HITACHI

Hitachi Displays, Ltd.

Date: Jan. 09, 2003

TECHNICAL DATA

TX43D14VC0CAB

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RECORD OF REVISION

Date	The upper section: The lower section:		Summary
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DESCRIPTION

The following specifications are applied to the following Super-TFT module.

Note: Inverter for back light unit is not built in this module.

Product Name: TX43D14VC0CAB

General Specifications

Effective Display Area

: (H)337.92×(V)270.336

(mm)

Number of Pixels

: (H)1,280×(V)1,024

(pixels)

Pixel Pitch

: (H)0.264×(V)0.264

(mm)

Color Pixel Arrangement

: R+G+B Vertical Stripe

Display Mode

: Transmissive Mode

Normally Black Mode

Top Polarizer Type

: Anti-glare

Number of Colors

: 16,777,216 colors (6bit+2bit FRC)

Viewing Angle Range

: Super Wide Version

Input Signal

: 2-channel LVDS (LVDS:Low Voltage Differential Signaling)

Back Light

: 4 pcs. of CCFL

External Dimensions

 $: (H)368.0 \times (V)306.0 \times (t)19.8$

(mm)

Weight

: Max. 2,100 (g)

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1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

1.1 Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings

ITEM	Ope	rating	St	orage	T f ! A	Note
	M in.	Max.	M in.	M ax.	Unit	
Temperature	0	50	-20	60	${\mathbb C}$	1)
Humidity		2)		2)		1)
Vibration	-	4.9(0.5G)	-	14.7 (1.5G)	m/s 2	3)
Shock	-	29.4(3G)	-	294 (30G)	m/s 2	4)
Corrosive Gas	Not Ac	ceptable	Not A	.cceptable	•	
Illumination at LCD Surface	ı	50,000	-	50,000	lx	

Note 1) Temperature and Humidity should be applied to the glass surface of a Super-TFT module, not to the system installed with a module.

The temperature at the center of rear surface should be less than 60° C on the condition of operating. The brightness of a CCFL tends to drop at low temperature. Besides, the life-time becomes shorter at low temperature.

- 2) Ta≤40 °C·····Relative humidity should be less than 85%RH max. Dew is prohibited.

 Ta> 40 °C·····Relative humidity should be lower than the moisture of the 85%RH at 40°C.
- 3) Frequency of the vibration is between 15Hz and 100Hz. (Remove the resonance point)
- 4) Pulse width of the shock is 10 ms.

1.2 Electrical Absolute Maximum Ratings

(1)Super-TFT Module

Vss = 0 V

ĮTEM	SYMBOL	Min.	M ax.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	0	6.5	V	
Input Voltage for logic	Vı	-0.3	3.6	V	1)
Elastanatia Durakilita	Vesdo	±:	100	V	2),3)
Electrostatic Durability	Vesd1	±	3	k V	2),4)

Note 1)It is applied to pixel data signal and clock signal.

- 2)Discharge Coefficient : 200p F-250 Ω, Environmental : 25°C-70% RH
- 3) It is applied to I/F connector pins.
- 4)It is applied to the surface of a metallic bezel and a LCD panel.

(2) Back-light

ITEM	SYMBOL	M in.	M ax.	Unit	Note
Input Current	IL		7.0	mArms	1)
Input Voltage	VL	-	1800	Vrms	2)

Note 1) The specification shall be applied to each CFL. The specification is defined at ground line.

2) The specification shall be applied at connector pins for a CFL at start-up.

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2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

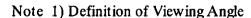
The following optical characteristics are measured under stable conditions. It takes about 30 minutes to reach stable conditions. The measuring point is the center of display area unless otherwise noted. The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room or equivalent state.

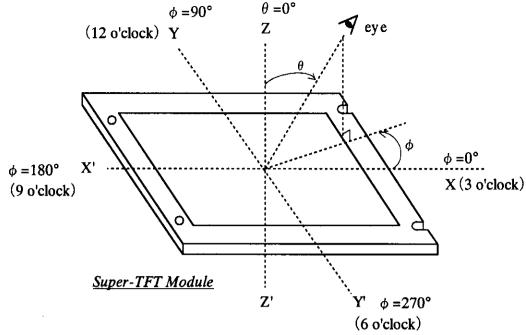
Measuring equipment: Pritchard 1980A, or equivalent
Temperature of LCD surface=25°C, VDD=5.0V, f V=60Hz,

IL=6.5mA (average of 4 pieces of CFLs)

