

# **INNOLUX DISPLAY CORPORATION**

## **LCD MODULE**

# **SPECIFICATION**

Customer: \_\_\_\_\_

Model Name: AT102TN03 V.1

SPEC NO.: A102-03-TT-11

Date: 2006/02/06

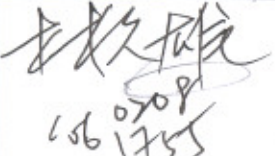
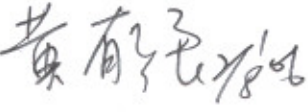

Version: 01

☒ Preliminary Specification

☐ Final Specification

For Customer's Acceptance

Approved by	Comment

Approved by	Reviewed by	Prepared by
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## Record of Revision

Version	Revise Date	Page	Content
1	2006/02/06		Initial Release

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# 1. General Specifications

No.	Item	Specification	Remark
1	LCD size	10.2 inch(Diagonal)	
2	Driver element	a-Si TFT active matrix	
3	Resolution	800X3(RGB)X480	
4	Display mode	Normally white, Transmissive	
5	Dot pitch	0.0925(W)X0.276(H) mm	
6	Active area	222.0(W)X132.48(H) mm	
7	Module size	235.0(W)X145.8(H)X6.1(D) mm	Note 1
8	Surface treatment	Anti-Glare	
9	Color arrangement	RGB-stripe	
10	Interface	Digital	
11	Backlight power consumption	2.57W(Typ.)	
12	Panel power consumption	250mW(Typ.)	
13	Weight	TBD	

Note 1: Refer to Mechanical Drawing.

## 2. Pin Assignment

### 2.1. TFT LCD Panel Driving Section

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark
1	POL	I	Polarity selection	
2	STVD	I/O	Vertical start pulse input when U/D= H	Note 1
3	OEV	I	Output enable	
4	CKV	I	Vertical clock	
5	STVU	I/O	Vertical start pulse input when U/D= L	Note 1
6	GND	P	Power ground	
7	EDGSL	I	Select rising edge or rising/falling edge	
8	V <sub>CC</sub>	P	Power supply for digital circuit	
9	V9	I	Gamma voltage level 9	
10	V <sub>GL</sub>	P	Gate OFF voltage	
11	V2	I	Gamma voltage level 2	
12	V <sub>GH</sub>	P	Gate ON voltage	
13	V6	I	Gamma voltage level 6	
14	U/D	I	Up/down selection	Note 1,2
15	V <sub>COM</sub>	I	Common voltage	
16	GND	P	Power ground	
17	AV <sub>DD</sub>	P	Power supply for analog circuit	
18	V14	I	Gamma voltage level 14	
19	V11	I	Gamma voltage level 11	
20	V8	I	Gamma voltage level 8	

21	V5	I	Gamma voltage level 5	
22	V3	I	Gamma voltage level 3	
23	GND	P	Power ground	
24	R5	I	Red data(MSB)	
25	R4	I	Red data	
26	R3	I	Red data	
27	R2	I	Red data	
28	R1	I	Red data	
29	R0	I	Red data(LSB)	
30	GND	P	Power ground	
31	GND	P	Power ground	
32	G5	I	Green data(MSB)	
33	G4	I	Green data	
34	G3	I	Green data	
35	G2	I	Green data	
36	G1	I	Green data	
37	G0	I	Green data(LSB)	
38	STHL	I/O	Horizontal start pulse input when R/L = H	Note 1
39	REV	P	Control signal are inverted or not	
40	GND	I	Power ground	
41	DCLK	I	Sample clock	
42	DV <sub>DD</sub>	P	Voltage for digital circuit	
43	STHR	I/O	Horizontal start pulse input when R/L = L	Note 1
44	LD	I	Latches the polarity of outputs and switches the new data to outputs	
45	B5	I	Blue data (MSB)	

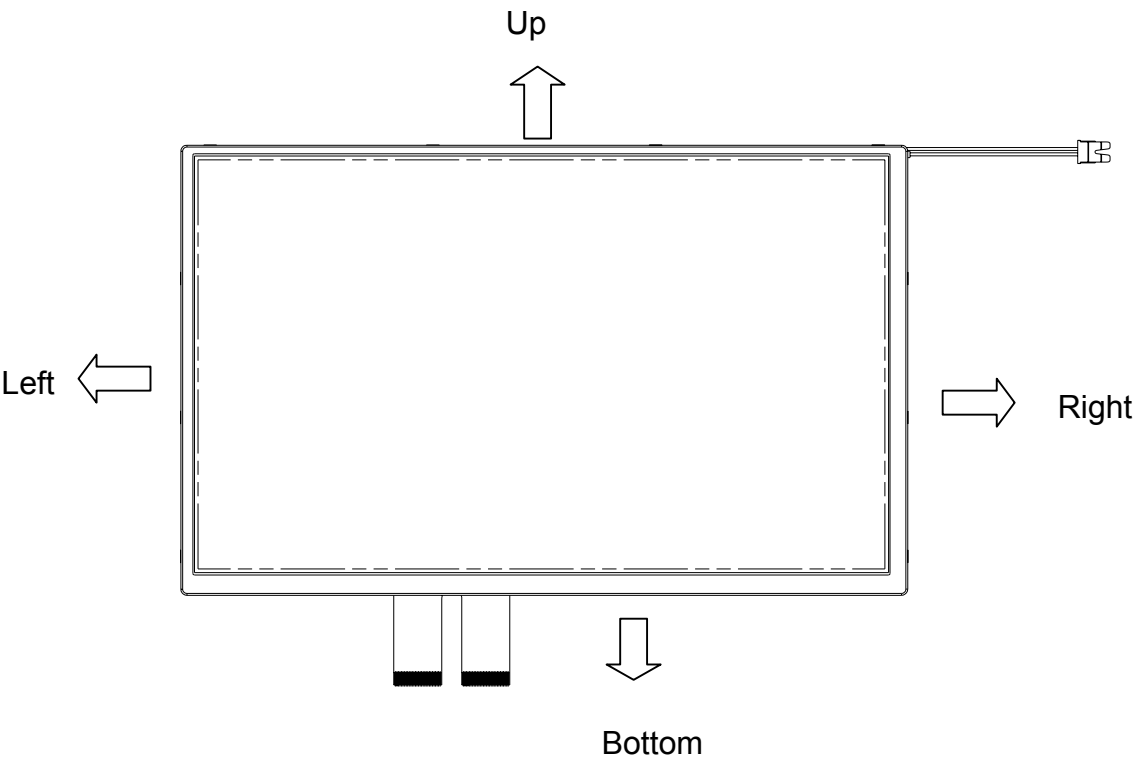
46	B4	I	Blue data	
47	B3	I	Blue data	
48	B2	I	Blue data	
49	B1	I	Blue data	
50	B0	I	Blue data (LSB)	
51	R/L	I	Right/ left selection	Note 1,2
52	V1	I	Gamma voltage level 1	
53	V4	I	Gamma voltage level 4	
54	V7	I	Gamma voltage level 7	
55	V10	I	Gamma voltage level 10	
56	V12	I	Gamma voltage level 12	
57	V13	I	Gamma voltage level 13	
58	AV <sub>DD</sub>	P	Voltage for analog circuit	
59	GND	P	Power ground	
60	V <sub>COM</sub>	I	Common voltage	

