Due: 11:30 PM on Friday February 16th, 2021

Total Marks: 32

- You can use this Word document to complete the assignment, use another word processing program, or do the work on paper and scan it.
- It is the Student's responsibility to ensure your work is legible and readable for the markers.
- Handin your assignments and work as a single PDF document.
  - a. If you do your work on paper, you must scan it, and add the images to the word document before exporting as a pdf.
  - b. Including the original Word document and/or scans is optional but can be useful if issues arise.
- If the markers are required to go through multiple files to find all of your work, you will lose points.
- Do the conversions by hand, show your work, and do not skip steps, answers without work get a zero.
- Remember, you CAN use the Base Conversion Table provided on UMLearn!

#### Written Questions

- 1. (2 marks) Convert each of the following **signed magnitude** three hexadecimal digit (12 bits) hexadecimal numbers to decimal.
  - Do the conversions by hand and show your work and **don't skip steps**.
  - You can either convert Hex->Decimal or Hex->Binary->Decimal, whichever clearly shows the work required.
  - Be sure to mention if the number is positive or negative, and how can you tell.
- a) 0x6EA<sub>16</sub>

```
6EA_{16} = ??_{10}
6 = \underline{0}110, sign is 0, so it's a positive number
E = 1101 = 14
A = 1010 = 10
= (6*16*16) + (14*16) + 10
= 1536 + 224 + 10
= 1,770_{10}
```

They can also do the binary version.

b) 0xCAB<sub>16</sub>

```
CAB<sub>16</sub> = ??<sub>10</sub>
C = <u>1</u>100, sign is 1, so it's a negative number
<u>1100 becomes 0100 aka 4</u>
A = 1010 = 10
B = 1011 = 11
= -( (4*16*16) + (10*16) + 11)
```

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```
= -( 1024 + 160 + 11 )
= -1195<sub>10</sub>
```

Note: If they do 2s complement they would get -853

They can also do the binary version.

- 2. (2 marks) Convert each of the following **One's Complement** three hexadecimal digit (12 bits) numbers to decimal.
  - Do the conversions by hand and show your work and **don't skip steps.**
  - You can either convert Hex->Decimal or Hex->Binary->Decimal, whichever clearly shows the work required.
  - Be sure to mention if the number is positive or negative, and how can you tell.
- a) 0xDA5<sub>16</sub>

```
DA5<sub>16</sub> = ??<sub>10</sub>
D = \underline{1}101, \text{ sign is } 1, \text{ so it's a negative number}
A = 1010 = 10
5 = 0101 = 5
DA5 = 1101 \ 1010 \ 0101
Invert: 0010 \ 0101 \ 1010 == 25A
2 = 0010 = 2
5 = 0101 = 5
A = 1010 = 10
= (2*16*16) + (5*16) + 10
= 512 + 80 + 10
= 602_{10}
remember it's negative.
= -602_{10}
```

They can also do the binary version.

b) 0x6CD<sub>16</sub>

```
6CD<sub>16</sub> = ??<sub>10</sub>

6 = <u>0110</u>, sign is 0, so it's a positive number

C = 1100 = 12

D = 1101 = 13

= ( (6*16*16) + (12*16) + 13 )

= ( 1536 + 192 + 13 )

= 1741<sub>10</sub>
```

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They can also do the binary version.

- 3. (4 marks) Convert each of the following **2's complement** three hexadecimal digit (12 bits) numbers to decimal.
  - Do the conversions by hand and show your work and don't skip steps.
  - You can either convert Hex->Decimal or Hex->Binary->Decimal, whichever clearly shows the work required.
  - Be sure to mention if the number is positive or negative, and how can you tell.
- a) 0x1357<sub>16</sub>

```
x1357<sub>16</sub> = ??<sub>10</sub>

1 = <u>0</u>001, sign is 0, so positive number

= (1*16*16*16) + (3*16*16) + (5*16) + 7

= 4 096 + 768 + 80 + 7

= 4 951<sub>10</sub>
```

They can also do the binary version.

b) 0xCAED<sub>16</sub>

```
CAED<sub>16</sub> = ??<sub>10</sub>
C = \underline{1}100, \text{ sign is 1, so negative number}
1100 \ 1010 \ 1110 \ 1101
0011 \ 0101 \ 0001 \ 0010 \ flip \ the \ bits (1's \ comp)
+1 \ add \ 1
0011 \ 0101 \ 0001 \ 0011 \ 2's \ complement
= -0x3513
= -0x3513_{16} = -(3 \times 16^3 + 5 \times 16^2 + 1 \times 16 + 3)
= -(3(4096) + 5(256) + 1(16) + 3)
= -(12,288 + 1,280 + 16 + 3)
= 13,587_{10}
Remember it's negative so:
= -13,587
```

They can also do the binary version.

- 4. (4 marks) Write the following decimal numbers in 8-bit 2s complement representation.
  - Show your answers in both binary and hex.
  - Do the conversions by hand using the repeated division method from the notes
  - Show your work and don't skip steps.

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```
a)
      -111_{10}
            111/2 = 55r1 => Bit 0
            55/2 = 27r1
            27/2 = 13r1
            13/2 = 6r1
            6/2 = 3r0
            3/2 = 1r1
            1/2 = 0r1
            110 1111
            Add a 0 to get 8 bits:
            111 == 0110 1111
            Remember it was negative:
            0110 1111
            1001 0000 1s complement
            + 1 add one
            1001 0001
            1001 = 9
            0001 = 1
            -111_{10} == 1001\ 0001_2 == 0x91_{16}
            Need both Binary and Hexadecimal answer
```

```
b) 123_{10}
123/2 = 61r1 \Rightarrow Bit \ 0
61/2 = 30r1
30/2 = 15r0
15/2 = 7r1
7/2 = 3r1
3/2 = 1r1
1/2 = 0r1
Add a 0 to get 8 bits
0111 \ 1011
It was positive so no conversion needed
0111 = 7
1011 = 11 = B
123_{10} = 0111 \ 1011_2 = 0x7B_{16}
```

