### Comparison of C vs Pascal Version of Enhanced Chapter 1 Interpreter

This document describes the issues and changes involved in translating the Pascal version (chap1.pas) of the enhanced interpreter into C (chap1.c).

The grammar (section 1 below) and instruction syntax (section 2 below) did not change.

Section 3 below discusses some of the translation issues and presents a side by side comparison of the Pascal and C source code in part 5 of that section.

#### Section 1. Grammar for Enhanced Chap1 Interpreter

The grammar for chap1.c is still the same as it was for chap1.pas and is as follows.

```
userinput → input $
input → quit | cmdline | fundef | expr
cmdline \rightarrow ) command
         note: the right parenthesis must be first char of input line
command → load filename | sload filename
filename -- any valid filename for the operating system
fundef \rightarrow fun name (arglist) := expr nuf
arglist → null | name [, name ]*
expr \longrightarrow ifex \mid whileex \mid seqex \mid exp1
ifex → if expr then expr else expr fi
whileex → while expr do expr od
seqex → seq explist qes
explist \rightarrow expr [; expr]*
\exp 1 \longrightarrow \exp 2 [:= \exp 1]^*
\exp 2 \longrightarrow [\operatorname{prtop}] \exp 3
\exp 3 \longrightarrow \exp 4 [\operatorname{relop} \exp 4]^*
\exp 4 \longrightarrow \exp 5 [addop \exp 5]^*
\exp 5 \longrightarrow [addop] \exp 6 [mulop \exp 6]^*
\exp 6 \longrightarrow \text{name} \mid \text{integer} \mid \text{funcall} \mid (\exp r)
funcall \rightarrow name (actparmlist)
actparmlist → null | expr [, expr]*
prtop −→ print
relop \longrightarrow = |<|>
addop \rightarrow + | -
mulop \rightarrow * | /
integer → sequence of digits
name --- any sequence of characters not an integer and not containing a delimiter.
delimiter → '(', ')', ';', '+', '-', '*', '/', ':', '=', '<', '>', ',', '$', '!' or space
note: [ and ] enclose optional parts of a production.
      indicates the option may occur once
```

[]* indicates the option may occur more than onc
The exclamation point begins a comment.

# Section 2. Syntax for Enhanced Chap1 Interpreter

The syntax for chap1.c is still the same as it was for chap1.pas and is illustrated in the following examples.

```
~$ ./chap1
-> 3$
3
-> 4+7$
11
Assignment is done via the := operator.
-> x:=4$
-> x+x$
-> print x$
4
4
-> y:=5$
5
-> seq print x; print y; x*y qes$
5
20
\rightarrow if y>0 then 5 else 10 fi$
5
-> while y>0 do
> seq x:=x+x; y:=y-1 qes
> od$
0
-> x$
128
-> fun #1 (x) := x + 1 nuf$
#1
-> #1(4)$
-> fun double(x):=x+x nuf$
double
-> double(4)$
-> x$
128
```

```
\rightarrow fun setx(x,y):= seq x:=x+y; x qes nuf$
setx
\rightarrow setx(x,1)$
-> x$
128
-> fun not(boolval):= if boolval then 0 else 1 fi nuf$
not
cannot be a function name since <, > are now delimiters.
\rightarrow fun <> (x, y):= not(x=y) nuf$
mutate: found < where nameid or funid is expected.
# is not a delimiter and can be used in a name.
-> fun ## (x,y):= not(x=y) nuf$
##
\rightarrow fun mod(m,n):=m-n*(m/n)nuf$
mod
-> fun gcd(m,n):=
>
     seq
>
      r:=mod(m,n);
>
      while ##(r,0) do
>
        seq
>
         m:=n;
>
       n:=r;
>
         r:=mod(m,n)
>
        qes
>
      od;
>
>
     qes
> nuf$
gcd
-> \gcd(6,15)$
-> fun gcd(m,n):=
    if n=0 then m else gcd(n, mod(m, n)) fi nuf$
gcd
-> \gcd(6,15)$
3
Normal operator precedence and associativity are implemented.
-> 5*3+7$
22
-> 5+3*7$
26
```

```
-> 14-7-3$
-> 48/12/2$
Keywords cannot be redefined.
\rightarrow fun if (x) := x+5 nuf$
mutate: found if where nameid or funid is expected.
Keywords cannot be reused as variable names.
-> if := 20$
Error parsing expr. Found := where one of the following is expected: "if", "while", "seq", "print", nameid, funid, number, or "("
Names are any sequence of chars not an integer and not containing a delimiter.
-> \sim 12 \#ab := 25$
25
-> ~12#ab$
25
-> x:=15-~12\#ab+7$
-3
A string of digits is not a valid name.
-> fun 222 (x) := x+22 nuf$
mutate: found 222 where nameid or funid is expected.
-> fun 2#2 (x):=x+22 nuf$
2#2
-> 2#2(33)$
55
-> a:=55-2#2(33)$
Inserting a delimiter in a name confuses the parser and causes erroneous results.
-> a(b:=25)
Undefined variable: a
Function name may not be reused as a variable name.
-> fun inc10 (x) := x+10 nuf$
inc10
-> inc10 := 50$
Error in match. Found := where ( is expected.
Multiple assignment. := is the only right associative operator.
-> i:=j:=k:=25$
25
-> i$
```

25 -> j\$ 25 New load from file commands are illustrated below.

They must be entered on a single input line. The \$ end of input marker may be omitted since it is appended by the program.

#### load echoes the text read from the file.

```
-> )load mod.txt
Current Directory is : /home/dawsond/pascal/proglang/chap1
Loading file : mod.txt
fun mod(m,n) :=
m-n*(m/n)
nuf$
mod
sload (silent load) does not echo the text read.
-> )sload not.txt
Current Directory is : /home/dawsond/pascal/proglang/chap1
Loading file : not.txt
not
-> )load gcd only.txt$
Current Directory is : /home/dawsond/pascal/proglang/chap1
Loading file : gcd only.txt
fun gcd(m,n) :=
 seq
 r := mod(m, n);
 while not(r=0) do
  seq
   m := n;
   n := r;
   r := mod(m, n)
  qes
 od;
 n
 qes
nuf$
gcd
gcd(51,34)$
17
gcd(225,300)$
75
mod(10,7)$
3
mod(100,50)$
```

```
0
not(3)$
0
not(0)$
1
```

### Section 3. Program organization, Translation Considerations and Program Changes

### Part 1. Program Organization

The code is still organized as it was in the Pascal version with the main function at the bottom of the file and the other functions listed in the same order under the following sections: DECLARATIONS, DATA STRUCTURE OPS, NAME MANAGEMENT, INPUT, NEW PARSING ROUTINES, ENVIRONMENTS, NUMBERS, EVALUATION.

Lower-level functions are still, for the most part, defined before higher-level ones that call them which helps reduce the need for forward declarations. For example, consider the grammar rules for expressions and their associated function prototypes in the following table. The rules are presented in a top-down, recursive-descent order but the corresponding functions are in reverse, bottom-up order from the lowest-level function to the highest.

```
Top-Down Order of Grammar Rules.
                                                                                      Bottom-Up Order of Functions in Source Code
          \exp r \longrightarrow ifex \mid whileex \mid seqex \mid exp1
                                                                                                 function parseExp6:EXP;
          exp1 \longrightarrow exp2 [ := exp1 ]*
                                                                                                 function parseExp5:EXP;
          \exp 2 \longrightarrow [\operatorname{prtop}] \exp 3
                                                                                                 function parseExp4:EXP;
          \exp 3 \longrightarrow \exp 4 [\operatorname{relop} \exp 4]^*
                                                                                                 function parseExp3:EXP;
          \exp 4 \longrightarrow \exp 5 [addop \exp 5]^*
                                                                                                 function parseExp2:EXP;
          \exp 5 \longrightarrow [addop] \exp 6 [mulop \exp 6]^*
                                                                                                 function parseExp1:EXP;
          \exp 6 \longrightarrow \text{name} \mid \text{integer} \mid \text{funcall} \mid (\text{expr})
                                                                                                 function parseExpr;
```

So to obtain a top-down view of the program logic, it may be best to read the NEW PARSING ROUTINES and other sections from the bottom up, after reviewing the DECLARATIONS section.

## Part 2. Translation of Structure Pointers using Typedef

The \*REC names in the Pascal version are only used to declare the REC structure type and to obtain a pointer to it. For example, we have the following.

EXPLISTREC is not used anywhere else except in the above red text.

EXPLIST is used throughout the program to declare variables, arguments, function return types.

There is a debate at <a href="http://stackoverflow.com/questions/252780/why-should-we-typedef-a-struct-so-often-in-c">http://stackoverflow.com/questions/252780/why-should-we-typedef-a-struct-so-often-in-c</a> about whether or not typedef should be used in C.

I decided to use it and rewrite the above Pascal code as shown below in the middle column.

I like the cleaner look and that it made it easier to visually confirm that my C code is equivalent to the Pascal code.

If I did not use typedef then the C code would be written as shown in the last column below.

```
Pascal Code
                                                    C Code with typedef
                                                                                                         C code without typedef
EXPLIST = ^EXPLISTREC;
EXPLISTREC = record
                                                    struct EXPLISTREC {
            head: EXP;
                                                     EXP head:
            tail: EXPLIST
                                                     struct EXPLISTREC *tail;
          END;
                                                    typedef struct EXPLISTREC* EXPLIST;
FUNCTION mkExplist (e: EXP; el: EXPLIST): EXPLIST;
                                                                                                         struct EXPLISTREC *mkExplist (EXP e,
                                                    EXPLIST mkExplist (EXP e, EXPLIST el)
                                                                                                                                 struct EXPLISTREC *el)
 var newel: EXPLIST;
                                                                                                          struct EXPLISTREC *newel;
                                                      EXPLIST newel:
BEGIN
                                                                                                          newel = (struct EXPLISTREC *)
 new(newel);
                                                     newel = (EXPLIST)
                                                                                                               malloc(sizeof(struct EXPLISTREC));
                                                             malloc(sizeof(struct EXPLISTREC));
 newel^.head = e;
                                                                                                          newel->head = e;
                                                     newel->head = e;
 newel^.tail = el;
                                                                                                          newel->tail = el;
                                                     newel->tail = el;
                                                                                                          return newel;
 mkExplist = newel
                                                     return newel;
END; /* mkExplist */
                                                                                                         }; /* mkExplist */
```

## Part 3. Translation of Pascal Variant Record using C Union

Expressions may be of type number (integer constant), variable or application (of a function or operator).

The Pascal variant record structure that was used to store expressions will now be represented with a C union construct as shown below.

```
Pascal Variant Record
                                                                          C Union
  EXPTYPE = (VALEXP, VAREXP, APEXP);
                                                                          enum EXPTYPE {VALEXP, VAREXP, APEXP};
  EXPREC = record
                                                                          struct EXPREC {
            case etype: EXPTYPE of
                                                                             enum EXPTYPE etype;
                                                                             union {
               VALEXP: (num: NUMBER);
                                                                                NUMBER num;
               VAREXP: (varble: NAME);
                                                                                NAME varble;
                                                                                struct {
               APEXP: (optr: NAME;
                                                                                    NAME optr;
                        args: EXPLIST)
                                                                                    EXPLIST args;
            end;
                                                                                } ap;
                                                                             } u;
                                                                          };
```

#### Part 4. Translation of Pascal Sets

The following Pascal sets were defined.

```
addop, mulop, relop:set of token; // sets of operators
```

And they were initialized in initParse as follows.

```
addop = [addsy,subsy];
mulop = [mulsy,divsy];
relop = [lssy,eqsy,gtsy];
```

For the C conversion, I replaced tests for set membership like the following

```
if toksy in mulop then
```

with tests of the specific values as follows.

```
if (toksy == mulsy || toksy == divsy)
```

## Part 5. Side by Side Comparison of Pascal vs C source code

Pascal code is in column 1 and corresponding C code is in column 2 of the table below.

The formatting differs from the actual source code in places due to adjusting spacing or moving lines so that corresponding source lines are side by side. I added some clarifying comments in bold blue text below which are not contained in the actual source code.

