

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(	) Preliminary Specification
(4	) Final Specification

Title	15.4" WSXGA+ TFT LCD

BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD CO., Ltd.
*MODEL	LP154W02
SUFFIX	TL06

\*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

SIGNATURE	DATE
/	
/	
/	

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with

your signature and comments.

APPROVED BY	DATE
J. H. Lee /S.Manager	
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## **RECORDS OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0	Apr.14. 2005	-	First Draft	0.4
		4	General Specification is revised.	
		6	Electrical Characteristics are updated.	
		13	Change of Power Sequence Spec(T4,T7)	
		14,15	Optical Specification is revised.	
1.0	Aug. 09. 2005	22	Shock test condition is revised.	0.5
		23	International Standard is updated.	
		25	Label Description is added.	
		27-29	Appendix A is revised.	
		30	Appendix B is added.	
1.1	Feb.09.2006	19-21	Mechanical drawing is updated	0.5

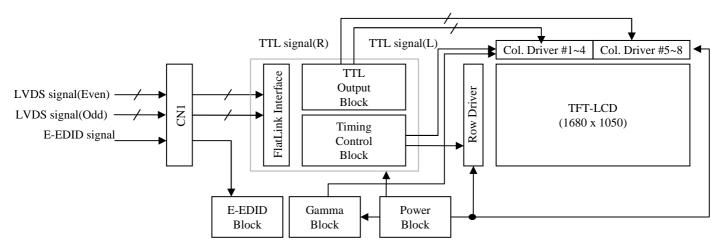


### 1. General Description

The LP154W02(TL06) is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.4 inches diagonally measured active display area with WSXGA+ resolution(1680 vertical by 1050 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP154W02(TL06) has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI. Flat Link must be used as a LVDS(Low Voltage Differential Signaling) chip.

The LP154W02(TL06) is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic display are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP154W02(TL06) characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



### **General Features**

Active screen size	15.4 inches diagonal		
Outline Dimension	344.0(H)[typ.] x 222.0(V)[typ.] x 6.5(D) mm[Max.]		
Pixel Pitch	0.19725 mm x 0.19725mm		
Pixel format	1680 horiz. By 1050 vert. Pixels RGB stripes arrangement		
Color depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors		
Luminance, white	200nit(Center 1point)		
Power Consumption	5.92W (Typ.)		
Weight	550g (Typ), 565(Max)		
Display operating mode	Transmissive mode, normally white		
Surface treatments	Hard coating 2H,Anti-glare,Anti-reflection,Anti-electrostatic treatment		
Surface treatments	of the front polarizer (Nitto Denko AG ARC 150T)		
RoHS Comply panel	Yes		

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### 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

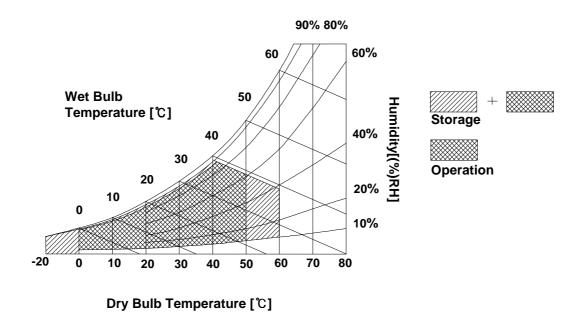
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause operation or damage to the unit.

**Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** 

ay mah al	Values		Linita	Notes	
Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Notes	
W	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	At 25 ± 5°C	
l <del>-</del>		_		At 25 ± 5 C	
l <del>-</del>	_		_	1	
	10	90	%RH	1	
H <sub>ST</sub>	10	90	%RH	1	
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{symbol} \\ \\ \text{V}_{\text{CC}} \\ \text{T}_{\text{OP}} \\ \text{T}_{\text{ST}} \\ \text{H}_{\text{OP}} \\ \text{H}_{\text{ST}} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} \text{symbol} & \hline \\ & \text{Min.} \\ \hline \\ V_{\text{CC}} & -0.3 \\ T_{\text{OP}} & 0 \\ T_{\text{ST}} & -20 \\ H_{\text{OP}} & 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$	symbol         Min.         Max.           V <sub>CC</sub> -0.3         4.0           T <sub>OP</sub> 0         50           T <sub>ST</sub> -20         60           H <sub>OP</sub> 10         90	symbol         Units           V <sub>CC</sub> -0.3         4.0         Vdc           T <sub>OP</sub> 0         50         °C           T <sub>ST</sub> -20         60         °C           H <sub>OP</sub> 10         90         %RH	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max, and no condensation of water.