I: input, O: output, P: Power

Note 1: Selection of scanning mode

Setting of scan control input		IN/OUT state for start pulse				Scanning direction
U/D	R/L	STVD	STVU	STHR	STHL	
GND	V <sub>CC</sub>	O	I	O	I	Up to down, left to right
V <sub>CC</sub>	GND	I	O	I	O	Down to up, right to left
GND	GND	O	I	I	O	Up to down, right to left
V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	I	O	O	I	Down to up, left to right

Note 2: Definition of scanning direction.  
Refer to the figure as below:





2.2. Backlight Unit Section

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark
1	HI	P	Power supply for backlight unit	Pink
2	GND	P	Ground for backlight unit	White

### 3. Operation Specifications

#### 3.1. Absolute Maximum Rating

 (GND=AV<sub>SS</sub>=0V, Note 2)

Item	Symbol	Values		Unit	Remark
		Min.	Max.		
Power voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3	5	V	
	AV <sub>DD</sub>	-0.5	12	V	
	V <sub>GH</sub>	-0.3	18	V	
	V <sub>GL</sub>	-15	0.3	V	
	V <sub>GH</sub> -V <sub>GL</sub>	-	33	V	
Input signal voltage	V1~V7	0.4 AV <sub>DD</sub>	AV <sub>DD</sub> -0.1	V	Note 1
	V8~V14	-0.3	0.6AV <sub>DD</sub>	V	
Operation temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	-30	85	°C	
Storage temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-30	85	°C	

Note 1:  $AV_{DD} - 0.1 \geq V1 \geq V2 \geq V3 \geq V4 \geq V5 \geq V6 \geq V7 \geq V8 \geq V9 \geq V10 > V11 \geq V12 \geq V13 \geq V14 \geq AV_{SS} + 0.1$

Note 2: The absolute maximum rating values of the module should not be exceeded. Once exceeded absolute maximum rating values, the characteristics of the module may not be recovered. Even in an extreme condition, may result in module permanently destroyed.

### 3.1.1. Typical Operation Conditions

 (GND=AV<sub>SS</sub>=0V, Note 1)

Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Power voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
	AV <sub>DD</sub>	9.0	9.2	9.4	V	
	V <sub>GH</sub>	14.3	15	15.7	V	
	V <sub>GL</sub>	-10.5	-10	-9.5	V	
Input signal voltage	V <sub>COM</sub>	3.5	3.7	3.9	V	(V1+V14)/2 =4.5V
	V1~V7	0.4 A <sub>VDD</sub>	-	A <sub>VDD</sub> -0.1	V	
	V8~V14	0.1	-	0.6 A <sub>VDD</sub>	V	
Input logic high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7V <sub>CC</sub>	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
Input logic low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	-	0.3V <sub>CC</sub>	V	

 Note 1: Be sure to apply GND, V<sub>CC</sub>, and V<sub>GL</sub>, to the LCD first, and then apply V<sub>GH</sub>.

### 3.1.2. Current Consumption

 (GND=AV<sub>SS</sub>=0V)

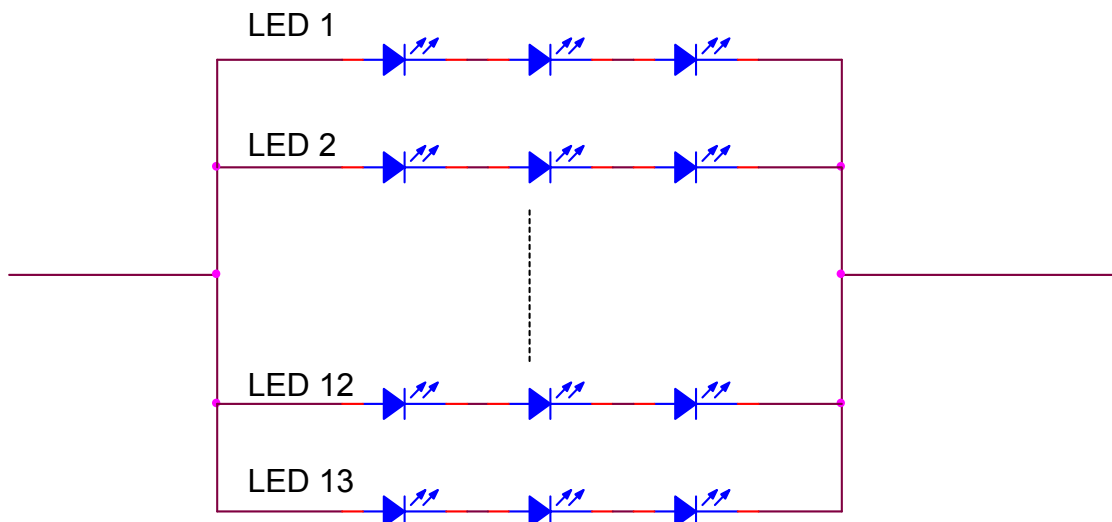
Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Current for Driver	I <sub>GH</sub>	-	0.3	0.5	mA	V <sub>GH</sub> =15V
	I <sub>GL</sub>	-	0.2	1.0	mA	V <sub>GL</sub> = -10V
	I <sub>CC</sub>	-	4	10	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> =3.3V
	I <sub>DD</sub>	-	25	50	mA	AV <sub>DD</sub> =9.2V

### 3.1.3. Backlight Driving Conditions

Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
LED voltage	V <sub>L</sub>	-	9.9	10.5	V	Note 2
LED current	I <sub>L</sub>	-	20	-	mA	Note 2
LED life time	-	20,000	-	-	Hr	Note 1

Note 1: The “LED life time” is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness that the ambient temperature is 25°C and I<sub>L</sub> =20mA.