They are prefixed by my initials and a colon. Search for "DD:" to read them.

```
DECLARATIONS
                                                                                    DECLARATIONS
                                                                   ******************
PROGRAM chapter1 (input, output);
                                                                  #define POSIX C SOURCE 200809L
                                                                  #include <stdio.h>
Uses sysutils;
                                                                  #include <stddef.h>
                                                                  #include <string.h>
                                                                  #include <setjmp.h>
                                                                  #include <stdlib.h>
                                                                  #include <ctype.h>
                                                                  #include <errno.h>
                                                                  #include <limits.h>
                                                                  #include <unistd.h>
                                                                 DD: setjmp(JL99) replaces label 99: in main. errmsq() does a longjmp back
                                                                  to that point after an error message is displayed.
label 99;
                                                                  jmp buf JL99;
CONST
                                                                                     // Max length of a name
                  (* Maximum length of a name *)
                                                                  #define NAMELENG 20
NAMELENG = 20;
                                                                  #ifdef TESTSIZE
```

```
#define MAXNAMES 29
                                                                                                // Max no. of names to test err max names
                                                                        #define MAXINPUT 50
                                                                                                // Max input length to test err input len
                                                                        #else
MAXNAMES = 100:
                  (* Maximum number of different names *)
                                                                        #define MAXNAMES 100
                                                                                                // Max number of different names
MAXINPUT = 500;
                    (* Maximum length of an input *)
                                                                        #define MAXINPUT 500
                                                                                                // Max length of an input
                                                                        #endif
CMDLENG = 8:
                   (* Maximum length of a command name *)
                                                                        #define MAXCMDLENG 8
                                                                                               // Max length of a command name
                   (* Number of commands currently defined *)
                                                                        #define MAXCMDS 3
                                                                                               // Max number of different commands
NUMCMDS = 2;
ARGLENG = 40:
                   (* Maximum length of a command argument *)
                                                                        #define ARGLENG 40
                                                                                               // Maximum length of a command argument
                                                                        #define MAXDIGITS 19
                                                                                               // Max digits in LONG MAX in limits.h
                                                                                                // for WORDSIZE == \overline{64}
                                                                                           "-> " // Initial prompt
PROMPT = '-> ';
                  (* Initial prompt *)
                                                                        #define PROMPT
                                                                                            "> " // continuation prompt
                                                                        #define PROMPT2
 PROMPT2 = '> ';
                 (* continuation prompt *)
                                                                        #define TAB 9
TABCODE = 9:
LINEFEED = 10;
                                                                        #define LF 10
                                                                        #define CR 13
CR = 13:
                                                                        #define COMMENTCHAR '!'
COMMENTCHAR = '!';
DOLLAR = '$'; (*marks end of expr or fundef input by the user*)
                                                                        #define DOLLAR
                                                                                           '$' // marks END of expr or fundef input by user
                                                                                           1 1
                                                                        #define SPACE
                                                                        #define RPAREN
                                                                                           ')' // marks beginning of a Cmd
TYPE
  NAMESIZE = 0..NAMELENG:
                                                                        typedef short int NAMESIZE;
  NAMESTRING = packed array [1..NAMELENG] of char;
                                                                        typedef char *NAMESTRING;
  NAME = 1 .. MAXNAMES; (* a NAME is an index in printNames *)
                                                                        typedef short int NAME;
CMDSIZE = 0..CMDLENG;
                                                                        typedef short int CMDSIZE;
CMDSTRING=packed array [1..CMDLENG] of char;
                                                                        typedef char *CMDSTRING;
CMD = 1..NUMCMDS; (* a CMD is an index in printCmds *)
                                                                        typedef short int CMD;
NUMBER = integer;
                                                                        typedef long NUMBER;
ARGSIZE = 0..ARGLENG;
                                                                        typedef short int ARGSIZE;
ARGSTRING = packed array [1..ARGLENG] of char;
                                                                        typedef enum {false, true} BOOLEAN;
BUILTINOP = (IFOP, WHILEOP, ASSIGNOP, SEOOP, ADDOP, SUBOP, MULOP, DIVOP,
                                                                        typedef enum {IFOP, WHILEOP, ASSIGNOP, SEOOP, ADDOP, SUBOP, MULOP, DIVOP,
EQOP, LTOP, GTOP, PRINTOP);
                                                                        EQOP, LTOP, GTOP, PRINTOP BUILTINOP;
                                                                        DD: VALUEOP range replaced with firstValueOp, lastValueOp indexes.
VALUEOP = ADDOP .. PRINTOP;
CONTROLOP = IFOP .. SEOOP;
                                                                        CONTROLOP range replaced with firstControlOp, lastControlOp indexes.
DD: Below are symbolic names for each token. They are stored in the
toktable array at the same index as the corresponding token in the
printNames array by the initNames() & install() functions.
TOKEN = nameidsy, numsy, funidsy, ifsy, thensy, elsesy, fisy,
                                                                        typedef enum {nameidsy=1, numsy, funidsy, ifsy, thensy, elsesy, fisy,
whilesy, dosy, odsy, segsy, gessy, funsy, nufsy, assignsy, rparsy,
                                                                        whilesy, dosy, odsy, segsy, gessy, funsy, nufsy, assignsy, rparsy,
lparsy, semsy, comsy, addsy, subsy, mulsy, divsy, egsy, lssy,
                                                                        lparsy, semsy, comsy, addsy, subsy, mulsy, divsy, egsy, lssy,
qtsv,printsy,quitsy,dollarsy);
                                                                        gtsy,printsy,quitsy,dollarsy} TOKEN;
```