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### 3. Electrical Specifications

#### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP154W02(TL06) requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Units	Notes
raiailletei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Office	Notes
MODULE Power Supply Input Voltage Power Supply Input Current Differential Impedance Power Consumption	V <sub>CC</sub> Zm Pc	3.0 - 90	3.3 530 100 1.75	3.6 610 110 2.01	Vdc mA ohm Watts	1 2 1
LAMP Operating Voltage Operating Current Established Starting Voltage at 25 °C at 0 °C Operating Frequency Discharge Stabilization Time Power Consumption Life Time	V <sub>BL</sub> I <sub>BL</sub> V <sub>S</sub> f <sub>BL</sub> T <sub>S</sub> P <sub>BL</sub>	680 3.0 - - 40 - 12,000	695 6.0 - - 60 4.17	835 6.5 1170 1400 80 3 4.42	V <sub>RMS</sub> mA  V <sub>RMS</sub> V <sub>RMS</sub> kHz Minutes Watts Hrs	3 4 5 6 7 8

#### Note: The design of the inverter must have specification for the lamp in LCD Assembly.

The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter.

When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter(no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in you instrument.

- 1. The specified typical current and power consumption are under the  $V_{CC}$ =3.3V, 25°C, $f_V$ =60Hz condition whereas window XP Bliss pattern is displayed and  $f_V$  is the frame frequency.
- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured from LVDS  $T_{\chi}$  to the mating connector.
- 3. The variance of the voltage is  $\pm$  10%.
- 4. The voltage above  $V_S$  should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on.

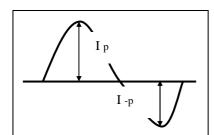
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- 5. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical(negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Asymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has asymmetrical voltage and asymmetrical current and spike wave.
  Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- 6. It is defined the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%.
  T<sub>S</sub> is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 7. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.
- 8. The life is determined as the time at which brightness of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at  $25 \pm 2$ °C.
- 9. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.
  If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- 10. Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.

It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within  $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$ .
- \* Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



\* Asymmetry rate:

$$|I_{p} - I_{-p}| / I_{rms} * 100\%$$

\* Distortion rate

$$I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$$



#### 3-2. Interface Connections

Interface chip must be used FlatLink, part No. THC63LVDF823A(Transmitter made by Thine Inc or equivalence.)

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30-pin-connector is used for the module electronics and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model FI-XB30SR-HF11 manufactured by JAE.

The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION(LVDS)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	GND Vcc Vcc VEDID NC CLKEDID DATAEDID Odd_A1M Odd_A1P GND Odd_A2P GND Odd_A3M Odd_A3P GND Odd_A3P GND Odd_CLKM Odd_CLKP GND Even_A1M Even_A1P GND Even_A2P GND Even_A2M Even_A2P GND Even_A3M Even_A3P GND Even_A3M Even_A3P GND Even_CLKM	Ground Power(3.3V) Power(3.3V) DDC 3.3V Power No connect DDC clock DDC data Differential Signal Differential Signal Ground Differential Signal	1. Interface chips 1.1 LCD : KZ4E053G11(LCD Controller) including LVDS Receiver 1.2 System : THC63LVD823 or equivalent *Pin to Pin compatible with TI LVDS  2. Connector 2.1 LCD : FI-XB30SR-HF11,JAE 2.2 Mating : FI-X30M or equivalent. 2.3 Connector pin arrangement  Viewing on Display side  Viewing on Display side  CN2



The backlight interface connector is a model BHSR-02VS-1, manufactured by JST or equivalent.

The mating connector part number is SM02B-BHSS-1 or equivalent.

The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

#### **Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION**

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

Notes: 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored White. The low voltage side terminal is Yellow.

