

Description

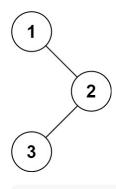
Editorial Submissions Solutions





Given the root of a binary tree, return the inorder traversal of its nodes' values.

Example 1:



Input: root = [1,null,2,3] **Output:** [1,3,2]

Example 2:

Input: root = [] Output: []

Example 3:

Input: root = [1] **Output:** [1]

Constraints:

- The number of nodes in the tree is in the range [0, 100].
- -100 <= Node.val <= 100

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Console ^



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