#
Front
matter
lang:
ruRU
title:

№5"

subtitle: "
au-

author:

,,

```
#
For-
\operatorname{mat}-
ting
toc-
title:
toc:
{\rm true}
#
Ta-
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con-
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toc\_depth:
2 lof:
{\rm true}
#
\operatorname{List}
of
fig-
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lot:
true
#
List
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font-
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12pt
linestretch:
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class:
scr-
\operatorname{reprt}
polyglossia-
lang:
rus-
\operatorname{sian}
polyglossia-
other langs:\\
```

english

```
1
\mathbf{2}
3
                                                             «pwd» ( . -fig:001)
                                                     ddnitusova@ddnitusova:/tmp
                Файл Правка Вид Поиск Терминал Справка
               [ddnitusova@ddnitusova ~]$ pwd
               /home/ddnitusova
                                        Figure 1:
                                                           1
                                      «cd /tmp» ( . -fig:002) ( . -fig:003)
                 /\mathrm{tmp},
                               /\mathrm{tmp},
\langle ls \rangle -
                                                                                  \operatorname{tmp}
\llls -a\gg —
\langle ls - F \rangle -
«ls -l» —
«ls -alF» —
```

```
«cd /var/spool»
                                                                                                                                    crone
                                                                                                                                                      .( .
-fig:004)
                        [ddnitusova@ddnitusova tmp]$ cd /var/spool
[ddnitusova@ddnitusova spool]$ ls
                                                                    cron cups lpd mail plymouth postfix
                        abrt abrt-upload anacron at
[ddnitusova@ddnitusova spool]$
                                                              Figure 2:
                                                                                             4
                                                                              «cd ~» ,
                                                                                                                           «ls -alF»,
                                                                            ddnitusova,
                                                         root) ( . -fig:005)
                root
                                                                 ddnitusova@ddnitusova:~
                        Файл Правка Вид Поиск Терминал Справка
                        [ddnitusova@ddnitusova spool]$ cd -
[ddnitusova@ddnitusova ~]$ ls -alF
                     5 май 13 21:18 .vboxclient-draganddrop.p
                        -rw-r----. 1 ddnitusova ddnitusova
                                                              Figure 3:
                                                                                            5
                                                          newdir,
                                                                                                     «mkdir newdir».
                                                                                                                                                      «cd
newdir»
                                                                                                   morefun,
                                                                                                                                               «mkdir
morefun».
                                               «mkdir letters memos misk»,
                                                                                                                           . ( . -fig:006)
                                «rm -r letters memos misk»
                        [ddnitusova@ddnitusova ~]$ mkdir newdir
[ddnitusova@ddnitusova ~]$ cd newdir
[ddnitusova@ddnitusova newdir]$ mkdir morefun
[ddnitusova@ddnitusova newdir]$ ls
                        [ddnitusova@ddnitusova newdir]$ cd
                       |ddnitusova@ddnitusova newdir|s cd ~ [ddnitusova@ddnitusova ~]s mkdir letters memos misk [ddnitusova@ddnitusova ~]s ts lab03 memos newdir Видео Загрузки Музы letters misk work Документы Изображения Обще [ddnitusova@ddnitusova ~]s rm -r letters memos misk [ddnitusova@ddnitusova ~]s ts lab03 work Документы Изображения Общедоступные newdir Видео Загрузки Музыка Рабочий стол Iddnitusova@ddnitusova ~1s s
                                                              Figure 4:
                                                                                             6
                                newdir
                                                            «rm newdir».
```

«rm –r newdir/morefun».

«ls»

