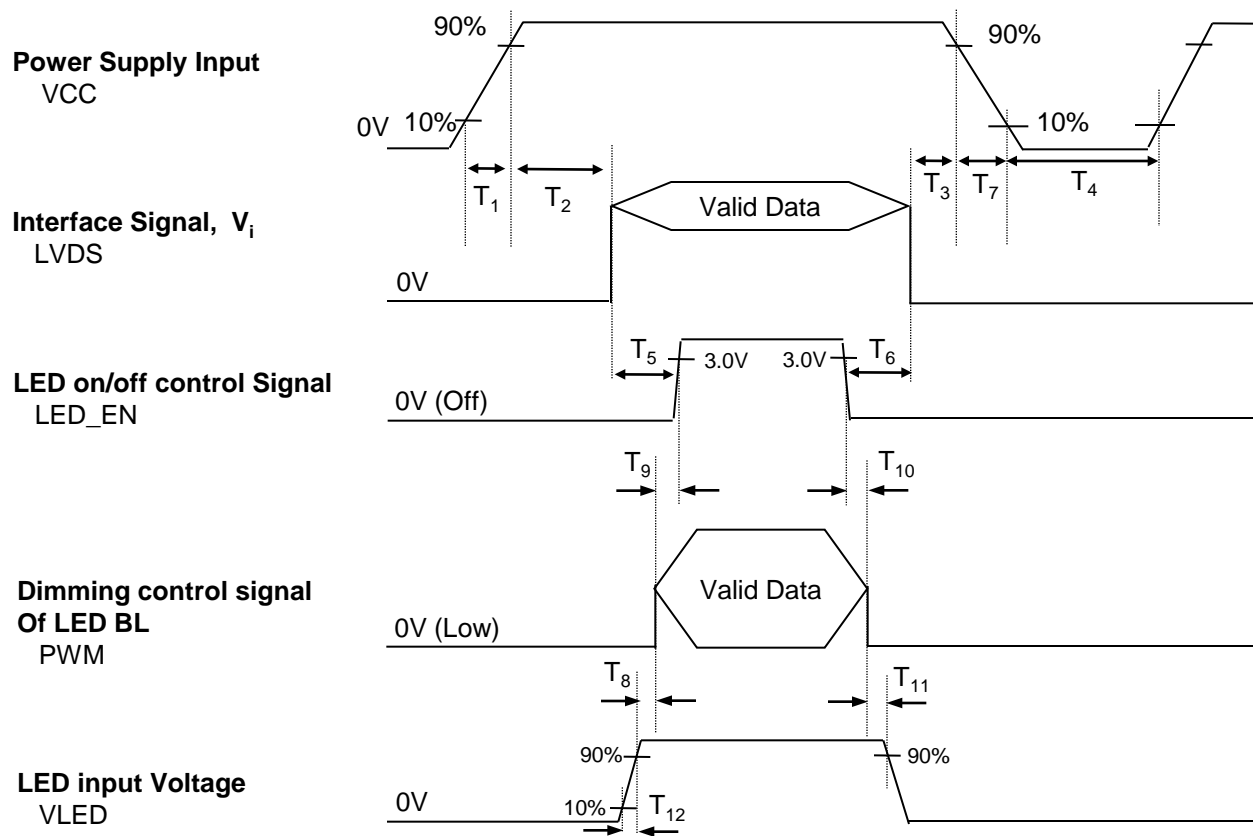
**Product Specification**
**3-6. Color Input Data Reference**

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

**Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE**

Color		Input Color Data																	
		RED						GREEN						BLUE					
		MSB			LSB			MSB			LSB			MSB			LSB		
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	...	...						...						...					
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	...	...						...						...					
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	...	...						...						...					
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

### 3-7. Power Sequence



**Table 6. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE**

Logic Parameter	Value			Units	LED Parameter	Value			Units
	Min.	Typ.	Max.			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
T <sub>1</sub>	0.5	-	10	ms	T <sub>8</sub>	0	-	-	ms
T <sub>2</sub>	0	-	50	ms	T <sub>9</sub>	0	-	-	ms
T <sub>3</sub>	0	-	-	ms	T <sub>10</sub>	0	-	-	ms
T <sub>4</sub>	150	-	-	ms	T <sub>11</sub>	0	-	-	ms
T <sub>5</sub>	200	-	-	ms	T <sub>12</sub>	0.5	-	-	ms
T <sub>6</sub>	0	-	-	ms					
T <sub>7</sub>	0	-	10	ms					

Note)

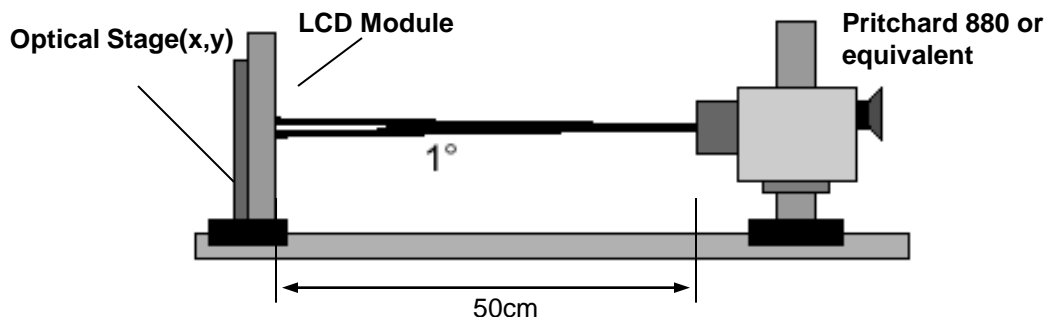
1. Do not insert the mating cable when system turn on.
2. Valid Data have to meet "3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications"
3. LVDS, LED\_EN and PWM need to pull-down condition on invalid status.
4. LGD recommend the rising sequence of VLED after the Vcc and valid status of LVDS turn on.

