

MODEL NO.: G121XCE SUFFIX: L01

Customer:	
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Name / Title Note	
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Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By
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Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 1/ 29



- CONTENTS -

REVISION HISTORY	 3
1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION 1.1 OVERVIEW 1.2 FEATURES 1.3 APPLICATION 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS	 4
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT	 6
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE 3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT	 8
4. BLOCK DIAGRAM 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE	 10
5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT5.1 TFT LCD MODULE5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT5.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT	 11
6. INTERFACE TIMING 6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS 6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE 6.3 THE INPUT DATA FORMAT 6.4 SCANNING DIRECTION	 14
7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS	 19
8. RELIABILITY TEST CRITERIA	 23
9. PACKAGING 9.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS 9.2 PACKING METHOD	 24
10. DEFINITION OF LABELS	 26
11. PRECAUTIONS 11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS 11.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS	 27
12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	 28



REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Section	Description	
2.0	2017.12	All	G121XCE-L01 Approval Spec. was first issued.	

Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 3/ 29



1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

The G121XCE-L01 model is a 12.1" TFT-LCD IAV module with a white LED Backlight Unit and a 20-pin 1ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1024 x 768 XGA mode and displays 262k/16.2M colors. The converter for the Backlight Unit is built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Wide viewing angle
- High contrast ratio
- XGA (1024 x 768 pixels) resolution
- Wide operating temperature
- DE (Data Enable) mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- RoHS Compliance

1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD Monitor
- Industrial Application
- Amusement
- Vehicle

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Diagonal Size	12.1	inch	
Active Area	245.76(H) x 184.32(V)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	249.0 x 187.5	mm	
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1024 x R.G.B. x 768	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.240(H) x 0.240(V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	262k/16.2M	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally black	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (3H), Anti-Glare	-	-
Module Power Consumption	12.02W (white pattern)	W	Typ. (3)

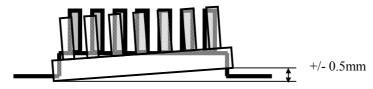


1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Horizontal (H)	260	260.5	261	mm		
Module Size	Vertical (V)	203.5	204	204.5	mm	(1)	
	Depth (D)	7.9	8.4	8.9	mm		
Weight			490	510	g	-	
	or mounting sition	The mounting in the screen center	-	(2)			

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

(2) Connector mounting position



(3) The Module Power Consumption is specified at 3.3V, white pattern and 100% duty for LED backlight.

Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 5/ 29

2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

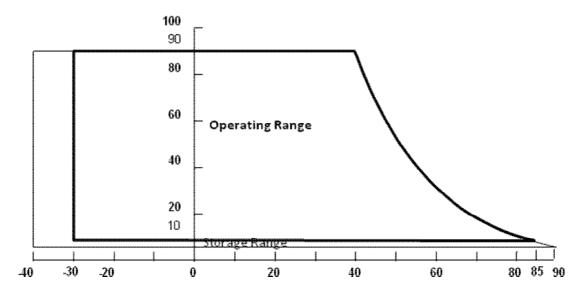
2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Svmbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic		
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	-30	+85	°C	(1)(2)	
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-40	+90	°C	(1)(2)	

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta \leq 40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.
- (2) The absolute maximum rating values of this product are not allowed to be exceeded at any times. The module should not be used over the absolute maximum rating value. It will cause permanently unrecoverable function fail in such an condition





Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 6/ 29



2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Itom	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4	V	(1)	

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic		
Converter Voltage	Vi	-0.3	18	V	(1), (2)	
Enable Voltage	EN		5.5	V		
Backlight Adjust	ADJ		5.5	V		

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to 3.2 for further information).

Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 **7/ 29**



3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

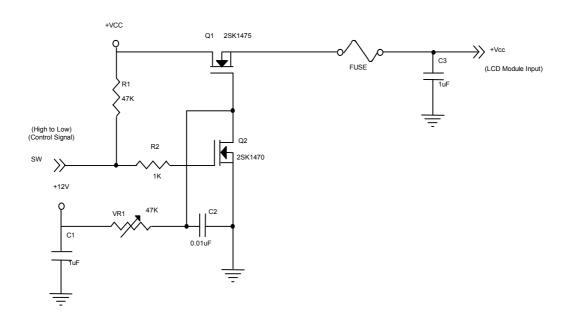
3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

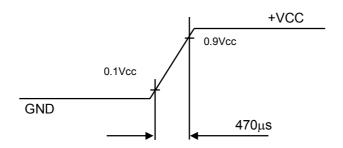
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note	
		Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Power Supply Voltage		V_{CC}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	(1) at Vcc=3.3V	
Rush Current		I _{RUSH}	1	-	4	Α	(2)	
Power Supply Current	White		ı	370	450	mΑ	(3)a, at Vcc=3.3V	
Fower Supply Current	Black	-	ı	300	380	mΑ	(3)b, at Vcc=3.3V	
Power Consumption		P_L	-	1.22	1.49	W		
LVDS differential input voltage		VID	100	-	600	mV		
LVDS common input volt	age	VICM	0.7	-	1.6	V		

Note (1) The assembly should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



Vcc rising time is 470µs

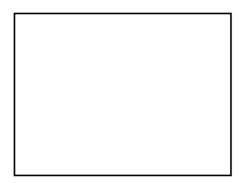


Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 8/ 29



Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 3.3V, Ta = 25 ± 2 °C, $f_v = 60$ Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.





Active Area





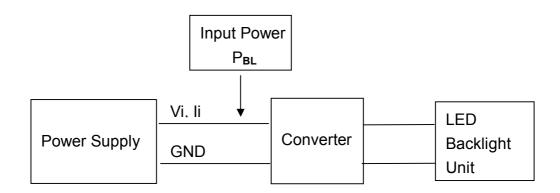
Active Area

3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

 $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \, ^{\circ}C$

B/ (O/(L/O/// O/(//							
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
Farameter		Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	NOLE
Converter Power Suppl	V_{i}	10.8	12.0	13.2	V		
Converter Power Suppl	y Ripple Voltage	Vi _{RP}	-	-	500	mV	
Converter Power Suppl	I _i	-	0.9	1.07	Α	@ Vi = 12V (Duty 100%)	
Converter Inrush Curre	liкusн	-	ı	3.0	Α	@ Vi rising time = 10ms (Vi =12V)	
Backlight Power Consumption		P_{BL}	-	10.8	12.8	W	@ Vi = 12V (Duty 100%)
EN Control Level	Backlight on	BLON	2.5	3.3	5.0	V	
LIN CONTION Level	Backlight off	BLON	0		0.3	V	
PWM Control Level	PWM High Level	E PWM	2.5	3.3	5.0	V	
I WIN COILIOI LEVEI	PWM Low Level	vvivi	0	-	0.15	V	
PWM Noise Range		VNoise	-	-	0.1	V	
PWM Control Duty Ratio		-	1	-	100	%	@200Hz
PWM Control Frequency		f_{PWM}	190	200	20k	Hz	(3)
LED Life Time		LL	50,000	=	-	Hrs	(2)

Note (1) LED current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below:



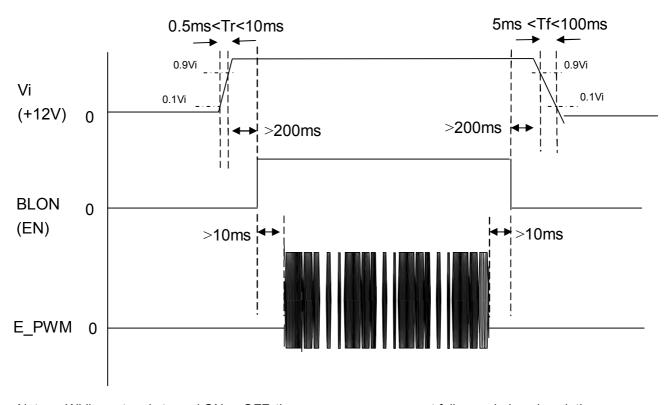
Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 9/ 29



Note (2) The lifetime of LED is estimated data and defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at Ta = 25 ±2 °C and Duty 100% until the brightness becomes ≤ 50% of its original value. Operating LED at high temperature condition will reduce life time and lead to color shift.