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- 5. (4 marks) Add the <u>4-bit</u> and <u>8-bit</u> **2's complement** numbers given below to give an <u>8-bit</u> **2's complement** result.
  - Show your answers in binary and hexadecimal.
  - Indicate an overflow if it occurs.
  - Write the carry-out bit of the msb (most significant bit) in parenthesis.
  - (a) 1110 + 1010 1011 1110 + 1010 1011 (sign extend 1110 to get 1111 1110) 1111 1110

$$+1010 \ 1011$$
  
(1)  $1010 \ 1001_2$  ==(-2)+(-85) == -87<sub>10</sub> == 0xA9<sub>16</sub>

(b) 0110 + 0111 1110 0110 + 0111 1110 (sign extend 0110 to get 0000 0110)

```
0000\ 0110 \\ +0111\ 1110 \\ (1)\ 0000\ 0100_2\ 6+(126) == -124_{10}\ == 0x84_{16}
```

**OVERFLOW!** 

- 6. (6 marks) Give the 32-bit IEEE floating point representation for the following two base 10 numbers.
  - Do the conversions by hand and **show your work and don't skip steps**.
  - Give the final answers in binary and hex.
  - a) 84.875<sub>10</sub>

84/2 = 42r0 42/2 = 21r0 21/2 = 10r1 10/2 = 5r0 5/2 = 2r1 2/2 = 1r0 1/2 = 0r1  $84_{10} = 101\ 0100\ _2$  0.875\*2 = 1.75 0.75\*2 = 1.5 0.5\*2 = 1.0  $0.9375_{10} = 0.111_2$ 

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84.875 = 1010100.111 = 1.010100111 \* 26 exponent = 127 + 6 = 133<sub>10</sub> = 128 + 5 = <mark>1000 0101<sub>2</sub> Positive => sign bit is 0</mark>

Plug them into their spots

84.875<sub>10</sub> is represented by 0x42A9 C000<sub>16</sub>

b) -77.3125<sub>10</sub>

77/2 = 38r1 38/2 = 19r0 19/2 = 9r1 9/2 = 4r1 4/2 = 2r0 2/2 = 1r0 1/2 = 0r1

0.3125\*2 = 0.625 0.625\*2 =1.25 0.25\*2 = 0.5 0.5\*2 = 1.0

 $0.3125_{10} = 0.0101_2$ 

 $77_{10} == 100 \ 1101_2$ 

77.3125 = 1001101.0101 = 1.0011010101\*<mark>2<sup>6</sup></mark> exponent = 127 + 6 = 133<sub>10</sub> = 128 + 4 + 1 = <mark>1000 0101<sub>2</sub></mark> Negative => sign bit is <mark>1</mark>

Plug them into their spots

-77.3125<sub>10</sub> is represented by 0xC29A A000<sub>16</sub>

- 7. (6 marks) Give the decimal equivalent of the following 32-bit numbers (given in hexadecimal notation) considered as being IEEE floating point numbers. Do the computations by hand and show your work.
  - a) 0xC1B1 8000<sub>16</sub>

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b) 0x431A 6000<sub>16</sub>

```
0x431A\ 6000 = 0100\ 0011\ 0001\ 1010\ 0110\ 0000\ 0000\ 0000

The Sign bit is 0, the number is Positive

The exponent is 1000\ 0110, 134 => 134\ -127 = 7

1.0011\ 0100\ 11*2^7 = 1001\ 1010\ 011

= (128 + 16 + 8 + 2 + 1/4 + 1/8)

= (128 + 16 + 8 + 2 + 0.25 + 0.125)

= (154+0.25+0.125)

= 154.375_{10}

0x431A\ 6000_{16} represents 154.375_{10}
```

- 8. (4 marks) Compute the following using 8-bit binary values by hand and show your work. Give the results as 8-bit binary values.
  - a) (NOT (1000 0110)) AND (1101 1011)

```
NOT 1000 0110
0111 1001
AND 1101 1011
0101 1001
```

b) (0101 0101) OR (NOT (1101 0110))

```
NOT 1101 0110
0010 1001
```

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