Copy __ of __ copies HQ, 1-11 IN, 61ST ABCT, 20^{†H} Infantry Division FORT HUBERT. AZ 041500MAY55

OPORD 20-011 – 1-11IN, BATTALION UNIT TRAINING PLAN (UTP) FY56, 61ABCT, 20ID, FORT HUBERT, AZ

References:

- a. Army Regulation (AR) 350-1, Army Training
- b. Field Manual (FM) 6-22, Leader Developme
- c. FM 7-0, Training
- d. Training Circular (TC), 3-20.0 Integrated We
- e. Department of the Army (DA) Pamphlet (PA
- f. 20ID Command Training Guidance for FY56
- g. 61ABCT Brigade Unit Training Plan FY56

COMMAND GUIDANCE, BATTALION

THE DOCUMENT BELOW DEMONSTRATES ONE WAY A BATTALION ISSUES COMMAND GUIDANCE; USING THE OPERATIONS ORDER FORMAT. THIS CORE DOCUMENT ACTS AS THE DRIVER TO ALL BATTALION AND ECHELONS **BELOW BATTALION OPERATIONS; OPERATIONS** CENTERED UPON A PRESCRIBED ANNUAL TRAINING

A COMMANDER, THE COMMAND SERGEANT MAJOR, AND THE BATTALION STAFF DEVELOP THIS GUIDANCE MISSION-NESTED WITH THE PARENT ORGANIZATION'S COMMAND GUIDANCE, THE BRIGADE; COMPLETED AND PUBLISHED NINE TO SIX MONTHS PRIOR TO THE YEAR FOR WHICH IT APPLIES.

DELIBERATE ANNUAL PLANNING GREATLY IMPROVES THE FORECAST AND DISTRIBUTION OF LIMITED RESOURCES AND GIVES PREDICTABILITY TO ALL THOSE ORGANIZATIONS THAT LIE UNDER IT.

THIS BATTALION ALSO REFERENCES ITS PARENT BRIGADE AND DIVISION COMMAND GUIDANCE

Time Zone Used Throughout the OPORD: Local

Task Organization: 1-11 Infantry Battalion, 61st ABCT, 20th Infantry Division

- 1. **Situation**. The 1-11th begins its routine annual glidepath at home station to train to our battle focused Mission Essential Tasks (METs). The Battalion will continue to operate in a resource constrained environment and maintain infantry platoon lethality. Subordinate companies plan training maximizing a live training environment, but capitalize on virtual and constructive training environments when live training is not possible or practical.
- a. Area of Interest (AI). 1-11th maintains a global area of interest. The Battalion will remain ready to support brigade mission plans in accordance with (IAW) operational plans.
 - b. Area of Operations (AO). Fort Hubert, Arizona.
 - (1) **Terrain**. Fort Hubert, Range Training Complexes; Live, Virtual, Constructive.
- (2) **Weather**. Fort Hubert 3rd Detachment, 52nd Weather Squadron provides tenants current and forecast weather conditions for both training and garrison operations.

c. **Enemy Forces.** All situational training exercises (STX) incorporate doctrinal and S-2 generated opposing force templates/guides.

d. Friendly Forces.

2 LEVELS UP. 20TH INFANTRY DIVISION IN THIS EXAMPLE.

(1) **20**th **Infantry Division Mission.** 20ID and Fort Hubert build and maintain combat ready forces; on order, deploy these forces in an expeditionary manner at a moment's notice, conduct operations to fight and win in complex environments as members of a Joint, Interagency, Intergovernmental, and Multinational (JIIM) team.

(a) Commander's Intent.

1. **Purpose.** Fort Hubert and 20ID remain focused on providing combat ready forces to combatant commanders in order to protect the country and its interests at home and abroad. In addition, providing a world-class training and leader development environment and improving efforts within the community to support and care for Soldiers, their Families, and our Civilians remains critical.

