

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

( ) Pr	eliminary	<b>Specification</b>
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( ● ) Final Specific
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Title	15.4" WXGA+ TFT LCD
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Customer	DELL
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.	
*MODEL	LP154WP1	
Suffix	TLA2	

<sup>\*</sup>When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

	SIGNATURE	DATE
_	1	
	/	<u> </u>
	1	

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with

your signature and comments.

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE			
S. C. Yoon / S.Manager				
REVIEWED BY				
G. J. Han / Manager				
PREPARED BY				
I. Y. Jung / Engineer				
Product Engineering Dept. LG. Philips LCD Co., Ltd				

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### **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
1.0	May. 4. 2007	-	Final Specification	V1.0
1.1	Aug. 10. 2007	8	Change Interface chip (LCD)	V1.0
1.2	Aug. 31. 2007	11	Change the DCLK Freq. : 86.7MHz → 43.35Mhz(2 port standard)	V1.0
1.3	Oct. 9. 2007	27	Change the EEDID (SMBUS Step)	V1.2
1.4	Nov. 13. 2007	26	Change the EEDID (Dell P/N XP059→KR515)	V1.3
				[

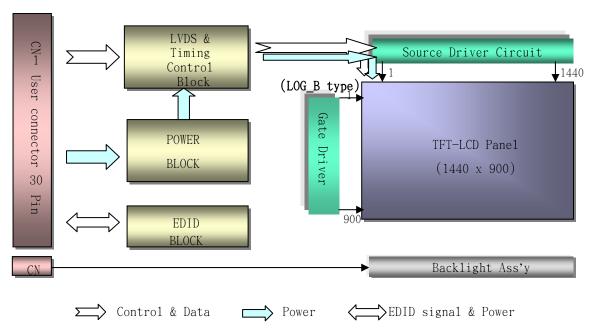


### 1. General Description

The LP154WP1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp (CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.4 inches diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution(1440 horizontal by 900 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP154WP1 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP154WP1 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP154WP1 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



### **General Features**

Active Screen Size	15.4 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	344.0 (H) $ imes$ 222.0 (V) $ imes$ 6.4(D, max) mm
Pixel Pitch	0.2301 mm $ imes$ 0.2301 mm
Pixel Format	1440 horiz. by 900 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	250 cd/m²(Typ.) , 5 point
Power Consumption	Total 5.77 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 1.35 Watt(Typ.), B/L input 4.42 Watt(Typ.)
Weight	515g (Max.) w/o inverter & bracket
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Glare treatment of the front polarizer

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### 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

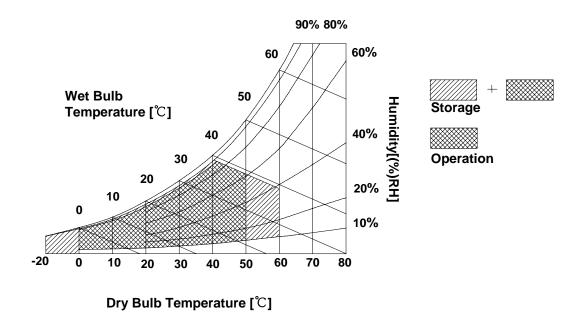
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Units	Notes
Farameter	Syllibol	Min	Max	Office	Notes
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



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### 3. Electrical Specifications

#### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP154WP1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Values Symbol Unit Parameter Notes Min Тур Max MODULE: Power Supply Input Voltage VCC 3.0 3.3 3.6  $V_{DC}$ 405 Power Supply Input Current 465 mΑ  $I_{CC}$ Рс Watt Power Consumption 1.35 1.67 1 Differential Impedance 100 110 Ohm 2 Zm 90 LAMP : 680 895 665 Operating Voltage 3  $V_{BL}$  $V_{RMS}$ (7.0mA)(6.5mA) (2.0mA)2.0 6.5 7.0  $\mathsf{mA}_{\mathsf{RMS}}$ **Operating Current** 4  $I_{BL}$ **Power Consumption** 4.42 4.73  $P_{BL}$ 9 **Operating Frequency** 60 80  $f_{BL}$ 45 kHz 7 Discharge Stabilization Time 3 Min 5 Ts Life Time 15,000 Hrs 6 Established Starting Voltage 8 Vs at 25°C 1170  $V_{RMS}$ at 0 ℃ 1400  $V_{\mathsf{RMS}}$ 

**Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

#### Note)

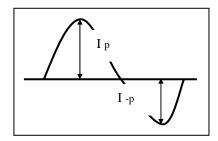
- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V,  $25^{\circ}C$ , fv = 60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.
- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 3. The variance of the voltage is  $\pm$  10%.
- 4. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance (L<sub>WH</sub>) in optical characteristics.
- 5. Define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%, Ts is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 6. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of lamp is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical lamp current.
- 7. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave.
  Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 8. The voltage above VS should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- 9. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The applied lamp current is a typical one.

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#### Note)

- Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
   It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
  - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
  - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within  $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$ .
    - \* Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.

If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.

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#### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model FI-XB30SRL-HF11 manufactured by JAE.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	GND	Ground	
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power	1, Interface chips
5	BIST	Panel BIST control	1.1 LCD: SW, (LVD4107x) X 2
6	C1k EEDID	DDC Clock	including LVDS Receiver
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	4.2 System : THCC2LVD222A or oguivelent
8	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> O-	Negative LVDS differential data input	1.2 System : THC63LVD823A or equivalent  * Pin to Pin compatible with THINE LVDS
9	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> O+	Positive LVDS differential data input	· ·
10	GND	Ground	2. Connector 2.1 LCD : FI-XB30SRL-HF11, JAE or
11	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> 1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	MDF76LARW-30S-1H, Hirose
12	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> 1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	equivalent. Locking design
13	GND	Ground	2.2 Mating: FI-X30M or equivalent.
14	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> 2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	2.3 Connector pin arrangement
15	Odd_R <sub>IN</sub> 2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	30 1
16	GND	Ground	<u> </u>
17	Odd_CLKIN-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
18	Odd_CLKIN+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	
19	GND	Ground	[LCD Module Rear View]
20	Even_R <sub>IN</sub> 0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
21	Even_R <sub>IN</sub> 0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
22	GND	Ground	
23	Even_R <sub>IN</sub> 1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
24	Even_R <sub>IN</sub> 1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
25	GND	Ground	
26	Even_R <sub>IN</sub> 2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
27	Even_R <sub>IN</sub> 2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
28	GND	Ground	
29	Even_CLKIN-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
30	Even_CLKIN+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	

The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST or Compatible. The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

Table 5. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J3)

			. ,
Pin	Pin Symbol Description		Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

Notes: 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored pink and the low voltage side terminal is black.

Condition: VCC =3.3V



### **Product Specification**

### 3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

**Table 6. TIMING TABLE** 

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	f <sub>CLK</sub>	-	43.35	-	MHz	
	Period	Thp	-	776	1080		2 Port
Hsync	Width	t <sub>WH</sub>	12	16	-	tCLK	Standard
	Width-Active	t <sub>WHA</sub>	720	720	720		
	Period	t <sub>VP</sub>	-	931	-		
Vsync	Width	t <sub>wv</sub>	2	6	-	tHP	
	Width-Active	t <sub>wva</sub>	900	900	900		
	Horizontal back porch	t <sub>HBP</sub>	16	24	•	tCLK	
Data	Horizontal front porch	t <sub>HFP</sub>	8	16	ı	ICLK	
Enable	Vertical back porch	t <sub>VBP</sub>	7	20	-	tHP	
	Vertical front porch	t <sub>VFP</sub>	2	5	-	וחר	

### 3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms

High: 0.7VCC Data Enable, Hsync, Vsync Low: 0.3VCC 0.5 Vcc **DCLK**  $t_{HP}$ Hsync **t**WHA  $t_{HBP}$  $t_{HFP}$ Data Enable Vsvnc  $t_{VFP}$ **t**wva  $t_{VBP}$ Data Enable

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### 3-5. Color Input Data Reference

