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Meet_{LY}

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Simple things should be simple, complex things should be possible.

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Executive Summary

1.1 Project Overview

Up until these days, institutions whose activity was related to terrain work, especially in Albania suffered in multiple managing areas. The whole process of assigning jobs to users, keeping track of user locations, developing employee reports, tracking their performance and making sure that the employees deliver proves to be a very challenging task for many Albanian institutions and industries. As a result of these issues, many jobs were poorly executed and documented, thus resulting in missing documentation, legal trouble and a whole set of other consequences.

Meetly, the software we are providing, aims to help the institutions that are dependent on terrain work and job distribution in general. This software will provide a set of solutions for these institutions that makes every step of their work fully digitalized and easier to execute.

1.2 Purpose and Scope of this Specification

The purpose of this software is to provide a set of solutions to the institutions that depend on terrain work, job distribution and user management. In the current state, a full lifecycle of an Albanian institution when it comes to terrain work is very unorganized and unprofessional. The administrators have no way of restraining the deadlines and requirements, and the employees have no way of proving they indeed finished the job as they were required. Job details are often overlooked and this leads to major problems in the future, which may result in the need to revisit reports which is a waste of time and energy. This software will provide a very organized, hybrid and comprehensive solution for these issues, which will increase the cooperation between administrators and their employees, strengthen the trust inside the company and save some much needed time and energy for both parts that go through the process.

2. Product/Service Description

The Central Inspectorate is a government institution in Albania whose aim is to improve the effectiveness and accountability of the inspection activities in Albania. One of the main duties of the state is to guarantee the implementation of mandatory rules on daily operations of businesses and individuals. These rules relate to national security, fair competition, fiscal discipline, and much more. But given the importance of the Inspectorate, their execution is often not optimal.

Meetly is a software which aims to redesign the lifecycle that the Inspectorate uses to complete their jobs, and provide new technological solutions to every step of the process. This software will be used by the Central Inspectorate but can be also used by every specific Inspectorate, as our mission is to create a dynamic software, which will prove useful to every branch of the institution.

The software aims to help every step of the inspectorate job, starting from simple job distribution to employee tracking, report generation, dynamic form filling and much more. If we divide the inspectorate in two major subsections we are able to give a more detailed description of what this software provide for both parties.

Office Workers (Chief Inspectors, Statisticians, Economists)

- Realtime Statistics, Employee Performance, Charts and Graphs
- Location-Based Jobs, Live Feeds, Employee Locations
- Job Distributions, Dynamic Forms, Reports and much more.

Terrain Inspectors

- Job Prioritization, Calculate Route Costs, Get Navigation Directions
- Check in to the job locations
- Watch job requirements and keep the constraints

2.1 Product Context

The context of this software is related to the Central Inspectorate of the government of Albania, even though our scope is to provide a solution for every branch of the Inspectorate and not only the central organization. This solution will be used by every office employee of the inspectorate and also by the terrain inspectors in order to enhance their cooperation, make their jobs easier and make sure they make a full use of their time and energy.

2.2 User Characteristics

There are six user groups that will take advantage and use the software:

- Chief Inspectors
- Terrain Inspectors
- Statisticians
- Human Resources
- Economists and Budget Handlers
- Higher Competence Employees

a) Chief Inspectors

These users will be responsible for distributing jobs to the terrain inspectors through their module called Job Distribution. They will be provided an administrator level account that will be able to CRUD jobs and employees because often they will also undertake performance evaluations for terrain workers. These users are the backbone of the system, making sure that data is generated in the system by continuously assigning jobs to terrain workers.

b) Terrain Inspectors

These users will be responsible for answering jobs that were created by the chief inspectors. Their main system will be the mobile application, and will be only restricted to that. These employees will have a user level account and are not able to CRUD or modify anything on the system, except for watching their jobs, requesting route information and filling out the forms. These users are the main feeders of data, thus making sure that the other employee groups like Statisticians and HR have enough data to perform their jobs from the system.

c) Statisticians

These users will be responsible for studying the reports and live dashboards in order to create statistics on the terrain inspectors. They will have a user level account and will not be able to CRUD or modify the system. Their job will be restricted to watching the reports and the dashboards. Through the functionality of the Reports module, these users will be able to generate very comprehensive reports in Excel and PDF.

d) Human resources

These users will be responsible for handling the employees of the institution. They will have an administrator level account and will be able to CRUD or modify the employees of the company. Their job will be restricted to creating new users, assigning privileges to the users and adjusting their salaries and rewards. They will also have access to inspector reports in order to complete performance evaluations and adjust employee salaries accordingly.

e) Economists and Budget Handlers

These users will be responsible for observing the jobs generated and the costs/rewards of each job. They will have a user level account and will not be able to CRUD or modify anything from the system. Their job will be restricted to watching task statistics, employee salaries, the fuel consumption for every job completed and creating the appropriate reports in order to provide the institution with better future budgets and more efficiency in the long run.

f) Higher Competence Employees

These users may be employees from other institutions which lie above the inspectorate like the Albanian government, whose task is to perform regular checkups on the inspectorate, to make sure their methodology is in full compliance with the law and also perform their own statistics. These users will have a user level account so they can observe everything, but are not able to modify anything on the system.