## 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to 0°.

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

**FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method**



**Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC}=3.3\text{V}$ ,  $f_v=60\text{Hz}$ ,  $f_{CLK}=48.87\text{MHz}$ ,  $I_{LED}=20\text{mA}(\text{typ})$

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Units	Notes
		Min	Typ	Max		
Contrast Ratio	CR	300	400	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	$L_{WH}$	190	220	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation (5point)	$\delta_{WHITE}$	70	-	-	%	
Luminance Variation (13point)	$\delta_{WHITE}$	60	-	-	%	3
Response Time	$Tr_R + Tr_D$	-	8	-	ms	4
Color Coordinates						
RED	RX	0.587	0.617	0.647		
	RY	0.319	0.349	0.379		
GREEN	GX	0.284	0.314	0.344		
	GY	0.567	0.597	0.627		
BLUE	BX	0.121	0.151	0.181		
	BY	0.027	0.057	0.087		
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right( $\Phi=0^\circ$ )	$\Theta_r$	60	65	-	degree	
x axis, left ( $\Phi=180^\circ$ )	$\Theta_l$	60	65	-	degree	
y axis, up ( $\Phi=90^\circ$ )	$\Theta_u$	50	55	-	degree	
y axis, down ( $\Phi=270^\circ$ )	$\Theta_d$	50	55	-	degree	
Gray Scale						6

## Product Specification

Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}}$$

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

$$L_{WH} = \text{Average}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_5)$$

3. The variation in surface luminance , The panel total variation ( $\delta_{WHITE}$ ) is determined by measuring  $L_N$  at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as followed numerical formula.  
 For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{WHITE} = \frac{\text{Minimum}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_{13})}{\text{Maximum}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_{13})} * 100$$

4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time,  $Tr_R$ ) and from black to white(Decay Time,  $Tr_D$ ). For additional information see FIG 3.
5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.

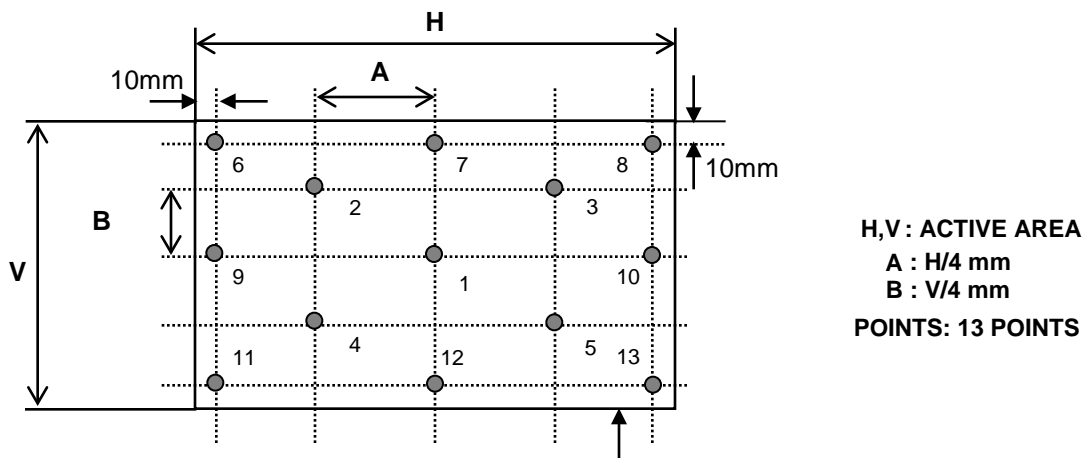
6. Gray scale specification

\*  $f_v = 60\text{Hz}$

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
L0	0
L7	1.00
L15	4.25
L23	10.90
L31	21.01
L39	34.82
L47	52.49
L55	74.17
L63	100

**FIG. 2 Luminance**

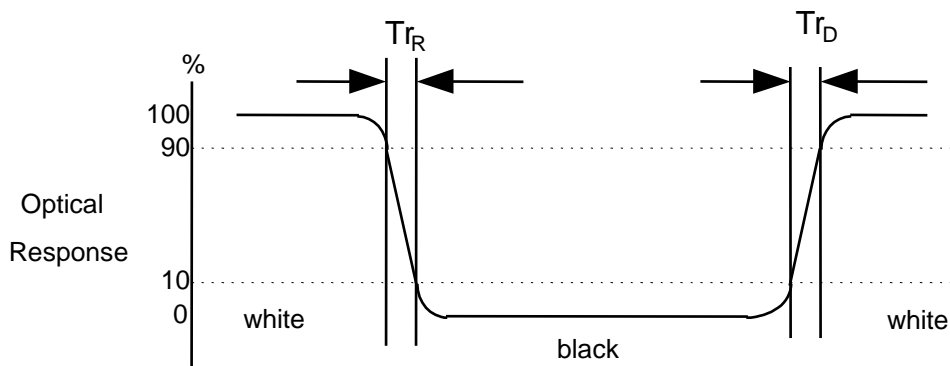
<Measuring point for Average Luminance & measuring point for Luminance variation>