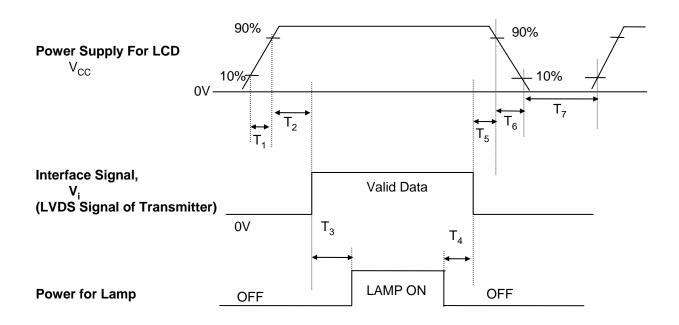
The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
			RE	Đ					GRE	EN					BL	UE			
`	Color	MSI	3					MSE						MSE	3				LSB
	,	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	В 0
	Black	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
	Red	1	1	.1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	. 1			1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	. 1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED					· · · · · ·														
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN					· · · · · ·														
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	·····  1
BLUE																			
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	 1	 1	 1	 1	
	BLUE (63)	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	 1	 1		 1	1
	- (/	<u> </u>						<u> </u>					-						



### 3-6. Power Sequence



**Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE** 

Parameter		Value	Units	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T <sub>1</sub>	-	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>2</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>3</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>4</sub>	200	-	-	(ms)
T <sub>5</sub>	0	-	50	(ms)
T <sub>6</sub>	0	-	10	(ms)
T <sub>7</sub>	400	-	-	(ms)

### Note)

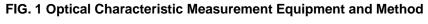
- 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

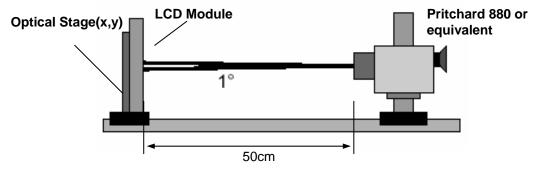


### 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to  $0^{\circ}$ .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.





**Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V,  $f_{V}=60Hz$ ,  $f_{CLK}=88.75MHz$ ,  $f_{CLK}=6.5mA$ 

Davamatav	Curahad		Values		Units	Netes
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	MAx	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	400	600			1
Surface Luminance, white	L <sub>WH</sub>	210	250	[	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$			2.0	.[	3
Response Time	<u> </u>				.[	4
Rise Time+Decay Time	$Tr_{R+}Tr_{D}$	<b>.</b>	16	25	ms	
Color Coordinates	]			[	.[	±0.03
RED	RX	0.571	0.601	0.631	]	
	RY	0.320	0.350	0.380	]	
GREEN	GX	0.296	0.326	0.356	]	
	GY	0.526	0.556	0.586		
BLUE	ВХ	0.129	0.159	0.189		
	BY	0.119	0.149	0.179	]	
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343	]	
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr		80	l	degree	
x axis, left (Φ=180°)	Θl		80		degree	
y axis, up ( $\Phi$ =90°)	Θu		60		degree	
y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd		60		degree	
Gray Scale						6

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#### Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- Surface luminance is the 5point (1~5) average across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2. When I<sub>BL</sub>= 6.5mA, L<sub>WH=</sub>250cd/m<sup>2</sup>(min.)
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time,  $Tr_R$ ) and from black to white(Decay Time,  $Tr_D$ ). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

\* f<sub>\/</sub>=60Hz

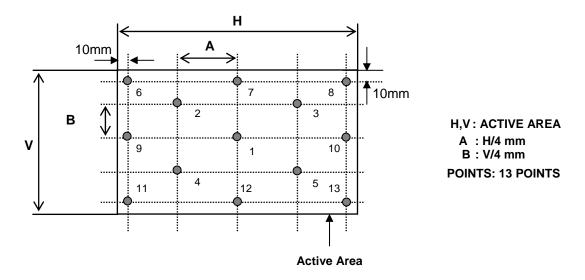
Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.12
	0.47
L15	3.24
L23	9.70
L31	21.0
	35.9
L47	55.5
L55	79.1
L63	100