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## 3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

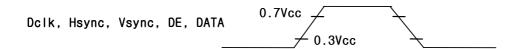
This is the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS Transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

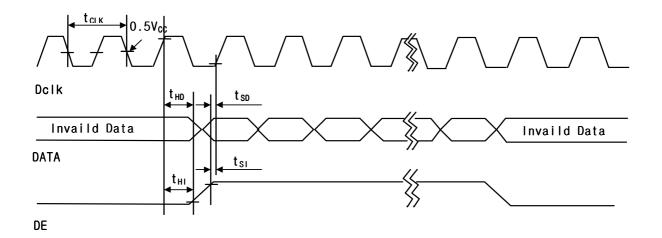
Table 6. Timing Table

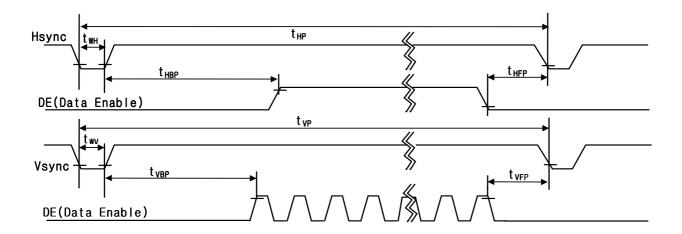
	ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTES
	Frequency	f <sub>CLK</sub>	55	61	67	MHz	
Dclk	Width-Low	t <sub>WCL</sub>	3	-	-	ns	
DCIK	Width-High	t <sub>WCH</sub>	3	-	-	ns	
	Duty	D	0.4	0.5	0.6		$D = t_{CLKH}/t_{CLK}$
11	Period	t <sub>HP</sub>	864	952	1288	t <sub>CLK</sub>	
Hsync	Width	t <sub>WH</sub>	8	-	-	t <sub>CLK</sub>	
\/a	Period	t <sub>VP</sub>	1057	1066	1082	t <sub>HP</sub>	
Vsync	Width active	t <sub>WV</sub>	1		-	t <sub>HP</sub>	
	Set up Time	t <sub>sı</sub>	3	-	-	ns	For Dclk
	Hold Time	t <sub>HI</sub>	3	-	-	110	
DE	Horizontal Back Porch	t <sub>HBP</sub>	8	-	-	t <sub>CLK</sub>	
	Horizontal Front Porch	t <sub>HFP</sub>	8	-	-		
	Vertical Back Porch	t <sub>VBP</sub>	5	-	-	t <sub>HP</sub>	
	Vertical Front Porch	t <sub>VFP</sub>	1	-	-		
DATA	Set up Time	t <sub>SD</sub>	3	-	-	ns	For Dclk
DATA	Hold Time	t <sub>HD</sub>	3	-	-	115	FUI DUK
Input	High	t <sub>rH</sub>	0.7Vcc				
Voltage	Low	t <sub>rL</sub>			0.3Vcc		



## 3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms







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## 3-5. Color Input Data Reference

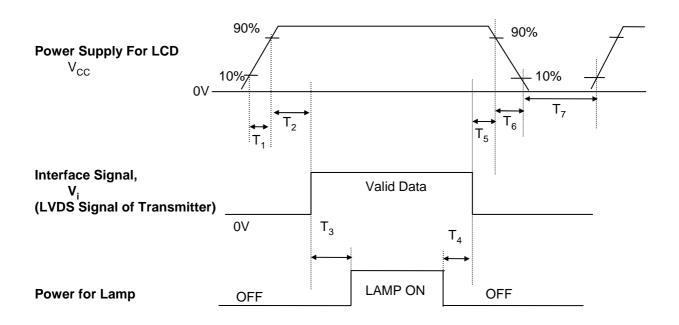
The brightness of each primary color(red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

**Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE** 

									Inp	ut Co	lor D	ata							
	Color	  MSE	3	Re	ed		LSB	MSI	3	Gre	een		LSB	MSE	3	BI	ue		LSB
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Colors	Black Red(63) Green(63) Blue(63) Cyan Magenta Yellow White	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0
Red	Red(00) Dark Red(01) Red(02) : Red(61) Red(62) Red(63) Bright	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 1 0 : 1 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0
Green	Green(00)Dark Green(01) Green(02) : Green(61) Green(62) Green(63)Bright	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 1 0 : 1 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0
Blue	Blue(00) Dark Blue(01) Blue(02) : Blue(61) Blue(62) Blue(63) Bright	0 0 0 : 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 1 0 : 1 0										



### 3-6. Power Sequence



Parameter			Units	
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	UTIILS
T <sub>1</sub> T <sub>2</sub> T <sub>3</sub> T <sub>4</sub> T <sub>5</sub> T <sub>6</sub> T <sub>7</sub>	- 0 200 0 0 - 150	- - - - -	10 50 - - 50 10	ms ms ms ms ms ms

Notes: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD  $V_{\rm CC}$  to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.