2. Key Tasks.

- a. Build and Maintain Lethality and Combat Readiness. Our decisive operation is building and sustaining individual and collective lethality and readiness-including increasing our capacity to quickly project forces anywhere in the world on a moment's notice. In addition to the four pillars of readiness (personnel, supply, maintenance, and training) and the fundamentals of lethality (shoot, move, communicate), 20ID and Fort Hubert will prioritize resources for rapid deployment to fulfill combatant commander requirements. We will be masters of the fundamentals. We must strive to increase Soldier deployability, execute innovative focused training, enforce quality management programs, and maintain our equipment to standard.
- b. Leader Development. The 20ID leader exemplifies our motto, "Move Forward". Our leader development program aims to produce leaders of character, competent and confident in their ability to lead. We will cultivate engaged leaders who constantly refine their skills, expand their understanding of the profession, and embody leadership.
- c. Care for our Soldiers, Civilians, and Families. The 20th Infantry Division and Fort Hubert, with participation from the local community, assist Soldiers, Civilians and Families by developing engaged leaders, proactive programs, and world-class facilities to enhance resiliency.
- d. Teamwork. 20ID and Fort Hubert foster a climate of mutual trust and shared understanding to build teams that operate decentralized within the commander's intent. We work internally and with our higher command, adjacent units, JIIM partners

and with our community. Effective and clear vertical and horizontal communications is vital to Teamwork.

- 3. **End State**. The 20th Infantry Division is ready to fight and win when our Nation calls. We enable readiness through mutually beneficial relationships and an enduring presence in the local and surrounding communities. Fort Hubert is postured to rapidly project expeditionary combat power and sustain the installation's people, training, and equipment

 1 LEVEL UP. 61st INFANTRY DIVISION IN THIS EXAMPLE.
- (2) **61**st **Armored Brigade Combat Team (ABCT) Mission.** 61st ABCT, builds readiness and lethal teams on Fort Hubert, AZ throughout Fiscal Year 2056 that are capable of rapidly deploying to conduct the full range of military operations to seize, retain, and exploit the initiative to accomplish any mission, anywhere, at any time.

(a) Commander's Intent.

1. **Purpose.** The ABCT command guidance serves as an actionable plan that provides guidance for all units under the brigade to meet our 20ID requirements, manage readiness goals, and meet all installation requirements as our unit continues to train and provide forces for worldwide deployments.

2. Key Tasks.

NOTICE THE SIMILARITY AND NESTED NATURE OF THIS BRIGADE'S KEY TASKS WITH THAT OF ITS PARENT ORGANIZATION ONE LEVEL UP.

- a. Collective Training. Our most important tasks are mastering individual Soldier Tasks, conducting collective training for both platoons as well as command staffs, and mastering our METs. During the first three quarters, we will focus on individual tasks and collective training using multi-echelon training to achieve multiple sets and reps. In fourth quarter, our focus shifts to completing Battalion collective tasks.
- b. Build Strong Soldiers and Families. Throughout FY56, leaders will strengthen Soldiers' personal and family readiness by providing predictable training schedules. Leaders will focus on taking care of the Brigade's single Soldiers focusing on improving their living quarters and facilities. This will allow Soldiers and families to take maximum advantage of the resources, proactive programs, events, and world-class facilities that enhance resiliency offered on Fort Hubert and in the local communities.
- c. Leader Certification. The brigade focuses on leader development through professional development programs, schools, and certification. Our unit functions at a higher level with trained and certified leaders. These leaders foster a climate of mutual trust and shared understanding to build teams that operate within the commander's intent.
- d. Equipment Readiness. The brigade is reliant on our equipment to complete our mission. It is all Leaders' responsibility to ensure our equipment is ready

to conduct training and deploy in support of country's interests. Deliberate recovery from training events and dedicated services are fundamental in order to maintain equipment readiness rates of 90% or higher.

- e. Organizational Momentum. The brigade ensures knowledge gained from this past training year cycle continues forward. Improving the brigade's processes and systems is critical to future success. Leaders must enforce continuity and ensure the passing of products and best practices along to new personnel arriving to the brigade.
- 3. **End State.** The brigade is trained and ready to deploy. Following a Brigade collective exercise, the brigade is prepared to deploy in support of any mission.
- 2. <u>Mission</u>. The 1-11th close with and destroy enemy forces using fire, maneuver, and shock effect, or to repel his assault by fire and counterattack.

3. Execution.

a. Commander's Intent.

(1) **Purpose.** Prepare the battalion for mission preparedness beginning October 2056 while mitigating risk to Soldiers and their families.

