

## **Analytics of Business Intelligence - Practice Set # 2 Extra**

Using the csv file [espn.csv](#) answer these questions using `data.table`, the answers are below.

- 1. On average, which Location has the highest Income?**
- 2. On average, which Location has the lowest Income?**
- 3. What percentage of the data is men? Women?**
- 4. What is the highest income for women at each Location (use by)?**
- 5. What is the highest income for men at each Location (use by)?**
- 6. Between the ages of men from 18 to 64, which age has the highest average income?**
- 7. For men older than 65, which age has the highest average income?**
- 8. Between the ages of men from 18 to 64, which age has the highest average income, by each location (use by)?**
- 9. In which location are there more women living, between the ages of 19 and 29 (use by)?**

## Answers:

### 1. suburban

```
1 espn[,mean(Income),by=Location])
```

### 2. urban

### 3. 0.796875 0.203125

```
1 y = espn[,.N,by=Gender]
2 y[,N/sum(N)]
```

### 4. rural 128, urban 240, suburban 162

```
1 espn[Gender=='f',max(Income),by=Location]
```

### 5. rural 202, suburban 259, urban 189

```
1 espn[Gender=='m',max(Income),by=Location]
```

### 6. age 59, income 139

```
1 y = espn[Gender=='m' & Age >= 18 & Age <=64,mean(Income),by=Age]
2 y = y[order(-V1)]
3 y[1]
```

### 7. age 113, income 203

```
1 y = espn[Gender=='m' & Age > 65, mean(Income),by=Age]
2 y = y[order(-V1)]
3 y[1]
```

### 8. rural 48 115.0000, suburban 53 141.3333, urban 44 115.2500

```
1 y = espn[Gender=='m' & Age >= 18 & Age <=64,mean(Income),by=.(Age,Location
)]
2 y = y[order(Location,-V1)]
3 y[,head(.SD,1),by=Location]
```

### 9. urban 22, suburban 26, rural 12

```
1 espn[Gender=='f' & Age >= 19 & Age <=29,.N,by=Location]
```