# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(	)	<b>Preliminary</b>	<b>Specification</b>
---	---	--------------------	----------------------

# ( ♦ ) Final Specification

Title 15.5" Full HD TFT LCD
-----------------------------

Customer	Sony
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.	
*MODEL	LP156WF1	
Suffix	TLC1	

<sup>\*</sup>When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
/	

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
K. J. Kwon / S.Manager	
REVIEWED BY	
S. R. Kim / Manager	
PREPARED BY	
C. J. Park / Engineer	
Products Engineeri LG Display Co.	

# Contents

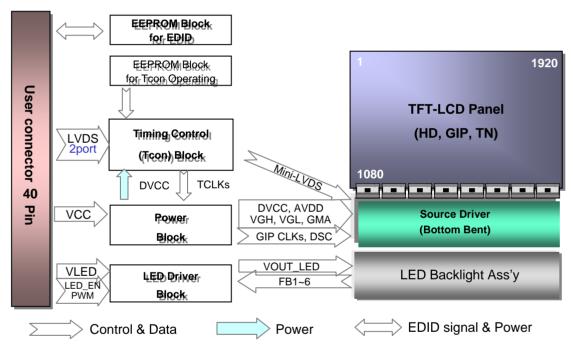
No	ITEM	Page
	COVER	1
	CONTENTS	2
	RECORD OF REVISIONS	3
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	4
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	5
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
3-1	ELECTRICAL CHARACTREISTICS	6-7
3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTIONS	8
3-3	LVDS SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATION	9-10
3-3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	11-12
3-4	SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORMS	12
3-5	COLOR INPUT DATA REFERNECE	13
3-6	POWER SEQUENCE	14
4	OPTICAL SFECIFICATIONS	15-17
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	18-21
Α	APPENDIX. LPL PROPOSAL FOR SYSTEM COVER DESIGN	22-24
6	RELIABLITY	25
7	INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS	<u> </u>
7-1	SAFETY	26
7-2	EMC	26
8	PACKING	<u> </u>
8-1	DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK	27
8-2	PACKING FORM	27
9	PRECAUTIONS	28-29

# **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0	Sep. 19. 2009	-	First Draft (Preliminary Specification)	0.0
0.1	Oct. 1. 2009	6	Correct LED Power Inrush Current 1.5→1500	
		11-12	Add Tentative Timing Table for 50Hz and 40Hz Refresh Rate	
0.2	Nov 2. 2009	<del>.</del>	Active area size 15.6inch → 15.5inch	
1.0	Dec. 10, 2009	-	Final Draft	1.0
				<u>.</u>
				1
				<b>.</b>
				<u>.</u>
				]
				1
				1
				1
				<u> </u>
				·····
				<del> </del>

### 1. General Description

The LP156WF1 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral LED backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.5 inches diagonally measured active display area with FHD resolution (1920 horizontal by 1080 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue subpixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors. The LP156WF1 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI. The LP156WF1 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the subpixels, the LP156WF1 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



### **General Features**

Active Screen Size	15.5 inches diagonal			
Outline Dimension	359.3(H, typ.) × 209.5(V, typ.) × 5.7(D,max) [mm]]			
Pixel Pitch	0.17925 mm x 0.17925 mm			
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. By 1080 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement			
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors			
Luminance, White	220 cd/m²(Typ.5 point)			
Power Consumption	Total 6.94 Watt(Typ.) @ LCM circuit 1.74 Watt (Typ.), B/L input 5.2 Watt (Typ.)			
Weight	470g ( Max.) / 450g ( Typ.)			
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white			
Surface Treatment	Hard Coating(3H), Glare treatment of the front polarizer			
RoHS Compliance	Yes			
BFR / PVC / As Free	Yes for all			

### 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

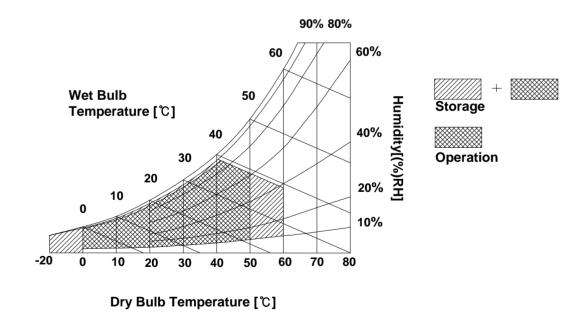
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
i arameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Office		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.