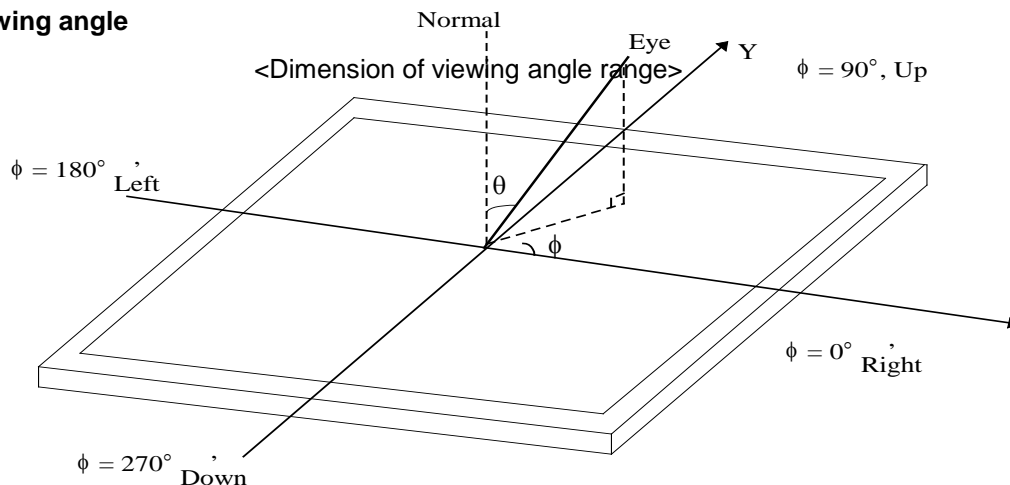
**FIG. 3 Response Time**

Active Area

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



**FIG. 4 Viewing angle**





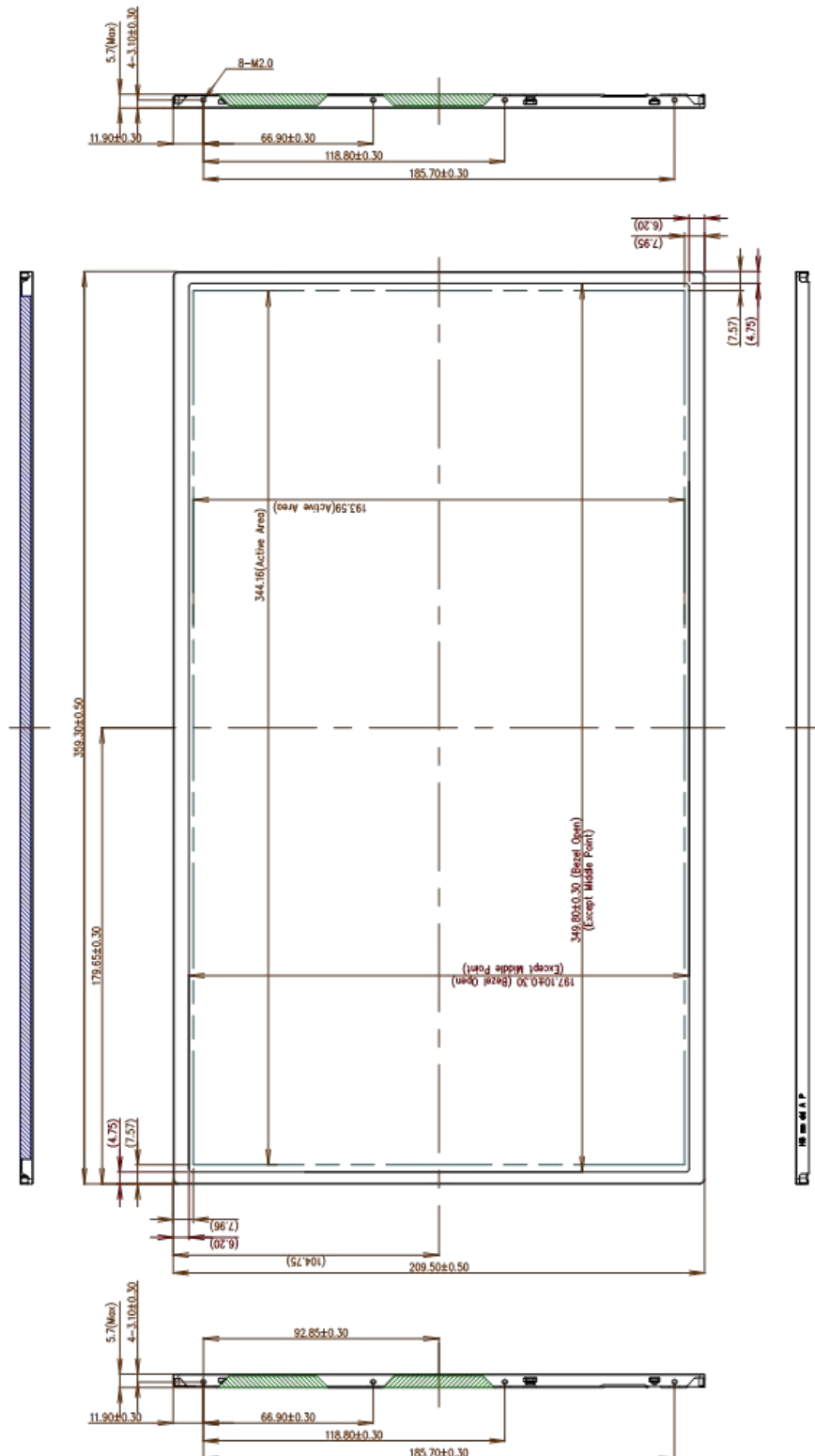
## Product Specification

## 5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP156WD1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Outline Dimension	Horizontal	$359.3 \pm 0.5\text{mm}$
	Vertical	$209.5 \pm 0.5\text{mm}$
