

RFC-006: Vault System Architecture

Status: Implemented **Date:** January 2026 **Author:** Derrell
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Abstract

This RFC specifies the Vault system for the Library of Cyberspace: cryptographically sealed version control with SPKI authorization, progressive metadata, archival support, and integrated audit trails.

Motivation

Git is powerful but lacks:

1. **Cryptographic sealing** - GPG signing is optional and awkward
2. **Authorization model** - Anyone with access can commit
3. **Archival features** - No first-class backup/restore
4. **Audit integration** - History is mutable

The Vault wraps Git with:

- **seal-** commands that cryptographically sign operations
- **SPKI certificates** for authorization
- **Three archive formats** for different use cases
- **Integrated audit trail** for non-repudiation

CYBERSPACE VAULT

seal-commit	seal-release
seal-archive	seal-publish
seal-verify	seal-subscribe

Audit Trail

SPKI Certs

Git

Core Operations

seal-commit

Stage and commit changes in one operation.

```
(seal-commit message  
  #!key files catalog subjects keywords description preserve)
```

Parameters: - message - Commit message (required) - files - Specific files to stage (optional) - catalog - Enable catalog metadata - subjects - Subject headings - keywords - Search keywords - description - Extended description - preserve - Enable preservation metadata

Process: 1. Stage specified files (or all modified) 2. Create git commit 3. Save metadata (if catalog or preserve) 4. Record in audit trail (if signing key configured)

Example:

```
(seal-commit "Add authentication module"  
  files: '("auth.scm" "auth-test.scm")  
  catalog: #t  
  subjects: '("security" "authentication")  
  keywords: '("login" "oauth"))
```

seal-update

Pull latest changes from remote.

```
(seal-update #!key branch)
```

Like svn update - fetches and fast-forwards.

seal-undo

Undo changes.

```
(seal-undo #!key file hard)
```

- file - Restore specific file
- hard - Discard all uncommitted changes

seal-history

Show commit history.

```
(seal-history #!key count)
```

Displays decorated graph log.

seal-branch / seal-merge

Branch and merge operations.

```
(seal-branch "feature-auth" #!key from)
(seal-merge "feature-auth" #!key strategy)
```

Version Management

seal-release

Create cryptographically sealed release.

```
(seal-release version #!key message migrate-from)
```

Parameters: - version - Semantic version (X.Y.Z required)
- message - Release notes - migrate-from - Previous version for migration tracking

Process: 1. Validate semantic version format 2. Get current commit hash 3. Create annotated git tag 4. Sign with SPKI (if configured) 5. Create migration marker (if migrate-from specified)

Signature Storage:

```
;; .vault/releases/1.0.0.sig
(signature
  (version "1.0.0")
  (hash "abc123...")
  (manifest "(release \"1.0.0\" \"abc123\" 1767685100)")
  (signature #${ed25519-signature}))
```

seal-verify

Verify release signature.

```
(seal-verify version #!key verify-key)
```

Process: 1. Load signature file 2. Recompute manifest hash 3. Verify Ed25519 signature

Archival System

seal-archive

Create sealed archive of a version.

(seal-archive version #!key format output)

Formats:

Tarball (default)

(seal-archive "1.0.0" format: 'tarball)

- Standard gzipped tarball
- No history included
- Smallest size

Git Bundle

(seal-archive "1.0.0" format: 'bundle)

- Full git history
- Can clone directly
- Medium size

Cryptographic (legacy)

(seal-archive "1.0.0" format: 'cryptographic)

- Tarball + SHA-512 hash + Ed25519 signature
- Tamper-evident
- Manifest for verification

Zstd+Age (preferred)

(seal-archive "1.0.0" format: 'zstd-age)

- Zstd compression (faster, better ratio than gzip)
- Age encryption (X25519/Ed25519 compatible)
- SHA-512 hash + Ed25519 signature
- Encrypted at rest
- See RFC-018 for full specification

Cryptographic Archive Structure:

```
vault-1.0.0.archive          # Manifest
vault-1.0.0.archive.tar.gz   # Tarball (cryptographic)
```

Zstd+Age Archive Structure:

```
vault-1.0.0.archive          # Manifest
vault-1.0.0.archive.tar.zst.age # Encrypted archive
```

Manifest (cryptographic):

```
(sealed-archive
  (version "1.0.0")
  (format cryptographic)
  (tarball "vault-1.0.0.archive.tar.gz")
  (hash "sha512:...")
  (signature "ed25519:..."))
```

Manifest (zstd-age):

```
(sealed-archive
  (version "1.0.0")
  (format zstd-age)
  (archive "vault-1.0.0.archive.tar.zst.age")
  (compression zstd)
  (encryption age)
  (recipients ("age1..."))
  (hash "sha512:...")
  (signature "ed25519:..."))
```

seal-restore

Restore from sealed archive.

```
(seal-restore archive #!key verify-key target identity)
```

Parameters: - verify-key - SPKI public key for signature verification - target - Extraction directory - identity - Age identity file for decryption (zstd-age format)

Process: 1. Read manifest 2. Verify hash (archive integrity) 3. Verify signature (if key provided) 4. Decrypt (zstd-age only, requires identity) 5. Extract to target directory

Replication Layer

See RFC-001 for complete specification.

seal-publish

Publish release to remote.

```
(seal-publish version #!key remote archive-format message)
```