# 3. Electrical Specifications

### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

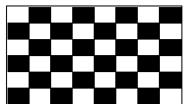
The LP156WF1 requires two power inputs. The first logic is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second backlight is the input about LED BL with LED Driver.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

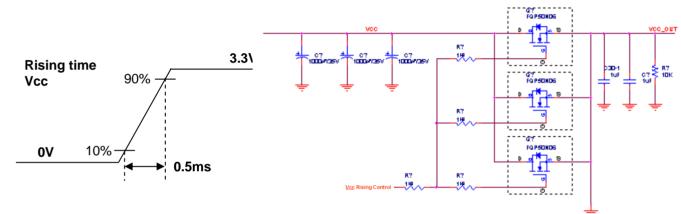
Barrana dan		Symbol	Values				N
Parameter	Min		Тур	Max	Unit	Notes	
LOGIC:							
Power Supply Input Voltage		Vcc	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	1
Power Supply Input Current	Mosaic	Icc	-	530	610	mA	2
Power Consumption		Pcc	-	1.74	2.0	W	2
Power Supply Inrush Current		ICC_P	-	-	1500	mA	3
LVDS Impedance		ZLVDS	90	100	110	Ω	4
BACKLIGHT : ( with LED Drive	er)						
LED Power Input Voltage		VLED	7.0	12.0	21.0	V	5
LED Power Input Current		ILED	-	433	500	mA	6
LED Power Consumption		PLED	-	5.2	6.0	W	6
LED Power Inrush Current		ILED_P	-	-	1500	mA	7
PWM Duty Ratio			5	-	100	%	8
PWM Jitter		-	0	-	0.2	%	9
PWM Impedance		Zpwm	20	40	60	kΩ	
PWM Frequency		FPWM	200	-	1000	Hz	10
PWM High Level Voltage		V <sub>PWM_H</sub>	3.0	-	5.3	V	
PWM Low Level Voltage		V <sub>PWM_L</sub>	0	-	0.3	V	
LED_EN Impedance		Zpwm	20	40	60	kΩ	
LED_EN High Voltage		VLED_EN_H	3.0	-	5.3	V	
LED_EN Low Voltage	VLED_EN_L	0	-	0.3	V		
Life Time			12,000	-	-	Hrs	11

### Note)

- 1. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under  $25^{\circ}$ C, fv = 60Hz, Black pattern.
- 2. The specified lcc current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V , 25 °C , fv = 60Hz condition and Mosaic pattern.

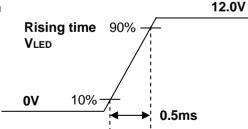


- 3. This Spec. is the max load condition for the cable impedance designing.
- 4. The below figures are the measuring Vcc condition and the Vcc control block LGD used. The Vcc condition is same as the minimum of T1 at Power on sequence.



- 5. This impedance value is needed for proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 6. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under 25 °C.
- 7. The current and power consumption with LED Driver are under the Vled = 12.0V, 25°C, Dimming of Max luminance and White pattern with the normal frame frequency operated (60Hz).
- 8. The below figures are the measuring Vled condition and the Vled control block LGD used.

VLED control block is same with Vcc control block.



- 9. The operation of LED Driver below minimum dimming ratio may cause flickering or reliability issue.
- 10. If Jitter of PWM is bigger than maximum, it may induce flickering.
- 11. This Spec. is not effective at 100% dimming ratio as an exception because it has DC level equivalent to 0Hz. In spite of acceptable range as defined, the PWM Frequency should be fixed and stable for more consistent brightness control at any specific level desired.
- 12. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of LCD is 50% compare to that of minimum value specified in table 7. under general user condition.

