

BoardSpace

A Place for Board Games

Games at Boardspace.net

Euphoria 	Hive 	Tammany Hall 	SixMaking 	9 Men Morris 	Stac 	Checkers 	Proteus 	Majorities
Carnac 	PonteDelDiavolo 	Morelli 	Medina 	Gounki 	Gyges 	Kamisado 	Zertz 	Yinsh
Dvonn 	Tzaar 	Gipf 	Go 	Shogi 	Xiangqi 	Tablut 	Rithmomachy 	Fanorona
Punct 	1 Day in London Embankment 	Yspahan 	Raj 	mogul 	Container 	Army of Frogs 	Che 	Micropul
Palago 	Spangles 	Trax 	Santorini 	Exxit 	Gobblet 	Lines of Action 	Plateau 	Hex
Tumbling Down 	Dipole 	Truchet 	Volcano 	Traboulet 	Qyshinsu 	Knockabout 	Warp6 	Breaking Away
Cannon 	Triad 	Mutton 	Octiles 	Colorito 	Arimaa 	Crossfire 	Entrapment 	Quinamid

Boardspace provides

Live play over the internet of board games for 2-6 players

Restartable

Archived and searchable and replayable games

Player Rankings

Optional robot opponents

Review Games #3

Review Games #3 Chat

game selector



null : Game won by null



Tile Size

null
0:00:00

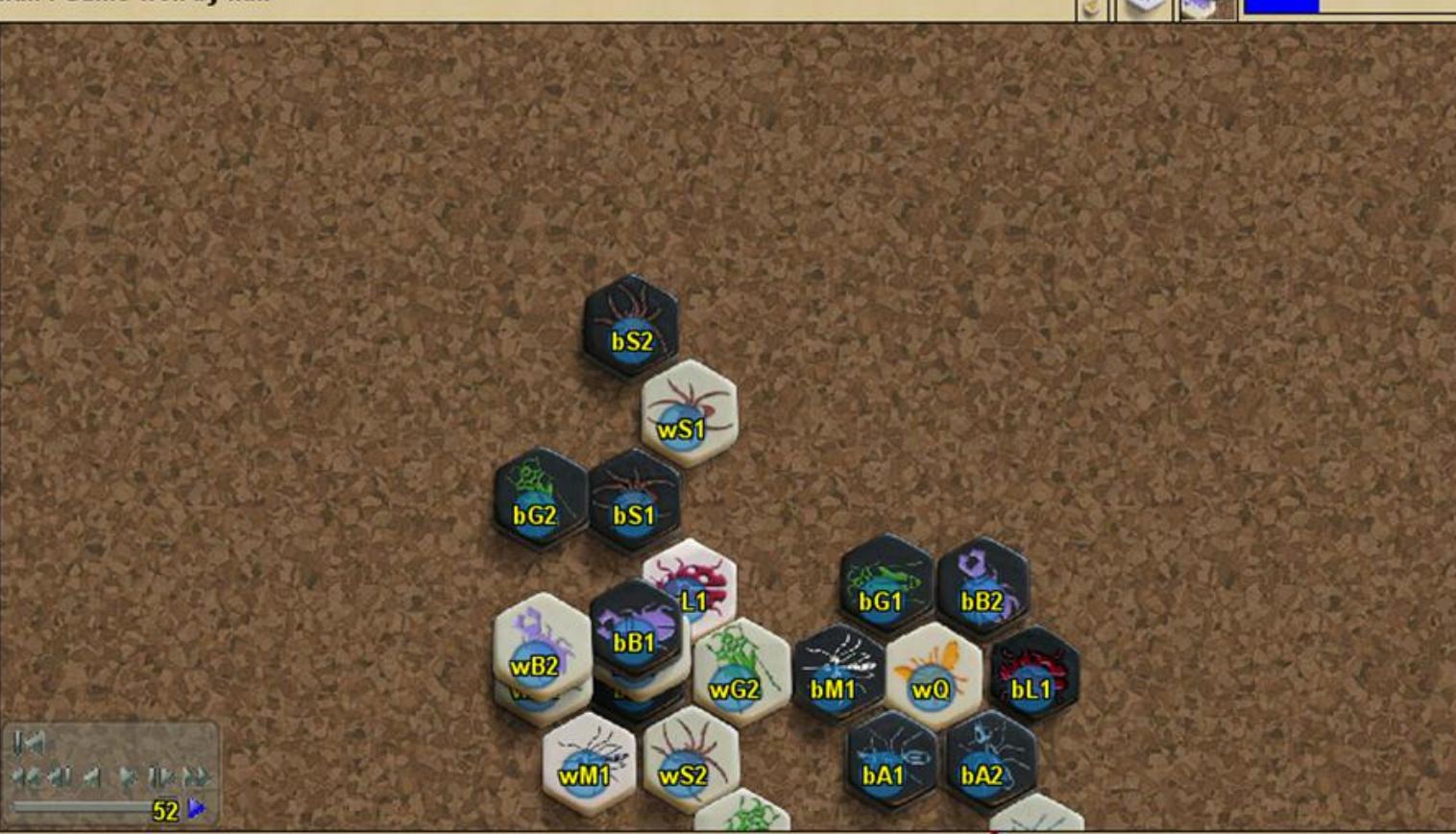


Done

Edit



null
0:00:00



MrBrains : Game won by MrBrains



- 94 MrBrains
95 Dumbot
Pay with 2, gain #1Morale (from Flartner the Luddite)
Retrieve 2 from Worker Activation B
Retrieve 2 from Generator - 1
Green lose 1 1 or 1 1 due to roll penalties
2 to Tunnel
2 to Generator
Extra energy cancelled by Registry of Personal Secrets
2 to Build Market B
Pay with 2, gain #1Morale (from Flartner the Luddite)
Retrieve 2 from Generator
Retrieve 2 from Tunnel