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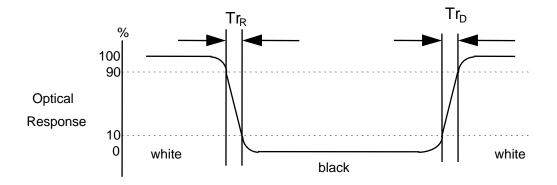
#### FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>



### FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

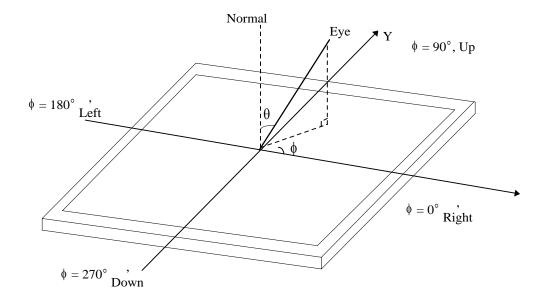


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## FIG. 4 Viewing angle

### <Dimension of viewing angle range>



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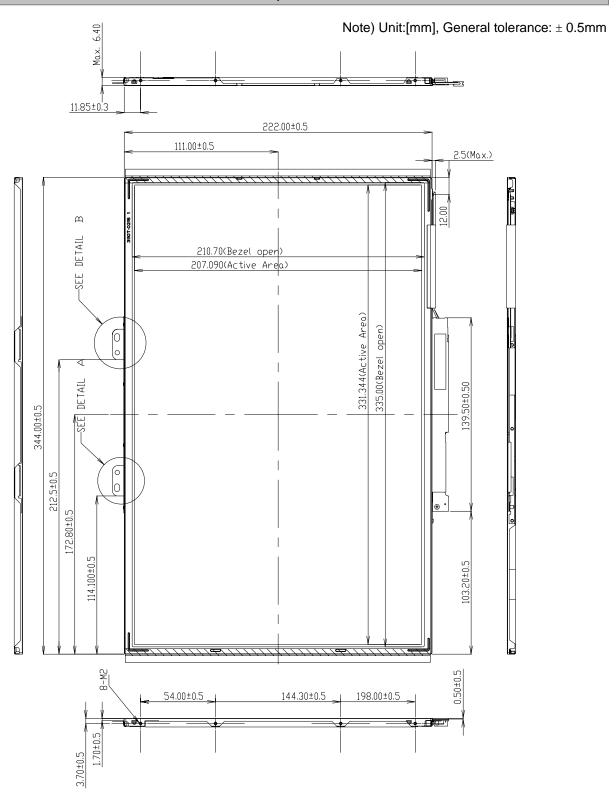
### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP154WP1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	344.0 ± 0.5mm
Outline Dimension	Vertical	222.0 ± 0.5mm
	Depth	6.1 ± 0.3mm
Bezel Area	Horizontal	$335.0 \pm 0.5$ mm
bezei Alea	Vertical	210.7 ± 0.5mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	331.344 mm
Active Display Area	Vertical	207.090 mm
Weight	515g (Max) w/o inverter & bracket	
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Glare treatment of the front pola	rizer

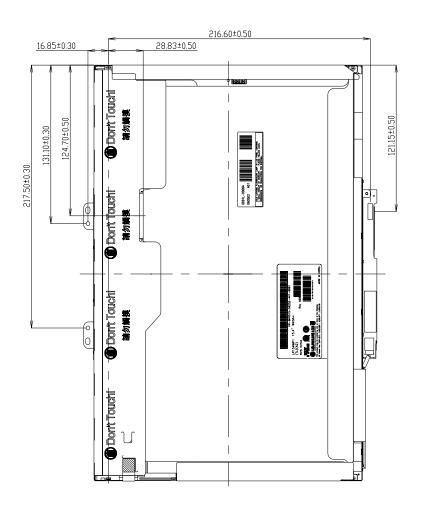
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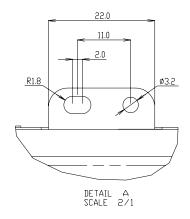