Note (3) At 200Hz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 1% to 100%, When PWM control frequency is 20kHz, duty ratio range is restricted from 10% to 100%.

Power sequence and control signal timing are shown in the following figure



Note: While system is turned ON or OFF, the power sequences must follow as below descriptions

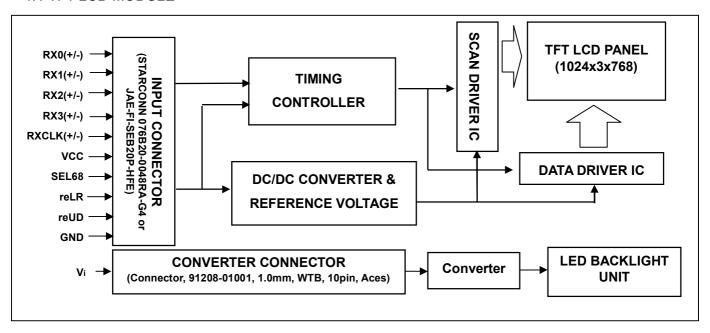
Turn ON sequence: $Vi(+12V) \rightarrow BLON \rightarrow E_PWM$ signal Turn OFF sequence: E_PWM signal $\rightarrow BLON \rightarrow Vi(+12V)$

Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 **10/29**



4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE





5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Name	Description	Remark
1	RX3+	Differential Data Input, CH3 (Positive)	
2	RX3-	Differential Data Input, CH3 (Negative)	
3	NC	NC	
		LVDS 6/8 bit select function control,	Note (3)
4	SEL68	Low or NC → 6 bit Input Mode	
		High → 8bit Input Mode	
5	GND	Ground	
6	RXC+	Differential Clock Input (Positive)	
7	RXC-	Differential Clock Input (Negative)	
8	GND	Ground	
9	RX2+	Differential Data Input , CH2 (Positive)	
10	RX2-	Differential Data Input , CH2 (Negative)	
11	GND	Ground	
12	RX1+	Differential Data Input , CH1 (Positive)	
13	RX1-	Differential Data Input, CH1 (Negative)	
14	GND	Ground	
15	RX0+	Differential Data Input, CH0 (Positive)	
16	RX0-	Differential Data Input, CH0 (Negative)	
		Horizontal Reverse Scan Control,	Note (3)
17	reLR	Low or NC → Normal Mode.	
		High → Horizontal Reverse Scan	
		Vertical Reverse Scan Control,	Note (3)
18	reUD	Low or NC → Normal Mode,	
		High → Vertical Reverse Scan	
19	VCC	Power supply	
20	VCC	Power supply	

Note (1) Connector Part No.: STARCONN 076B20-0048RA-G4 or equivalent.

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: JAE FI-SE20ME or equivalent.

Note (3) "Low" stands for 0V. "High" stands for 3.3V. "NC" stands for "No Connected".

5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT(Converter connector pin)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	V_{i}	Converter input voltage	12V
2	V_{i}	Converter input voltage	12V
3	V_{i}	Converter input voltage	12V
4	V_{i}	Converter input voltage	12V
5	V_{GND}	Converter ground	Ground
6	V_{GND}	Converter ground	Ground
7	V_{GND}	Converter ground	Ground
8	$V_{\sf GND}$	Converter ground	Ground
9	EN	Enable pin	3.3V
			PWM Dimming
10	ADJ	Backlight Adjust	(190-210Hz, Hi: 3.3V _{DC} ,
			Lo: 0V _{DC})

Note (1) Connector Part No.: 91208-01001-H01 (ACES) or equivalent.

