

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

()	Preliminary	Specification
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() Final Specification

litle		10.1" HD IFI L	CD	
Customor	DELL	SUPPLIER	LG Display Co. Ltd	

Customer	DELL
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LP101WH2
Suffix	TLB1

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED B	Y SIGNATURE
/	
/	
/	
Please return 1 copy for your signature and con	or your confirmation with nments.

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE			
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Products Engineering Dept. LG Display Co., Ltd				

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 1 / 27



Contents

No	ITEM	Page
	COVER	1
	CONTENTS	2
	RECORD OF REVISIONS	3
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	4
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	5
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
3-1	ELECTRICAL CHARACTREISTICS	6
3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTION	7
3-3	LVDS SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	8
3-4	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	10
3-5	SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORMS	10
3-6	COLOR INPUT DATA REFERNECE	11
3-7	POWER SEQUENCE	12
4	OPTICAL SFECIFICATIONS	13
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	16
6	RELIABLITY	20
7	INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS	
7-1	SAFETY	21
7-2	EMC	21
8	PACKING	
8-1	DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK	22
8-2	PACKING FORM	22
9	PRECAUTIONS	23
Α	APPENDIX. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data	25



RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0	Sep. 16. 2009	All	First Draft (Preliminary Specification)	-

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 3 / 27

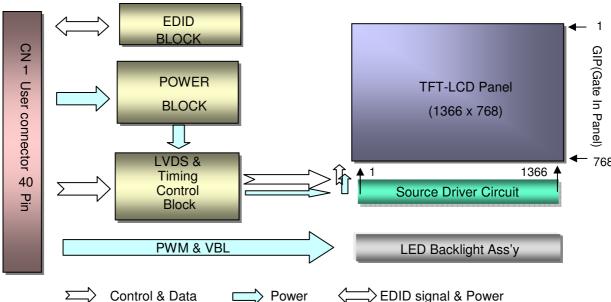


1. General Description

The LP101WH1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral LED backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 10.1inches diagonally measured active display area with HD resolution(1366 horizontal by 768 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue subpixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP101WH2 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP101WH2 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP101WH2 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



General Features

Active Screen Size	10.1 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	235.0(H) × 146.5(V) × .3.6(D,Max.) [mm]
Pixel Pitch	0.16305mm × 0.16305 mm
Pixel Format	1366 horiz. By 768 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	230 cd/m ² (Typ.5 point)
Power Consumption	TBD
Weight	180g (Max.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare treatment of the front polarizer
RoHS Comply	Yes

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 4 / 27



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

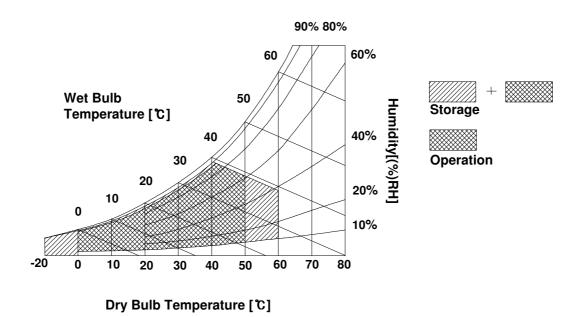
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
i didilietei	Symbol	Min	Max	Offics		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 5 / 27



3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

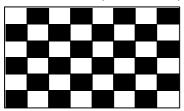
The LP101WS1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the LED BL.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes	
Farameter	Syllibol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Notes	
MODULE :							
Power Supply Input Voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V_{DC}		
Power Supply Input Current	I _{cc}	-	T.B.D	T.B.D	mA	1	
Power Consumption	Pc	-	T.B.D	T.B.D	Watt	1	
Differential Impedance	Zm	90	100	110	Ohm	2	
LED Backlight (With LED Driver):							
LED Driver (@12V)	P_{DRIVER}		0.12	0.14	Watt		
Operating Voltage	V_{LED}	-	T.B.D	T.B.D	V		
Operating Current per string	I _{LED}	-	T.B.D		mA	3	
Power Consumption	P_BL	-	T.B.D	T.B.D	Watt	4	
Life Time		10,000	-	-	Hrs	5	

Note)

1. The specified current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V, $25^{\circ}C$, fv = 60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and fv is the frame frequency.



- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 3. The typical operating current is for the typical surface luminance (L_{WH}) in optical characteristics. I_{LED} is the current of each LED's string, LED backlight has 3 strings on it.
- 4. The LED power consumption shown above does not include power of external LED driver circuit for typical current condition.
- 5. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of LED is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical LED current.

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 6 / 27



3-2. Interface Connection

This LCD employs one interface connection, a 40 pin connector is used for the module electronics interface.

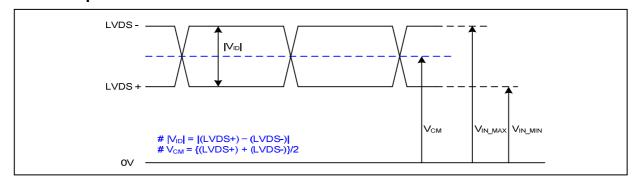
Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin 1	Symbol	I lectintion	
1 1		Description	Notes
J' J.	CT1/NC	Connector Test/No Connection(Reserved)	
2	VDD	+3.3V Power Supply	
3	VDD	+3.3V Power Supply	
4	V_{EDID}	+3.3V EDID Power	1, Interface chips
5	NC	No Connection	1.1 LCD : SiW, 1port including
6	CLK _{EDID}	EDID Clock Input	LVDS Receiver 1.2 System:
7	DATA _{EDID}	EDID Data Input	* Pin to Pin compatible with LVDS
8	RxIN0-	LVDS differential data input	O. Commontor
9	RxIN0+	LVDS differential data input	2. Connector 2.1 LCD :LSM GT05Q-40S-H10
10	GND	Ground	(Locking type)
11	RxIN1-	LVDS differential data input	or equivalent
12	RxIN1+	LVDS differential data input	2.2 Mating:
13	GND	Ground	2.3 Connector pin arrangement
14	RxIN2-	LVDS differential data input	·
15	RxIN2+	LVDS differential data input	40 1 ПППП
16	GND	Ground	Ш Ш
17	RxCLKIN-	LVDS differential clock input	
18	RxCLKIN+	LVDS differential clock input	[LCD Module Rear View]
19	GND	Ground	[EOD Module Fleat View]
20	NC	No Connection	
21	NC	No Connection	
22	GND	Ground	
23	NC	No Connection	
24	NC	No Connection	
25	GND	Ground	
26	NC	No Connection	
27	NC	No Connection	
28	GND	Ground	
29	NC NC	No Connection	
30	NC	No Connection	
31	VLED_GND	LED Ground	
32	VLED_GND	LED Ground	
33	VLED_GND	LED Ground	
34	CT2/NC	Connector Test/No Connection(Reserved)	
35	S_PWMIN	System PWM signal input	
36	BL_ON	LED Enable[Note 1]	
37	NC	No Connection	
38	VLED	+5V~+21V LED Power Supply	
39	VLED	+5V~+21V LED Power Supply	[Note 1]
40	VLED	+5V~+21V LED Power Supply	On: 2.0V ↑,Off:0~0.4V



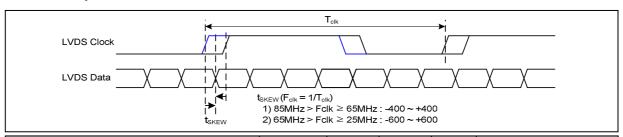
3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications

3-3-1. DC Specification



Description	Symb ol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	100	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V _{CM}	0.6	1.8	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	0.3	2.1	V	-

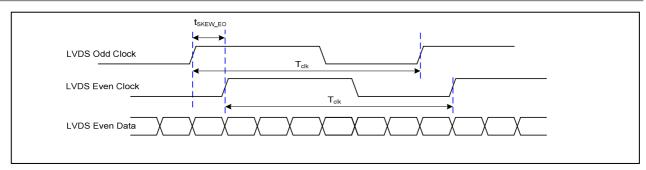
3-3-2. AC Specification



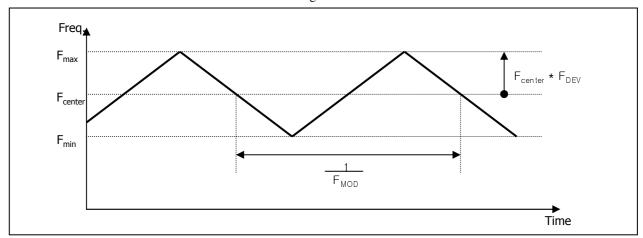
Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t _{SKEW}	- 400	+ 400	ps	85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t _{SKEW}	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 25MHz
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t _{SKEW_EO}	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T _{clk}	-
Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC	F _{DEV}	-	± 3	%	-
Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC	F _{MOD}	-	200	KHz	-

