



Mobile Application Development

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Placemark-Console

Version 3.0

```
Run: org.wit.placemark.console.main.MainKt
2. update Placemark
3. List All Placemarks
4. Search Placemarks
-1. Exit

Enter Option : 3
List All Placemarks

17320 [main] INFO org.wit.placemark.console.main.Main - PlacemarkModel(id=1, title=New York New York, description=So Good They Named It Twice)
17320 [main] INFO org.wit.placemark.console.main.Main - PlacemarkModel(id=2, title=Ring of Kerry, description=Some place in the Kingdom)
17320 [main] INFO org.wit.placemark.console.main.Main - PlacemarkModel(id=3, title=Waterford City, description=You get great Blaas Here!!)

MAIN MENU
1. Add Placemark
2. Update Placemark
3. List All Placemarks
4. Search Placemarks
-1. Exit

Enter Option : 4
Enter id to Search : 2
Placemark Details [ PlacemarkModel(id=2, title=Ring of Kerry, description=Some place in the Kingdom) ]

MAIN MENU
1. Add Placemark
2. Update Placemark
3. List All Placemarks
4. Search Placemarks
-1. Exit

Enter Option :
```

Compilation completed successfully in 4 s 563 ms (a minute ago)



Features Covered (from Part 1)

- ☐ Basic Types
- ☐ Local Variables (`val` & `var`)
- ☐ Functions
- ☐ Control Flow (`if`, `when`, `for`, `while`)
- ☐ Strings & String Templates
- ☐ Ranges (and the *`in`* operator)
- ☐ Type Checks & Casts
- ☐ Null Safety
- ☐ Comments



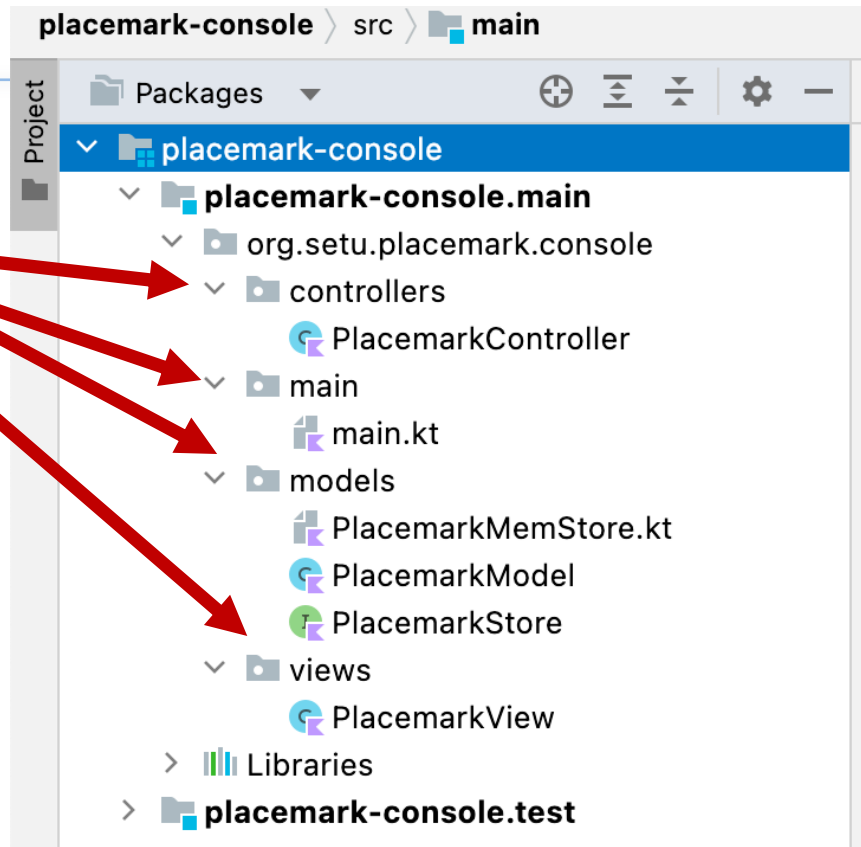
Features Covered (from Part 2)

- ❑ Writing Classes (properties and fields)
- ❑ Data Classes (just for data)
- ❑ Collections: Arrays and Collections
- ❑ Collections: *in* operator and **lambdas**
- ❑ Arguments (default and named)



