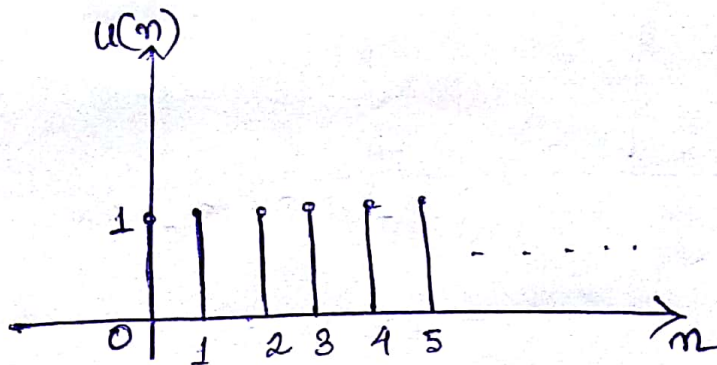


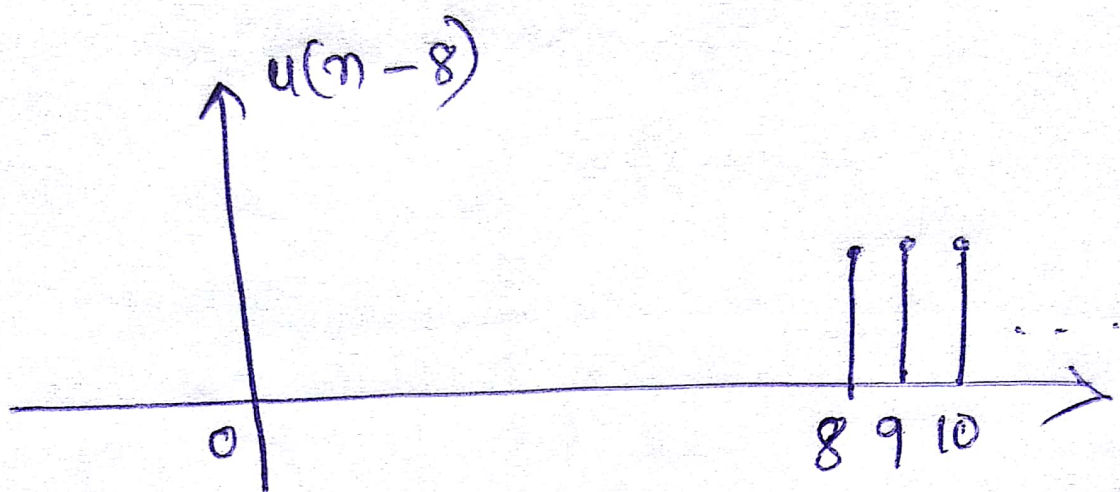
BSS
CLASS8

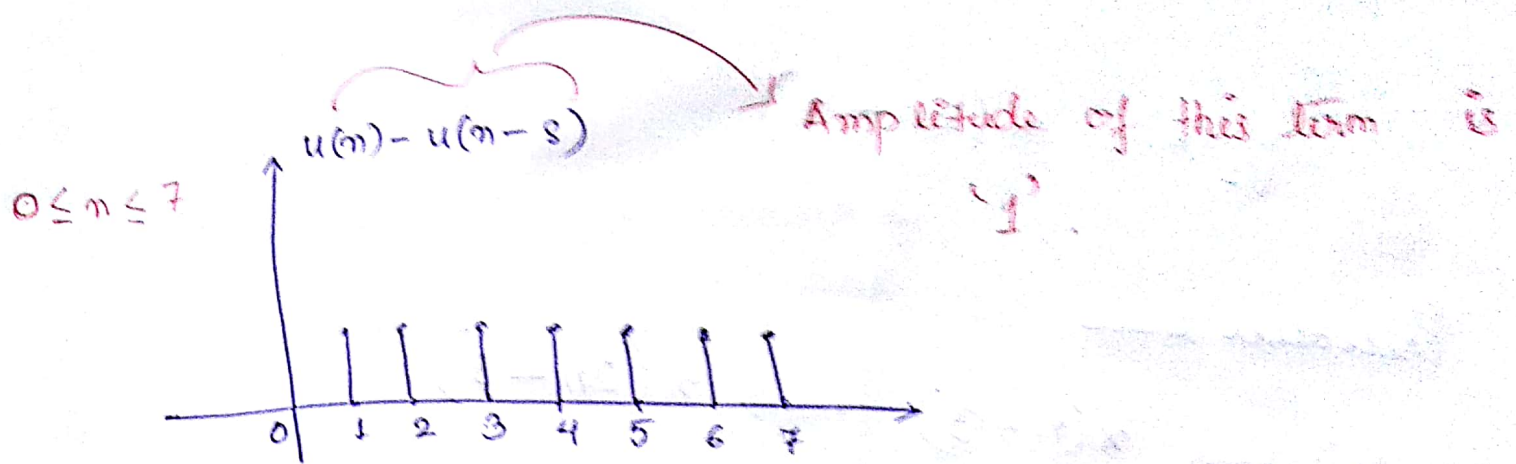
Q. $x(n) = (8-n) \{ u(n) - u(n-8) \}$

Find $y_1(n) = x(4-n)$
 $y_2(n) = x(2n-3)$

Solⁿ





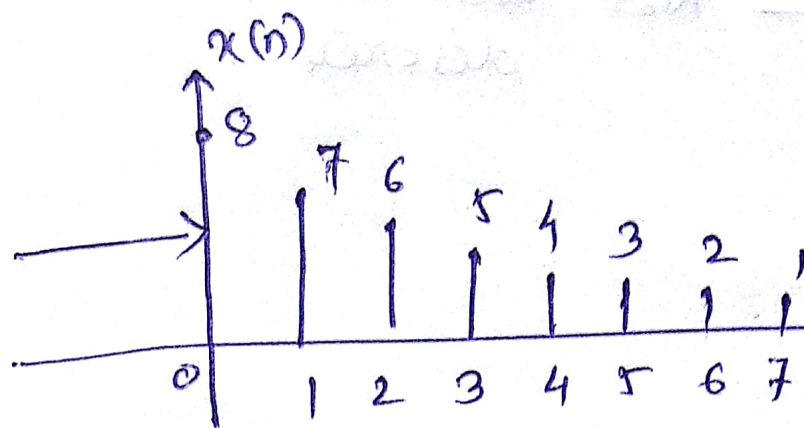


If we plot values for $0 \leq n \leq 7$
we will get $x(n)$.