(2) Key Tasks:

- FOUND IN ITS TASK ORGANIZATION TASK/PURPOSE PARAGRAPH AS DESIGNED BY THE MILITARY TO WHICH THIS ARMY BELONGS TO.
- (b) Certify Squads and Platoons, and Battalion Staff on collective tasks prior to platoon live fires.
- (c) Care for family members through engaged family focused events and planned rest and recouperation periods for Soldiers.
- (d) Be Engaged Leaders at all times; Know your Team; set, live and enforce Standards.
 - (e) Build Readiness through a culture of quality management practices.
- (3) **End State.** 1-11th Regiment Soldiers are a proficient team of professionals; tactical and technical experts able to fight and win against any enemy, any time, any place. When Soldiers and their families depart our team, they will have the experience required for continued success.

THIS MISSION IS DIRECTLY FROM THE BATTALION'S TASK ORGANIZATION MISSION DESCRIPTION

b. CONCEPT OF COLLECTIVE TRAINING.

THE CONCEPT OF APPROACHING THIS TRAINING GLIDEPATH IS PREFACED BY A METHODOLOGY SECTION THAT DISCUSSES THE WAYS AND MEANS BY WHICH THE BATTALION WILL ARRIVE AT A TRAINED PROFICIENCY.

(1) Methodology.

(a) FY56 Unit Training Plan (UTP) consists of four phases divided by quarter. Phase I, October 2055 through December 2055 Fiscal Year 56, Quarter 1 (FY56Q1): critical events within this phase are recovery, and garrison footprint reset. Phase II, January 2056 through March 2056, FY56Q2; critical events in this phase are individual training, team and squad live fires, and command post exercise (CPX) support. Phase III, April 2056 through June 2056 FY56Q3; critical events in this phase are STAFFEX and Company collective exercises. Phase IV, July 2056 through September 2056 FY56Q4; critical events in this phase are BDE/BN STAFFEX, and Battalion collective events. The main effort for this operation are live fires (LFXs). There are two shaping efforts for this operation. Shaping effort one (SE1) is Individual Training. Shaping effort

two (SE2) is the STAFFEX. This operation will use a Battalion and Companies will assess proficiency thro reported on readiness reports, during monthly training

training briefings.

THIS BATTALION HAS DECIDED TO CATEGORIZE ITS LIVE FIRE EVENTS AS THE MAIN EFFORT; A **DECISION THAT WILL ALOCATE AVAILABLE** RESOURCES IN TIME AND SPACE TO THOSE UNITS WITHIN THE BATTALION THAT ARE CONDUCTING LIVE FIRES AT ANY GIVEN POINT IN TIME.

(b) The Mission Essential Tasks (METs) the Battalion must train to prolicioney to support Brigade Operations are: Conduct a Defense (01-XX-0123), Conduct Movement (01-XX-0124), and Conduct an Attack (01-XX-0125). I want commanders to prioritize local, Fort Hubert training areas (TA) in a live environment while incorporating virtual training opportunities as a secondary opportunity when resource constraints prevent live training. Coordination with the Battalion S-3, the senior training management non-commissioned officers (NCOs), and the Battalion S-4 early in the planning process is critical to success. THIS MILITARY USES MISSION ESSENTIAL TASK

(c) Evaluation. Assessments and subseque THREE TO SIX TASKS ASSIGNED TO EACH UNIT AT completed by the commander two echelons above the the Army Integrated Weapons Training Strategy (IWT BE CATEGORIZED AS READY FOR MISSION. THESE authorized to be Soldiers of equal or higher rank of the TASKS GIVE BIRTH TO NUMEROUS SUB-TASKS be external at a tier one above the echelon under eval an adjacent platoon but same company evaluates a Squad leader from a sister

(MET) STANDARDS. METS ARE THE PRIMARY EACH LEVEL THAT DESCRIBE STANDARD TASKS A UNIT AT THEIR LEVEL MUST BE PROFICIENT AT TO THAT SUPPORT THE PRIMARY MET TASKS.

platoon). Evaluators and/or observer-controllers submit their reports to the authorized assessor for final qualification ratings (e.g. Multiple evaluators submit grade cards for a platoon evaluation to the Battalion commander for his or her final assessment and subsequent qualification rating). Company and higher evaluations that require evaluation from leaders external to the Battalion are coordinated through Battalion S-3.

