

# RPi Cam

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## Intro

This document describes RPiCam\_Web\_Interface software. It was originally developed by sylvan Melchior ([https://github.com/silvanmelchior/RPi\\_Cam\\_Web\\_Interface](https://github.com/silvanmelchior/RPi_Cam_Web_Interface)) This references a large thread on the raspberry forums and a wiki.

It was popular as it was easy to install and gave high quality recordings exploiting the capabilities of the native HD Raspberry Pi camera.

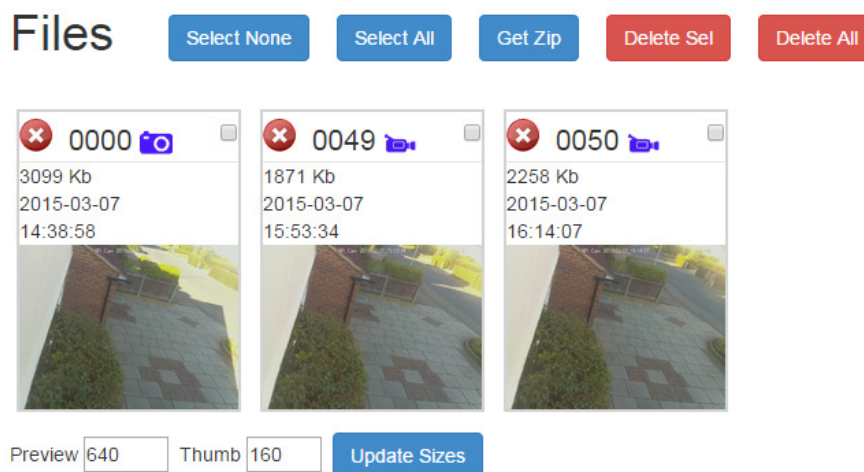
I have forked the original code and extended it in a number of ways. The code is available at [https://github.com/roberttidey/RPi\\_Cam\\_Web\\_Interface](https://github.com/roberttidey/RPi_Cam_Web_Interface)

Installation instructions will not be repeated here as they are identical to the original as described on the wiki.

## Extended functionality

- **Expanded preview / download screen with thumbnails and selective commands.**
- Automated scheduling of modes of operation and capture commands referenced to sun-rise and sun-set times.
- Access to motion settings.
- Splitting of time lapse recordings from image and video.
- Persisting changes to raspimjpeg settings made from the web interface.

## Preview



Preview is now a set of thumbnails giving basic characteristics of each recording.

Clicking on an image brings it up in a larger size and videos can be played.

Each image has a select checkbox together with Select All/None. This allows captures to be quickly deleted, or all selections may be downloaded in 1 zip.

Size of the main preview and the size of the thumbnail can be updated via the controls at the bottom. These take immediate effect even for previous captures.

## Scheduling

The same program file `schedule.php` is used both as the web facing settings interface and the run-time daemon which does the automation. All the settings used are contained within the `schedule.json` config file.



| Parameter         | Value           |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| scheduleLog       | scheduleLog.txt |
| Fifo_In           | /var/www/FIFO1  |
| Fifo_Out          | /var/www/FIFO   |
| Cmd_Poll          | 0.03            |
| Mode_Poll         | 10              |
| Max_Capture       | 30              |
| Latitude          | 51.7550         |
| Longitude         | -0.3360         |
| DawnStart_Minutes | -180            |
| DayStart_Minutes  | 0               |
| DayEnd_Minutes    | 0               |
| DuskEnd_Minutes   | 180             |

| Type         | Night         | Dawn          | Day               | Dusk          |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Commands_On  |               | tl 20         | ca 1              | tl 20         |
| Commands_Off |               | tl 0          | ca 0              | tl 0          |
| Modes        | md 0;em night | md 0;em night | md 0;em auto;md 1 | md 0;em night |

The Start/ Stop button controls the background scheduling program. Once started it will run whilst the Raspberry is on. It could also be put in a boot start script if required to be on when the raspberry boots. It should be stopped and started if any settings are changed.

Save Settings saves the settings to `schedule.json`. These settings may be backed up and restored.

- `scheduleLog` is the file where scheduling activity is recorded. The contents are displayed when the Show Log button is used and the log may be cleared from there.
- `Fifo_In` defines the named pipe that schedule monitors. It should be the same as where motion sends its commands. `Fifo_Out` is where scheduler sends its commands to `raspimjpg`
- `Cmd_Poll` is how often the scheduler checks the `Fifo_In` for incoming commands. It should be kept quite short to avoid unnecessary delays.
- `Mode_Poll` is how often the scheduler checks for changes between the 4 main daily periods. Setting it to 10 means there might be a 10 second delay in determining when day starts for example.
- `Max_Capture` determines the maximum capture period. If motion sends a start command and doesn't send a stop command then the scheduler will automatically stop the capture after this interval. This can be used to make all recordings this length by configuring motion never to send stop commands. The scheduler will then always time out and stop the recording.

