

# RFC-013: TLA+ Formal Specification

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## Abstract

This RFC specifies the use of TLA+ (Temporal Logic of Actions) for formal specification and model checking of Cyberspace protocols, ensuring correctness before implementation.

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## Motivation

Running code is necessary but not sufficient:

- **Tests check examples:** Not all possible executions
- **Reviews check logic:** Not all interleavings
- **Bugs hide in corners:** Race conditions, edge cases

TLA+ provides:

1. **Precise specification:** Mathematical description of behavior
2. **Model checking:** Exhaustive state space exploration
3. **Proof capability:** Formal verification of properties
4. **Design tool:** Find bugs before writing code

From Lamport:

*If you're thinking without writing, you only think you're thinking.*

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## Specification

### TLA+ Overview

TLA+ describes systems as state machines:

**VARIABLES** state, messages, decisions

```
Init ==  
/\ state = [n \in Nodes |-> "idle"]
```

```

/\ messages = {}
/\ decisions = {}

Next ==
  /\ Propose(...)
  /\ Prepare(...)
  /\ Commit(...)
  /\ Decide(...)

Spec == Init /\ [] [Next]_<<state, messages, decisions>>

```

### Safety Properties

**Invariants** that must always hold:

```

TypeOK ==
  /\ state \in [Nodes -> {"idle", "prepared", "committed"}]
  /\ messages \subseteq Message
  /\ decisions \subseteq Value

Agreement ==
  \A n1, n2 \in Nodes:
    (decisions[n1] # {}) /\ decisions[n2] # {} =>
      decisions[n1] = decisions[n2]

```

### Livehood Properties

**Temporal** properties about progress:

```

Termination ==
  <>(\A n \in Nodes: decisions[n] # {})

EventualConsistency ==
  []<>(\A n1, n2 \in Nodes: state[n1] = state[n2])

```

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## Cyberspace Protocol Specifications

### Threshold Signatures (RFC-007)

```

----- MODULE ThresholdSig -----
EXTENDS Integers, FiniteSets

CONSTANTS Signers, Threshold, Script

VARIABLES signatures, verified

```

```

Init ==
  /\ signatures = {}
  /\ verified = FALSE

Sign(s) ==
  /\ s \in Signers
  /\ s \notin {sig.signer : sig \in signatures}
  /\ signatures' = signatures \union
    {[signer |-> s, script |-> Script, valid |-> TRUE]}
  /\ verified' = verified

Verify ==
  /\ Cardinality({sig \in signatures : sig.valid}) >= Threshold
  /\ verified' = TRUE
  /\ UNCHANGED signatures

Next ==
  \/\ \E s \in Signers: Sign(s)
  \/\ Verify

/* Safety: Never verify with insufficient signatures
Safety ==
  verified => Cardinality({sig \in signatures : sig.valid}) >= Threshold

/* Liveness: If enough sign, eventually verify
Liveness ==
  (Cardinality(Signers) >= Threshold) => <>(verified)

=====

```

### Audit Trail (RFC-003)

```

----- MODULE AuditTrail -----
EXTENDS Integers, Sequences

CONSTANTS Actors, Actions

VARIABLES log, sequence

Init ==
  /\ log = <<>>
  /\ sequence = 0

Append(actor, action) ==

```

```

    /\ actor \in Actors
    /\ action \in Actions
    /\ sequence' = sequence + 1
    /\ log' = Append(log, [
        seq |-> sequence',
        actor |-> actor,
        action |-> action,
        parent |-> IF sequence = 0 THEN "genesis" ELSE log[sequence].hash
    ]))

/* Invariant: Chain integrity
ChainIntegrity ==
\A i \in 1..Len(log)-1:
    log[i+1].parent = log[i].hash

/* Invariant: Monotonic sequence
MonotonicSequence ==
\A i \in 1..Len(log)-1:
    log[i+1].seq = log[i].seq + 1

=====

```

### Byzantine Consensus (RFC-011)

```

----- MODULE PBFT -----
EXTENDS Integers, FiniteSets

CONSTANTS Nodes, f, Values

ASSUME Cardinality(Nodes) >= 3*f + 1

VARIABLES
    view,
    prepares,
    commits,
    decisions

Init ==
    /\ view = 0
    /\ prepares = [n \in Nodes |-> {}]
    /\ commits = [n \in Nodes |-> {}]
    /\ decisions = [n \in Nodes |-> {}]

PrePrepare(primary, v) ==
    /\ primary = Leader(view)