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: 91209-01011 (ACES) or equivalent



5.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

		Data Signal																	
	Color			Re	ed					Gre	een						ue		
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red(61)	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	1		:		:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	;	;	;	:	;
Blue	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

			Data Signal																						
	Color				R	.ed		1					Gı	reen			ı				BI	ue			
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	В4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
Basic Colors	Black Red Green Blue Cyan Magenta Yellow White	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1	01000111	01000111	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1
Gray Scale Of Red	Red(0) / Dark Red(1) Red(2) : : Red(253) Red(254) Red(255)	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1 1	0 1 0 : : 1 0 1	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	000000	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	000000	0 0 0 : : 0 0 0
Gray Scale Of Green	Green(0)/ Dark Green(1) Green(2) : : Green(253) Green(254) Green(255)	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	000000	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 1 : : 0 1	0 1 0 : : 1 0 1	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0
Gray Scale Of Blue	Blue(0) / Dark Blue(1) Blue(2) : : Blue(253) Blue(254) Blue(255)	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	000000	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	000000	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 1 : : 0 1 1	0 1 0 :: 1 0 1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 **14/29**



6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

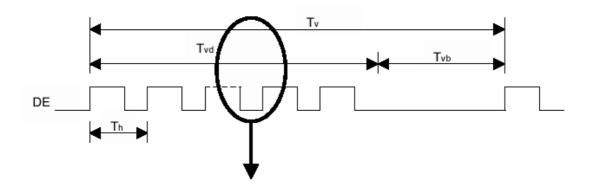
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

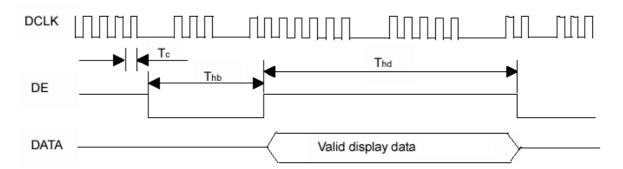
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	Fc	57.5	64.9	74.4	MHz	
	Total	Tv	774	806	848	Th	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
Vertical Active Display Term	Display	Tvd	-	768	-	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	6	38	80	Th	-
	Total	Th	1240	1344	1464	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display	Thd	-	1024	-	Tc	-
	Blank	Thb	216	320	440	Tc	-

Note (1) Since this assembly is operated in DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level. Otherwise, this assembly would operate abnormally.

- (2) Frame rate is 60Hz
- (3) The Tv(Tvd+Tvb) must be integer, otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM

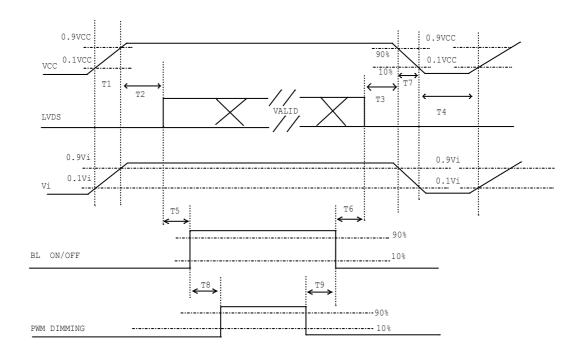




Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 **15/29**

6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD assembly, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Power ON/OFF sequence

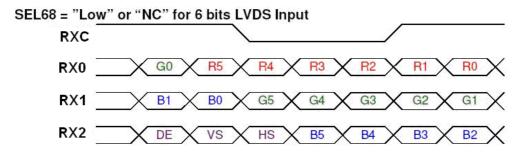
- Note (1) Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- Note (2) When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply of LCD VCC to 0 V.
- Note (3) The Backlight converter power must be turned on after the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is valid. The Backlight converter power must be turned off before the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is invalid.