2.3 *Assumptions*

It is assumed that the Central Inspectorate has the right to go through all the data generated from every other branch of inspectorates according to law.

It is assumed that the data generated from the system will be fully confidential and only available to the inspectorate and/or higher state institutions which govern the inspectorate.

It is assumed that every terrain inspector is equipped with a smartphone from where they will perform every operation they are required to. If not, the inspectorate is assumed responsible for equipping every inspector with the required device. These smartphones have to be capable of receiving information from GPS satellites. The smartphones are assumed to have an IOS or an Android Operating System.

It is assumed further that the inspectors are able to use smartphones and especially the Meetly mobile application effectively and efficiently.

It is assumed that terrain inspectors need to be within a certain distance from the assigned job in order to prove their correctness and in order to fill out the required form.

It is assumed that every terrain inspector should be limited to watching only jobs assigned to him and not interfere with other inspector's jobs.

It is assumed that office employees have a web browser and an active internet connection.

It is assumed that chief inspectors are aware of the location of jobs they want to distribute to terrain inspectors.

It is assumed that chief inspectors deeply understand the issues regarding specific subjects that are to be controlled, and are able to explain the problem effectively to their terrain inspectors.

It is assumed that every completed task needs to be stored in the system for documentation and research purposes.

2.4 Constraints

This system will be potentially constrained by:

- The fact that inspectors have to be equipped at all times with mobile smartphones.
- The need of a fast internet connection and strong mobile data signals.
- Having every inspector understand the way the system works and training them to use the mobile application correctly and efficiently.
- Smartphones of every inspector have to be equipped with GPS technology.
- The Google Satellite should be available at all times.

2.5 Dependencies

- A specific inspector can use the mobile application only after one or more jobs have been assigned to this specific inspector. Initially, inspectors will have no jobs assigned to them. At this time they will not be able to perform any operation by using their mobile application, since there is no job to operate on.
- Initially, chief inspectors will not be able to create new jobs. If the Inspectorate has no registered inspector, the job creation steps will not be complete, because this specific job cannot be assigned to anyone.
- Inspectors cannot start answering or accomplishing their job from their mobile application, if they are not close to the location of that job. In order to be able to begin completing the job requirements, the inspector should at first “check-in” at the job location.
- The economists of the Inspectorate will not be able to obtain information about the monthly fuel consumption of the inspectors if no jobs are completed through the mobile application.
- The statisticians of the Inspectorate will not be able to use the Report Module for generating report files if no job distribution and job completion is not initially performed by the chief inspectors and the inspectors. In fact, this module will be fully functional when multiple jobs are assigned and/or completed.
- The performance evaluation staff cannot do their respective jobs if inspectors have not been able to complete any job by using the system. Evaluation will be more realistic and helpful if there are lots of jobs completed.

2. Requirements

2.1 Functional Requirements

The requirement numbering follows the scheme - BR_ ##

Req#	Requirement	Comments	Priority	Date	SME Reviewed / Approved
BR_01	The system should have a web application which will be used by administrators.	This will be their main platform of operation.	3	29/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja
BR_02	The system should provide employees with a cross-platform mobile application.	This mobile application will allow employees to accomplish their tasks.	3	29/03/18	Deni Daja/ Klesti Kuka
BR_03	The administrator has to track employee performance at all times. He should be provided with a Dashboard where he could obtain real-time information about his employees.	This module will provide administrators with statistical data. Also, a Live-Feed section will notify administrators about jobs that are being created or completed.	2	29/03/18	Deni Daja/ Klesti Kuka
BR_04	Graphically depicted data is important for every administrator. They need to be able to obtain important information easily.	Different data and information about employee performance will be depicted in various different graphs/charts in the Dashboard Module.	2	29/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja
BR_05	The system should provide administrators with the ability to assign jobs/tasks to their employees.	This will be accomplished by the Map module.	3	29/03/18	Deni Daja/ Klesti Kuka

Req#	Requirement	Comments	Priority	Date	SME Reviewed / Approved
BR_06	Administrators should be able to distribute jobs/tasks on terrain.	This will be accomplished by providing them with the ability to distribute jobs/tasks over a map by assigning specific address to job location.	3	29/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja
BR_07	Administrators should be able to specify correct location of the job on the map by only having to know the job address.	By using Geocoding services from the Google Maps API, we will convert the job addresses specified by the administrators, into precise latitude/longitude values. The latitude/longitude coordinate system allows employees to precisely know where the job is located.	3	29/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja
BR_08	Administrators have to keep track of jobs that are distributed to various locations.	The map module will provide real-time markers on the job locations. The markers will be shown using the latitude/longitude coordinate system.	3	29/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja
BR_09	Given that there will be a considerable amount of jobs distributed on the map, the administrator should be able to differentiate between them. Especially between those markers which, depending on the zoom level of the map, will overlap with each other.	The ability to differentiate between these markers will be provided by creating maker clusters, depending on the zoom levels of the map.	2	29/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja

Req#	Requirement	Comments	Priority	Date	SME Reviewed / Approved
BR_10	Administrators should be able to identify every single job that is distributed over the map. They should be able to check every specific job information.	The specific job information will appear on modals when administrators click the markers. They can check who that specific job was assigned to, when its deadline is, what that particular job requests the employee to accomplish etc.	2	29/03/18	Deni Daja/ Klesti Kuka
BR_11	When creating jobs, administrators need different fields where they will input job information. A form must be provided where job information will be inserted by the administrator.	This will be accomplished by having a button that will trigger a three step modal. This modal will contain the form and the fields required to create jobs. The administrator can choose the employee that the job will be assigned to, this jobs deadline, location etc.	3	29/03/18	Deni Daja/ Klesti Kuka
BR_12	Administrators should be able to also check up on jobs and their specific answers/responses. They will be able to accomplish this on the Jobs Module.	The Jobs Module will show a tabular view of every job with its respective answer/response. If the job has not been completed yet, a simple message indicating that there is no answer for this job will be shown.	3	29/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja
BR_13	The ability to search for any specific job on the Job Module is something that an administrator should be provided with.	This will be provided by the search bar on the Jobs Module. Jobs will also be ordered by the most recently created criteria.	2	29/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja

Req#	Requirement	Comments	Priority	Date	SME Reviewed / Approved
BR_14	Administrators should be able to delete outdated jobs that are no longer needed.	They can accomplish this on the Jobs Module.	2	29/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja
BR_15	Administrators should have the ability to keep track of every employee.	A tabular view of every employee will be provided in the Employee Module.	2	31/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja
BR_16	Being able to check up on every employee information is a must. Administrators should be able to easily search for a specific employee.	On the Employee Module, a search bar will help administrators look up on a specific employee easily.	2	31/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja
BR_17	Employees will mostly work on terrain. That is why they are prone to use a lot of the company's resources. Some of them will have to use different means of transportation. Administrators have to be able to keep track of the fuel consumption of each employee.	Information and data for each employee's monthly fuel consumption will be added in the Employee Module. This way the administrators will be able to manage company resources better.	2	31/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja
BR_18	The company may have a lot of employees. In this case the tabular view of employees should not overflow. Pagination will help administrators to slide through employees with ease.	Pagination for the employees will be implemented in the Employee Module.	2	31/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja

Req#	Requirement	Comments	Priority	Date	SME Reviewed / Approved
BR_19	Administrators have to be able to perform different operations over their employees. Adding new employees, or editing employee information and also deleting existing ones is a power that administrators have to be provided with.	The ability to perform these operations over the employees will be provided in the Employee Module.	3	31/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja
BR_20	Administrators should be able to obtain different reports based on their employee's performance and activity. This will be provided in the Reports Module.	In this module administrators can generate different Excel or PDF files based on employee performance or activity.	2	31/03/18	Deni Daja/ Klesti Kuka
BR_21	In the web application there is a settings/profile page provided for the administrators. Here they can update their settings and their user information.	This functionality is provided by the Setting Page.	2	31/03/18	Deni Daja/ Klesti Kuka
BR_22	The mobile application will allow each user to have its own account.	Employees will operate from this account at all times.	3	31/03/18	Deni Daja/ Klesti Kuka
BR_23	The users will be able to check their assigned jobs on the Map Module of the mobile application.	The Map Module of the mobile application will distribute markers for each job assigned to that specific employee.	3	31/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja

Req#	Requirement	Comments	Priority	Date	SME Reviewed / Approved
BR_24	Employees should be able to distinguish between each active job assigned to them. They should also be able to obtain job information directly from the map.	By tapping each marker, the employee will be able to get job information, like job priority, deadline etc.	3	31/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja
BR_25	Employees can manually navigate throughout the map in order to arrive in the job location. However, they will also be provided with the ability to find the shortest path to the destination by simply tapping the "Shortest Route" button on that specific job.	When this functionality is used, the shortest route from the employee's position to the job's destination will be highlighted. Information such as distance and the time required to get there will also be displayed.	2	31/03/18	Deni Daja/ Klesti Kuka
BR_26	The mobile application will also provide Employees with a module that will allow them to complete their assigned jobs.	In this module Employees will be able to answer to every question asked by the Administrators.	3	31/03/18	Klesti Kuka/ Deni Daja

2.2 Non – Functional Requirements

2.2.1 User Interface Requirements

The main application shall be a web application, which can be seen either with Mozilla, Chrome or Safari. Nevertheless the user should also have installed preferably the android application. The main page of web application, shall a simple login interface, where it will ask the user for its Username and Password. Based on the given credentials, the necessary system constraints will apply. The user will gain access to the system, in case of proven authenticity otherwise, an error message of invalid credentials will be displayed. The first page is just a login page, which means that the user cannot ad himself.

As part of the system structure different system modules are included, where the user can use them, in order to ease paper work, increase work productivity and efficiency. Such modules are, (1) dashboard module, (2) map module, (3) employee module, (4) report module and (5) the setting module.

Once the user is logged in the web application, he/she shall have access to specific modules of the system. The will redirect the user to the dashboard module. This module will provide information to the user such as, (1) the number of employees, (2) the number of active jobs, (3) the number of jobs due soon, (4) the number of jobs completed. Thus the page displayed by the system after the login interface, shall provide additional information, regarding the employees overall work performance.