ITEM	1	SYMBOL	CONDITION	M in.	Тур.	M ax.	UNIT	NOTE
Contrast 1	Ratio	CR		200	400	-	-	2)
Response	Rise	ton		1	20	30	ms	3)
Time	Fall	toff		-	20	30	ms	3)
Brightness o	f white	Bwh		180	230	ı	cd/m ²	
Brightness ur	iformity	Buni		•	-	25	%	4)
Color	Red	χ		0.60	0.64	0.68		
Chromaticity	100	у	$\theta=0$ °	0.31	0.35	0.39		
(CIE)	Green	χ	1)	0.25	0.29	0.33	[
(CIE)	Green	У		0.57	0.61	0.65	ļ <u>-</u>	[Gray scale
	Blue	χ		0.10	0.14	0.18		=255]
	Biuc	У		0.04	0.08	0.12		
	White	χ		0.27	0.31	0.35		
	Wille	У		0.29	0.33	0.37		
Variation of	Red	Δχ		-	-	0.04]	
Color Position	Rou	Δу	θ =+50°			0.04	[
(CIE)	Green	Δχ	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, 90^{\circ}$	-	_	0.04		5)
	Orecii	Δу	180°,270°	-	-	0.04	.	[Gray scale
	Blue	Δχ	1)		-	0.04		=255]
	Diuc	Δу	, ,	-	-	0.04		
	White	Δχ		-		0.04		
White		Δу				0.04		
Contrast Ra	tio at 85°	CR85°	 θ =85° φ =0°,90° 180°,270° 1) 	10	-	-	<u></u>	

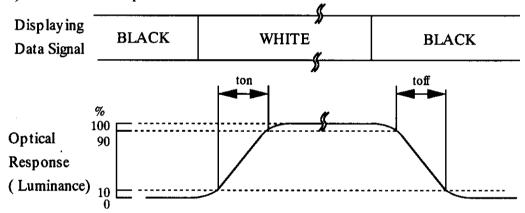
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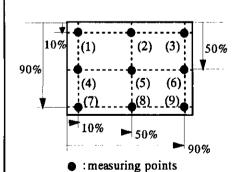


2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR)

3) Definition of Response Time



4) Definition of Brightness Uniformity



Display pattern is white (255 level) and gray scale. The brightness uniformity is defined as the following equation. Brightness at each point is measured, and average, maximum and minimum brightness is calculated.

Buni=
$$\frac{\left| \text{Bmax or Bmin} - \text{Bave} \right|}{\text{Bave}} \times 100$$

where, Bmax = Maximum brightness

Bmin = M inimum brightness
$$9$$

 Σ (B(k))
Bave= Average brightness = $\frac{\Sigma}{k=1}$

5) Variation of color position on CIE is defined as difference between colors at $\theta = 0^{\circ}$ and at $\theta = 50^{\circ} \& \phi = 0^{\circ},90^{\circ},180^{\circ},270^{\circ}$.

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3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

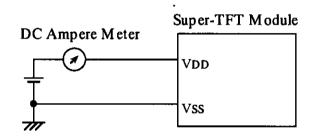
3.1 TFT-LCD Module

Ta=25°C, Vss=0V

ITEM	SYMBOL	M in.	Typ.	M ax.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	Vdd	4.5	5	5.5	V	
Power Supply Current	Idd	_	_	1.7	A	1),2),3)
Vsy nc Frequency	fv	_	60	76	Hz	
Hsync Frequency	fн		64	1	kHz	
DCLK Frequency	fclk	40	54	67.5	MHz	

Dimensions in parentheses are reference value.

Note 1) DC current at fv=60Hz, fCLK=54MHz and VDD=5.0V



- 2) Current fuse(1.6A) is built in a module. Current capacity of power supply for VDD should be larger than 5A, so that the fuse can be opened at the trouble of power supply.
- 3) Characteristics of input signals are shown in LVDS data sheets. (Receiver:THC63LVDF84B)

3.2 Back Light

ITEM	SYM BOL	M in.	Тур.	M ax.	Unit	Note
Input Current	IL	-	6.5	7.0	mArms	1)
Input Voltage	VL	-	700	-	Vms	
Frequency	f0	40	56	80	kHz	2)
Kick-Off Voltage	Vs	1500	-	1750	v	3)

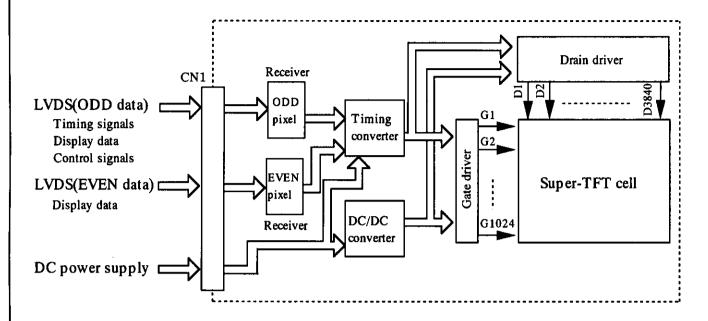
Notes 1) The specification shall be applied to each CFL. The specification is defined at ground line.