Supports: - Git remotes (push tags) - HTTP endpoints (POST)
- Filesystem paths (copy)

seal-subscribe

Subscribe to releases from remote.

```
(seal-subscribe remote #!key target verify-key)
```

Downloads and optionally verifies remote releases.

seal-synchronize

Bidirectional sync.

```
(seal-synchronize remote #!key direction verify-key)
```

Configuration

vault-init

Initialize vault for repository.

```
(vault-init #!key signing-key)
```

Sets up: – Signing key configuration – Audit trail directory – Metadata directory

vault-config

Get/set configuration.

```
(vault-config 'signing-key) ; Get
```

```
(vault-config 'signing-key some-key) ; Set
```

Configuration Options:

Key	Type	Description
signing-key	blob	Ed25519 private key for signing
verify-key	string	Path to verification public key
archive-format	symbol	Default: tarball, bundle, cryptographic, or zstd-age
age-recipients	list	Age public keys for encryption (zstd-age format)
age-identity	string	Path to age identity file for decryption
migration-dir	string	Directory for migration scripts

Key	Type	Description
track-metadata	boolean	Auto-stage metadata files
publish-remote	string	Default publication target
subscribe-dir	string	Directory for subscriptions

Directory Structure

```

project/
  .vault/
    metadata/          # Commit metadata files
      abc123.sexp
      def456.sexp
    releases/          # Release signatures
      1.0.0.sig
      1.1.0.sig
    audit/              # Audit trail
      1.sexp
      2.sexp
    subscriptions/     # Downloaded releases
      vault-1.0.0.archive
  migrations/          # Version migration scripts
    1.0.0-to-2.0.0.scm
  .git/                 # Git repository

```

Migration Support

Creating Migrations

```
(seal-release "2.0.0" migrate-from: "1.0.0")
```

Generates template:

```

;; migrations/1.0.0-to-2.0.0.scm
;;; Migration: 1.0.0 -> 2.0.0
;;; Generated: 1767685100

```

```

(define (migrate-1.0.0-to-2.0.0)
  ;; Define migration logic here
  #t)

```

```
(migrate-1.0.0-to-2.0.0)
```

Running Migrations

```
(seal-migrate "1.0.0" "2.0.0" #!key script dry-run)
```

Integrity Checking

seal-check

Verify vault integrity.

```
(seal-check #!key deep)
```

Checks: – Git repository health (`git fsck`) – Release signature validity (if deep) – Audit trail chain (if deep)

Security Model

Signing Key Handling

```
;; Key is 64-byte Ed25519 secret key
;; First 32 bytes: seed
;; Last 32 bytes: public key
```

```
(define (get-vault-principal signing-key)
  "Extract public key from signing key"
  (blob-copy signing-key 32 32))
```

Authorization Flow

1. **Configure:** (`vault-init signing-key: key`)
2. **Operate:** (`seal-commit ...`) signs with configured key
3. **Audit:** Entry includes actor's public key
4. **Verify:** (`seal-verify ...`) checks signature

Threat Mitigations

Threat	Mitigation
Unauthorized commits	SPKI certificates required
Release tampering	Ed25519 signatures
History rewriting	Audit trail non-repudiation
Archive corruption	SHA-512 hash verification

Integration Points

With Audit Trail (RFC-003)

All vault operations create audit entries:

```
(audit-append
  actor: (get-vault-principal signing-key)
  action: '(seal-commit "hash123")
  motivation: message)
```

With SPKI (RFC-004)

Signing keys are SPKI principals:

```
(make-key-principal (get-vault-principal signing-key))
```

With Metadata (RFC-005)

Progressive metadata via seal-commit parameters:

```
(seal-commit "msg" preserve: #t) ; Full preservation
```

Usage Examples

Basic Workflow

```
;; Initialize
(vault-init signing-key: my-key)

;; Daily work
(seal-commit "Add feature")
(seal-commit "Fix bug")

;; Release
(seal-release "1.0.0" message: "Initial release")

;; Archive
(seal-archive "1.0.0" format: 'cryptographic)

;; Verify
(seal-verify "1.0.0" verify-key: "my.public")
```

Federation Workflow

```
;; Publisher
(seal-release "1.0.0")
(seal-publish "1.0.0" remote: "/shared/releases")

;; Subscriber
(seal-subscribe "/shared/releases" verify-key: publisher-pub)

;; Bidirectional
(seal-synchronize peer-remote direction: 'both')
```

Document Formats

The Vault preserves documents in canonical formats:

Format	Extension	Purpose
Markdown	.md	Source, editing, version control
HTML	.html	Web viewing, rich rendering
PDF	.pdf	Archival, printing, distribution
Plain Text	.txt	Universal compatibility, IETF tradition

All formats are first-class citizens in the Vault. RFCs and declarations **SHOULD** be published in all four formats for maximum preservation and accessibility.

References

1. Git Internals – Plumbing and Porcelain
 2. RFC-001: Replication Layer
 3. RFC-003: Cryptographic Audit Trail
 4. RFC-004: SPKI Authorization
 5. RFC-005: Progressive Metadata Levels
 6. Semantic Versioning 2.0.0
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Changelog

- **2026-01-06** – Initial specification

Implementation Status: Complete **Test Status:** Passing
(test-vault-simple.scm, test-vault-metadata.scm) **Lines of**
Code: 887