

NEXT

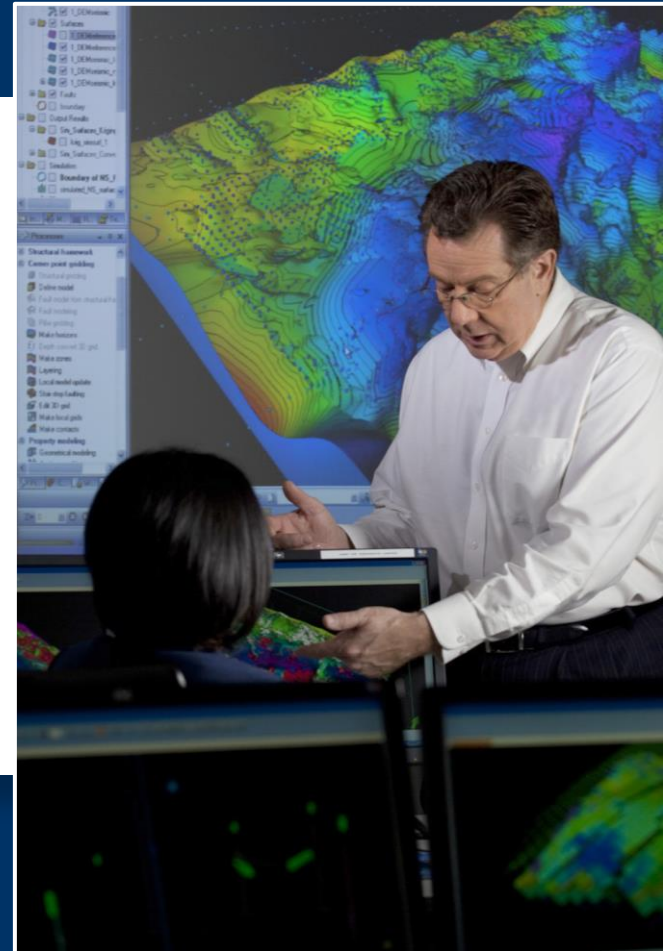
A Schlumberger Company

Petrel Geophysics Module 7: Synthetic seismogram generation



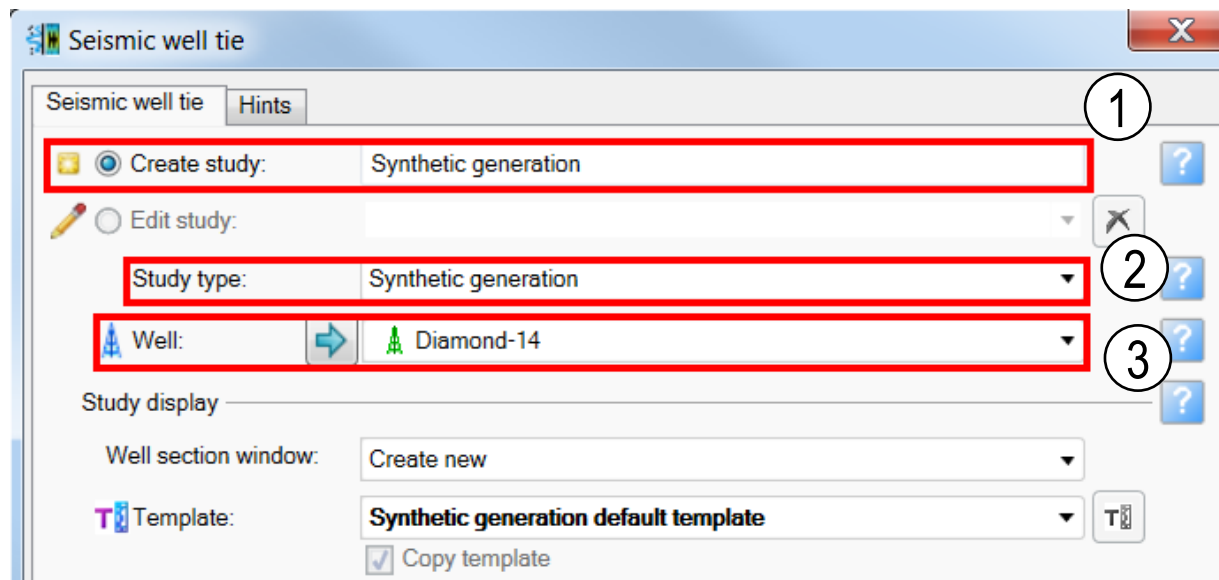
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Lesson 1: Synthetic seismogram generation workflow