- 2) Frequency of power supply for a CFL may cause the interference with HSYNC frequency and cause beat or flicker on the display. Therefore, lamp frequency shall be as different as possible from HSYNC frequency in order to avoid the interference.
- 3) Ta = 0 degree

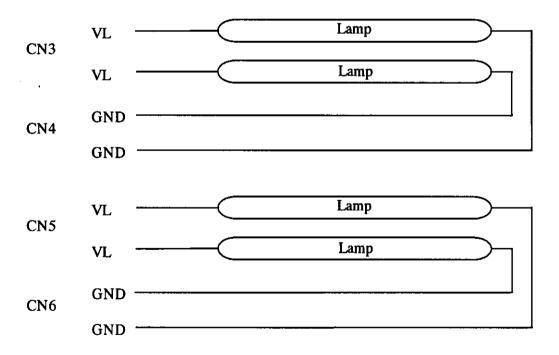
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4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

(1) Super-TFT Module



(2) Back light unit



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5. INTERFACE PIN ASSIGNMENT

5. 1 TFT-LCD MODULE

<u>CN1: JAE FI-X30S-HF</u> (Matching connector: JAE FI-X30H or FI-X30M)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	
1	RAIN0-	ODD : 111	2)
2	RAIN0+	ODD pixel data	2)
3	RAIN1-	ODD -i1 d-t-	2)
4	RAIN1+	ODD pixel data	2)
5	RAIN2-	ODD -1-1-1-1	<u> </u>
6	RAIN2+	ODD pixel data	2)
7	Vss	GND (0V)	1)
8	RACLKIN-	ODD sirel sleek	2)
9	RACLKIN+	ODD pixel clock	2)
10	RAIN3-	000 : 144	
11	RAIN3+	ODD pixel data	2)
12	RBIN0-	THE PARTY OF THE P	2)
13	RBIN0+	EVEN pixel data	2)
14	Vss	GND (0V)	1)
15	RBIN1-	TYPN : 1.1.	2)
16	RBIN1+	EVEN pixel data	2)
17	Vss	GND (0V)	1)
18	RBIN2-	EXTENSIÓN A LA	2)
19	RBIN2+	EVEN pixel data	2)
20	RBCLKIN-	PATENT A LATE A	2)
21	RBCLKIN+	EVEN pixel clock	2)
22	RBIN3-	EVEN C'est des	2)
23	RBIN3+	EVEN pixel data	2)
24	Vss	GND (0V)	1)
25	NC	No connection	3)
26	DE	No connection	3)
27	NC	No connection	3)
28	VDD		
29	VDD	Power supply (+5V)	4)
30	VDD		

Notes 1) All Vss pins should be grounded.

2) RnINm+ and RnINm- (n=A,B m=0,1,2,3) should be wired by twist-pairs or side-by-side FPC patterns, respectively.

- 3) Please keep open.
- 4) All VDD pins should be connected to +5.0 V(typ.).
- 5) Pin assignment is as follows.

4			Z
1pin	(Figure from top-v	30 view)) pin

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5. 2 BACK-LIGHT UNIT

CN3,CN5: JST BHSR-02VS-1

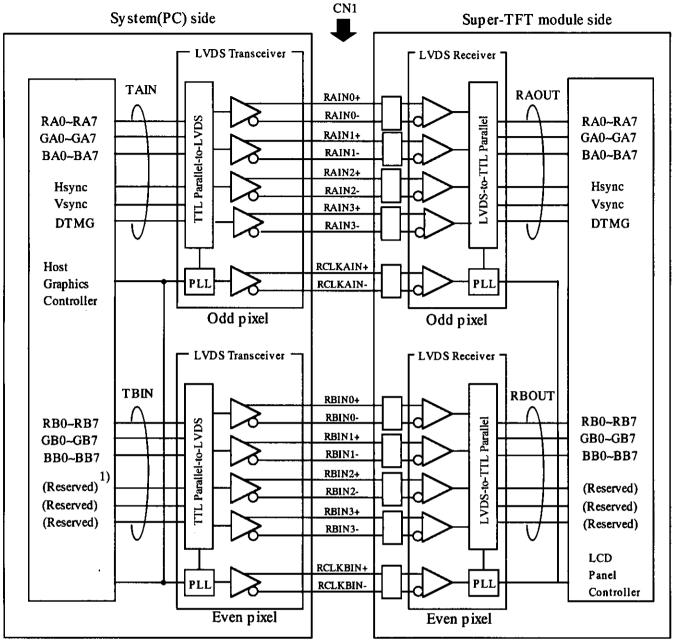
Pin No.	SYMBOL	Function
1	VL	Power Supply
2	VL	Power Supply

CN4,CN6: JST BHR-02VS-1

Pin No.	SYMBOL	Function
1	GND	GND
2	GND	GND

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BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE



Receiver: Equivalent of THC63LVDF84B by Thine

RA0-7, RB0-7: R data GA0-7, GB0-7: G data BA0-7, BB0-7: B data

Hsync: Horizontal synchronization Vsync: Vertical synchronization DTMG: Display timing data

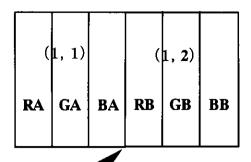
Notes 1) RSVD(reserved) pins on a transmitter should be connected with Vss.