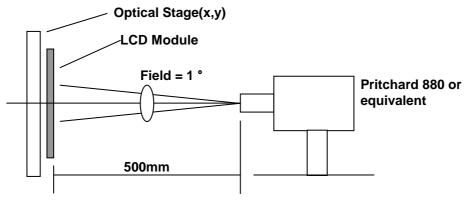


## 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0 °.

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

#### FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method



Parameter	Symbol		Values		Units	Notes
raidifietei	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offics	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	300	500	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	L <sub>WH</sub>	170	200		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance % uniformity	$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$	50	55	-	%	3
Response Time	Tr					4
Rise Time + Decay Time	Tr <sub>R+</sub> Tr <sub>D</sub>	-	25	40	ms	
CIE Color Coordinates Red Green Blue White	XR YR XG YG XB YB XW YW	0.559 0.315 0.297 0.514 0.127 0.111 0.285 0.309	0.589 0.345 0.327 0.544 0.157 0.141 0.313 0.329	0.619 0.375 0.357 0.574 0.187 0.171 0.341 0.349		±0.03 ±0.03 ±0.03 ±0.03 ±0.03 ±0.03 ±0.028 ±0.020
Viewing Angle x axis, right(φ=0°) x axis, left (φ=180°) y axis, up (φ=90°) y axis, down (φ=270°)  Gray Scale	θr θl θu θd	60 60 40 50	65 65 50 50	_	degree	5
Gray Scale	-	-	2.2	-		6

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Notes: 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- 2. Surface luminance is the center point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2. When  $I_{BL}$ = 6.0mA,
- 3. Luminance % uniformity is measured for 13 point For more information see FIG 2.  $\delta$  WHITE = (Mniimum(LN1,LN2, ..... LN13)  $\div$  Maximum(LN1,LN2, ..... LN13))x100%
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black(Rise Time,  $Tr_R$ ) and from black to white(Decay Time,  $Tr_D$ ). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

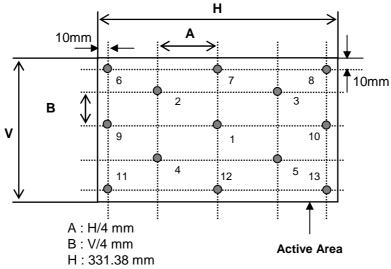
\* fV=60Hz

Gray Level	Luminance(%) (Typ.)					
L0	0.0					
L7	1.0					
L15	5.0					
L23	12.0					
L31	21.0					
L39	35.0					
L47	52.0					
L55	74.0					
L63	100					



#### FIG. 2 Luminance

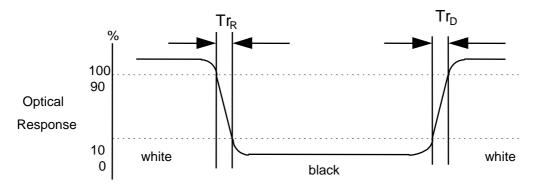
<measuring point for luminance variation/surface luminance>



H : 331.38 mm V : 207.11 mm @ H,V : Active Area

#### FIG. 3 Response Time

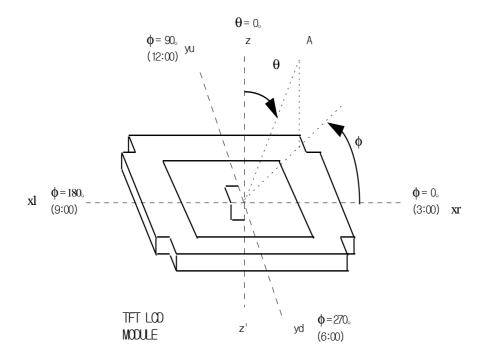
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".