```

```

/\ v \in Values
/\ \A n \in Nodes:
    prepares' = [prepares EXCEPT ![n] = @ \union {[view |-> view, value |-> v]}]
/\ UNCHANGED <<view, commits, decisions>>

Prepare(n, v) ==
    /\ [view |-> view, value |-> v] \in prepares[n]
    /\ Cardinality({m \in Nodes : [view |-> view, value |-> v] \in prepares[m]}) >= 2*f + 1
    /\ commits' = [commits EXCEPT ![n] = @ \union {[view |-> view, value |-> v]}]
    /\ UNCHANGED <<view, prepares, commits>>

Commit(n, v) ==
    /\ [view |-> view, value |-> v] \in commits[n]
    /\ Cardinality({m \in Nodes : [view |-> view, value |-> v] \in commits[m]}) >= 2*f + 1
    /\ decisions' = [decisions EXCEPT ![n] = {v}]
    /\ UNCHANGED <<view, prepares, commits>>

/* Safety: Agreement
Agreement ==
\A n1, n2 \in Nodes:
    (decisions[n1] # {} /\ decisions[n2] # {}) =>
        decisions[n1] = decisions[n2]

=====

```

## Model Checking Process

### 1. Write Specification

Define state machine and properties.

### 2. Configure Model

#### CONSTANTS

```

Nodes = {n1, n2, n3, n4}
f = 1
Values = {v1, v2}
```

### 3. Run TLC Model Checker

```

$ tlc PBFT.tla
TLC2 Version 2.18
...
Model checking completed. No errors found.
```

```
States explored: 847293
Distinct states: 12847
```

#### 4. Analyze Counterexamples

If property violated, TLC shows trace:

Error: Invariant Agreement is violated.

Trace:

```
State 1: <Initial>
State 2: PrePrepare(n1, v1)
State 3: Prepare(n2, v1)
...
State 12: decisions = [n1 |-> {v1}, n2 |-> {v2}]  << VIOLATION
```

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### Integration with Implementation

#### Specification → Implementation

TLA+ Spec	Scheme Implementation
<hr/>	
VARIABLES state	(define-record-type <state> ...)
Init ==	(define (init) ...)
Action(x) ==	(define (action x) ...)
Invariant	(assert (invariant? state))

#### Runtime Assertions

```
(define (append-audit! entry)
  ;; TLA+ invariant: MonotonicSequence
  (assert (> (entry-sequence entry)
              (entry-sequence (last-entry))))
  ;; TLA+ invariant: ChainIntegrity
  (assert (equal? (entry-parent entry)
                  (entry-hash (last-entry))))
  ;; Proceed with append
  ...)
```

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### PlusCal (Algorithmic TLA+)

Higher-level syntax that compiles to TLA+:

```
--algorithm ThresholdSign {
    variables signatures = {}, verified = FALSE;

    process (signer \in Signers)
    {
        sign:
            signatures := signatures \union {self};
    }

    process (verifier = "v")
    {
        verify:
            await Cardinality(signatures) >= Threshold;
            verified := TRUE;
    }
}
```

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## Benefits

Aspect	Without TLA+	With TLA+
Design	Informal, ambiguous	Precise, mathematical
Bugs	Found in testing/production	Found before coding
Confidence	"Seems to work"	"Proven correct"
Documentation	Natural language	Executable specification
Maintenance	Risky changes	Verify changes

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## Limitations

- **State explosion:** Large state spaces take time
- **Learning curve:** TLA+ is different
- **Abstraction gap:** Spec ≠ implementation
- **Finite models:** Cannot check infinite systems directly

Mitigations: – Symmetry reduction – Abstraction – Proof for infinite cases

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## References

1. Lamport, L. (2002). Specifying Systems: The TLA+ Language.
  2. Lamport, L. (2009). The PlusCal Algorithm Language.
  3. Newcombe, C., et al. (2015). How Amazon Web Services Uses Formal Methods.
  4. TLA+ Tools: <https://lamport.azurewebsites.net/tla/tools.html>
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## Changelog

- **2026-01-06** – Initial specification
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**Implementation Status:** Proposed **Tool:** TLA+ / TLC Model Checker **Target Protocols:** RFC-003, RFC-007, RFC-011