Deep Learning from Scratch

Theory + Practical

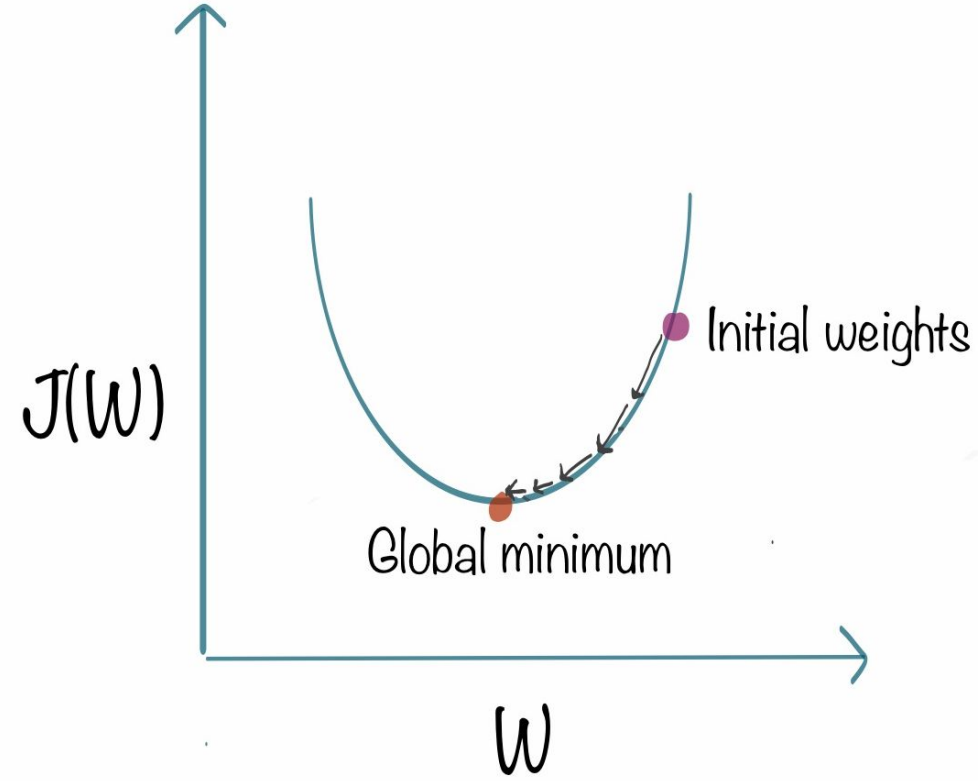
Stochastic gradient descent

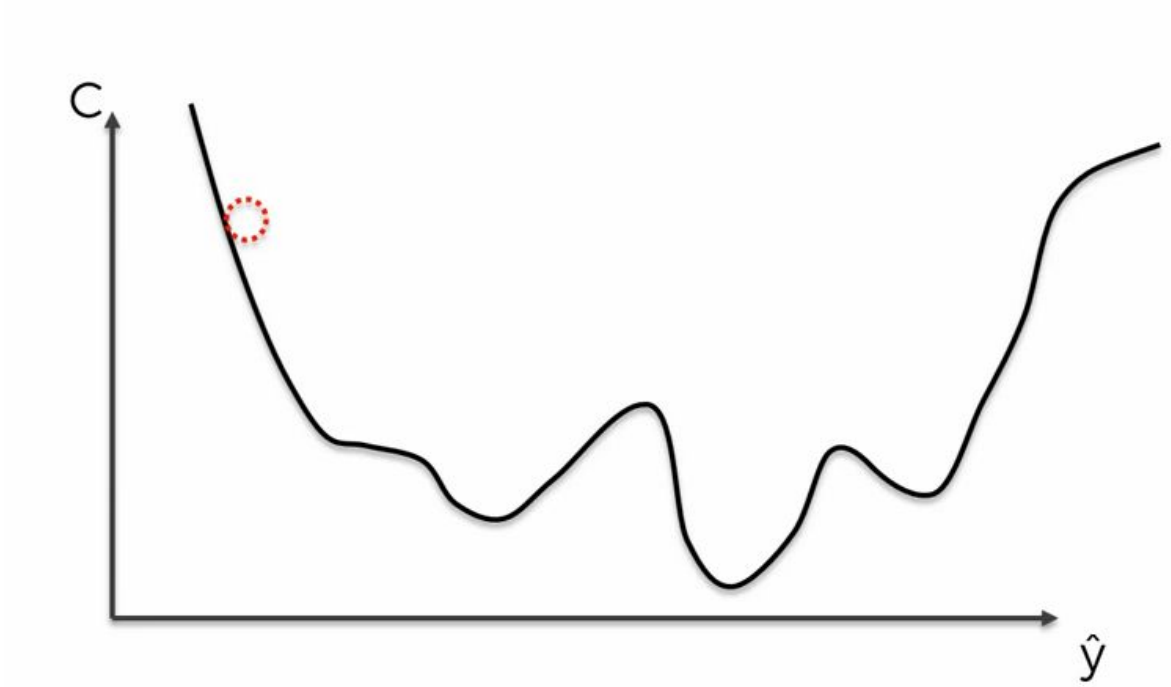
The word ‘*stochastic*‘ means a system or a process that is linked with a random probability. Hence, in Stochastic Gradient Descent, a few samples are selected randomly instead of the whole data set for each iteration. In Gradient Descent, there is a term called “batch” which denotes the total number of samples from a dataset that is used for calculating the gradient for each iteration. In typical Gradient Descent optimization, like Batch Gradient Descent, the batch is taken to be the whole dataset. Although, using the whole dataset is really useful for getting to the minima in a less noisy or less random manner, but the problem arises when our datasets get really huge.