## FIG. 4 Viewing angle

<dimension of viewing angle range>



A: Eye of Observer



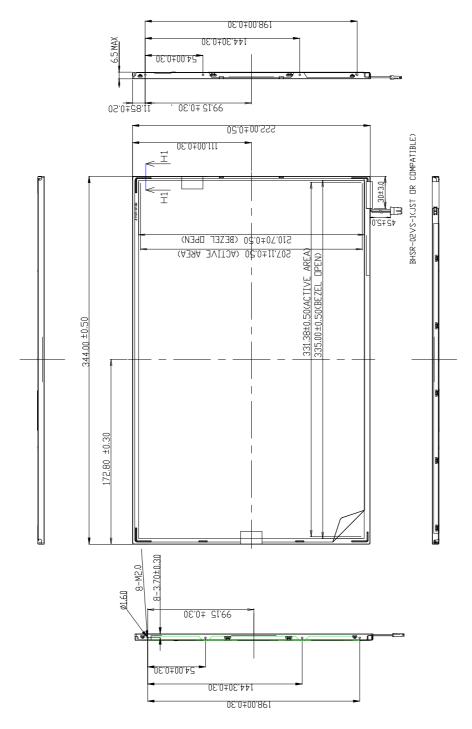
### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP154W02(TL06). In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	344.0 ± 0.5mm			
Outside dimensions	Vertical	222.0 ± 0.5mm			
	Depth	6.2 <sup>mm</sup> (Typ), 6.5 <sup>mm</sup> (Max)			
Dozal avec	Horizontal	335.0± 0.5mm			
Bezel area	Vertical	210.7 ± 0.5mm			
A stive display area	Horizontal	331.38mm			
Active display area	Vertical	207.11mm			
Weight(approximate)	565g(Max)				
Surface Treatment	Hard coating 2H,Anti-glare,Anti-reflection, Anti-electrostatic treatment of the front polarizer (Nitto Denko AG ARC 150T)				



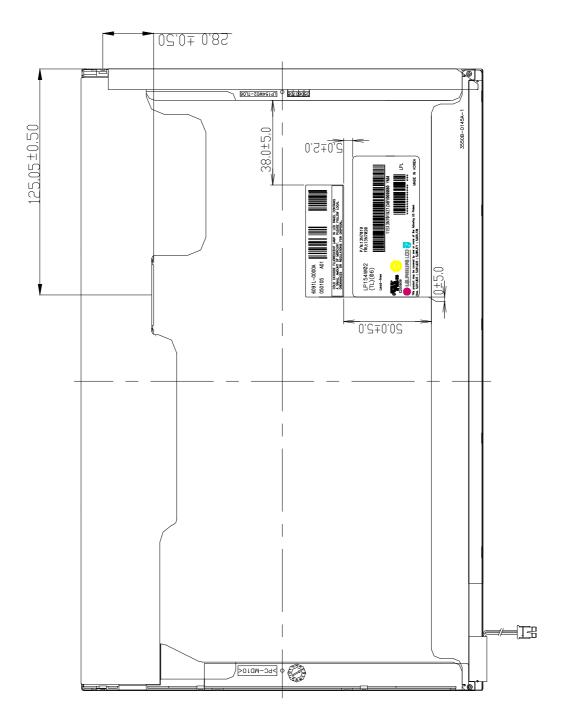
#### <FRONT VIEW>



Note. unspecified dimensional tolerance are +/-0.5mm



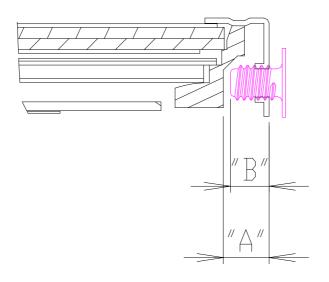
#### <REAR VIEW>



Note. unspecified dimensional tolerance are +/-0.5mm



#### <DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW>



SECTION H1-H1

\*SCREW(8EA) TORQUE : 2.5kgf.cm max \*Screw Hole Depth ("A"): min 2.5mm \*Screw Length("B") : max 2.5, min2.3 (LPL CAN'T CONTROL THIS DIMENSION.)

Note. unspecified dimensional tolerance are +/-0.5mm

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## 6. Reliability

**Environment test condition** 

No.	Test Item	Conditions					
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h					
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h					
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h					
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h					
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 5 ~ 150Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 30min/axis					
6	Shock test (non-operating)	- No functional or cosmetic defects following a shock to all 6 sides delivering at least 180 G in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to the display module - No functional defects following a shock delivering at least 200 g in a half sine pulse no longer than 2 ms to each of 6 sides. Each of the 6 sides will be shock tested with one each display, for a total of 6 displays					
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr					

<sup>{</sup> Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

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#### 7. International Standards

#### 7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.,

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition,

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

#### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R. "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)

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### 8. Packing

## 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

#### a) Lot Mark

A   B   C   D   E   F   G   H   I   J   K	L	М
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A,B,C : SIZE(INCH) D : YEAR

