**CPP**-Summit 2019

### 全球C++软件技术大会

C++ Development Technology Summit

Boolan



关注"博览Boolan"服务号 发现更多 会议·课程·活动

# class T//data type class Compare = type lass sorted vector Dublic: exti

## What Air Disasters Tell Us About Safety Critical Designs

Sorted\_vector(const compared c

typedef typename std:vector<1>:iterator barator
typedef typename std:vector<1>:const\_iterator.
typevef typename std:vector<1>:const\_iterator.
typevef typename std:vector<1>:const\_iterator.sc

Sorted\_vector&const sorted\_vector&) = default;
Sorted\_vector&&) = default;

sorted\_vector& operator= (const sorted\_vector&) = default; sorted\_vector& operator= (sorted\_vector&&) = default; **MATTHEW BUTLER** 

CPP-SUMMIT • NOVEMBER 2, 2019

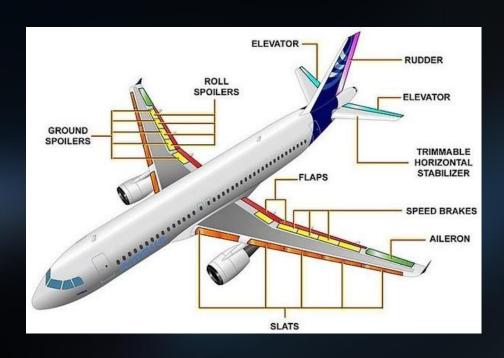
About Me CPP-Summit 2019

- Software architect and security researcher
  - Started with C++ professionally in 1990 (Borland C++ 1.0)
  - C++Now and CppCon staff
  - International conference speaker and trainer
- Areas of expertise:
  - Network and applications security
  - Safety critical systems
  - Real-time data analysis
  - Embedded systems
- Member of the ISO C++ Standards Committee
  - Evolution Working Group (EWG)
  - SG12 Software vulnerabilities and safety critical systems
  - SG14 Low Latency, embedded
  - SG21 Contracts

### The Basics Of Fixed Wing Flight

- Four fundamental forces
  - Thrust
  - Drag
  - Gravity
  - Lift

- Three primary flight control surfaces
  - Rudder (yaw)
  - Elevators (pitch)
  - Ailerons (roll)



### Air Crash Investigations

- Where investigators begin
  - Four corners of the aircraft
  - TFOAs
  - The Flight Data Recorder and Cockpit Voice Recorder

- What they investigate
  - Mechanical & Electrical
  - Aircraft history
  - Pilot training
  - Human factors
  - Weather

### Air France 447

### Air France 447

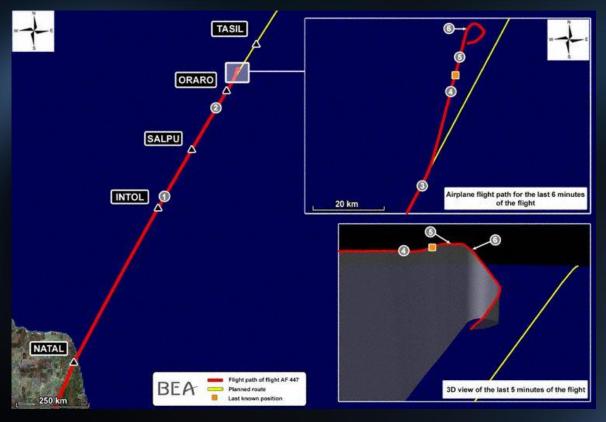
- Overnight flight from Rio de Janeiro to Paris on June 1, 2009
- Airbus A332 with three pilots
- Disappeared over the equatorial mid-Atlantic in a radar dead zone
- The flight data recorder and cockpit voice recorder would be found among the wreckage two years later

All 228 passengers and crew on board were lost

#### CPP-Summit 2019

### Air France 447





### CPP-Summit 2019

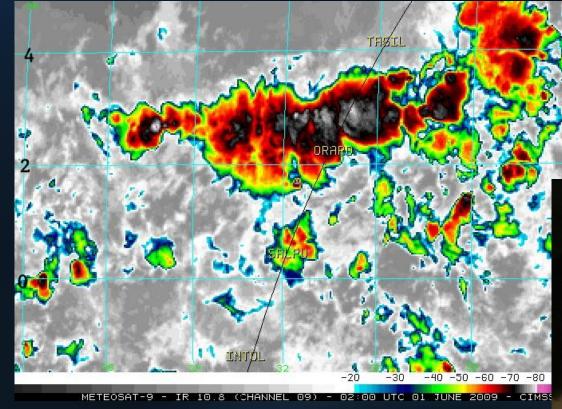
### What Is This Phenomena?