newdir/morefun,

```
. ( . -fig:007)
                              | [ddnitusova@ddnitusova ~] $ rm newdir rm: неаозможно удалить «newdir»: Это каталог [ddnitusova@ddnitusova ~] $ rm - r newdir/morefun [ddnitusova@ddnitusova ~] $ lab3 work Документы Изображения Общедоступные Шаблоны newdir Видео Загрузки Музыка Рабочий стол [ddnitusova@ddnitusova ~] $ rm newdir rm: неаозможно удалить «newdir»: Это каталог [ddnitusova@ddnitusova ~] $ rm - newdir [ddnitusova@ddnitusova ~] $ ls lab3 Видео Загрузки Музыка Рабочий стол
                                lab03 Видео Загрузки Музыка Рабочий
work Документы Изображения Общедоступные Шаблоны
[ddnitusova@ddnitusova~l$
                                                                                                         Figure 5:
                                                                                                                                                                    7
                                    «man ls»,
                                                                                                                                                                      ls
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 -fig:008)
        -R, --recursive
                                       list subdirectories recursively
                                                                                                             «ls»,
           ls,
                                                                                                                                -fig:009) ( . -fig:010) ( . -fig:011)
       -a, --all
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        -1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              use a long listing format
                           do not ignore entries starting with .
                           -poors- , ottoe cames etteec enc, eacorde enc
                          sort by modification time, newest first
-t
                                  «man cd», «man pwd», «man mkdir», «man rmdir», «man rm»,
     cd ( . -fig:012):
                                         cd [-L|[-P [-e]]] [dir]
    Change the current directory to dir. The variable HOME is the
    default dir. The variable CDPATH defines the search path for the
    directory containing dir. Alternative directory names in CDPATH
    are separated by a colon (:). A null directory name in CDPATH is
    the same as the current directory, i.e., '`.''. If dir begins
    with a slash (/), then CDPATH is not used. The -P option says to
    use the physical directory structure instead of following symbolic
    links (see also the -P option to the set builtin command); the -L
    option forces symbolic links to be followed. If the -e option is
    supplied with -P, and the current working directory cannot be suc-
    cessfully determined after a successful directory change, cd will
    return an unsuccessful status. An argument of - is equivalent to
    SOLDPWD. If a non-empty directory name from CDPATH is used, or if
    is the first argument, and the directory change is successful,
    the absolute pathname of the new working directory is written to
    the standard output. The return value is true if the directory
    was successfully changed; false otherwise.
                                                                                                       Figure 6:
                                                                                                                                                                  12
       pwd ( . -fig:013): -L, -logical
```

```
-P, -physical
                             (
-help
                             pwd;
-version
                             pwd
               Файл Правка Вид Поиск Терминал Справка
                   pwd - print name of current/working directory
              SYNOPSIS pwd [OPTION]...
              -L, --logical
use PWD from environment, even if it contains symlinks
                   -P, --physical avoid all symlinks
                    --help display this help and exit
                   --version output version information and exit
                                     Figure 7:
                                                       13
       mkdir ( . -fig:014): -m, -mode=MODE
                 MODE
                                             chmod;
-p, -parents
-v, -verbose
-Z
                   SELinux
-context[=CTX]
                                    SELinux
                                                                             CTX;
-help
                             mkdir;
-version
                             mkdir
                   mkdir [OPTION]... DIRECTORY...
              ESCRIPTION

Create the DIRECTORY(ies), if they do not already exist.
                   Mandatory arguments to long options are mandatory for short options too.
                   -m, --mode=\underline{\text{MODE}} set file mode (as in chmod), not a=rwx - umask
                   set SELinux security context of each created directory to the default type % \left\{ 1,2,\ldots,n\right\}
                   --help display this help and \ensuremath{\mathsf{exit}}
                   --version
```

Figure 8: 14

```
rmdir ( \cdot -fig:015): –ignore-fail-on-non-empty
\hbox{-p, -parents}
-v, -verbose
-help
                              rmdir;
-version
                              \operatorname{rmdir}
                     rmdir [OPTION]... DIRECTORY...
                DESCRIPTION

Remove the DIRECTORY(ies), if they are empty.
                     --ignore-fail-on-non-empty
                          ignore each failure that is solely because a directory
                          is non-empty
                     -p, --parents remove DIRECTORY and its ancestors; e.g., 'rmdir -p a/b/c' is similar to 'rmdir a/b/c a/b a'
                     --help display this help and exit
                     --version output version information and exit
                                      Figure 9:
                                                         15
       rm ( . -fig:016): -f, -force
-i
-I
                                                    -i;
-interactive[=WHEN]
                                  WHEN
                                                           : never —
                                                               -I). always —
                  . once —
            -i).
                                                       always;
-one-file-system
-no-preserve-root
-preserve-root[=all]
       rm
-r, -R, -recursive
-d, -dir
-v, -verbose
-help
                              rm;
```

```
-version
```

rm

```
rm (OPTION)... FILE...

DESCRIPTION
This manual page documents the GNU version of rm. rm removes each specified file. By default, it does not remove directories.

If the _I or _-interactive=once option is given, and there are more than three files or the _r. _R. or _-recursive are given, then rm prompts the user for whether to proceed with the entire operation. If the response is not affirmative, the entire command is aborted.

Otherwise, if a file is unwritable, standard input is a terminal, and the _f or _-force option is not given, or the _i or _-interactive=always option is given, rm prompts the user for whether to remove the file. If the response is not affirmative, the file is skipped.

OPTIONS

Remove (unlink) the FILE(s).

-f, --force
    ignore nonexistent files and arguments, never prompt

-i prompt before every removal

-I prompt once before removing more than three files, or when removing recursively; less intrusive than -i, while still giving protection Manual page rm(1) line 9 (press h for help or q to quit)
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Figure 10: 16

4

#

1) - ,

```
\langle ls - F \rangle ( \langle ls - aF \rangle,
 4)
  \llls -a».
                                                                {
m rm} -i
           rm
                                                                          rmdir.
                                                            rm,
                                                                          \operatorname{rmdir}.
     \operatorname{rmdir}
    «history».
                                                    !:s//,
                                                                     : !.
                                                                      ; . , «cd /tmp;
 8)
  ls».
 9)
                                                       ( ", "/", "$", "*","[","]", "^", "&")
                                                   «ls newdir/morefun»
            newdir/morefun.
10)
            \langle ls - l \rangle
11)
                                                                            ( , , «cd newdir» –
                                , «cd /newdir/morefun» –
                                                                            man [ __ ],
12)
                        help,
13)
                                                       Tab.
```

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