### 3-2. Interface Connections

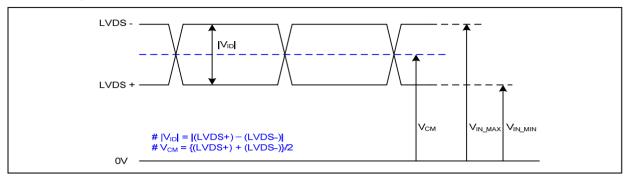
This LCD employs two interface connections, a 40 pin connector used for the module electronics interface and the other connector used for the integral backlight system.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	Test Loop	Test loop to 34pin	[Interface Chip]
2	VCC	LCD Logic and driver power (3.3V Typ.)	1. LCD :
3	VCC	LCD Logic and driver power (3.3V Typ.)	SiW, ST2_BS(LCD Controller)
4	V EEDID	DDC Power (3.3V)	Including LVDS Receiver.
5	Bist	LCD Panel Self Test Enable	2. System : SiW LVDSRx or equivalent
6	Clk EEDID	DDC Clock	* Pin to Pin compatible with LVDS
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data	
8	ORX0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	[Connector]
9	ORX0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	20455-040E-0x, I-PEX or its compatibles
10	GND	High Speed Ground	[Mating Connector]
11	ORX1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	20345-#40E-## series or equivalent
12	ORX1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	200 to 1/102 1/1/ 00/100 of oquivalent
13	GND	High Speed Ground	[Connector pin arrangement]
14	ORX2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	-
15	ORX2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
16	GND	High Speed Ground	40_ 1
17	ORXC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	<u></u>
18	ORXC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	
19	GND	High Speed Ground	
20	ERX0-	Negative LVDS differential data input	[LCD Module Rear View]
21	ERX0+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
19	GND	High Speed Ground	
23	ERX1-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
24	ERX1+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
19	GND	High Speed Ground	
26	ERX2-	Negative LVDS differential data input	
27	ERX2+	Positive LVDS differential data input	
19	GND	High Speed Ground	
29	ERXC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input	
30	ERXC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input	
31	GND	LED Backlight Ground	
32	GND	LED Backlight Ground	
33	GND	LED Backlight Ground	
34	Test Loop	Test loop to 1pin	
35	PWM	System PWM Signal input for dimming	
36	LED_EN	LED Backlight On/Off	
37	NC	No Connection	
38	VLED	LED Backlight Power (7V-21V)	
39	VLED	LED Backlight Power (7V-21V)	
40	VLED	LED Backlight Power (7V-21V)	

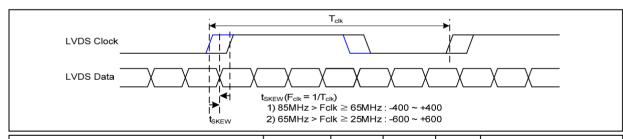
# 3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications

# 3-3-1. DC Specification

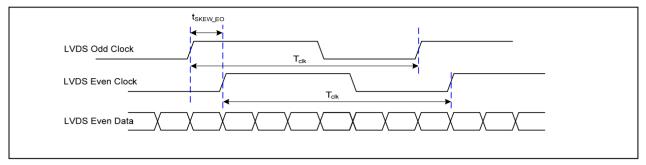


Description	Symb ol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	100	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	0.6	1.8	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	0.3	2.1	V	-

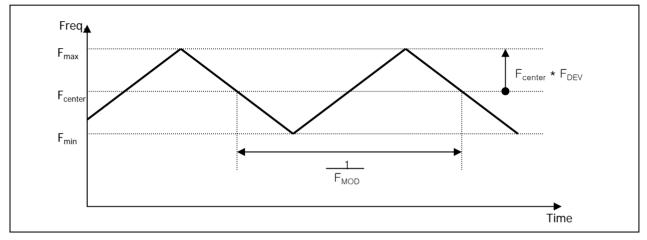
# 3-3-2. AC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skow Margin	t <sub>SKEW</sub>	- 400	+ 400	ps	85MHz > Fclk ≥ 65MHz
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t <sub>SKEW</sub>	- 600	+ 600	ps	65MHz > Fclk ≥ 25MHz
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t <sub>SKEW_EO</sub>	- 1/7	+ 1/7	T <sub>clk</sub>	-
Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during SSC	F <sub>DEV</sub>	-	± 3	%	-
Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during SSC	F <sub>MOD</sub>	-	200	KHz	-



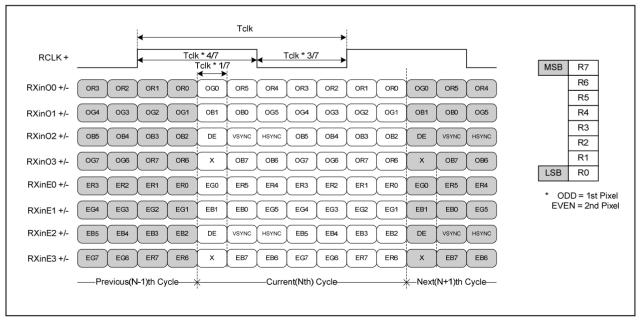
< Clock skew margin between channel >



< Spread Spectrum >

### 3-3-3. Data Format

1) LVDS 2 Port



< LVDS Data Format >

### 3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

Table 6. TIMING TABLE

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	f <sub>CLK</sub>	66.4	69.25	72.6	MHz	LVDS 2 port ( 60Hz )
	Period	t <sub>HP</sub>	1010	1040	1078		
Hsync	Width	t <sub>WH</sub>	16	16	16	tCLK	
	Width-Active	t <sub>WHA</sub>	960	960	960		
	Period	t <sub>VP</sub>	1096	1111	1122		
Vsync	Width	t <sub>wv</sub>	5	5	5	tHP	
	Width-Active	t <sub>WVA</sub>	1080	1080	1080		
	Horizontal back porch	t <sub>HBP</sub>	24	40	50	+CL   K	
Data	Horizontal front porch	t <sub>HFP</sub>	10	24	52	tCLK	
Enable	Vertical back porch	t <sub>VBP</sub>	t <sub>VBP</sub> 10 2		28		
	Vertical front porch	t <sub>VFP</sub>	1	3	9	tHP	

