

Databases using R

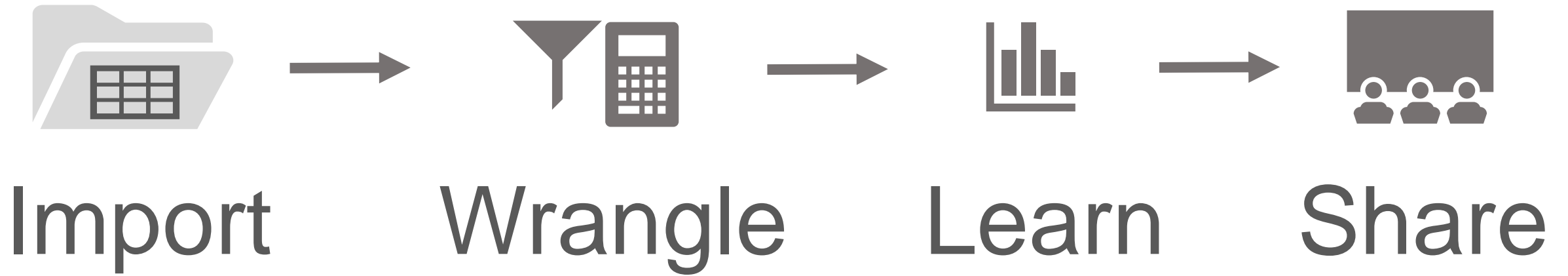
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Typical DS project