(2) Current Battalion MET Proficiency. These assessments as recorded in the appropriate system of record. As we near training start dates, assessments fluctuate dependent heavily upon personnel/leader turnover, the frequency tasks are trained, and other factors that contribute to task atrophy. Staff and Company Leadership refer to FM

7-0 regarding considerations and actions units can take when mitigating the effects of task atrophy.

MET	DESCRIPTION	PROFICIENCY
01-XX-0123	Conduct Defense	70%
01-XX-0124	Conduct Movement	60%
01-XX-0125	Conduct an Attack	70%

(3) <u>Sustaining Battalion MET Proficiencies</u>. During this training period, our Battalion METs are to be sustained to the following proficiency ratings.

MET	DESCRIPTION	THE TRAINING METHOD BREAKDOWN IS FIRST	
01-XX-0123	Conduct Defense	LISTED AS THE PRIMARY METS FOR THE	
01-XX-0124	Conduct Movement	BATTALION FOLLOWED BY A SERIES OF CHARTS	
01-XX-0125	Conduct an Attack	DEPICTING THE DATES THE BATTALION CONDUC	CTS
		TRAINING TO TRAIN TOWARDS THESE MET	
(4) Callagti	ve Training Objectives	PROFICIENCIES, AS WELL AS SUB TASK EVENTS	
	ve Training Objectives.	TO THE PROFICIENCY OF THE PRIMARY METS.	
Battalion multi-ech	nelon training events.	TO THE PROFICIENCY OF THE PRIMARY METS.	
		FOR A MORE IN-DEPTH DISCUSSION ON THESE	
DATE(S)	EVENT	O TASKS AND HOW THEY NEST WITHIN ONE	
,		ANOTHER CONSULT WITH YOUR LOCAL ADVISOR	R.
18-20, 26-29 MAY	BN STAFFEX (Staff	Conduct Staff Operations (01- 90%	
(TW 34-35)	Exercise)	XX-2015)	
,	,	,	
		Coordinate Enabler Support	
		(01-XX-3015)	
		,	
		Provide Sustainment for	
		Battalion (01-XX-2017)	
		,	
08-12 JUN	BN COMMEX	Establish Communications 90%	1
(TW 37)	(Communications	(01-XX-2025)	
	Exercise)	Operate Communications	
		Systems (01-XX-2026)	
		Systems (8 : 7 : 1 = 2 = 5)	
01JUN-02JUL	Platoon Live Fires	Execute Platoon Collective 90%	1
(TW36-TW40)		Live Fire (01-XX-1101)	
(
07-31JUL	Enabler Live Fires	Conduct Platoon Mortar 90%	1
(TW41-TW44)		Exercise (01-XX-1277)	
(Conduct Platoon Scout	
		Exercise (01-XX-1282)	
10-21AUG	BN STX/LFX	Conduct Battalion Attack (01- 90%	1
		XX-0125)	
		,	

(5) Weapon Qualification Training Objectives (All Commands).

Individual 90% Required Crew Served (Machine Gun) 90% Required

(6) Collective Live-Fire Tasks (Main Efforts). The following are collective live fire tasks for the Battalion during FY56.

		THE MAIN EFFORT TRAINING EVENTS ARE LISTED
TASK	DESCRIPTION	AGAIN SEPARATELY TO HELP EMPHASIZE TO
01-XX-1016	Squad Attack	PLANNERS AND COMPANIES THEIR PRIORITY DURING THE ANNUAL GLIDEPATH.
01-XX-1277	Mortar Exercise, Platoon	Section Section
01-XX-1282	Scout Exercise, Platoon	Section
01-XX-1101	Platoon Collective Live Fire	Platoon
01-XX-1153	Company Collective Live Fire	Company

c. CONCEPT OF INDIVIDUAL TRAINING (Shaping Effort 01). 1-11th Command Sergeant Major oversees individual task proficiency. Company First Sergeants work with platoon sergeants, section sergeants, and squad leaders for the development of individual training. Limited training time and a resource constrained environment require commanders to identify specific individual soldier tasks that directly contribute to squad and platoon level tasks. Additionally, the Command Sergeant Major has identified the following individual tasks be included in company training. These tasks need significant attention based upon lessons learned assessments and feedback by First Sergeants:

TASK	DESCRIPTION		FREQUENCY	
77-XX-1234	Rifle Target Engagement		6 months	
77-XX-1235	Conduct Physical Assessment Exam	THE LINIT	COMMAND SERGI	EANT MAJOR, SENIOR
77-XX-1236	Perform Operator Maintenance, Truck			REATED PRIORITIZED
77-XX-1237	Perform Weapons Maintenance, Operator			GUIDE INDIVIDUAL
77-XX-1238	Conduct Monthly Performance Review		0	TON TO ALL OTHER
77-XX-1239	Evaluate a Casualty	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		UAL TRAINING. THIS
77-XX-1240	Evacuate a Casualty		P 5 PHOLINIS	RESCRIBES THE BELOW
77-XX-1241	Operate a Radio	SERGEAR	NT'S TIME TRAININ	G METHODS.
	_			

(1) **Sergeant Time Training** (STT). Commanders protect and resource a minimum of one day each week for dedicated Soldier development: Thursdays 0700-1700 (annotated on training schedules). Senior NCOs and Commanders will ensure STT supplements and nests within Platoon, Company level collective tasks, and the unit

METs. The unit Officer leadership routinely participate

EACH LEVEL THAT ARE NOT DIRECTLY STT to standard to instill organizations of trust and interactions of COMPRISED OF A LARGE NUMBER OF SOLDIERS (E.G. MEDICS, COOKS, MAINTENANCE TECHS). (2) Non-Combat Job Training. Commanders e THESE SOLDIERS REQUIRE ANNUAL TRAINING progression of non-combat role assigned Soldier job tr SPECIFIC TO THEIR JOBS; TRAINING THAT MUST BE Battalion Operations and adjacent companies. Low-de PLANNED DELIBERATELY.

progression demands cross planning through senior medic, senior communications, and forward support company planning efforts and/or deliberate training for headquarters personnel.

(3) Functional Duty Training Management. Commanders ensure properly trained functional positions.

NON-COMBAT ROLES ARE ALL THOSE JOBS AT

(a) Functional Duties. Functional Duties are all duties assigned through TOE or Command Policy that are external to standard duty assignments.

	FUNCTIONAL DU	TIE FUNCTIONAL DUTY REQUIREMENTS CAN BE
DUTY	DESCRIPTION	PRIORITZED AND APPROACHED DIFFERENTLY DEPENDING ON MILITARIES. A LARGE NUMBER OF THESE PROGRAMS ARE ANOTHER PIECE IN THE
Master Driver	Unit Master Driver. Driver's Program director and driver's training progression planner and SME.	1 UNIT'S ARSENAL OF RISK AND QUALITY 1 MANAGEMENT.
SHARP	Sexual Assault Response Program Coordinator. Program and unit training director. Appointed by Commanders.	AR 600-20. 2 - Battalion 2 - per Company
EO	Equal Opportunity Program Coordinator. Program and unit training director. Appointed by Commanders.	AR 600-20. 2 – Battalion 2 – per Company
MFT	Master Fitness Trainer. Program and training coordinator. Appointed by Commanders. Ensures the designation and qualification of both MRTs and ACFT personnel.	FM 7-22 BN CSM 2 – Battalion 1 – per Company
R&U	Repair and Utilities (Barracks Maintenance Manager). Program and unit training director and Barracks SME.	CDR Policy 2 – per Company
OIP	Organizational Inspection Program, (Quality Management)	CDR Policy 2 – Battalion 2 – per Company

(1) **Soldier Fitness**. Soldiers conduct Physical Readiness Training (PRT) to prepare for the rigors of combat and strengthen unit comradery. Adequate preparation includes improving muscular strength, cardiovascular FITNESS IS BEST APPROACHED AS A WHOLISTIC (stretching), as well as ensuring proper diet/nutrition a program in this battalion incorporates these cornerston challenging plan to ensure physical readiness. Organ LARGELY GUIDED BY THE COMMANDER AND observed five days a week during designated hours. LINSTILLED BY THE NCO.

PERFORMANCE VARIABLE THAT ENCOMPASSES, BEHAVIORAL WELLBEING, SLEEP, DIET & NUTRITION, AND PHYSICAL FITNESS. THIS IS

interruption of routine PRT by planning deliberately. Soldiers are required to conduct a physical fitness exam every six months, the unit goal set at 90% personnel qualified.