E: MONTH F: FACTORY CODE

 $\mbox{$\mathsf{G}$ : ASSEMBLY CODE} \qquad \qquad \mbox{$\mathsf{H}$, $\mathsf{I}$, $\mathsf{J}$, $\mathsf{K}$, $\mathsf{L}$, $\mathsf{M}$ : SERIAL NO.}$ 

#### Note

#### 1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

#### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

### 3. FACTORY CODE

Factory Code	LPL Gumi	LPL Nanjing	HEESUNG		
Mark	K	С	D		

### 4. SERIAL NO.

#### b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

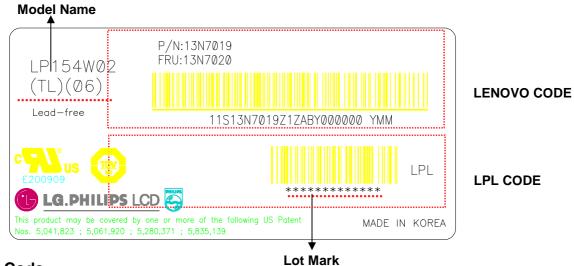
### 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 10 pcs

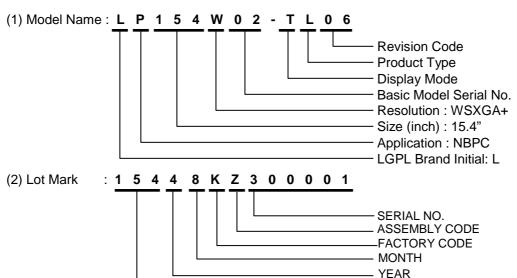
b) Box Size: 441mm ×373mm × 348mm



### 8-3. Label Description



### **LPL Code**



#### **LENOVO Code**

1) LENOVO P/N: 13N7019

2) FRU P/N : 13N7020

- SIZE



#### 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the following when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force(ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module.
  - And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach a transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer.

  Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not describe because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm 200 \text{mV}(\text{Over and under shoot voltage})$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)
  And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

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#### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

  It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
  - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

		K 71. Ellianood Extended Biopidy is			LG LP154W02			,						
Bvte#	Byte#		Value			Data								
(decimal)	(HEX)	Field Name and Comments	(HEX)								(binary)	Data		
(decirrai)		11	0	_	0000 0000									
1	00 01	Header Header	F	F	1111 1111									
2	02	Header	F	F	1111 1111									
3	03	Header	F	F	1111 1111	(000000) Independent of the Control		Header						
4	04	Header	F	F	1111 1111			Headel						
5	05	Header	F	F	1111 1111									
6	06	Header	F	F	1111 1111	(0.00.00)   10.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.								
7	07	Header	0	0	0000 0000		1							
8	08	ID system Manufacturer Name	2	4	0010 0100									
9	09	Compressed ASCII	4	D	0100 1101	IBM								
10	0A	ID Product Code	8	7	1000 0111	\$000000\$								
11	0B	ID Product Code	2	8	0010 1000	#WSXGA+								
12	0C	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000 0000			Vender/						
13	0D	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0	0000 0000			Product ID						
14	0E		0	0	0000 0000			Productio						
		LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)			0000 0000									
15	0F	LCD Module Serial No. = 0 (If not used)	0	0										
16	10	Week of Manufacture	0	0	0000 0000	00								
17	11	Year of Manufacture	0	F	0000 1111	2005								
18	12	EDID Structure version	0	1	0000 0001	1		EDID Version/						
19	13	EDID Revision	0	3	0000 0011	3		Revision						
20	14	Video Input Definition = Digital I/P,non TMDS CRGB	8	0	1000 0000									
21	15	Max Himage size(cm) = 33.12cm	2	1		33		Display						
22	16	Max V image size(cm) = 20.70cm	1	5		21		Parameter						
23	17	Display gamma	7	8		2.2								
24	18	Feature support(DPMS) = Active off, RGB Color	0	Α	0000 1010									
25	19	Red/Green low Bits	В	С	1011 1100	,								
26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits	A	5	1010 0101 1001 1000	0.505								
27 28	1B 1C	Red X Red Y	9 5	8	0101 1000	0.595								
29	1D	Green X	5	5				Color						
30	1E	Green Y	8	В	1000 1011			Characteristic						
31	1F	Blue X	2	8				Cilaracteristic						
32	20	Blue Y	2	4	0010 1000	0.141								
33	21	White X	5	0	0101 0000									
34	22	White Y	5	4	0101 0100									
35	23	Established Timing I = 00h(If not used)	0	0	0000 0000			Established						
36	24	Established Timing II = 00h(If not used)	0	0	0000 0000			Timings						
37	25	Manufacturer's Timings = 00h(If not used)	0	0	0000 0000									
38	26	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	0000 0000									
39	27	Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used	0	1	0000 0001									
40		Standard Timing Identification 1 was not used Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used		1	0000 0001									
	29		0	1	0000 0001									
41		Standard Timing Identification 2 was not used		-	0000 0001									
42	2A	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	0	1		COLUMN TO COLUMN								
43	2B	Standard Timing Identification 3 was not used	0	1	0000 0001									
44	2C	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	(4000000)		Standard						
45	2D	Standard Timing Identification 4 was not used	0	1	0000 0001			Timing ID						
46	2E	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000 0001									
47	2F	Standard Timing Identification 5 was not used	0	1	0000 0001									
48	30	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000 0001									
49	31	Standard Timing Identification 6 was not used	0	1	0000 0001									
50	32	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	0000 0001									
51	33	Standard Timing Identification 7 was not used	0	1	0000 0001	100000 I 000000000000000000000000000000								
52	34	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	0	1	0000 0001									
53	35		0	1	0000 0001									
ಯ	SO	Standard Timing Identification 8 was not used	U	$\perp$	UUUU UUU1	<u> </u>								

