## Numerical Techniques 2024–2025

## Student projects

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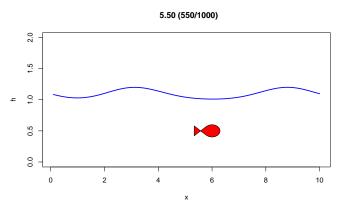
# Starting from a simple model, apply some of the techniques from this course.

#### General remarks:

- no course on Python; no course on complex algebra; ask for help!
- open assignment: no exact solution + discussion is more important than results
- the purpose is you *learn* something
- try to trigger strange/unwanted phenomena, and discuss solutions.
- you can propose a topic yourself.

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## Shallow Water Equations



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### **Shallow Water Equations**

The linearized 1D shallow water equations (SWE) are given by:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + U \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + g \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} = 0$$
$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + H \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + U \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} = 0$$

where g is gravity, U and H are the constant basic-state velocity and water height, and u(x,t) and h(x,t) are the perturbations on the velocity and the water height.

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## Shallow Water Equations

#### The current model is very simple:

- Leapfrog time integration
- Second-order centered space differencing
- Periodic boundary conditions

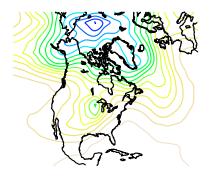
#### Student projects:

- 1. Stagger u and h
- 2. Compare with nonlinear model
- 3. Transform into spectral model with Fourier decomposition
- 4. Transform into spectral model with Chebyshev decomposition
  - J.P. Boyd, Chebyshev and Fourier Spectral Methods
- Study Laplace transform integration
   Clancy and Lynch, 2011, QJRMS 137,
   Laplace transform integration of the shallow-water equations
- 6. Use AI to generate a working python code, either for the full model, or for parts of it (e.g. Runge-Kutta-4 time integration, or 4th-order accurate spatial finite differences)

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## Barotropic Vorticity Equation

6.00 h ( 6/24)



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## Barotropic Vorticity Equation

• The barotropic vorticity equation BVE is given by:

$$\frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial t} + \mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla \zeta = 0$$

where  $\zeta$  is the vorticity, and **u** is the geostrophic wind, given by

$$\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{k} \times \nabla \psi \qquad \qquad \nabla^2 \psi = \zeta$$

ullet Writing everything in terms of the streamfunction  $\psi$ , the BVE becomes

$$\frac{\partial \nabla^2 \psi}{\partial t} + J(\psi, \nabla^2 \psi) = 0$$

where J is the Jacobian operator:

$$J(p,q) = \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} \frac{\partial q}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} \frac{\partial q}{\partial x}$$

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## Some background info

 This model was used for the first numerical weather prediction in 1950 on the ENIAC computer



• A 24-hour forecast took about 24h computing time

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The original (1950) model is characterized by:

- a leapfrog time integration
- second-order centered space differences
- an expensive (pseudo-spectral) way to invert the Laplacian operator
- heuristic boundary conditions:
  - $ightharpoonup rac{\partial \psi}{\partial t}=0$  on boundary
  - $ightharpoonup rac{\partial 
    abla^2 \psi}{\partial t} = 0$  for entering fluid

Due to these boundary conditions and aliasing, the model is not stable.

The student's model is somewhat simplified:

- Spectral inversion of Laplacian
- Periodic boundary conditions
- Coriolis effect removed
- Projection impact removed

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## Improvements (student projects)

General remark: lots of interesting aspects in this model, but you'll have to dig deeper to find them

#### Student projects:

- 7. Semi-Lagrangian scheme
- 8. High-resolution LAM nested in low-resolution LAM (coupling with Davies relaxation)
- 9. Spectral model and avoiding aliasing
- 10. Check energy cascade between large and small scales, and implement Arakawa Jacobian
- 11. Use AI to generate a working python code, either for the full model, or for parts of it

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- Groups of 2/3 persons
- Pick a single topic (e.g. SWE-spectral); post your group + choice on Ufora forum.
- Jupyter notebooks for SWE and BVE on Ufora.
- More detailed background info (papers) on Ufora.
- Support sessions: 2 and 9 December, 17h30-18h45; come prepared!
- Report (say 5-10 pp.): deadline Friday 13 December.
- Presentation for other students: Monday 16 December.

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