	Thickness	5.7mm (max)
Bezel Area	Horizontal	$349.8 \pm 0.5\text{mm}$
	Vertical	$197.1 \pm 0.5\text{mm}$
Active Display Area	Horizontal	$344.16 \pm 0.3 \text{ mm}$
	Vertical	$193.59 \pm 0.3 \text{ mm}$
Weight	470g ( Max.) / 450g ( Typ.)	
Surface Treatment	Hard Coating(3H), Anti-Glare treatment of the front polarizer	

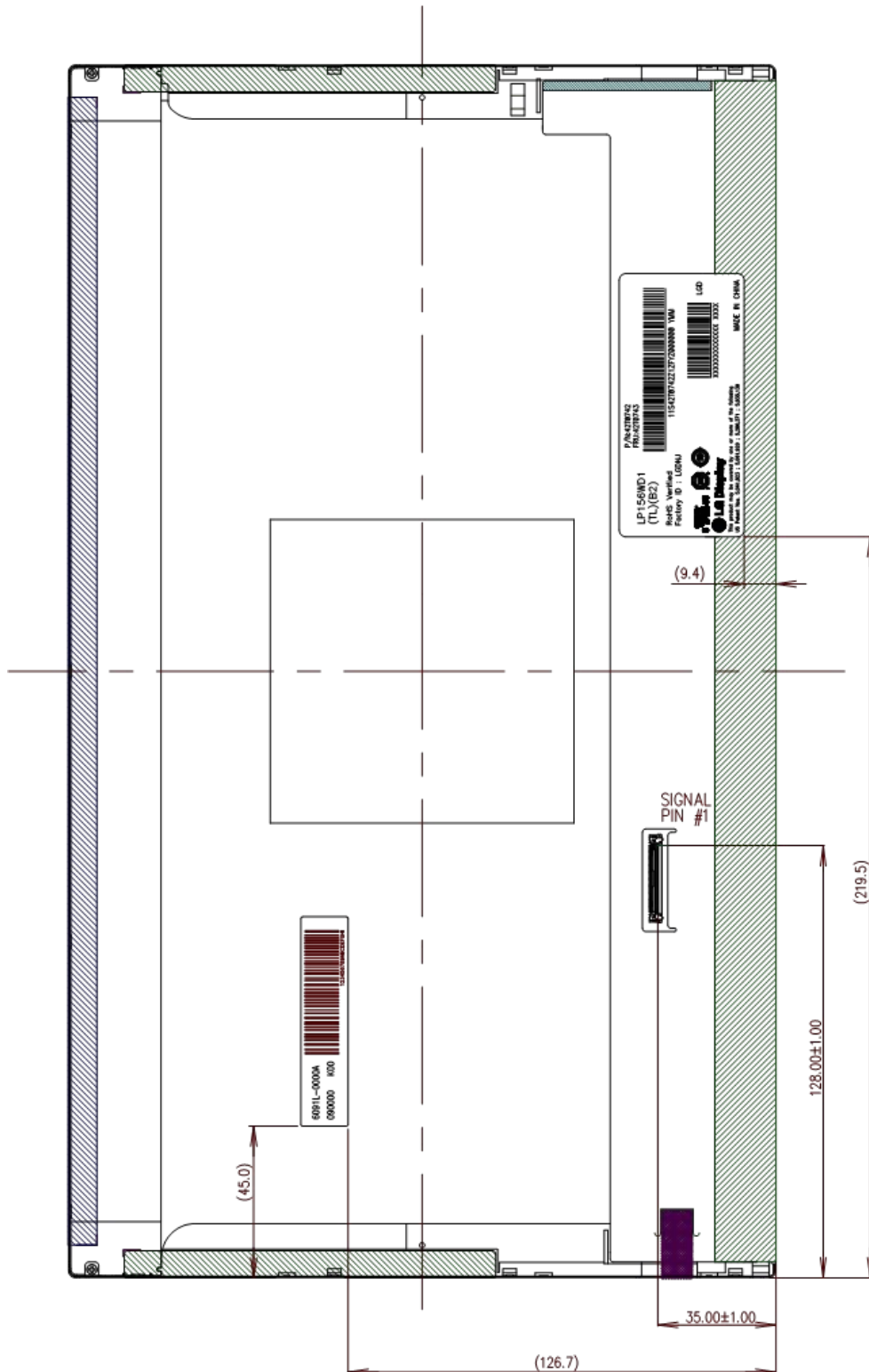
**Product Specification**
**<FRONT VIEW>**