The second module provided by the system is the map module. This module graphical appearance consist of a google map, where the user freely manipulate. Here the administrator can create a job or an activity, that needs to get completed. The user or in this case the administrator is able to, (1) create specify job for the employee, (2) to specify the exact location by google map, (2) to create the form with its specific fields.

The third module provided provided by the system is the employee module. Only the user having administrator rights can have access to such module. By using this module the administrator is able to check his/her employees information. He/She will have the right to edit his/hers employees information. He/She will have the right to remove an employee from the employee list. Another module where only

the administrator will have access, is the setting module. In this module he will have the right to change his/her own data credentials.

The last module provided by the system, is the reports model. This model, just like in the dashboard model will provided statistical and useful information, regarding the reports submitted by the employees. The format of such reports shall be mainly in pdf and excel format.

2.2.2 Learnability

- The application it is simple to use and understand and use.
- The web application will come together with a pdf manual, providing a step by step information on how to effectively use the system.
- Specific error messages will be displayed, by also identifying the specific action, that caused the error.
- Application are specified for certain users, thus the system will know, when a certain action is not allowed.
- The user is responsible for any changes done to the system.

2.2.3 Performance

The application will be stored in a web server, being a web application.

The application's time of execution will depend on :

- The algorithm's efficiency for fetching data from the database.
- The users Internet connection strength.
- The servers hardware capabilities
- The operating system installed on a server.
- Third party library dependencies that need to be installed.
- The number of active user accessing the website.

2.2.3.1 Capacity

2.2.3.2

The application needs to be stored in a web server. The application itself have a maximum size of 100 MB. The database itself will not very large and complex. This means that the database will not occupy to much space as compared with the application. The application normally it is expected to work just fine, for every user that uses it. None the less for sake of performance and efficiency, the applications access usage will be restricted , to the number of users registered on the systems database. The application should load perfectly, by even having an Internet connection speed of 100 kb/s.

2.2.3.2 Availability

- The web application will be available for use 24/7.
- The web application will work within the optimal level during the working hours of the day. During the rest day access will be slightly restricted, in order to check if the any changes has been done in the system that would cause errors.
- The application can be accessed and used in any geographical area, as long as the user has Internet connection.
- By creating for users separate sessions, their overall work efficiency and productivity will not decrease by much, while using the application
- Specific error messages will be provided, in case an action would cause systems fatal error.

2.2.3.3 Latency

The latency of the web application will mainly depend on:

- The Internet connection strength.
- The efficiency of the specific algorithm for fetching the data from the database.
- The size of the database.

Each module should show some specific performance , in order to provide fast,accurate, reliable and productive functions. Specific modules are expected to load within such time line:

- The login module should load within the first 100 ms
- The dashboard module should load within the first 300ms
- The map module should load within the first 1000 ms
- The reports module should load within the 1500 ms
- The setting module should load with the first 300 ms

2.2.4 Manageability/Maintainability

2.2.4.1 Monitoring

The applications user interface, will be easy and it will not provide cases, that would crash the system. Necessary actions for any of error will be taken. Some modules though do need specific data information.

The login interface needs a ⁽¹⁾Username and ⁽²⁾Password as input. These two input data must be valid input data. The user will log in the system, in case the user has entered valid credentials, otherwise an error message of “Invalid Credentials” will be displayed.

The employee module will order the first ten employees. Within the module, a search bar is included, in order to fetch an employee having some specific credential. Employees can be searched by : ⁽¹⁾ name , ⁽²⁾email and ⁽³⁾ username. Placing other type of data information will result in an empty table. Also within the employee module, a failure message is included,for modifying the employees data. A failure condition is included whenever, the administrator tries to change the password. If the administrator tries to place information , which is not compatible with the data in the database, then an message alert will be shown. If the changed password does not match with the confirmed password, then no changes are made and an alert message will be shown.

The setting module will hold the administrators credential data. Within this module the administrator can change his credentials. If the new data is not the same as the data type specified by the database, then an error message alert will be displayed. If the changed password does not match with the confirmed password, then no changes are made and an alert message will be shown.

2.2.4.2 Maintenance

In case the system crashes, the application is going to restart. During this process, the application will redirect the user to the page, where the crash occurred. In case the application did not restart correctly this two cases should be taken into consideration:

- The server storing the web application is already down and a restart is already needed.
- Contact the maintenance department, already being informed with the structure and algorithm of the application, in order to fix and make the application accessible.

The application is recommended to be stored in Linux Web Server. It is recommended to install CentOS web server. In order to allow the application to use the database, it is required to install Symfony's Doctrine and its components, by especially including the doctrines migrations. It is recommended to install composer, since it responsible for updating and installing any Symfony component.

2.2.4.3 Operations

The operations mentioned below will be provided to the user of the web application:

- Add a job in the GOOGLE map for the specific employee.
- Create a form that employee needs to complete, when finishing the specific job.
- Define the structure of the form.
- Define the nature of the questions in the form.
- Define the nature of the answer, when completing.
- Define the nature of importance for the job.
- Define the time duration for the specific job.
- Users will have the authority to change his/her own credential data.
- CRUD functionality for employees.
- Will have the authority to add or remove new employees.
- Will have the authority of checking and evaluating employees performance.

