



# **TFT LCD Approval Specification**

**MODEL NO.: G070Y2-T02** 

Customer:	
Approved by:	
Note:	

核准時間	部門	審核	角色	投票
2009-11-20 18:59:19	APPL 產品管理部	張喻翔 (yhchang)	Director	Accept





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Issued Date: Nov. 05, 2009 Model No.: G070Y2-T02

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# **REVISION HISTORY**

Version	Date	Section	Description
Ver 2.0	Nov. 05, '09	All	G070Y2-T02 Approval specification was first issued.



#### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 OVERVIEW

G070Y2-T02 is a 7inch TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with a LED backlight unit and a-60-pin-and-1ch-TTL interface. TCON (timing controller) is included in driver IC. This module supports 800 (R.G.B) x 480 WVGA mode which main application is the automotive display and industrial field.

## 1.2 FEATURES

- Wide viewing angle.
- Fast response time
- High Color Gamut
- Wide operating temperature
- Reversible scan function
- 6/8 bit convertible

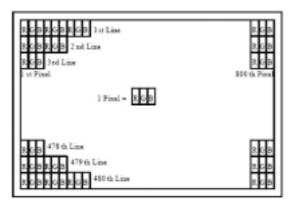
## 1.3 APPLICATION

- Automotive Display
- Industry Application

#### 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Diagonal Size	7	inch	
Active Area	152.4x91.44	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	154.6x93.64	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	ı	-
Pixel Number	800 x R.G.B. x 480	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.1905 x 0.1905	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	(2)
Display Colors	262k or 16.2M	color	-
Display Mode	Normal White	-	-
Surface Treatment	Anti-glare, Hard Coating (3H)	-	_
Module Power Consumption	3.31	W	Тур.

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions. Note (2)





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# 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Ite	em	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal (H)	164.7	165	165.3	mm	
Module Size	Vertical (V)	103.7	104	104.3	mm	(1)
	Depth (D)	5.83	6.33	6.83	mm	
We	eight	117	132	147	g	

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.



# 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

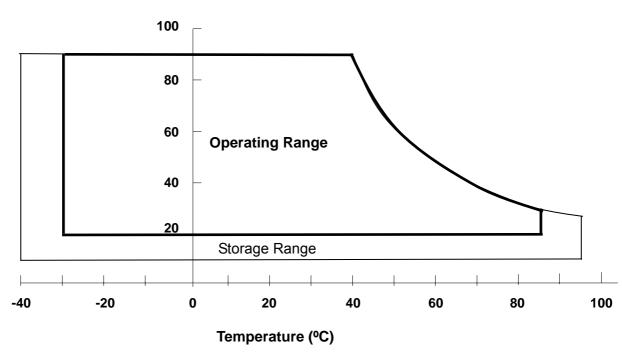
# 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	-30	+85	°C	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-40	+95	°C	

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (2) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (3) No condensation.

# **Relative Humidity (%RH)**



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#### 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

# 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Va	alue	Unit	Note
i arameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.		
	VCC	-0.3	7	V	-
	VDDG	-0.3	7	V	
Power Supply Voltage	AVDD	-0.3	13.5	V	-
	VGH	-0.3	42	V	
	VGL	VGH-42	0.3	V	-
Digital Input Voltage	Vı	-0.3	VCC +0.3	V	(1)
Gamma Supply Voltage	V1~V10	-0.3	AVDD+0.3	V	-

Note (1) V<sub>I</sub> means all input logic signal.

(2)Device is subject to be damaged permanently if stresses beyond those absolute maximum ratings listed above.

## 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

Item	Symbol	Symbol Value		Unit	Note
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.		
LED Light Bar Power Supply Voltage	$V_L$	18.9	28	V	(1)
LED Light Bar Power Supply Current	IL	-	160	mA	(1)

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum or minimum values are exceeded.

Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.