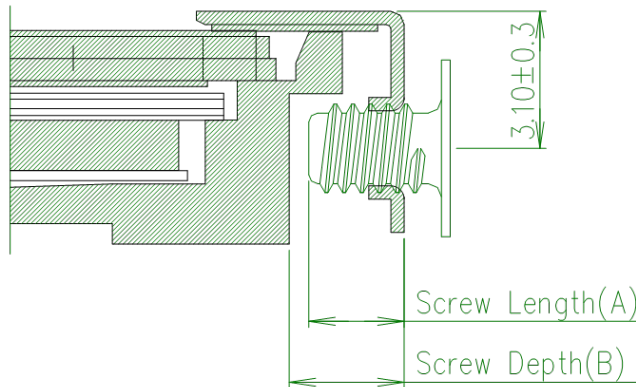
 Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$ 


**Product Specification**

<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$



**Product Specification**
**[ DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW ]**


\*Mounting Screw Length (A)  
 = 2.0(Min) / 2.5(Max)

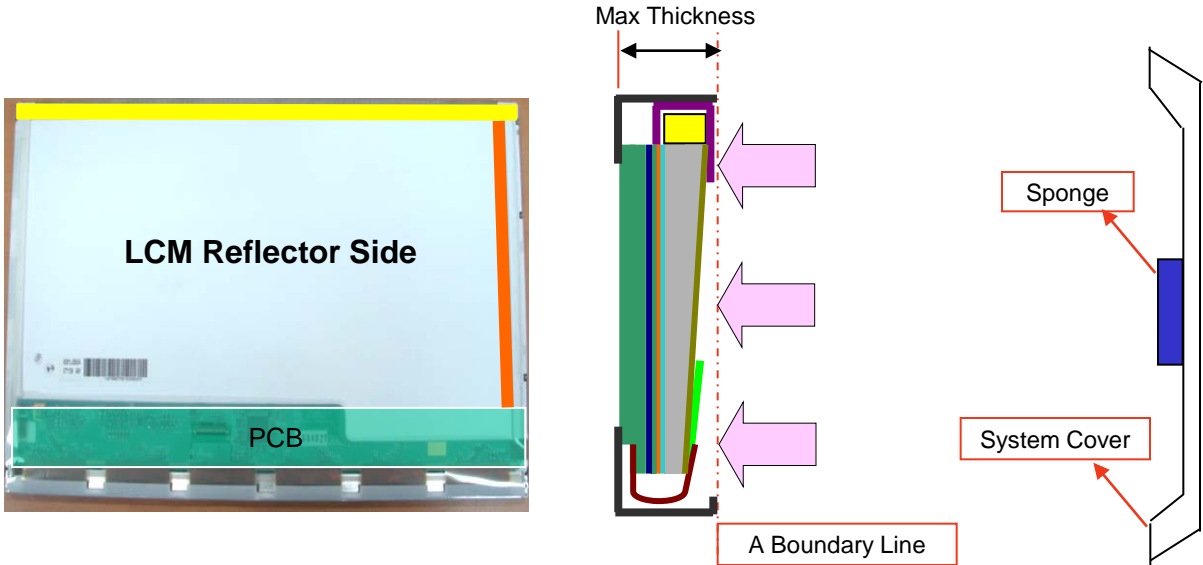
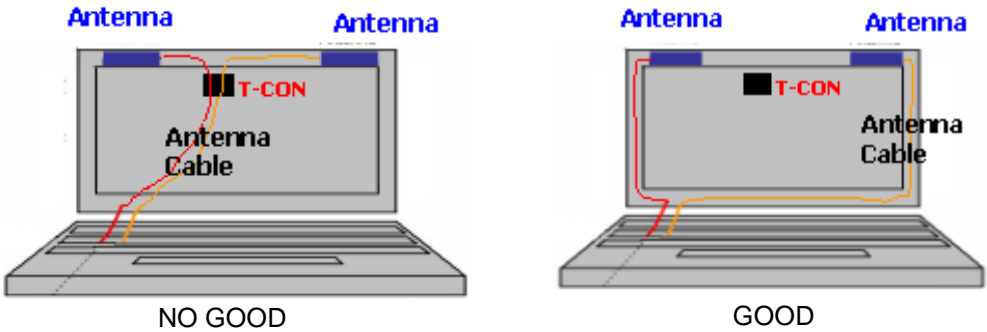
\*Mounting Screw Hole Depth (B)  
 = 2.5(Min)

\*Mounting Hole Location : 3.10(typ.)