2.2.5 Systems Interface/Integration

The database management system is the most fragile part of the application. Its access and implementation will be only provided to the IT department. The user is not allowed to make any sort of changes to the database. The application will perform this job for the user.

2.2.5.1 Network and hardware interfaces

The application being a web application needs to be stored in a web server, so that the browser user agent would be able to create a TCP connection with server. The server should function with CentOS web server. The DOCTRINE library of Symfony, which deals with databases needs to get installed for its proper functionality.

2.2.6 Security

The application shall be developed in such way, where occurring error will be non-existent. The format of the forms are already predefined along with fields, so in this case no errors will occur. Measures are taken though, when adding new employees or when changing the employees data.

2.2.6.1 Protection

Matching function are checked when adding a new employee or while changing its credentials. The specified functions are checked:

- A function that will check for a valid email address
- A function that will check for a valid name
- A function that will check for valid name
- A function that will check for valid password

2.2.5.2 Authorization and Authentication

In this part of the software this kind of features are added:

- A function that checks for valid credentials
- A function for searching employees based on some input
- Empty message in the case that no employee is found
- Provide list of employees completing a specific report
- Provide list of employees completing a report during a specific time period
- List reports based to some criteria

2.2.6 Data Management

The database that the application will be using, will contain this kind of possible information:

- users(id,username,name,password,surname,birthday,email,phone_nr,is_admin etc)
- jobs(id,user id,title,description,deadline,priority,reward etc)
- answers(id,answer_content,answer_time etc..)
- privileges(id,privilege_name..)
- notifications(id,notification_message,notification_time)

2.2.8 Standard Compliance

The application will be developed in such way that will respect the rules and regulations determined by “Inspektorjati Punes”, in order to provide higher proficiency and productivity in their job.

2.2.9 Portability

Portability it is not an issue. The application will be accessed as long as you have internet connection. The web application can be accessed by using either a computer or mobile phone.

4. Software Design/Diagrams

4.1 User Scenarios

1. Web App Scenario – Successful Login

- a. The user is asked to enter his username
- b. The user is asked to enter his password
- c. The user presses “Sign In” button
- d. If his credentials are matched in the database, he is authorized to be redirected
- e. The user gets redirected to the dashboard of the website (front page)

2. Web App Scenario – Failed Login

- a. The user is asked to enter his username
- b. The user is asked to enter his password
- c. The user presses “Sign In” button
- d. The credentials that were entered are not found in the database
- e. The user is displayed an error message, “You credentials were not correct, please try again”
- f. The user tries to enter the credentials again

3. Web App Scenario – Chief Inspector Checks Terrain Statistics

- a. Chief Inspector is logged in the system
- b. The information of the dashboard is loaded
- c. The inspector carefully studies number of jobs completed and top performing employees
- d. The inspector takes the appropriate decisions based on the data

4. Web App Scenario – Chief Inspector Watches the Realtime Feed Updates

- a. Chief Inspector is logged in the system
- b. The information of the dashboard is loaded
- c. The inspector monitors the real-time notification feeds
- d. The inspector takes the appropriate action when new jobs are answered

5. Web App Scenario – Chief Inspector Creates a New Job

- a. Chief Inspector is logged in the system
- b. Chief inspector opens the “Map” module
- c. The “New Job” button is clicked
- d. The 3-step form modal is opened
- e. The inspector fills the information of “Step 1: General Information”
- f. The inspector fills the information of “Step 2: Dynamic Form”
- g. The inspector fills the information of “Step 3: Location”
- i. The inspector drags the marker to the correct position after geolocation
- j. The inspector presses “Finish and Submit Job” button
- k. The new job is added in the database and the page is refreshed
- l. The job is visible in the map as a marker in the appropriate position and with a colour based on job priority

6. Web App Scenario – Chief Inspector Error While Creating a New Job

- a. Chief Inspector is logged in the system
- b. Chief inspector opens the “Map” module
- c. The “New Job” button is clicked
- d. The 3-step form modal is opened
- e. The inspector fills the information in all the 3 steps of the modal
- f. The inspector has made an error on the input of some fields
- g. The job is not created and a notification shows that tells the Inspector the error that was present

7. Web App Scenario – Chief Inspector Watches Job Distributions

- a. Chief Inspector is logged in the system
- b. Chief inspector opens the “Map” module
- c. The user zooms out in the map
- d. Marker clusters are created appropriately
- e. The clusters show the number of jobs in a specific zone
- f. The inspectors understand the general job distributions based on location

8. Web App Scenario – Chief Inspector Watches Job Information in Map Module

- a. Chief Inspector is logged in the system
- b. Chief inspector opens the “Map” module
- c. The inspector clicks on a marker
- d. The view is zoomed into the marker and a modal opens
- e. The modal shows all the information of that specific job

9. Web App Scenario – Chief Inspector Deletes Job from Map Module

- a. Chief Inspector is logged in the system
- b. Chief inspector opens the “Map” module
- c. The inspector clicks on a marker and a modal opens
- d. In the end of the modal, the user clicks on “Delete Job” button
- e. The job is removed from the database and the page is refreshed
- f. The marker is no longer in the map