DD: Error messages in the Pacal version were displayed at the point of occurrence and followed by a goto label 99 in the main function. Those are now replaced with a call to errmsg() which is passed one of the error codes below. errmsg() prints the associated message then calls

```
EXP = ^EXPREC;
EXPLIST = ^EXPLISTREC;
ENV = ^ENVREC;
VALUELIST = ^VALUELISTREC;
NAMELIST = ^NAMELISTREC;
FUNDEF = ^FUNDEFREC;
EXPTYPE = (VALEXP, VAREXP, APEXP);
EXPREC = record
          case etype: EXPTYPE of
             VALEXP: (num: NUMBER);
             VAREXP: (varble: NAME);
             APEXP: (optr: NAME;
                     args: EXPLIST)
         end;
EXPLISTREC = record
          head: EXP:
          tail: EXPLIST
       end:
VALUELISTREC = record
         head: NUMBER;
         tail: VALUELIST
       end:
NAMELISTREC = record
         head: NAME:
          tail: NAMELIST
       end;
ENVREC = record
         vars: NAMELIST;
          values: VALUELIST
       end;
FUNDEFREC = record
          funname: NAME;
          formals: NAMELIST;
          body: EXP;
```

```
longjmp(JL99, errnum) to return to main to read the next input.
typedef enum {err arglist=1, err function, err exp6, err expr, err cwd,
err open, err max names, err input len, err cmd len, err no cmd,
err bad cmd, err arg len, err no name, err name len,
err no name2, err digits, err no name3, err mismatch,
err not var, err num args, err undef func, err num args2,
err undef var, err undef op, err nested load
} ERROR NUM; // error codes passed to errmsg()
typedef struct EXPREC* EXP;
typedef struct EXPLISTREC* EXPLIST;
typedef struct ENVREC* ENV;
typedef struct VALUELISTREC* VALUELIST;
typedef struct NAMELISTREC* NAMELIST;
typedef struct FUNDEFREC* FUNDEF;
enum EXPTYPE {VALEXP, VAREXP, APEXP};
struct EXPREC {
  enum EXPTYPE etype;
   union {
     NUMBER num;
     NAME varble;
     struct {
        NAME optr;
        EXPLIST args;
      } ap;
   } u;
};
struct EXPLISTREC {
 EXP head:
   EXPLIST tail:
struct VALUELISTREC {
   NUMBER head;
   VALUELIST tail:
struct NAMELISTREC {
 NAME head;
   NAMELIST tail:
struct ENVREC {
  NAMELIST vars;
   VALUELIST values:
};
struct FUNDEFREC {
   NAME funname;
   NAMELIST formals;
           body;
```

```
nextfundef: FUNDEF
                                                                       FUNDEF nextfundef;
         end:
var
  fundefs: FUNDEF:
                                                                    FUNDEF fundefs:
  numval:NUMBER:
                                                                    NUMBER numval;
                                                                    ENV globalEnv;
  globalEnv: ENV;
  currentExp: EXP;
                                                                    EXP currentExp;
 punctop: set of char; (* set of punctuation & operator chars *)
                                                                    char punctop[] = "()+-*/:=<>;,$!"; // punctuation and operator chars
 userinput: array [1..MAXINPUT] of char;
                                                                    char userinput[MAXINPUT];
  inputleng, pos: 0..MAXINPUT;
                                                                    short int j, inputleng, pos;
 printNames: array [NAME] of NAMESTRING;
                                                                    NAMESTRING printNames[MAXNAMES]; //built-in & user-defined names
                                                                    CMDSTRING printCmds[MAXCMDS]; //built-in command names
 printCmds:array [CMD] of CMDSTRING;
  tokstring: NAMESTRING; (* string & length for display in error msgs *) char tokstring[NAMELENG+1]; // token string for display in error messages
  tokleng:NAMESIZE;
                                                                    NAMESIZE tokleng;
  infilename: ARGSTRING;
                                                                    char infilename[ARGLENG];
  infile:text; (* file variable for input source file *)
                                                                    FILE *infp; // input source file pointer
                                                                                  // load file, echo characters
 load, sload: CMD;
                                                                    CMD load,
                                                                       sload,
                                                                                  // silently load file, no echo
                                                                                  // print user defined names
                                                                       user:
 numNames, numBuiltins, tokindex, mulsy index: NAME;
                                                                    NAME numNames, numCmds, numBuiltins, tokindex, mulsy index,
                                                                        // initNames() saves index of first/last ControlOp & ValueOp
                                                                        // in following variables for checking which range Op is in.
                                                                        firstValueOp, lastValueOp, firstControlOp, lastControlOp;
  toksy: TOKEN; (* current token returned from getToken or install *) TOKEN toksy; // symbolic name of token
  toktable: array [NAME] of TOKEN; (*holds symbolic name of each token TOKEN toktable[MAXNAMES]; // symbolic name of each token in printNames.
                                   in printNames array. Corresponding
                                                                                       // Corresponding toktable & printNames elements
                                                                                         // have same index
                                   toktable & printNames entries have
                                   same index. *)
  addops, mulops, relops: set of token; (* sets of operators *)
                                                                    DD: The Pascal sets on the left were replaced with direct comparison to
                                                                    the set values as indicated in Section 3 part 4 above.
  quittingtime,
                                                                    BOOLEAN quittingtime, // true = exit program
  dollarflag, (* true = $ was input. $ marks end of current expr or
                                                                            dollarflag, // true = $ was entered which marks end of input
               fundef being input *)
             (* true = echo characters during a load command *)
                                                                                        // true = echo chars during a load command
                                                                            echo,
  readfile:boolean; (* true if an input file is being loaded *)
                                                                            readfile, // true = an input file is being loaded
                                                                                        // eof and eoln are used to mimic the boolean
                                                                            eof.
                                                                                        // Pascal functions eof() and eoln()
                                                                            eoln:
                                                                    void errmsq(ERROR NUM, char[], int); // forward declaration
                                                                    //----
                                                                    // DATA STRUCTURE OPERATIONS
                                                                    //----
```

```
(* mkVALEXP - return an EXP of TYPE VALEXP with num n
                                                                *)
                                                                       // mkVALEXP - return an EXP of type VALEXP with num n
function mkVALEXP (n: NUMBER): EXP;
                                                                       EXP mkVALEXP (NUMBER n)
var e: EXP;
                                                                          EXP e;
begin
                                                                          e = malloc(sizeof(struct EXPREC));
 new(e);
 e^.etype := VALEXP;
                                                                          e->etype = VALEXP;
 e^{\cdot}.num := n;
                                                                          e->u.num = n;
 mkVALEXP := e
                                                                          return e;
end: (* mkVALEXP *)
                                                                       } // mkVALEXP
(* mkVAREXP - return an EXP of TYPE VAREXP with varble nm
                                                                *)
                                                                       // mkVAREXP - return an EXP of type VAREXP with varble nm
function mkVAREXP (nm: NAME): EXP;
                                                                       EXP mkVAREXP (NAME nm)
var e: EXP;
                                                                          EXP e;
begin
 new(e);
                                                                          e = malloc(sizeof(struct EXPREC));
 e^.etype := VAREXP;
                                                                          e->etype = VAREXP;
 e^.varble := nm;
                                                                          e->u.varble = nm;
mkVAREXP := e
                                                                          return e:
                                                                       } // mkVAREXP
end; (* mkVAREXP *)
(* mkAPEXP - return EXP of TYPE APEXP w/ optr op and args el
                                                                       // mkAPEXP - return EXP of type APEXP with optr op and args eL
function mkAPEXP (op: NAME; el: EXPLIST): EXP;
                                                                       EXP mkAPEXP (NAME op, EXPLIST eL)
var e: EXP;
                                                                          EXP e:
begin
                                                                          e = malloc(sizeof(struct EXPREC));
 new(e);
 e^.etvpe := APEXP;
                                                                          e->etype = APEXP;
 e^.optr := op;
                                                                          e->u.ap.optr = op;
 e^*.args := el;
                                                                          e->u.ap.args = eL;
 mkAPEXP := e
                                                                          return e;
end; (* mkAPEXP *)
                                                                       } // mkAPEXP
(* mkExplist - return an EXPLIST with head e and tail el
                                                                *)
                                                                       // mkExplist - return an EXPLIST with head e and tail eL
function mkExplist (e: EXP; el: EXPLIST): EXPLIST;
                                                                       EXPLIST mkExplist (EXP e, EXPLIST eL)
var newel: EXPLIST;
                                                                          EXPLIST newel:
begin
                                                                          newel = malloc(sizeof(struct EXPLISTREC));
 new(newel);
                                                                          newel->head = e;
  newel^.head := e;
 newel^.tail := el;
                                                                          newel->tail = eL;
 mkExplist := newel
                                                                          return newel;
end; (* mkExplist *)
                                                                       } // mkExplist
(* mkNamelist - return a NAMELIST with head n and tail nl
                                                                       // mkNamelist - return a NAMELIST with head n and tail nl
                                                                *)
function mkNamelist (nm: NAME; nl: NAMELIST): NAMELIST;
                                                                       NAMELIST mkNamelist (NAME nm, NAMELIST nl)
var newnl: NAMELIST;
                                                                          NAMELIST newnl;
begin
                                                                          newnl = malloc(sizeof(struct NAMELISTREC));
 new(newnl);
 newnl^.head := nm;
                                                                          newnl->head = nm;
 newnl^.tail := nl;
                                                                          newnl->tail = nl;
 mkNamelist := newnl
                                                                          return newnl:
                                                                       } // mkNamelist
end; (* mkNamelist *)
```

```
(* mkValuelist - return an VALUELIST with head n and tail vl
                                                                       // mkValuelist - return an VALUELIST with head n and tail vl
function mkValuelist (n: NUMBER; vl: VALUELIST): VALUELIST;
                                                                       VALUELIST mkValuelist (NUMBER n, VALUELIST vl)
var newvl: VALUELIST;
                                                                          VALUELIST newvl;
begin
  new(newvl);
                                                                          newvl = malloc(sizeof(struct VALUELISTREC));
  newvl^.head := n;
                                                                          newvl->head = n:
 newvl^*.tail := vl:
                                                                          newvl->tail = vl;
 mkValuelist := newvl
                                                                          return newvl;
end; (* mkValuelist *)
(* mkEnv - return an ENV with vars nl and values vl
                                                                       // mkEnv - return an ENV with vars nl and values vl
                                                               *)
function mkEnv (nl: NAMELIST; vl: VALUELIST): ENV;
                                                                       ENV mkEnv (NAMELIST nl, VALUELIST vl)
var rho: ENV:
                                                                          ENV rho;
begin
  new(rho);
                                                                        rho = malloc(sizeof(struct ENVREC));
 rho^.vars := nl;
                                                                        rho->vars = nl;
 rho^.values := vl;
                                                                        rho->values = vl;
 mkEnv := rho
                                                                        return rho:
                                                                       } // mkEnv
end; (* mkEnv *)
                                                                       // prEnv - print vars & values in an ENV - for debugging
                                                                       void prEnv(ENV env)
                                                                          NAMELIST nl;
                                                                          VALUELIST vl;
                                                                         int i;
                                                                         i=0:
                                                                          nl = env->vars;
                                                                          vl = env->values;
                                                                          while (nl != 0)
                                                                            i = i + 1;
                                                                             printf("%d. %s = %ld", i, printNames[nl->head], vl->head);
                                                                             nl = nl - > tail;
                                                                             vl = vl -> tail:
                                                                       } // prEnv
(* lengthVL - return length of VALUELIST vl
                                                              *)
                                                                       // lengthVL - return length of VALUELIST vl
function lengthVL (vl: VALUELIST): integer;
                                                                       int lengthVL (VALUELIST v1)
var i: integer;
                                                                          int i:
begin
  i := 0;
                                                                          i = 0;
  while vl <> nil do begin
                                                                          while (vl != 0)
    i := i+1:
                                                                             i = i+1;
    vl := vl^.tail
                                                                             vl = vl->tail;
  end;
  lengthVL := i
                                                                          return i;
```

```
end; (* lengthVL *)
                                                                       } // lengthVL
(* lengthNL - return length of NAMELIST nl
                                                              *)
                                                                       // lengthNL - return length of NAMELIST nl
function lengthNL (nl: NAMELIST): integer;
                                                                       int lengthNL (NAMELIST nl)
                                                                          int i;
var i: integer;
begin
 i := 0;
                                                                          i = 0:
  while nl <> nil do begin
                                                                          while (nl != 0)
    i := i+1;
                                                                             i = i+1;
    nl := nl^.tail
                                                                             nl = nl->tail;
  end;
  lengthNL := i
                                                                          return i;
end; (* lengthNL *)
                                                                       } // lengthNL
                                                                       void prExplist(EXPLIST); //forward declaration
                                                                       DD: Below are more print functions for debugging
                                                                       // print an EXP
                                                                       void prExp(EXP e)
                                                                          switch (e->etype)
                                                                             case VALEXP:
                                                                                 printf("etype = VALEXP\n");
                                                                                 printf(" num = %ld\n", e->u.num);
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case VAREXP:
                                                                                 printf(" etype = VAREXP\n");
                                                                                 printf("varble = %s\n", printNames[e->u.varble]);
                                                                                 break;
                                                                             case APEXP:
                                                                                 printf(" etype = APEXP\n");
                                                                                 printf(" optr = %s\n", printNames[e->u.ap.optr]);
                                                                                 prExplist(e->u.ap.args);
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              default:
                                                                                 printf("Invalid etype = %d", e->etype);
                                                                                 break;
                                                                       // prExplist - print an Explist
                                                                       void prExplist(EXPLIST eL)
                                                                          prExp(eL->head);