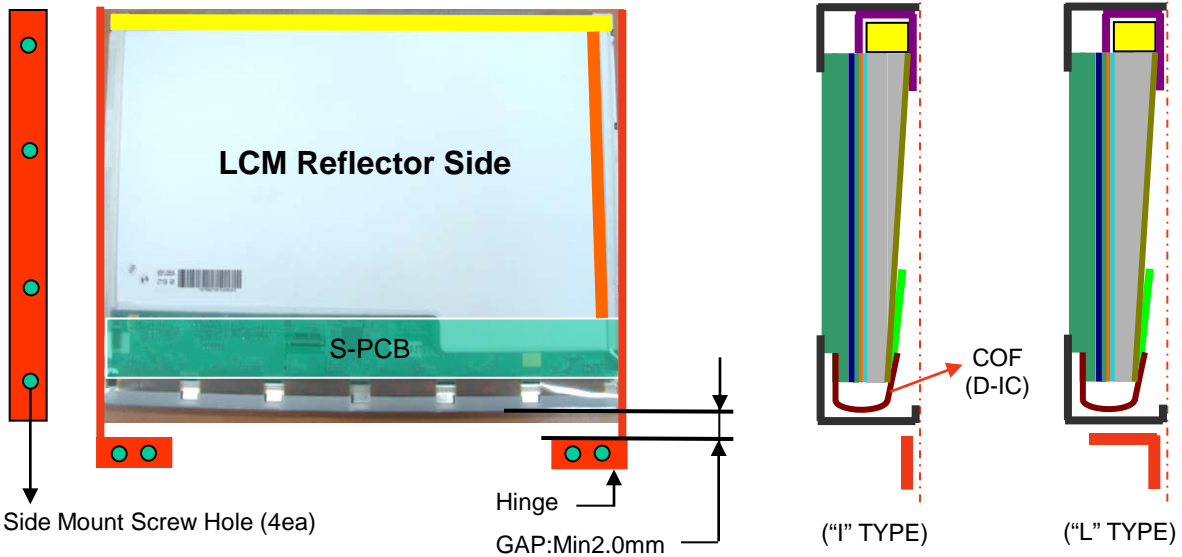
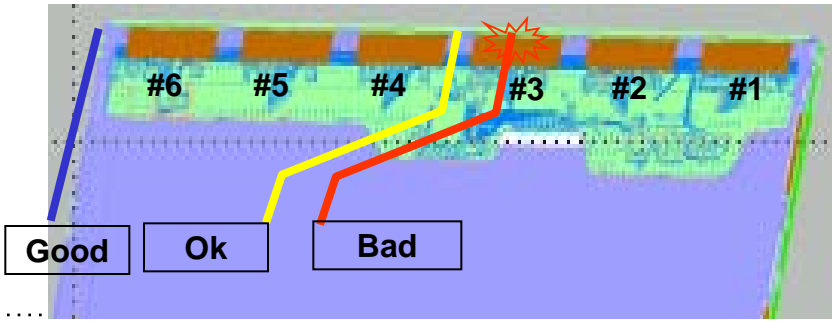
\*Torque : 2.5 kgf.cm(Max)/ 2.3 kgf.cm(Min)  
 (Measurement gauge : torque meter)

Notes : 1. Screw plated through the method of non-electrolytic nickel plating is preferred to reduce possibility that results in vertical and/or horizontal line defect due to the conductive particles from screw surface.


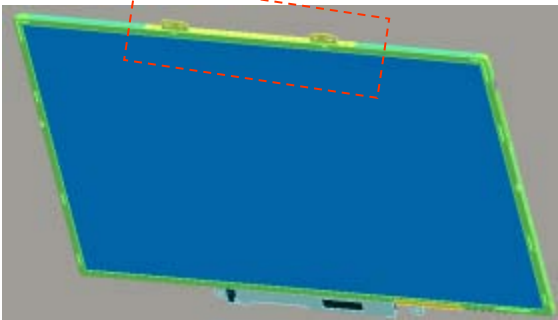
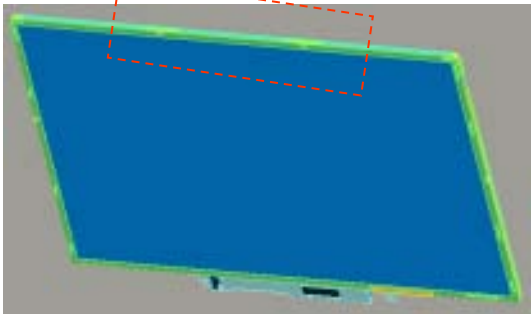
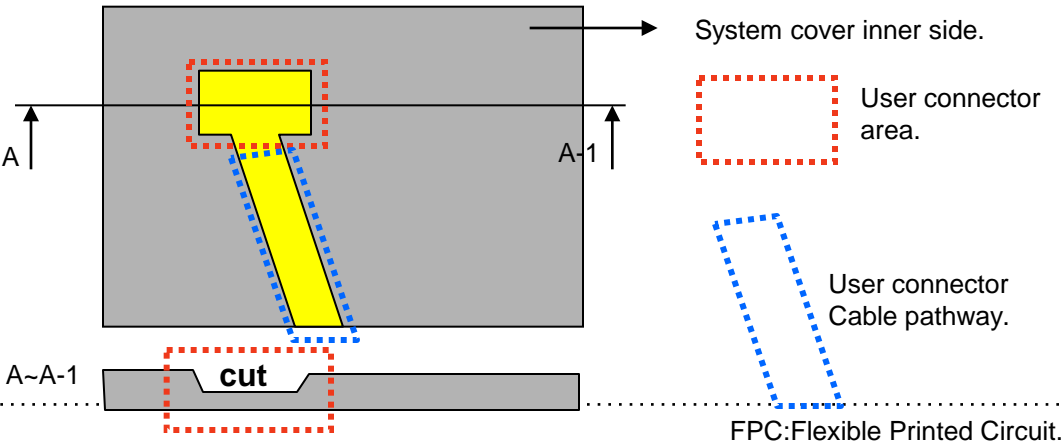
**LPL Proposal for system cover design.(Appendix)**

1	Gap check for securing the enough gap between LCM and System cover.	
	 <p>The diagram illustrates the assembly of the LCM (Liquid Crystal Module) and the system cover. On the left, a photograph shows the 'LCM Reflector Side' with a green 'PCB' (Printed Circuit Board) at the bottom. To the right, a cross-sectional diagram shows the 'Max Thickness' of the LCM assembly. A 'Boundary Line' is indicated by a red dashed line. A 'Sponge' is shown between the LCM and the 'System Cover' to provide cushioning and maintain a gap.</p>	
Define	1.Rear side of LCM is sensitive against external stress,and previous check about interference is highly needed. ..... 2.In case there is something from system cover comes into the boundary above,mechanical interference may cause the FOS defects. (Eg: Ripple, White spot..)	
2	Check if antenna cable is sufficiently apart from T-CON of LCD Module.	
Define	 <p>The diagram compares two scenarios for antenna cable placement. On the left, labeled 'NO GOOD', the 'Antenna Cable' is shown overlapping the 'T-CON' (Thin Film Transistor Driver) area. On the right, labeled 'GOOD', the 'Antenna Cable' is shown routed away from the 'T-CON' area. Labels include 'Antenna', 'T-CON', and 'Antenna Cable'.</p>	
	1.If system antenna is overlapped with T-CON,it might be cause the noise.	