10. Web App Scenario – Chief Inspector Watches Jobs on Job Module

- a. Chief Inspector is logged in the system
- b. Chief inspector opens the “Jobs” module
- c. A list of tabbed cards is listed in this page
- d. Each card represents a job and its answer if present
- e. The chief inspector can carefully watch at job information

11. Web App Scenario – Chief Inspector Watches Job Answers on Job Module

- a. Chief Inspector is logged in the system
- b. Chief inspector opens the “Jobs” module
- c. A list of tabbed cards is listed in this page
- d. Each card represents a job and its answer if present
- e. The chief inspector can open the “Answer” tab on each job

- f. If the answer is complete, the answer information will show
- g. If the answer is not yet completed, a message indicating that the job is not complete is shown

12. Web App Scenario – Chief Inspector Deletes a Job Answers on Job Module

- a. Chief Inspector is logged in the system
- b. Chief inspector opens the “Jobs” module
- c. A list of tabbed cards is listed in this page
- d. Each card has a “Delete” button in the end of the card
- e. The chief inspector presses the “Delete” button on a specific job
- f. A confirmation modal is shown to the inspector
- g. The inspector confirms with a “Yes”. The job and its respective answer is deleted and the page is refreshed

13. Web App Scenario – Chief Inspector Searches for Job in Job Module

- a. Chief Inspector is logged in the system
- b. Chief inspector opens the “Jobs” module
- c. A search bar is present in the beginning of the page
- d. The inspector starts writing keywords on the search bar
- e. The results constantly filter out the job list based on the keyword

14. Web App Scenario – Statisticians use the Dashboard

- a. The statisticians are logged in the system
- b. The statisticians open the “Dashboard” module
- c. The statisticians take notes on dashboard information including employee performance, jobs near deadline and jobs generated to create their reports

15. Web App Scenario – Statisticians generate Reports on Employees and Jobs

- a. The statistician is logged in the system
- b. The statistician opens the “Reports” module
- c. The statistician chooses one of the many report types by filling out required information
- d. The reports are generated in PDF and the statistician can then download the report

16. Web App Scenario – Human Resources use the Dashboard

- a. The HR employee is logged in the system
- b. The HR employee opens the “Dashboard” module
- c. The HR employee focuses on inspector performance information of the dashboard
- d. The HR employee takes the appropriate actions

17. Web App Scenario – Human Resources generate Reports on Employees

- a. The HR employee is logged in the system
- b. The HR employee opens the “Reports” module
- c. The HR employee chooses one of the many report types for employees by filling out required information
- d. The reports are generated in PDF and the HR employee downloads the report
- e. The HR employee takes appropriate action on the employees who underperformed/overperformed

18. Web App Scenario – Human Resources deletes an Employee in the Employee Module

- a. The HR employee is logged in the system
- b. The HR employee opens the “Employees” module
- c. A list with all the company employees is shown in the pages
- d. The HR employee deletes a specific user by pressing the delete icon
- e. The employee is removed from the system and the page is refreshed

19. Web App Scenario – Human Resources updates an Employee in the Employee Module

- a. The HR employee is logged in the system
- b. The HR employee opens the “Employees” module
- c. A list with all the company employees is shown in the pages
- d. The HR employee presses on edit user icon
- e. The HR employee is redirected to the editing page
- f. After editing the information, the employee presses the “Update” button
- g. The user is redirected to the employees page, and the employee is updated in the database

20. Web App Scenario – Human Resources creates an Employee in the Employee Module

- a. The HR employee is logged in the system
- b. The HR employee opens the “Employees” module
- c. A list with all the company employees is shown in the pages
- d. In the end of the page, the user presses “Add User” button
- e. The HR employee is redirected to the adding page
- f. After creating the new user information, the employee presses the “Create” button
- g. The user is redirected to the employees page, and the employee is created in the database

21. Web App Scenario – System Users Edit Their Profile Information

- a. The system user is logged in
- b. The system user opens the “Settings” module
- c. The system user is shown a page that contains their profile settings
- d. The users edit their profile information
- e. The users press the “Submit” button
- f. The information is updated in the database and the page is refreshed

22. Web App Scenario – System Users Logout

- a. The system user is logged in
- b. The system user presses the “Log out” button in the navbar
- c. The system user is signed out securely
- d. The system user is redirected to the login page
- e. The system user cannot go back to the page by using back button, only by re-entering the credentials

23. Mobile App Scenario – Successful Login

- a. The terrain inspector is asked to enter his username
- b. The terrain inspector is asked to enter his password
- c. The user presses “Sign In” button
- d. If his credentials are matched in the database, he is authorized to be redirected
- e. The terrain inspector gets redirected to the main page of the mobile application

24. Mobile App Scenario – Failed Login

- a. The terrain inspector is asked to enter his username
- b. The terrain inspector is asked to enter his password
- c. The terrain inspector presses “Sign In” button
- d. The credentials that were entered are not found in the database
- e. The terrain inspector is displayed an error message, “You credentials were not correct, please try again”
- f. The terrain inspector tries to enter the credentials again

25. Mobile App Scenario – Terrain Inspector Watches His Jobs in Map Module

- a. The terrain inspector opens the Map Module
- b. A map that shows all the inspectors jobs as markers is shown
- c. The markers are colored based on priority
- d. The terrain inspector presses a marker
- e. A menu with 3 options is shown “Watch Route”, “General Information”, “Exit”