Note 2: The LED driving condition is defined for each LED module.( 3 LED Serial)



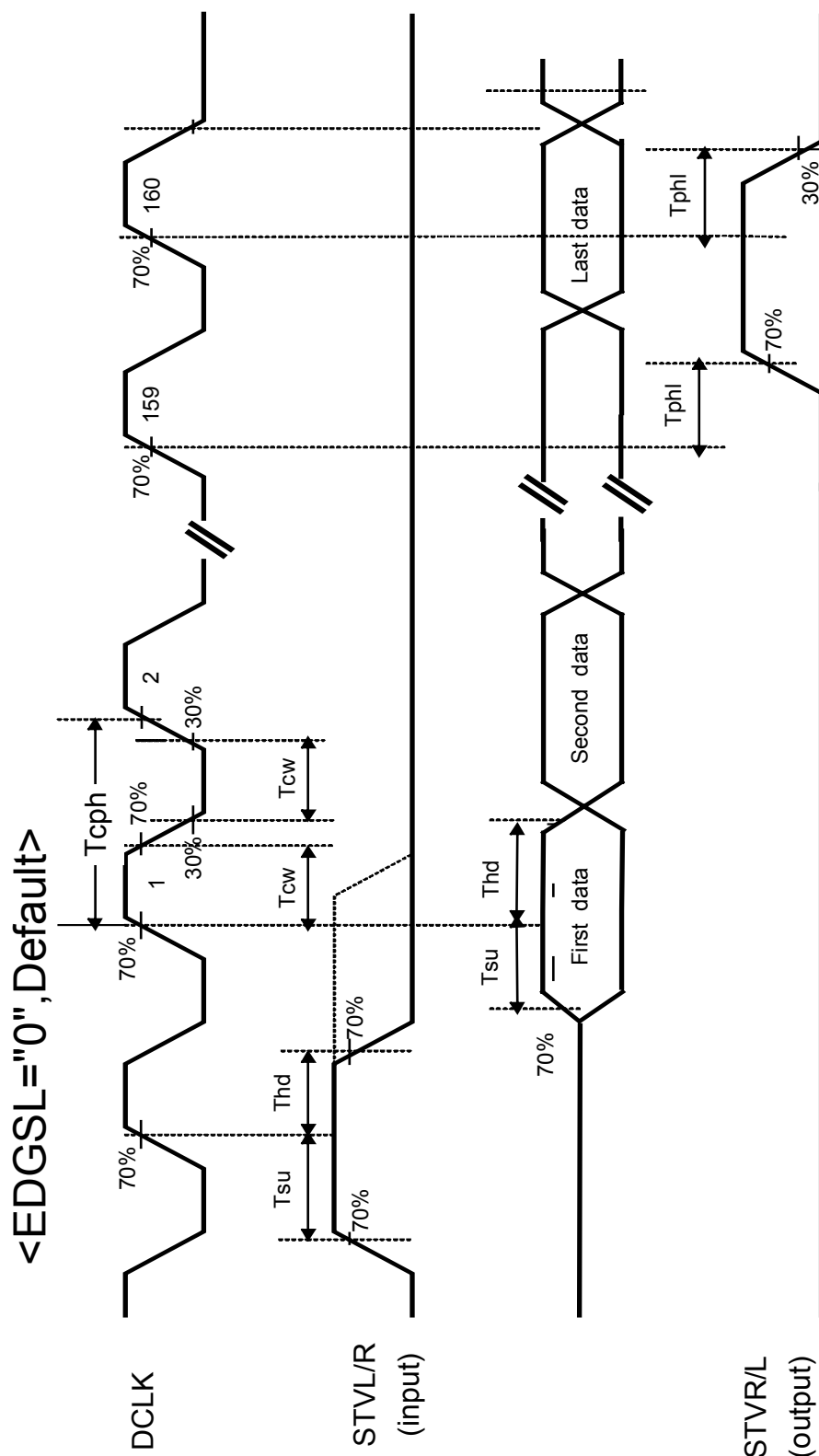
## 3.2. Timing Characteristics

### 3.2.1. Timing Conditions

Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
DCLK frequency	Fclk	-	40	45	MHz	
DCLK cycle	Tcph	22	25	-	ns	
DCLK pulse width	Tcw	22	-	-	ns	
Data set-up time	Tsu	4	-	-	ns	
Data hold time	Thd	2	-	-	ns	
Time that the last data to LD	Tld	1	-	-	Tcph	
Pulse width of LD	Twld	3	-	-	Tcph	
Time that LD to STVU/D	Tlds	5	-	-	Tcph	
POL set-up time	Tpsu	6	-	-	ns	
POL hold time	Tphd	6	-	-	ns	
OEV pulse width	Toev	1	-	-	us	
CKV pulse width	Tckv	0.5	-	-	us	
Horizontal display timing range	Tdh	-	800	-	Tcph	
STVD/U setup time	Tsuv	400	-	-	ns	
STVD/U hold time	Thdv	400	-	-	ns	
STVD/U pulse width	Tstv	-	-	1	Tdh	
Horizontal lines per field	Tv	512	525	610	Tdh	
Vertical display timing range	Tdv	-	480	-	Tdh	