Databases vs Flat files

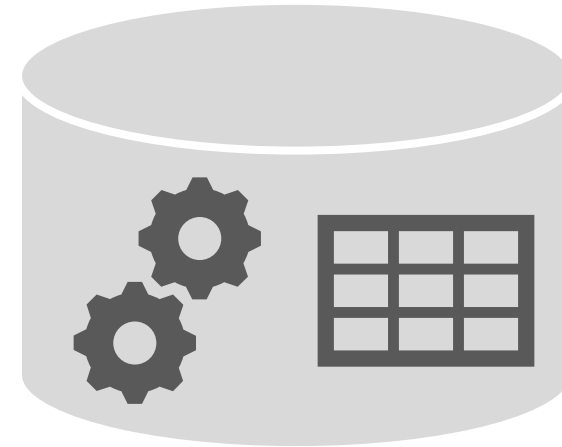
Flat files

Data only

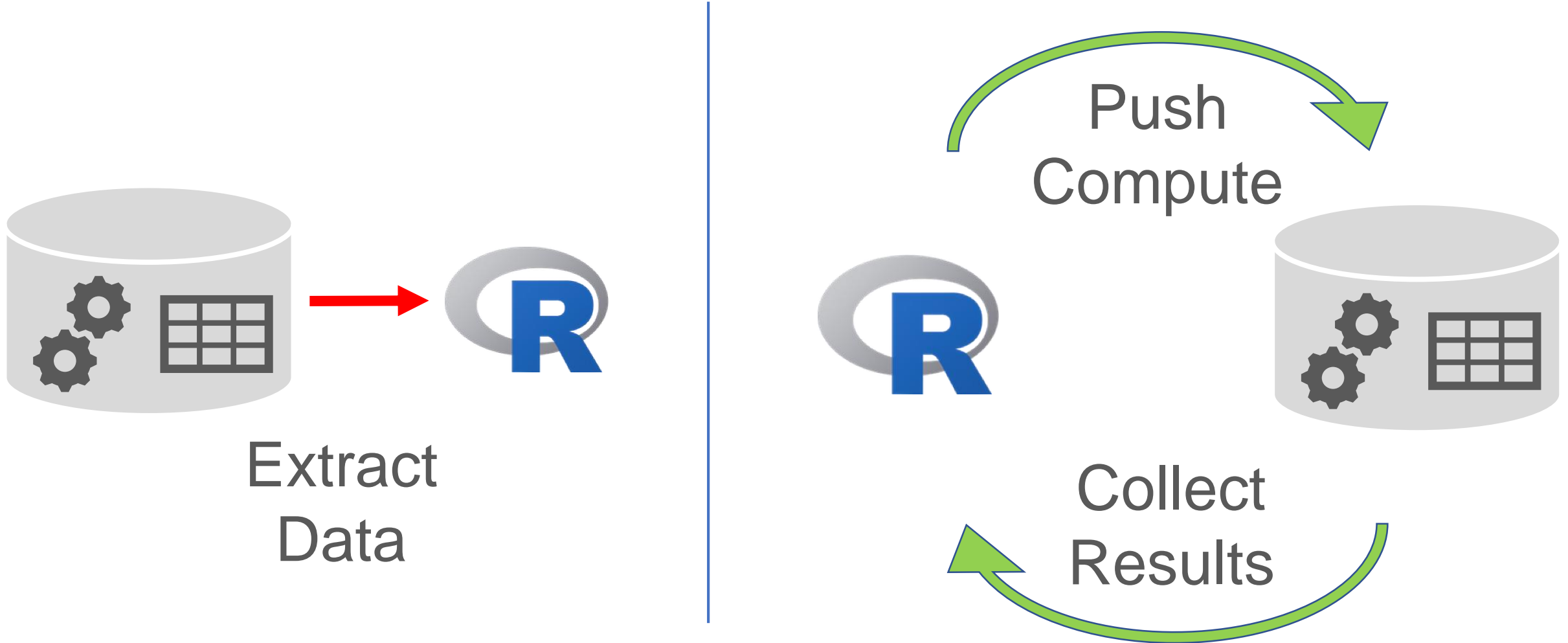


Databases

Data & SQL engine



Wrangle inside the DB



Options to Push Compute

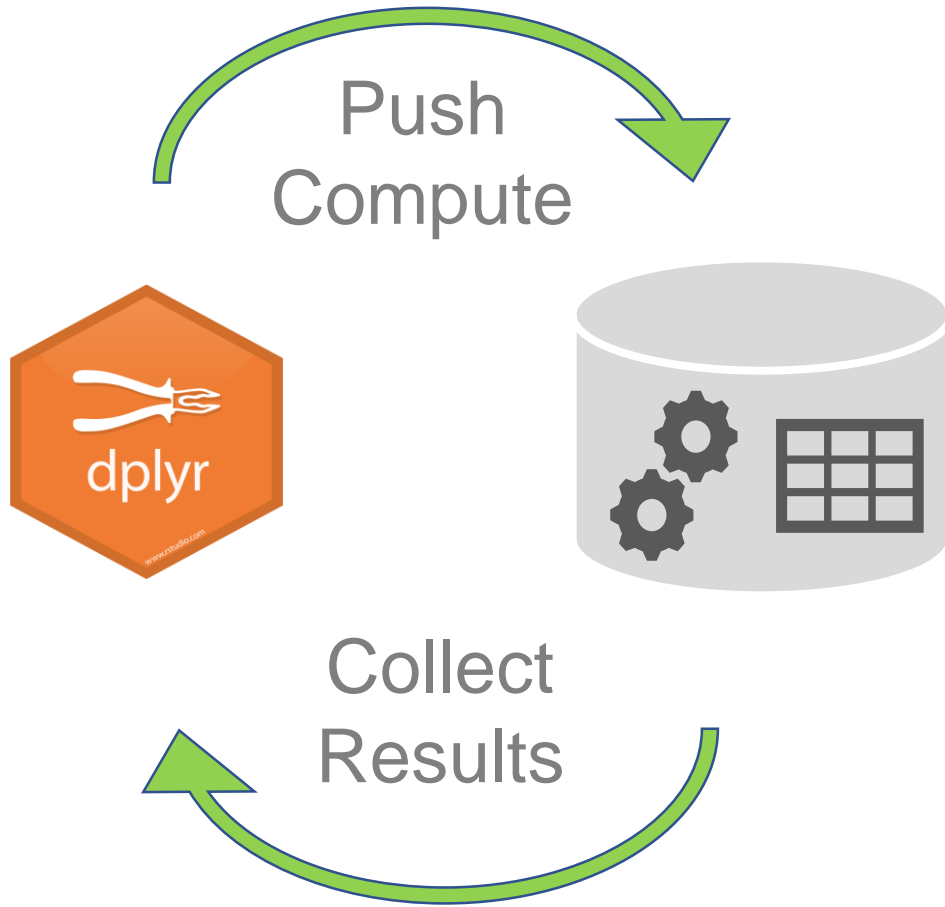
Write SQL statements

```
SELECT "name",  
COUNT(*) AS "n"  
FROM "vwFlights"  
GROUP BY "name"
```