Dumbot 0:04:05

1
5
2

MrBrains 0:07:02

1
4



Lobby: Welcome to BoardSpace client, version 3.1

News:

News: Remember that you are a spectator.

News: Please do not comment on the game.

News:

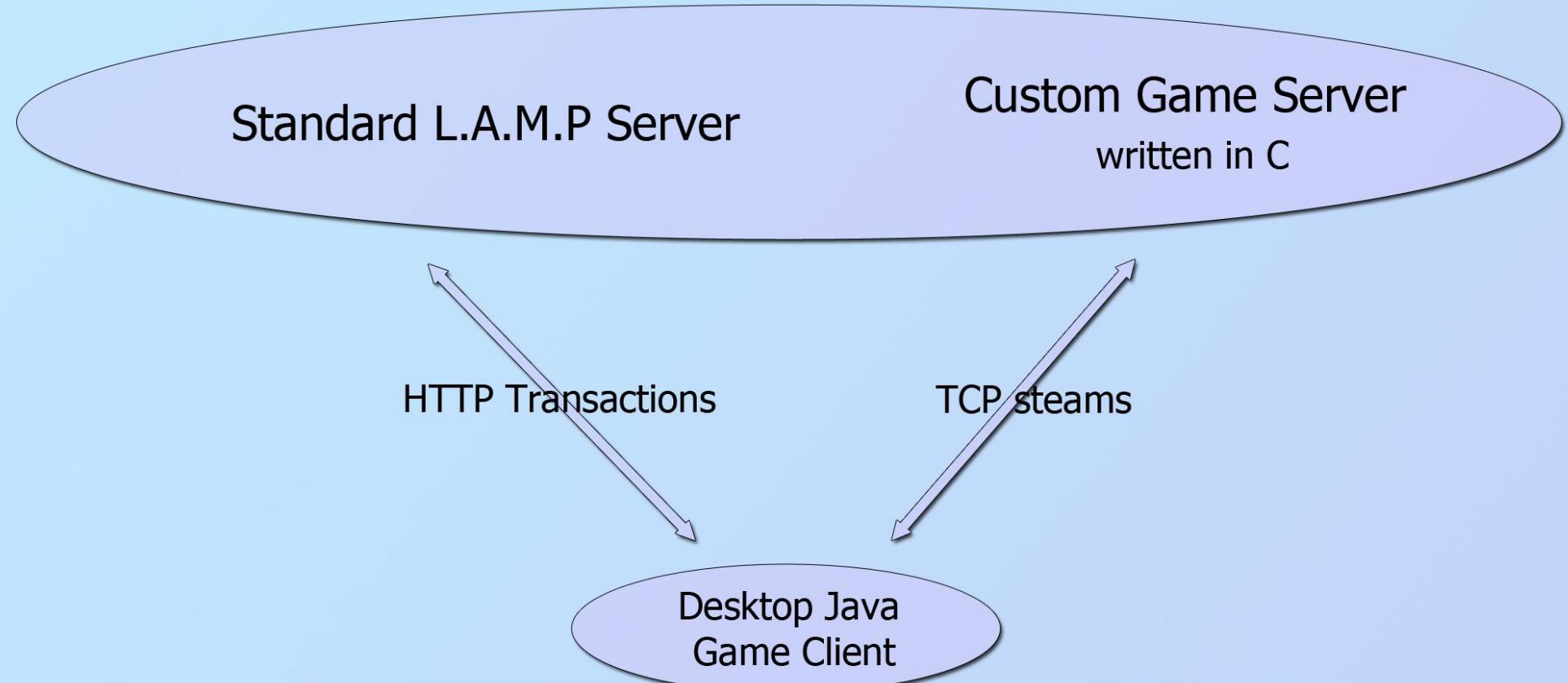
Game: Played on Sun Mar 13 13:40:06 CDT 2016

prop RE = Game won by MrBrains

To ALL: Type your message here.

