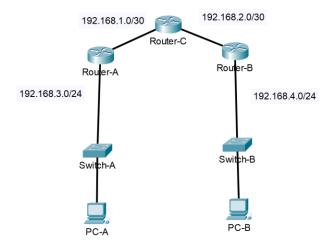
## **NTP Synchronization**

**Objective:** My objective in this virtual-lab was to provide accurate time to a network. Keeping your network synchronized with the same time is just as important as maintaining the availability. If a problem occurs between 2 devices in a workplace during after hours, it is hard to determine at exactly what time the incident took place if both devices have their own clock. Also every device carries thousands of syslog entries, so to match an entry with another entry just calls for trouble. That is why it is important to maintain accurate time on devices to have accurate logs and seamless troubleshooting

Equipment: (2) Cisco 2811, (2) Cisco 2960, PC-A, PC-B, and Cisco Packet Tracer

## **Key Steps:**

- a. Assign the IP addresses to the interfaces respective to their Subnet Network
- b. Ensure to configure OSPF protocols on all routers to ensure full communication between all Subnets
- c. Set the time as UTC time and then configure the time zone for CST which is -6 behind UTC
- d. On Router-C make it the NTP Master with a value of 2 and configure authentication with key #1 and password as David
- e. For Router-A and B configure the NTP server as the IP address of Router-C respective to their Subnet
- f. Authenticate each router with key #1 and password as David
- g. Assign an SVI to Switch-A and B to ensure that the NTP protocol works with the switch as well
- h. For Switch-A and B use the default-gateway of their respective Subnet as the NTP Server



Router C - F070 - 192.162.1.1/30 Royler C- FOII - 192, 168, 2, 1 /30 Royter A- F070 - 192, 168.3.254/24 Router A - FO/1 - 192, 168.1.2/30 Router B - F010 - 192, 188.4.254/29 Router B-FU/1- 192,169.2.2/20 SW-A-SUI - 192,168.3-2/24 SW-B-SUZ-192, 168.4.2/24 186.169.1.05 192.168. ~ 40( F010 191168.41.0/24 192 168,3.0/24 192.168.4.2 192.168.3.2 /8