                                                                          if (eL->tail != 0)
                                                                             prExplist(eL->tail);
                                                                          return;
                                                                       } // prExplist
```

```
NAME MANAGEMENT
                                                                      // NAME MANAGEMENT
                                                                      //----
(* fetchDef - get function definition of fname from fundefs
                                                                      // fetchDef - get FUNCTION definition of fname from fundefs
function fetchDef (fname: NAME): FUNDEF;
                                                                      FUNDEF fetchDef (NAME fname)
  f: FUNDEF:
                                                                          FUNDEF f;
  found: Boolean;
                                                                          BOOLEAN found:
beain
  found := false;
                                                                          found = false:
  f := fundefs:
                                                                          f = fundefs:
  while (f <> nil) and not found do
                                                                          while (f != 0 && !found)
     if f^{\cdot}.funname = fname
                                                                             if (f->funname == fname)
     then found := true
                                                                                found = true:
                                                                             else
    else f := f^.nextfundef;
                                                                                f = f->nextfundef;
  fet.chDef := f
                                                                         return f:
end; (* fetchDef *)
                                                                      } // fet.chDef
(* newDef - add new function fname w/ parameters nl, body e *)
                                                                      // newDef - add new FUNCTION fname with parameters nl, body e
procedure newDef (fname: NAME; nl: NAMELIST; e: EXP);
                                                                      void newDef (NAME fname, NAMELIST nl, EXP e)
var f: FUNDEF;
                                                                         FUNDEF f;
begin
  f := fetchDef(fname);
                                                                         f = fetchDef(fname);
  if f = nil (* fname not yet defined as a function *)
                                                                         if (f == 0) // fname not yet defined as a FUNCTION
  then begin
                                                                            f = malloc(sizeof(struct FUNDEFREC));
                                                                            f->nextfundef = fundefs; // place new FUNDEFREC
         f^.nextfundef := fundefs; (* place new FUNDEFREC *)
                                                                                            // at front of fundefs list
        fundefs := f
                                     (* on fundefs list *)
                                                                            fundefs = f:
      end:
  f^.funname := fname;
                                                                        f->funname = fname;
  f^{\cdot}.formals := nl;
                                                                        f->formals = nl;
 f^*.bodv := e
                                                                        f->bodv = e;
end; (* newDef *)
                                                                      } // newDef
                                                                      DD: Null-terminated strings are used in initNames below instead of the
                                                                      space-padded strings used in the Pascal version. So all the loops that
                                                                      deal with space-padding are removed in the C version.
(* initNames - place all pre-defined names into printNames
                                                                      // initNames - place all pre-defined (built in) names into printNames
            and corresponding token symbols in toktable. *)
                                                                      // and corresponding token symbols in toktable. user-defined names
                                                                      // (functions, variables) are also kept here
                                                                      void initNames()
procedure initNames;
var i: integer;
                                                                         int i:
begin
  fundefs := nil;
                                                                         fundefs = 0; //empty list of fundefs
  i := 1;
                                                                         firstControlOp = i = 0;
  printNames[i]:= 'if
                                   '; toktable[i]:=ifsy; i:=i+1;
                                                                         printNames[i] = "if"; toktable[i] = ifsy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i]:= 'while
                                    '; toktable[i]:= whilesy; i:=i+1;
                                                                         printNames[i] = "while"; toktable[i] = whilesy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i]:= ':=
                                    '; toktable[i]:= assignsy; i:=i+1;
                                                                         printNames[i] = ":="; toktable[i] = assignsy; i = i+1;
                                                                         lastControlOp = i;
```

```
printNames[i]:= 'seq
                                   '; toktable[i] := segsy; i:= i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "seq"; toktable[i] = seqsy;
                                                                      firstValueOp = i;
  printNames[i]:= '+
                                  toktable[i] = addsv; i = i+1;
  printNames[i]:= '-
                                  '; toktable[i] := subsy;
                                                          i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "-";
                                                                                             toktable[i] = subsy; i = i+1;
(* To handle negative numbers (unary minus), we build an expr with the // To handle negative numbers (unary minus), we build an APEXP with the
multiply operator and operand -1. Below we save the multiply symbol index // multiply operator and operand -1. Below we save the multiply symbol
for this purpose. This avoids a lookup later to obtain the index. *) // index so we can insert it into the APEXP later.
  mulsy index:=i;
                                                                      mulsy index = i;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "*";
  printNames[i] := '*
                                  '; toktable[i] := mulsv; i := i+1;
                                                                                             toktable[i] = mulsy; i = i+1;
                                                                                             toktable[i] = divsy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := '/
                                  '; toktable[i] := divsy; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "/";
  printNames[i] := '=
                                   printNames[i] = "=";
                                                                                             toktable[i] = eqsy; i = i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "<";</pre>
  printNames[i] := '<</pre>
                                  '; toktable[i] := lssy; i := i+1;
                                                                                             toktable[i] = lssy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := '>
                                   '; toktable[i] := qtsy; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = ">";
                                                                                             toktable[i] = qtsy; i = i+1;
                                                                      lastValueOp = i;
  printNames[i] := 'print
                                   '; toktable[i] := printsy; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "print"; toktable[i] = printsy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := 'quit
                                   '; toktable[i] := quitsy; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "quit"; toktable[i] = quitsy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := 'then
                                   '; toktable[i] := thensy; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "then"; toktable[i] = thensy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := 'else
                                   '; toktable[i] := elsesy; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "else"; toktable[i] = elsesy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := 'fi
                                   '; toktable[i] := fisy; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "fi"; toktable[i] = fisy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := 'do
                                   '; toktable[i] := dosv; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "do"; toktable[i] = dosy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := 'od
                                   '; toktable[i] := odsy; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "od";
                                                                                             toktable[i] = odsy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := 'qes
                                   '; toktable[i] := qessy; i := i+1;
                                                                     printNames[i] = "qes"; toktable[i] = qessy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := 'fun
                                   '; toktable[i] := funsy; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "fun"; toktable[i] = funsy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := 'nuf
                                  '; toktable[i] := nufsy; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "nuf"; toktable[i] = nufsy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := '(
                                  '; toktable[i] := lparsy; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "(";
                                                                                             toktable[i] = lparsy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := ')
                                  '; toktable[i] := rparsy; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = ")";
                                                                                             toktable[i] = rparsy; i = i+1;
                                  '; toktable[i] := semsy; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = ";";
  printNames[i] := ';
                                                                                             toktable[i] = semsy; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := ',
                                  '; toktable[i] := comsy; i := i+1;
                                                                      printNames[i] = ",";
                                                                                             toktable[i] = comsv; i = i+1;
  printNames[i] := '$
                                   '; toktable[i] := dollarsy;
                                                                      printNames[i] = "$";
                                                                                             toktable[i] = dollarsy; i = i+1;
 numNames := i;
  numBuiltins := i
                                                                      numNames = numBuiltins = i; // no. of entries in 0 to numBuiltins-1
end: (* initNames *)
                                                                   } // initNames
(* initCmds - place all pre-defined commands into printCmds *)
                                                                   // initCmds - place all pre-defined commands into printCmds
procedure initCmds;
                                                                   void initCmds()
var i: integer;
                                                                      short int i;
begin
 i := 1:
                                                                      i = 0:
 printCmds[i] := 'sload '; sload := i; i := i+1;
                                                                      printCmds[i] = "sload"; sload = i; i = i+1;
 printCmds[i] := 'load '; load := i; i := i+1;
                                                                      printCmds[i] = "load"; load = i; i = i+1;
                                                                      printCmds[i] = "user"; user = i; i = i+1;
(* printCmds[i] := 'xxxxxx '; xxxxxx := i; i := i+1; *)
                                                                      numCmds = i;
end; (* of initCmds *)
                                                                   } //init.Cmds
(* prName - print name nm
                                                        *)
                                                                   // prName - print name nm
procedure prName (nm: NAME);
                                                                   void prName(NAME nm)
var i: integer;
begin
                                                                      printf("%s",printNames[nm]);
                                                                   } // prName
 i := 1;
  while i <= NAMELENG
 do if printNames[nm][i] <> ' '
```

```
then begin
           write(printNames[nm][i]);
           i := i+1
         end
     else i := NAMELENG+1 (* exit while loop *)
end; (* prName *)
(* install - insert new name into printNames
                                                              *)
function install (nm: NAMESTRING): NAME;
var
 i: integer;
  found: Boolean;
begin
  i := 1;
  found := false;
  while (i <= numNames) and not found
  do if nm = printNames[i]
     then found := true
     else i := i+1;
  if not found
  then begin
         if i > MAXNAMES
         then begin
                writeln('No more room for names');
               goto 99
             end;
         numNames := i;
         printNames[i] := nm;
         toktable[i] := nameidsy
  toksy := toktable[i]; (* return token symbol in global var *)
  install := i
end; (* install *)
```

```
DD: Following function implements command "user" which is for debugging
// prUserList - List user-defined names and token type id
void prUserList()
   int i;
   for(i = numBuiltins; i < numNames; i++)</pre>
      printf("printNames[%d]= ", i);
      prName(i);
      printf(" toktable[%d]= %d\n", i, toktable[i]);
} // prUserList
// install - insert new name into printNames, set its type in toktable
           - save its type in toksy, return its index in printNames array
NAME install(char *nm)
   NAME i;
   int result:
   BOOLEAN found;
   i = 0;
   found = false;
   result = 0:
   while (i < numNames && !found)
      result = strcmp(nm, printNames[i]);
      if (!result)
          found = true:
      else
          i = i+1;
   }
   if (!found)
      if (i == MAXNAMES)
          errmsg(err max names, null str, null int);
      printNames[i] = malloc(sizeof(char *)); //alloc memory for a ptr
to char
      numNames = i + 1;
      strcpy(printNames[i], nm); //insert name in printNames
      toktable[i] = nameidsy;  //set its type in toktable
   toksy = toktable[i]; //save current token symbol type
   return i; //return index of name
} // install
```

```
(* initParse - initialization of variables *)
                                                                     // initParse - initialization of variables
procedure initParse:
                                                                     void initParse()
beain
 initCmds;
                                                                        readfile = echo = eoln = eof = dollarflag = false;
 readfile:=false:
                                                                        userinput[0] = tokstring[0] = 0; //null terminate
                                                                        inputleng = tokleng = pos = 0;
 echo := false;
 addops := [addsy, subsy];
 mulops := [mulsy,divsy];
 relops := [lssy,eqsy,qtsy];
 punctop := ['(', ')', '+', '-', '*', '/', ':', '=', '<', '>', ';', ',',
'$', COMMENTCHAR];
end;
(* primOp - translate NAME optr to corresponding BUILTINOP
function primOp (optr: NAME): BUILTINOP;
  op: BUILTINOP;
 i: integer;
begin
  op := IFOP; (* N.B. IFOP is first value in BUILTINOPS *)
 for i := 1 to optr-1 do op := succ(op);
 primOp := op
end; (* primOp *)
            ********
                                                                     // INPUT
******************
DD: The functions parseCmd, parseName and isNumber each call the isDelim
function below. parseCmd and parseName read chars until a delimiter is
encountered in order to obtain the command/variable/function name.
isNumber reads digits until a nondigit is encountered and requires that
the nondigit be a delimiter for the number to be valid. Digits followed
by non-delimiter chars are treated as names of variables or functions.
(* isDelim - check if c is a delimiter
                                                                     // isDelim - check if c is a delimiter
function isDelim (c:char): Boolean;
                                                                    BOOLEAN isDelim (char c)
begin
isDelim := (c = ' ') or (c in punctop)
                                                                       if (c == SPACE || strchr(punctop, c) != NULL)
end:
                                                                           return true:
                                                                        else
                                                                           return false;
                                                                     } // isDelim
(* skipblanks - return next non-blank position in userinput
                                                                    // skipblanks - return next non-blank pos in userinput
                                                                    int skipblanks (int p)
function skipblanks (p: integer): integer;
begin
 while userinput[p] = ' ' do p := p+1;
                                                                       while (userinput[p] == SPACE)
 skipblanks := p
                                                                          p = p + 1;
end; (* skipblanks *)
                                                                       return p;
                                                                     } // skipblanks
(* reader - read char's into userinput; be sure input not blank *)
```

```
procedure reader:
(* readInput - read char's into userinput
                                                              *)
  procedure readInput;
  var c: char;
DD: New code was added to the nextchar function below to deal with reading mimic the Pascal eoln and eof functions. The nextchar function below sets
input chars from a file instead of the terminal.
(* nextchar - read next char - filter tabs and comments. Also filter CR/LF|// nextchar - read next char - filter tabs, LF, comments
which were returned in input stream under WSL/Cygwin. *)
     procedure nextchar (var c: char);
     begin
       if readfile then
         begin
           read(infile,c); (* read file *)
          if eof(infile) then
            begin
              readfile:=false;
              echo:=false;
The next line below assigns a '$' to c to mark the end of the input.
This causes the main prompt to be displayed. Displaying the continuation
prompt at EOF is undesirable because it would prohibit the user from
entering another load command since such commands are only checked for
in response to the main prompt.
*)
              c := DOLLAR;
              CLOSE (infile)
            end;
           if echo then write(c);
         end
       else
         read(c); (* read standard input *)
(* Replace tab and eoln chars with space, skip comments *)
       if (c = chr(TABCODE)) or (c = chr(LINEFEED)) or (c = chr(CR))
       then c := ' '
       else if c = COMMENTCHAR then
           begin
             if readfile then
               while not eoln(infile) do
                begin
                  read(infile,c);
```