### 3.2.2. Timing Diagram

### Timing Diagram1 (CHNSL="1" , Default)



**Fig.3-1 operation model 1**

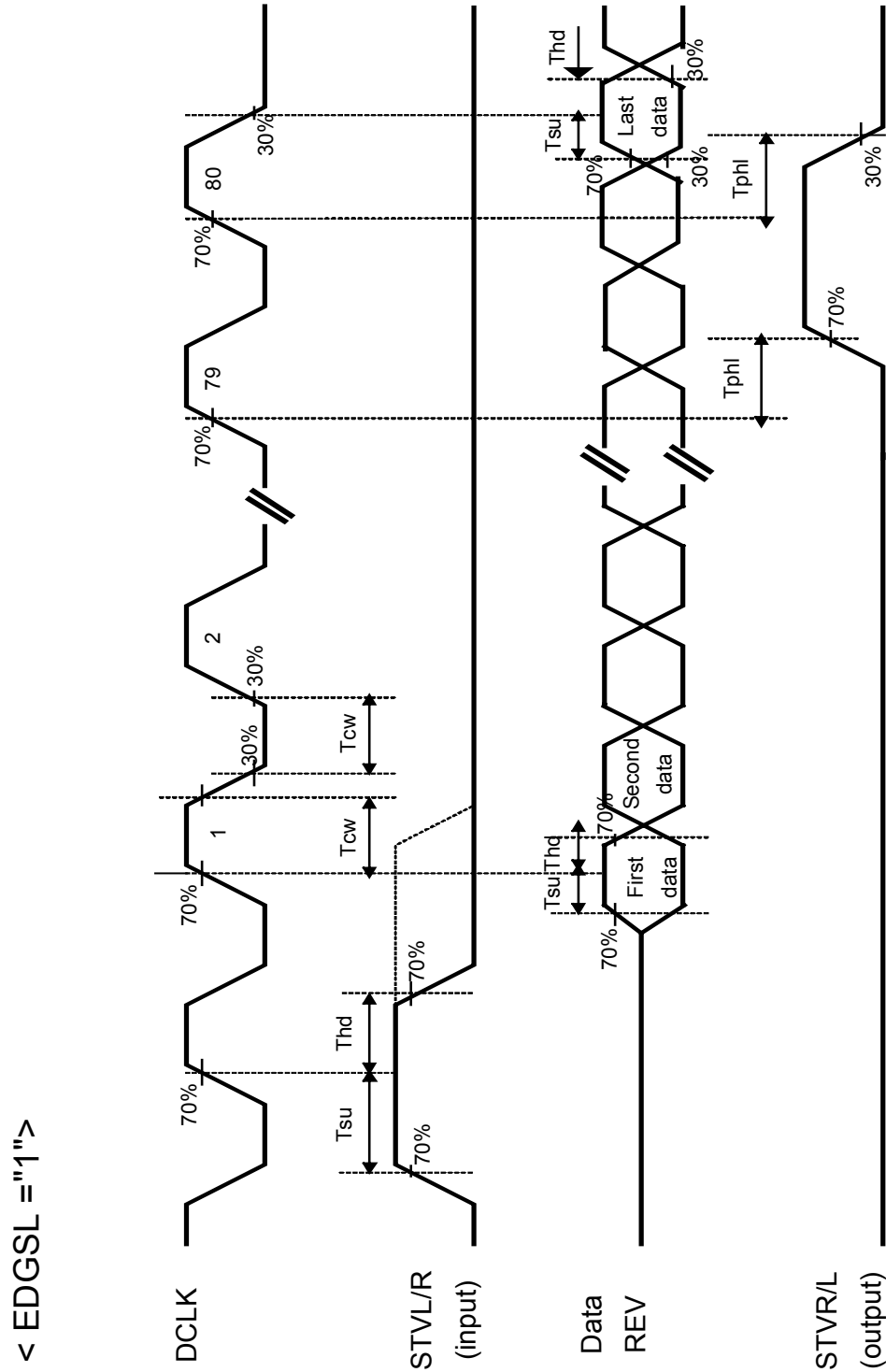


Fig.3-2 operation model 2

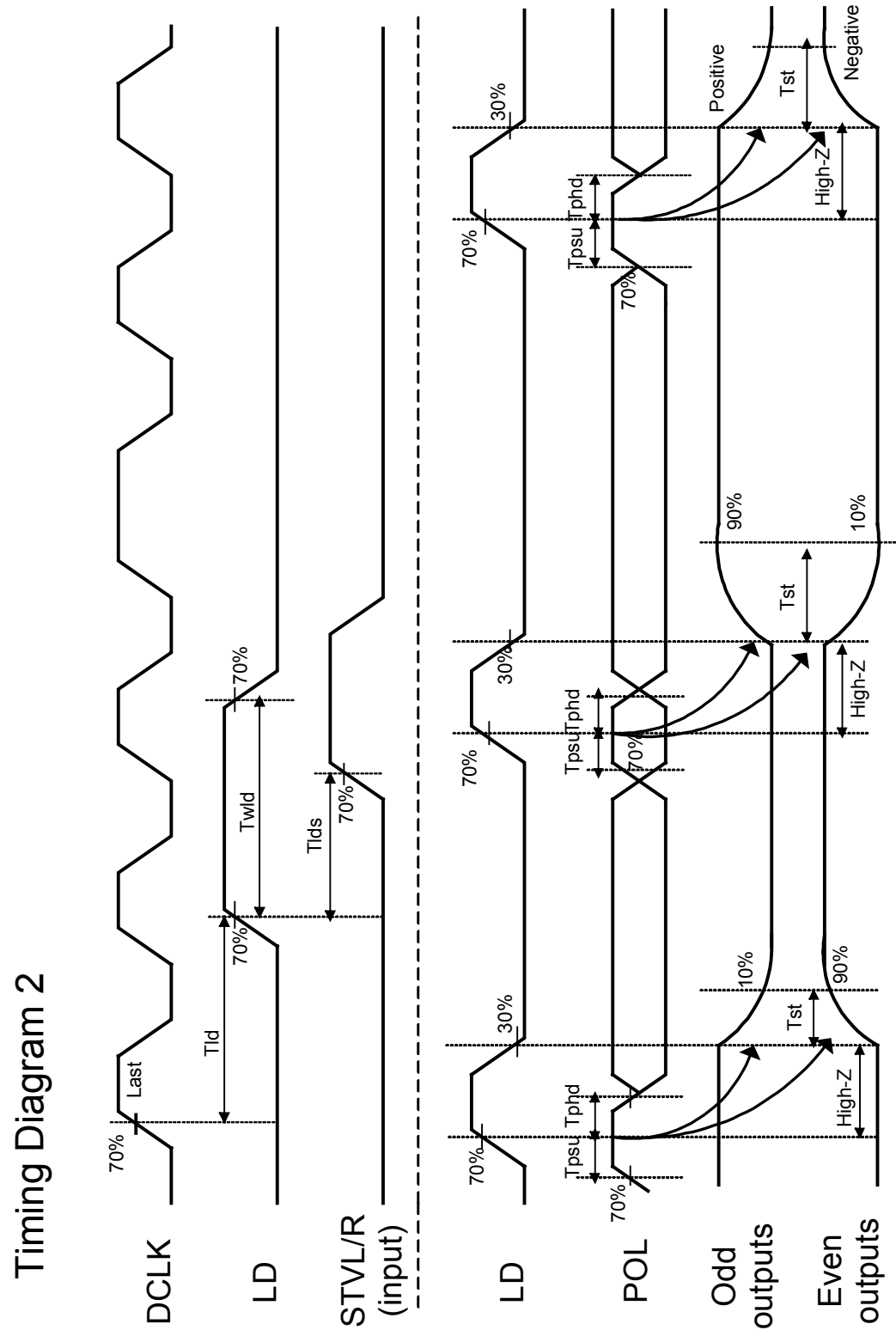


Fig.3-3 Horizontal timing



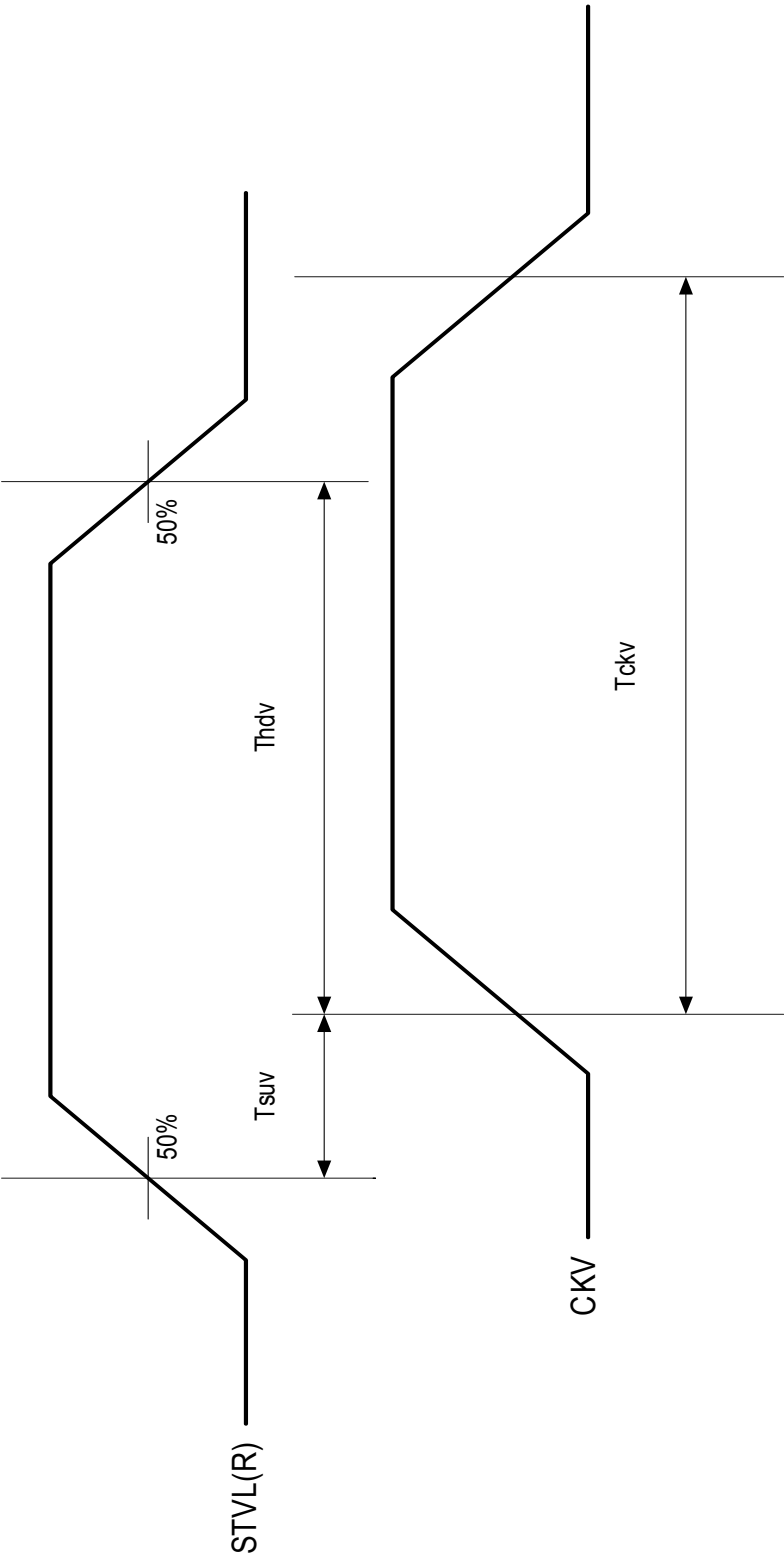


Fig.3-4 Vertical shift clock timing

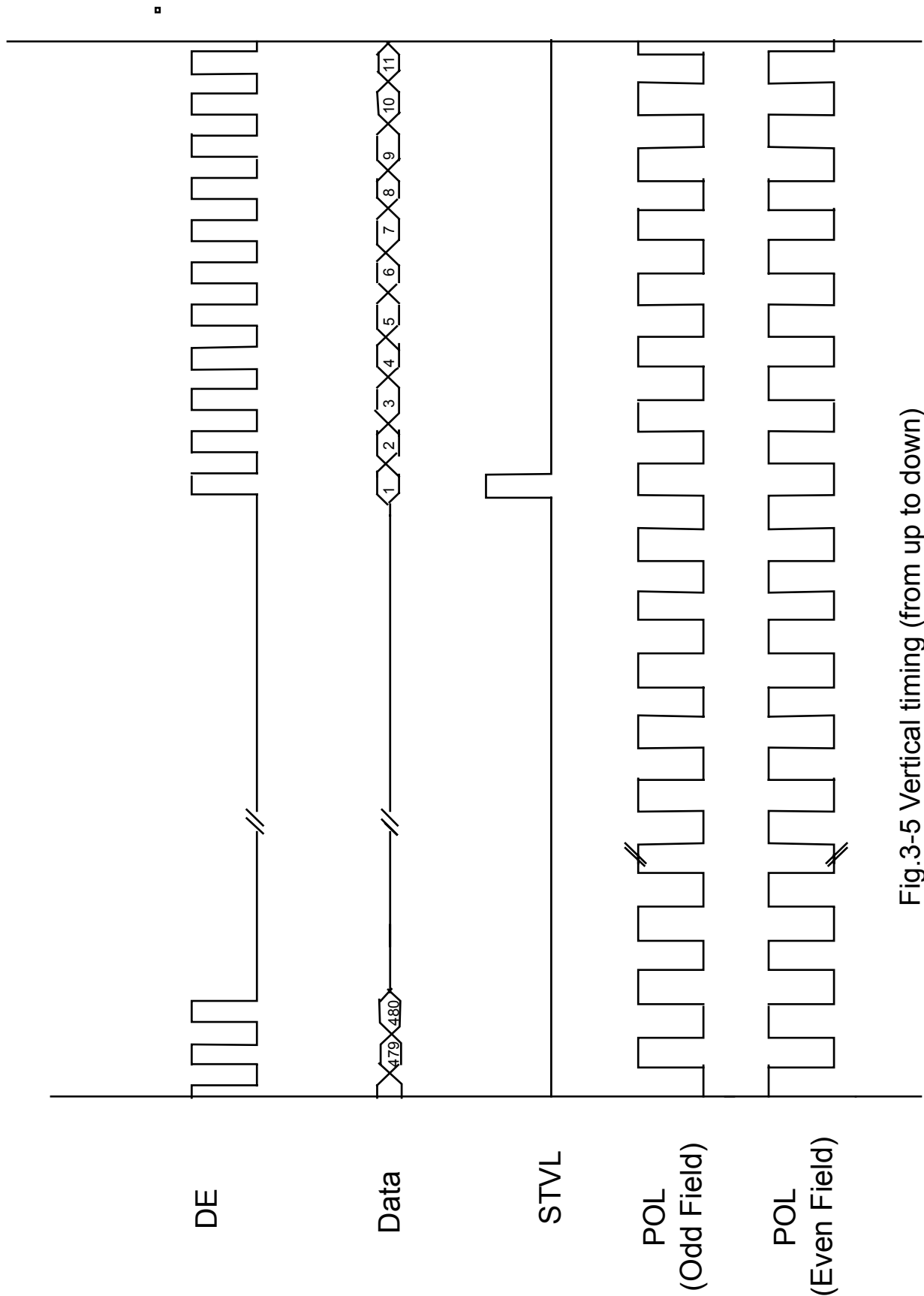


Fig.3-5 Vertical timing (from up to down)

## 4. Optical Specifications

Item	Symbol	Condition	Values			Unit	Remark
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Viewing angle (CR≥10)	$\theta_L$	$\Phi=180^\circ$ (9 o'clock)	55	65	-	degree	Note 1