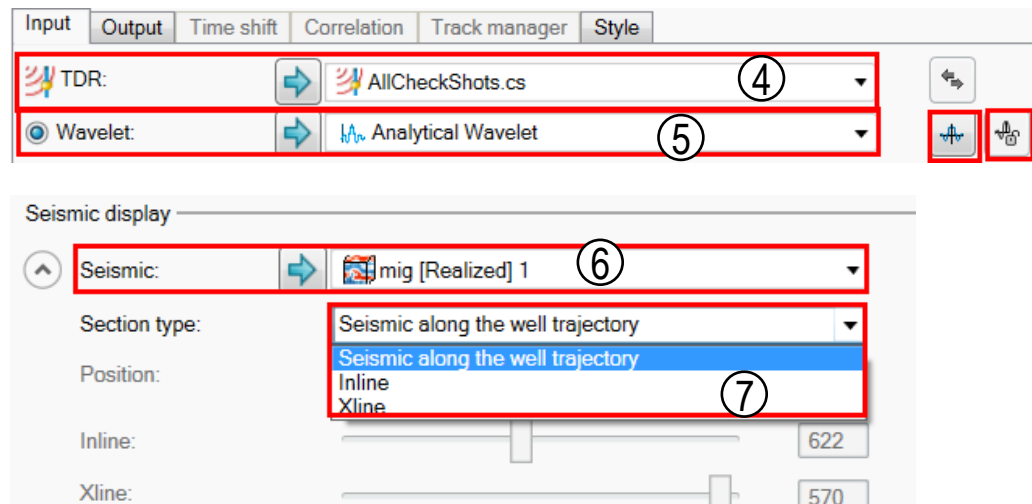
Generate a Synthetic seismogram (1)

1. Create a new study.
2. Select Synthetic generation as Type of study.
3. Select the well.



Generate a Synthetic seismogram (2)



4. Select the time depth relationship i.e. TDR.
5. Drop in an existing wavelet or open the **Wavelet toolbox** to create a new wavelet. After extraction, lock the Input settings associated with the wavelet.
6. Drop in seismic data.
7. Specify the seismic display position.



Generate a Synthetic seismogram (3)

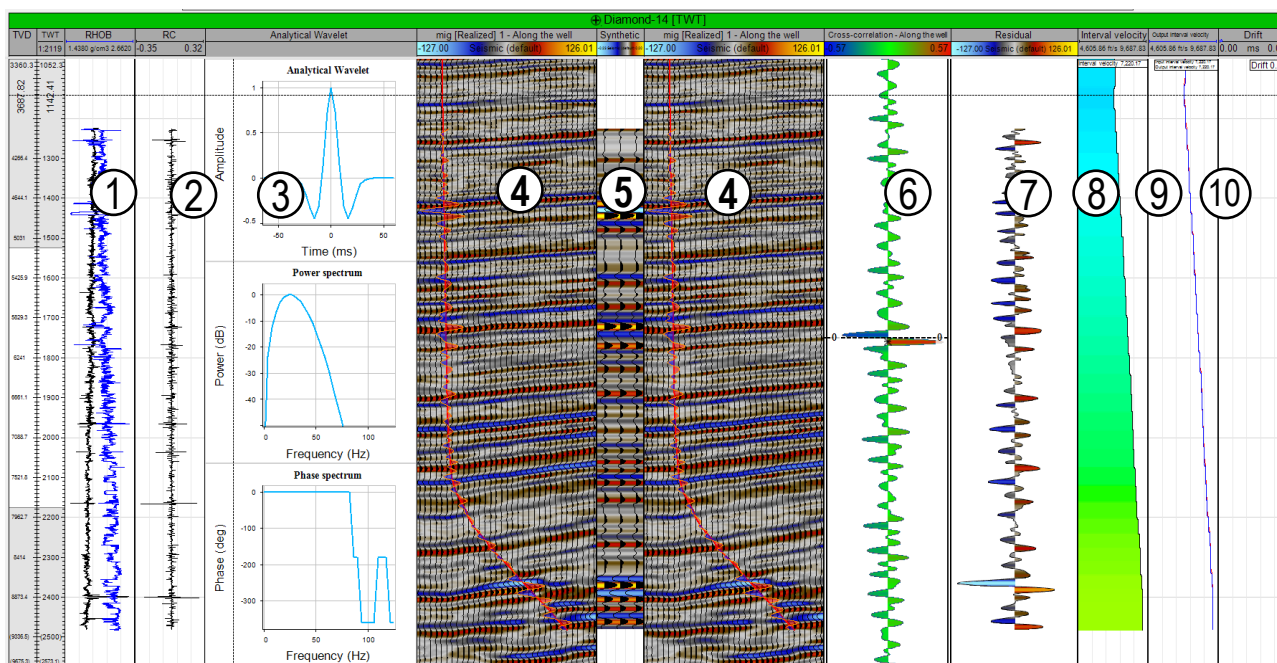
8. Choose a Reflectivity coefficient calculation method and associated input data.