Use dplyr verbs

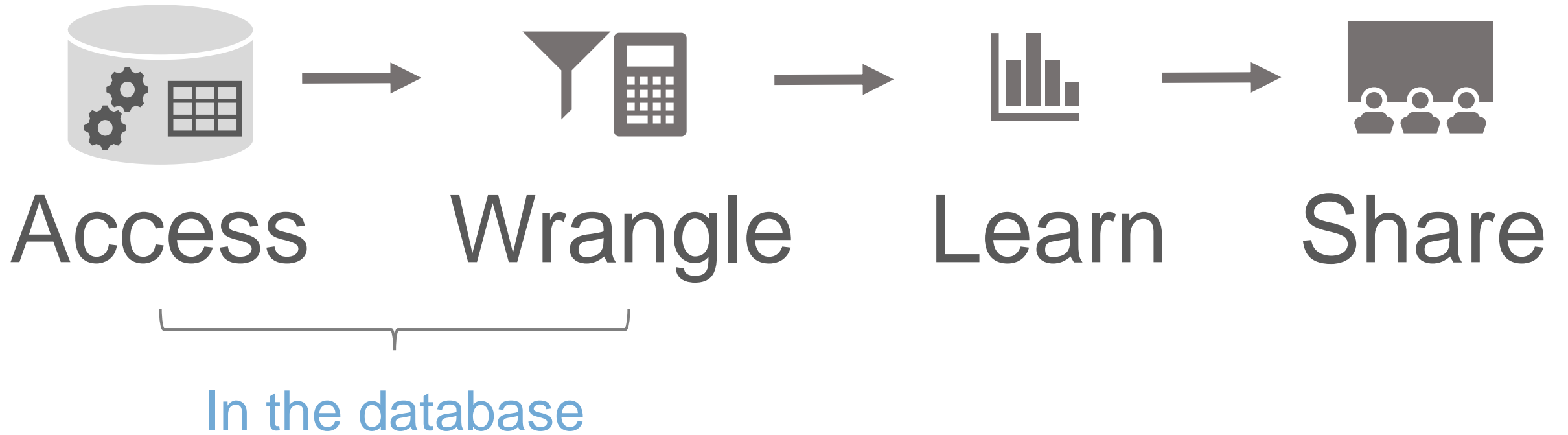
```
flights %>%  
  group_by(name) %>%  
  tally()
```

Advantages



1. dplyr translates to SQL
2. Take advantage of piped code
3. All your code is in R!

