

A

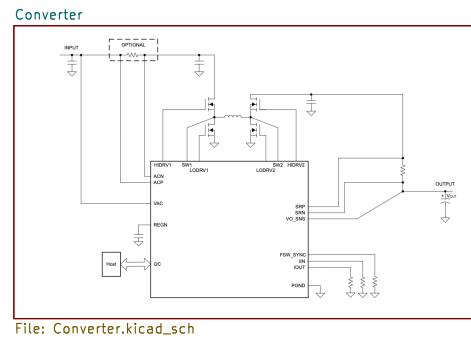
B

C

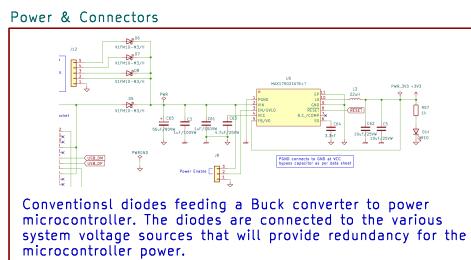
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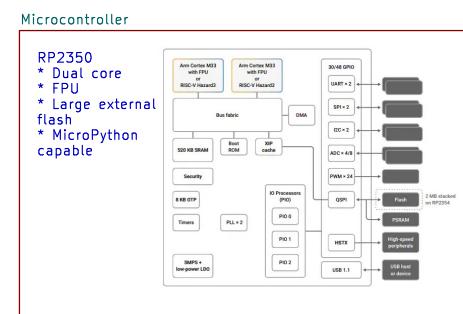
C