Reflectivity coefficient

RC calculation method:	Sonic velocity and density
Sonic or velocity:	 Δt_p Calibrated sonic log - (Study 1) Diamond-14 Sonic calibration
Density:	 ρ RHOB

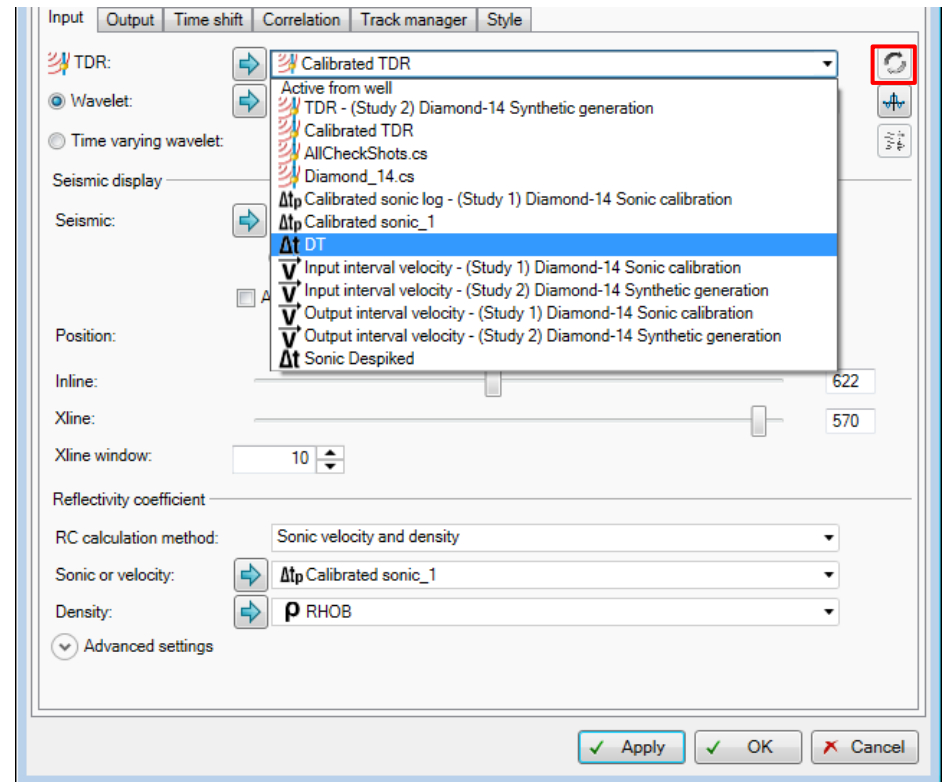
Generate a Synthetic seismogram (4)

9. Click *Apply* on the **Seismic well tie** dialog box. A **Well section** window opens, showing the output result. You can change the default settings of each of the tracks in the **Well section** window.