26. Mobile App Scenario – Terrain Inspector Watches Route for Job in Map Module

- a. The terrain inspector opens the Map Module
- b. A map that shows all the inspectors jobs as markers is shown
- d. The terrain inspector presses a marker
- e. A menu with 3 options is shown “Watch Route”, “General Information”, “Exit”
- f. The terrain inspector clicks on “Watch Route”
- g. The route distance and estimated time is shown to the inspector
- h. The route is drawn on the map with a blue line

27. Mobile App Scenario – Terrain Inspector Gets Job Information Map Module

- a. The terrain inspector opens the Map Module
- b. A map that shows all the inspectors jobs as markers is shown
- d. The terrain inspector presses a marker
- e. A menu with 3 options is shown “Watch Route”, “General Information”, “Exit”
- f. The terrain inspector clicks on “General Information”
- g. A modal with the job information is shown to the user

28. Mobile App Scenario – Terrain Inspector Gets Rejected to Answer a Job

- a. The terrain inspector opens the Jobs Module
- b. A list of all assigned jobs is shown
- d. The terrain inspector presses the “Answer this Job” button
- e. The distance from the inspector location and job is greater than 5km, so the system does not allow it to avoid any fraud

f. The terrain inspector gets notified that he is not within the required range

29. Mobile App Scenario – Terrain Inspector Answers a Job

- a. The terrain inspector opens the Jobs Module
- b. A list of all assigned jobs is shown
- d. The terrain inspector presses the “Answer this Job” button
- e. The inspector is redirected to the answering page, where the form generated by the chief inspector is shown
- f. The inspector fills out the form and presses “Submit”
- g. The answer is added in the database, and the job is removed from the active jobs list
- h. The chief inspectors get notified and watch the answer in the web app

30. Mobile App Scenario – Terrain Inspector Logout

- a. The terrain inspector is logged in
- b. The terrain inspector presses the “Log out” button in the application navigation bar
- c. The terrain inspector is signed out securely
- d. The terrain inspector is redirected to the login page
- e. The terrain inspector cannot go back to the page by using back button, only by re-entering the credentials

4.2 Use Cases

Name	User Login
Summary	The user enters the system by entering valid credentials
Actor	Chief Inspector, Statistician, Terrain Inspector, Human Resources, Economist and Budget Handlers, Higher Competence Employees
Description	The user in order to gain access to the modules of system, needs to log in first. In order to log in it must first provide the correct username and password.
Precondition	The user who loges in, must have first an existing account, with a specific username and password.
Alternative	There are no alternative options. This is done in order to protect confidential information.
Post Condition	To gain access to the modules provided by the software system.

Name	Check Terrain Statistic
Summary	The Chief inspector checks the number of active jobs and the number of jobs completed.
Actor	Chief Inspector in this case is the primary actor.
Description	The chief it is redirected at the dashboard, once it has logged in by providing the necessary and correct credentials. From there it checks how many employees it has, how many jobs are currently and still need to be completed.
Precondition	The chief inspector like all other users needs to have an existing account, but at the same time, it must have administrator privileges.
Alternative	There are no alternative options.
Post Condition	To check status of the jobs that had been created and take necessary actions in case some jobs were not completed.

Name	Real Time Feed Updates
Summary	The Chief Inspector monitors real time feeds, generated, due to the completion of work.
Actor	The primary actor is the chief inspector
Description	The chief inspector does not only need to check for completed jobs, but must also provide real time feedback to the employee in the terrain. This is done by monitoring real time feeds generated by the employee due to the completion of a certain job.
Precondition	The chief inspector must be logged in to the system. In the system must exist active jobs.
Alternative	No time feeds will be displayed
Post Condition	The chief inspector answer in real time to the employees working in the terrain.

Name	Job Creation
Summary	The chief inspector creates a new job for a specific employee through the map module.
Actor	The primary actor is the chief inspector
Description	The chief inspector is able to create a new active job. The job has a specific priority, it is located by checking google, and it contains a form, that the employee needs to complete.
Precondition	The data information for the employee, whom an active job is created should already exist.
Alternative	Create a new active job, but with no employee mentioned.
Post Condition	The creates a new job in real time, for the employee to see.

Name	Job Deletion
Summary	The chief inspector deletes a job that already exists in the google map.
Actor	The primary actor is the chief inspector
Description	In case a certain job is canceled, the chief inspector can remove the active job from the google map
Precondition	The chief inspector must be logged in into the system. There must already be an active job in the google map.
Alternative	Mark the job as completed.
Post Condition	To delete unnecessary jobs. This will result in increase of work productivity and efficiency.

Name	Job Distribution
Summary	The chief inspector checks how jobs are distributed in a specific area location in the google map.
Actor	The primary actor is the chief inspector
Description	The chief inspector can check the job distribution in certain area location. By zooming in, the number of jobs can made visible.
Precondition	The chief must be logged in into the system. A well defined number of jobs must exist at a specific area.
Alternative	There are no alternatives.
Post Condition	Be aware about the distribution in an area. Give a work to an employee that is close by.