### Air France 447









### Air France 447

- During a storm, at night, with the captain on his rest period
- Super-cooled water froze on all 3 pitot tubes
- Starved of air speed data the autopilot shut down, autothrust shut down...
- Emergent behavior of complex systems
- Pilot error the pilots stalled the jet down to the ocean surface

Time from emergency to impact: 4 minutes

### **User Interfaces**

- "Interfaces should be easy to use correctly and hard to use incorrectly" – Scott Meyers
- Design interfaces for task saturated, highly stressed pilots
- Assume non-optimal conditions
- Synchronize tasking options
- De-clutter human interfaces
- Never surprise the pilots







- 2:10:10 AUTO FLT AP OFF
- 2:10:16 AUTO FLT REAC W/S DET FAULT
- 2:10:23 F/CTL ALTN LAW
- 2:10:29 FLAG ON CAPT PFD SPD LIMIT
- 2:10:41 FLAG ON F/O PFD SPD LIMIT
- 2:10:47 AUTO FLT A/THR OFF
- 2:10:54 NAV TCAS FAULT
- 2:11:00 FLAG ON CAPT PFD FD
- 2:11:15 FLAG ON F/O PFD FD
- 2:11:21 F/CTL RUD TRV LIM FAULT
- 2:11:27 MAINTENANCE STATUS EFCS 2
- 2:11:42 MAINTENANCE STATUS EFCS 1
- 2:11:49 EFCS2 1,EFCS1,AFS,,,,,PROBE-PITOT 1X2 / 2X3 / 1X3 (9DA),HARD
- 2:11:55 EFC\$1 X2,EFC\$2X,,,,,,FCPC2 (2CE2) /WRG:ADIRU1 BUS ADR1-2 TO FCPC2,HARD

- 2:12:10 FLAG ON CAPT PFD FPV
- 2:12:16 FLAG ON F/O PFD FPV
- 2:12:51 NAV ADR DISAGREE
- 2:13:08 ISIS 1,,,,,,ISIS(22FN-10FC) SPEED OR MACH FUNCTION,HARD
- 2:13:14 IR2 1,EFC\$1X,IR1,IR3,,,,ADIRU2 (1FP2),HARD
- 2:13:45 F/CTL PRIM 1 FAULT
- 2:13:51 F/CTL SEC 1 FAULT
- 2:14:14 MAINTENANCE STATUS ADR 2
- 2:14:20 AFS 1,,,,,,FMGEC1(1CA1),INTERMITTENT
- 2:14:26 ADVISORY CABIN VERTICAL SPEED