Send

Boardspace.net Architecture



50,000 lines core code + 4,000 lines per game x 75 games

Motivation for Change

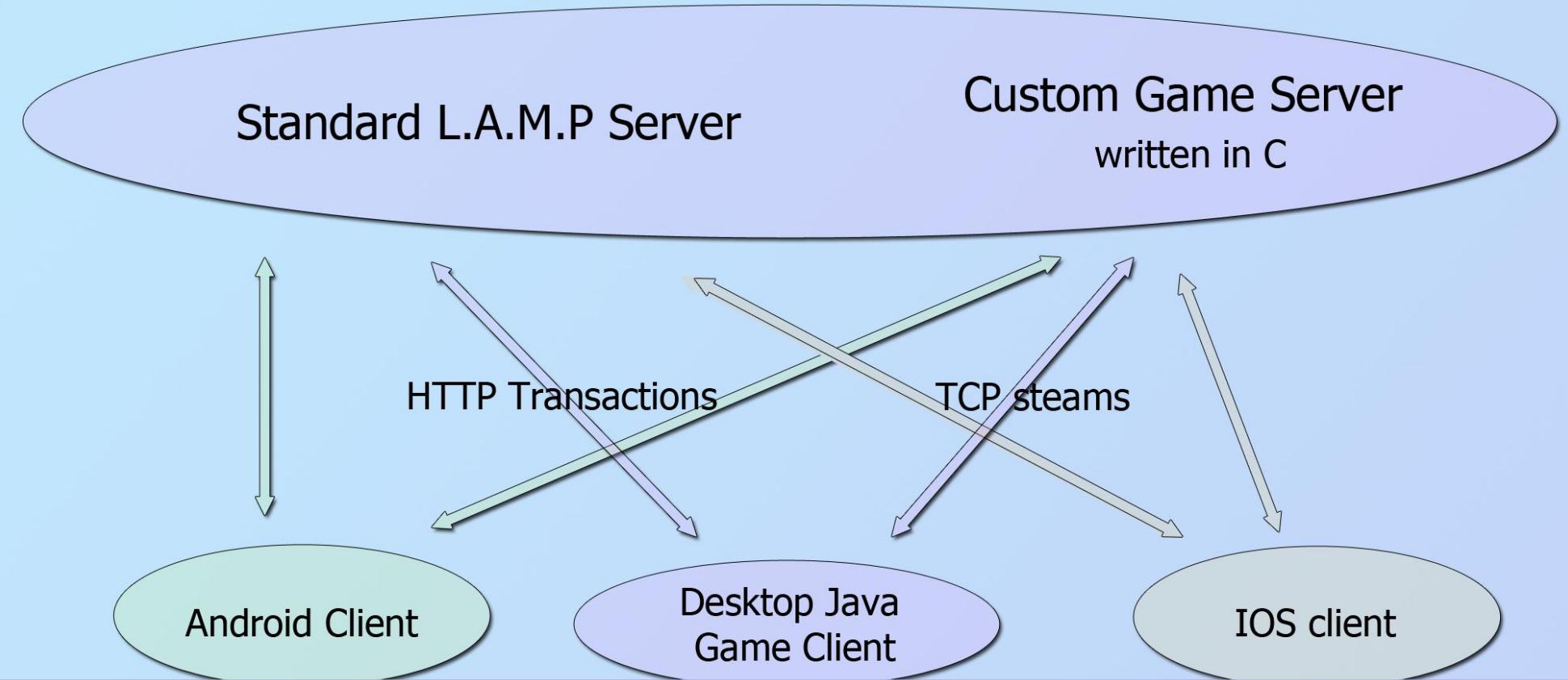
Declining Browser based Java Support

- java exploit/patch wars
- dropped Applet support on chrome
- no Applets on Edge.
- pending end of Applets on firefox.

Increasing Mobiles mindshare

- android/ios phones everywhere
- android tablets are cheap and plentiful

Proposed new Boardspace.net Architecture



Lots of Java Code

50,000 lines core code + 4,000 lines per game x 75 games

Possible Porting Aproaches

Native Code

- Android: Still Java but vastly different UI, event and networking
- Android: Morass of version and device specifics
- IOS: complete rewrite, no common code

Robovm

- IOS: Closed source, newish
- and as of 4/2016, bought and killed by Microsoft.

Codenameone

- Open source, multi-target Android, IOS and others.
- compatible UI, Event and networking

How Codenameone works

Eclipse / Netbeans Plugin
Embedded Simulator

Codename1 API,
- similar to the standard java desktop environment

The “build” process recodes your JAR files to native code for the target platform, compiles using native tools, and packages the result for delivery.

Delivered source code is available.

Porting Tasks

Desktop + Android + Ios apps

Many cosmetic Java code changes

A Few mandatory new features

7000 lines of new Java

Minor tweaks to HTTP/Lamp code

No changes to TCP networking

Shared code base for Desktop, Android and Ios

6 Months of work

Cosmetic Changes: Rectangle

Standard Java

```
public class Rectangle
{ public int x,y,width,height;
  public double getX();
  public double getY();
  public double getWidth();
  public double getHeight();
}
```

Codenameone

```
public class Rectangle
{ private int x,y,width, height;
  public int getX();
  public int getY();
  public int getWidth();
  public int getHeight();
}
```

Functionally equivalent, operationally completely incompatible.

Standard Java Rectangle

```
boardRect.x = 0;  
boardRect.y = (wideMode ? 0 : chatHeight)+SQUARESIZE-CELLSIZE;  
boardRect.width = SQUARESIZE * b.boardColumns ;  
boardRect.height = SQUARESIZE * b.boardRows;
```

```
firstPlayerChipRect.x = G.Right(boardRect)-CELLSIZE/2;  
firstPlayerChipRect.y = boardRect.y+CELLSIZE/2;  
firstPlayerChipRect.width = SQUARESIZE;  
firstPlayerChipRect.height = SQUARESIZE;
```

Codenameone Rectangle

```
G.SetRect(boardRect,boardX,boardY,boardW,boardH);  
  
G.SetRect(firstPlayerChipRect,  
          G.Left(boardRect),  
          G.Top(boardRect),  
          SQUARESIZE,  
          SQUARESIZE);
```

Mandatory new Features

One Finger Scrolling

Two finger “pinch” zoom.