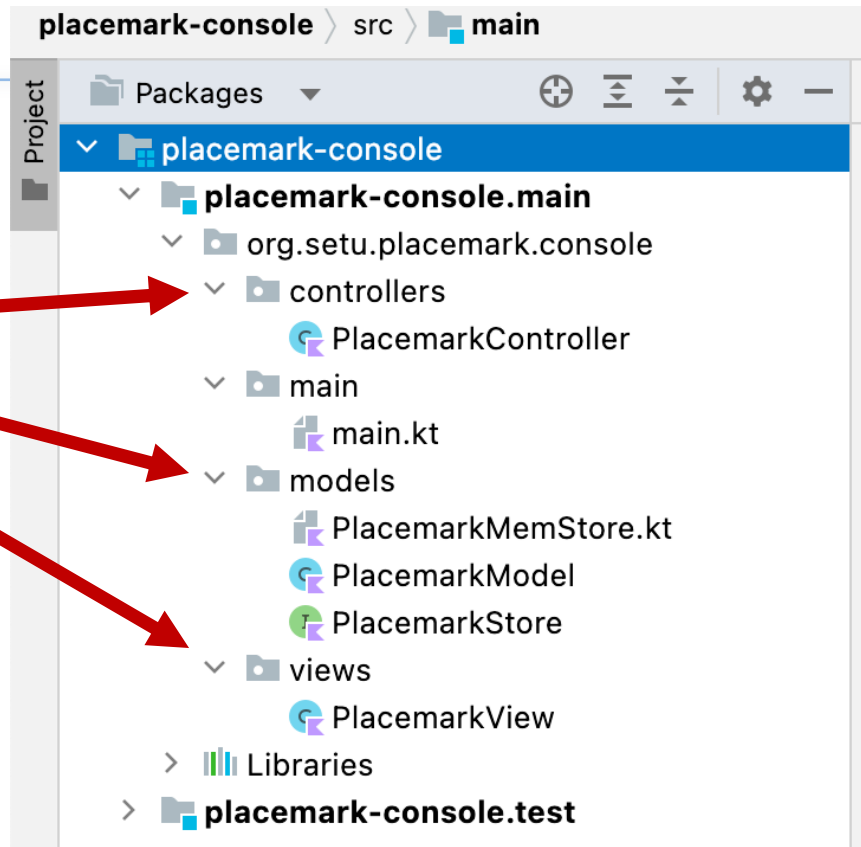
Project Structure

- ❑ Now more complex
 - Multiple packages




Project Structure

- ❑ Now more complex
 - Multiple packages
 - MVC Pattern



main.kt

❑ Codebase in main file substantially Reduced

- **fun main**
 - Single line of code
- 
- ```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {
 PlacemarkController().start()
}
```

# Classes & Interfaces

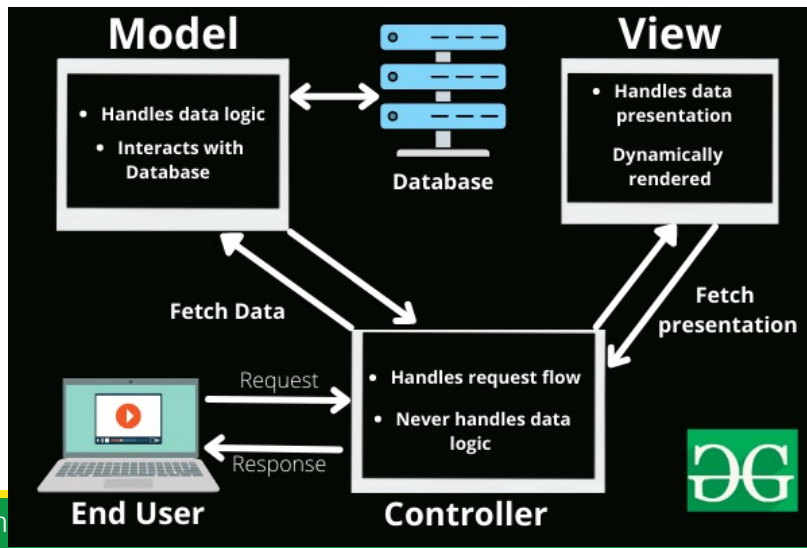
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# Classes & Interfaces in Placemark