# \* Tentative Timing Table for 50Hz Refresh Rate (Note 1)

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	f <sub>CLK</sub>	66.4	69.25	72.6	MHz	LVDS 2 port ( 50Hz )
	Period		1152	1186	1226		
Hsync	Width	t <sub>WH</sub>	16	16	16	tCLK	
	Width-Active	t <sub>WHA</sub>	960	960	960		
	Period	t <sub>VP</sub>	1153	1168	1184		
Vsync	Width	t <sub>wv</sub>	5	5	5	tHP	
	Width-Active	t <sub>WVA</sub>	1080	1080	1080		
	Horizontal back porch	t <sub>HBP</sub>	152	186	226	4CL IV	
Data	Horizontal front porch	t <sub>HFP</sub>	24	24	24	tCLK	
Enable	Vertical back porch	t <sub>VBP</sub>	65	80	96	4LID	
	Vertical front porch	t <sub>VFP</sub>	3	3	3	tHP	

Note 1. Slow refresh rate, under 60Hz could not be guaranteed about flickering and some noise on screen.

# \* Tentative Timing Table for 40Hz Refresh Rate (Note 1)

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	f <sub>CLK</sub>	66.4	69.25	72.6	MHz	LVDS 2 port ( 40Hz )
	Period	t <sub>HP</sub>	1320	1361	1406		
Hsync	Width	t <sub>WH</sub>	16	16	16	tCLK	
	Width-Active	t <sub>WHA</sub>	960	960	960		
	Period	t <sub>VP</sub>	1257	1272	1291		
Vsync	Width	t <sub>wv</sub>	5	5	5	tHP	
	Width-Active	t <sub>wva</sub>	1080	1080	1080		
	Horizontal back porch	t <sub>HBP</sub>	320	361	406	+CI -X	
Data	Horizontal front porch	t <sub>HFP</sub>	24	24	24	tCLK	
Enable	Vertical back porch	t <sub>VBP</sub>	169	184	203	4UD	
	Vertical front porch	t <sub>VFP</sub>	3	3	3	tHP	

Note 1. Slow refresh rate, under 60Hz could not be guaranteed about flickering and some noise on screen.

# Condition: VCC =3.3V 3-5. Signal Timing Waveforms High: 0.7VCC Data Enable, Hsync, Vsync Low: 0.3VCC $t_{\sf CLK}$ 0.5 Vcc **DCLK** $t_{HP}$ Hsync **t**WHA $t_{HBP}$ $t_{HFP}$ Data Enable Vsync $\mathbf{t}_{\mathsf{VFP}}$ $\mathbf{t}_{\text{VBP}}$ **t**wva Data Enable

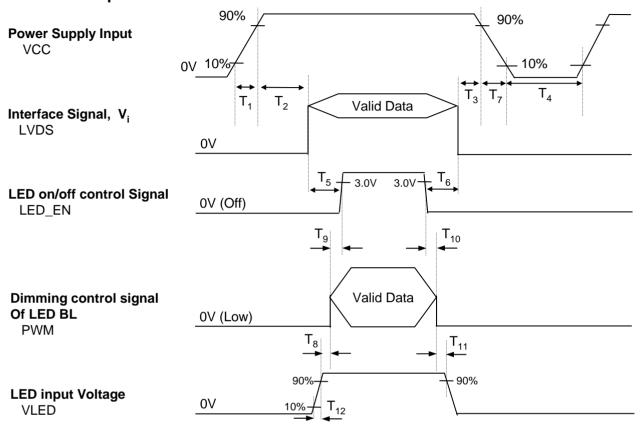
### 3-6. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
,	Color			RE	Đ					GRI	EEN					BL	UE		
,	50101	MSE	3				LSB	MSI	3				LSB	MS	В				LSB
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	В3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0			0	0	0		0	0	0	0		0		0	0
	Red	1	1	.1 	. 1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	.1	1	1		0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		. 1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	. 1	1			1	1		. 1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	.1	. 1	. 1		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		. 1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED														]					
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN														l			 		
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE								ļ			 			l			 		
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