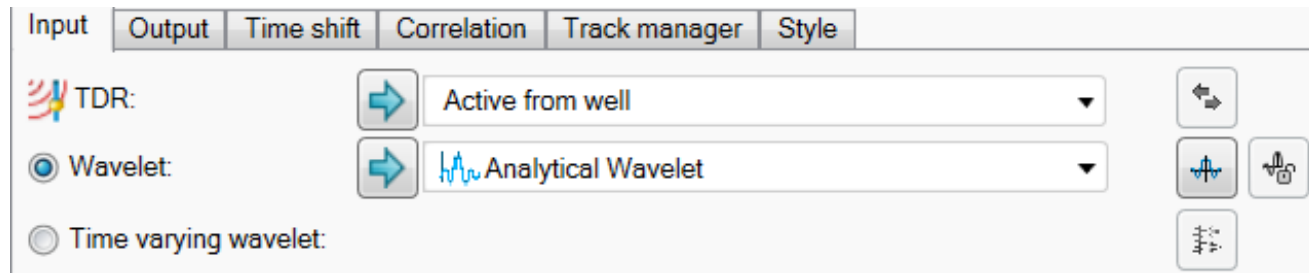
Select TDR input

- Seismic to well tie process is very interactive. You can select many types of TDR as input in the study.
- Any TDR, sonic log, or velocity log contained by the well can be selected as TDR input for the synthetics generation study.



Wavelet

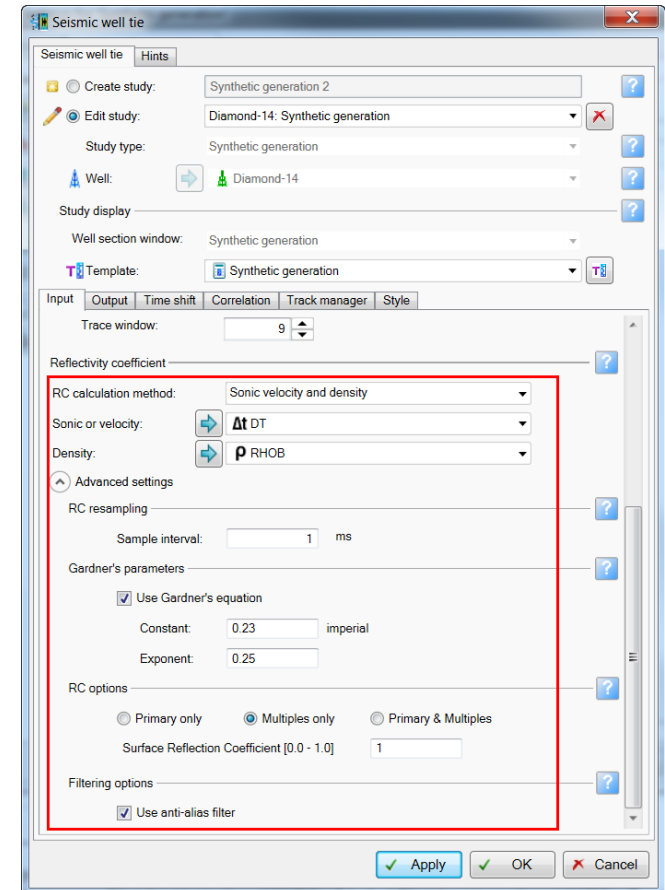
- Insert the wavelet to be convolved with the reflectivity series to create a synthetic seismogram.
- If no wavelet is available in the project, open the wavelet toolbox to create a new one by clicking *Launch wavelet toolbox* .