- ❑ Version 3.0 refactors the app to make use of the **MVC (Model-View-Controller)** Design Pattern
- ❑ Allows for SoC (Separation of Concerns)
- ❑ A number of new Classes & Interfaces introduced to improve overall design



# Interface **PlacemarkStore**

---

```
interface PlacemarkStore {
 fun findAll(): List<PlacemarkModel>
 fun findOne(id: Long): PlacemarkModel?
 fun create(placemark: PlacemarkModel)
 fun update(placemark: PlacemarkModel)
}
```

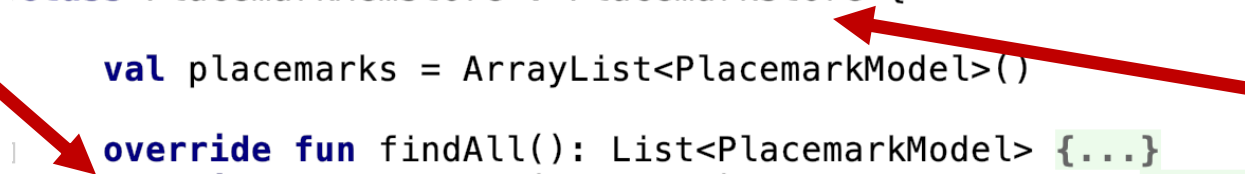


- ❑ 4 functions, responsible for defining how our implementation classes will behave (for the moment)
- ❑ Classes that implement this interface must implement these functions

# Class **PlacemarkMemStore**

```
class PlacemarkMemStore : PlacemarkStore {
 val placemarks = ArrayList<PlacemarkModel>()

 override fun findAll(): List<PlacemarkModel> {...}
 override fun findOne(id: Long) : PlacemarkModel? {...}
 override fun create(placemark: PlacemarkModel) {...}
 override fun update(placemark: PlacemarkModel) {...}
 internal fun logAll() {...}
}
```



- ❑ This class implements **PlacemarkStore** – note modifier **override** to signify the function is an implementation of the function defined in interface
- ❑ We also have an **internal** function (just ‘local’ to this class)

# Class PlacemarkMemStore

```
class PlacemarkMemStore : PlacemarkStore {

 val placemarks = ArrayList<PlacemarkModel>()

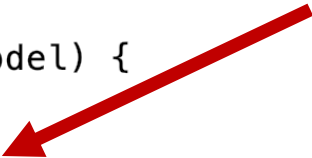
 override fun findAll(): List<PlacemarkModel> {...}
 override fun findOne(id: Long) : PlacemarkModel? {...}

 override fun create(placemark: PlacemarkModel) {
 placemark.id = getId()
 placemarks.add(placemark)
 logAll()
 }

 override fun update(placemark: PlacemarkModel) {
 var foundPlacemark = findOne(placemark.id)
 if (foundPlacemark != null) {
 foundPlacemark.title = placemark.title
 foundPlacemark.description = placemark.description
 }
 }

 internal fun logAll() {...}
}
```

□ Here we see the  
‘inner workings’ of  
our implemented  
functions (create &  
update)



# Class PlacemarkController

```
class PlacemarkController {

 val placemarks = PlacemarkMemStore()
 val placemarkView = PlacemarkView()
 val logger = KotlinLogging.logger {}

 init {...}
 fun start() {...}
 fun menu() : Int { return placemarkView.menu() }
 fun add(){...}
 fun list() {...}
 fun update() {...}
 fun search() {...}
 fun search(id: Long) : PlacemarkModel? {...}
 fun dummyData() {...}
}
```

- ❑ Main purpose to act as 'link' between Model and View
- ❑ No interaction with user - 'controls' the flow of data between the user and storage



# Class `PlacemarkController` - `start()`

```
class PlacemarkController {
```

```
 val placemarks = PlacemarkMemStore()
 val placemarkView = PlacemarkView()
 val logger = KotlinLogging.logger {}
```

```
 init {...}
```

```
 fun start() {
 var input: Int
```

```
 do {
```

```
 input = menu()
```

```
 when (input) {
```

```
 1 -> add()
```

```
 2 -> update()
```

```
 3 -> list()
```

```
 4 -> search()
```

```
 -99 -> dummyData()
```

```
 -1 -> println("Exiting App")
```

```
 else -> println("Invalid Option")
```

```
 }
```

```
 }
 println()
```

```
 fun main(args: Array<String>) {
 PlacemarkController().start()
 }
```