Cope with the absence of mouse rollovers

Scale any remaining Fixed size UI

Cope with fixed aspect ratios

Tabbed full screen windows.

Scale robots for CPU performance

Cope with small physical screen sizes

Boardspace Lobby



Uses no java widgets except in the chat area

Has

Left and Right Scroll Bars

Fixed layout proportions for chat, player list, game room list.

Fixed layout within game rooms.

Needs

Finger “fling” scrolling

Flexible proportions to major parts

Scaled boxes within game rooms

Boardspace Lobby



Horizontal Phone Screen



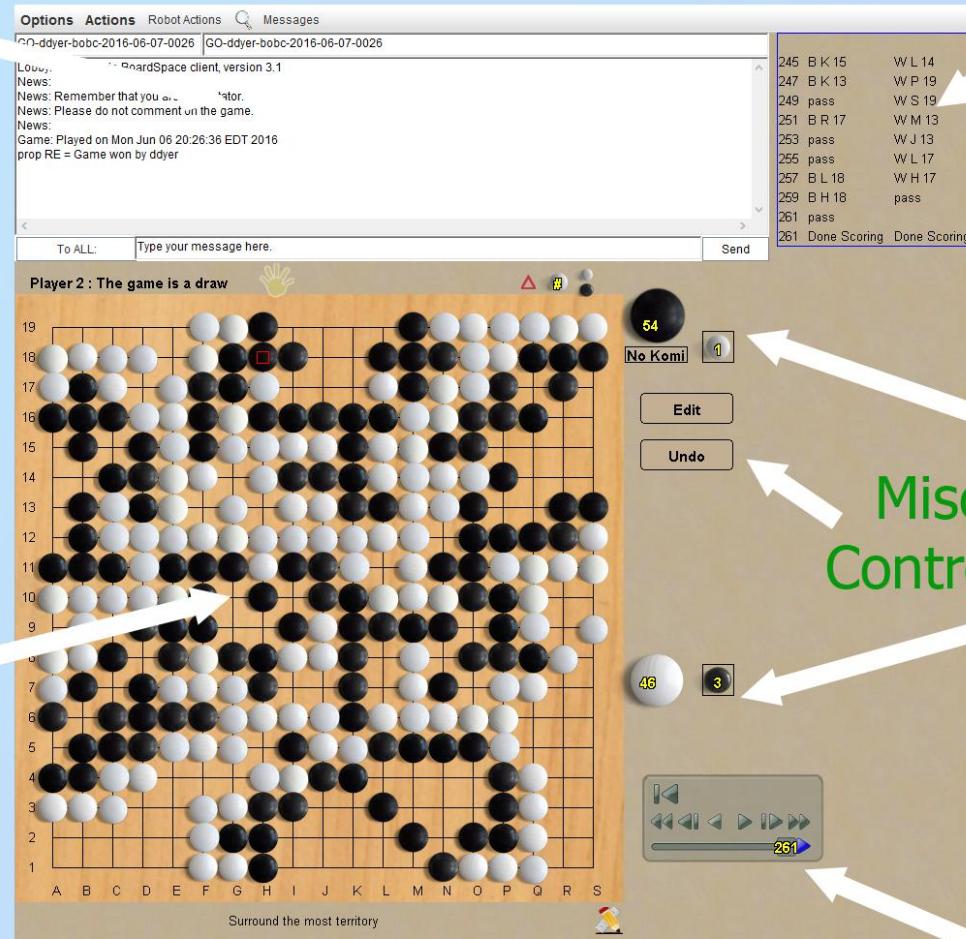
Vertical Phone Screen



Ios Screen

Boardspace typical game room

Chat



Board

Game Log

Player Info

Misc Controls

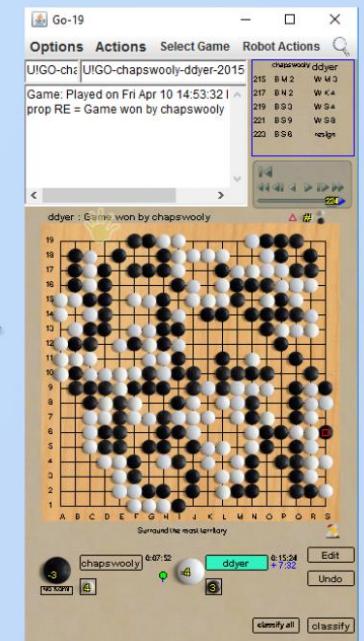
Review Controls

Fixed window sizes, variable aspect ratio

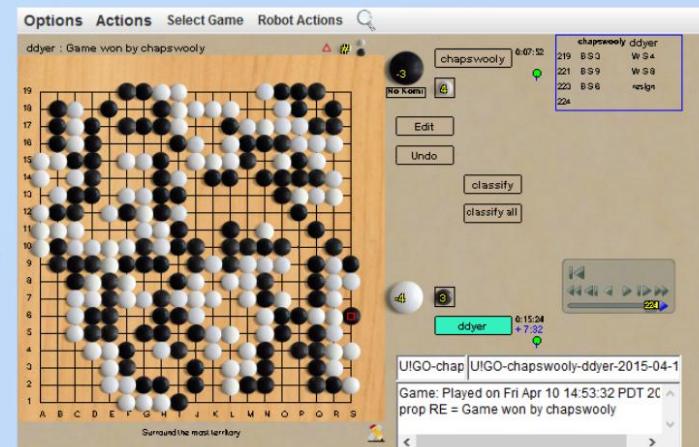
Normal



Tall



Wide



Typical Layout Code

```
public void setLocalBounds(int x, int y, int width, int height)
{   int normal = setLocalBoundsCell(width,height,false,false);
    boolean wide = setLocalBoundsCell(width,height,true,false)>normal;
    boolean tall = setLocalBoundsCell(width,height,false,true)>normal;

    setLocalBoundsWT(x,y,width,height,wide,tall);
}

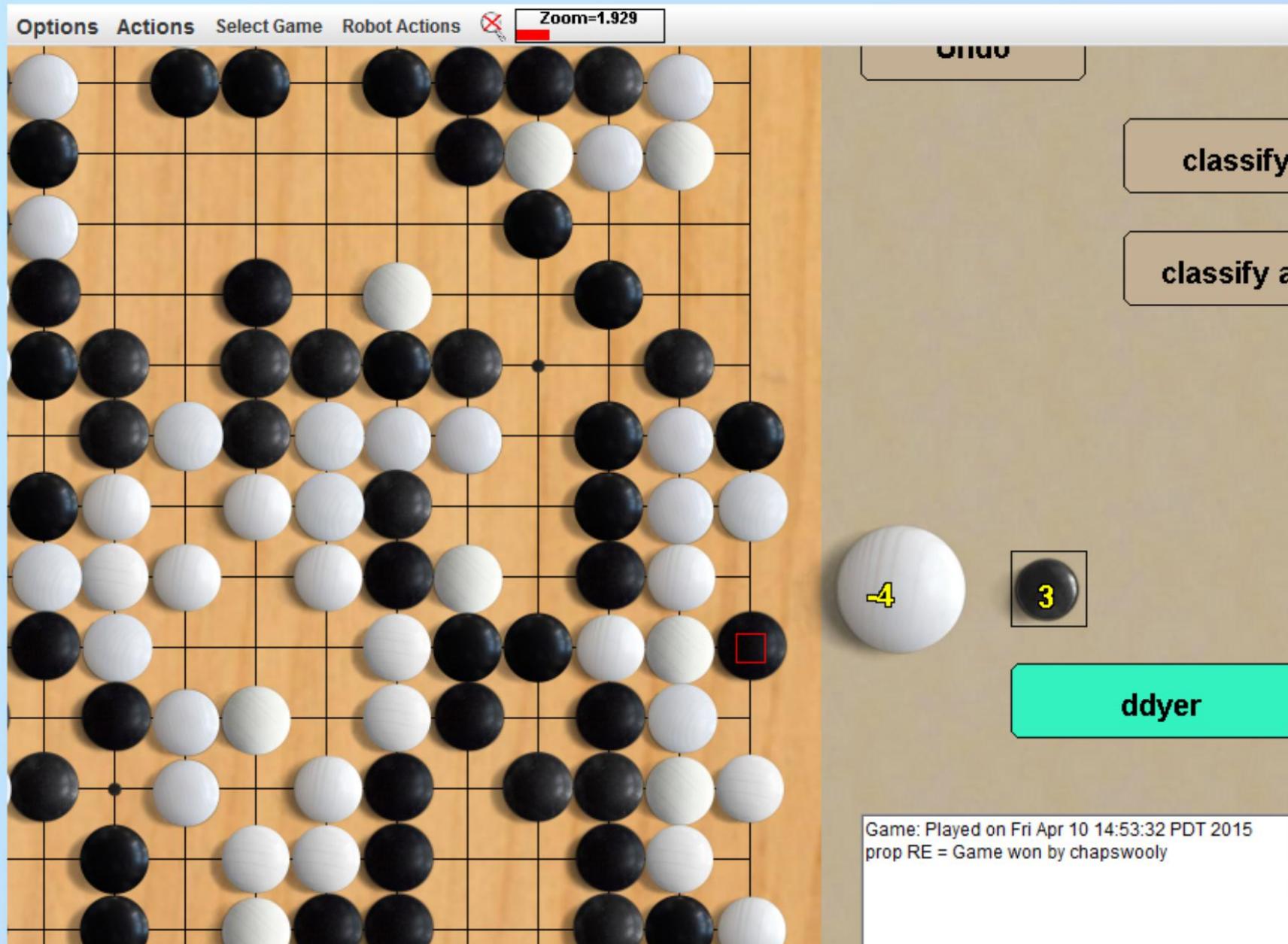
int setLocalBoundsCell(int width,int height,boolean wideMode,boolean tallMode)