### 3-7. Power Sequence



**Table 6. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE** 

Logic		Value		Units	LED		Value		Units
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Utilis	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
T <sub>1</sub>	0.5	-	10	ms	T <sub>8</sub>	10	-	-	ms
T <sub>2</sub>	0	-	50	ms	T <sub>9</sub>	0	-	-	ms
T <sub>3</sub>	0	-	50	ms	T <sub>10</sub>	0	-	-	ms
T <sub>4</sub>	400	-	-	ms	T <sub>11</sub>	10	-	-	ms
T <sub>5</sub>	200	-	1	ms	T <sub>12</sub>	0.5	-	-	ms
T <sub>6</sub>	200	-	-	ms					
T <sub>7</sub>	3	-	10	ms					

#### Note)

- 1. Do not insert the mating cable when system turn on.
- 2. Valid Data have to meet "3-3. LVDS Signal Timing Specifications"
- 3. LVDS, LED\_EN and PWM need to be on pull-down condition on invalid status.
- 4. LGD recommend the rising sequence of VLED after the Vcc and valid status of LVDS turn on.

### 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to  $0^{\circ}$ .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

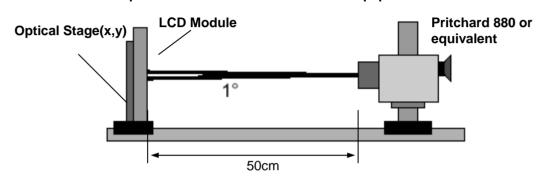


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

**Table 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V,  $f_{V}=60Hz$ ,  $f_{CLK}=69.25MHz$ ,  $I_{LED}=20mA(typ)$ 

			Values	, , ,		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	400	-	-		1
Surface Luminance, white	L <sub>WH</sub>	185	220	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$	-	1.4	1.6	]	3
Response Time	Tr <sub>R</sub> + Tr <sub>D</sub>	-	8	-	ms	4
Color Coordinates				[	1	
RED	RX	0.587	0.617	0.647	1	
	RY	0.319	0.349	0.379		
GREEN	GX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	GY	0.565	0.595	0.625		
BLUE	ВХ	0.121	0.151	0.181		
	BY	0.026	0.056	0.086		
WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359	I	
Viewing Angle	[		<b>.</b>	[	1	5
x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	60	-	-	degree	
x axis, left (Ф=180°)	Θl	60	-	-	degree	
y axis, up (Φ=90°)	Θu	50	-	-	degree	
y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	50	-	-	degree	
Gray Scale						6

Note)

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.

$$L_{WH} = Average(L_1, L_2, \dots L_5)$$

3. The variation in surface luminance , The panel total variation ( $\delta_{WHITE}$ ) is determined by measuring L<sub>N</sub> at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as followed numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{\text{ WHITE}} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(\textbf{L}_{1}, \textbf{L}_{2}, \ \dots \ \textbf{L}_{13})}{\text{Minimum}(\textbf{L}_{1}, \textbf{L}_{2}, \ \dots \ \textbf{L}_{13})}$$

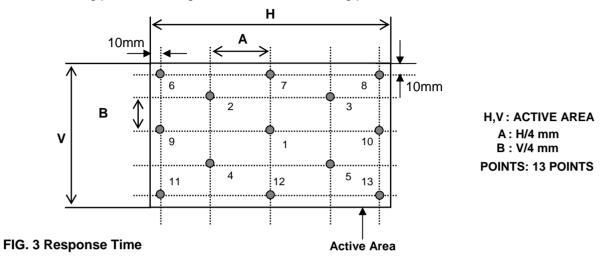
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (rise time,  $Tr_R$ ) and from black to white(Decay Time,  $Tr_D$ ). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

\* 
$$f_{V} = 60Hz$$

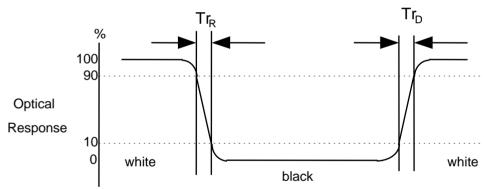
Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0
L7	1.00
L15	4.25
L23	10.90
L31	21.01
L39	34.82
L47	52.49
L55	74.17
L63	100