Name	Job List
Summary	The chief inspector can check the job list from the job module.
Actor	The primary actor is the chief inspector
Description	A list of of jobs are presented in the job module. The chief inspector can check the status of the specific job or any other additional information related with the specific job.
Precondition	The chief must be logged in into the system. A number of active jobs must already exist.
Alternative	Check the active jobs in th map module.
Post Condition	Be aware for each active job, their job status and other additional information

Name	Job Answer
Summary	The chief inspector checks if the job has been answered or not at all.
Actor	The primary actor is the chief inspector
Description	The chief inspector can check if a job has been answered through the job module. If the the job has been answered then the specific will be shown, otherwise a not completed message will be displayed instead.
Precondition	The chief must be logged in into the system. A well defined number of jobs must exist at a specific area. A job is completed or almost completed.
Alternative	Do not send an answer if a job it is not completed
Post Condition	Be aware about the completion of a job and take measures if its not.

Name	Delete Job Answer
Summary	The chief inspector deletes a job from the job module.
Actor	The primary actor is the chief inspector
Description	The list of jobs provided in the job module have a delete button. By clicking that button, a specific job in the job list can be removed.
Precondition	The chief must be logged in into the system. A number of jobs must exist. The job is answered.
Alternative	There are no alternatives
Post Condition	Keep track of active job, that do not have an answer. To remove old jobs.

Name	Job Distribution
Summary	The chief inspector checks how jobs are distributed in a specific area location in the google map.
Actor	The primary actor is the chief inspector
Description	The chief inspector can check the job distribution in certain area location. By zooming in, the number of jobs can made visible.
Precondition	The chief must be logged in into the system. A well defined number of jobs must exist at a specific area.
Alternative	There are no alternatives.
Post Condition	Be aware about the distribution in an area. Giving a work to an employee that is close by.

Name	Job Search
Summary	The chief inspector finds a specific according to a specific information data.
Actor	The primary actor is the chief inspector
Description	The chief inspector can search for a specific job, by placing some certain data information.
Precondition	The chief must be logged in into the system. The job must already exist.
Alternative	There are no alternatives
Post Condition	Fetch a specific job , when list o jobs is large.

Name	Job Distribution
Summary	The chief inspector checks how jobs are distributed in a specific area location in the google map.
Actor	The primary actor is the chief inspector
Description	The chief inspector can check the job distribution in certain area location. By zooming in, the number of jobs can made visible.
Precondition	The chief must be logged in into the system. A well defined number of jobs must exist at a specific area.
Alternative	There are no alternatives.
Post Condition	Be aware about the distribution in an area. Giving a work to an employee that is close by.

Name	Statisticians use of dashboard
Summary	The statistician analyze the information provided by the dashboard module and create their own report
Actor	The primary actors are the statisticians
Description	The statisticians check the dashboard information. They also check the information provided by employee in order to generate their own report.
Precondition	The statisticians must be logged in.
Alternative	Inconsistencies might occur if a job gets deleted, during the moment they are generating the report.
Post Condition	Generate a result regarding work productivity and efficiency, for that specific day.

Name	Generate Report
Summary	Statisticians generate a report from the employee through the report module.
Actor	The primary actors are the statisticians.
Description	The statisticians can generate a report for the specific employee. This is done in the report module. Information like the number of jobs completed, the number of jobs active are included in the report.
Precondition	The statistician must log in. The employee must have completed a number of jobs.
Alternative	No reports can be done for a new employee.
Post Condition	Measure the work productivity and efficiency shown by the employee.

Name	Human Resources Scenario
Summary	Human resources measure the work productivity of the chief inspectors.
Actor	The primary actors are the human resources.
Description	The human resources can evaluate the work productivity and efficiency shown by the chief inspectors. They can do that by generating their own report. In their report they may include the information provided in the dashboard.
Precondition	The human resources must be logged in.
Alternative	There are no alternatives.
Post Condition	Measure the work productivity and efficiency shown by the chief inspector.

Name	Human Resources Report Module
Summary	Human resources measure the work productivity of the employees.
Actor	The primary actors are the human resources.
Description	The human resources can evaluate the work productivity and efficiency shown by the employees. They can do that by generating their own report. In their report they may include the information provided in the report module.
Precondition	The human resources must be logged in.
Alternative	There are no alternatives.
Post Condition	Measure the work productivity and efficiency shown by the employees.

Name	Human Resources Delete An Employee
Summary	Human resources delete an employee
Actor	The primary actors are the human resources.
Description	The human can remove an employee from the employee list, by clicking the remove icon in the employee module.
Precondition	The human resources must be logged in.
Alternative	There are no alternatives.
Post Condition	Removing an employee who does not work anymore.

Name	Human Resources Update An Employee
Summary	Human resources update the information regarding an employee through the employee module.
Actor	The primary actors are the human resources.
Description	The human resources can update the employees information through the employees module.
Precondition	The human resources must be logged in.
Alternative	There are no alternatives.
Post Condition	Update employee information

Name	Human Resources Create An Employee
Summary	Human resources create an employee through the employee module.
Actor	The primary actors are the human resources.
Description	The human resources can create a new employee, by clicking the add button in the employee module.
Precondition	The human resources must be logged in.
Alternative	There are no alternatives.
Post Condition	Create a new employee who was recently hired.

MEETLY TEAM

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