□ Initial point of entry  
in application

□ Triggers CRUD  
features based on  
user options from  
'View'

# Class `PlacemarkController` – `add()`

```
class PlacemarkController {

 val placemarks = PlacemarkMemStore()
 val placemarkView = PlacemarkView()
 val logger = KotlinLogging.logger {}

 init {...}
 fun start() {...}
 fun menu() : Int { return placemarkView.menu() }
 fun add(){
 var aPlacemark = PlacemarkModel()

 if (placemarkView.addPlacemarkData(aPlacemark))
 placemarks.create(aPlacemark)
 else
 logger.info("Placemark Not Added")
 }
 fun list() {...}
 fun update() {...}
```

❑ Interacting with both **Model** and **View** to add a Placemark

❑ The remaining functions operate in a similar fashion

# Class **PlacemarkView**

```
class PlacemarkView {

 fun menu() : Int {...}
 fun listPlacemarks(placemarks : PlacemarkMemStore) {...}
 fun showPlacemark(placemark : PlacemarkModel) {...}
 fun addPlacemarkData(placemark : PlacemarkModel) : Boolean {...}
 fun updatePlacemarkData(placemark : PlacemarkModel) : Boolean {...}
 fun getId() : Long {...}
}
```

- ❑ ‘User Facing’ class to present console UI for the application
- ❑ Responsible for displaying user menu, Placemarks, getting Placemark data etc.



# Class PlacemarkView – addPlacemarkData()



```
class PlacemarkView {

 fun menu() : Int {...}
 fun listPlacemarks(placemarks : PlacemarkMemStore) {...}
 fun showPlacemark(placemark : PlacemarkModel) {...}
 fun addPlacemarkData(placemark : PlacemarkModel) : Boolean {

 println()
 print("Enter a Title : ")
 placemark.title = readLine()!!
 print("Enter a Description : ")
 placemark.description = readLine()!!

 return placemark.title.isNotEmpty() && placemark.description.isNotEmpty()
 }
 fun updatePlacemarkData(placemark : PlacemarkModel) : Boolean {...}
 fun getId() : Long {...}
}
```

□ Getting User Data



# Arrays & Collections

---

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# Arrays & Collections in Placemark

---

- ❑ **val** variable **placemarks** is declared as a **ArrayList** of **PlacemarkModel** objects inside **PlacemarkMemStore**

```
val placemarks = ArrayList<PlacemarkModel>()
```

- ❑ we can add to this collection manually like so

```
placemarks.add(PlacemarkModel(1, "New York New York", "So Good They Named It Twice"))
```

# Arrays & Collections in Placemark

- We can also carry out CRUD operations using **PlacemarkMemStore** functions

```
override fun create(placemark: PlacemarkModel) {
 placemark.id = getId()
 placemarks.add(placemark) ←
 logAll()
}

override fun update(placemark: PlacemarkModel) {
 var foundPlacemark = findOne(placemark.id) ←
 if (foundPlacemark != null) {
 foundPlacemark.title = placemark.title
 foundPlacemark.description = placemark.description
 }
}
```

# Lambdas

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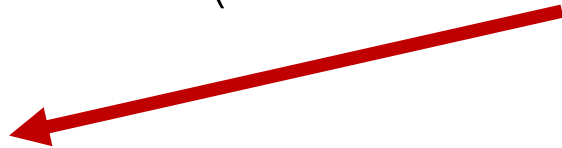
# Lambdas in Placemark

- ❑ Here the Collections **find** function is a 'Higher Order' function which means we can assign it as a parameter and pass anonymous functions to it, and use lambda expressions

```
fun search(id: Long) : PlacemarkModel? {
 var foundPlacemark: PlacemarkModel? = placemarks.find { p -> p.id == id }
 return foundPlacemark
}
```

- ❑ Another Higher Order Function – **forEach** (note use of **it**)

```
internal fun logAll() {
 placemarks.forEach { logger.info("${it}") }
}
```





## References

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Sources: <http://kotlinlang.org/docs/reference/basic-syntax.html>  
<http://petersommerhoff.com/dev/kotlin/kotlin-for-java-devs/>  
<https://www.programiz.com/kotlin-programming>  
<https://medium.com/@napperley/kotlin-tutorial-5-basic-collections-3f114996692b>