# 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# 3.1 RECOMMENDED OPERATION CONDITION (GND = AVSS = 0V)

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

Parameter		Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V		
		VDDG	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Power Supply Voltag	Power Supply Voltage		9	10	12	V	
		VGH	18	19	20	V	
		VGL	-8	-6.8	-6	V	
		V1~V5	0.35AVDD		AVDD-0.5	V	
Input Signal Voltage		V6~V10	0.3		0.65AVDD	V	
		VCOM		3.8		V	
Digital Input Voltage	High Level	$V_{IH}$	0.8V <sub>CC</sub>		$V_{CC}$	V	I <sub>oL=400uA</sub>
	Low Level	V <sub>IL</sub>	0		0.2V <sub>CC</sub>	V	I <sub>oH=400uA</sub>

# 3.2 CURRENT CONSUMPTION (GND = AVSS = 0V)

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
raiametei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	NOLE
Supply Current for Source/Gate Driver (Digital)	I <sub>CC</sub>	ı	22	25	mA	(1)
Supply Current for Source Driver (Analog)	I <sub>DD</sub>	1	29	30	mA	(1)
Supply Current for Gate Driver (High Level)	$I_{GG}$	ı	0.216	0.3	mA	(1)
Supply Current for Gate Driver (Low Level)	I <sub>EE</sub>	-	0.213	0.3	mA	(1)

Note (1) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at VCC = 3.3 V, Ta =  $25 \pm 2$  °C,  $f_v$  = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

Black Pattern



Active Area



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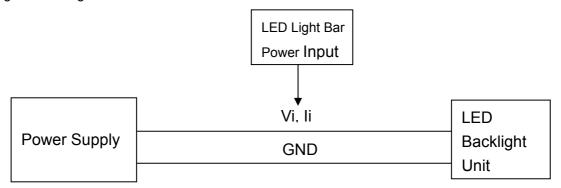
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#### 3.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

Doromotor	Cymbol		Value		Linit	Note	
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
LED Light Bar Power Supply Voltage	$V_L$	18.9	24.5	28	٧		
LED Light Bar Power Supply Current	ΙL		120		mA	(1),(2),(3)	
Power Consumption	$P_L$		2.94		W	(Duty 100%)	
LED Life Time	L <sub>BL</sub>	50000	==	==	hr	(4)	

Note (1) LED light bar configuration is shown as below



Note (2) For better LED light bar driving quality, it is recommended to utilize the adaptive boost converter with current balancing function to drive LED light-bar.

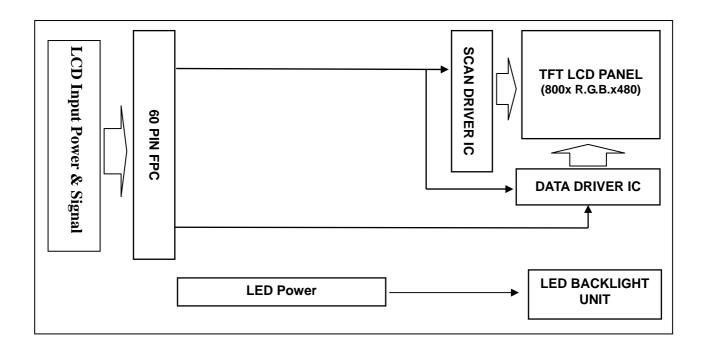
Note (3)  $P_{Lmax} = I_{Lmax} \times V_{Lmax}$ 

Note (4) The lifetime of LED is defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at  $Ta = 25 \pm 2$  °C and  $I_L = 60$  mA(Per EA) until the brightness becomes 50% of its original value.