{   int sncols = (b.boardColumns+(tallMode ? 1 : (wideMode ? 13 : 9))); // more cells wide to allow for the aux displays
    int snrows = (b.boardRows+1)+(tallMode ? 6 : 0);
    double cellw = (double)width / sncols;
    int chatHeight = selectChatHeight(height);
    double cellh = (double)(height-(wideMode ? 0 : chatHeight)) / snrows;
    double cs = Math.max(1,Math.min(cellw, cellh)); //cell size appropriate for the aspect ration of the canvas
    int CSIZE = (int)(cs*b.boardColumns/40);
    CELLSIZE = (int)cs;
    return(CSIZE);
}

void setLocalBoundsWT(int x,int y,int width,int height,boolean wideMode,boolean tallMode)
{ int CSIZE = setLocalBoundsCell(width,height,wideMode,tallMode);
    int ideal_logwidth = CSIZE * 13;
    int chatHeight = selectChatHeight(height);
    G.SetRect(fullRect,0,0,width,height);
    int boardW = CELLSIZE * (b.boardColumns-1);
    G.SetRect(boardRect,tallMode ? x+(width-boardW)/2 : x,wideMode ? CSIZE : chatHeight+CSIZE,
              boardW,CELLSIZE * b.boardRows);

    // game log. This is generally off to the right, and it's ok if it's not
    // completely visible in all configurations.
    G.SetRect(stateRect,G.Left(boardRect) + CSIZE,(wideMode ? 0 : chatHeight) +CSIZE/3,
              G.Width(boardRect) - CSIZE,CSIZE*2);
```