Reflectivity coefficient calculation

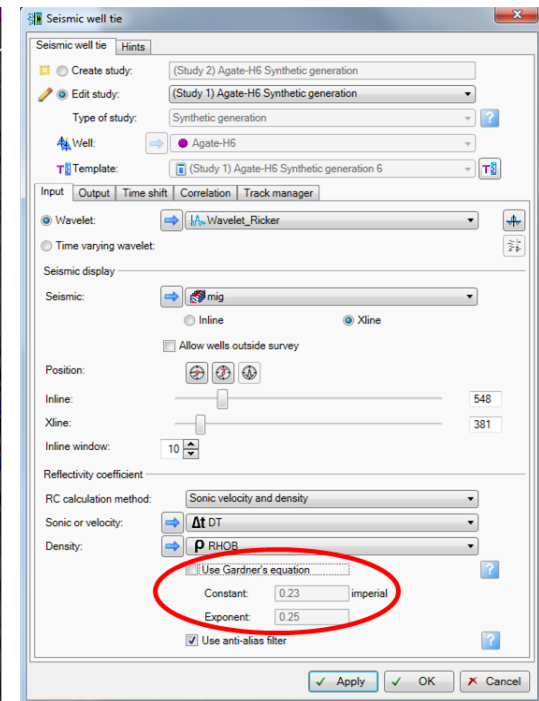
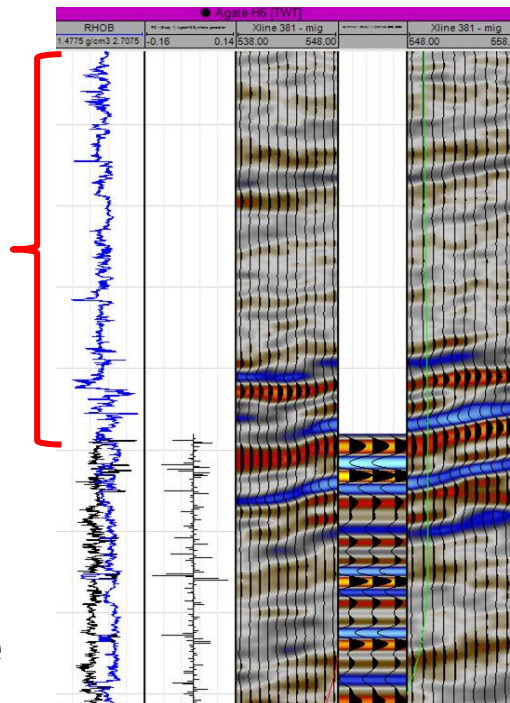
Depending on the availability of data, the Reflectivity coefficient can be calculated using these methods:

- Impedance (AI/ EI/ EEI)
- Sonic and density logs
- Shear
- Porosity
- Aki and Richard PP
- Aki and Richard PS
- Any log



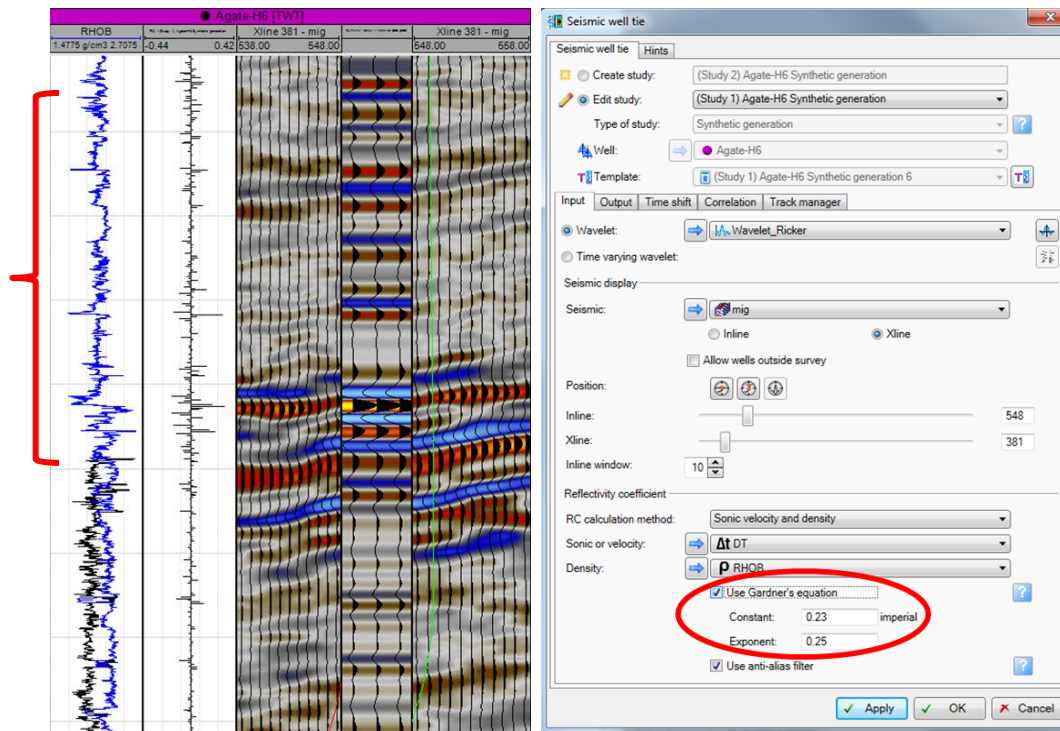
Gardner's patching: Auto-complete reflection coefficient inputs (1)