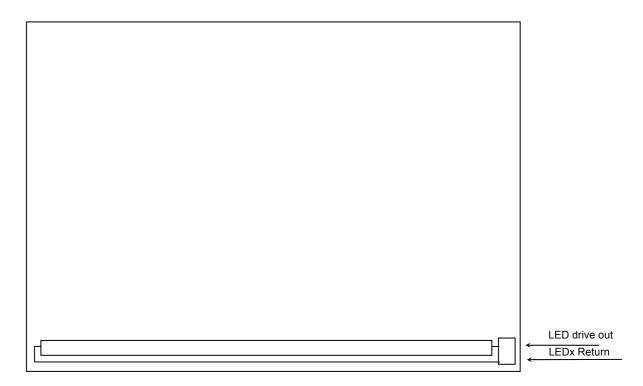


# 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

# 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



# 4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT





# 5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

# 5.1 FPC I/O PIN ASSIGNMENT

Pin	Name	I/O	Description
1	GND	I	Power Ground
2	VGL	I	Gate OFF Power Supply Voltage
3	VGL	I	Gate OFF Power Supply Voltage
4	/XAO	ı	Output all-on control When /XAO is set to L, all outputs are fixed to VGH
5	VDDG	I	Gate Driver Power supply (+3.3V)
6	VDDG	I	Gate Driver Power supply (+3.3V)
7	GND	I	Power Ground
8	VGH	I	Gate ON Power Supply Voltage
9	UD	ı	Gate Driver Up/down scan setting When UD=H, reverse scan When UD=L, normal scan (Default pull low)
10	DE	I	Input data enable control When DE mode, active High to enable data input. (Default pull low)
11	FRC	I	Dithering control setting When FRC=H, the width of data input 8 bits When FRC=L, the width of data input 6 bits and set Dx0 and Dx1 to logical low (Default pull low)
12	B07	I	Blue data (MSB)
13	B06	I	Blue data
14	B05	I	Blue data
15	B04	I	Blue data
16	B03	ı	Blue data
17	B02	I	Blue data
18	B01	I	Blue data
19	B00	I	Blue data (LSB)
20	CLK	I	Clock signal User can input different polarity CLK by EDGSL setting. (Default pull low)
21	GND	I	Power Ground
22	G07	I	Green data (MSB)
23	G06	I	Green data
24	G05	I	Green data
25	G04	I	Green data
26	G03	I	Green data
27	G02	I	Green data
28	G01	I	Green data
29	G00	I	Green data (LSB)
30	R07	I	Red data (MSB)
31	R06	I	Red data
32	R05	I	Red data
33	R04	I	Red data
34	R03	I	Red data
35	R02	I	Red data



36	R01	I	Red data
37	R00	ı	Red data (LSB)
38	RESETB	ı	Hardware global reset. Low active (Default pull high)
39	EDGSL	ı	Define input clock polarity When EDGSL=L, Latch data by rising edge of CLK (Default Pull Low) When EDGSL=H, CLK polarity is inverted, Latch data by falling edge of CLK
40	LR	I	Shift direction of Source Driver IC internal shift register is controlled by this pin as show below:  LR=H SO1→SO1200 (Default pull high)  LR=L SO1200→SO1
41	GND	ı	Power Ground
42	VCOM	I	Common voltage input
43	VCOM	ı	Common voltage input
44	VCOM_Cst	- 1	Power Ground
45	VCC	I	Digital power supply (+3.3V)
46	VCC	I	Digital power supply (+3.3V)
47	AVDD	ı	Analog power supply (+12V)
48	AVDD	ı	Analog power supply (+12V)
49	GM1	ı	Gamma voltage level 1
50	GM2	ı	Gamma voltage level 2
51	GM3	I	Gamma voltage level 3
52	GM4	I	Gamma voltage level 4
53	GM5	I	Gamma voltage level 5
54	GM6	I	Gamma voltage level 6
55	GM7	I	Gamma voltage level 7
56	GM8	ı	Gamma voltage level 8
57	GM9	I	Gamma voltage level 9
58	GM10	I	Gamma voltage level 10
59	VSSA	I	Power Ground
60	GND	ı	Power Ground

# 5.2 BACKLIGHT DRIVING SECTION

No	Symbol	I/O	Description
1	HI	ı	Power supply for backlight unit (High Voltage)
2	GND	-	GND for backlight unit

Note (1) User's connector Part No: Aces 87210\_0236L





#### 5.3 SCANNING DIRECTION

The following figures are seen from a front view and the arrow shows the direction of scan.