- 2) The system must have a LVDS transmitter to drive a module.
- 3) The impedance of LVDS cable should be 50 ohms per a signal line or about 100 ohms per a twist-pair line when it is used differentially.

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	INPUT	T	ransmitte	r	In	terface	connector		Receiver	TFT	
	SIGNAL	pin	INPUT		System	side	Super-TFT module		C63LVDF84B OUTPUT	cont	rol input
	RA0	51	TAIN0		- System	olar.	Dapor II I industr	27	RAOUT0		A0
- 1	RA1	52	TAIN1		TA OU	T0+	RA INO+	29	RAOUT1		A1
	RA2	54	TAIN2		INOU	101	KA INOT	30	RAOUT2		A2
	RA3	55	TAIN3					32	RAOUT3		.A3
	RA4	56	TAIN4					33	RAOUT4		A4
	RA5	3	TAIN6		TA OU	Т0-	RA INO-	35	RAOUT6		A5
	GA0	4	TAIN7					37	RAOUT7		iA0
	GA1	6	TAIN8					38	RAOUT8		6A1
	GA2	7	TAIN9		TA OU	T1+	RA IN1+	39	RAOUT9		A2
	GA3	11	TAIN12					43	RAOUT12		A3
I	GA4	12	TAIN13					45	RAOUT13		A4
LVDS	GA5	14	TAIN14					46	RAOUT14		A5
Odd	BA0	15	TAIN15		TA OU	T1-	RA IN1-	47	RAOUT15		A0
Vaa	BA1	19	TAIN18					51	RAOUT18		A1
	BA2	20	TAIN19					53	RAOUT19		A2
	BA3	22	TAIN20		TA OU	T2+	RA IN2+	54	RAOUT20		A3
	BA4	23	TAIN21					55	RAOUT21		A4
ļ	BA5	24	TAIN22					1	RAOUT22		A5
	HSYNC	27	TAIN24					3	RAOUT24		SYNC
	VSYNC	28	TAIN25		TA OU	T2-	RA IN2-	5	RAOUT25	v	SYNC
	DTMG	30	TAIN26					6	RAOUT26		TMG
	RA6	50	TAIN27					7	RAOUT27		.A6
	RA7	2	TAIN5		TA OU	T3+	RA IN3+	34	RAOUT5		.A7
	GA6	8	TAIN10					41	RAOUT10		A6
	GA7 BA6	10	TAIN11 TAIN16					42 49	RAOUT11		A7 A6
	BA7	16 18	TAIN10		TA OU	тз.	RA IN3-	50	RAOUT16 RAOUT17		A0 A7
	RSVD 1)	25	TAIN23		IAOU	13-	KA IIIJ.	20	RAOUT23		SVD
	DCLK	31	TCLKA	IN	TCLKA (RCLKA IN+	26	RCLKA OUT		CLK
	RB0	51	TBIN0		TCLKA (JUT-	RCLKA IN-	27	RBOUT0	n	700
1	RB1	52	TBIN1		TB OU	_{то.}	RB INO+	29	RBOUT1		RB0 RB1
	RB2	54	TBIN2		1 1 0 0	10+	KD INUT	30	RBOUT2		B2
	RB3	55	TBIN3					32	RBOUT3		RB3
	RB4	56	TBIN4			Ī		33	RBOUT4		RB3
i	RB5	3	TBIN6		TB OU	T0-	RB INO-	35	RBOUT6		B5
	GB0	4	TBIN7					37	RBOUT7		3B0
	GB1	6	TBIN8					38	RBOUT8		3 B 1
	GB2	7	TBIN9		TB OU	T1+	RB IN1+	39	RBOUT9		B2
	GB3	11	TBIN12					43	RBOUT12		3B3
	GB4	12	TBIN13					45	RBOUT13		B4
	GB5	14	TBIN14					46	RBOUT14		B5
LVDS	BB0	15	TBIN15		TB OU	T1-	RB IN1-	47	RBOUT 15		BB0
	BB1	19	TBIN18					51	RBOUT18		B1
Even	BB2	20	TBIN19					53	RBOUT19		B2
	BB3	22	TBIN20		TB OU	T2+	RB IN2+	54	RBOUT20		BB3
	BB4	23	TBIN21					55	RBOUT21		3B4
	BB5	24	TBIN22					1	RBOUT22	В	BB5
	RSVD 1)	27	TBIN24					3	RBOUT24		RSVD
	RSVD 1)	28	TBIN25		TB OU	T2-	RB IN2-	5	RBOUT25		RSVD
	RSVD 1)	30	TBIN26					. 6	RBOUT26		SVD
	RB6	50	TBIN27				:	7	RBOUT27		B6
	RB7	2 8	TBIN5		TB OU	JT3+	RB IN3+	34	RBOUT5		B7
	GB6 GB7	10	TBIN10 TBIN11					41	RBOUT10		B6
	BB6	16	TBIN11			- 1		42 49	RBOUT11		B7 B6
	BB7	18	TBIN17		тв оц	_{JT3-}	RB IN3-	50	RBOUT16 RBOUT17		ъво В В 7
	RSVD 1)	25	TBIN23					2	RBOUT23		SVD
	DCLK	31	TCLKB	IN	TCLKB (RCLKB IN+ RCLKB IN-	26	RCLKB OUT	D	CLK
					TCLKB (.)[]] - '	K(I,KM IIV-				

CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN INPUT DATA AND DISPLAY IMAGE



Odd pixel: RA0~RA7: R data

GA0~GA7: G data

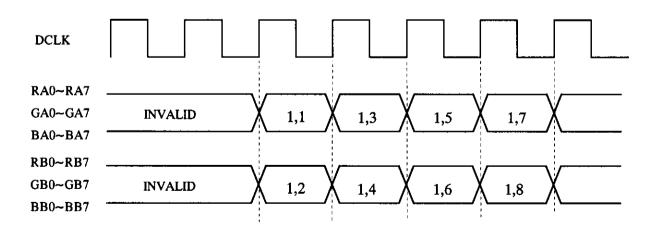
BA0~BA7 : B data

Even pixel: RB0~RB7: R data

GA0~GA7: G data

BB0~BB7: B data

1,1	1,2	1,3	 1,1280
2,1	2,2	2,3	 2,1280
3,1	3,2	3,3	 3,1280
1024	,1 1024,2	1024,3	 1024,1280



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RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT SIGNALS

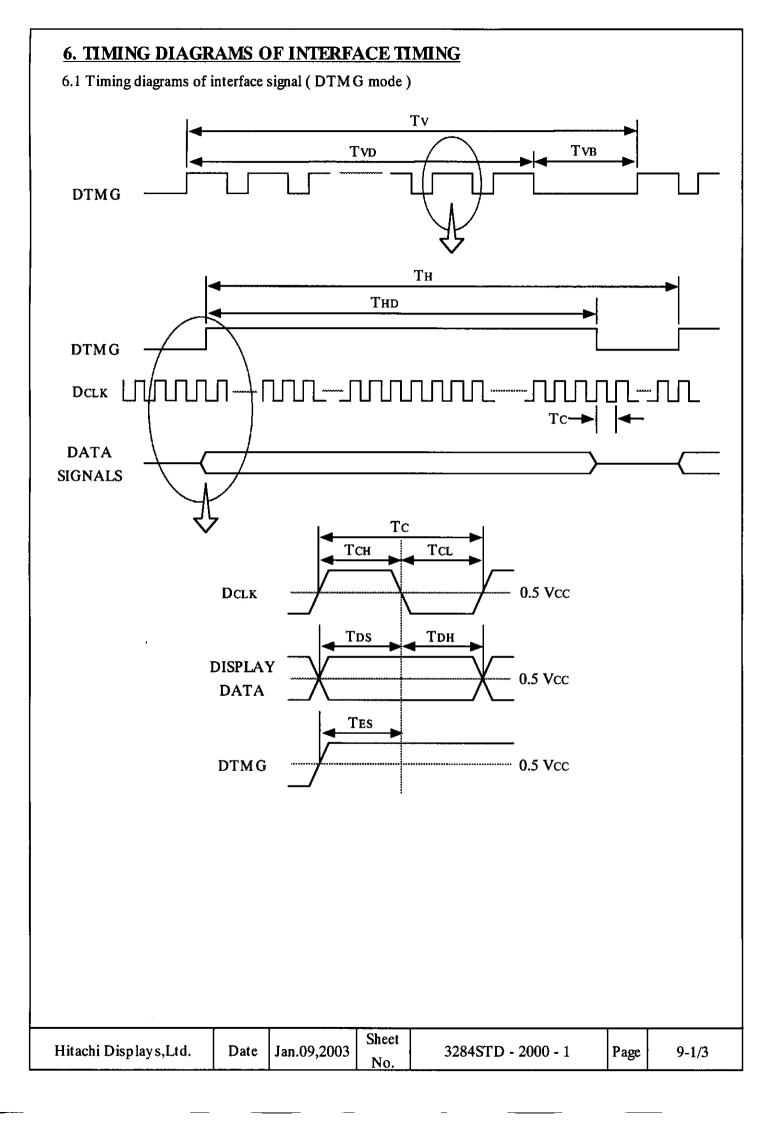
	Input data				R da	ıta							G da	ıta							B da	ata			
		RA7	RA6	RA5	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	GA7	GA6	GA5	GA4	GA3	GA2	GA1	GA0	BA7	BA6	BA5	BA4	BA3	BA2	BAI	BA0
		RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	GB7	GB6	GB5	GB4	GB3	GB2	GB1	GB0	BB7	BB6	BB5	BB4	ввз	BB2	BB1	BB0
Color		MSB	l						LSB	MSB	i						LSB	MSB							LSB
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BASIC	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
COLOR	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ì	1	1	1
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED			:	:	:	:			:	:		:	:	•	:	:				:		::	:	:	:
	:			:	:	:		:-	:	•		:	:		:						••	:-	:	:	:
ŀ	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	:			:	:	:	:	:-	:-	:		:	:		:	:			:	:		:	:		:
	:	:		:	:	:			:	:		:	:		:			:	:	:	:		:	:	:
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	BLUE(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
BLUE	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_:_	-:-	:	-:-	:				:-	:	:		
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	;	:	:	·	:	:	:	:	:	:
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Notes 1) Definition of gray scale: Color (n)