- Latitude, and Longitude define where the camera is and allow the sunrise and sunset times to be calculated throughout the year.
- DawnStart\_Minutes through to DuskEnd\_Minutes divide the day up into 4 periods based on sunrise and sunset. Dawn starts at sunrise + DawnStart\_Minutes so would normally be negative to make Dawn start before sunrise. Similarly for the other 3 numbers. Night is from DuskEnd to DawnStart the next day.

The period table allows mode changes and start and end commands to be different in each of the 4 daily periods.

- Commands\_On are used to start captures. If left blank (e.g. at night) then no capture happens.
- Commands\_Off are used to end captures.
- Modes is used to send in commands at the start of each daily period. So, for example they may be used to control motion detection and change camera settings. Changing to night mode for example extends the usefulness of the camera in dusk and dawn periods.

## Motion

Show All
Save Settings
Backup
Restore

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| width                 | 352   |
| height                | 288   |
| framerate             | 2   |
| minimum_frame_time    | 0   |
| netcam_url            | http://localhost:6655/cam_pic.php             |
| netcam_userpass       | tideycam:14142718cam                          |
| switchfilter          | off   |
| threshold             | 1500  |
| threshold_tune        | off   |
| noise_level           | 80  |
| noise_tune            | on  |
| despeckle             | EedDI   |
| area_detect           | (null)  |
| mask_file             | /home/pi/RPi_Cam_Web_Interface/motionmask.pgm |
| smart_mask_speed      | 0   |
| lightswitch           | 0   |
| minimum_motion_frames | 1   |
| pre_capture           | 0   |
| post_capture          | 0   |
| gap                   | 3   |
| output_normal         | off   |
| target_dir            | /var/www/media                                |
| jpeg_filename         | vthumb_%Y%m%d_%H%M%S                          |
| control_port          | 6642  |
| on_event_start        | echo -n '1' >/var/www/FIFO1                   |
| on_event_end          | echo -n '0' >/var/www/FIFO1                   |
| on_motion_detected    | (null)  |
| on_area_detected      | (null)  |

The motion screen just gives access to the motion config settings. Not all settings are relevant here. A filtered list is shown and the full list can be accessed if required.

Settings can be saved backed up and restored. Saving does tell motion to start using the new settings.

### Time Lapse

There is no separate screen for this but the behaviour is a bit different from the original.

First there is an additional config item in the raspimjpeg settings that allows the destination and naming of the time lapse recordings to be set differently to image and video recordings. So if time lapses are needed in a different folder then this is now possible.

The naming of time lapse recordings has an additional field after the normal image count and before the date. This is the count within a single lapse sequence. It restarts at 0 for each separate time lapse operation.

If time lapses are left being stored in the media folder then they won't show up in the current preview screen.

A thumbnail config parameter allows for control of thumbnail generation separately for images, video and timelapses. By default it is on only for images and timelapses. If turned on for time-lapse then one thumbnail will be generated at the time the lapse sequence is started.