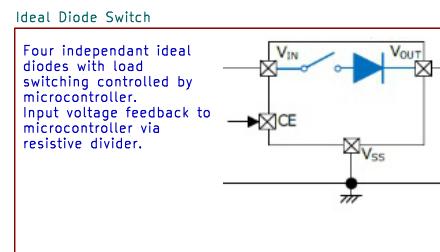
File: Converter.kicad\_sch



File: connectors.kicad\_sch



File: Microcontroller.kicad\_sch



File: Ideal\_Diode\_Switch.kicad\_sch

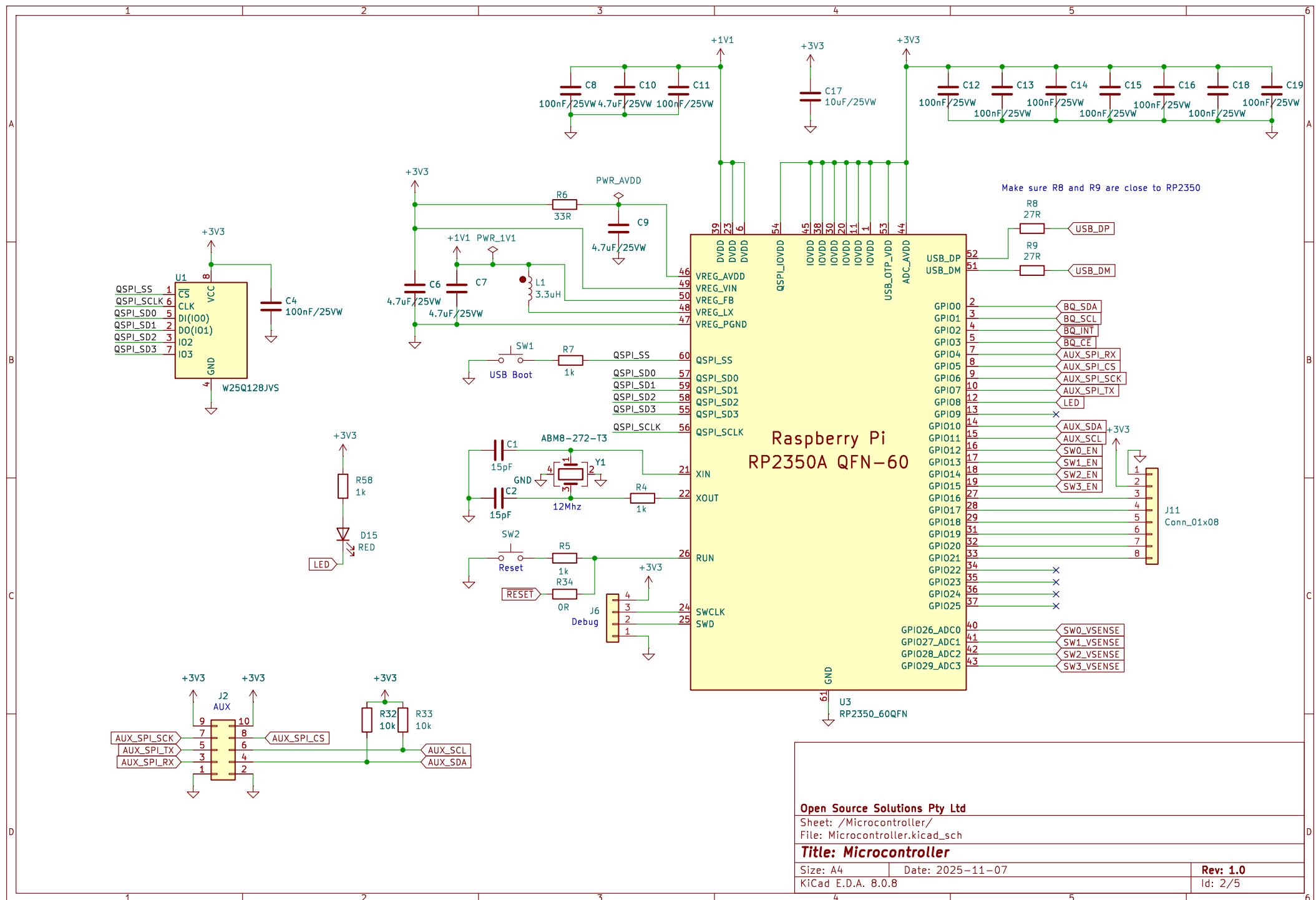
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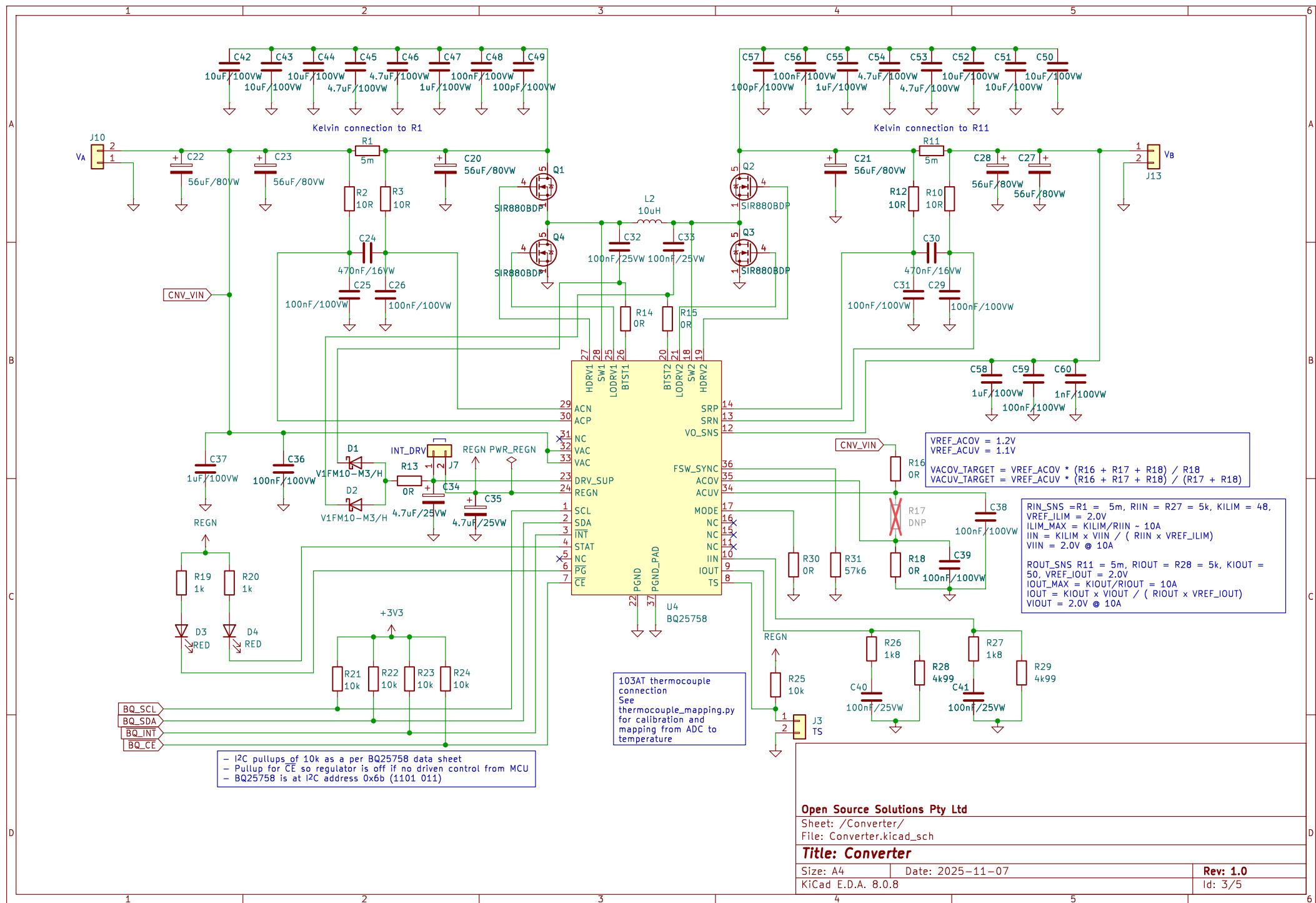
Sheet: / File: BidirectionalSupply.kicad\_sch