	$\theta_R$	$\Phi=0^\circ$ (3 o'clock)	55	65	-		
	$\theta_T$	$\Phi=90^\circ$ (12 o'clock)	35	45	-		
	$\theta_B$	$\Phi=270^\circ$ (6 o'clock)	55	65	-		
Response time	$T_{ON}$	Normal $\theta=\Phi=0^\circ$	-	15	30	msec	Note 3
	$T_{OFF}$		-	20	40	msec	Note 3
Contrast ratio	CR		250	300	-	-	Note 4
Color chromaticity	$W_X$		(0.25)	(0.30)	(0.35)	-	Note 5 Note 6
	$W_Y$		(0.28)	(0.33)	(0.38)	-	
Luminance	L		200	250	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Note 6
Luminance uniformity	$Y_U$		70	75	-	-	Note 7

Test Conditions:

1.  $V_{CC}=3.3V$ ,  $AV_{DD}=9.2V$ ,  $I_L=20mA$  (Backlight current), the ambient temperature is  $25^\circ C$ .
2. The test systems refer to Note 2.

Note 1: Definition of viewing angle range

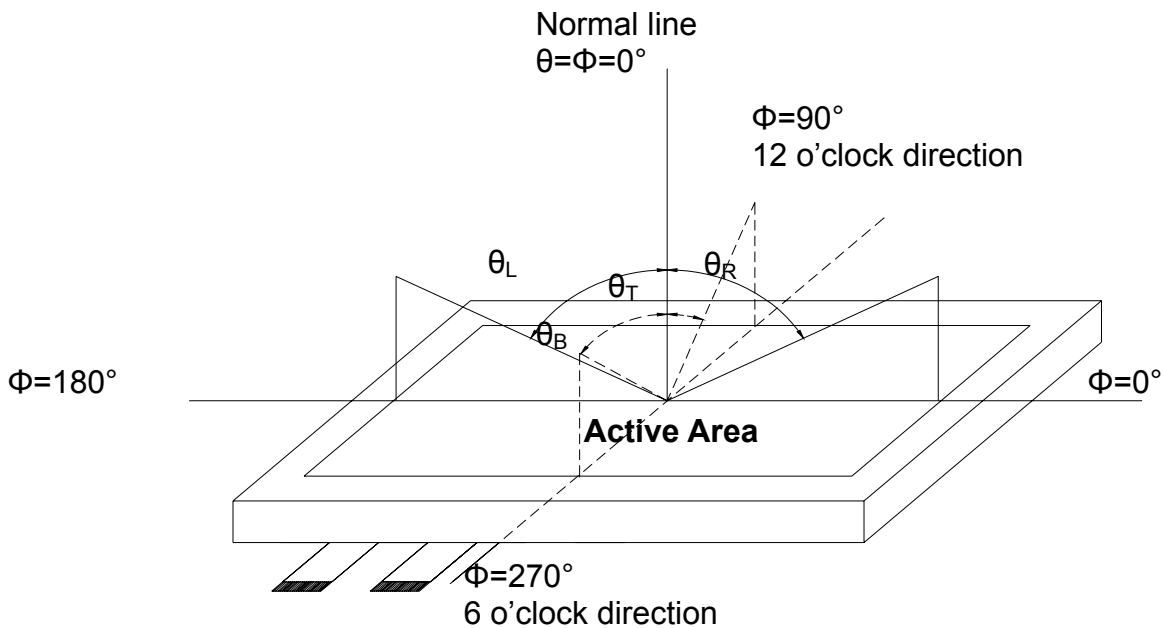


Fig. 4-1 Definition of viewing angle

Note 2: Definition of optical measurement system.

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 30 minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. (Response time is measured by Photo detector TOPCON BM-7, other items are measured by BM-5A/Field of view:  $1^\circ$  /Height: 500mm.)