- On the fly use of Gardner's equation to complete DT or Density log during RC calculation.
- Patch shows missing section of Sonic log for which RC and Synthetic are not calculated.




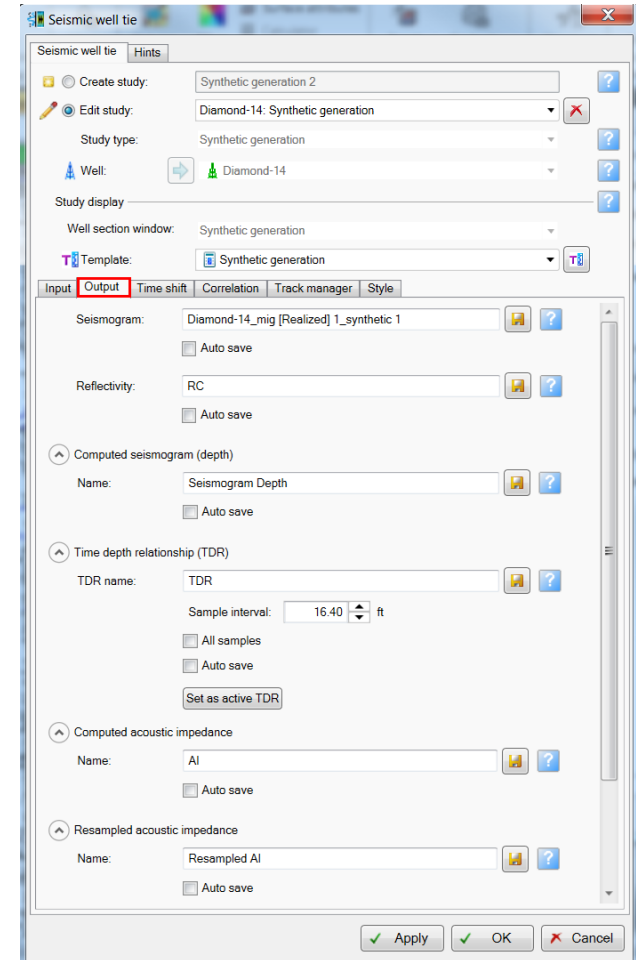
Gardner's patching (2)

The patch shows that RC and Synthetic can be calculated for a missing section of the Sonic log by using the Gardner's equation option.



