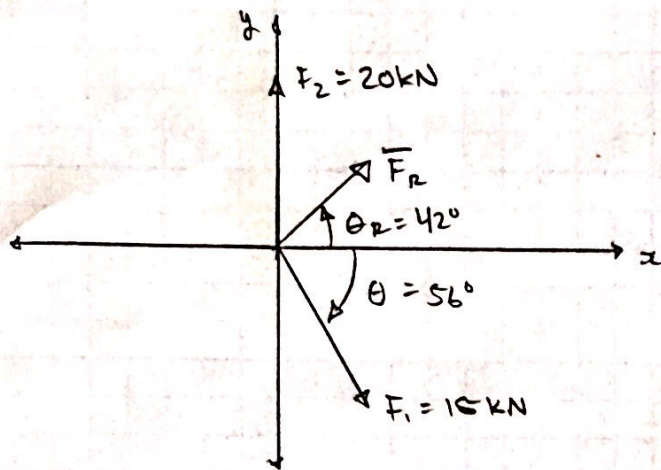


1.



$$A: \vec{F}_R = F_1 \cos \theta \hat{i} + (F_2 - F_1 \sin \theta) \hat{j} \\ = 8.39 \hat{i} + 7.56 \hat{j} \text{ kN}$$

$$|F_R| = \sqrt{8.39^2 + 7.56^2}$$

$$|F_R| = 11.29 \text{ kN}$$

$$B: \theta_R = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{7.56}{8.39} \right)$$

$$\theta_R = 42.0^\circ$$

C: see figure

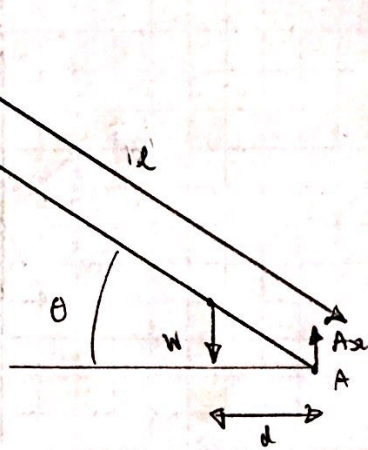
D: The reaction force would be equal in magnitude and opposite in direction.

2.

Given:

B

F



$$l = 12'$$

$$\theta = 37^\circ$$

$$d = 2'$$

$$W = 110 \text{ lb}$$

Find: Force F at B

Solution:

$$\sum F_y = 0 \rightarrow F - W + A_x = 0$$

$$\sum M_A = 0 \rightarrow -Fl \cos \theta + Wd = 0$$

$$Fl \cos \theta = Wd$$

$$F = \frac{Wd}{l \cos \theta}$$

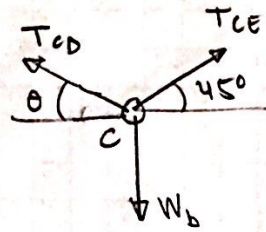
A. See given for FBD

B,

$$F = 21.39 \text{ lb}$$

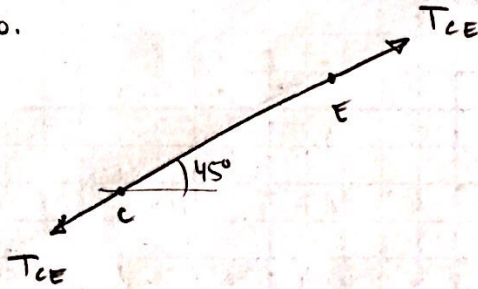
3.

a.

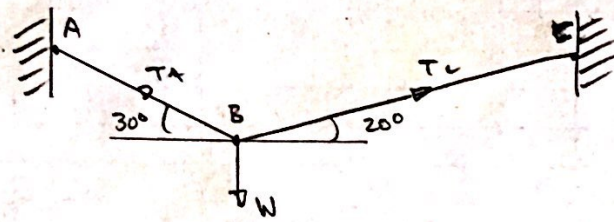


$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) = 36.87^\circ$$

b.



4.



$$W = 10 \text{ kg} \cdot 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$N = 98.1 \text{ N}$$

line AB should be under greater tension it will be supporting a larger proportion of the weight due to the larger sin term, ie. $\sin 30 > \sin 20$.

BONUS!

$$\Sigma F_x = 0 \rightarrow -T_A \cos 30 + T_C \cos 20 = 0$$

$$T_C = T_A \frac{\cos 30}{\cos 20}$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \rightarrow -W + T_A \sin 30 + T_C \sin 20 = 0$$

$$T_A \sin 30 + T_A \frac{\cos 30}{\cos 20} \sin 20 = W$$

$$T_A = \frac{W}{\sin 30 + \cos 30 \tan 20}$$

$$T_A = 120.3 \text{ N}$$

$$T_C = T_A \frac{\cos 30}{\cos 20}$$

$$\rightarrow T_C = 110.9 \text{ N}$$