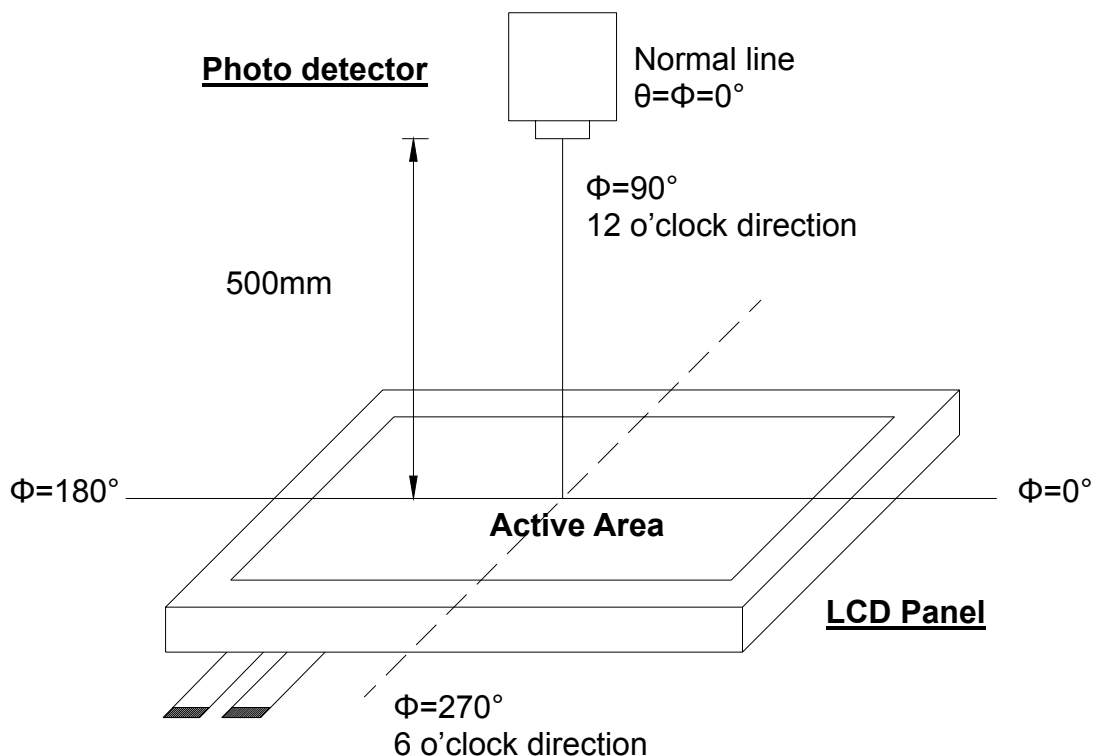


Fig. 4-2 Optical measurement system setup

**Note 3: Definition of Response time**

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time ( $T_{ON}$ ) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time ( $T_{OFF}$ ) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.

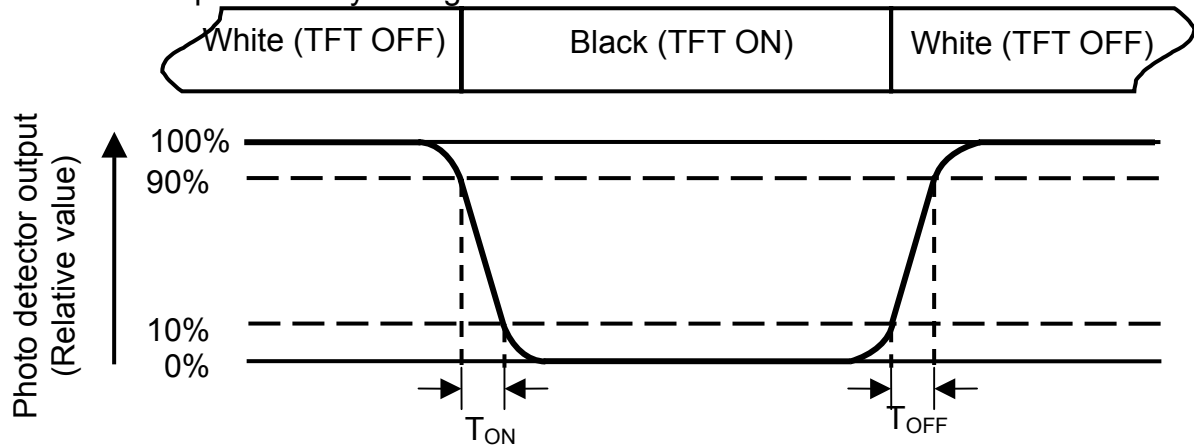


Fig. 4-3 Definition of response time

**Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio**

$$\text{Contrast ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "White" state}}{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "Black" state}}$$

**Note 5: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)**

Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.

Note 6: All input terminals LCD panel must be ground when measuring the center area of the panel.

**Note 7: Definition of Luminance Uniformity**

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Refer to Fig. 4-4 ).Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

$$\text{Luminance Uniformity (Yu)} = \frac{B_{min}}{B_{max}}$$

L-----Active area length      W----- Active area width

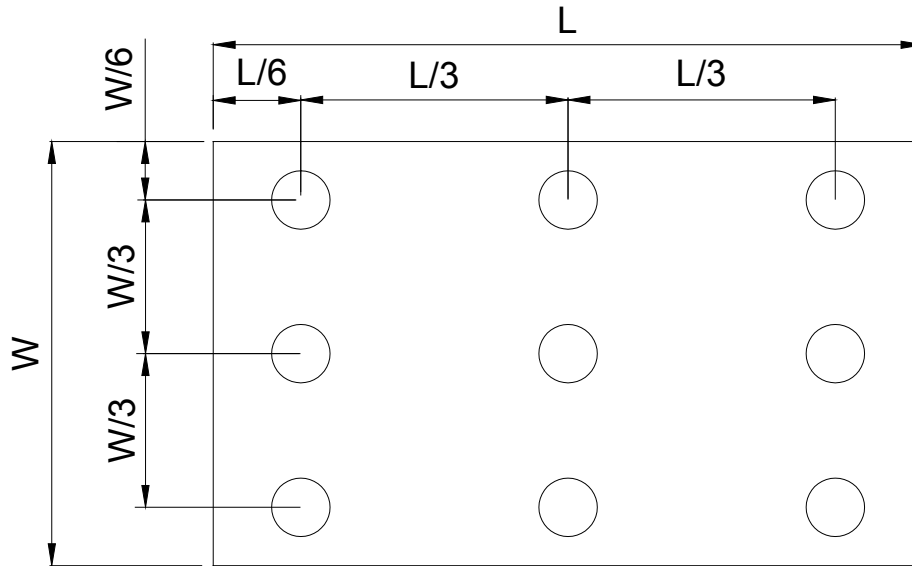


Fig. 4-4 Definition of measuring points

$B_{max}$ : The measured maximum luminance of all measurement position.

$B_{min}$ : The measured minimum luminance of all measurement position.

## 5. Reliability Test Items

(Note3)

Item	Test Conditions	Remark
High Temperature Storage	Ta = 85℃ 240 hrs	Note 1
Low Temperature Storage	Ta = -30℃ 240hrs	Note 1
High Temperature Operation	Ts = 85℃ 240hrs	Note 2
Low Temperature Operation	Ta = -30℃ 240hrs	Note 1
Operate at High Temperature and Humidity	+60℃, 90%RH 240 hrs	
Thermal Shock	-30℃/30 min ~ +85℃/30 min for a total 100 cycles, Start with cold temperature and end with high temperature	
Vibration Test	Frequency range:10~55Hz Stroke:1.5mm Sweep:10Hz~55Hz~10Hz 2 hours for each direction of X. Y. Z. (6 hours for total)	
Mechanical Shock	100G 6ms,±X, ±Y, ±Z 3 times for each direction	
Package Vibration Test	Random Vibration : 0.015G*G/Hz from 5-200HZ, -6dB/Octave from 200-500HZ 2 hours for each direction of X. Y. Z. (6 hours for total)	
Package Drop Test	Height:60 cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces	
Electro Static Discharge	± 2KV, Human Body Mode, 100pF/1500Ω	

Note 1: Ta is the ambient temperature of samples.