Darameter		Units		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
T1	0.5	1	10	ms
T2	0	1	50	ms
Т3	0	1	50	ms
T4	500	1	-	ms
T5	200	1	-	ms
T6	200	1	-	ms
T7	5	-	300	ms
T8	10	-	-	ms
T9	10	-	-	ms

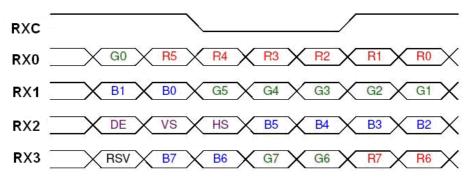
Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 **16/29**



6.3 The Input Data Format



SEL68 = "High" for 8 bits LVDS Input



Note (1) R/G/B data 7: MSB, R/G/B data 0: LSB

Note (2) Please follow PSWG

Signal Name	Description	Remark
R7	Red Data 7 (MSB)	Red-pixel Data
R6	Red Data 6	Each red pixel's brightness data consists of these
R5	Red Data 5	8 bits pixel data.
R4	Red Data 4	
R3	Red Data 3	
R2	Red Data 2	
R1	Red Data 1	
R0	Red Data 0 (LSB)	
G7	Green Data 7 (MSB)	Green-pixel Data
G6	GreenData 6	Each green pixel's brightness data consists of these
G5	GreenData 5	8 bits pixel data.
G4	GreenData 4	
G3	GreenData 3	
G2	GreenData 2	
G1	GreenData 1	
G0	GreenData 0 (LSB)	
B7	Blue Data 7 (MSB)	Blue-pixel Data
B6	Blue Data 6	Each blue pixel's brightness data consists of these
B5	Blue Data 5	8 bits pixel data.
B4	Blue Data 4	
B3	Blue Data 3	
B2	Blue Data 2	
B1	Blue Data 1	
B0	Blue Data 0 (LSB)	
RXCLKIN+	LVDS Clock Input	
RXCLKIN-		
DE	Display Enable	
VS	Vertical Sync	
HS	Horizontal Sync	

Note (3) Output signals from any system shall be low or Hi-Z state when VCC is off.

Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 **17/29**



6.4 Scanning Direction

The following figures show the image see from the front view. The arrow indicates the direction of scan.

Fig.1 Normal Scan



Fig.2 Reverse Scan



Fig.3 Reverse Scan



Fig.4 Reverse Scan



- Fig. 1 Normal scan (pin 17, reLR = Low or NC, pin 18, reUD = Low or NC)
- Fig. 2 Reverse scan (pin 17, reLR = High, pin 18, reUD = Low or NC)
- Fig. 3 Reverse scan (pin 17, reLR = Low or NC, pin 18, reUD = High)
- Fig. 4 Reverse scan (pin 17, reLR = High, pin 18, reUD = High)



7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit						
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	°C						
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH						
Supply Voltage	A II I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I								
Input Signal	According to typical value in "ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"								
LED Light Bar Input Current Per Input Pin	GHARACTERISTICS								

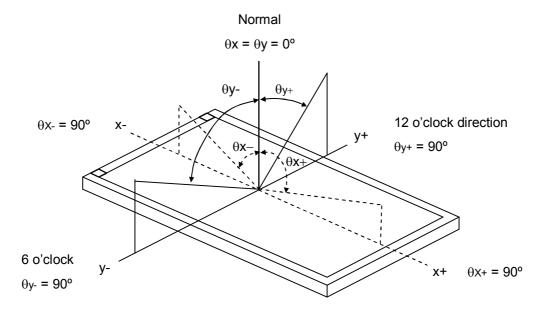
7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2 and all items are measured at the center point of screen except white variation. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (5).