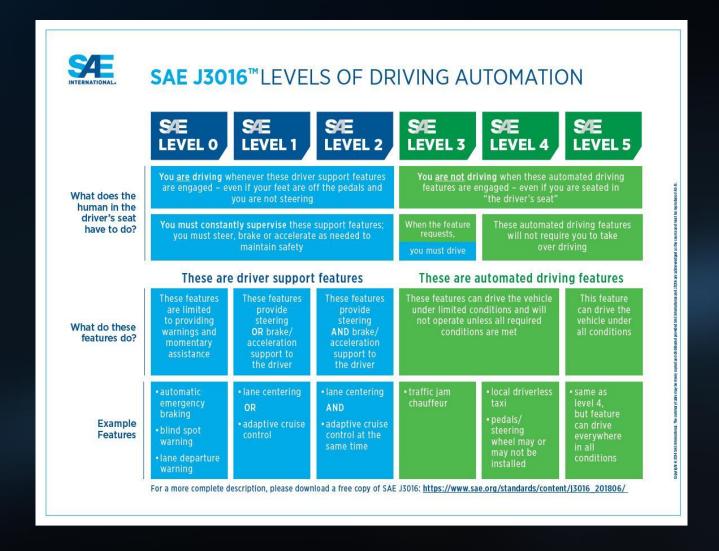
- 2:10:10 **AUTO PILOT OFF**
- 2:10:16 AUTO FLT REAC W/S DET FAULT
- 2:10:23 FLIGHT PROTECTION OFF
- 2:10:29 FLAG ON CAPT PFD SPD LIMIT
- 2:10:41 FLAG ON F/O PFD SPD LIMIT
- 2:10:47 AUTO THROTTLE OFF
- 2:10:54 **TCAS OFF**
- 2:11:00 FLAG ON CAPT PFD FD
- 2:11:15 FLAG ON F/O PFD FD
- 2:11:21 F/CTL RUD TRV LIM FAULT
- 2:11:27 MAINTENANCE STATUS EFCS 2
- 2:11:42 MAINTENANCE STATUS EFCS 1
- 2:11:49 EFCS2 1,EFCS1,AFS,,,,,PROBE-PITOT 1X2 / 2X3 / 1X3 (9DA),HARD
- 2:11:55 EFC\$1 X2,EFC\$2X,,,,,,FCPC2 (2CE2) /WRG:ADIRU1 BUS ADR1-2 TO FCPC2,HARD

- 2:12:10 FLAG ON CAPT PFD FPV
- 2:12:16 FLAG ON F/O PFD FPV
- 2:12:51 NAV ADR DISAGREE
- 2:13:08 ISIS 1,,,,,,ISIS(22FN-10FC) SPEED OR MACH FUNCTION,HARD
- 2:13:14 IR2 1,EFC\$1X,IR1,IR3,,,,ADIRU2 (1FP2),HARD
- 2:13:45 PRIMARY NAVIGATION OFF
- 2:13:51 SECONDARY NAVIGATION OFF
- 2:14:14 MAINTENANCE STATUS ADR 2
- 2:14:20 AFS 1,,,,,,FMGEC1(1CA1),INTERMITTENT
- 2:14:26 VERTICAL SPEED

### **Error Messages**

- "Once the wheels leave the deck, you automatically lose half your brain stem power" – F-18 Pilot
- Make error messages understandable for task saturated, highly stressed pilots
- There is a fine line between terse and unusable
- All messages should point to a solution
- Not all error messages matter at any given time

### **Automation**



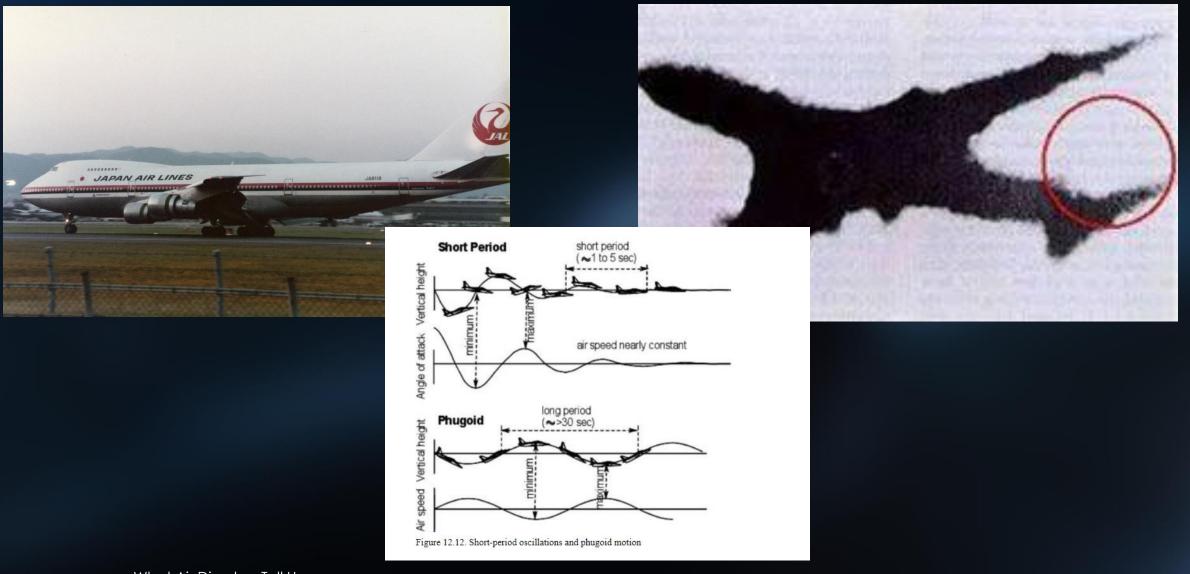
- Don't assume that pilots "fly" the aircraft
- Operating any kind of safety critical system is a perishable skill
- Design for the least experienced pilots
- Never surprise the pilots
- Plan for automation failures
- What is the default action for an automation failure?