when $n=0$, Amplitude = 8

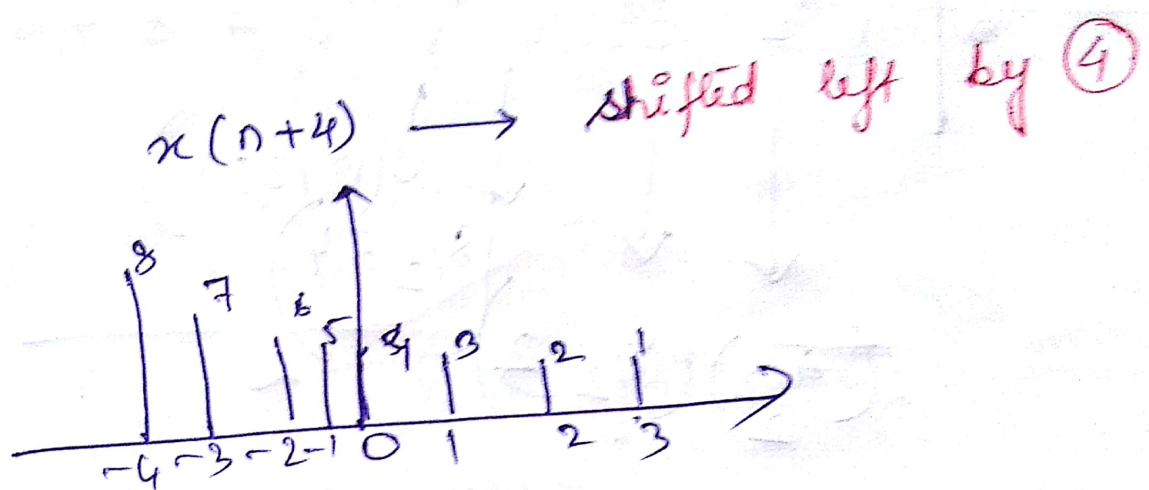
when $n=1$, " = 7 ... so on

At $n=0$



Now,

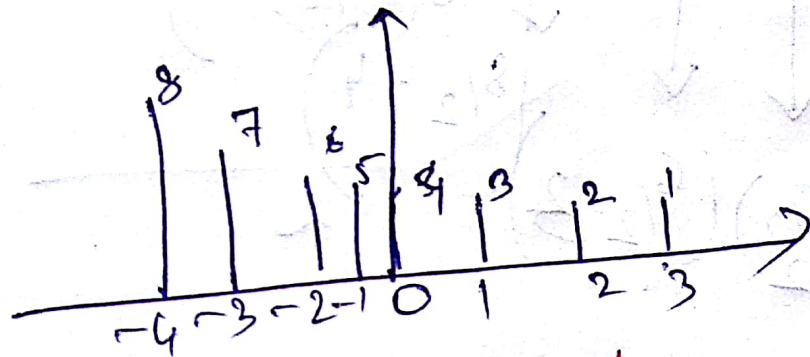
$$\underline{\underline{y_1(n)}}$$