n indicates gray scale level. Higher n means brighter level.

2) Data signals: 1:High, 0:Low

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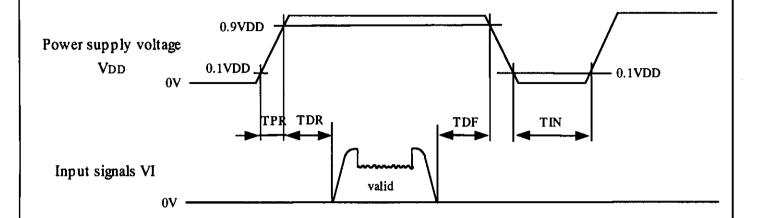
6.2 Timing Parameters (DTMG mode)

2p xl/clk

SIGNAL	ІТЕМ	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTE
	Frequency	1/Tc	40	•	67.5	MHz	
Clock	High Time	Тсн	4	•	-	nsec	
	Low Time	Tcl	4	-	-	nsec	
ъ.	Setup Time	TDS	4	٠	•	nsec	
Data	Hold Time	Тон	4	•	•	nsec	
Data Enable	Setup Time	Tes	4	-	•	nsec	
-	G 1	Tv	13.15	16.7	20	msec	
Frame Frequency	Cycle		1027	1066	2000	lines	
37-41-1 4-41	Display Period	Tvd	1024	1024	1024	lines	
Vertical Active Display Term	Vertical Blank Period	Тув	3	-	-	lines	
One Line Scanning Time	Cycle	Тн	685	-	1200	clocks	
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display Period	Тно	640	640	640	clocks	

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6.3 TIMING BETWEEN INTERFACE SIGNALS AND POWER SUPPLY



Timing of power supply voltage and input signals should be used under the following specifications.

 $0 \text{ms} \leq \text{TPR} \leq 10 \text{ms}$

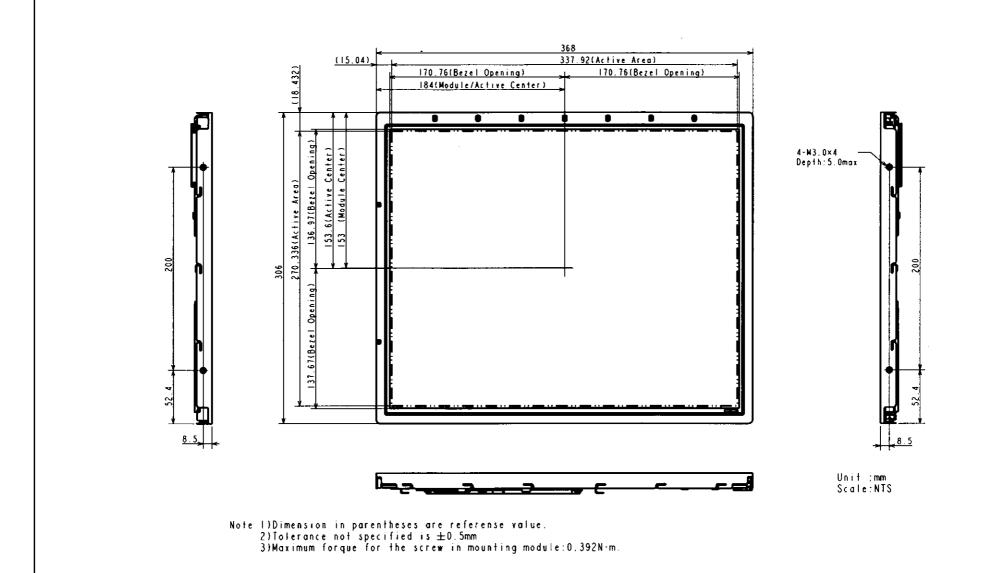
 $0 \text{ms} \leq \text{TDR} \leq 50 \text{ms}$