Stochastic gradient descent

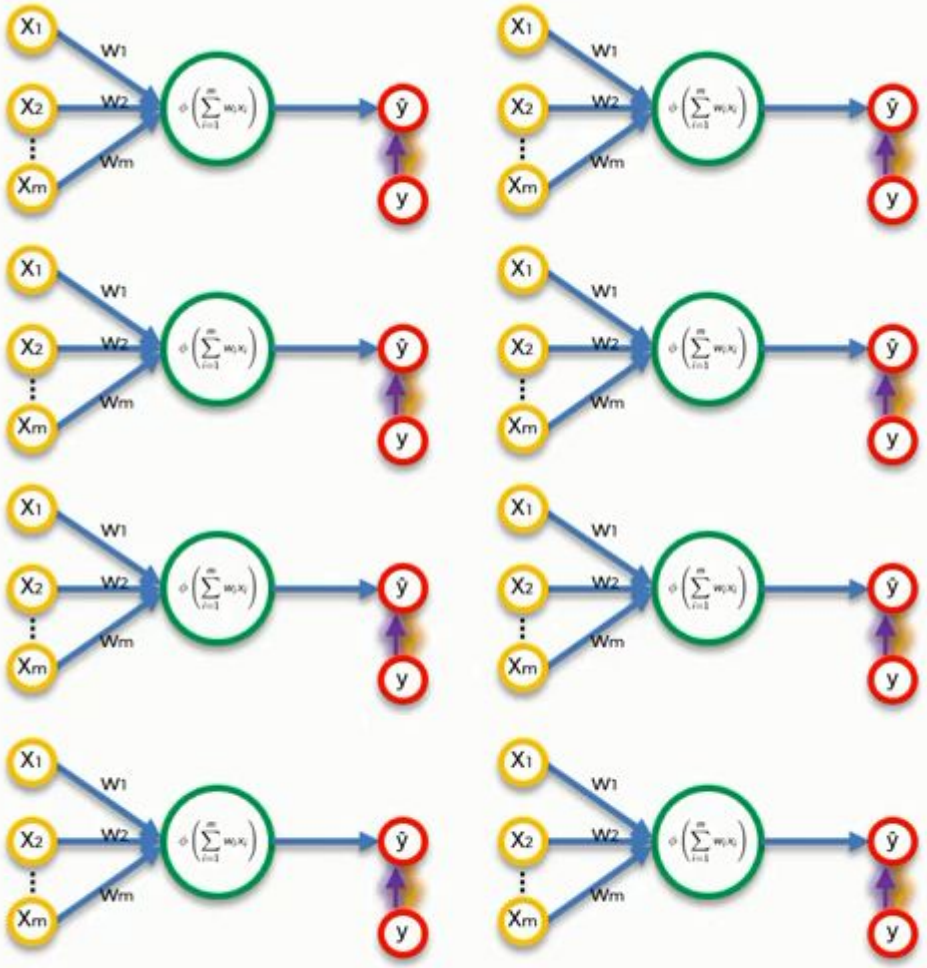
Stochastic gradient descent (often abbreviated SGD) is an iterative method for optimizing an objective function with suitable smoothness properties (e.g. differentiable or subdifferentiable).