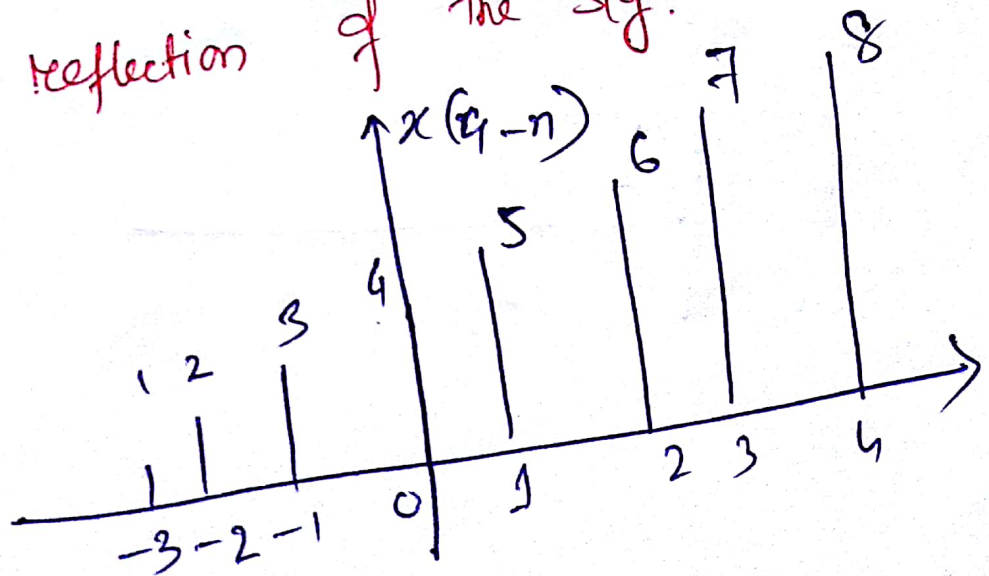
Now,

$$\underline{\underline{y_1(n)}}$$

$x(n+4)$ \rightarrow shifted left by ④



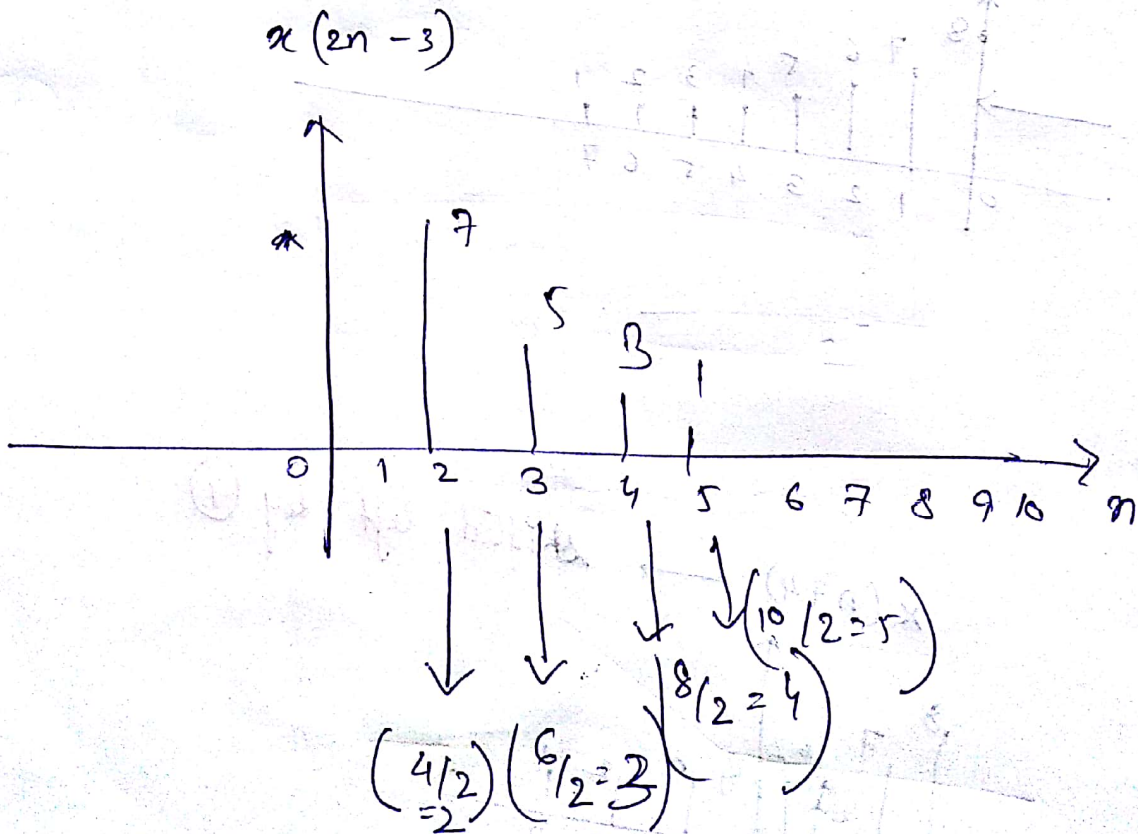
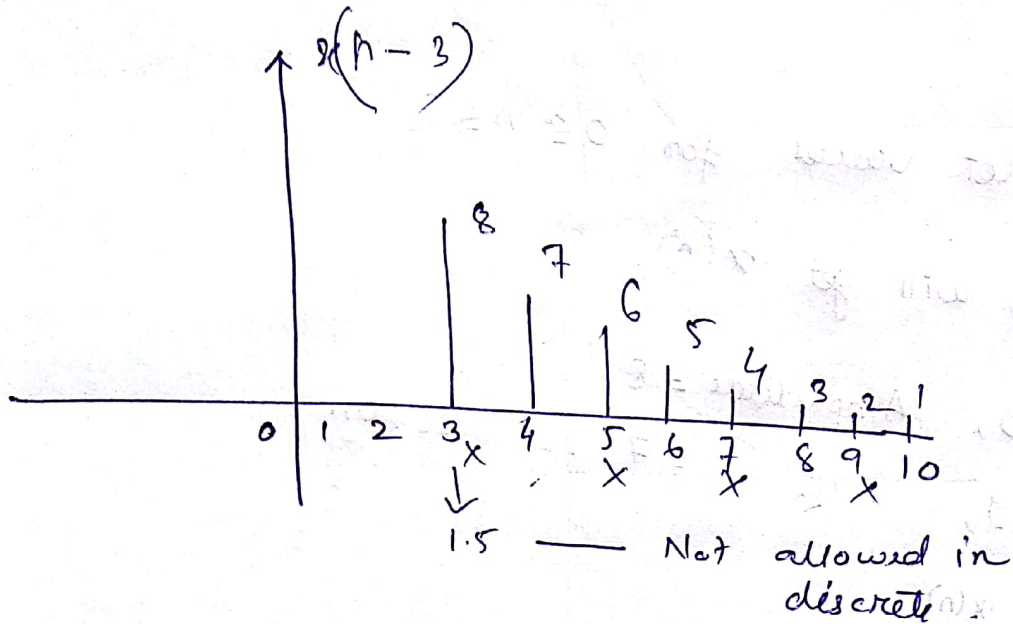
reflection of the sig.