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 8 / 27





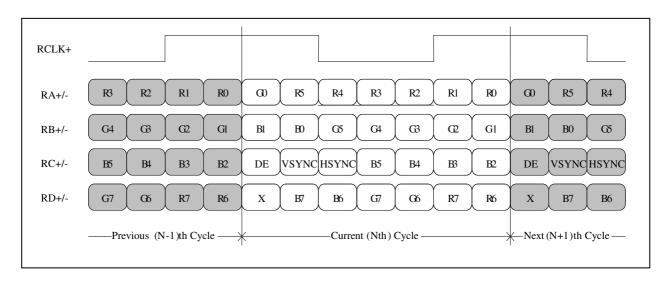
< Clock skew margin between channel >



< Spread Spectrum >

3-3-3. Data Format

- LVDS 1 Port



< LVDS Data Format >

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 9 / 27

Condition: VCC =3.3V



Product Specification

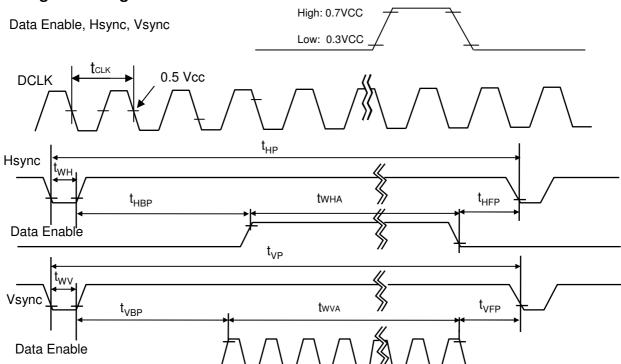
3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

Table 5. TIMING TABLE

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	f _{CLK}	ı	72.3	ı	MHz	
	Period	Thp	1470	1526	1586		
Hsync	Width	t _{wh}	23	32	40	tCLK	
	Width-Active	t _{WHA}	1366	1366	1366		
	Period	t _{VP}	779	790	801		
Vsync	Width	t _{wv}	2	5	8	tHP	
	Width-Active	t _{wva}	768	768	768		
	Horizontal back porch	t _{HBP}	72	80	124	tCLK	
Data	Horizontal front porch	t _{HFP}	8	48	48	ICLK	
Enable	Vertical back porch	t _{VBP}	8	14	20	tHP	
	Vertical front porch	t _{VFP}	1	3	5	ulP	

3-5. Signal Timing Waveforms



10 / 27 Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009



3-6. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
	Color			RE	ΞD					GRE	EEN					BL	UE		
		MSE						MSE					LSB						LSB
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1				G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	В3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0			0	0	0	0			0	0		0		0	0	0	0
	Red	1		1	1	1	1	0	0		0	0	0	0		0		0	0
	Green	0	0			0	0	1 			1		1	0	0	0		0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	.1	1	1	
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	. 1		1	1	1	1	.1	1		
	Magenta	1	1	.1	. 1	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	.1	1		1
	Yellow	1	1	1	. 1		1	1	1	1	1	1		0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN					 														
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE					 						 						 		• • • • • •
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1		1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	 1	1	1

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 11 / 27



3-7. Power Sequence

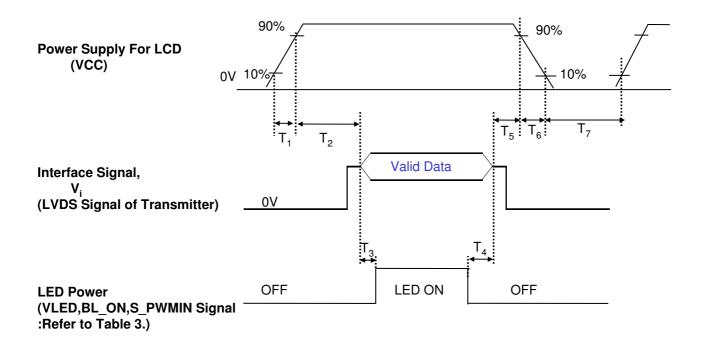


Table 7. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value		Units
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T ₁	0.5	-	10	(ms)
T ₂	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₃	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₄	200	-	-	(ms)
T ₅	0	-	50	(ms)
T ₆	0	-	10	(ms)
T ₇	400	-	-	(ms)