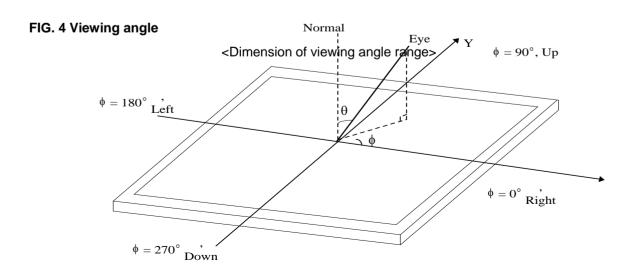
#### FIG. 2 Luminance

<Measuring point for Average Luminance & measuring point for Luminance variation>



The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

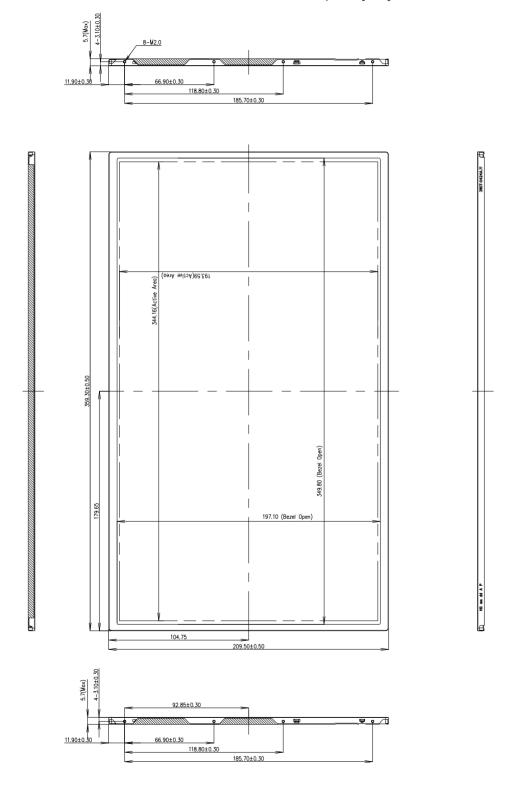


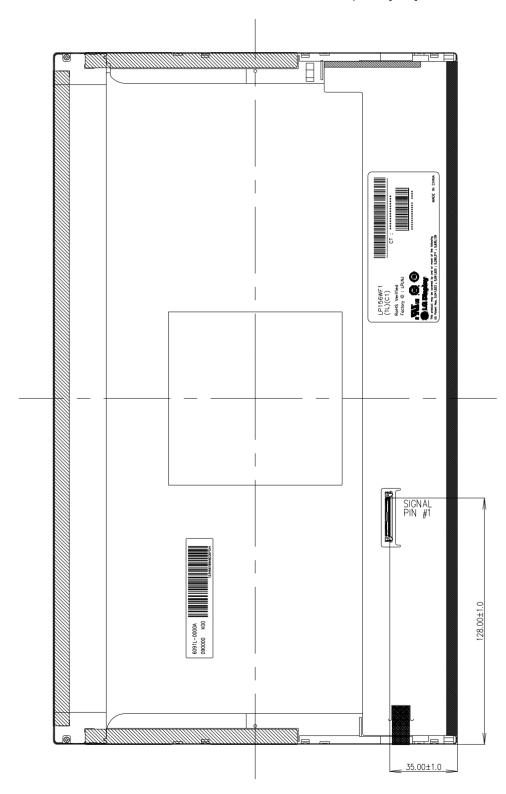


### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

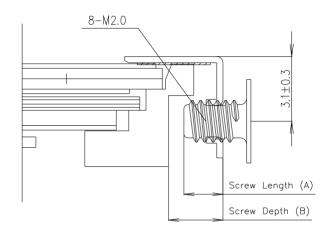
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP156WF1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	359.3 ± 0.5mm				
Outline Dimension	Vertical	209.5 ± 0.5mm				
	Thickness	5.7mm (max)				
Bezel Area	Horizontal	349.8 ± 0.5mm				
bezei Alea	Vertical	197.1 ± 0.5mm				
Active Display Area	Horizontal	344.16 ± 0.3 mm				
Active Display Area	Vertical	193.59 ± 0.3 mm				
Weight	470g ( Max.) / 450g ( Typ.)					
Surface Treatment	Hard Coating(3H), Glare treatment of the front polarizer					





### [ DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW ]



```
*Mounting Screw Length (A)
= 2.0(Min) / 2.5(Max)
```

\*Mounting Screw Hole Depth (B) = 2.5(Min)

\*Mounting Hole Location : 3.10(typ.)

\*Torque : 2.0 kgf.cm(Max)

(Measurement gauge : torque meter)

Notes: 1. Screw plated through the method of non-electrolytic nickel plating is preferred to reduce possibility that results in vertical and/or horizontal line defect due to the conductive particles from screw surface.