Iten	า	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note		
	Dod	Rx		0.602	0.652	0.702	-			
	Red	Ry		0.288	0.338	0.388	-			
	Green	Gx		0.274	0.324	0.374	-			
Color		Gy		0.557	0.607	0.657	-	(1) (5)		
Chromaticity	Dlug	Bx	$\theta_x=0^\circ, \ \theta_Y=0^\circ$	0.103	0.153	0.203	-	(1), (5)		
	Blue	Ву	CS-1000	0	0.048	0.098	-			
	White	Wx		0.263	0.313	0.363	-	ı		
	vviile	Wy		0.279	0.329	0.379	-			
Center Luminan	ce of White	L _C		480	600	-		(4), (5)		
Contrast Ratio		CR		700	1000	1	-	(2), (5)		
Response Time		T_R	0 -00 0 -00	-	13	18	ms	(3)		
Response Time		T_F	$\theta_x = 0^\circ, \ \theta_Y = 0^\circ$	-	12	17	ms			
White Variation		δW	$\theta_x=0^\circ, \ \theta_Y=0^\circ$		1.25	1.4	-	(5), (6).		
	Horizontol	θ_x +		85	89	-				
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_{x} -	CR≥10	85	89	1	Dog	(1) (5)		
	Vertical	θ _Y +	UR∠10	85	89	1	Deg.	(1), (5)		
	Vertical	θ _Y -		85	89					

Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 19/ 29

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

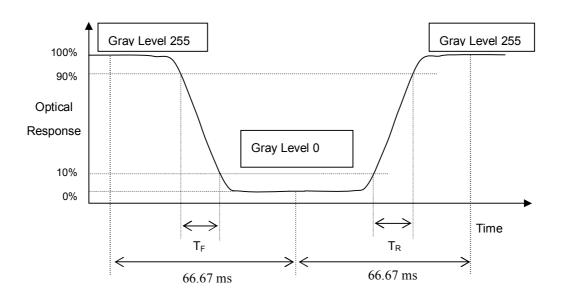
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T_R, T_F) and measurement method:





Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C):

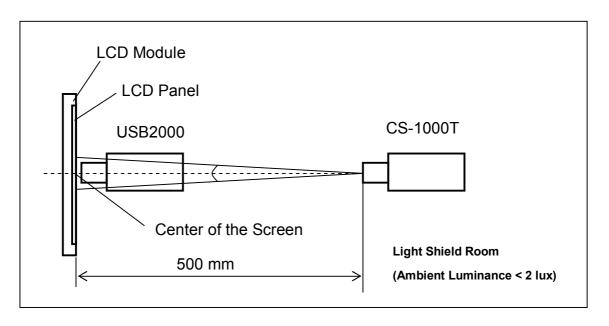
Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

$$L_{C} = L (5)$$

L(x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.



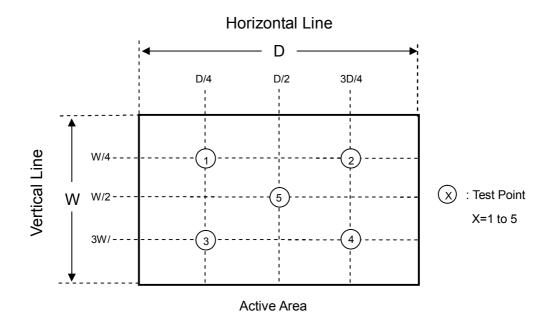
Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 **21/29**



Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 5 points

$$\delta W = \frac{\text{Maximum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]}}{\text{Minimum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]}}$$





8. RELIABILITY TEST CRITERIA

Test Item	Test Condition	Note
High Temperature Storage Test	90°C, 240 hours	
Low Temperature Storage Test	-40°C, 240 hours	
Thermal Shock Storage Test	-30°C, 0.5hour ←→85°C, 0.5hour; 1hour/cycle,100cycles	(1)(2) (4)(5)
High Temperature Operation Test	85°C, 240 hours	(1)(0)
Low Temperature Operation Test	-30°C, 240 hours	
High Temperature & High Humidity Operation Test	60°C, 90%RH, 240hours	(1)(2) (4)(6)
Shock (Non-Operating)	200G, 2ms, half sine wave, 1 time for ± X, ± Y, ± Z.	(2)(3)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	1.5G, 10 ~ 300 Hz, 10min/cycle, 3 cycles each X, Y, Z	(2)(3)

- Note (1) There should be no condensation on the surface of panel during test.
- Note (2) Temperature of panel display surface area should be 92 °C Max.
- Note (3) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.
- Note (4) In the standard conditions, there is no function failure issue occurred. All the cosmetic specification is judged before reliability test.
- Note (5) Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 2 hours at room temperature.
- Note (6) Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 24 hours at room temperature.