Fig.1 Normal Scan



Fig.2 Reverse Scan



Fig.3 Reverse Scan

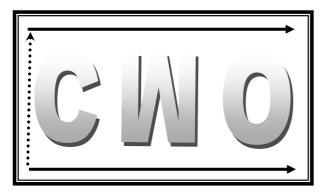
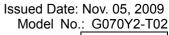


Fig.4 Reverse Scan



- Fig. 1 Normal scan ( pin 40, LR = High ; pin 9, UD = Low )
- Fig. 2 Reverse scan (pin 40, LR = Low; pin 9, UD = Low)
- Fig. 3 Reverse scan (pin 40, LR = High; pin 9, UD = High)
- Fig. 4 Reverse scan (pin 40, LR = Low; pin 9, UD = High)



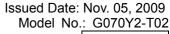




# 5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input. (0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage)

									Da	ata S	Sign	al							
	Color			Re	d					Gre	een					BI	ue		
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В5	В4	ВЗ	B2	В1	В0
Basic Colors	Black Red Green Blue Cyan Magenta Yellow White	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 1 1 1 0
Gray Scale Of Red	Red(0) / Dark Red(1) Red(2) : : Red(61) Red(62) Red(63)	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 1 : : 0 1	0 1 0 : : 1 0 1	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0
Gray Scale Of Green	Green(0) / Dark Green(1) Green(2) : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 1 : : 0 1 1	0 1 0 : : 1 0 1	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0
Gray Scale Of Blue	Blue(0) / Dark Blue(1) Blue(2) : : Blue(61) Blue(62) Blue(63)	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 1 : : 0 1	0 1 0 : : 1 0 1







The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input. (0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage)

		_																							$\overline{}$
													Data	Siç	gnal										
	Color		1		R	ed	1			Green						Blue									
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	В1	ВО
Basic Colors	Black Red Green Blue Cyan Magenta Yellow White	0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 0 1 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 0 1
Gray Scale Of Red	Red(0) / Dark Red(1) Red(2) : : Red(253) Red(254) Red(255)	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1 1	0 1 0 : : 1 0 1	0 0 0 : : : 0 0 0	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	0 0 0 : : : 0 0 0	000000	000000	0 0 0 : : 0 0 0	000000	000000	0 0 0 : : 0 0 0
Gray Scale Of Green	Green(0)/ Dark Green(1) Green(2) : : Green(253) Green(254) Green(255)	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 1 : : 0 1	0 1 0 : : 1 0 1	0 0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0
Gray Scale Of Blue	Blue(0) / Dark Blue(1) Blue(2) : : Blue(253) Blue(254) Blue(255)	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 0 : : 1 1	0 0 1 : : 0 1 1	0 1 0 : : 1 0 1



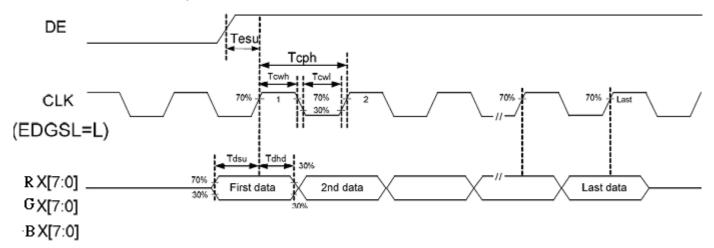
# 6. INTERFACE TIMING

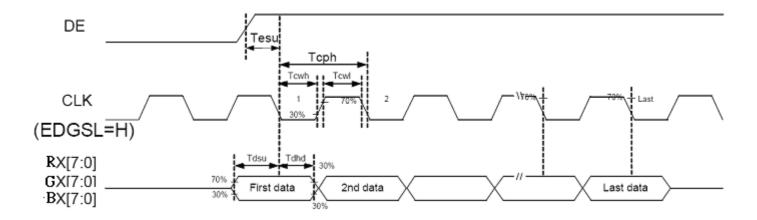
# 6.1 AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (VCC = V, AVDD = V, AVSS = GND = 0V, Ta = 25 )

Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Condition
raiailletei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Cortaillori
Data setup time	$T_{dsu}$	6			ns	
Data hold time	$T_{dhd}$	6			ns	
DE setup time	$T_{esu}$	6			ns	
CLK frequency	F <sub>CPH</sub>	29.4	33.26	42.48	MHz	
CLK period	T <sub>CPH</sub>		30.06		ns	
CLK pulse duty	T <sub>CWH</sub>	40	50	60	%	
DE period	T <sub>DEH</sub> +T <sub>DEL</sub>	1000	1056	1200	T <sub>CPH</sub>	
DE pulse width	$T_DEH$		800		T <sub>CPH</sub>	
DE frame blanking	$T_DEB$	10	45	110	T <sub>DEH</sub> +T	
DE frame width	$T_DE$		480		T <sub>DEH</sub> +T	

# **Timing Controller Timing Chart**

# ■Clock and Data input waveform

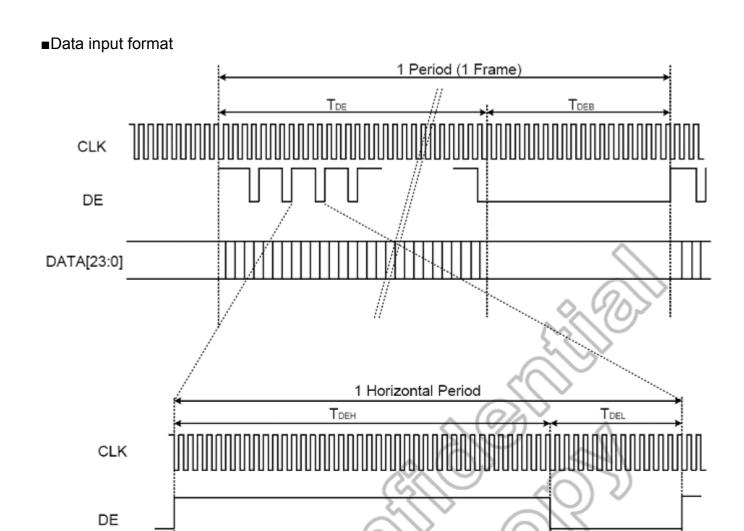




2

DATA[23:0]

3



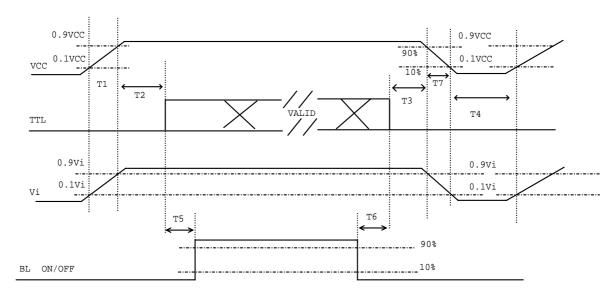
Valid Data transfer area

1



#### 6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD assembly, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



# Power ON/OFF sequence

- Note (1) Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- Note (2) When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply of LCD VCC to 0 V.
- Note (3) The Backlight converter power must be turned on after the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is valid. The Backlight converter power must be turned off before the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is invalid.

Parameter		Units		
rarameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
<b>T1</b>	0.5	-	10	ms
<b>T2</b>	0	-	50	ms
Т3	0	-	50	ms
<b>T4</b>	500	-	-	ms
T5	20	-	-	ms
Т6	10	-	-	ms
<b>T7</b>	5	-	300	ms



# 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	3.3	V
Input Signal	According to typical v	alue in "3. ELECTRICAL	CHARACTERISTICS"
Current	l <sub>f</sub>	60±4	mA
Converter Duty		100	%

Note (1)  $I_f$  means the forward current of each channel

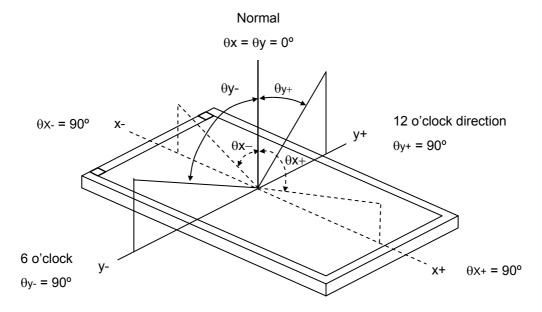
# 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

