

Migrating Databases to Postgres Plus Advanced Server

Objectives

- In this module you will learn:
 - Oracle Compatibility
 - Synonyms
 - Data Types
 - ALTER SESSION
 - DATABASE LINK
 - CREATE DIRECTORY
 - Migration
 - Oracle to PPAS Migration

- Migration Process
- Migration Toolkit (MTK)
 - Installation
 - Source-specific drivers
 - Prepare a connection
 - Perform migration
- Demo



Database Compatibility

- Database compatibility or Oracle helps an application running in an Oracle environment to run in a Postgres Plus Advanced Server (PPAS) environment with minimal or no changes.
- Database Compatibility for Oracle in PPAS offers:
 - Data types
 - SQL statements
 - System and built-in functions
 - Stored Procedure Language (SPL)
 - System catalog views
 - Open Client Library (OCL) for Oracle Call Interface (OCI)



Database Compatibility for Oracle - Synonyms

- Postgres Plus Advanced Server supports synonyms for:
 - tables
 - views
 - sequences
 - procedures
 - functions
 - other synonyms
- Syntax
 - CREATE [OR REPLACE] [PUBLIC] SYNONYM [schema.] syn_name FOR object schema.object name;
 - E.g: CREATE SYNONYM personnel FOR enterprisedb.emp;



Database Compatibility for Oracle - Data Types

The built-in general-purpose data types are:

- BLOB
- BOOLEAN
- CHAR
- CLOB
- DATE
- DOUBLE
- BINARY
- VARBINARY

- INTEGER
- NUMBER
- TIMESTAMP
- VARCHAR2
- NVARCHAR2
- ROWID
- INTERVAL
- XML



Database Compatibility – Altering Session Parameters

- To change a runtime parameter:
 - ALTER SESSION SET name = value
- The following configuration parameters can be modified using the ALTER SESSION command:
 - NLS DATE FORMAT (string)
 - NLS_LANGUAGE (string)
 - NLS LENGTH SEMANTICS (string)
 - OPTIMIZER MODE (string)
 - QUERY REWRITE ENABLED (string)
 - QUERY_REWRITE_INTEGRITY (string)



Database Compatibility – DATABASE LINK

- A database link is a pointer from one database to another
- Can be referenced by appending @dblink to the table or view name
- Can be defined as public or private
- LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable or oracle_home configuration parameter must be set in order to use database links in PPAS
- Syntax

```
CREATE [ PUBLIC ] DATABASE LINK name

CONNECT TO { CURRENT_USER | username IDENTIFIED BY 'password' }

USING { libpq 'libpq_connection_string' | [ oci ]
   'oracle_connection_string' }
```



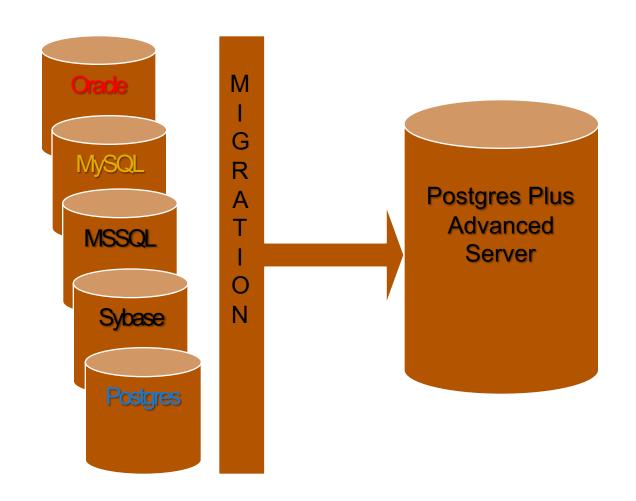
Database Compatibility – CREATE DIRECTORY

- The CREATE DIRECTORY command creates an alias for a file system directory pathname.
- You must be a database superuser to use this command.
- The operating system user enterprisedb must have the appropriate read/write privileges on the directory.
- Syntax
 - CREATE DIRECTORY name AS 'pathname'