Output tab

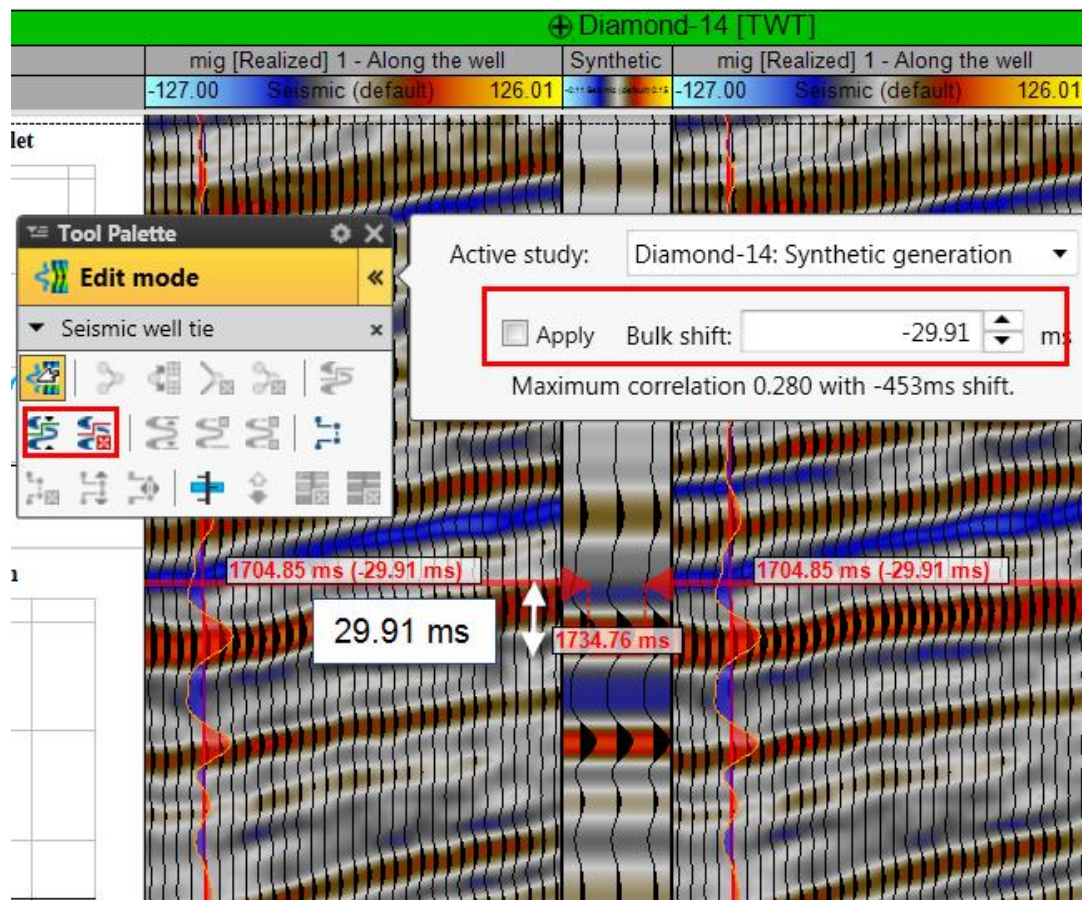
- Use the **Output** tab in the Synthetic generation study to control the output results from the workflow.
- To change the name of any output and save it in the **Input** pane, click **Save** .



Use interactive bulk shift

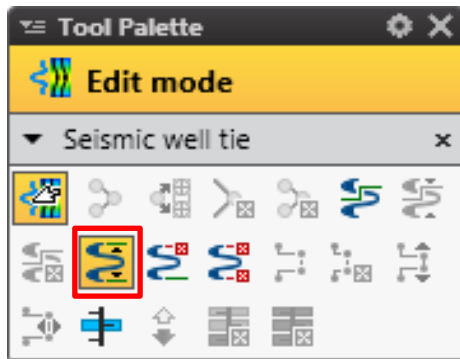
The next step is to do a bulk shift in the synthetic to get a closer match between the synthetics and the seismic.

If the quality of the tie is good enough, a stretch and squeeze will NOT be necessary. (Stretch and squeeze is not recommended as the first approach.)