### Japan Airlines 123

- Scheduled flight from Tokyo's Haneda Airport to Osaka International Airport on August 12, 1985
- Boeing 747SR
- Sudden decompression twelve minutes into flight
- Put the aircraft into a phugoid cycle
- Crashed into Osutaka Ridge 32 minutes later

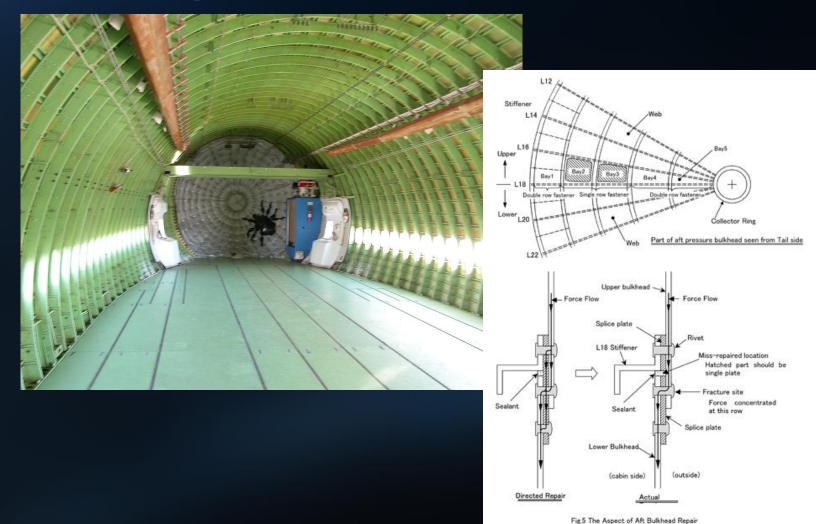
520 dead, 4 survivors

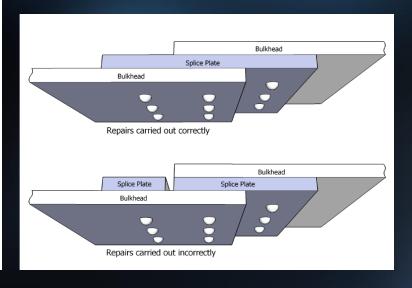
### CPP-Summit 2019



- The aircraft suffered a tail strike 7 years earlier
- Boeing performed the repair on the pressure dome incorrectly
- Hidden defects come out under stress
- The patch failed rupturing the pressure dome, blowing off the rudder and severing all the hydraulic lines
- Bad design all the hydraulic lines meet in the tail with no shut off values

### CPP-Summit 2019





### Fail Safe Designs

- Fail safe designs are planned failures
- Test for modes of failure
- Every failure mode should have at least one backup
- Practice defense in depth
- Actively design to eliminate single points of failure

### Single Points Of Failure

- Single points of failure are not always about mechanical systems
- Synchronization, storage, communications channels all present single points of failure
- What is your plan for mitigating single points of failures?
- What is the one single point of failure you can't mitigate?
- Auditing becomes critical to understanding failure

### Fix It Right The First Time

- Technical debt is the price you pay for cutting corners
- Practice simplicity of design
- Complexity creates emergent behavior
- No design is ever self-documenting
- "Perfect Is The Enemy Of Good"
- When it comes to safety critical designs, "Good Is The Enemy Of Safe"