Iter	n	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Red	Rx			0.645			
	Reu	Ry			0.341			
	Green	Gx			0.312			
Color	Gleen	Gy		Тур –	0.625	Typ +		(1), (6)
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx		0.03	0.153	0.03		(1), (0)
	Blue	Ву			0.053			
	\	Wx	$\theta_{x}=0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{Y}=0^{\circ}$		0.313			
	White	Wy	Viewing Normal Angle		0.329			
Center Luminan	ce of White	L <sub>C</sub>		400	500		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	(4), (6)
Contrast Ratio		CR		500	600		-	(2), (6)
Response Time		T <sub>R</sub>			5	10	Ms	(3)
Response Time		T <sub>F</sub>			11	16	Ms	(3)
White Variation		δW			1.25	1.4	-	(5), (6)
	Horizontal	$\theta_x$ +		60	70			
Viouina Analo	Honzontai	$\theta_{x}$ -	CR 10	60	70		Dog	(4) (6)
Viewing Angle	Vertical	θ <sub>Y</sub> +	CK IU	50	60		Deg.	(1), (6)
	vertical	θ <sub>Y</sub> -		50	60			



## Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta x$ , $\theta y$ ):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L63 / L0

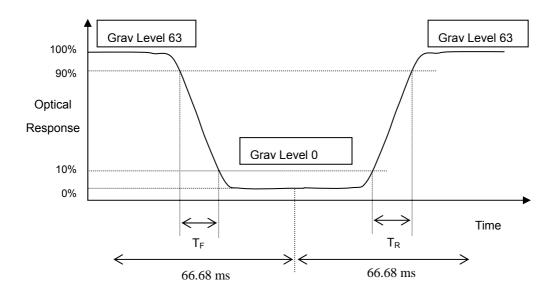
L63: Luminance of gray level 63

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (5).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time  $(T_R, T_F)$  and measurement method:







Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L<sub>C</sub>):

Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at center point

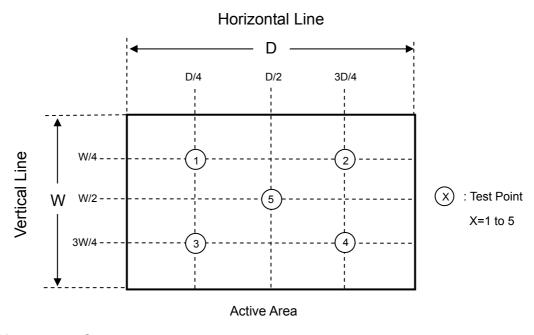
$$L_{C} = L (5)$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (5).

#### Note (5) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

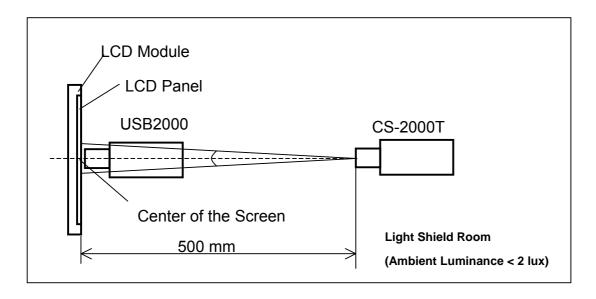
Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points

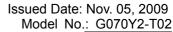
 $\delta W = Maximum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)] / Minimum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]$ 



#### Note (6) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.









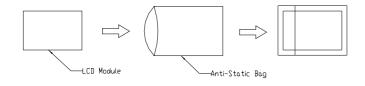
#### 8. RELIABILITY TEST

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Note
1	High Temperature Storage	95 , 240 hours	
2	Low Temperature Storage	-40 , 240 hours	
3	Thermal Shock Storage	{(-40 , 0.5 hour) (85 , 0.5 hour)}, 100 cycles	(1) (2)
4	High Temperature Operating	85 , 240 hours	(1) (2)
5	Low Temperature Operating	-30 , 240 hours	
6	High Temperature & High Humidity Operating	60 , 90% RH, 240hours	
7	Shock (Non-Operating)	100G, 6ms, +/-XYZ 3 times	(3)(5)
8	Vibration (Non-Operating)	3G, 10 to 200 Hz, sine wave	(4)(5)