$$y_2(n) = x(2n-3)$$

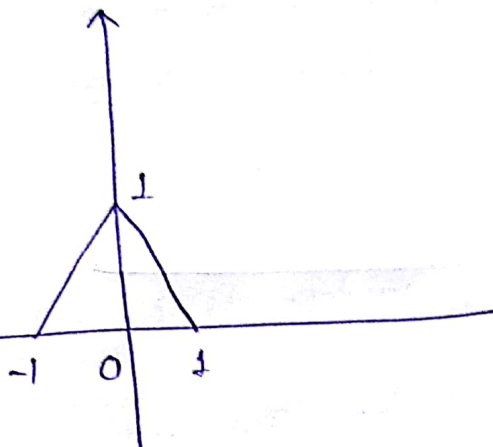
Precedence : —

$$y_2(n) \rightarrow x(n-3) \rightarrow x(2n-3)$$

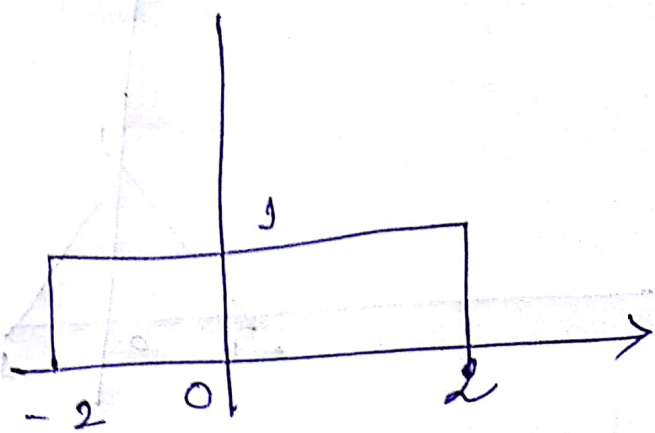


2. Given $x_1(t)$ & $x_2(t)$.