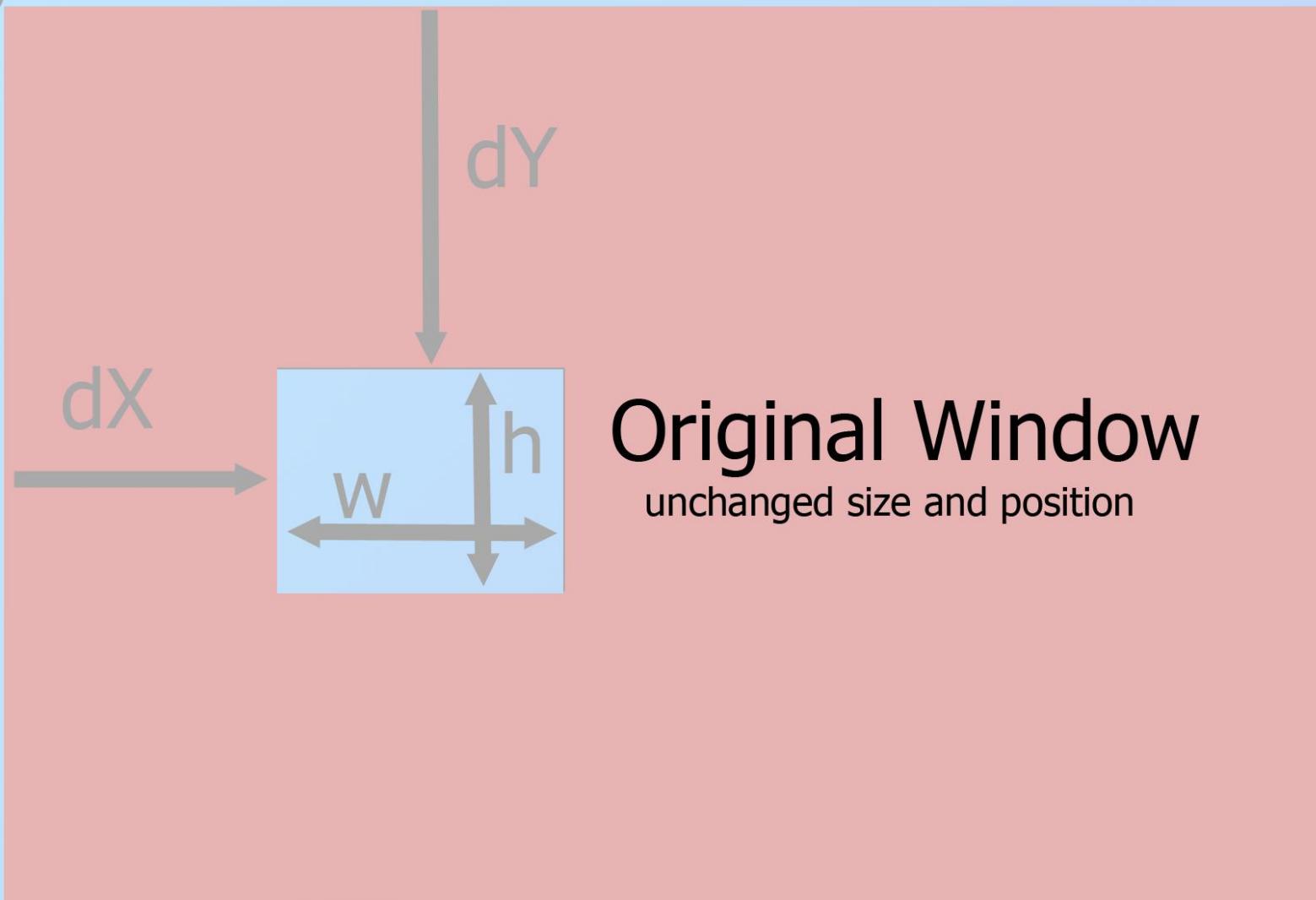
Pinch Zoom

mouse zoom on desktops



Zoom low level Layout

0,0



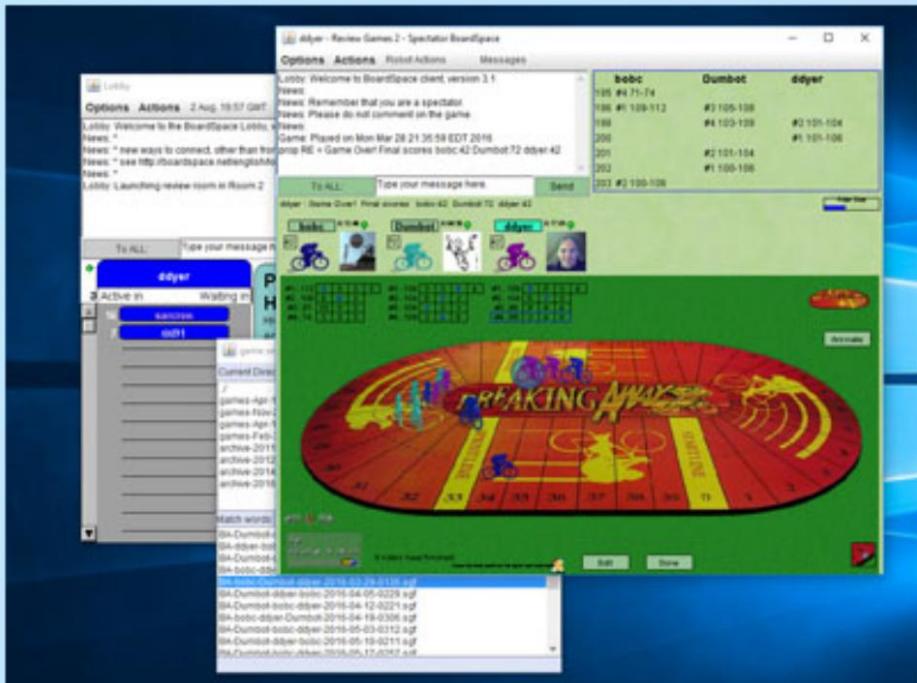
$3 \times W, 3 \times H$

Zoom Code

```
public void actualPaint(Graphics g,HitPoint hp)
{
    int x = getSX();
    int y = getSY();
    //Rectangle clip = G.setClip(g,0,0getWidth(),getHeight());
    super.paint(g);
    g.translate(-x,-y);
    paintSprites(g,hp);
    //G.setClip(g,clip);
    g.translate(x,y);
}
```

- The real window system doesn't even know you're doing this
- Depends on actual clipping logic to be reasonably efficient
- The tricky bit is getting the math right to set the window.

Window Size and Position



Tabbed fixed size windows

Free form, multiple windows



New Feature: CPU benchmark

```
private static int fact(int n)
{
    return(n==0 ? 1 : n*fact(n-1));
}

private static double speed = 0.0;

public static double cpuTest()
{ long now = G.Date();
  for(int j=0;j<1000000;j++) { fact(20); }
  long later = G.Date();
  // returns 1.0 on my desktop on 1/2016
  return(28.80/(later-now+1));
}
```

Apply speed test to all robots, disallow using robots to slow for your platform.

Add new robots that use less resources.

New Feature: Feature size test

```
/**  
 * return the smallest recommended feature size, in pixels. This is  
 * to be used to configure touch screens, where fat fingers can't point  
 * at anything too small.  
 * @return smallest recommended feature size, in pixels  
 */  
public static int minimumFeatureSize()  
{  
    return(isTouchInterface() ? getPPI()/3 : 10);  
}
```

Apply to Review controls, potentially others.