# 6. Reliability

### **Environment test condition**

No.	Test Item	Conditions						
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h						
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h						
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h						
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h						
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis						
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 2ms for all six faces)						
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr						

<sup>{</sup> Result Evaluation Criteria }
There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

#### 7. International Standards

### 7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1, Second Edition, Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
  Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-07, Second Edition, Canadian Standards Association. Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1: General Requirements.
- c) EN 60950-1:2006 + A11:2009, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC). Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- d) IEC 60950-1:2005, Second Edition, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC). Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.

#### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz." American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 2003.
- b) CISPR 22 "Information technology equipment Radio disturbance characteristics Limit and methods of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), 2005.
- c) CISPR 13 "Sound and television broadcast receivers and associated equipment Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and method of measurement." International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), 2006.

#### 7-3. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the council of 27 January 2003

### 8. Packing

### 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C: SIZE(INCH) D: YEAR

E: MONTH  $F \sim M$ : SERIAL NO.

#### Note

#### 1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

#### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

### b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

# 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 20 pcs

b) Box Size: 482 x 390 x 275

#### 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
  - Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm~200mV(Over~and~under~shoot~voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)

  And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

#### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
  - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

		Byte	Byte	Field Name and Comments	Value	Value
		(Dec)	(Hex)		(Hex)	(Bin)
		0	00	Header	00	00000000
		1	01	Header	FF	111111111
	er	2	02	Header	FF	11111111
	Header	3	03	Header	FF	111111111
		5	04	Header	FF FF	11111111
		6	06	Header	FF	11111111
		7	07	Header Header	00	00000000
		8	08	EISA manufacture code ( 3 Character ID ) LGD	30	00110000
5	EDID	9	09	EISA manufacture code (5 Character ID)	E4	11100100
<u> </u>		10	0A	Panel Supplier Reserved - Product Code 01E9h	E9	11101001
1		11	0B	(Hex. LSB first )	01	00000001
		12	0C	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000001
÷	Version	13	0D	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000000
T-P	arsi	14	0E	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000000
Vendor / Product	2 2	15	0F	LCD Module Serial No - Preferred but Optional ("0" If not used)	00	00000000
1	•	16	10	Week of Manufacture 00 weeks	00	00000000
Jor	07	17	11	Year of Manufacture 2009 years	13	00010011
,uo	ena	18	12	EDID structure version # = 1	01	00000001
Λ	-	19	13	EDID revision # = 3	03	00000011
	s	20	14	Video input Definition = Digital signal	80	10000000
2	er.	21	15	Max H image size (Rounded cm) = 35 cm	23	00100011
- ofu	pu me	22	16	Max V image size (Rounded cm) = 19 cm	13	00010011
بَ	Display Parameters	23	17	Display gamma = (gamma*100)-100 = Example:(2.2*100)-100=120 = 2.2 Gamma	78	01111000
		24	18	Feature Support (no_DPMS, no_Active Off/Very Low Power, RGB color display, Timing BLK 1,no_GTF)	0A	00001010
	·	25	19	Red/Green Low Bits (RxRy/GxGy)	08	00001000
	ue	26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits (BxBy/WxWy)	D5	11010101
	Panel Color Coordinates	27	1B	Red X Rx = 0.621	9F	10011111
		28	1C	Red Y Ry = 0.352	5A	01011010
		29	1D	Green X $Gx = 0.314$	50	01010000
		30	1E	Green Y Gy = 0.586	96	10010110
	ζok	31	1F	Blue X Bx = 0.147	25	00100101
	ر ر	32	20	Blue Y By = $0.118$	1E	00011110
	Panel	33	21	White X $Wx = 0.313$	50	01010000
		34	22	White Y Wy = 0.329	54	01010100
10		35	23	Established timing 1 (00h if not used)	00	00000000
<i>Estab</i> ished		36	24	Established timing 2 (00h if not used)	00	00000000
ES	Ti	37	25	Manufacturer's timings (00h if not used)	00	00000000
		38	26	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
		39	27	Standard timing ID1 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
		40	28	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
		41	29	Standard timing ID2 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	Ω	42	2A	Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
	Standard Timing ID	43	2B	Standard timing ID3 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
		44	2C	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
		45	2D	Standard timing ID4 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
		46	2E	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
		47	2F	Standard timing ID5 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
		48	30	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
		49	31	Standard timing ID6 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
		50	32	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
		51	33	Standard timing ID7 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
		52	34	Standard timing ID8 (01h if not used)	01	00000001
		53	35	Standard timing ID8 (01h if not used)	01	00000001

# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

	Byte (Dec)	Byte (Hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
	54		Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 138.5 MHz @ 59.9Hz	1A	00011010
	55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	36	00110110
	56	38	Horizontal Active (lower 8 bits) 1920 Pixels	80	10000000
	57	39	Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (lower 8 bits) 160 Pixels	A0	10100000
	58	3A	Horizontal Active / Horizontal Blanking(Thp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	70	01110000
<i>I#</i>	59	3B	Vertical Avtive 1080 Lines	38	00111000
Timing Descriptor #1	60	3C	Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (DE Blanking typ.for DE only panels) 31 Lines	1F	00011111
ipt	61	3D	Vertical Active: Vertical Blanking (Tvp-HA) (upper 4:4bits)	40	01000000
scr	62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset (Thfp) 48 Pixels	30	00110000
De,	63	3F	Horizontal Sync Pulse Width (HSPW) 32 Pixels	20	00100000
· Sı	64	40	Vertical Sync Offset(Tvfp): Sync Width (VSPW) 3 Lines: 5 Lines	35	00110101
ni	65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width (upper 2bits)	00	00000000
Tü	66	42	Horizontal Image Size (mm) 345 mm	59	01011001
	67	43	Vertical Image Size (mm) 194 mm	C2	11000010
	68	44	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size	10	00010000
	69	45	Horizontal Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	70	46	Vertical Border = 0 (Zero for Notebook LCD)	00	00000000
	71	47	Non-Interlace, Normal display, no stereo, Digital Separate (Vsync_NEG, Hsync_NEG), DE only note: LSB is set to T	19	00011001
	72	48	Flag	00	00000000
	73	49	Flag	00	00000000
	74	4A	Flag	00	00000000
	75	4B	Data Type Tag (Descriptor Defined by manufacturer)	00	00000000
	76	4C	Flag	00	00000000
#2	77	4D	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
or	78	4E	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
ipı	79	4F	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
scı	80	50	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
Timing Descriptor #2	81	51	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
ng.	82	52	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
mi	83	53	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
Tü	84	54	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	85	55	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	86	56	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	87	57	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	88	58	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	89	59	Descriptor Defined by manufacturer	00	00000000
	90	5A	Flag	00	00000000
	91	5B	Flag	00	00000000
	92		Flag	00	00000000
	93	5D	Data Type Tag ( ASCII String )	FE	11111110
~	94		Flag	00	00000000
Timing Descriptor #3	95		ASCII String L	4C	01001100
tor	96		ASCII String G	47	01000111
rip	97		ASCII String	20	00100000
ss c.	98		ASCII String D	44	01000100
$D_{\epsilon}$	99	63	ASCII String i	69	01101001
ng	100		ASCII String s	73	01110011
mi	101	65	ASCII String p	70	01110000
T	102	66	ASCII String 1	6C	01101100
	103	67	ASCII String a	61	01100001
	104	68	ASCII String y	79	01111001
	105	69	Manufacturer P/N(If<13 char>0Ah, then terminate with ASC II code 0Ah,set remainin	0A	00001010
	106	6A	Manufacturer P/N(If<13 char> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC II code 0Ah,set remaini	20	00100000
	107	6B	Manufacturer P/N(If<13 char> 0Ah, then terminate with ASC II code 0Ah,set remain	ing ch <b>≱i0</b> = 20h	) 00100000

# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

		Byte (Hex)		Value (Hex)	Value (Bin)
	108	6C	Flag	00	00000000
	109	6D	Flag	00	00000000
	110	6E	Flag	00	00000000
	111	6F	Data Type Tag ( ASCII String )	FE	11111110
	112	70	Flag	00	00000000
#	113	71	ASCII String L	4C	01001100
Timing Descriptor #4	114	72	ASCII String P	50	01010000
ipt	115	73	ASCII String 1	31	00110001
ŠĊŢ	116	74	ASCII String 5	35	00110101
Des	117	75	ASCII String 6	36	00110110
50	118	76	ASCII String W	57	01010111
nin	119	77	ASCII String F	46	01000110
Ţ,	120	78	ASCII String 1	31	00110001
	121	79	ASCII String -	2D	00101101
	122	7A	ASCII String T	54	01010100
	123	7B	ASCII String L	4C	01001100
	124	7C	ASCII String C	43	01000011
	125	7D	ASCII String 1	31	00110001
ec	126	7E	Extension flag (# of optional 128 panel ID extension block to follow, Typ = 0)	00	00000000
Chec	127	<b>7</b> F	Check Sum (The 1-byte sum of all 128 bytes in this panel ID block shall = 0)	<b>B0</b>	10110000