

# 5ELEN018W - Tutorial 7 Exercises

## 1 Car Cruise Control

Car cruise control can be found in most of the modern cars. The cruise control system keeps the car at a constant speed despite any external disturbances, such as the road surface and incline.

The car's mass  $m$  is controlled by a force  $u$ . To simplify the situation, we assume that the force  $u$  that our controller applies is not affected by other parameters such as tires, etc.

The equation of the system is described by the following:

$$m\dot{v} + bv = u \quad (1)$$

where  $v$  is the speed of the car,  $u$  is the control action and  $b$  is the damping coefficient due to friction.

For the purposes of this exercise, the following values should be used for the system:  $m = 1000$ ,  $b = 50$ ,  $u = 500$ .

### 1.1 Modelling of Cruise Control

Implement a Simulink modelling of the above system. For the purposes of the control force  $u$ , use a *Step* block (Simulink->Sources) that has a value equal to 500 from time  $t = 0$ .

Use a simulation time of 120 secs (set *Stop time* to 120 in the main Simulink tab).

### 1.2 Control of the System

1. Add a PID controller to the system, following the guidelines we have covered in the last lecture.

The same reference signal as in the previous section should be used (step with value equal to 500) as the desired response of the system.

Use a PI controller with some arbitrary  $K_p$  and  $K_i$  values.

Is the response of the cruise control system satisfactory when considering the desired speed response?

2. Open the PID block by double clicking on it and click on the *Tune* button. Choose different values for *Response Time* and *Transient Behavior* so as to try to match the desired response for the speed of the system. Click on the *Update Block* button to save your chosen values to the PID controller and open a Scope connected to the speed signal of your implemented system to check the response.

3. Set the values of the PID controller to  $K_p = 800, K_i = 40$ . Check the desired speed response of the system by running it and opening the Scope connected to the speed signal. Is that a better response from what you have achieved before? Can you do better than that, by re-opening the PID controller tuner and modify its parameters using the sliders?

## **2 Implementing a Dynamic System and a Controller in Code (not Simulink)**

In this exercise we will develop PID controller in Python code (not Simulink) of the car cruise control system.

## **3 Implementing the Robot Surgery dynamic system with a PID controller in Code**

In the previous exercise, we implemented in Python the dynamic system with a PID controller for the car cruise control system.

Consider the robot surgery dynamic system that we studied in the last sessions. Implement in a programming language of your choice (e.g. Java, Python, etc) the dynamic system and a PID controller with it.