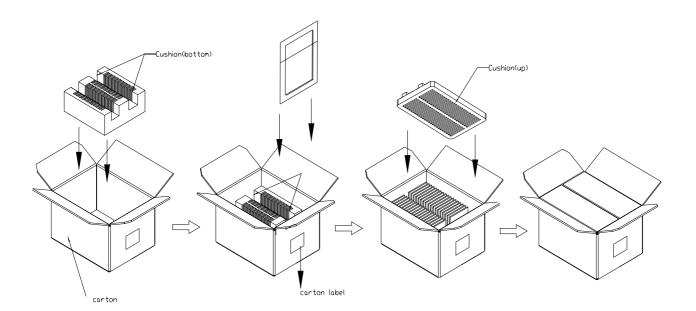
- Note (1) There should be no condensation on the surface of panel during test.
- Note (2) The temperature of panel display surface area should be 95 Max
- Note (3) 6ms, half sine wave, 3 times for +/-X, +/-Y, +/-Z.
- Note (4) 3 directions: X, Y and Z axes, 60min per each direction; 6 cycles; sweep time = 5 minutes; peak acceleration = 3G; frequency = 10 to 200 Hz; sine wave.
- Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.
- Note (6) In the standard conditions, there is no function failure issue occurred. All the cosmetic specification is judged before the reliability test.



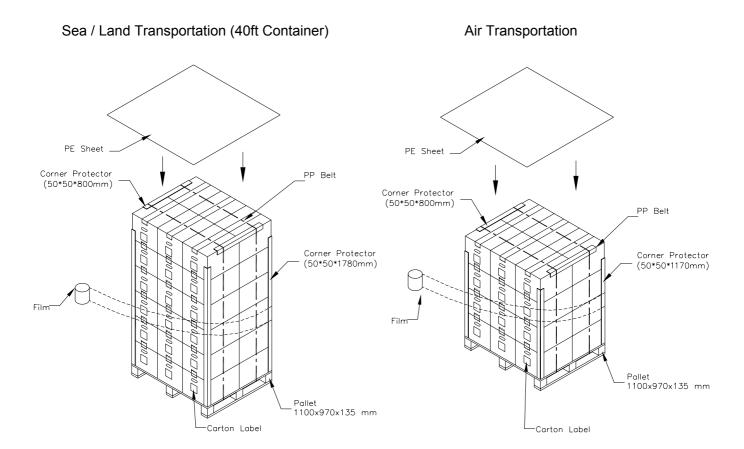
# 9. PACKAGING



- (1) 34pcs Modules/1 box
- (2) Carton dimensions :  $465(L)\times362(W)\times314(H)$ mm





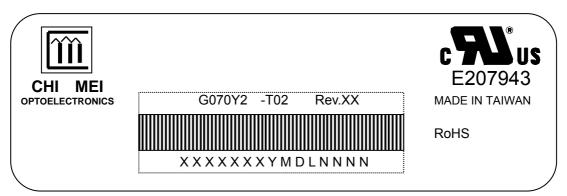




## 10. DEFINITION OF LABELS

#### 10.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: G070Y2 - T02

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A1, ..., C1, C2 ...etc.

(c) Serial ID: X X X X X X X Y M D X N N N N

Serial No.
CMO Internal Use
Year, Month, Date
CMO Internal Use
Revision
CMO Internal Use

Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2001~2009

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I, O and U

(b) Revision Code: cover all the change

Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product



CHI MEI

Issued Date: Nov. 05, 2009 Model No.: G070Y2-T02

Approval

## 11. PRECAUTIONS

#### 11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than room temperature.
- (11) Do not keep same pattern in a long period of time. It may cause image sticking on LCD

#### 11.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit to prevent electrical shock.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