$x_1(t)$



$x_2(t)$



Find ① $x_1(t) + x_2(t)$

② $x_2(t/2)$

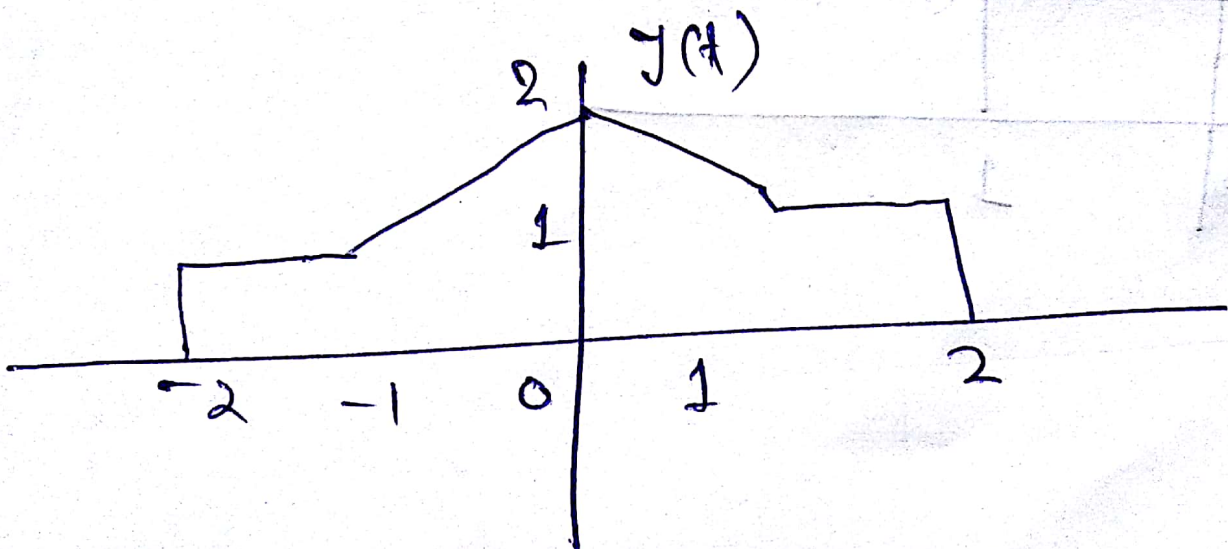
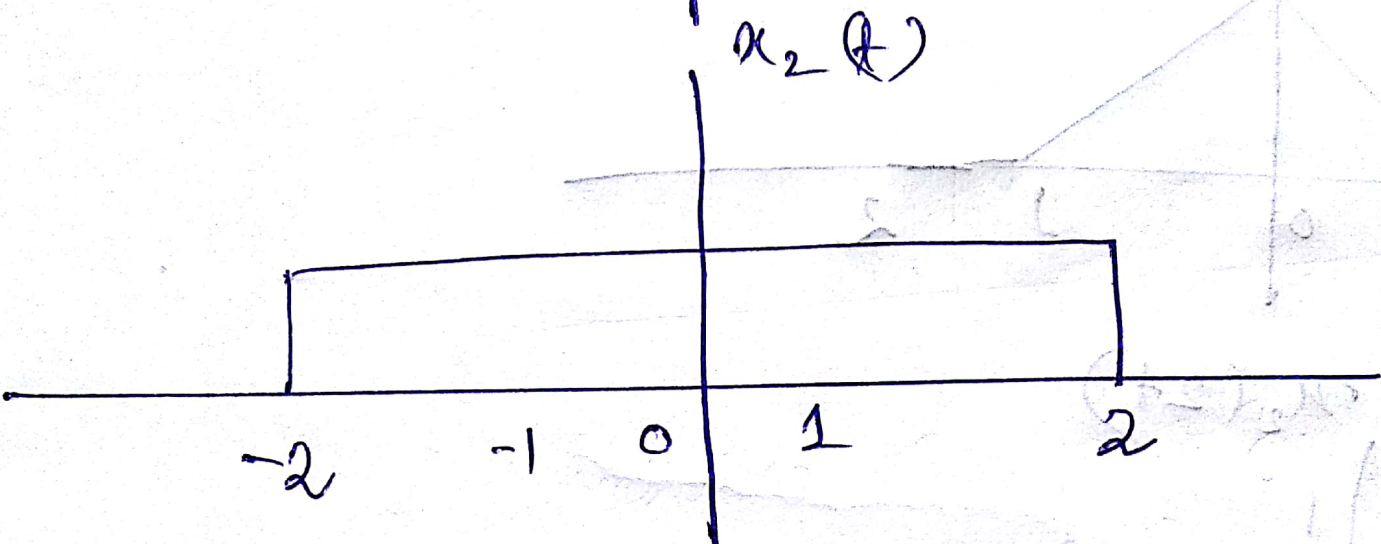
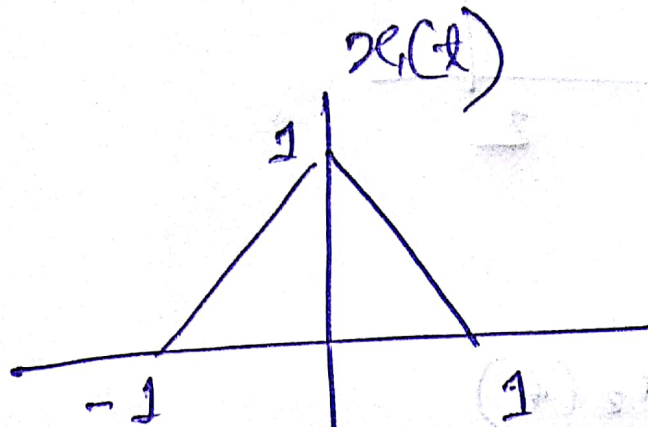
③ $x_1(t) \cdot x_2(t)$