0ms ≤TDF ≤50ms

 $TIN \ge 500 ms$

 $TIV \le 3ms$

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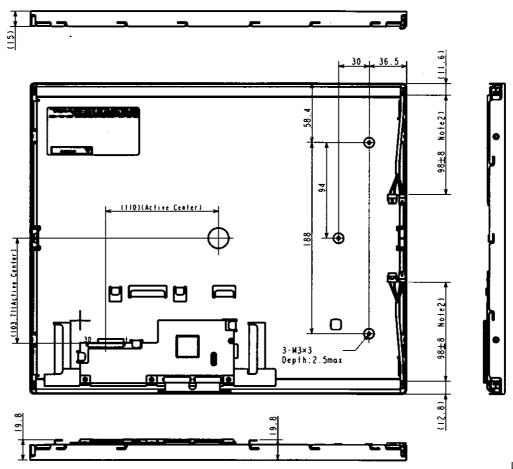


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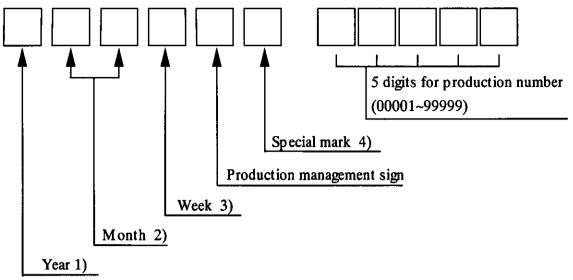
Unit :mm Scale:mm

Note 1)Maximum torque for the screw in mounting inverter:0.392N·m.

2)Air space over 2.0mm should be ensured in the location between
our module(Near the lamp cable portion) and the holding bord of your product.

8. DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK

8.1 LOT MARK



Notes

1)	Year	M ark
	2002	2
	2003	3
	2004	4
	2005	5

2)	Month	M ark	Month	M ark
Í	1	01	7	07
	2	02	8	08
	3	03	9	09
	4	04	10	10
	5	05	11	11
	6	06	12	12

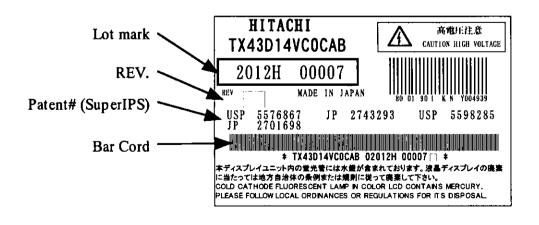
3)	Week (Days)	M ark
	1~7	1
	8~14	2
	15~21	3
	22~28	4
	29~31	5

- 4) It is the mark that was opened up by production person to take correspondence with production number.
- 8.2 Revision (REV.) control

REV. is the column for manufacturing convenience. A-Z except I and O may be written on this column.

8.3 Location of lot mark

Lot mark is printed on a label. The label is on the metallic bezel as shown in 7. External Dimensional. The style of character will be changed without notice.



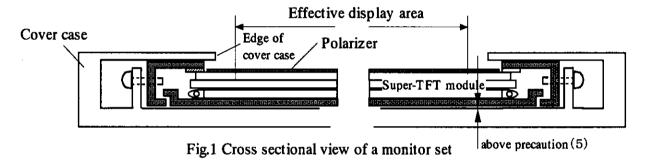
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10. PRECAUTION

Please pay attention to the followings when a Super-TFT module with a back-light unit is used, handled and mounted.

10.1 Precaution to handling and mounting

- (1) Applying strong force to a part of the module may cause partial deformation of frame or mold, and cause damage to the display.
- (2) The module should gently and firmly be held by both hands. Never hold by just one hand in order to avoid any internal damage. Never drop or hit the module.
- (3) The module should be installed with mounting holes at each corner of a module.
- (4) Uneven force such as twisted stress should not be applied to a module when a module is mounted on the cover case. The cover case must have sufficient strength so that external force can not be transmitted directly to a module.
- (5) It is recommended to leave a space between a module and a holding board of a module so that partial force is not applied to a module.



- (6) The edge of a cover case should be located inside more than 1mm from the edge of a module front frame.
- (7) A transparent protective plate should be added on the display area of a module in order to protect a polarizer and Super-TFT cell. The transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength so that the plate can not touch a module by external force.
- (8) Materials included acetic acid and choline should not be used for a cover case as well as other parts and boards near a module. Acetic acid attacks a polarizer. Choline attacks electric circuits due to electro-chemical reaction.
- (9) The polarizer on a TFT cell should carefully be handled due to its softness, and should not be touched, pushed or rubbed with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. The surface of a polarizer should not be touched and rubbed with bare hand, greasy clothes or dusty clothes.
- (10) The surface of a polarizer should be gently wiped with absorbent cotton, chamois or other soft materials slightly contained petroleum benzene when the surface becomes dirty. Normal-hexane as cleaning chemicals is recommended in order to clean adhesives which fix front/rear polarizers on a Super-TFT cell. Other cleaning chemicals such as acetone, toluen and alcohol should not be used to clean adhesives because they cause chemical damage to a polarizer.
- (11) Saliva or water drops should be immediately wiped off. Otherwise, the portion of a polarizer may be deformed and its color may be faded.
- (12) The module should not be opened or modified. It may cause not to operate properly.