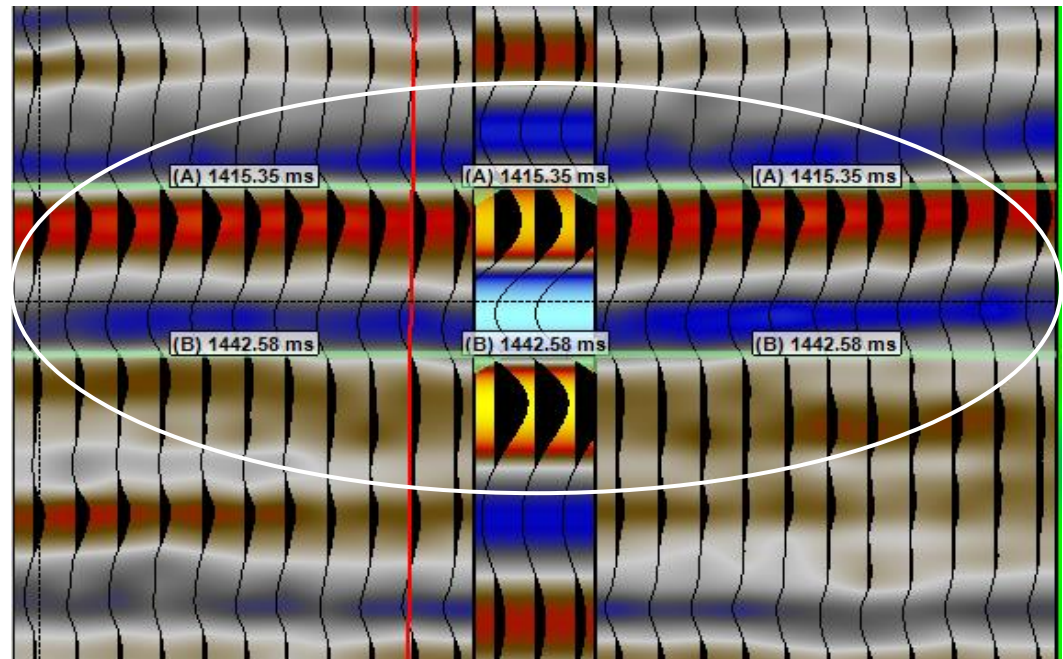


Use continuous alignment

Sometimes, small adjustments must be made to match the synthetics with the seismic after the bulk shift is implemented. To perform these adjustments, use the alignment functionality; the process is interactive.

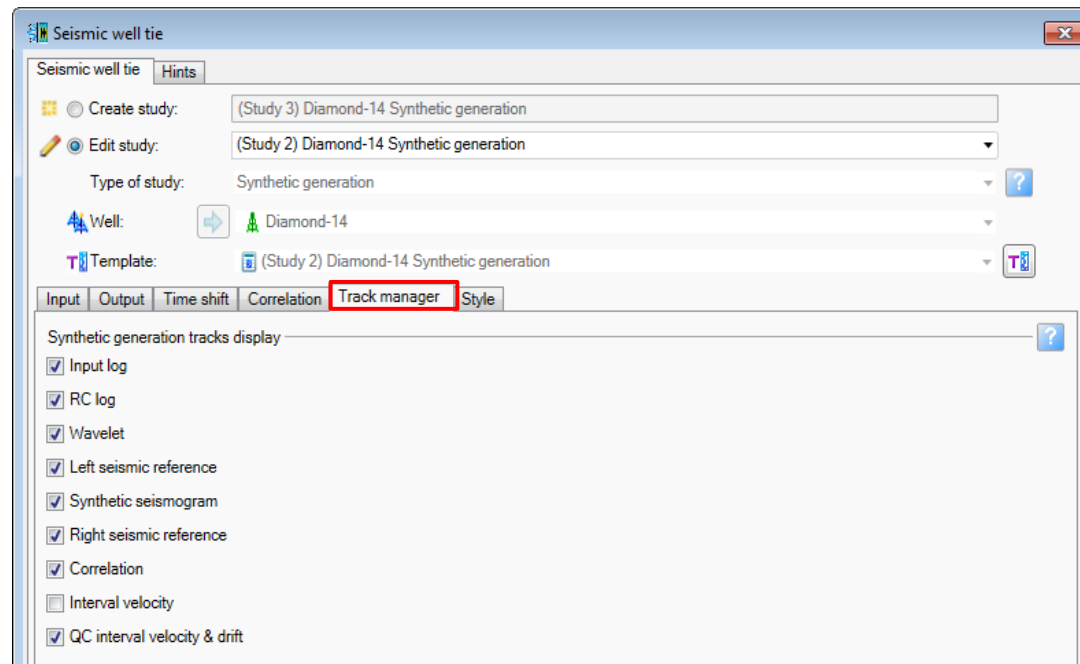


Note: You can add as many alignment points as required.



Track manager

The **Track manager** tab provides a shortcut to help you manage the tracks that you want to display in the study.



Exercises