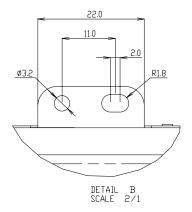




Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.5mm



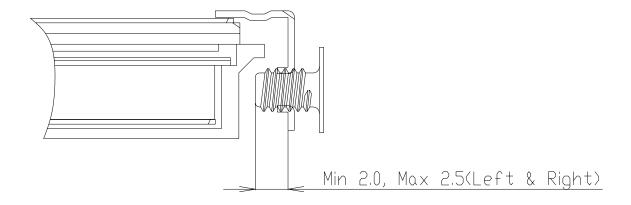






[ DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW ]

## \*Screw Torque (8 point): Max. 2Kgf.cm



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### 6. Reliability

#### **Environment test condition**

No.	Test Item	Conditions						
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h						
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h						
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h						
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h						
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 5 ~ 150Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 30min/axis						
6	Shock test (non-operating)	<ul> <li>No functional or cosmetic defects following a shock to all 6 sides delivering at least 180 G in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to the display module</li> <li>No functional defects following a shock delivering at least 200 g in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to each of 6 sides. Each of the 6 sides will be shock tested with one each display, for a total of 6 displays</li> </ul>						
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr						

<sup>{</sup> Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

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#### 7. International Standards

### 7-1. Safety

a) UL 1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

c) EN 60950 : 1992+A1: 1993+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A1: 1997+A11: 1997

IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+A3: 1995+A1: 1996

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

#### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998



### 8. Packing

### 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH) D : YEAR

E: MONTH  $F \sim M$ : SERIAL NO.

#### Note

#### 1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

#### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

#### b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

### 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 20 pcs

b) Box Size : 395mm imes 390mm imes 309mm

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#### 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm\ 200mV(Over\ and\ under\ shoot\ voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

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#### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

  It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
  - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

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## APPENDIX [A] - Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field Nam e and Com m ents	Va	шe	Va	lue	
(decim a1)	(HEX)	ried Name and Comments	(H)	EX)	(b ir	nary)	
0	0.0	Header		0	0000	0000	
1	01	Header	F	F	1111	1111	
2	02	Header	F	F	1111	1111	
3	03	Header	F	F	1111	1111	Header
4	04	Header	F	F	1111	1111	
5	05	Header	F	F	1111	1111	
6	06 07	Header	F 0	F 0	1111	1111	
8	08	Header E ISA m anufacturer code (3 Character ID ) = LPL	3	2	0000	0010	
9		E ISA m anufacture code (S C nafacter D ) - EFE E ISA m anufacture code (C om pressed ASC II)	0	C	0000	1100	
			_	0			
10	OA	PanelSupplierReserved - Product code	0	·	0000	0000	
11	0B	PanelSupplierReserved - Product code	D	F	1101	1111	
12	0 C	LCD Module SerialNo. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000	0000	Vender/
13	OD	LCD Module Seria1No. = 0 (If notused)	0	0	0000	0000	Product ID
14	0 E	LCD Module Seria1No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000	0000	
15	0F	LCD Module Seria1No. = 0 (If notused)	0	0	0000	0000	
16	10	W eek of M anufacture = 00	0	0	0000	0000	
17	11	Year of M anufacture = 2007	1	1	0001	0001	
18	12	ED $\mathbb{D}$ Structure version $\# = 1$	0	1	0000	0001	EDID Version/
19	13	ED $\mathbb{D}$ Revision $\# = 3$	0	3	0000	0011	Revision
20	14	Video Input Definition = Digita 1 I/P, non TM DS CRGB	8	0	1000	0000	
21	15	Max H image size(cm) = 33.12cm(33)	2	1	0010	0001	D isplay
22	16	Max V in age size(cm) = 20.70cm(21)	1	5	0001	0101	Param eter
23	17	D isplay gam m a =2.2	7	8	0111	1000	
24	18	Feature support(DPMS) = Active off, RGB Color	0	A	0000	1010	
25	19	Red/Green low Bits	E	9	1110	1001	
26 27	1 A 1 B	B Nue/W hite Low B its  Red X = 0.601	D 9	5 9	1101	1001	
28	1 C	Red Y = 0.350	5	9	0101	1001	
29	1 D	G reen X = 0.326	5	3	0101	0011	Color
30	1 E	G reen Y = 0.556	8	Е	1000	1110	Characteristic
31	1 F	B lue X = 0.159	2	8	0010	1000	
32	20	Blue Y = 0.149	2	6	0010	0110	
33	21	W hite X = 0.313	5	0	0101	0000	
34	22	W h ite Y = 0.329	5	4	0101	0100	
35	23	Established tim ings 1 (00h if not used)	0	0	0000	0000	Established
36	24	Established tim ings 2 (00h if not used)	0	0	0000	0000	Tim ings
37	25	Manufacturer's timings (00h if not used)	0	0	0000	0000	
38	26	Standard Tim ing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
39	27	Standard Tim ing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
40	28	Standard Tim ing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
41	29	Standard Tim ing Identification 2 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
42	2A	Standard Tim ing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
43	2B	Standard Tim ing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
44	2C	Standard Tim ing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	Standard
45	2D	Standard Tim ing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	Tim ing ID
46	2E	Standard Tim ing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
47	2F	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
48	30	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
49	31	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
50	32	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
			_	1			
51	33	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
52	34	Standard Tim ing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	
53	35	Standard Tim ing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000	0001	