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# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

54	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB)	Α	8	1010 1000	100141	
55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB) /	2	F	0010 1111	122MHz	
56	38	Horizontal Active	9	0	1001 0000	1680 pixels	
57	39	Horizontal Blanking	Ē	0	1110 0000	224 pixels	
58	3A	Horizontal Active: Horizontal Blanking	6	0	0110 0000		
59	3B	Vertical Avtive	1	Α	0001 1010	1050 lines	
60	3C	Vertical Blanking	1	0	0001 0000	16 lines	
61	3D	Vertical Active: Vertical Blanking	4	0	0100 0000		Timing
62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset	2	0	0010 0000	32 pixels	Descriptor
63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width	4	0	0100 0000		#1 <sup>.</sup>
64	40	Vertical Sync Offset : Sync Width	1	3	0001 0011	1/3 lines	
65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits = 0	0	0	0000 0000	0	
66	42	Horizontal Image Size = 331.2 mm	4	В	0010 0001	331	
67	43	Vertical Image Size = 207.0mm	С	F	0001 0101	207	
68	44	Horizontal & Vertical Image Size	1	0	0001 0000		
69	45	Horizontal Border = 0	0	0	0000 0000		
70	46	Vertical Border = 0	0	0	0000 0000		
71	47	Non-interlaced,Normal display,no stereo,Digital separate	1	9	0001 1001	0000 E300000000000000000000000000000000	
7 1	41	sync,H/V pol negatives		3			
72	48	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 50Hz	В	7	1011 0111	101.67M Hz	
73	49	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB) / 50Hz	2	7	0010 0111		
74	4A	Horizontal Active	9	0	1001 0000		
75	4B	Horizontal Blanking	E	0	1110 0000	224 pixels	
76	4C	Horizontal Active: Horizontal Blanking	6	0	0110 0000		
77	4D	Vertical Avtive	1	Α	0001 1010		
78	4E	Vertical Blanking	1	0	0001 0000	16 lines	
79	4F	Vertical Active: Vertical Blanking	4	0	0100 0000		Timing
80	50	Horizontal Sync. Offset	2	0	0010 0000		Description
81	51	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width	4	0	0100 0000		#2
82	52	Vertical Sync Offset : Sync Width	1	3	0001 0011	1/3 lines	
83	53	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2bits = 0	0	0		0	
84	54	Horizontal Image Size = 331.2 mm	4	В		331	
85	55	Vertical Image Size = 207.0mm	С	F	0001 0101	207	
86	56	Horizontal & Vertical Image Size	1	0	0001 0000		
87	57	Horizontal Border = 0	0	0	0000 0000		
88	58	Vertical Border = 0	0	0	0000 0000		
89	59	Non-interlaced, Normal display, no stereo, Digital separate	1	9	0001 1001		
		sync,H/V pol negatives	_			6	
90	5A	Detailed Timing Descriptor #3	0	0	0000 0000		
91	5B		0	0	0000 0000		
92	5C			0	0000 1111		
93 94	5D		0	F 0	0000 11111		
94	5E 5F	(Harizantal active pival /0) 21		3		U 170	
		(Horizontal active pixel /8)-31	0 B				
96	60	Image Aspect Ratio(16:10) Low Refresh Rate #1(50Hz)	3		0000 1010 0011 0010		Time! n. n.
97 98	61 62	(Horizontal active pixel /8)-31	<u>з</u> В		1011 0010		Timing
98	63	Image Aspect Ratio(16:10)	0	3 A	0000 1010		Description #3
100	64		2	8 8	0010 1000		#3
100	65	Low Refresh Rate #2(40Hz) Brightness(1/10nit)	1	4	0001 0100		
101	66	Feature flag(TN mode)	0	1	0000 0001	<u>د</u> ن 1	
102	67	Reserved 00h	0	0		0	
			3	2	0011 0010	U	
104	68	EISA manufacturer code(3 Character ID)	0		0000 1100	LPL	
105	69	Compressed ASCII	0	С	0000 0000		
106	6A	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product code	-	0			
107	6B	(Hex, LSB first)	0	0	0000 0000		