9. PACKAGING

9.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 18pcs LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 465 (L) X 362 (W) X 314 (H) mm
- (3) Weight: approximately 10.9Kg (18 modules per box)

9.2 PACKING METHOD

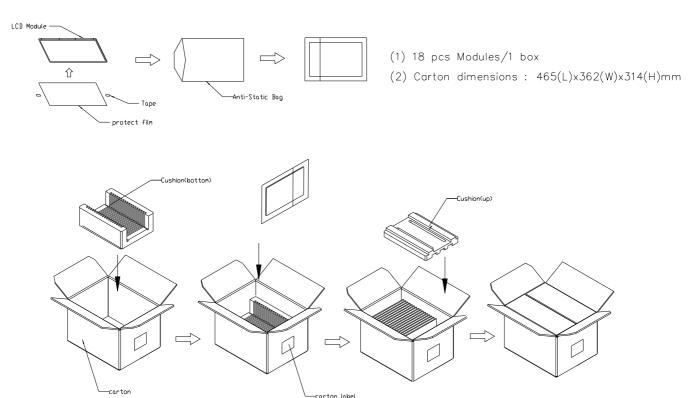


Figure. 9-1 Packing method

Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 **24/29**



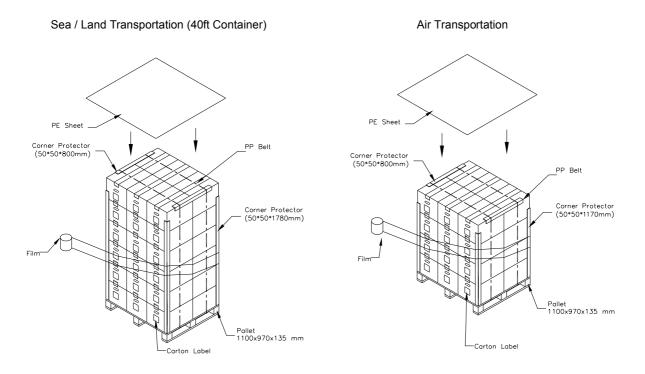
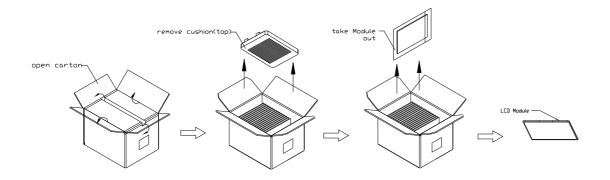


Figure. 9-2 Packing method

9.3 UN-packing METHOD



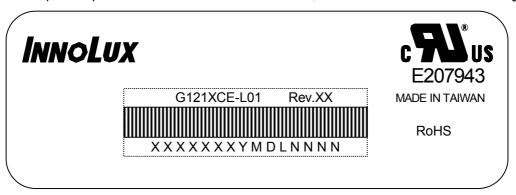
Version 2.0 4 December. 2017 **25/29**



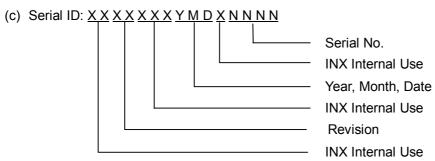
10. DEFINITION OF LABELS

10.1 MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



- (a) Model Name: G121XCE-L01
- (b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A1, ...C1, C2 ...etc.



Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2011~2019

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I, O and U

(b) Revision Code: cover all the change

(c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product



11. PRECAUTIONS

11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly.
- (11) Do not keep same pattern in a long period of time. It may cause image sticking on LCD.

11.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.



12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