**Title:**

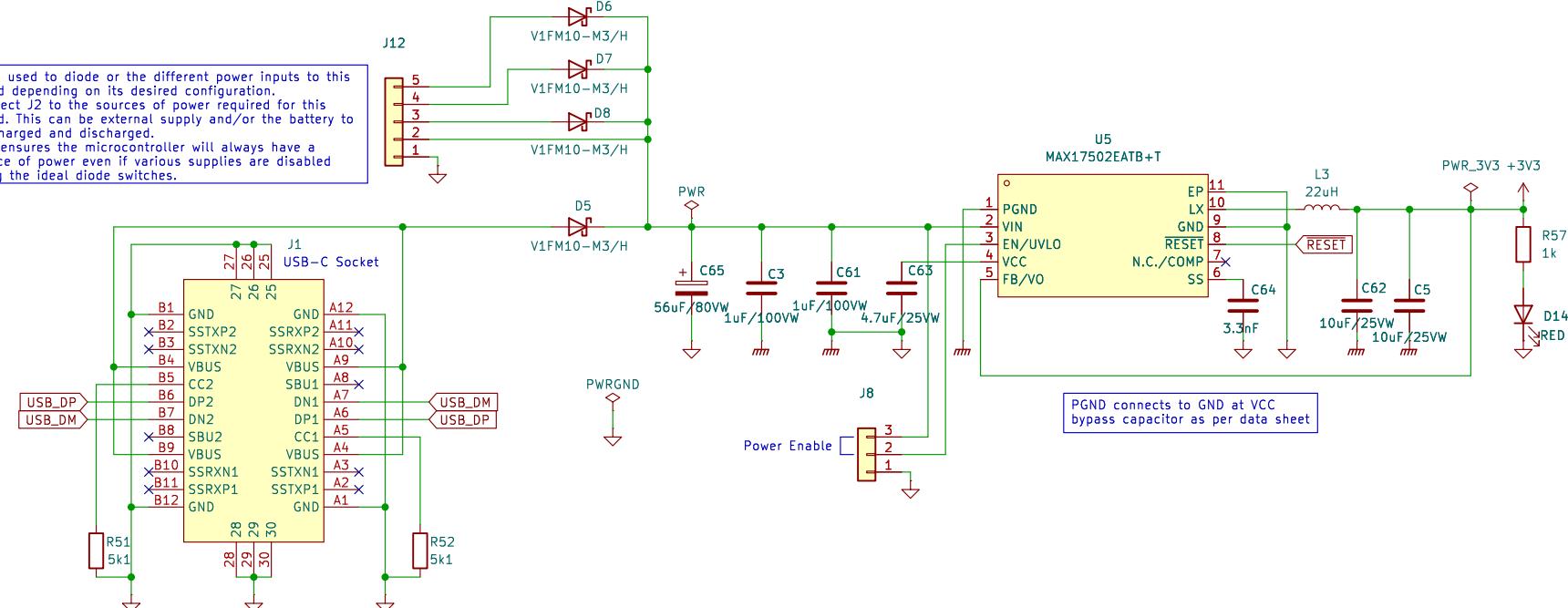
Size: A4 Date: 2025-11-07  
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Rev: 1.0  
Id: 1/5





J2 is used to diode or the different power inputs to this board depending on its desired configuration. Connect J2 to the sources of power required for this board. This can be external supply and/or the battery to be charged and discharged. This ensures the microcontroller will always have a source of power even if various supplies are disabled using the ideal diode switches.