What Air Disasters Tell Us

What Air Disasters Tell Us
About Safety Critical Designs
© 2019 Matthew Butler All Rights Reserved

- Two crashes of Boeing 737 MAX aircraft 5 months apart
  - Lion Air accident: October 29, 2018
  - Ethiopian Airlines accident: March 10, 2019
- Initially blamed on pilot error
- The aircraft design came under suspicion causing all MAX aircraft to be grounded world-wide

346 dead

- Facing pressure from Airbus, Boeing modified the 737 airframe
- Needed to handle larger, more fuel-efficient engines
- The under carriage of the 737 is too low for larger engines
- Promised customers that their pilots would not need simulator time on the new aircraft
- Delivered the upgrade documentation on a tablet
- Forgot one important "feature"

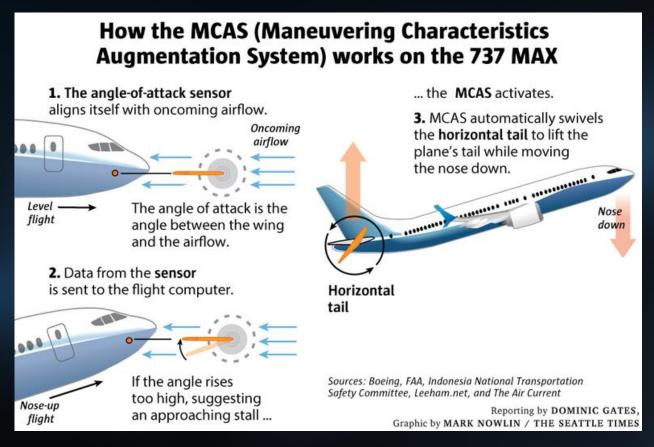
### CPP-Summit 2019





- This forced a re-design of the engine nacelles, raising them and pushing them forward
- The new configuration caused an imbalance in the flight characteristics
- 737 MAX had the habit of pitching up inducing a stall
- So they added the Maneuvering Characteristics Augmentation System (MCAS) system to push the nose back down
- MCAS was not considered a safety of flight risk
- Boeing was allowed to self certify but knew MCAS had problems





- Boeing tried to make an ancient design work with a few mods
- MCAS system had only one Angle-of-Attack (AOA) sensor
- Created a single point of failure
- Pilots were not trained on the new system or told it existed
- Silent systems create emergent behavior
- A software system to fix a hardware problem

### Safety In The Name Of Economics

- Every company "advertises" themselves as safe, secure
- Safety and economics are always in contention
- Treat design flaws as design flaws
- Don't "patch" architectural problems
- It takes courage to admit that the design is inadequate to the job
- Avoid creating a system that fosters an over dependency on automation

### Complexity Is The Enemy

- Complexity breeds emergent behavior
- Vulnerabilities always migrate to complexity
- Make behavior obvious (especially bad behavior)
- Practice simplicity
- Document complexity simply
- Never surprise the pilots

### **Managing Risk**

- There are always risk trade-offs
- No system is 100% safe the world doesn't work that way
- It's the difference between taking risks and taking stupid risks
- Safety critical systems have a special responsibility
- Ask yourself, "would I fly in/ride on/use this..."

- Sometimes you will be asked to do the unthinkable...
- There is never a right reason to do the wrong thing

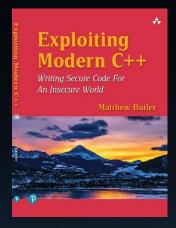
### Final Thoughts

- When in doubt, always give the pilots the last word
- Always give the pilots the tools they need to solve the problem
- Automation is a silent partner but it is only a partner
- Plan for failure
- Remember Occam's Razor
  - "All Other Things Being Equal, The Simplest Answer Is Usually The Right One"
- Never surprise the pilots

### www.maddphysics.com

mbutler@laurellye.com





"Exploiting Modern C++"
Addison-Wesley Professional
Summer, 2020



"Building Highly Dependable Software for Secure and Safety Critical Systems"