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- (13) Metallic bezel of a module should not be handled with bare hand or dirty gloves. Otherwise, color of a metallic frame may become dirty during its storage. It is recommended to use clean soft gloves and clean finger stalls when a module is handled at incoming inspection process and production (assembly) process.
- (14) Lamp(CCFL) cables should not be pulled and held.

10.2 Precaution to operation

- (1) The ambient temperature near the operated module should be satisfied with the absolute maximum ratings. Unless it meets the specifications, sufficient cooling system should be adopted to system.
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of a module. The level of spike noise should be as follows:
 -200mV≤over- and under- shoot of VDD≤ +200mV
 VDD including over- and under- shoot should be satisfied with the absolute maximum ratings.
- (3) Optical response time, luminance and chromaticity depend on the temperature of a Super-TFT module. Response time and saturation time of CCFL luminance become longer at lower temperature operation.
- (4) Sudden temperature change may cause dew on and/or in the a module. Dew males damage to a polarizer and/or electrical contacting portion. Dew causes fading of displayed quality.
- (5) Fixed patterns displayed on a module for a long time may cause after-image. It will be recovered soon.
- (6) A module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to electromagnetic interference should be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be effective to minimize the interference.
- (7) Noise may be heard when a back-light is operated. If necessary, sufficient suppression should be done by system manufacturers.
- (8) The module should not be connected or removed while a main system works.

10.3 Electrostatic discharge control

- (1) Since a module consists of a Super-TFT cell and electronic circuits with CMOS-ICs, which are very weak to electrostatic discharge, persons who are handling a module should be grounded through adequate methods such as a list band. I/F connector pins should not be touched directly with bare hands.
- (2) Protection film for a polarizer on a module should be slowly peeled off so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.

10.4 Precaution to strong light exposure

(1) A module should not be exposed under strong light. Otherwise, characteristics of a polarizer and color filter in a module may be degraded.

10.5 Precaution to storage

When modules for replacement are stored for a long time, following precautions should be taken care of:

- (1) Modules should be stored in a dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light during storage. Modules should be stored at 5 to 35°C at normal humidity (60%RH or less).
- (2) The surface of polarizers should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that modules should be stored in the Hitachi's shipping box.

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10.6 Precaution to handling protection film

- (1) The protection film for polarizers should be pealed off slowly and carefully by persons who are electrically grounded with adequate methods such as a list band. Besides, ionized air should be blown over during peeling action. Dusts on a polarizer should be blown off by an ionized nitrogen gun and so on.
- (2) The protection film should be peeling off without rubbing it to the polarizer. Because, if the film is rubbed together with the polarizer, since the film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of adhesive, the adhesive may remain on a polarizer.
- (3) The module with protection film should be stored on the conditions explained in 10.5 (1). However, in case that the storage time is too long, adhesive may remain on a polarizer even after a protection film is peeled off. Besides, in case that a module is stored at higher temperature and/or higher humidity, adhesive may remain on a polarizer. The remained adhesive may cause non-uniformity of display image.
- (4) The adhesive can be removed easily with Normal-Hexane. The remained adhesive or its vestige on the polarizer should be wiped off with absorbent cotton or other soft materials such as chamois slightly contained Normal-Hexane.

10.7 Safety

- (1) Since a Super-TFT cell and lamps are made of glass, handling to the broken module should be taken care sufficiently in order not to be injured. Hands touched liquid crystal from a broken cell should be washed sufficiently.
- (2) A inverter located in rear side of a module can drive by high voltage. Super-TFT module has a plastic cover due to safety of high voltage.
- (3) The module should not be taken apart during operation so that back-light drives by high voltage.

10.8 Environmental protection

- (1) The Super-TFT module contains cold cathode fluorescent lamps. Please follow local ordinance or regulations for its disposal.
- (2) Flexible circuits board and printed circuits board used in a module contain small amount of lead. Please follow local ordinance or regulations for its disposal.

10.9 Use restrictions and limitations

- (1) This product is not authorized for use in life support devices or systems, military applications or other applications which pose a significant risk of personal injury.
- (2) In no event shall Hitachi, Ltd., be liable for any incidental, indirect or consequential damages in connection with the installation or use of this product, even if informed of the possibility thereof in advance. These limitations apply to all causes of action in the aggregate, including without limitation breach of contact, breach of warranty, negligence, strict liability, misrepresentation and other torts.

10.10 Others

(1) Electrical components which may not affect electrical performance are subjective to change without notice because of their availability.

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