Note)

- 1. Valid Data is Data to meet "3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications"
- 2. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 3. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 4. LED power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 12 / 27



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and Θ equal to 0° .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

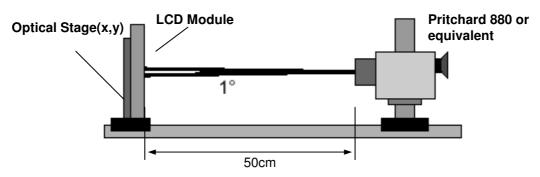


Table 8. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, f_{V} =60Hz, f_{CLK} = 50.8MHz, I_{BL} = 19 mA

Parameter	Symbol		Values		Units	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	400	-	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	L _{WH}	TBD	-		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ_{WHITE}	-	1.4	1.6]	3
Response Time	Tr_{R} + Tr_{D}	-	16	25	ms	4
Color Coordinates]	
RED	RX		T.B.D			
	RY		T.B.D			
GREEN	GX		T.B.D		[
	GY		T.B.D			
BLUE	BX		T.B.D			
	BY		T.B.D			
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	30	-	-	degree	
x axis, left (Φ=180°)	ΘΙ	30	-	-	degree	
y axis, up (Φ=90°)	Θu	10	-	-	degree	
y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	20	-	-	degree	
Gray Scale			2.2			6

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 13 / 27



Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

$$L_{WH} = Average(L_1, L_2, ... L_5)$$

3. The variation in surface luminance , The panel total variation (δ_{WHITE}) is determined by measuring L_N at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as followed numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(\mathsf{L}_{1}, \mathsf{L}_{2}, \ \dots \ \mathsf{L}_{13})}{\text{Minimum}(\mathsf{L}_{1}, \mathsf{L}_{2}, \ \dots \ \mathsf{L}_{13})}$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time, Tr_R) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

*
$$f_V = 60Hz$$

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
L0	T.B.D
L7	T.B.D
L15	T D D
L23	T.B.D
L31	T.B.D
L39	T D D
L47	T.B.D
L55	T.B.D
L63	100

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009



FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation>

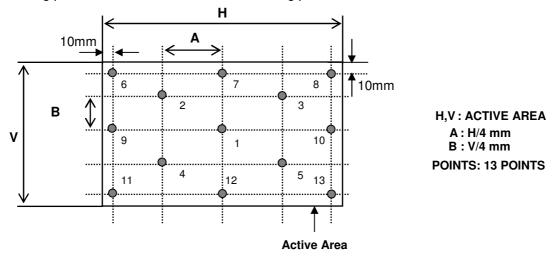


FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

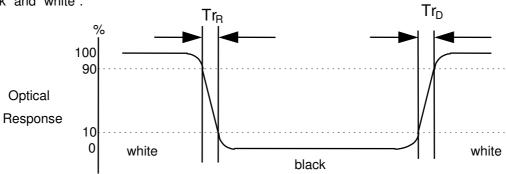
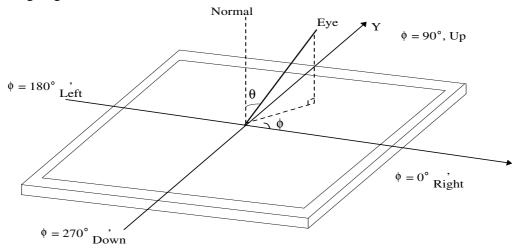