④ $x_2(2t)$

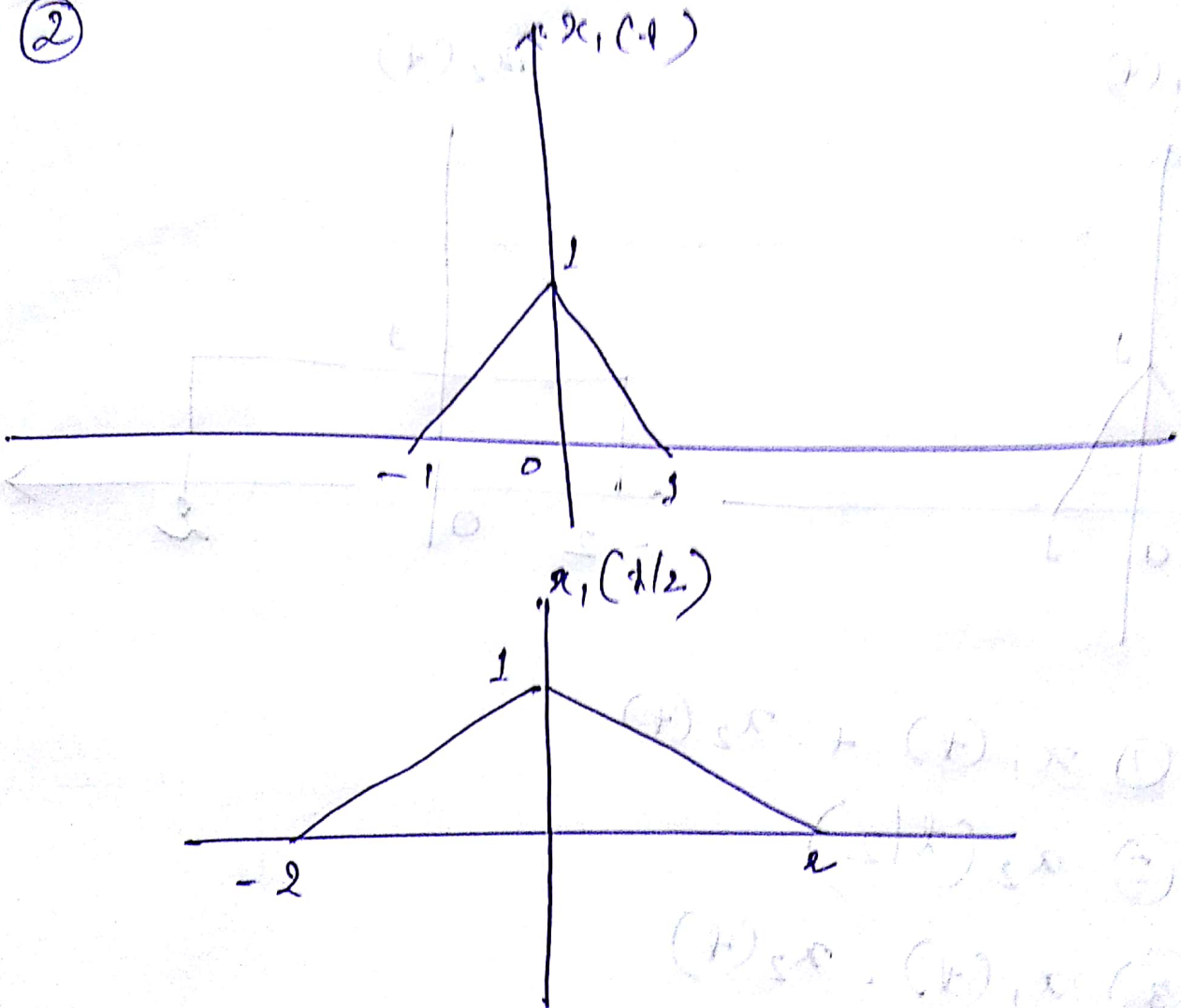
⑤ $x_2(t) - x_1(t)$

Solⁿ :-

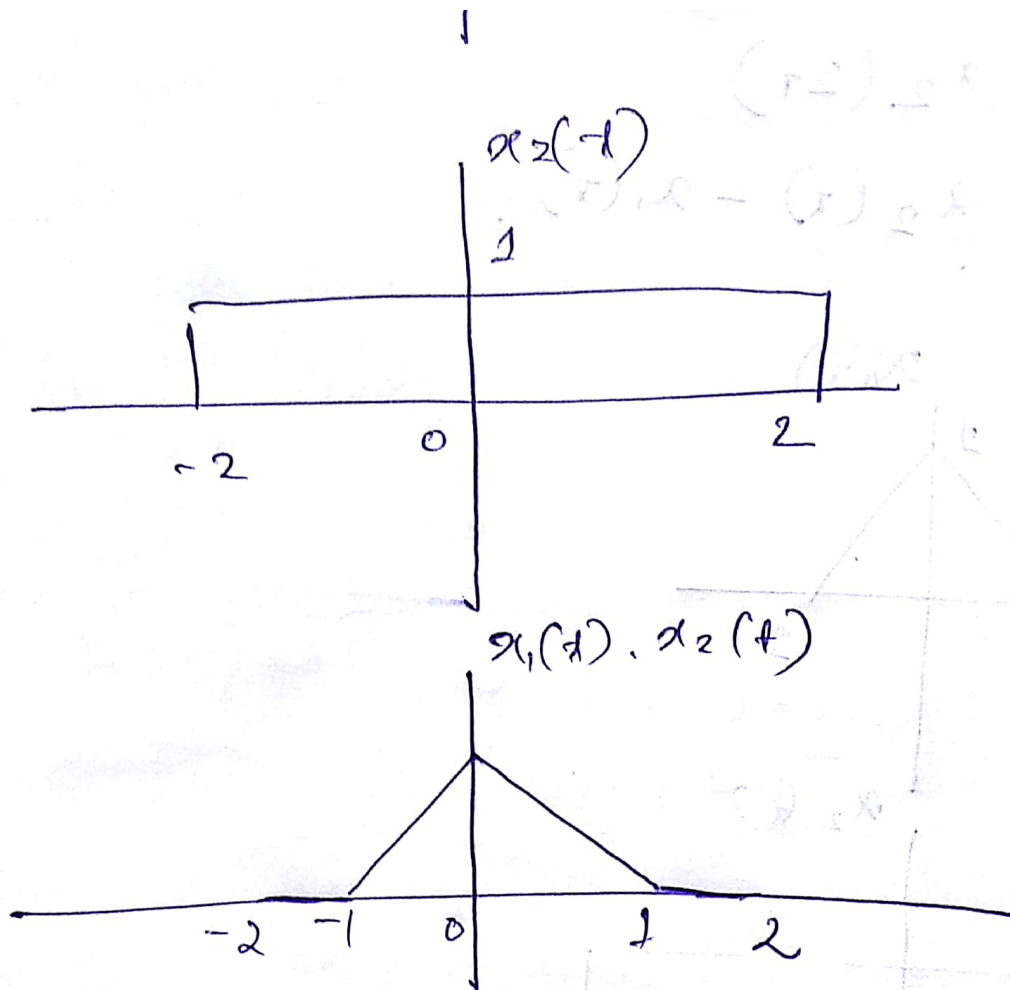
①



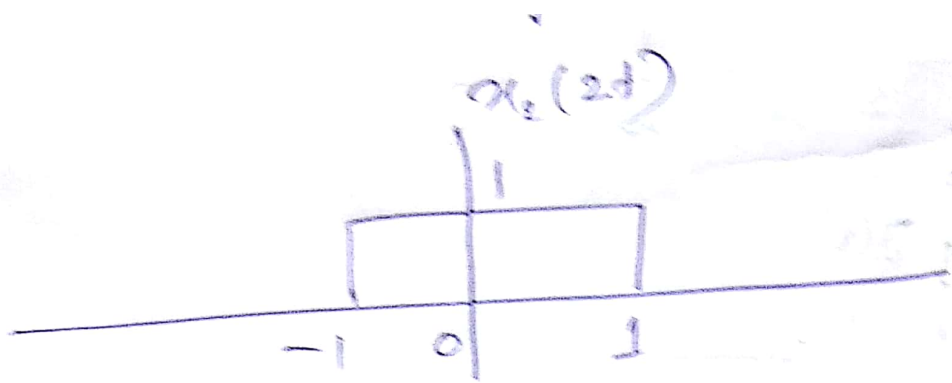