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

108	6C	Detailed Timing Descriptor #4	0	0	0000 0000		
109	6D		0	0	0000 0000		
110	6E		0	0	0000 0000		
111	6F		F	Е	1111 1110		
112	70		0	0	0000 0000		
113	71	(Supplier S/N)	4	С	0100 1100	L	
114	72	(Supplier S/N)	5	0	0101 0000	Р	
115	73	(Supplier S/N)	3	1	0011 0001	1	Timing
116	74	(Supplier S/N)	3	5	0011 0101	5	Description
117	75	(Supplier S/N)	3	4	0011 0100	4	#4
118	76	(Supplier S/N)	5	7	0101 0111	W	
119	77	(Supplier S/N)	3	0	0011 0000	0	
120	78	(Supplier S/N)	3	2	0011 0010	2	
121	79	(Supplier S/N)	2	D	0010 1101	-	
122	7A	(Supplier S/N)	5	4	0101 0100	T	
123	7B	(Supplier S/N)	4	С	0100 1100	L	
124	7C	(Supplier S/N)	3	0	0011 0000	0	
125	7D	(Supplier S/N)	3	6	0011 0110	6	
126	7E	Extension flag = 00	0	0	0000 0000		Extension Flag
127	7F	Checksum	7	F	0111 1111		Checksum

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### APPENDIX B. Special Statements for LP154W02 of Lenovo's Notebook

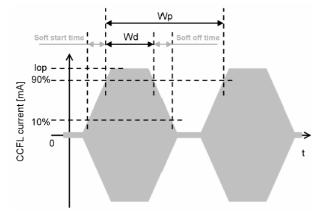
#### 1.Maximum Leakage Current of CCFL

The lamp leakage current is measured by the current difference between input and output current, whereas the output current is set at 6.0 mA.

Dorometer	Cumbal		Unit	Notes		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Maximum Leakage Current	lι		1.2	1.7	mA	·

#### 2.Minimum CCFL Current

In case of inverter using PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) dimming control method, the duty ratio will be varied from 100%(maximum brightness) to 15%(minimum brightness). CCFL will work form 15% to 100% duty ratio without any problems including specified CCFL reliability when any requirements for CCFL are observed at the whole specified range of duty ratio. The duty ratio is defined as follows,



15% ≤Duty ratio≤100%

Duty ratio[%] = Wd [msec] /Wp [msec] x 100 Duty ration does not include soft start time / soft off time. Where:

Wd: Duty time [msec]

Wp: Width of PWM frequency [msec]

lop: Peak current at maximum brightniess [mA]

#### 3. Refresh Rate for Power Saving Mode

In this documentation, all reliabilities are specified for timing specification based on refresh rate of 60Hz. However, LP154W02 has a good actual performance even at lower refresh rate( eg. 40Hz or 50Hz) for power saving mode, whereas LP154W02 is secured only for function under lower refresh rate. 60Hz at Normal mode, 50Hz ,40 Hz at Power save mode. Don't care Flicker level (power save mode).

#### 4. Power Sequence for T4 and T7

In this documentation, power sequence is specified differently compared with LPL's standard power sequence. LP154W02 is believed that there is no problem for current power sequence specification. However, LG.Philips LCD always recommends standard power sequence for more stable operation, specially, Min. 200[msec] for T4 and Min. 400[msec] for T7.

#### 5. White Color Shift

White Color shift at 12,000 hours lifetime should be within +0.04 for both x and y from the initial value.

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