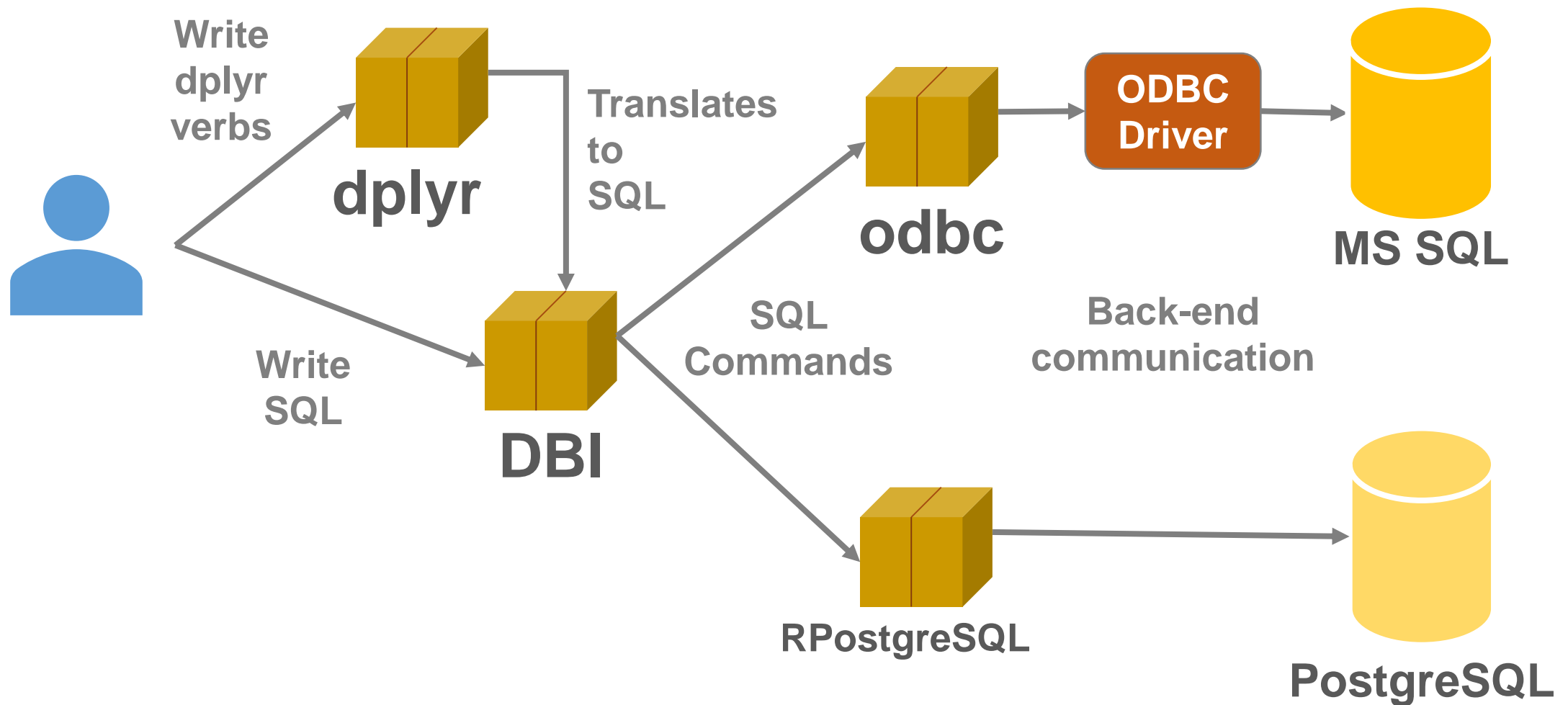
DS project using DBs



Packages

1. **dplyr** – Simplifies data wrangling
2. **dbplyr** – Provides database specific translation
3. **DBI** – Common interface for Databases and R
4. **DB R Package** – Provides a back-end interface for a specific database, such as **RPostgreSQL**
5. **odbc** – Provides a back-end interface to a database using an ODBC driver

Architecture



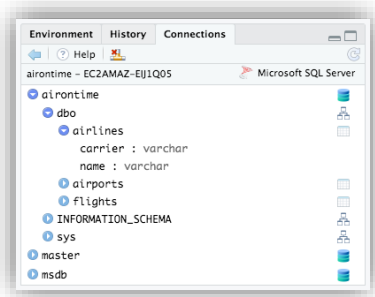
Translations available in *dbplyr*

1. Microsoft SQL Server
2. Oracle
3. Apache Hive
4. Apache Impala
5. PostgreSQL
6. MS Access (GitHub)
7. MariaDB (MySQL)
8. SQLite
9. Amazon Redshift (GitHub)
10. Teradata (GitHub)

How to access a database

1. **R Package** – As implemented by *RPostgreSQL* and others
2. **ODBC** - As implemented in *odbc* package
3. **JDBC** - As implemented in *RJDBC* and other

RStudio's approach to Databases



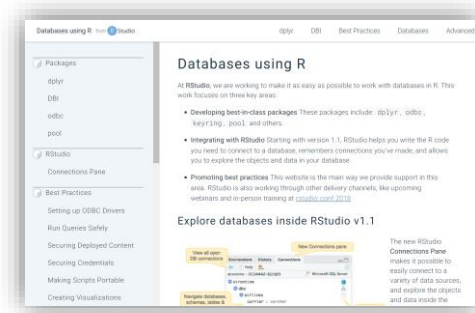
1. RStudio v1.1 Integration

- View databases, schemas, tables, and fields
- Explore data in tables or views
- Remembers connections you've made



2. Utilize best-in-class packages

- dplyr
- odbc
- DBI



3. Promoting best practices

- db.rstudio.com
- Training & presentations
- Blog posts (rviews.rstudio.com)

Links

- Materials: <https://github.com/edgararuiz/odsc-2017>
- DB site: <http://db.rstudio.com/>
- DB posts: <https://rviews.rstudio.com/categories/databases/>