- H1 MountingHole
- H2 MountingHole
- H3 MountingHole
- H4 MountingHole

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Sheet: /Power & Connectors/  
File: connectors.kicad\_sch

**Title: Power & Connectors**

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1 2 3 4 5 6

J9

$V_{OVR} = 1.23V$   
 $V_{OVR} = V_{OV} * R_{35} / (R_{35} + R_{36} + R_{37})$   
 $V_{SENSE} = V_{BATT} * (R_{35} + R_{36}) / (R_{35} + R_{36} + R_{37})$   
 $R_{35} + R_{36} + R_{37} < 120K$ . Select  $(R_{35} + R_{36}) = 100K$   
 For  $V_{OV} = 60V$  &  $V_{SENSE}/VBAT = 1/20$   
 $R_{37} = (R_{35} + R_{36}) * V_{OVR}/(V_{OV} - V_{OVR}) = 2.1K$   
 $R_{36} = V_{SENSE}/VBAT * ((R_{35} + R_{36}) + R_{37}) - R_{37} = 3K \approx 3.1K$   
 $R_{35} = 96.9K \approx 97.6K$

A

A

B

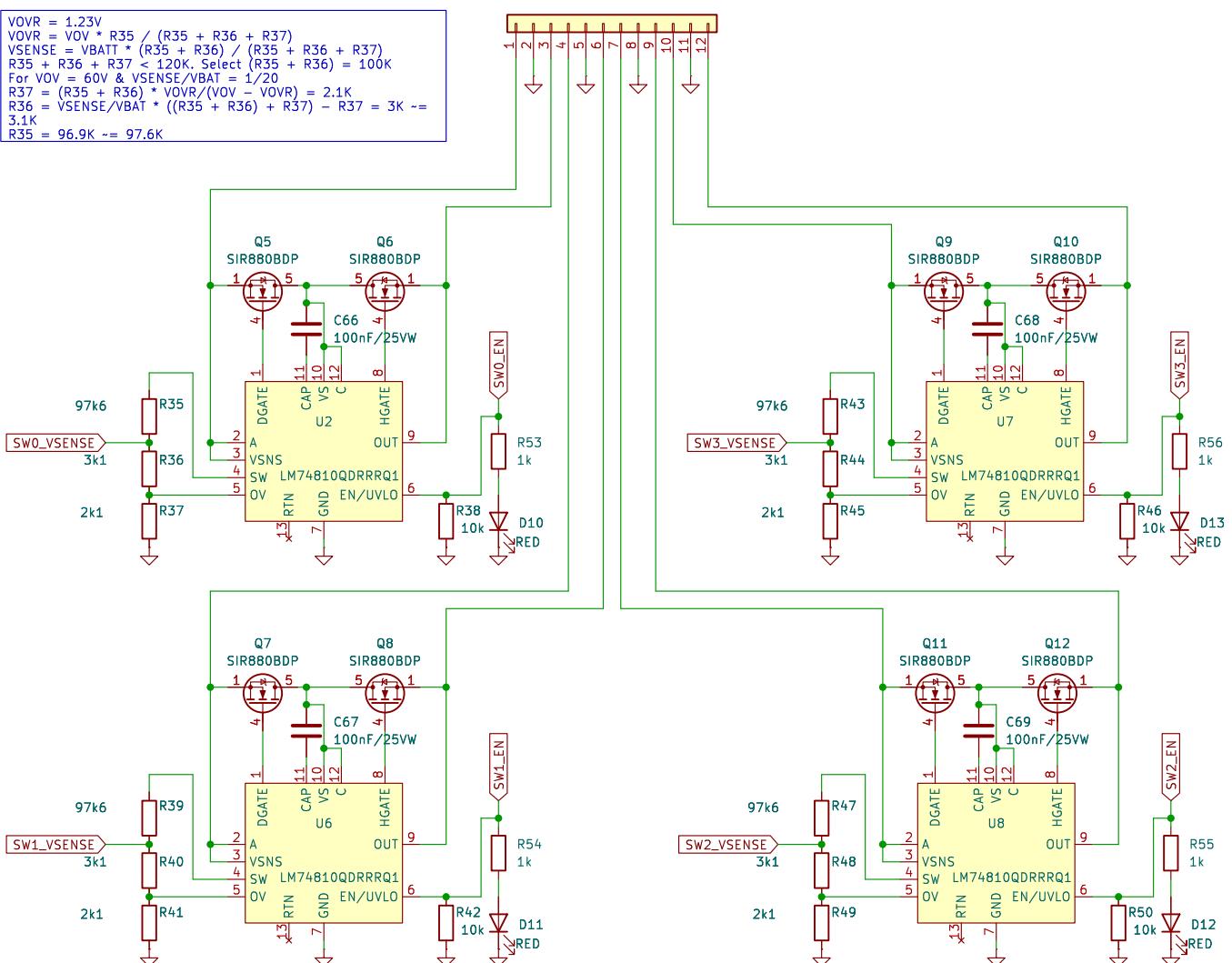
B

C

C

D

D



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Sheet: /Ideal Diode Switch/  
 File: Ideal Diode Switch.kicad\_sch

**Title:**

Size: A4 | Date: 2025-11-07  
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Rev: 1.0

Id: 5/5

1 2 3 4 5 6