

# Bearer

With this transport, the token is expected inside the `Authorization` header of the HTTP request with the `Bearer` scheme. It's particularly suited for pure API interaction or mobile apps.

## Configuration

```
from fastapi_users.authentication import BearerTransport

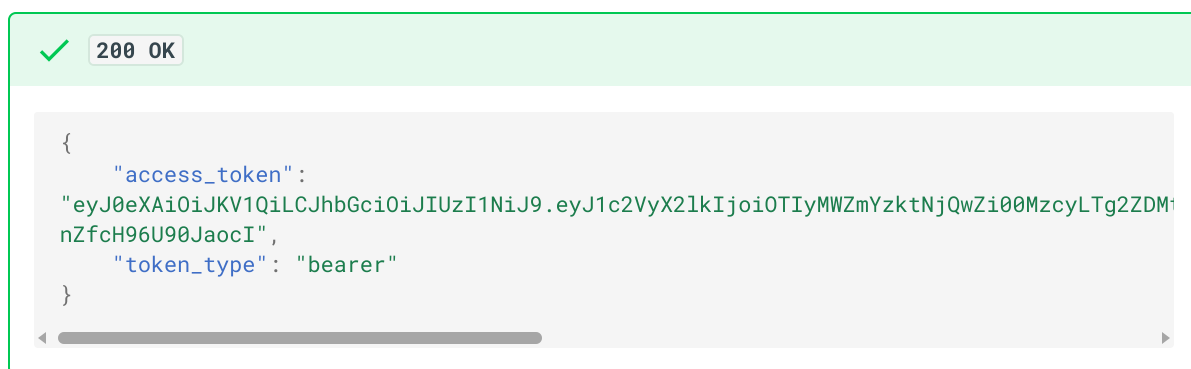
bearer_transport = BearerTransport(tokenUrl="auth/jwt/login")
```

As you can see, instantiation is quite simple. It accepts the following arguments:

- `tokenUrl` ( `str` ): The exact path of your login endpoint. It'll allow the interactive documentation to automatically discover it and get a working *Authorize* button. In most cases, you'll probably need a **relative** path, not absolute. You can read more details about this in the [FastAPI documentation](#).

## Login

This method will return the in the following form upon successful login:



Check documentation about [login route](#).

## Logout

**204 No content**

## Authentication

This method expects that you provide a `Bearer` authentication with a valid token corresponding to your strategy.

```
curl http://localhost:9000/protected-route -H'Authorization: Bearer  
eyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJ1c2VyX2lkIjo0TiYMWZmYzktNjQwZi00MzcyLTg2ZDM  
nZfcH96U90JaocI'
```