## APPENDIX [A] - Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

Byte#	Byte#		Vа	lu e	Va	lue	-
(decim al)	(HEX)	Field Nam e and Com m ents	(H I			nary)	
54	36	Pixe1C bck/10,000 (LSB)	(	Е	1101	1110	
55	37	Pixe1C bck/10,000 (MSB) / 1440 x 900 @ 60Hz pixe1cbck = 86.			0010	0001	
56		HorizontalActive = 1440 pixels	A	0	1010	0000	
57		HorizontalBlanking = 112 pixels	7	0	0111	0000	
58		HorizontalActive: HorizontalBlanking = 1440:112	5	0	0101	0000	
59	3B	Vertica1A vtive = 900 lines	8	4	1000	0100	
60	3 C	Vertica1Blanking = 31 lines	1	F	0001	1111	D e ta ile d
61	3D	VerticalActive: VerticalBlanking = 900:31	3	0	0011	0000	Tim ing
62	3 E	HorizontalSync.Offset= 32 pixels	2	0	0010	0000	Description
63	3F	Horizonta1Sync Pulse Width = 32 pixels	2	0	0010	0000	#1
64	40	VerticalSync Offset = 5 lines: Sync W idth = 6 lines	5	6	0101	0110	
65	41	HorizontalVertical Sync Offset/W idth upper 2bits = 0	0	0	0000	0000	
66	42	Horizontal Im age Size = 33.12m m	4	В	0100	1011	
67	43	Vertical Image Size = 20.70m m	С	F	1100	1111	
68	44	Horizontal& Vertical Im age Size	1	0	0001	0000	
69	45	HorizontalBorder = 0	0	0	0000	0000	
70	46	VerticalBorder = 0	0	0	0000	0000	
71	47	N on-interlaced ,N ommaldisplay,no stereo ,D igital separate sync ,H /V polnegatives	1	8	0001	1000	
72	48	Pixe1C lock/10,000 (LSB)	D	Е	1101	1110	
73	49	Pixe1Clock/10,000 (MSB)/1440 x 900 @ 60Hz pixe1clock = 86.7	2	1	0010	0001	
74	4 A	HorizontalActive = 1440 pixels	Α	0	1010	0000	
75	4B	Horizonta1Blanking = 112 pixels	7	0	0111	0000	
76	4 C	Horizonta1Active:Horizonta1Blanking = 1440:112	5	0	0101	0000	
77	4D	Vertica1Avtive = 900 lines	8	4	1000	0100	
78	4 E	Vertica1Blanking = 31 lines	1	F	0001	1111	Detailed
79	4F	Vertica1Active: Vertica1Blanking = 900:31	3	0	0011	0000	Tim ing
80		Horizonta1Sync.Offset= 32 pixels	2	0	0010	0000	Description
81		Horizonta1Sync Pulse Width = 32 pixels	2	0	0010	0000	#2
82	52	VerticalSync Offset = 5 lines: Sync W idth = 6 lines	5	6	0101	0110	
83	53	Horizonta1Vertica1 Sync Offset√W idth upper 2bits = 0	0	0	0000	0000	
84	54	Horizontal Im age Size = 33.12m m	4	В	0100	1011	
85	55	Vertical Im age Size = 20.70m m	С	F	1100	1111	
86	56	Horizontal& Vertical In age Size	1	0	0001	0000	
87	57	HorizontalBorder = 0	0	0	0000	0000	
88	58	VerticalBorder = 0	0	0	0000	0000	
89		Module "A" Revision = 00	0	0	0000	0000	
90		Fhg			0000	0000	
91	5B	Fag	0	0	0000	0000	
92	5C	F hg	0	0	0000	0000	
93 94	5D 5E	Dum my Descriptor	F	Е	1111	1110	
94	5E 5F	Flag	0	0	0100	1011	
95	60	De11P/N 1stCharacter= K De11P/N 2nd Character= R	5	2	0100	0010	Dotoiloi
96	61	DellP/N 2nd Character = K DellP/N 3nd Character = 5	3	5	0011	0101	Detailed Timing
98	62	DellP/N 3nd Character = 5 DellP/N 4th Character = 1	3	1	0011	0001	Description
99	63	DellP/N 5th Character = 5	3		0011	0101	#3
100	64	LCD Supplier EED D Revision # = 0.0	0	0	0000	0000	πο
100	65	M anufacturer P/N = 1	3	1	0011	0000	
102	66	M anufacturer P/N = 5	3	5	0011	0101	
102	67	M anufacturer P/N = 4	3	4	0011	0100	
103	68	M anufacturer P/N = W	5	7	0101	0111	
105	69	M anufacturer P/N = P	5	0	0101	0000	
106	6A	M anufacturer P/N = 1	3	1	0011	0000	
107	6B	P/N (If <13 char, then term in the with ASC II code OAh, set remain:			0000	1010	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		- ^			