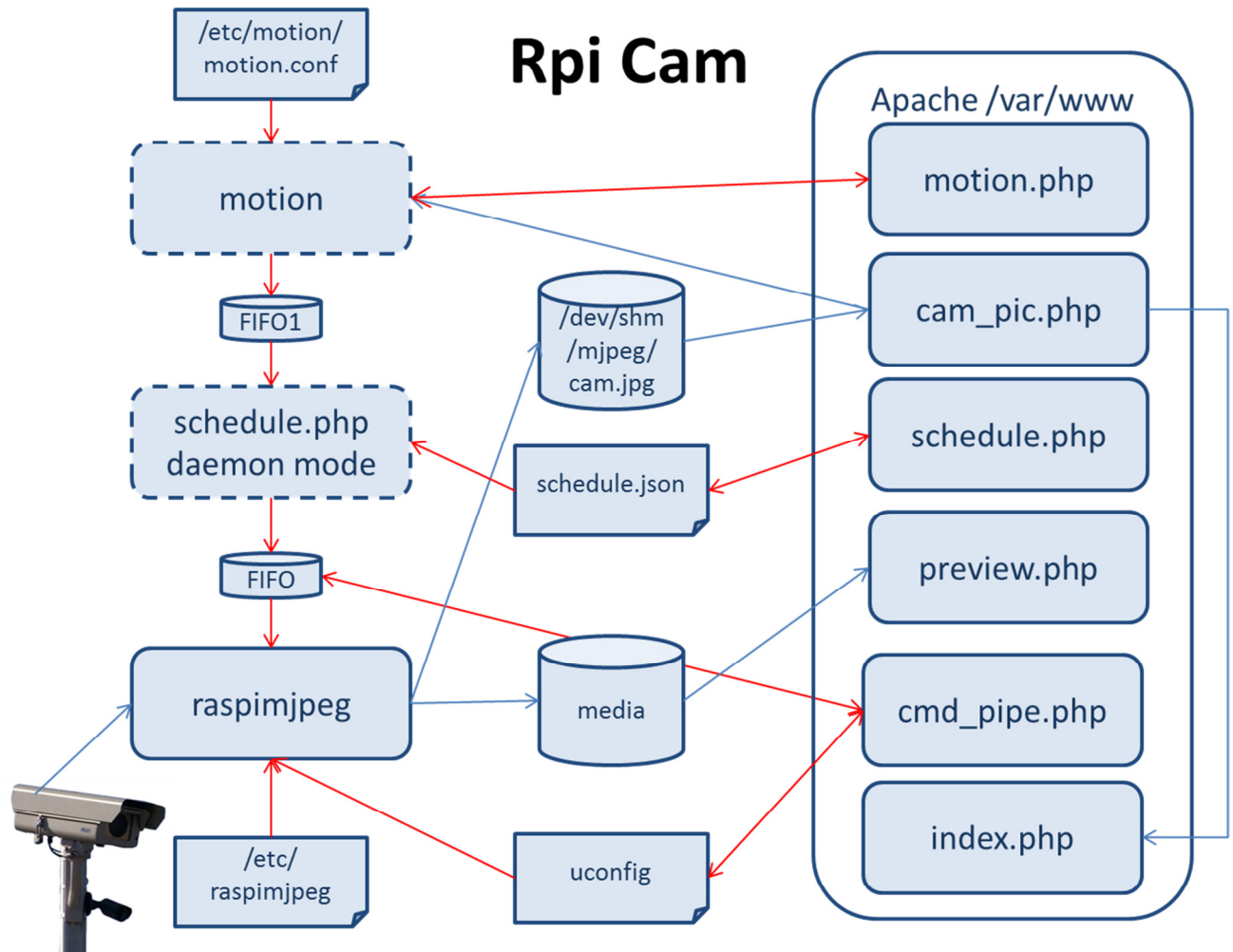
### Raspimjpeg settings

There are a few new raspimjpeg config values.

- `lapse_path` controls where time lapse images are stored and named (`/var/www/media/lapse_%04d_%04d_%04d%02d%02d_%02d%02d%02d.jpg`)
- `thumb_gen` controls whether video(v), image(i), and lapse(l) thumbnails are generated. (vi)
- `user_config` controls where to look for a secondary user config file. The format of this file is identical and can contain any values. (`/var/www/uconfig`)

## Architecture

The overall functionality is quite complex but centres around the raspimjpeg process which accesses the camera data. The following diagram shows the major components. Blue lines indicate data flows. Red lines indicate control.



## Data flow

In normal monitoring mode raspimjpeg makes a connection to the camera (MMAL) and generates a continuous stream of preview jpeg captures in the `/dev/shm/mjpeg` directory all with the same name `cam.jpg`. This folder is RAM memory based so does not strain the SD card memory.

These captures may be accessed via URL which uses the `cam_pic.php` process on the Apache Web server to return the latest one. Two processes use this. First, if a browser has logged into the web server then the main page (`index.php`) will continuously refresh a window to give effectively a moving representation of the camera output. Second, if motion detection is active then the motion process also accesses these images in order to analyse differences between successive frames and detect motion.

If raspimjpeg is put into a capture mode (described below) then the flow of preview images is maintained but an extra recording is made of either a single image, a time lapse sequence of single images, or a full video recording which can be at any format the camera can support including HD

normal frame rates. This data is stored in the media folder. For the images and tile lapse images these are stored directly in jpg format. The video is initially stored as a raw h264 stream from the camera but is automatically formatted into mp4 when the recording ends.

When raspimjpeg initiates any of these sequences it also grabs the current cam.jpg from the preview stream and stores it in the media folder with a thumbnail name tied to the captured data. These thumbnails are used by the preview\_php process to give a representation of each capture when the download button is pressed.

### Control flow

Raspimjpeg can be controlled by sending in commands into a named FIFO pipe in the /var/www folder.

The commands give access to most of the camera settings plus stopping and starting the capture processes. Commands can come from effectively 3 sources but one is directed through a secondary process for scheduling purposes.

Commands can come from the web browser via the cmd\_pipe.php web page. This is used to allow changing the camera settings and manually starting and stopping captures.

Commands can come from the scheduling process (scheduler.php – daemon) which can be used to change various modes, camera settings at different times based on sunrise and sunset.