②



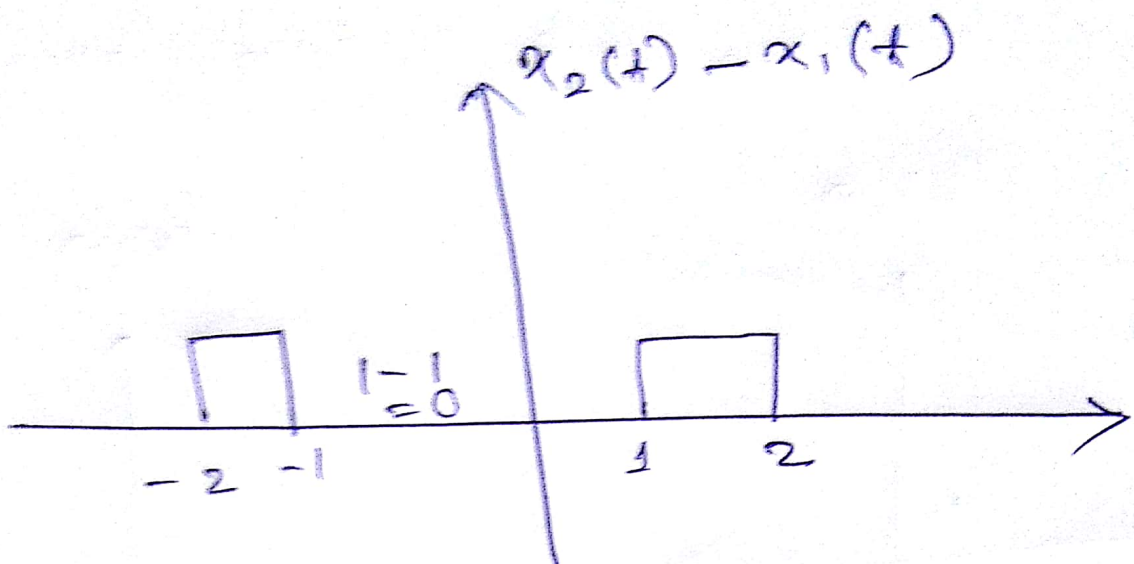
3



④



⑤



Q. Given $x(n) = \begin{cases} -(n+8) & , -8 < n < -3 \\ 6 & , \text{for } n = -3 \\ -6 & , -3 < n < 0 \\ n & , -1 < n < 7 \\ 0 & , \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$

Plot $y(n) = 3 \cdot x(n/2 + 1)$