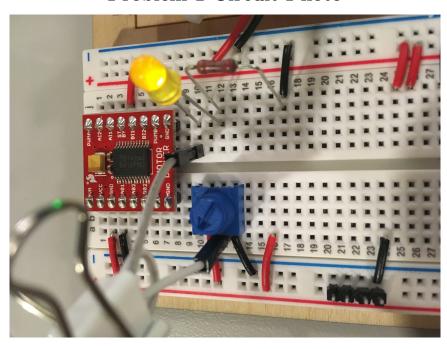
Problem 2 code

```
// -----
// ME120, Section 001
// Homework 4, Problem 2
// Sean Lai
// 10/29/19
//
// Nightlight:
// Uses a potentiometer to set the light level reading from a photoresistor
// at which a nightlight turns on or off.
// -----
// Setup sensor and output pins
const int potPin = A0;
const int photoPin = A1;
const int LEDPin = 9;
// declare variables for reading and calibration
int photoVal, potVal;
void setup() {
 // Setup LED output pin
 pinMode(LEDPin, OUTPUT);
 // Setup Serial communications for debugging
 Serial.begin(9600);
void loop() {
 // Take readings from photoresistor and potentiometer
 photoVal = analogRead(photoPin);
 potVal = analogRead(potPin);
 // Test if light reading is less than
 if(photoVal < potVal) {</pre>
   digitalWrite(LEDPin, HIGH); // Turn LED on
 }
 // Otherwise turn it off
 else {
   digitalWrite(LEDPin, LOW);
 }
}
```

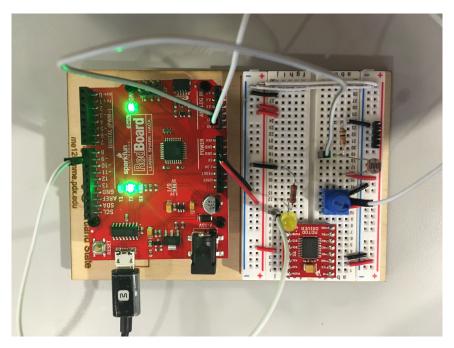
Problem 3 code

```
//-----
// ME120, Section 001
// Homework 4, Problem 3
// Sean Lai
// 10/29/19
//
// Step Ramp Analog Scaling:
// Converts an analog input into a step ramp function
// Declare constants
const int xmin = 0, x1 = 400, x2 = 800, xmax = 1023;
const float y1 = 10.0, y2 = 20.0;
// Delcare pins
int potPin = A0;
void setup() {
 // Setup serial communications
 Serial.begin(9600);
void loop() {
 // Declare variables and slope of ramp
 int potReading;
 float y, slope = (y2-y1)/(x2-x1);
 // Read input from potentiometer
 potReading = analogRead(potPin);
 // Logic for step ramp function
 if (potReading >= xmin && potReading < x1) {</pre>
   y = y1;
 else if (potReading >= x1 && potReading < x2){
   y = y1 + slope*(potReading-x1);
 else if (potReading >= x2 && potReading <= xmax) {</pre>
   y = y2;
 else { Serial.println("Error: potReading outside of expected range"); }
 // Print to serial monitor
 Serial.print(potReading);
 Serial.print(" ");
 Serial.println(y);
```

Problem 1 Circuit Photo



Problem 2 Circuit Photo



Problem 3 Serial Monitor