DD: Global boolean variables eoln and eof are added to the C version to their values appropriately.

```
// Also filter CR/LF which were returned in input stream under WSL/Cygwin
char nextchar()
   int c;
   eoln = false:
   if (readfile)
   {
      if ((c = getc(infp)) == EOF) // read from file
          readfile = false:
          echo = false;
          eoln = true;
          eof = true;
          c = DOLLAR; // exit read loop in readDollar and readInput
          fclose(infp);
      else if (echo)
          printf("%c", c); // echo char
   else
      c = getc(stdin); // read from stdin
   if (c == LF)
      eoln = true;
// replace tab and eoln chars with space, skip comments
   if (c == TAB \mid | c == LF \mid | c == CR)
      c = SPACE;
   else if (c == COMMENTCHAR) // skip comment chars
      if (readfile)
          while ((c = getc(infp)) != LF)
             if (echo) printf("%c", c); // echo comment chars
          if (echo) printf("%c", c); // echo LF
```

```
if echo then write(c) (*echo comment *)
                 end
                                                                               }
             else
                                                                               else
               while not eoln do read(c);
                                                                                  while ((c = getc(stdin)) != LF)
                                                                               eoln = true;
             c := ' ' (* replace eoln char *)
                                                                               c = SPACE; // replace LF with space
           end
                                                                           return c;
     end; (* nextchar *)
                                                                        } // next.char
DD: The readDollar function below replaces readParens.
readInput used to call readParens to read chars until a closing right
parenthesis was entered which marked the end of the current expr or fundef.
Now readDollar is used to read until a dollar sign is entered which marks
the completion of the current input.
(* readDollar - read char's, ignoring newlines, till '$' is read *)
                                                                        // readDollar - read char's, ignoring newlines, till '$' is read
              '$' marks end of the fundef or expr that is being input *) |//
                                                                                      '$' marks END of the fundef or expr that is being input
     procedure readDollar;
                                                                        void readDollar()
     var
       c: char;
                                                                           char c = SPACE:
     begin
                                                                           char str[2]="";
       c := ' ';
       repeat
                                                                           do
                                                                           {
          if not readfile and eoln then write (PROMPT2);
                                                                               if (!readfile && eoln)
                                                                                  printf(PROMPT2); //continuation prompt
                                                                                  fflush(stdout);
          next.char(c):
                                                                               c = nextchar();
          pos := pos+1;
                                                                               pos = pos+1;
          if pos = MAXINPUT
                                                                               if (pos == MAXINPUT)
          then begin
                writeln('User input too long');
                                                                                  str[0] = c;
                                                                                                  //last char read
                goto 99
                                                                                  errmsg(err input len, str, MAXINPUT);
              end;
          userinput[pos] := c
                                                                               userinput[pos] = c;
       until c = dollar;
                                                                           } while (c != DOLLAR);
       dollarflag := true;
                                                                           dollarflag = true;
     end; (* readDollar *)
                                                                        } // readDollar
DD: The next four functions, readCmd, parseCmd, parseCmdArg and processCmd /* The next four functions, readCmdLine, parseCmdName, parseCmdNameArg
handle reading, parsing and executing the new load and sload commands. and processCmd handle reading, parsing and executing the new load and sload
If readInput detects a right parenthesis as first character of the input commands. If readInput detects a right parenthesis as first character of
line then it calls processCmd (which calls the others) to open the file the input line then it calls processCmd (which calls the others) to open
and set readfile to true. While readfile is true, the nextchar function the file and set readfile to true. While readfile is true, the nextchar
                                                                        function will read input chars from the opened file instead of the terminal.
will read input chars from the opened file instead of the terminal.
                                                                        // readCmdLine - read command line into userinput buffer.
                                                                        //
                                                                                       When readInput detects RPAREN as first char of input,
                                                                                       it calls processCmd which calls readCmdLine to read
```

```
rest of the cmd line. On entry to this function,
(* readCmd - read command line into userinput buffer for processing. *) //
                                                                                       pos==0 and userinput[0]==RPAREN.
procedure readCmd;
                                                                        void readCmdLine()
var
c:char:
                                                                           char c = SPACE, *dollarPtr;
begin
 c := ' ';
 while not eoln do (* commands are assumed to be entered on one line *)
                                                                           while (!eoln)
                                                                              c = nextchar(); // sets eoln true on LF & returns SPACE
    pos:=pos+1;
    nextchar(c);
                                                                              pos = pos + 1;
    userinput[pos]:=c;
                                                                              userinput[pos] = c;
   end;
 inputleng:=pos;
                                                                        // use dollar position (if any) or LF position to determine input length
 if userinput[inputleng] = DOLLAR then
    inputleng := inputleng - 1; (* exclude $ from command line, if any
                                                                           if ((dollarPtr = strchr(userinput, DOLLAR)) != NULL)
                                                                              inputleng = dollarPtr - userinput;
                                                                           else
 Next read removes the LF (under WSL) or CR (under Cygwin)
                                                                              inputleng = pos;
 that follows the $ in the input stream so it is not
 accepted as input once the main prompt is displayed
                                                                        } // readCmdLine
 read(c)
end; (* of readCmd *)
(* parseCmd - return Cmd starting at userinput[pos] *)
                                                                        // parseCmdName - return Cmd starting at userinput[pos]
function parseCmd: CMD;
                                                                        CMD parseCmdName()
var
  nm: CMDSTRING; (* array to accumulate characters *)
                                                                           char nm[MAXCMDLENG+1]; // for accumulating characters in Cmd
  leng: CMDSIZE; (* length of CMD *)
                                                                           CMDSIZE leng;
  i:integer;
                                                                           CMD i:
  found: Boolean:
                                                                           BOOLEAN found:
                                                                           int result:
beain
  nm[1] := #0;
                                                                           nm[0] = 0;
  leng := 0;
                                                                           leng = 0;
                                                                           result = 0;
                                                                        DD: Command names contain only alpha chars
  while (pos < inputleng) and not isDelim(userinput[pos])</pre>
                                                                           while (pos < inputleng && isalpha(userinput[pos]))</pre>
  do begin
       if leng = CMDLENG
                                                                              if (leng == MAXCMDLENG)
       then begin
              writeln ('Command Name too long, begins: ', nm);
                                                                                  nm[leng] = 0;
              goto 99
                                                                                  errmsg(err cmd len, nm, MAXCMDLENG);
           end;
       leng := leng+1;
                                                                              nm[leng] = userinput[pos];
       nm[leng] := userinput[pos];
                                                                              leng = leng+1;
       pos := pos+1
                                                                              pos = pos+1;
    end;
  if leng = 0
                                                                           if (leng == 0)
  then begin
                                                                              errmsg(err no cmd, null str, null int);
         writeln('Error: expected Command name, instead read: ',
                userinput[pos]);
         goto 99
```

```
end;
  for leng := leng+1 to CMDLENG do nm[leng] := ' ';
                                                                          nm[leng] = 0; //null terminate Cmd name
                                                                       // Determine Cmd index in printCmds
  i := 1;
                                                                          i = 0:
  found := false;
                                                                          found = false;
  while (i <= NUMCMDS) and not found
                                                                          while (i < MAXCMDS && !found)
    if nm = printCmds[i]
                                                                             result = strcmp(nm, printCmds[i]);
                                                                             if (!result)
    then found := true
                                                                                 found = t.rue;
                                                                             else
    else i := i+1:
                                                                                 i = i+1;
                                                                          }
  if not found then
                                                                          if (!found)
   begin
                                                                              errmsg(err bad cmd, nm, null int);
     writeln('Unrecognized Command Name begins: ',nm);
     goto 99
   end;
  pos := skipblanks(pos); (* skip blanks after command name *)
                                                                          pos = skipblanks(pos); /* skip blanks after command name */
 parseCmd := i;
                                                                          return i:
end; (* parseCmd *)
                                                                       } // parseCmdName
(* parseCmdArg - return the character string argument starting at
                                                                       /* parseCmdArg - return the character string argument starting at
userinput[pos]. This function is currently used to parse the filename
                                                                         userinput[pos]. This function is currently used to parse the
argument from the load & sload commands *)
                                                                         filename argument from the load & sload commands */
function parseCmdArg: ARGSTRING;
                                                                       void parseCmdArg(char nm[])
var
                                                                          ARGSIZE leng; // length of argumnet name
  nm: ARGSTRING; (* array to accumulate characters *)
  leng: ARGSIZE; (* length of name *)
begin
  nm[1] := #0;
                                                                          nm[0] = 0;
  leng := 0;
                                                                          leng = 0;
  while (pos <= inputleng) and not (userinput[pos] = ' ')</pre>
                                                                          while (pos < inputleng && userinput[pos] > SPACE)
  do begin
       if leng = ARGLENG
                                                                             if (leng == ARGLENG)
       then begin
              writeln('Argument name too long, begins: ', nm);
                                                                                 nm[leng] = 0;
              goto 99
                                                                                 errmsg(err arg len, nm, ARGLENG);
           end;
       leng := leng+1;
                                                                             nm[leng] = userinput[pos];
       nm[leng] := userinput[pos];
                                                                             leng = leng+1;
       pos := pos+1
                                                                             pos = pos+1;
    end;
  if leng = 0
                                                                          if (leng == 0)
  then begin
                                                                              errmsg(err no name, null str, null int);
         writeln('Error: expected argument name, instead read: ',
               userinput[pos]);
         goto 99
  for leng := leng+1 to ARGLENG do nm[leng] := ' ';
  parseCmdArg := nm
                                                                          nm[leng] = 0; //null terminate string
```

```
end; (* parseCmdArg *)
                                                                       } // parseCmdArg
(* processCmd - input, parse, and execute the command *)
procedure processCmd;
                                                                       void processCmd()
var
  i, j: integer;
  cmdnm:CMD; (* cmdnm is an index to printCmds *)
begin
  readCmd;
                                                                          readCmdLine();
  pos:=skipblanks(1);
                        (* get pos of ")" which begins each command *)
                                                                          pos = 1;
  pos:=skipblanks(pos+1); (* get pos of 1st letter of command name *)
  cmdnm:=parseCmd;
  if (cmdnm = sload) or (cmdnm = load) then
    begin
     infilename:=parseCmdArg; (* parse filename argument *)
     i := 1;
     while (infilename[i] <> ' ') do
      i := i + 1;
     for j := i to ARGLENG do infilename[j] := #0; (*Null padding fixes
File Not Found on WSL*)
     Assign(infile,infilename);
     RESET(infile);
     writeln:
     writeln('Current Directory is : ',GetCurrentDir);
                                                                                 else
     writeln(' Loading file : ',infilename);
     readfile:=true; (* tell nextchar function to read from file *)
     if cmdnm = load then
       echo:=true;
    end;
end; (* of processCmd *)
                                                                       } // processCmd
  begin (* readInput *)
                                                                       void readInput()
     c := ' ';
                                                                          char c = SPACE:
                                                                          char str[2]="";
     dollarflag := false;
                                                                          if (!readfile)
     if not readfile then write (PROMPT);
```

```
// processCmd - input, parse, and execute the command
   char cwd[PATH MAX];
   CMD cmdnm; // cmdnm is an index to printCmds
                         // pos of 1st letter of command name
   cmdnm = parseCmdName(); // parse command name
   if (cmdnm == sload || cmdnm == load)
      parseCmdArg(infilename); // parse filename argument
      // Load commands cannot be issued inside another file being loaded.
      if (!readfile) //if not already loading a file
         if ((infp = fopen(infilename, "r")) == NULL)
             errmsg(err open, null str, null int);
         if (getcwd(cwd, sizeof(cwd)) != NULL)
             printf("\nCurrent Directory is: %s\n", cwd);
             errmsg(err cwd, null str, null int);
         printf(" Loading file : %s\n\n", infilename);
         readfile = true;
                              // tell nextchar to read from file
         eof = false:
         if (cmdnm == load)
             echo = true:
                              // remains false for sload (silent load)
      else //error on nested load cmds
         errmsg(err nested load, infilename, null int);
   if (cmdnm == user)
      prUserList(); // display user-defined entries
// readInput - read char's into userinput array until dollar sign is input
   dollarflag = false;
      printf(PROMPT); //display main prompt for new input
      fflush(stdout);
```

```
pos := 0;
     repeat
       pos := pos+1;
       if pos = MAXINPUT
       then begin
              writeln('User input too long');
              goto 99
           end;
       nextchar(c);
       userinput[pos] := c;
       if (pos=1) and (c=')') then (* if command, execute it*)
         begin
          processCmd;
           if not readfile then write (PROMPT);
          pos:=0
         end
       else (* otherwise read expr or fundef terminated by dollar *)
           if userinput[pos] = dollar then
            dollarflag:=true
           else
            if readfile then
              begin
                if eoln(infile) then readDollar
              end
            else (* reading stdin *)
              if eoln then readDollar
     until dollarflag;
     pos:=pos-1; (* exclude $ from user input *)
     inputleng := pos;
     if readfile and echo then writeln (* echo LF between inputs *)
  end; (* readInput *)
begin (* reader *)
   repeat
      readInput;
     pos := skipblanks(1);
   until pos <= inputleng (* ignore blank lines *)</pre>
end; (* reader *)
```

```
pos = -1;
   do
      c = nextchar();
      pos = pos+1;
      if (pos == MAXINPUT)
          str[0] = c;
                         //last char read
          errmsg(err input len, str, MAXINPUT);
      userinput[pos] = c;
// parse a command or fundef or expression
      if (pos == 0 && c == RPAREN) // If it's a cmd (e.g. load or sload)
          processCmd(); //opens file, sets echo
          if (!readfile)
             printf(PROMPT); // redisplay main prompt after a cmd
             fflush(stdout);
          pos = -1; //restart userinput index
      else //parse fundef or expression
          if (userinput[pos] == DOLLAR)
             dollarflag = true;
          else
             if (eoln) readDollar();
   } while (!dollarflag);
   inputleng = pos; // pos of '$' is length of input in 0 to pos-1
   //remove LF and any other chars that follow dollar sign from input buffer
   while (!eoln)
      c = nextchar(); // sets eoln true on LF & returns SPACE
} // readInput
// reader - read char's into userinput; be sure input is not blank
void reader()
   do
      readInput();
                                // read input into userinput array
      pos = skipblanks(0);
                               // advance to first non-blank
      if (userinput[pos] == DOLLAR) // if it is '$' then
          inputleng = 0;
                                    // it is a blank line
   } while (inputleng == 0); // ignore blank lines
} // reader
```

```
(* parseName - return (installed) NAME starting at userinput[pos]*)
function parseName: NAME;
var
  nm: NAMESTRING; (* array to accumulate characters *)
  leng: NAMESIZE; (* length of name *)
begin
  nm[1] := #0;
  leng := 0;
  while (pos <= inputleng) and not isDelim(userinput[pos])</pre>
  do begin
       if leng = NAMELENG
       then begin
              writeln('Name too long, begins: ', nm);
              goto 99
           end:
       leng := leng+1;
       nm[leng] := userinput[pos];
       tokstring[leng]:=userinput[pos];
       pos := pos+1
     end;
  tokleng:=leng;
  if leng = 0
  then begin
         writeln('Error: expected name, instead read: ',
                userinput[pos]);
         goto 99
  for leng := leng+1 to NAMELENG do nm[leng] := ' ';
  pos := skipblanks(pos); (* skip blanks after name *)
  parseName := install(nm)
end; (* parseName *)
(* isNumber - check if a number begins at pos
                                                               *)
function is Number (pos: integer): Boolean;
(* isDigits - check if sequence of digits begins at pos
                                                                *)
  function isDigits (pos: integer): Boolean;
  begin
     if not (userinput[pos] in ['0'..'9']) then
      isDigits := false
     else
      begin
        isDigits := true;
        while userinput[pos] in ['0'..'9'] do pos := pos + 1;
        if not isDelim(userinput[pos])
        then isDigits := false
```

```
NAME install(char *); // forward declaration
// parseName - return (installed) NAME starting at userinput[pos]
NAME parseName()
   char nm[NAMELENG+1]; // array to accumulate characters
   NAMESIZE leng; // length of name
   nm[0] = tokstring[0] = 0;
   leng = 0;
   while (pos < inputleng && !isDelim(userinput[pos]))</pre>
      if (leng == NAMELENG)
          nm[leng] = 0;
          errmsg(err name len, nm, NAMELENG);
      nm[leng] = tokstring[leng] = userinput[pos];
      leng = leng+1;
      pos = pos+1;
   if (leng == 0)
      errmsg(err no name2, null str, null int);
   nm[leng] = tokstring[leng] = 0; //null terminate
   tokleng = leng;
   pos = skipblanks(pos); /* skip blanks after name */
   return install(nm);
} // parseName
// isNumber - check if a number begins at userinput[i]
            It must be a sequence of digits followed by a delimiter
//
            otherwise it will be treated as a name.
//
            E.g. 232+ is parsed as the number 232 followed by a plus sign.
            but 232abc is parsed as a name since the digits are not
            followed by a delimiter.
BOOLEAN isNumber(short int i)
   if (!isdigit(userinput[i]))
      return false;
   else
   {
      while (isdigit(userinput[i])) i = i + 1;
      if (isDelim(userinput[i]))
          return true:
```

```
end
                                                                         else
  end; (* isDigits *)
                                                                            return false;
begin (* isNumber *)
 isNumber := isDigits(pos)
                                                                   } // isNumber
end; (* isNumber *)
(* parseVal - return number starting at userinput[pos]
                                                            *)
                                                                   // parseVal - return number starting at userinput[pos]
function parseVal: NUMBER;
                                                                   NUMBER parseVal()
var n: integer;
                                                                      NUMBER n;
                                                                      char numString[MAXDIGITS+1]; //digits in value being parsed
Begin
                                                                      numString[0] = tokstring[0] = 0;
  n := 0:
                                                                      n = 0:
  tokleng:=0;
                                                                      tokleng = 0;
  while userinput[pos] in ['0'..'9'] do
                                                                      while (isdigit(userinput[pos]) && tokleng < MAXDIGITS)</pre>
    begin
      n := 10*n + (ord(userinput[pos]) - ord('0'));
                                                                         n = 10*n + (userinput[pos] - '0');
       tokleng:=tokleng+1;
                                                                         numString[tokleng] = tokstring[tokleng] = userinput[pos];
      tokstring[tokleng]:=userinput[pos];
                                                                         tokleng = tokleng+1;
      pos := pos+1
                                                                         pos = pos+1;
    end;
                                                                      numString[tokleng] = tokstring[tokleng] = 0; // null terminate
                                                                      if (isdigit(userinput[pos]))
                                                                         errmsg(err digits, null str, MAXDIGITS); // Too many digits
  pos := skipblanks(pos); (* skip blanks after number *)
                                                                      pos = skipblanks(pos); //skip any blanks after number
  parseVal := n
                                                                      return n;
end; (* parseVal *)
                                                                   } //parseVal
// NEW PARSING ROUTINES
                  NEW PARSING ROUTINES
******************
(* writeTokenName - write the specific token name in printnames array // writeTokenName - Display the name corresponding to token symbol t.
  that corresponds to token symbol t. If t is generic (i.e. nameidsy,
  funidsy,numsy) then write that generic name *)
procedure writeTokenName(t:token);
                                                                   void writeTokenName(TOKEN t)
var
i:NAME:
                                                                      NAME i;
generic:set of token;
j:NAMESIZE;
begin
generic := [nameidsy, numsy, funidsy];
if t in generic then
                                                                      if (t == nameidsy || t == numsy || t == funidsy)
(* output generic name *)
                                                                         // display generic name for user-defined symbols
 begin
                                                                         switch (t)
   case t of
     nameidsy:write('nameid');
                                                                            case nameidsy:
                                                                                printf("nameid");
                                                                                break:
                                                                             case numsy:
       numsy:write('number');
                                                                                printf("number");
                                                                                break:
```

```
funidsy:write('funid');
                                                                                  case funidsy:
                                                                                     printf("funid");
                                                                                     break:
     otherwise:
                                                                                  default:
    end:
                                                                                     break:
  end
else
                                                                           else
(* output specific name *)
 begin
                                                                           // display builtin name
   i := 1:
                                                                              i = 0:
   while (toktable[i] <> t) and (i <= numBuiltins) do</pre>
                                                                              while (toktable[i] != t && i < numBuiltins)</pre>
    i := i+1;
                                                                                  i = i+1:
   if i <= numBuiltins then
                                                                              if (i < numBuiltins)
   (* write the name of the token *)
                                                                                  // write the name of the token
     begin
      j := 1;
      while (printNames[i][j] <> '') and (j <= NAMELENG) do
        begin
          write(printNames[i][j]);
                                                                                  printf("%s", printNames[i]);
         j := j+1
        end
    end
   else (* name not found, write the symbolic name *)
                                                                              else // name not found, display token id
                                                                                  printf("name not found for token %d", t);
     write(t)
 end
end: (* of writeTokenName *)
                                                                        } // of writeTokenName
(* writeTokenString - Write out chars of token string. During errors, this // writeTokenStr - Display token string. During errors, this function
function is used to display invalid string found in the userinput *)
                                                                        // is used to display the invalid token found in userinput.
procedure writeTokenString;
                                                                        void writeTokenStr()
var
i:integer;
                                                                           printf("%s ", tokstring);
                                                                        } // writeTokenStr
begin
for i:= 1 to tokleng do
 write(tokstring[i]);
write(' ');
                                                                       DD: All error messages in the Pascal version were given an error code and
end;
                                                                        are now displayed by calling the errmsg() function below.
                                                                        // errmsq - display error message for given error number and jump to JL99
(* displays error messages based on the given error number *)
                                                                        // in main function
procedure errmsg(errnum:integer);
                                                                        void errmsg(ERROR NUM errnum, char err str[], int err int)
begin
 writeln:
                                                                           printf("****");
                                                                           switch (errnum)
 CASE errnum of
   1:begin
                                                                              case err arglist:
     write('Error parsing arglist. Found ');
                                                                                  printf("Error parsing arglist. Found ");
     writeTokenString;
                                                                                  writeTokenStr();
                                                                                  printf("where \")\" or nameid is expected.");
     writeln('where ")" or nameid is expected.');
     end;
                                                                                  break;
                                                                              case err function:
   2:begin
     write('Error parsing function name. Found ');
                                                                                  printf("Error parsing function name. Found ");
     writeTokenString;
                                                                                  writeTokenStr();
     writeln('funid or nameid is expected.');
                                                                                  printf("where funid or nameid is expected.");
     end;
                                                                                  break;
   3:begin
                                                                              case err exp6:
```

```
write('Error parsing exp6. Found');
                                                                                 printf("Error parsing exp6. Found ");
     writeTokenString;
                                                                                 writeTokenStr();
     writeln('where nameid, funid, "(", or a number is expected.');
                                                                                 printf("where nameid, funid, \"(\", or a number is expected.");
    end;
                                                                                 break;
   4:begin
                                                                              case err expr:
                                                                                 printf("Error parsing expr. Found ");
     write('Error parsing expr. Found ');
     writeTokenString;
                                                                                 writeTokenStr();
     writeln('where one of the following is expected: ');
                                                                                 printf("where one of the following is expected:\n");
     writeln('"if", "while", "seq", "print", nameid, funid, number, or
                                                                                 printf("\"if\", \"while\", \"seq\", \"print\", nameid, funid,
"(" ');
                                                                       number, or \"(\"");
    end;
                                                                                 break;
  otherwise:
                                                                              case err cwd:
                                                                                 perror("getcwd() error");
 end:
 writeln;
                                                                                 break;
 goto 99
                                                                              case err open:
end; (* of errmsg *)
                                                                                 perror("fopen() error");
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case err max names:
                                                                                 printf("No more room for names");
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case err input len:
                                                                                 printf("Input exceeds %d chars. Last char read = %s", err int,
                                                                       err str);
                                                                                 printf("\nSkipping rest of input and quitting.");
                                                                                 quittingtime = true;
                                                                                 if (readfile) fclose(infp);
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case err cmd len:
                                                                                 printf("Command Name exceeds %d chars, begins: %s", err int,
                                                                       err str);
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case err no cmd:
                                                                                 printf("Error: expected Command name, instead read: %c",
                                                                       userinput[pos]);
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case err bad cmd:
                                                                                 printf("Unrecognized Command Name, begins: %s", err str);
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case err arg len:
                                                                                 printf("Argument name exceeds %d chars, begins: %s", err int,
                                                                       err str);
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case err no name:
                                                                                 printf("Error: expected name, instead read: %c",
                                                                       userinput[pos]);
                                                                                 break:
                                                                              case err name len:
                                                                                 printf("Name exceeds %d chars, begins: %s", err int, err str);
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case err no name2:
                                                                                 printf("Error: expected name, instead read: %c",
                                                                       userinput[pos]);
                                                                                 break:
                                                                              case err digits:
                                                                                 printf("parseVal: Max digits allowed in 64 bit signed long
                                                                       is %d", err int);
```

```
break;
                                                                              case err no name3:
                                                                                 printf("mutate: found ");
                                                                                 writeTokenStr();
                                                                                 printf(" where nameid or funid is expected.");
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case err mismatch:
                                                                                 printf("Error in match. Found ");
                                                                                 writeTokenStr();
                                                                                 printf(" where ");
                                                                                 writeTokenName(err int);
                                                                                 printf(" is expected.");
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case err not var:
                                                                                 printf("parseExp1: left hand side of assignment must be a
                                                                       variable");
                                                                                 break:
                                                                              case err num args:
                                                                                 printf("Wrong number of arguments to ");
                                                                                 prName(err int);
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case err undef func:
                                                                                 printf("Undefined function: ");
                                                                                 prName(err int);
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case err num args2:
                                                                                 printf("Wrong number of arguments to: ");
                                                                                 prName(err int);
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case err undef var:
                                                                                 printf("Undefined variable: ");
                                                                                 prName(err int);
                                                                                 break;
                                                                              case err undef op:
                                                                                 printf("eval: invalid value for op = %d", err int);
                                                                              case err nested load:
                                                                                 printf("Load commands cannot occur inside a file being
                                                                       loaded.\n");
                                                                                 printf("****");
                                                                                 printf("Remove the load command for file %s", err str);
                                                                                 quittingtime = true;
                                                                                 fclose(infp);
                                                                              default:
                                                                                 break;
                                                                          printf("\n\n");
                                                                          longjmp(JL99, errnum);
                                                                       } // errmsq
(* Identify token that begins at userinput[pos], return its symbol in // getToken - get next token in userinput, set toksy, tokstring, tokleng.
global variable toksy and leave pos pointing to first nonblank that
                                                                       // For names and operators, also set tokindex. For numbers, tokindex does
follows. *)
                                                                       // not apply since they are not stored in printNames.
procedure getToken;
                                                                       void getToken()
var
```

```
nm: NAMESTRING; (* array to accumulate characters *)
                                                                          char nm[2]; // array to accumulate characters
  leng: NAMESIZE; (* length of name *)
                                                                          nm[0] = tokstring[0] = 0;
begin
 if isNumber(pos) then (* parse a number *)
                                                                          if (isNumber(pos)) // parse a number
  begin
    numval := parseVal;
                                                                             numval = parseVal(); // set tokstring, tokleng
    toksy := numsy
                                                                             toksy = numsy;
                                                                          }
   end
 else if (userinput[pos] = ':') and (userinput[pos+1] = '=') then
                                                                          else if (userinput[pos] == ':' && userinput[pos+1] == '=')
  (* parse an assignment *)
                                                                          // parse an assignment
   beain
    leng := 2;
                                                                             tokleng = 2;
     nm[1] := ':';
                                                                             nm[0] = tokstring[0] = ':';
     nm[2] := '=';
                                                                             nm[1] = tokstring[1] = '=';
                                                                             nm[2] = tokstring[2] = 0;
     tokleng := leng;
     tokstring[1] := ':';
     tokstring[2] := '=';
     pos := pos + 2;
                                                                             pos = pos + 2;
     for leng := leng+1 to NAMELENG do nm[leng] := ' ';
     pos := skipblanks(pos);
                                                                             pos = skipblanks(pos);
     tokindex := install(nm);
                                                                             tokindex = install(nm); // set toksy
     toksy := toktable[tokindex]
                                                                          }
 else if userinput[pos] in punctop then
                                                                          else if (strchr(punctop, userinput[pos]) != NULL)
(* parse single char punct or operator *)
                                                                          // parse single char punctuation or operator
   begin
    leng := 1;
                                                                             tokleng = 1;
                                                                             nm[0] = tokstring[0] = userinput[pos];
     nm[1] := userinput[pos];
                                                                             nm[1] = tokstring[1] = 0; // null terminate 1 char string
     tokleng := leng;
     tokstring[1] := userinput[pos];
    pos := pos + 1;
                                                                             pos = pos + 1;
     for leng := leng+1 to NAMELENG do nm[leng] := ' ';
     pos := skipblanks(pos);
                                                                             pos = skipblanks(pos);
    tokindex := install(nm);
                                                                             tokindex = install(nm); // set toksy
     toksy := toktable[tokindex]
   end
                                                                          else // else assume it is a name
 else (* else parse a name *)
   tokindex := parseName
                                                                             tokindex = parseName(); // set toksy, tokstring, tokleng
end; (* getToken *)
                                                                       } // getToken
(* change nameidsy to funidsy or vice versa *)
                                                                       // mutate - Change type of toksy in toktable to newtype.
                                                                       // This function is currently used to redefine a variable name (nameidsy)
                                                                       // as a function name (funidsy)
                                                                       void mutate (TOKEN newtype)
procedure mutate(newtype:token);
begin
 if (toksy <> nameidsy) and (toksy <> funidsy) then
                                                                          if (toksy != nameidsy && toksy != funidsy)
                                                                             errmsg(err no name3, null str, null int);
    write('mutate: found ');
    writeTokenString;
```

```
writeln(' where nameid or funid is expected.');
    goto 99
   end
 else
                                                                           else
   toktable[tokindex] := newtype
                                                                              toktable[tokindex] = toksy = newtype;
end; (* of mutate *)
                                                                        } // of mutate
(* match the expected token t and get next one.
                                                                        // match - If the expected token t matches the current one in toksy
Explanation: If the expected token t matches the current one in toksy //
                                                                                   then call getToken() to get the next toksy
then call getToken to return the next token from userinput in toksy *) //
                                                                                   else print mismatch error
procedure match (t:token);
                                                                        void match (TOKEN t)
begin
  if toksy = t then
                                                                            if (toksy == t)
    getToken
                                                                               getToken();
  else
                                                                            else
    begin
                                                                               errmsg(err mismatch, null str, t);
     write('Error in match. Found ');
                                                                        } // match
     writeTokenString;
     write(' where ');
     writeTokenName(t);
     writeln(' is expected.');
     goto 99
    end;
end; (* of match *)
(* parse parameters of a fundef *)
                                                                        // parse parameters of a function definition
function parseParams:NAMELIST;
                                                                       NAMELIST parseParams()
var
  nm:NAME:
                                                                           NAME nm:
 nl:NAMELIST;
                                                                           NAMELIST nl;
begin
  CASE toksy of
                                                                           switch (toksy)
                                                                                               // end of list, return null
    rparsy: parseParams := nil;
                                                                              case rparsy:
                                                                                 nl = 0;
                                                                                 break:
    nameidsy: begin
                                                                              case nameidsy:
             nm:=tokindex;
                                                                                 nm = tokindex;
             match (nameidsy);
                                                                                 match (nameidsy);
             if toksy = comsy then
                                                                                  if (toksy == comsy) // recursively parse remainder of list
               begin
                match (comsy);
                                                                                     match (comsy);
                                                                                     nl = parseParams();
                nl:=parseParams
               end
             else
                                                                                  else
                                                                                     nl = 0;
               nl:=nil;
                                                                                  nl = mkNamelist(nm, nl);
             parseParams := MkNamelist(nm,nl)
           end:
                                                                                 break:
    otherwise;
                                                                              default:
                                                                                  errmsg(err arglist, null str, null int);
       errmsq(1)
  end
                                                                                 break;
end; (* of parseParams *)
                                                                           return nl:
                                                                        } // parseParams
function parseExpr:EXP;forward;
                                                                       EXP parseExpr(void); //forward declaration
```

```
(* parseDef - parse function definition at userinput[pos]
function parseDef:NAME;
var
  fname: NAME;
                  (* function name *)
 nl: NAMELIST;
                   (* formal parameters *)
 e: EXP;
                   (* body *)
begin
 match(funsy);
 mutate(funidsy);
  fname := tokindex;
  CASE toksy of
   nameidsy:match(nameidsy);
   funidsy:match(funidsy);
   otherwise:
     errmsq(2)
  end;
  match(lparsy);
  nl := parseParams;
 match (rparsy);
 match (assignsy);
 e := parseExpr;
 match(nufsy);
 newDef(fname, nl, e);
  parseDef := fname
end; (* parseDef *)
(* parse arguments of a function call *)
function parseArgs:EXPLIST;
var
 ex:EXP;
 eL:EXPLIST;
begin
 if toksy = rparsy then
  parseArgs := nil
 else
  begin
    ex:=parseExpr;
    if toksy = comsy then
      begin
       match (comsy);
       eL := parseArgs
      end
    else
      eL := nil;
    parseArgs := mkEXPLIST(ex,eL)
   end
```

```
// parseDef - parse function definition at userinput[pos]
// syntax: fun fun name(arglist):=eL nuf
NAME parseDef()
    NAME fname;
                   // function name
    NAMELIST nl;
                    // formal parameters
    EXP e;
                    // body
    match(funsy);    // match "fun" and get next toksy
    switch (toksy) // match name
       case nameidsy:
         mutate(funidsy); // set type to funidsy & do case funidsy
       case funidsy:
          fname = tokindex; // save name index for use below
         match(funidsy);
         break;
       default:
         errmsg(err function, null str, null int);
    match(lparsy);
    nl = parseParams();
    match (rparsy);
    match(assignsy);
    e = parseExpr();
    match(nufsy);
    newDef(fname, nl, e);
    return fname;
} // parseDef
// parse arguments of a function call
EXPLIST parseArgs()
   EXP e;
   EXPLIST eL;
   if (toksy == rparsy) // RPAREN marks end of arg list
      return 0;
   else
      e = parseExpr();
      if (toksy == comsy) // recursively parse rest of arg list
         match (comsy);
          eL = parseArgs();
      else
          eL = 0;
      return mkExplist(e,eL);
```

```
end; (* of parseArgs *)
                                                                         } // parseArgs
(* parse a function call *)
                                                                         // parse function call
                                                                         // syntax: f(e1,e2, . . . , en)
function parseCall:EXP;
                                                                         EXP parseCall()
var
 eL:EXPLIST;
