ASO LAB Seminar #week 4 Triton Server - Code

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1. Experiments

OpenCV's East model(2 onnx models, using 2 GPUs)

Env.	Local Environment	Triton Server Inference
Throughput	47.14 infer/sec	45.03 infer/sec
Avg. Inference Time	0.02802 sec	0.022205 sec

Detected words : stop

====== Inference Results for Local GPU Env ======

Average Inference Time: 0.021213 seconds

95th Percentile Inference Time: 0.028020 seconds

Throughput: 47.14 inferences/second

Detected words : stop

====== Inference Results for Triton with GPU ======

Average Inference Time: 0.022205 seconds

95th Percentile Inference Time: 0.025421 seconds

Throughput: 45.03 inferences/second

- No dynamic batching
- No instances

1. Experiments

2 OpenCV's East model onnx models, using 2 GPUs

- 100 concurrent requests per one experiment
- 5 experiments

		Triton Server				
Env.	Local Env.	Default	Dynamic batching	Dynamic batching & instances =1 per GPU	Dynamic batching & instances = 2 per GPU	Dynamic batching & instances = 3 per GPU
Throughput (infer/sec)	47.14 infer/sec	45.03 infer/sec	45.76 infer/sec	43.89 infer/sec	49.03 infer/sec	43.80 infer/sec
Avg. Inference Time (sec)	0.02802 sec	0.022205 sec	0.02327 sec	0.022860 sec	0.020395 sec	0.022832 sec

2. Triton Instance

Triton Model & Instance & Request

1. TritonModel::UpdateInstanceGroup

```
Status
TritonModel::UpdateInstanceGroup(const inference::ModelConfig& new_model_config)
```

- update and create model instance based on model configuration
- 2. TritonModelInstance::PrepareRequestsForExecution

```
TritonModelInstance::PrepareRequestsForExecution(
    std::vector<std::unique_ptr<InferenceRequest>>& requests)
{
    for (auto& r : requests) {
        // Load the input states for the inference request.
        RETURN_IF_ERROR(r->LoadInputStates());
        // Set request state to signify that request is no longer pending.
        RETURN_IF_ERROR(r->SetState(InferenceRequest::State::EXECUTING));
    }
    return Status::Success;
}
```

Model Instance keeps vector of InferenceRequests

2. Triton Instance

Triton Model Instance

- No instances specified
- → The number of instances are made according to number of GPU devices, and allocated to each GPU
- → Optimization technique that Triton offers that users can utilize all GPU

```
I0730 03:32:59.012741 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_recognition_0 (GPU device 1)
I0730 03:32:59.012743 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_recognition_0 (GPU device 0)
I0730 03:32:59.021226 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_detection_0 (GPU device 0)
I0730 03:32:59.021297 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_detection_0 (GPU device 1)
```

2. Triton Instance

Triton Model Instance

Instance Group specified

```
IO730 01:33:21.043137 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_recognition_0_0 (GPU device 0) IO730 01:33:21.043311 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_recognition_0_2 (GPU device 0) IO730 01:33:21.043312 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_recognition_0_1 (GPU device 0) IO730 01:33:21.043329 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_recognition_1_0 (GPU device 1) IO730 01:33:21.043448 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_recognition_1_2 (GPU device 1) IO730 01:33:21.043463 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_detection_0_0 (GPU device 0) IO730 01:33:21.051706 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_detection_0_1 (GPU device 0) IO730 01:33:21.051825 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_detection_0_2 (GPU device 0) IO730 01:33:21.051890 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_detection_1_0 (GPU device 1) IO730 01:33:21.051894 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_detection_1_1 (GPU device 1) IO730 01:33:21.051984 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_detection_1_1 (GPU device 1) IO730 01:33:21.051984 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_detection_1_1 (GPU device 1) IO730 01:33:21.051984 96 onnxruntime.cc:2690] TRITONBACKEND_ModelInstanceInitialize: text_detection_1_1 (GPU device 1)
```

3. Optimization Analysis

Enqueue

core/src/instance_queue.cc

```
void
InstanceQueue::Enqueue(const std::shared_ptr<Payload>& payload)
{
   payload_queue_.push_back(payload);
}
```

- Instance Queue: specialized queue used for managing the inference requests that are waiting to be processed by a model instance
- Queues are created per instance, so that total sum of queue latency decreases
- Enqueue code is really simple... maybe do queue load balancing to optimize?

3. Optimization Analysis

Cache Lookup

core/src/dynamic_scheduler.cc

```
if (response_cache_enabled_) {
   CacheLookUp(request, cached_response);
}
```

```
python client_test.py

Detected words : go
====== Inference Results for Triton with GPU ======
Average Inference Time: 0.109648 seconds
95th Percentile Inference Time: 0.026265 seconds
Throughput: 9.12 inferences/second
```

myenv uhmturks@CASSLAB-Server15 ~/tutorials/Conceptual_Guide/Part_1-model_deployment git:(main)±2569 (3.004s)

python client_test.py

Detected words : stop
====== Inference Results for Triton with GPU ======

Average Inference Time: 0.023424 seconds
95th Percentile Inference Time: 0.025128 seconds
Throughput: 42.69 inferences/second

- When making a inference request to Triton Server, latency for first request is long, but afterwards it is decreased (even for other inputs)
- To-do: What exactly is stored in Cache?

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4. Plan

To-Do

- Code analysis for various optimization techniques(dynamic batching, queue, multiple instances)
- Run with heavier model