Typical Device Characteristics

cpu=30% screen=1680x1050 ppi=116 Mac OS X

cpu=10% screen=1680x1050 ppi=116 Mac OS X

cpu=30% screen=1680x1050 ppi=116 Mac OS X

cpu=13% screen=1024x600 ppi=96 Windows 7

cpu=92% screen=1920x1080 ppi=96 Windows 10

cpu=36% screen=1920x1080 ppi=96 Windows Vista

cpu=80% screen=1920x1200 ppi=96 Windows 7

cpu=46% screen=1024x768 ppi=96 Windows 10

cpu=12% screen=1200x1776 ppi=160 Codename1 1.59 Android

cpu=2.1% screen=1280x767 ppi=128 Codename1 1.59 Android

cpu=5.7% screen=768x1134 ppi=160 Codename1 1.59 Android

cpu=9.0% screen=1196x672 ppi=160 Codename1 1.59 Android

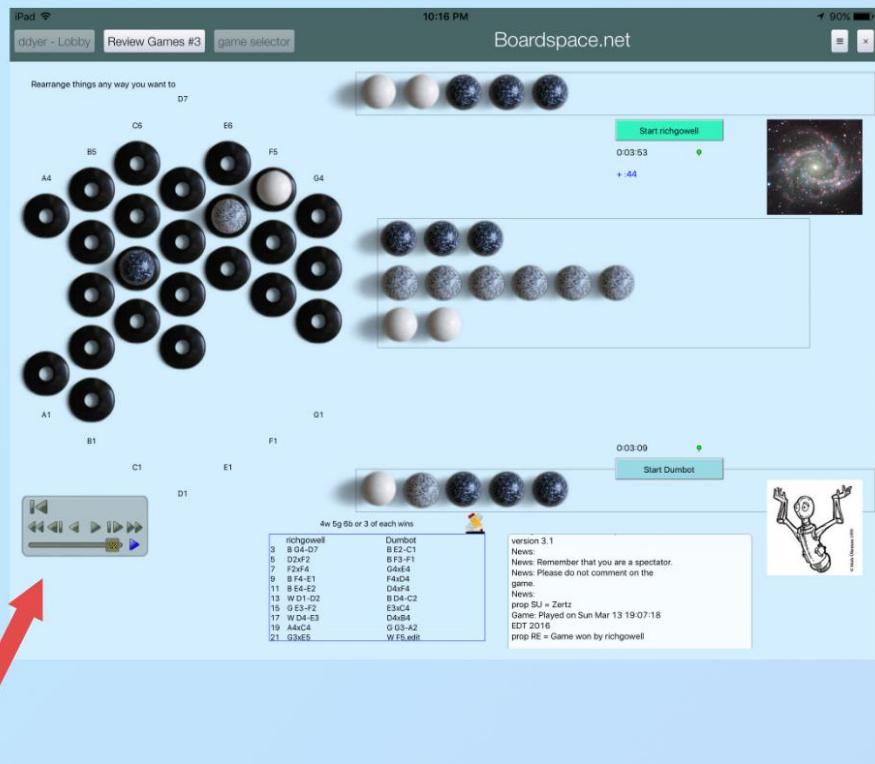
cpu=4.8% screen=480x764 ppi=128 Codename1 1.56 Android

cpu=4.3% screen=1536x2048 ppi=160 Codename1 1.58 Ios

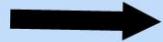
cpu=1.6% screen=2048x1536 ppi=160 Codename1 1.58 Ios

cpu=4.7% screen=2048x1536 ppi=160 Codename1 1.58 Ios

cpu=0.8% screen=1024x768 ppi=96 Codename1 1.58 Ios



Expand controls based on feature size



Bridge Needed: new Socket Connection

```
/** public utility function to open a socket */
public Socket getSocketConnection(String server,int sock)
{ Socket myS = null;

    if((myS==null) && (sock!=PROXY_HTTP_PORT))
    { myS = new Socket(server, sock);
    }
    return(myS);
}
```

Socket Bridge Code

```
package bridge;

public class Socket extends SocketConnection // SocketConnection adds callback when the connection succeeds or fails
{
    // this is the API that standard java provides
    public Socket(String s,int n) throws IOException
    { connect(s,n);
        if((input==null) || (output==null))
            { throw new IOException("Connect to "+s+":"+n+" got error "+errorCode+" - "+message);
        }
    // do the connection and wait for the callback
    private synchronized void connect(String s,int n)
    {
        ...
        com.codename1.io.Socket.connect(s,n,this);
        try {
            while (socketPending) { wait(); }
        }
        catch (InterruptedException err) {}
    }
    // on failure
    public synchronized void connectionError(int err, String errm)
    { ... }
    // on success
    public synchronized void connectionEstablished(InputStream is, OutputStream os)
    { ... }
    // a dummy method
    public String getHostAddress() { return("0.0.0.0"); }
    // not the usual definition, but only needed in transition to getHostAddress
    public Socket getLocalAddress() { return(this); }
}
```

Important point: The bridge socket implementation provides the functionality I need, not the full java socket API.

Trivial “MediaTracker” bridge

(codenameone doesn’t use them)

```
package bridge;

import com.codename1.ui.Image;

public class MediaTracker {

    public MediaTracker(ImageObserver mapViewer) {
        // TODO Auto-generated constructor stub
    }

    public void addImage(Image map, int i) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
    }

    public void waitForAll() throws InterruptedException {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
    }

    public void waitForID(int i) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
    }

    public Object[] getErrorsAny() {
        return(null);
    }
}
```

Rather complex adapter for paint

Drawing Complications

Drawing everything every time is too slow.

- poor animation frame rates and clunky object movement

Drawing with buffering glitches on Android

Drawing restricted to EDT thread

Solutions

Standard Java draws directly in user threads

IOS draws with single buffer in EDT thread

Android draws with double buffer in EDT thread

Development Environment

Eclipse or Netbeans, with plugin

Embedded Device Simulator

Skins for common device formats

Excellent replication of standard java functionality

Good replication of display behavior

No support for multi-touch screens.

On Device Debugging

Direct installation of device builds

Basically Nonexistent on-device debugging.

Logging/error catching optional

Live Debugging tools

Do not expect bug reports!

Use try/catch in all processes and

Post Errors with HTTP

Log data as part of TCP stream (if active)

Use On Device Console Window for System.out

URLS

<http://codenameone.com/>

<http://boardspace.net/>

[http://boardspace.net/english/codename1-port/Porting Boardspace.html](http://boardspace.net/english/codename1-port/Porting%20Boardspace.html)

[http://boardspace.net/english/codename1-port/Jug Presentation.pdf](http://boardspace.net/english/codename1-port/Jug%20Presentation.pdf)

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