                                                                            EXPLIST eL;
 nm:NAME;
                                                                            NAME nm:
begin
 nm:=tokindex:
                                                                            nm = t.okindex:
 match(funidsy);
                                                                            match (funidsy);
 match(lparsy);
                                                                            match(lparsy);
 eL := parseArgs;
                                                                            eL = parseArgs();
                                                                            match (rparsy);
 match (rparsy);
 parseCall := mkAPEXP(nm,eL)
                                                                            return mkAPEXP(nm,eL);
end; (* parseCall *)
                                                                         } /* parseCall */
(* parse an expression list separated by semicolons *)
                                                                         // parseExplist - parse expression list
function parseEL: EXPLIST;
                                                                         EXPLIST parseExplist()
var
 ex:EXP;
                                                                            EXP e:
 eL:EXPLIST;
                                                                            EXPLIST eL;
begin
 ex:=parseExpr;
                                                                            e = parseExpr();
 if toksy = semsy then
                                                                            if (toksy == semsy)
  begin
                                                                            {
    match (semsy);
                                                                               match (semsy);
    eL := parseEL
                                                                               eL = parseExplist();
   end
 else
                                                                            else
   eL := nil;
                                                                               eL = 0:
 parseEL := mkExplist(ex,eL)
                                                                            return mkExplist(e,eL);
end; (* parseEL *)
                                                                         } // parseExplist
(* parse an if expression *)
                                                                         // parse if expression
                                                                         // syntax: if e1 then e2 else e3 fi
function parseIf:EXP;
                                                                         EXP parseIf()
var
                                                                            EXP e1, e2, e3;
 e1,e2,e3:EXP;
 eL:EXPLIST;
                                                                            EXPLIST eL;
 nm:NAME;
                                                                            NAME nm;
begin
 nm := tokindex:
                                                                            nm = tokindex;
                                                                            match(ifsy);
 match (ifsv);
 e1 := parseExpr;
                                                                            e1 = parseExpr();
 match (thensy);
                                                                            match (thensy);
 e2 := parseExpr;
                                                                            e2 = parseExpr();
 match (elsesy);
                                                                            match (elsesy);
 e3 := parseExpr;
                                                                            e3 = parseExpr();
 match (fisy);
                                                                            match (fisy);
 eL := mkExplist(e3, nil);
                                                                            eL = mkExplist(e3,0);
 eL := mkExplist(e2,eL);
                                                                            eL = mkExplist(e2,eL);
 eL := mkExplist(e1,eL);
                                                                            eL = mkExplist(e1,eL);
 parseIf := mkAPEXP(nm,eL)
                                                                            return mkAPEXP(nm,eL);
end; (* parseIf *)
                                                                         } // parseIf
```

```
(* parse a while expression *)
                                                                          // parse while expression
                                                                          // syntax: while e1 do e2 od
function parseWhile: EXP;
                                                                          EXP parseWhile()
var
 e1,e2:EXP;
                                                                             EXP e1,e2;
 eL:EXPLIST;
                                                                             EXPLIST eL;
 nm:NAME;
                                                                             NAME nm:
beain
 nm := tokindex;
                                                                             nm = t.okindex:
 match (whilesy);
                                                                             match (whilesy);
 e1 := parseExpr;
                                                                             e1 = parseExpr();
 match (dosv);
                                                                             match (dosv);
 e2 := parseExpr;
                                                                             e2 = parseExpr();
 match (odsy);
                                                                             match (odsv);
 eL := mkExplist(e2,nil);
                                                                           eL = mkExplist(e2,0);
 eL := mkExplist(e1,eL);
                                                                           eL = mkExplist(e1,eL);
 parseWhile := mkAPEXP(nm,eL)
                                                                             return mkAPEXP(nm,eL);
end; (* parseWhile *)
                                                                          } // parseWhile
(* parse a sequence expression *)
                                                                          // parse sequence expression
                                                                          EXP parseSeq()
function parseSeq:EXP;
var
 eL:EXPLIST:
                                                                             EXPLIST el:
 nm:NAME:
                                                                             NAME nm:
beain
 nm := tokindex:
                                                                             nm = t.okindex:
 match (segsy);
                                                                             match (segsy);
 eL := parseEL;
                                                                             eL = parseExplist();
 match (gessy);
                                                                             match (gessy);
 parseSeg := mkAPEXP(nm,eL)
                                                                             return mkAPEXP(nm,eL);
end; (* parseSeq *)
                                                                          } // parseSeq
  The following functions (parseExpl through parseExp6) implement the
                                                                             The following functions (parseExp1 through parseExp6) implement the
  following grammar rules.
                                                                             following grammar rules.
  exp1 \rightarrow exp2 [ := exp1 ]*
                                                                             exp1 \rightarrow exp2 [ := exp1 ]*
  exp2 \rightarrow [prtop] exp3
                                                                             exp2 \rightarrow [prtop] exp3
  exp3 \rightarrow exp4 [ relop exp4 ]*
                                                                             exp3 \rightarrow exp4 [ relop exp4 ]*
  exp4 \rightarrow exp5 [addop exp5]*
                                                                             exp4 \rightarrow exp5 [ addop exp5 ]*
  exp5 \rightarrow [addop] exp6 [mulop exp6]*
                                                                             exp5 \rightarrow [addop] exp6 [mulop exp6]*
  exp6 -→ name | integer | funcall | (expr)
                                                                             exp6 -→ name | integer | funcall | ( expr )
  The recursive structure of these rules yields the following list from
                                                                             The recursive structure of these rules yields the following precedence
  lowest to highest precedence:
                                                                             from lowest to highest:
    :=
    prtop
                                                                              prtop
    relop
                                                                              relop
    addop
                                                                              addop
    unary addop, mulop
                                                                              unary addop, mulop
    variable name, integer, function call, expression in parentheses
                                                                              variable name, integer, function call, expression in parentheses
  Since the functions call each other recursively, they are implemented
                                                                             Since the functions call each other recursively, they are implemented
  in reverse order below to avoid forward declarations.
                                                                             in reverse order below to avoid forward declarations.
```

```
(* parse var name, integer, function call, parenthesized expression *) // parse variable name, integer, parenthesized expr, function call
function parseExp6:EXP;
                                                                        EXP parseExp6()
var
    ex:EXP;
                                                                            EXP ex:
                                                                            NAME varnm;
 varnm: NAME:
   num: NUMBER;
                                                                            NUMBER num;
begin
 case toksy of
                                                                            switch (toksy)
   nameidsy:begin
                                                                               case nameidsy:
           varnm:=tokindex;
                                                                                  varnm = tokindex;
           match (nameidsy);
                                                                                  match (nameidsy);
           ex:=mkVAREXP(varnm)
                                                                                   ex = mkVAREXP(varnm);
          end:
                                                                                  break:
     numsy:begin
                                                                               case numsy:
           num:=numval;
                                                                                  num = numval;
           match (numsy);
                                                                                  match (numsy);
           ex:=mkVALEXP(num)
                                                                                   ex = mkVALEXP(num);
          end:
                                                                                  break:
    lparsy:begin
                                                                               case lparsy:
           match(lparsy);
                                                                                  match(lparsy);
                                                                                   ex = parseExpr();
           ex:=parseExpr;
           match (rparsy)
                                                                                  match (rparsy);
                                                                                  break;
          end;
   funidsy: ex:=parseCall;
                                                                               case funidsy:
                                                                                  ex = parseCall();
                                                                                  break;
  otherwise;
                                                                               default:
     errmsq(3)
                                                                                   errmsg(err exp6, null str, null int);
                                                                                   break;
 end; (* case *)
 parseExp6 := ex
                     (* return ptr to an expression *)
                                                                            return ex;
                                                                                          // return pointer to expression
end; (* parseExp6 *)
                                                                        } // parseExp6
(* parse unary addop, binary mulop *)
                                                                        // parse unary addop, binary mulop
function parseExp5:EXP;
                                                                        EXP parseExp5()
var
 nm:NAME:
                                                                           NAME nm:
 ex.e1.e2:EXP;
                                                                            EXP ex.e1.e2;
 eL:EXPLIST;
                                                                            EXPLIST eL;
 addop token:token;
                                                                            TOKEN addop token = 0;
 sign: NUMBER;
                                                                            NUMBER sign;
begin
 addop token:=dollarsy; (* Initialize so prior value is not reused.
                            E.g. for -10-7$, after negating 10,
                             7 was incorrectly negated. *)
 if toksy in addops then (* unary + or - *)
                                                                            if (toksy == addsy || toksy == subsy) // unary + or -
  begin
     addop token:=toksy;
                                                                               addop token = toksy;
    match (toksy)
                                                                               match (toksy);
   end:
 e1:=parseExp6;
                                                                            e1 = parseExp6();
```

```
if addop token = subsy then
                                                                           if (addop token == subsy) // unary minus
 (* for unary minus, make an expr to multiply e1 by -1 *)
                                                                               // make an expr to multiply el by -1
   begin
     sign:=-1;
                                                                               sign = -1;
     ex:=mkVALEXP(sign);
                                                                               ex = mkVALEXP(sign);
     eL:=mkExplist(ex,nil);
                                                                              eL = mkExplist(ex, 0);
     eL:=mkExplist(e1,eL);
                                                                              eL = mkExplist(e1,eL);
    nm:=mulsy index;
                                                                              nm = mulsy index;
    e1:=mkAPEXP(nm,eL)
                                                                              e1 = mkAPEXP(nm,eL);
   end;
                                                                           }
 while toksy in mulops do
                                                                           while (toksy == mulsy || toksy == divsy) // binary mulops
   begin
     nm:=tokindex;
                                                                              nm = tokindex;
    match(toktable[nm]);
                                                                              match(toktable[nm]);
     e2:=parseExp6;
                                                                              e2 = parseExp6();
     eL:=mkExplist(e2,nil);
                                                                              eL = mkExplist(e2,0);
    eL:=mkExplist(e1,eL);
                                                                              eL = mkExplist(e1,eL);
    e1:=mkAPEXP(nm,eL)
                                                                              e1 = mkAPEXP(nm,eL);
   end:
                                                                           }
                                                                           return e1;
 parseExp5:=e1;
end; (* parseExp5 *)
                                                                        } // parseExp5
(* parse binary addop *)
                                                                        // parse binary addop
function parseExp4:EXP;
                                                                        EXP parseExp4()
var
 nm:NAME;
                                                                           NAME nm;
 e1,e2:EXP;
                                                                           EXP e1,e2;
 eL:EXPLIST;
                                                                           EXPLIST eL;
begin
                                                                           e1 = parseExp5();
 e1:=parseExp5;
 while toksy in addops do
                                                                           while (toksy == addsy || toksy == subsy)
   beain
     nm:=tokindex:
                                                                              nm = t.okindex:
    match(toktable[nm]);
                                                                              match(toktable[nm]);
    e2:=parseExp5;
                                                                              e2 = parseExp5();
     eL:=mkExplist(e2,nil);
                                                                              eL = mkExplist(e2,0);
     eL:=mkExplist(e1,eL);
                                                                              eL = mkExplist(e1,eL);
    e1:=mkAPEXP(nm,eL)
                                                                              e1 = mkAPEXP(nm,eL);
   end;
 parseExp4:=e1;
                                                                           return el;
end; (* parseExp4 *)
                                                                        } // parseExp4
                                                                        // parse binary relop
(* parse binary relop *)
function parseExp3:EXP;
                                                                        EXP parseExp3()
var
 nm:NAME;
                                                                           NAME nm;
 e1,e2:EXP;
                                                                           EXP el.e2:
 eL:EXPLIST;
                                                                           EXPLIST eL;
begin
 e1:=parseExp4;
                                                                           e1 = parseExp4();
 while toksy in relops do
                                                                           while (toksy == lssy || toksy == eqsy || toksy == qtsy)
  begin
     nm:=tokindex;
                                                                              nm = tokindex;
    match(toktable[nm]);
                                                                              match(toktable[nm]);
     e2:=parseExp4;
                                                                               e2 = parseExp4();
```

```
eL:=mkExplist(e2,nil);
                                                                              eL = mkExplist(e2,0);
     eL:=mkExplist(e1,eL);
                                                                              eL = mkExplist(e1,eL);
     e1:=mkAPEXP(nm,eL)
                                                                              e1 = mkAPEXP(nm,eL);
   end:
                                                                           }
 parseExp3:=e1;
                                                                              return e1;
end; (* parseExp3 *)
                                                                        } // parseExp3
(* parse print op *)
                                                                        // parse print op
function parseExp2:EXP;
                                                                        EXP parseExp2()
var
 eL:EXPLIST;
                                                                           EXPLIST eL;
 ex:EXP;
                                                                           EXP ex:
 nm:NAME;
                                                                           NAME nm;
 printflag:boolean;
                                                                           BOOLEAN printflag;
begin
 printflag:=false;
                                                                           printflag = false;
 if toksy = printsy then
                                                                           if (toksy == printsy)
  begin
     printflag:=true;
                                                                              printflag = true;
    nm:=tokindex;
                                                                              nm = tokindex;
                                                                              match (printsy);
    match (printsy)
   end;
 ex:=parseExp3;
                                                                           ex = parseExp3();
 if printflag then
                                                                           if (printflag)
  begin
    eL:=mkExplist(ex,nil);
                                                                              eL = mkExplist(ex, 0);
    parseExp2:=mkAPEXP(nm,eL)
                                                                              return mkAPEXP(nm,eL);
   end
 else
                                                                           else
   parseExp2:=ex;
                                                                              return ex;
end; (* parseExp2 *)
                                                                        } // parseExp2
(* parse assignment *)
                                                                        // parse assign op
function parseExp1:EXP;
                                                                        EXP parseExp1()
var
 eL:EXPLIST:
                                                                           EXPLIST eL:
 ex,e2:EXP;
                                                                           EXP ex, e2;
 nm:NAME;
                                                                           NAME nm;
begin
 ex:=parseExp2;
                                                                           ex = parseExp2();
 while toksy = assignsy do
                                                                           while (toksy == assignsy)
 (* build an assignment expression *)
                                                                           {
   begin
                                                                              // build an assignment expression
    nm:=tokindex;
                                                                              nm = tokindex;
    match(assignsy);
                                                                              match (assignsy);
    if ex^.etype = VAREXP then (* l.h.s. must be a variable *)
                                                                              if (ex->etype == VAREXP) // lhs must be a variable
      begin
        e2:=parseExp1;
                        (* process r.h.s.*)
                                                                                  e2 = parseExp1(); // process rhs
                                                                                  eL = mkExplist(e2,0);
        eL:=mkExplist(e2,nil);
        eL:=mkExplist(ex,eL);
                                                                                  eL = mkExplist(ex,eL);
                                                                                  ex = mkAPEXP(nm,eL);
        ex:=mkAPEXP(nm,eL)
      end
     else (* illegal l.h.s. *)
                                                                              else // illegal lhs
        writeln('parseExp1: left hand side must be a variable');
                                                                                  errmsg(err_not_var, null_str, null int);
        goto 99
```

```
end;
   end; (* of while *)
                                                                          } // while
   parseExp1:=ex
                                                                          return ex;
end; (* parseExp1 *)
                                                                       } // parseExp1
(* parse if, while, seq, expl *)
                                                                       // parse if, while, seq, Exp1
                                                                       EXP parseExpr()
function parseExpr;
var
 ex:EXP;
                                                                          EXP ex;
begin
 case toksy of
                                                                          switch (toksy)
     ifsy: ex:=parseIf;
                                                                             case ifsy:
                                                                                ex = parseIf();
                                                                                break;
   whilesy: ex:=parseWhile;
                                                                             case whilesy:
                                                                                ex = parseWhile();
                                                                                break:
     seqsy: ex:=parseSeq;
                                                                             case segsy:
                                                                                ex = parseSeq();
                                                                                break;
     nameidsy, numsy, subsy, funidsy, printsy, lparsy: ex:=parseExp1;
                                                                             case nameidsy:
                                                                             case numsy:
                                                                             case subsy:
                                                                             case funidsy:
                                                                             case printsy:
                                                                             case lparsy:
                                                                                 ex = parseExpl();
                                                                                break:
   otherwise;
                                                                             default:
     errmsg(4)
