

Description Editorial Solutions Submissions

190. Reverse Bits



Easy

4.3K

1.1K



Companies

Reverse bits of a given 32 bits unsigned integer.

Note:

- Note that in some languages, such as Java, there is no unsigned integer type. In this case, both input and output will be given as a signed integer type. They should not affect your implementation, as the integer's internal binary representation is the same, whether it is signed or unsigned.
- In Java, the compiler represents the signed integers using [2's complement notation](#). Therefore, in **Example 2** above, the input represents the signed integer `-3` and the output represents the signed integer `-1073741825`.

...

Example 1:

Input: n =

0000000101001010000001111010011100

Output: 964176192

(001110010111100000010100101000000)

Explanation: The input binary string

0000000101001010000001111010011100

represents the unsigned integer

43261596, so return 964176192 which

its binary representation is

001110010111100000010100101000000.

Example 2:

Input: n =

1111111111111111111111111111101

Output: 3221225471

(101111111111111111111111111111)

Explanation: The input binary string

1111111111111111111111111111101

represents the unsigned integer

4294967293, so return 3221225471 which

its binary representation is

101111111111111111111111111111

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