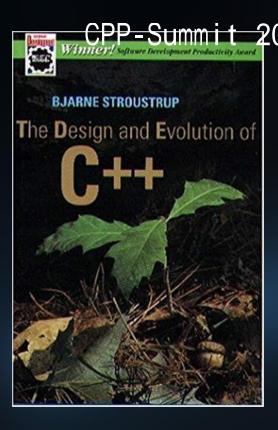
2-day training course

### C++ History

- Bjarne Stroustrup (creator)
  - 1979 Started C with classes at Bell Labs
  - 1982 Evolved from C with classes into C++
  - 1985 Published "The C++ Programming Language"

#### Releases

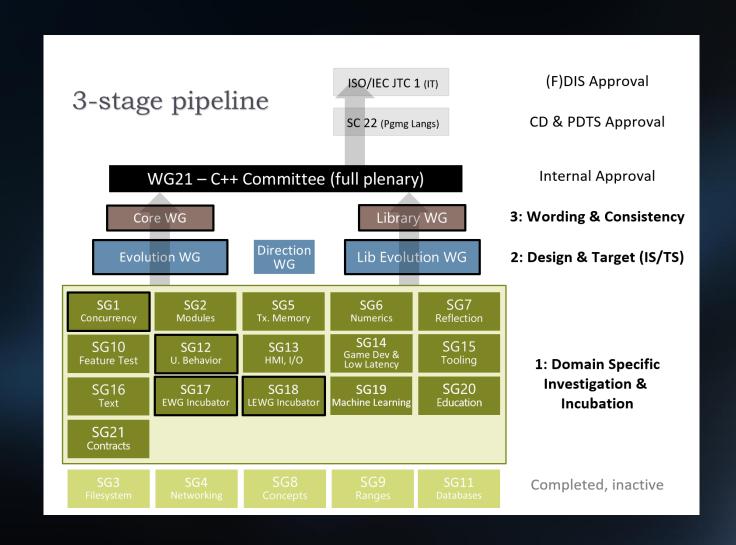
- 1985 First implementation of C++ released
- 1989 C++ 2.0 released
- 1998 C++98 released as the first standard
- 2003 C++03 released as a minor update
- 2011 C++11 (Modern C++): lambdas, std::move, RVO, constexpr, initializer lists, ++
- 2014 C++14: mostly bug fixes but started the regular release cadence
- 2017 C++17: Major revision to the standard
- 2020 Modules, Concepts, Ranges, Coroutines, spaceship operator, ++



### The ISO C++ Standards Committee

#### WG21

- Herb Sutter, chair
- International body
- 3-year release cadence
- 1500-page standard
  - Core language 500
  - STL 1000
- 2 pipelines
  - Core language WG
  - Library WG
- C++20 will be voted on in Prague (Feb 2020)



### The Committee Over Time

#### CPP-Summit 2019





Completed C++11 Madrid, Spain





C++14 Issaquah, WA, USA (2014)





Completed C++17 Kona, HI, USA (2017)





### C++20 And Beyond

What Air Disasters Tell Us

About Safety Critical Designs

### Coming In C++20

- Concepts
- Ranges
- Coroutines
- std::atomic<std::shared\_ptr<T>>
- std::format replaces printf()
- Modules
- constexpr++

- using enum
- Volatile deprecation
- Designated Initializers
- Spaceship operator (<=>)
- Calendar + time zone extensions
- std::span

### Beyond C++20

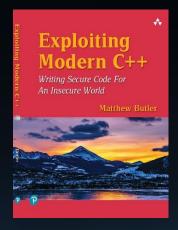
- Contracts (pushed to C++23 at least)
- secure\_clear (probably C++23)
- Zero-overhead Deterministic Exceptions (maybe C++23 but more likely C++26)
- Enumerating Core Undefined Behavior (great idea but probably won't make into the standard)

More focus on safety critical and security issues

### www.maddphysics.com

mbutler@laurellye.com





"Exploiting Modern C++"
Addison-Wesley Professional
Summer, 2020



"Building Highly Dependable Software for Secure and Safety Critical Systems"

2-day training course