                                                                                 errmsg(err expr, null str, null int);
                                                                                break;
                                                                          } // case
 end; (* case *)
 parseExpr:=ex;
                                                                          return ex:
end; (* parseExpr *)
                                                                       } /* parseExpr */
                                                                       //----
                                                                       // ENVIRONMENTS
                   ENVIRONMENTS
                                                                       //----
(* emptyEnv - return an environment with no bindings
                                                                       // emptyEnv - return an environment with no bindings
function emptyEnv: ENV;
                                                                       ENV emptyEnv()
begin
 emptyEnv := mkEnv(nil, nil)
                                                                         return mkEnv(0, 0);
                                                                       } // emptyEnv
end; (* emptyEnv *)
(* bindVar - bind variable nm to value n in environment rho
                                                                       // bindVar - bind variable nm to value n in environment rho
procedure bindVar (nm: NAME; n: NUMBER; rho: ENV);
                                                                       void bindVar (NAME nm, NUMBER n, ENV rho)
begin
 rho^.vars := mkNamelist(nm, rho^.vars);
                                                                          rho->vars = mkNamelist(nm, rho->vars);
 rho^.values := mkValuelist(n, rho^.values)
                                                                          rho->values = mkValuelist(n, rho->values);
                                                                       } // bindVar
end; (* bindVar *)
(* findVar - look up nm in rho
                                                            *)
                                                                       // findVar - look up nm in rho
function findVar (nm: NAME; rho: ENV): VALUELIST;
                                                                       VALUELIST findVar (NAME nm, ENV rho)
var
```

```
nl: NAMELIST;
                                                                          NAMELIST nl;
  vl: VALUELIST;
                                                                          VALUELIST vl;
  found: Boolean;
                                                                          BOOLEAN found;
begin
  found := false;
                                                                          found = false:
  nl := rho^.vars;
                                                                          nl = rho -> vars:
  vl := rho^.values;
                                                                          vl = rho -> values;
  while (nl <> nil) and not found do
                                                                          while (nl != 0 && !found)
    if nl^.head = nm
                                                                             if (nl->head == nm)
    then found := true
                                                                                found = true;
     else begin
                                                                             else
          nl := nl^.tail;
                                                                               nl = nl - > tail;
           vl := vl^.tail
                                                                               vl = vl -> tail;
         end;
                                                                         }
  findVar := vl
                                                                          return vl:
                                                                       } // findVar
end; (* findVar *)
(* assign - assign value n to variable nm in rho
                                                                       // assign - assign value n to variable nm in rho
                                                              *)
procedure assign (nm: NAME; n: NUMBER; rho: ENV);
                                                                      void assign (NAME nm, NUMBER n, ENV rho)
var varloc: VALUELIST;
                                                                         VALUELIST varloc;
begin
 varloc := findVar(nm, rho);
                                                                        varloc = findVar(nm, rho);
 varloc^.head := n
                                                                         varloc->head = n;
end; (* assign *)
                                                                      } // assign
(* fetch - return number bound to nm in rho
                                                              *)
                                                                       // fetch - return number bound to nm in rho
function fetch (nm: NAME; rho: ENV): NUMBER;
                                                                      NUMBER fetch (NAME nm, ENV rho)
var vl: VALUELIST;
                                                                         VALUELIST vl;
begin
 vl := findVar(nm, rho);
                                                                        vl = findVar(nm, rho);
 fetch := vl^.head
                                                                        return vl->head;
end; (* fetch *)
                                                                      } // fetch
(* isBound - check if nm is bound in rho
                                                                       // isBound - check if nm is bound in rho
function isBound (nm: NAME; rho: ENV): Boolean;
                                                                      int isBound (NAME nm, ENV rho)
begin
 isBound := findVar(nm, rho) <> nil
                                                                        return findVar(nm, rho) != 0;
end; (* isBound *)
                                                                       } // isBound
                                                                       //----
                                                                       // NUMBERS
                                                                       //----
(* prValue - print number n
                                                                       // prValue - print number n
procedure prValue (n: NUMBER);
                                                                      void prValue (NUMBER n)
begin
                                                                         printf("%ld",n);
 write(n:1)
end; (* prValue *)
(* isTrueVal - return true if n is a true (non-zero) value
function isTrueVal (n: NUMBER): Boolean;
```

```
begin
       isTrueVal := n <> 0
end; (* isTrueVal *)
 (* applyValueOp - apply VALUEOP op to arguments in VALUELIST vl *)
function applyValueOp (op: VALUEOP; v1: VALUELIST): NUMBER;
var n, n1, n2: NUMBER;
 (* arity - return number of arguments expected by op
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    // arity - return number of arguments expected by op
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         *)
        function arity (op: VALUEOP): integer;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    int arity (BUILTINOP op)
       begin
                  if op in [ADDOP .. GTOP]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                if (op >= ADDOP && op <= GTOP)
                  then arity := 2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            return 2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                else
                 else arity := 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            return 1;
       end; (* arity *)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    } // arity
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    void prName(NAME); // forward declaration
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     // applyValueOp - apply operator to arguments in VALUELIST
begin (* applyValueOp *)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    NUMBER applyValueOp (BUILTINOP op, VALUELIST vl)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               NUMBER n, n1, n2;
        if arity(op) <> lengthVL(vl)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                if (arity(op) != lengthVL(vl))
        then begin
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            errmsg(err num args, null str, op);
                                 write('Wrong number of arguments to ');
                                 prName(ord(op)+1);
                                 writeln;
                                 aot.o 99
                       end:
        n1 := vl^.head; (* 1st actual *)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                n1 = vl->head;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                // 1st actual
        if aritv(op) = 2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                if (aritv(op) == 2)
        then n2 := vl^.tail^.head; (* 2nd actual *)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            n2 = vl - \lambda il - \lambda il
        case op of
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                switch (op)
                  ADDOP: n := n1+n2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             case ADDOP:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   n = n1 + n2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     break:
                  SUBOP: n := n1-n2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            case SUBOP:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     n = n1 - n2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    break:
                 MULOP: n := n1*n2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            case MULOP:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     n = n1 * n2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      break;
                  DIVOP: n := n1 div n2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            case DIVOP:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      n = n1 / n2;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     break;
                  EOOP: if n1 = n2 then n := 1 else n := 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            case EOOP:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        if (n1 == n2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    n = 1;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     n = 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         break;
```

```
LTOP: if n1 < n2 then n := 1 else n := 0;
                                                                           case LTOP:
                                                                              if (n1 < n2)
                                                                                 n = 1;
                                                                              else
                                                                                 n = 0:
                                                                              break:
    GTOP: if n1 > n2 then n := 1 else n := 0;
                                                                          case GTOP:
                                                                              if (n1 > n2)
                                                                                 n = 1;
                                                                              else
                                                                                 n = 0:
                                                                              break;
                                                                          case PRINTOP:
    PRINTOP:
                                                                             prValue(n1);
      begin prValue(n1); writeln; n := n1 end
                                                                              printf("\n");
                                                                             n = n1;
                                                                              break;
                                                                           default: // this case should never occur
                                                                              printf("applyValueOp: bad value for op = %d\n", op);
  end; (* case *)
                                                                       } // switch
  applyValueOp := n
                                                                       return n;
                                                                    } // applyValueOp
end; (* applyValueOp *)
                                                                    //----
                  EVALUATION
                                                                    // EVALUATION
*******************
                                                                    //----
(* eval - return value of expression e in local environment rho *)
function eval (e: EXP; rho: ENV): NUMBER;
                                                                    NUMBER eval (EXP, ENV); // forward declaration
var op: BUILTINOP;
(* evalList - evaluate each expression in el
                                                            *)
                                                                    // evalList - evaluate each expression in eL
  function evalList (el: EXPLIST): VALUELIST;
                                                                    VALUELIST evalList (EXPLIST eL, ENV rho)
  var
    h: NUMBER:
                                                                       NUMBER h:
    t: VALUELIST;
                                                                       VALUELIST t;
  beain
                                                                       if (eL == 0)
    if el = nil then evalList := nil
                                                                          return 0;
    else begin
                                                                       else
                                                                       {
           h := eval(el^.head, rho);
                                                                          h = eval(eL->head, rho);
           t := evalList(el^.tail);
                                                                          t = evalList(eL->tail, rho);
           evalList := mkValuelist(h, t)
                                                                          return mkValuelist(h, t);
        end
  end; (* evalList *)
                                                                    } // evalList
(* applyUserFun - look up definition of nm and apply to actuals *)
                                                                    // applyUserFun - look up definition of nm and apply to actuals
  function applyUserFun (nm: NAME; actuals: VALUELIST): NUMBER;
                                                                    NUMBER applyUserFun (NAME nm, VALUELIST actuals)
  var
    f: FUNDEF;
                                                                       FUNDEF f;
    rho: ENV;
                                                                       ENV rho;
  begin
```

```
f := fetchDef(nm);
                                                                          f = fetchDef(nm);
    if f = nil
                                                                          if (f == 0)
    then begin
                                                                             errmsq(err undef func, null str, nm);
          write('Undefined function: ');
          prName(nm);
          writeln;
           goto 99
        end;
    with f' do begin
      if lengthNL(formals) <> lengthVL(actuals)
                                                                          if (lengthNL(f->formals) != lengthVL(actuals))
      then begin
                                                                             errmsg(err num args2, null str, nm);
             write('Wrong number of arguments to: ');
             prName (nm);
             writeln;
             goto 99
           end:
      rho := mkEnv(formals, actuals);
                                                                          rho = mkEnv(f->formals, actuals);
      applyUserFun := eval(body, rho)
                                                                          return eval(f->body, rho);
      end
                                                                       } // applyUserFun
 end; (* applyUserFun *)
(* applyCtrlOp - apply CONTROLOP op to args in rho
                                                               *)
                                                                       // applyCtrlOp - apply CONTROLOP op to args in rho
 function applyCtrlOp (op: CONTROLOP;
                                                                       NUMBER applyCtrlOp (BUILTINOP op, EXPLIST args, ENV rho)
                  args: EXPLIST): NUMBER;
 var n: NUMBER;
                                                                          NUMBER n;
 begin
    with args' do
      case op of
                                                                          switch (op)
        IFOP:
                                                                             case IFOP:
           if isTrueVal(eval(head, rho))
                                                                                 if (eval(args->head, rho))
           then applyCtrlOp := eval(tail^.head, rho)
                                                                                    n = eval(args->tail->head, rho);
           else applyCtrlOp := eval(tail^.tail^.head, rho);
                                                                                    n = eval(args->tail->tail->head, rho);
                                                                                 break;
        WHILEOP:
                                                                             case WHILEOP:
           begin
             n := eval(head, rho);
                                                                                 n = eval(args->head, rho);
             while isTrueVal(n)
                                                                                 while (n)
             do begin
                  n := eval(tail^.head, rho);
                                                                                    n = eval(args->tail->head, rho);
                  n := eval(head, rho)
                                                                                    n = eval(args->head, rho);
                end;
             applyCtrlOp := n
                                                                                 break;
           end;
        ASSIGNOP:
                                                                             case ASSIGNOP:
           begin
             n := eval(tail^.head, rho);
                                                                                 n = eval(args->tail->head, rho);
             if isBound(head^.varble, rho)
                                                                                 if (isBound(args->head->u.varble, rho))
             then assign(head^.varble, n, rho)
                                                                                    assign(args->head->u.varble, n, rho);
             else if isBound(head^.varble, globalEnv)
                                                                                 else if (isBound(args->head->u.varble, globalEnv))
                                                                                     assign(args->head->u.varble, n, globalEnv);
                  then assign(head^.varble, n, globalEnv)
                  else bindVar(head^.varble, n, globalEnv);
                                                                                    bindVar(args->head->u.varble, n, globalEnv);
             applyCtrlOp := n
                                                                                 break;
           end:
```

```
SEQOP:
                                                                               case SEQOP:
           begin
              while args^.tail <> nil do
                begin
                   n := eval(args^.head, rho);
                   args := args^.tail
                 end;
              applyCtrlOp := eval(args^.head, rho)
           end
                                                                               default:
       end (* case and with *)
                                                                           } // switch
                                                                           return n;
  end; (* applyCtrlOp *)
                                                                        } // applyCtrlOp
begin (* eval *)
                                                                           BUILTINOP op;
                                                                           NUMBER n;
  with e' do
     case etype of
       VALEXP:
         eval := num;
                                                                                  break:
       VAREXP:
         if isBound(varble, rho)
         then eval := fetch(varble, rho)
         else if isBound(varble, globalEnv)
             then eval := fetch(varble, globalEnv)
             else begin
                                                                                  else
                   write('Undefined variable: ');
                   prName(varble);
                                                                                  break;
                   writeln;
                   goto 99
                 end;
       APEXP:
                                                                               case APEXP:
         if optr > numBuiltins
         then eval := applyUserFun(optr, evalList(args))
         else begin
                                                                                  else
               op := primOp(optr);
               if op in [IFOP .. SEQOP]
               then eval := applyCtrlOp(op, args)
                 eval:=applyValueOp(op, evalList(args))
             end
                                                                                      else
                                                                                  break;
                                                                               default:
                                                                                  break;
     end; (* case and with *)
                                                                           } // switch
```

```
while (args->tail != 0)
             n = eval(args->head, rho);
             args = args->tail;
          n = eval(args->head, rho); //value of last statement in seq
          printf("applyCtrlOp: bad value for op = %d\n", op);
// eval - return value of expression e in local environment rho
NUMBER eval (EXP e, ENV rho)
   switch (e->etype)
      case VALEXP:
          n = e - > u.num;
      case VAREXP:
          if (isBound(e->u.varble, rho))
             n = fetch(e->u.varble, rho);
          else if (isBound(e->u.varble, globalEnv))
             n = fetch(e->u.varble, globalEnv);
             errmsg(err undef var, null str, e->u.varble);
          op = e->u.ap.optr;
          if (op > numBuiltins-1)
             n = applyUserFun(op, evalList(e->u.ap.args, rho));
             if (op >= firstControlOp && op <= lastControlOp)</pre>
                 n = applyCtrlOp(op, e->u.ap.args, rho);
             else if (op >= firstValueOp && op <= lastValueOp)
                 n = applyValueOp(op, evalList(e->u.ap.args, rho));
                 errmsg(err undef op, null str, op);
          printf("Invalid etype = %d", e->etype);
```

```
return n;
end; (* eval *)
                                                                  } // eval
(***********************
                                                                  //----
                                                                  // READ-EVAL-PRINT LOOP (REPL)
                  READ-EVAL-PRINT LOOP
                                                                  //----
begin (* chapter1 main *)
                                                                  int main (int argc, char **argv)
                                                                     short int error no=0;
  initParse;
  init.Names:
                                                                     initNames();
                                                                     initCmds();
                                                                     initParse();
  globalEnv := emptyEnv;
                                                                     globalEnv = emptyEnv();
                                                                     quittingtime = false;
  quittingtime := false;
                                                                  // Set the jump location for longjmp.
                                                                  // After a parse error, errmsq() displays the error message and does
                                                                  // a longimp to here. The program then continues with the REPL below.
99:
                                                                     if (setjmp(JL99))
                                                                        ;
                                                                  // repeatedly read, parse and evaluate the input
                                                                  // until "quit$" is entered
  while not quittingtime do
                                                                     while (!quittingtime)
   begin
    reader:
                                                                        reader();
    getToken; (* return the first token from userinput in toksy *)
                                                                        getToken();
    if toksy = quitsy then
                                                                        if (toksy == quitsy)
      quittingtime := true
                                                                           quittingtime = true;
    else if toksy = funsy then
                                                                        else if (toksy == funsy)
         begin
           prName(parseDef);
                                                                           prName(parseDef());
           writeln
                                                                           printf("\n\n");
          end
        else
                                                                        else
         begin
           currentExp := parseExpr;
                                                                           currentExp = parseExpr();
           prValue(eval(currentExp, emptyEnv));
                                                                           prValue(eval(currentExp, emptyEnv()));
           writeln
                                                                           printf("\n\n");
         end
   end (* while *)
                                                                     } // while
                                                                     exit (EXIT SUCCESS);
end. (* chapter1 *)
```