Migration

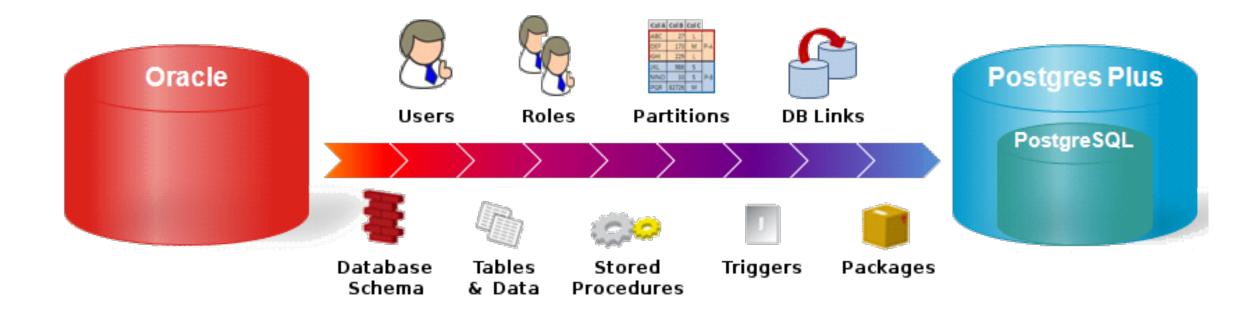
- There are many reasons to consider migrating from one database to another
 - Advantage of new or better technology
 - Reduce database cost
- EnterpriseDB's Database
 Migration Assessment program:
 http://www.enterprisedb.com/ds-oracle-migration-assessment





Oracle to PPAS Migration

Overview of the Oracle to PPAS migration setup





Migration Process

Collect info: Oracle objects to be migrated

Identify potential problems: data type mismatch, features not available in PPAS

Prepare the environment: Migration Toolkit, PPAS & Oracle

Migrate the schema definition and start to work on the data

Migrate Data: MTK, database links or in some cases EDB*Loader

Connect application to PPAS

Verify and test PPAS



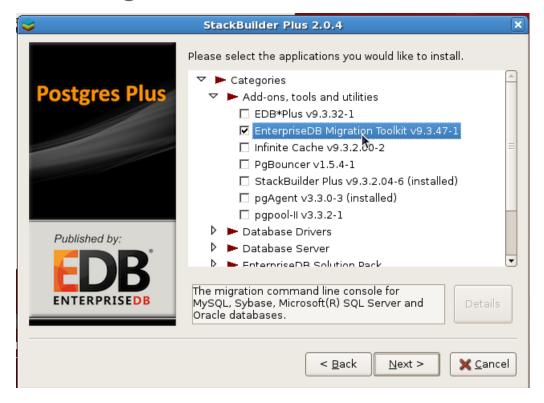
Migration Toolkit

- Migration database objects and data to an Advanced Server from Oracle, Sybase, MSSQL and MySQL.
- The Migration Toolkit is a powerful command-line tool
 - -safeMode: commit each row as it is migrated.
 - -fastCopy: bypass WAL logging to optimize migration.
 - batchSize: control the batch size of bulk inserts.
 - -cpBatchSize: specify the batch size used with the COPY command.
 - -filterProp: migrate only those rows that meet a user-defined condition.
 - customColTypeMapping: change the data type of selected columns.
 - allDBLinks: migrate all Oracle database links.
 - copyViaDBLinkOra: enable the dblink_ora module.



Migration Toolkit: Installation

- Distributed with the Postgres Plus Advanced Server installer.
- Can also be installed using StackBuilder Plus.





Migration Toolkit: Source-Specific Drivers

- You must install a source-specific driver.
- Source-specific drivers are freely available.
- Go to: http://www.enterprisedb.com/downloads/third-party-jdbc-drivers.
- Move the downloaded driver file into the jre/lib/ext directory under the Postgres home directory.



Migration Toolkit: Prepare a connection

- MTK gets the configuration and connection information from the toolkit.properties file.
- Edit the toolkit.properties file to specify the source and target database.
- File is located in:
 - opt/PostgresPlus/9.2AS/etc
 - C:\Program Files\PostgresPlus\9.2AS\etc

```
TARGET_DB_URL=jdbc:edb://localhost:5444/edb
TARGET_DB_USER=enterprisedb
TARGET_DB_PASSWORD=edb
```



Migration Toolkit: Perform Migration

- The Migration Toolkit executable is named runMTK.sh or runMTK.bat.
- Located in the bin directory of Postgres Plus installation.
- Migrating a Schema
 - \$./runMTK.sh schema_name
 - > .\runMTK.bat schema_name
 - Separate multiple schema names using comma
 - allSchemas will migrate all schemas



Migration Toolkit: Perform Migration

- Options available in **runMTK** Command:
 - offlineMigration
 - -sourcedbtype, -targetdbtype, -schemaOnly, -dataOnly
 - allTables, -tables, -importPartitionAsTable
 - indexes -triggers
 - -allViews, -allSequences, -allProcs, -allFuncs, -allPackages
 - -truncLoad, -enableConstBeforeDataLoad
 - allUsers, copyViaDBLinkOra, -allDBLinks, -allSynonyms
 - -help, -logDir