Note 2: Ts is the temperature of panel's surface.

Note 3: In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problem that may affect the display function.

## 6. General Precautions

### 6.1. Safety

Liquid crystal is poisonous. Do not put it in your mouth. If liquid crystal touches your skin or clothes, wash it off immediately by using soap and water.

### 6.2. Handling

1. The LCD panel is plate glass. Do not subject the panel to mechanical shock or to excessive force on its surface.
2. The polarizer attached to the display is easily damaged. Please handle it carefully to avoid scratch or other damages.
3. To avoid contamination on the display surface, do not touch the module surface with bare hands.
4. Keep a space so that the LCD panels do not touch other components.
5. Put cover board such as acrylic board on the surface of LCD panel to protect panel from damages.
6. Transparent electrodes may be disconnected if you use the LCD panel under environmental conditions where the condensation of dew occurs.
7. Do not leave module in direct sunlight to avoid malfunction of the ICs.

### 6.3. Static Electricity

1. Be sure to ground module before turning on power or operating module.
2. Do not apply voltage which exceeds the absolute maximum rating value.

### 6.4. Storage

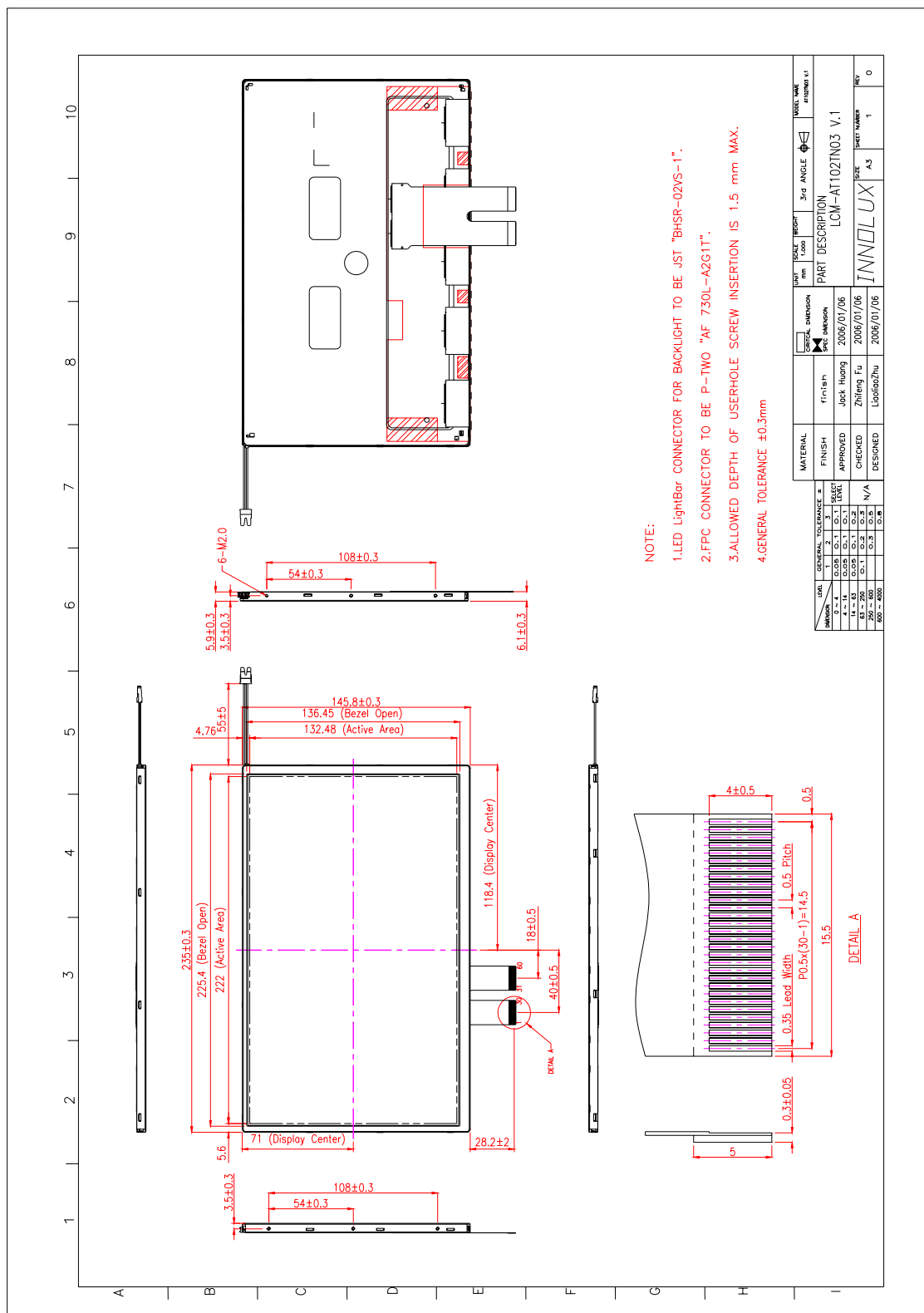
1. Store the module in a dark room where must keep at  $+25\pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$  and 65%RH or less.
2. Do not store the module in surroundings containing organic solvent or corrosive gas.
3. Store the module in an anti-electrostatic container or bag.

### 6.5. Cleaning

1. Do not wipe the polarizer with dry cloth. It might cause scratch.
2. Only use a soft sloth with IPA to wipe the polarizer, other chemicals might permanent damage to the polarizer.



## 7. Mechanical Drawing



## 8. Package Drawing

### 8.1. Packaging Material Table

No.	Item	Model (Material)	Dimensions(mm)	Unit Weight (kg)	Quantity	Remark
1	LCM module	AT102TN03 V.1	235X145.8X6.1	TBD	25	
2	Partition	BC Corrugated paper	512X349X226	1.35	1	
3	Partition Paper	B Corrugated paper	510X350X7	0.148	2	
4	Corrugated Bar	B Corrugated paper	512X370X7	0.11	2	
5	Dust-Proof Bag	PE	900X700X0.05	0.01	1	
6	A/S Bag	PE	280X200X0.05	0.001	25	$10^9 \sim 10^{11} \Omega/\text{sq}$
7	Carton	Corrugated paper	530X355X255	2.3	1	
8	Total weight	TBD Kg $\pm$ 5%				

### 8.2. Packaging Quantity

Total LCM quantity in Carton: no. of	Partition	1 Rows x	quantity per Row	25	= 25
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### 8.3. Packaging Drawing