Commands can also come from motion and these are used to start and stop captures based on motion detection. In the original scheme these commands went straight to raspimjpeg. In the modified scheme they are sent through the scheduling process daemon so that it may change the nature of stop and start based on the daily periods. TO achieve this motion now sends its commands to a secondary named FIFO pipe (FIFO1). The scheduler is monitoring this for motion start / stops and then sends in translated commands to the main raspimjpeg process.

### Configuration scheme

A number of configuration files control how the overall system operates. The web pages give browser access to some of these.

raspimjpeg file in /etc is read whenever the raspimjpeg process starts up including if it is stopped and started from the browser. It contains basic paths and information to allow raspimjpeg to do its job plus the camera settings that will be used by default. This file is not accessible from the browser. It should be regarded like a factory default file. Some settings could be changed to suit particular circumstances but this must be done manually by editing the /etc/raspimjpeg file itself.

uconfig file in the /var/www folder is used to hold any changes from the factory defaults applied from the web browser. To start with it doesn't exist but new values will be added if changes are made from the browser. Changes apply directly because the cmd\_ipipe process has fed those into the raspimjpeg process, but they are also now written to the uconfig file. When raspimjpeg starts it reads the factory defaults file first and then overwrites any settings that are in the uconfig file. You can also clear the uconfig file from the web browser to effectively return to factory settings. This doesn't hold real-time commands like capture start/end commands or motion enable.

motion.conf in the /etc/motion folder is read by motion to determine its operating characteristics. As motion is being used here in a fairly simple mode of motion detection then many of its parameters are irrelevant. The primary ones of interest are those setting the motion detection characteristics like mask files, thresholds, noise levels. motion provides a web api to view and edit these settings and this is used by the motion.php page to show and allow altering the settings.

schedule.json in the /var/www folder is used by the scheduling process to determine the characteristics of the automation. It is read and edited using the browser based schedule.php. It is also read by the same file running in command line mode as a background daemon. If changes are made then the scheduler daemon must be started and stopped via the web page to allow it to see the new settings.

### **raspimjpeg Pipe command reference**

The following commands are supported by raspimjpeg when received from the pipe. Many are equivalents of values in the config file. Others are associated with several parameters.

They are sent in as a serial stream as a 2 character command, space, and space separated parameters. There must only be 1 space and the length of parameters must be as shown

| cmd | parameters                            | Description   |
|-----|---------------------------------------|---|
| an  | text                                  | set annotation  |
| ab  | 0/1                                   | annotation background   |
| px  | AAAA<br>BBBB<br>CC DD<br>EEEE<br>FFFF | set video+img resolution video = Ax B px, C fps, boxed with D fps, image = Ex F px)   |
| sh  | number                                | set sharpness (range: [-100;100]; default: 0)   |
| co  | number                                | set contrast (range: [-100;100]; default: 0)  |
| br  | number                                | set brightness (range: [0;100]; default: 50)  |
| sa  | number                                | set saturation (range: [-100;100]; default: 0)  |
| is  | number                                | set ISO (range: [100;800]; default: 0=auto)   |
| vs  | number                                | 0/1 turn off/on video stabilisation   |
| ec  | number                                | set exposure compensation (range: [-10;10]; default: 0)   |
| em  | keyword                               | set exposure mode (range: [off/auto/night/nightpreview/backlight/spotlight/sports/snow/beach/verylong/fixefps/antishake/fireworks]; default: auto)  |
| wb  |                                       | set white balance (range: [off/auto/sun/cloudy/shade/tungsten/fluorescent/incandescent/flash/horizon]; default: auto)   |
| mm  |                                       | set metering mode (range: [average/spot/backlit/matrix]; default: average)  |
| ie  |                                       | set image effect (range: [none/negative/solarise/posterize/whiteboard/blackboard/sketch/denoise/emboss/oilpaint/hatch/gpen/pastel/watercolour/film/blur/saturation/colourswap/washed out/posterise/colourpoint/colourbalance/cartoon]; default: none) |
| ce  |                                       | set colour effect (A BB CC; A=enable/disable, effect = B:C)   |
| ro  |                                       | set rotation (range: [0/90/180/270]; default: 0)  |
| fl  |                                       | set flip (range: [0;3]; default: 0)   |
| ri  |                                       | set sensor region (AAAAA BBBB CCCCC DDDDD, x=A, y=B, w=C, h=D)  |
| qu  |                                       | set output image quality (range: [0;100]; default: 85)  |
| bi  |                                       | set output video bitrate (range: [0;25000000]; default: 17000000)   |
| rl  |                                       | 0/1 disable / enable raw layer  |
| ru  |                                       | 0/1 halt/restart RaspiMJPEG and release camera  |
| md  |                                       | 0/1 stop/start motion detection   |
| ca  |                                       | 0/1 stop/start video capture  |
| im  |                                       | capture image   |
| tl  |                                       | 0/n start timelapse, parameter is time between images n * 1/10 seconds. 0 is stop   |