FIG. 4 Viewing angle



Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 15 / 27



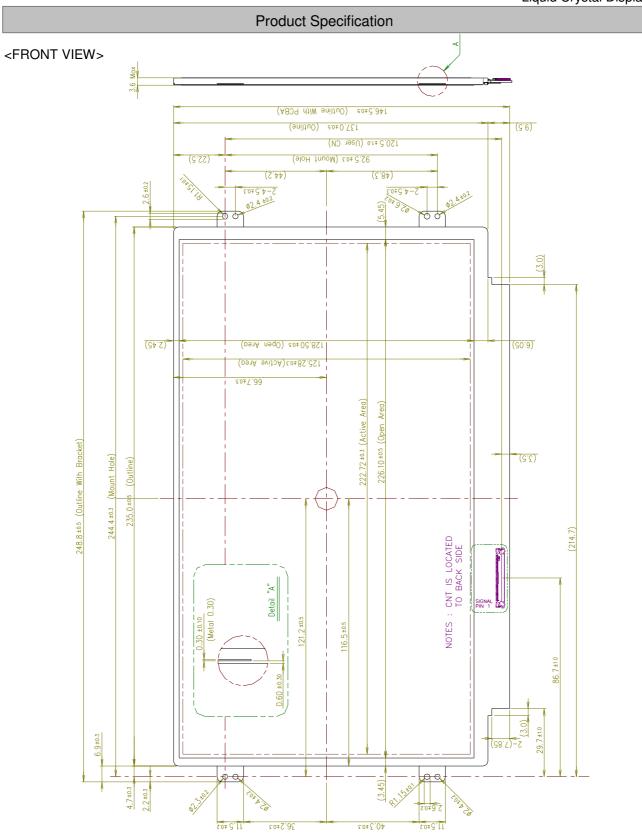
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP101WSA. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	235.0 ± 0.5 mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	146.5 ± 0.5 mm			
	Thickness	3.6mm (max)			
Bezel Area	Horizontal	226.1 ± 0.5 mm			
Dezei Area	Vertical	128.5 ± 0.5 mm			
Active Display Area	Horizontal	222.72 ± 0.3 mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	125.28 ± 0.3 mm			
Weight	180.0g (Max.)				
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare treatment of the front polarizer				

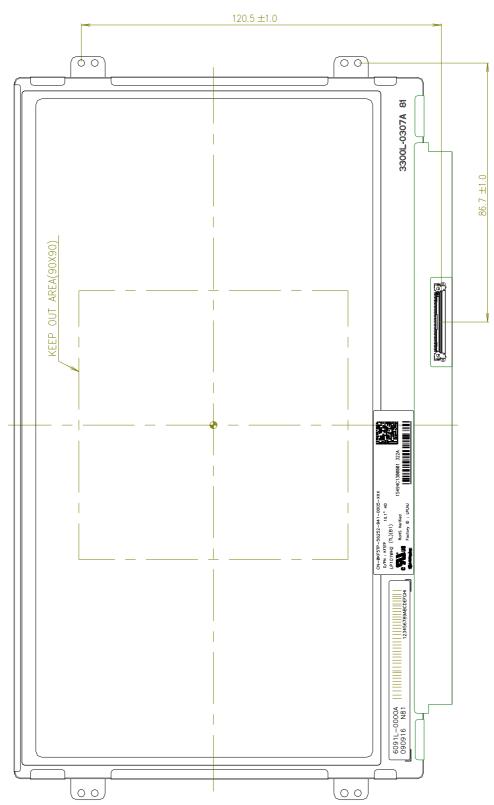
Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009





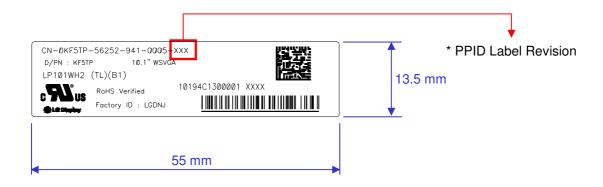


<REAR VIEW>





[DETAIL INFORMATION OF PPID LABEL AND REVISION CODE]



* PPID Label Revision :

It is subject to change with Dell event. Please refer to the below table for detail.

Classification	No Change	1st Revision	2nd Revision	 9th Revision	•••
SST(WS)	X00	X01	X02	 A09	•••
PT(ES)	X10	X11	X12	 A19	•••
ST(CS)	X20	X21	X22	 A29	•••
XB(MP)	A00	A01	A02	 A09	

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009



6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions					
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h					
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h					
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h					
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h					
5	Vibration test (non-operating) Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis						
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 6ms for all six faces)					
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr					

[{] Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 20 / 27



7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition,

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 21 / 27



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

A B C D E F G H I J K L	М
---	---

A,B,C:SIZE(INCH) D:YEAR

E: MONTH $F \sim M$: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 30 pcs

b) Box Size: TBD

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 22 / 27



9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm\ 200mV(Over\ and\ under\ shoot\ voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)

 And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 23 / 27



9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
 - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 24 / 27



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

T.B.D

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 25 / 27



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

T.B.D

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 26 / 27



APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

T.B.D

Ver. 0.0 Sep. 16, 2009 27 / 27