~Convex Loss function~



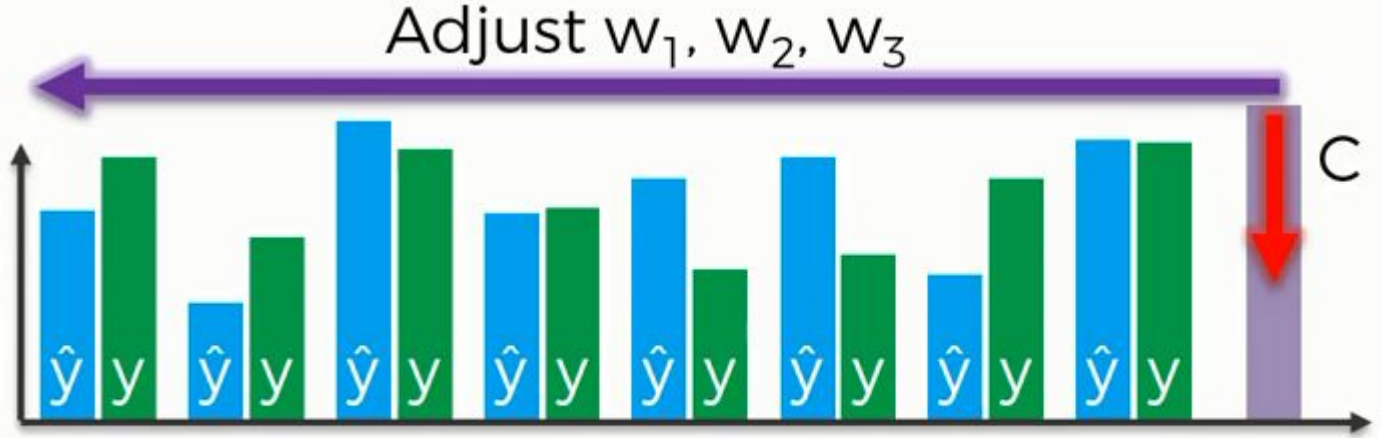


Stochastic gradient descent

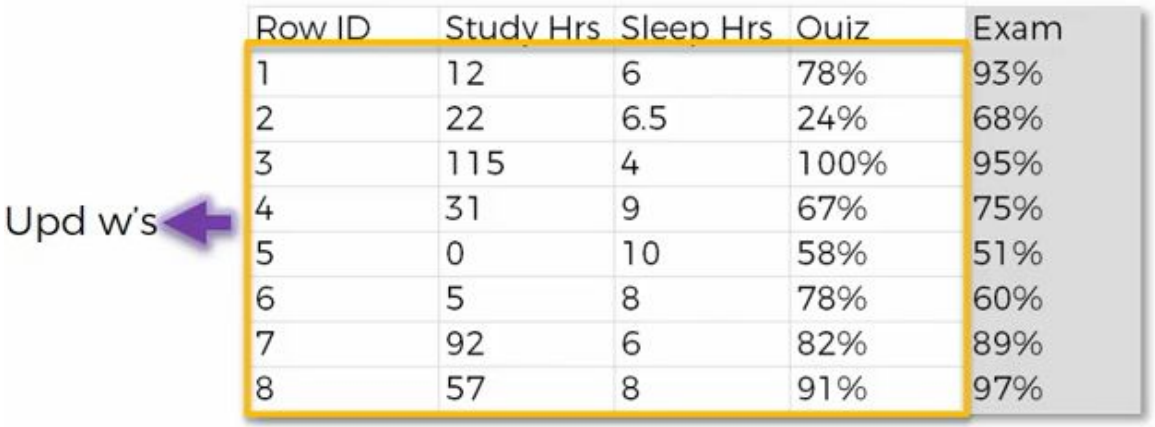


Row ID	Study Hrs	Sleep Hrs	Quiz	Exam
1	12	6	78%	93%
2	22	6.5	24%	68%
3	115	4	100%	95%
4	31	9	67%	75%
5	0	10	58%	51%
6	5	8	78%	60%
7	92	6	82%	89%
8	57	8	91%	97%

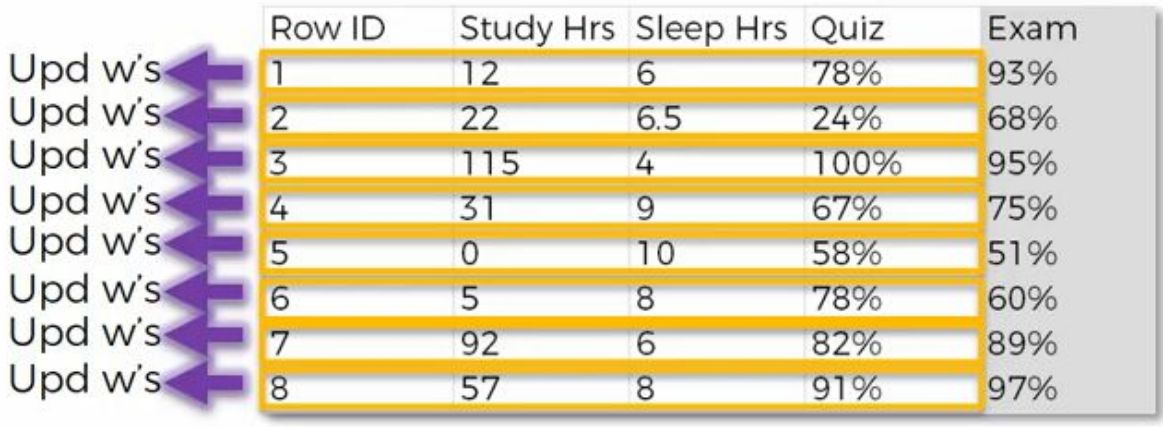
$$C = \sum \tfrac{1}{2}(\hat{y} - y)^2$$



Stochastic gradient descent



Batch Gradient Descent



Stochastic Gradient Descent

Thank You!