**LPL Proposal for system cover design.**

3	Gap check for securing the enough gap between LCM and System hinge.	
	 <p>LCM Reflector Side</p> <p>S-PCB</p> <p>Side Mount Screw Hole (4ea)</p> <p>Hinge</p> <p>GAP:Min2.0mm</p> <p>COF (D-IC)</p> <p>("I" TYPE)</p> <p>("L" TYPE)</p>	
Define	1.At least 2.0mm of gap needs to be secured to prevent the shock related defects. 2."L" type of hinge is recommended than "I" type under shock test.	
4	Checking the path of the System wire.	
	 <p>#6 #5 #4 #3 #2 #1</p> <p>Good Ok Bad</p>	
Define	1.COF area needs to be handled with care. 2.GOOD → Wire path design to system side. OK → Wire path is located between COFs. BAD → Wire path overlapped with COF area.	

**LPL Proposal for system cover design.**

5	Using a bracket on the top of LCM is not recommended.	
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>bracket</p> </div> <div style="display: flex;">   </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; width: 100%;"> <p>With bracket</p> <p>Without bracket</p> </div> </div>		
Define	1.Condition without bracket is good for mechanical noise,and can minimize the light leakage from deformation of bracket. 2.The results shows that there is no difference between the condition with or without bracket.	
6	Securing additional gap on CNT area..	
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  </div>		
Define	1.CNT area is specially sensitive against external stress,and additional gap by cutting on system cover will be helpful on removing the Ripple. 2.Using a thinner CNT will be better. (eg: FPC type)	

## Product Specification

## 6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 2ms for all six faces)
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr

{ Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



## 7. International Standards

### 7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1, Second Edition, Underwriters Laboratories Inc.  
Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-07, Second Edition, Canadian Standards Association.  
Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
- c) EN 60950-1:2006 + A11:2009, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC).  
Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
- d) IEC 60950-1:2005, Second Edition, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).  
Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.

### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz." American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 2003.
- b) CISPR 22 "Information technology equipment – Radio disturbance characteristics – Limit and methods of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), 2005.
- c) CISPR 13 "Sound and television broadcast receivers and associated equipment – Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and method of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), 2006.

### 7-3. Environment

- a) RoHS, Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the council of 27 January 2003

## Product Specification

### 8. Packing

#### 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)

E : MONTH

D : YEAR

F ~ M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module.  
This is subject to change without prior notice.

#### 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box : 20 pcs

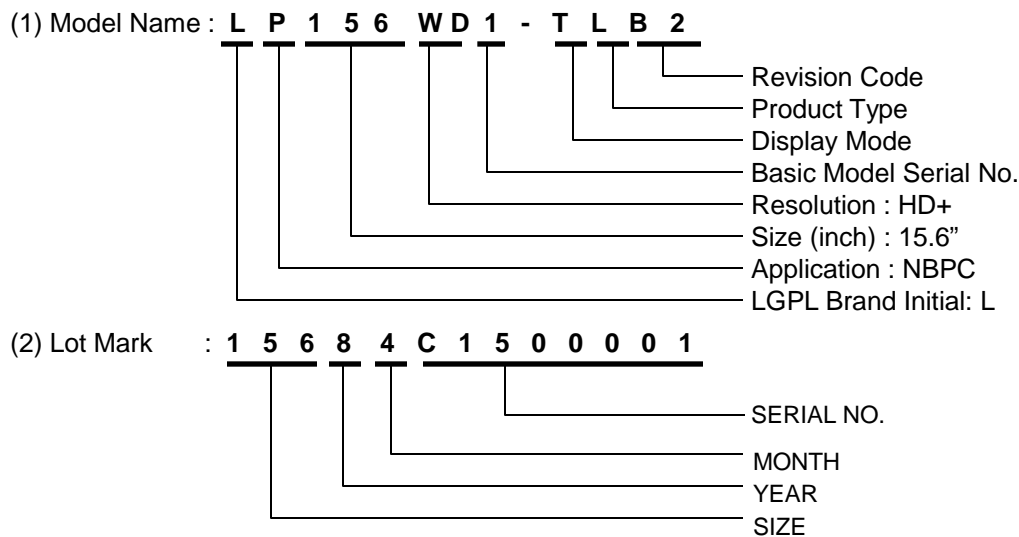
b) Box Size : 482 x 390 x 275

Product Specification

### 8-3. Label Description



#### LPL Code



#### Lenovo Code

1)P/N : 42T0742

2)FRU : 42T0743

## 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaked with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  
 $V = \pm 200\text{mV}$  (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)  
And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.

### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.  
It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer.  
This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.  
Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

## APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

## 2009.09.02

Ver. 1.0

**Product Specification**
**APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3**

	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
<b>Timing Descriptor #1</b>	54	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 108.5 MHz @ 60Hz	62	01100010
	55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	2A	00101010
	56	38	Horizontal Active (lower 8 bits) 1600 Pixels	40	01000000
	57	39	Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (lower 8 bits) 320 Pixels	40	01000000
	58	3A	Horizontal Active / Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	61	01100001
	59	3B	Vertical Active 900 Lines	84	10000100
	60	3C	Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (DE Blanking typ.for DE only panels) 42 Lines	2A	00101010
	61	3D	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	30	00110000
	62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset (Thfp) 48 Pixels	30	00110000
	63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width (HSPW) 32 Pixels	20	00100000
	64	40	Vertical Sync Offset(Tvfp) : Sync Width (VSPW) 3 Lines : 5 Lines	35	00110101
	65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width (upper 2bits)	00	00000000
	66	42	Horizontal Image Size (mm) 345 mm	59	01011001
	67	43	Vertical Image Size (mm) 194 mm	C2	11000010
	68	44	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size	10	00010000
	69	45	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
<b>Timing Descriptor #2</b>	70	46	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	71	47	Non-Interlace, Normal display, no stereo, Digital Separate ( Vsync_NEG, Hsync_NEG ), DE only note : LSB is set to '1' if panel is DE-timing only. H/V can be ignored.	19	00011001
	72	48	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 90.43 MHz @ 50Hz	53	01010011
	73	49	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	23	00100011
	74	4A	Horizontal Active (lower 8 bits) 1600 Pixels	40	01000000
	75	4B	Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (lower 8 bits) 320 Pixels	40	01000000
	76	4C	Horizontal Active / Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	61	01100001
	77	4D	Vertical Active 900 Lines	84	10000100
	78	4E	Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (DE Blanking typ.for DE only panels) 42 Lines	2A	00101010
	79	4F	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	30	00110000
	80	50	Horizontal Sync. Offset (Thfp) 48 Pixels	30	00110000
	81	51	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width (HSPW) 32 Pixels	20	00100000
	82	52	Vertical Sync Offset(Tvfp) : Sync Width (VSPW) 3 Lines : 5 Lines	35	00110101
	83	53	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width (upper 2bits)	00	00000000
	84	54	Horizontal Image Size (mm) 345 mm	59	01011001
	85	55	Vertical Image Size (mm) 194 mm	C2	11000010
	86	56	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size	10	00010000
	87	57	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	88	58	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	89	59	Non-Interlace, Normal display, no stereo, Digital Separate ( Vsync_NEG, Hsync_NEG ), DE only note : LSB is set to '1' if panel is DE-timing only. H/V can be ignored.	19	00011001
<b>Timing Descriptor #3</b>	90	5A	Flag	00	00000000
	91	5B	Flag	00	00000000
	92	5C	Flag	00	00000000
	93	5D	Data Type Tag : Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	0F	00001111
	94	5E	Flag	00	00000000
	95	5F	(Horizontal active pixel /8)-31 169 ( 1600 pixels )	A9	10101001
	96	60	Image Aspect Ratio( 16:9 ) 16:9	09	00001001
	97	61	Low Refresh Rate #1(50Hz) 50 Hz	32	00110010
	98	62	(Horizontal active pixel /8)-31 169 ( 1600 pixels )	A9	10101001
	99	63	Image Aspect Ratio( 16:9 ) 16:9	09	00001001
	100	64	Low Refresh Rate #2(40Hz) 40 Hz	28	00101000
	101	65	Brightness(1/10nit) 220 nits	16	00010110
	102	66	Feature flag ( TN Technology ,LED Backlight )	09	00001001
	103	67	Reserved 00h	00	00000000
	104	68	EISA manufacturer code(3 Character ID) LGD	30	00110000
	105	69	Compressed ASCII	E4	11100100
	106	6A	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product code 0200	00	00000000
	107	6B	(Hex, LSB first)	02	00000010

## Product Specification

**APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3**

	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
<b>Timing Descriptor #4</b>	108	6C	Flag	00	00000000
	109	6D	Flag	00	00000000
	110	6E	Flag	00	00000000
	111	6F	Data Type Tag : Data String (ASCII String)	FE	11111110
	112	70	Flag	00	00000000
	113	71	Panel supplier P/N #1 = L	4C	01001100
	114	72	Panel supplier P/N #2 = P	50	01010000
	115	73	Panel supplier P/N #3 = 1	31	00110001
	116	74	Panel supplier P/N #4 = 5	35	00110101
	117	75	Panel supplier P/N #5 = 6	36	00110110
	118	76	Panel supplier P/N #6 = W	57	01010111
	119	77	Panel supplier P/N #7 = D	44	01000100
	120	78	Panel supplier P/N #8 = 1	31	00110001
	121	79	Panel supplier P/N #9 = -	2D	00101101
	122	7A	Panel supplier P/N #10 = T	54	01010100
<b>Checksum</b>	123	7B	Panel supplier P/N #11 = L	4C	01001100
	124	7C	Panel supplier P/N #12 = B	42	01000010
	125	7D	Panel supplier P/N #13 = 2	32	00110010
	126	7E	Extension flag (# of optional 128 panel ID extension block to follow, Typ = 0)	00	00000000
	127	7F	Check Sum (The 1-byte sum of all 128 bytes in this panel ID block shall = 0)	E2	11100010