## APPENDIX [A] - Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

Byte#	Byte#	Field Nam e and Com m ents	Value		Value	
(decim a1)	(HEX)	ræn nam e and com m ents		EX)	(binary)	
108	6C	Flag	0	0	0000 0000	
109	6D	Flag	0	0	0000 0000	
110	6 E	Flag	0	0	0000 0000	
111	6F	Data Type Tag: ASC II String	F	Е	1111 1110	
112	70	Flag	0	0	0000 0000	
113	71	SMBUS Value = 10 nits	2	3	0010 0011	
114	72	SMBUS Value = 17 nits	3	3	0011 0011	Detailed
115	73	SMBUS Value = 24 nits	3	D	0011 1101	Tim ing
116	74	SM BUS Value = 30 nits	4	8	0100 1000	Description
117	75	SM BUS Value = 60 nits	6	5	0110 0101	#4
118	76	SMBUS Value = 110 nits	8	4	1000 0100	
119	77	SM BUS Value = 180 nits	Α	Α	1010 1010	
120	78	SMBUS Value = Max (Typically = FFh)	F	F	1111 1111	
121	79	Num berofLVDS receiver chips = 1 or 2	0	2	0000 0010	
122	7 A	BIST Enable: Yes = 0'1' No = 0'0'	0	1	0000 0001	
123	7B	13 char, then term inate with ASC II code OAh, set rem aining char=	0	Α	0000 1010	
124	7 C	(If<13 char, then term inate with ASC II code OAh)	2	0	0010 0000	
125	7 D	(If<13 char, then term inate with ASC II code OAh)	2	0	0010 0000	
126	7 E	Extension flag = 00	0	0	0000 0000	Extension Flag
127	7 F	Checksum	Α	3	1010 0011	Checksum

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