- (2) Individual Drivers Training. Drivers training is essential training for all drivers and Vehicle Commanders. A structured driver's training program enables units to focus on MET tasks and conduct safe and successful training events. All Commanders ensure licensing of drivers and vehicle commander on the specific vehicle they are operating. All driver's training will be conducted in accordance with Army Regulation (AR) 600-55 and the battalion Drivers Training SOP; planned and resourced through the Battalion S-3. Proponent: Battalion S3, Battalion Master Driver.
- b. CONCEPT OF LEADER DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM (Shaping Effort 02). The most important training we do in this unit and in the Army is develop leaders. Leader development is the process through which we develop the skills, knowledge, and

attitudes needed to lead, train, and employ units and organizations at increasing levels of responsibility. The 1-11IN honors the profession and works to develop leaders as outlined in Army Field Manual 6-22. In conjunction with performance counseling, company leader development programs, self-development, and institutional development, this program aims to increase readiness in the leader domain.

(1) Non-Commissioned Officer Professional Development Program (NCOPD). The Battalion Command Sergeant Major (CSM) is the proponent for NCOPD. These events are led by Staff Sergeants and Sergeants First Class. All NCOs within the battalion are encouraged to attend in conference. The glidepath for these events is released by the Command Sergeant Major and is designed around the continued development of attributes and competencies. Events will last from 1 to 1.5 hours and allow ample time for dialogue between

with a final read-ahead is sent to all attendees THE MILITARY. THIS COMMAND GROUP HAS time. location and uniform. An After-Action-Re product on record within the battalion web-po COMPONENTS. UNITS CAN ALSO CREATE A than 7 days following completion of each ever SUBSET OF PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT THAT the point of contact for these events.

PROFESSIOAL DEVELOPMENT IS CONTINUOUS IN **DECIDED TO BREAK PROFESSIONAL** DEVELOPMENT INTO THE NCO AND OFFICER INCLUDES LOWER ENLISTED SOLDIERS AS WELL.

- (2) Officer Professional Development Program (OPD). The 1-11th Commander is the proponent for OPD Events. These events are led by Company Commanders. All officers and senior non-commissioned officers within the battalion are encouraged to attend in conference. The glidepath for these events is released by the Battalion S-3 and is designed around the continued development of attributes and competencies. The 8-Step Training Model is used to develop each event. Events will last from 1 to 1.5 hours and allow ample time for dialogue between the host and attendees. The event with a final read-ahead sent to all attendees 7 days prior to each event, to include time, location and uniform. An After-Action-Review (AAR) will be filed with the final product on record within the battalion web-portal and digital records database no later than 7 days following completion of each event. The Battalion S-3 is the point of contact for these events.
- c. OTHER TRAINING. Mandatory training, installation and division support requirements have secondary importance to training our formations to be combat ready, but they must be accomplished. The attached Long Range Planning Calendar (LRTC) (Attachment xx, Long Range Training Calendar) depicts the installation time management cycles to include division, brigade and battalion required training. I have purposely kept battalion required training to a minimum so subordinate commanders can develop their own UTPs to support the battalion training mission. Company commanders will follow the same technique: conduct a thorough mission analysis of this order, determine the METs to battle focus company training, and leave enough 'white space' on the UTP calendar for platoons and squads to plan their own training.

d. ADDITIONAL TRAINING GUIDANCE.

- (1) **1-11th Tactical Standard Operating Procedures** (TACSOP). Standard Operating Procedures are the backbone of conducting operations and are vital to aligning units at-echelon for ease of operations, fluidity, and lethality. The TACSOP is a living document and is reviewed continuously. The proponent for this document is the Battalion Operations Sergeant Major. (Attachment xx 1-11th TACSOP).
- (2) **Battle Rhythm**. During operations, battle rhythm is a deliberate daily cycle of command, staff, and unit activities intended to synchronize current and future operations (ADP 7-0, 4-9). This concept is directly applicable in how units plan and prepare training. Throughout unit training, commanders integrate and synchronize recurring training activities. These include meetings, briefings, conferences, and reports in their commands and with the higher destablishing the unit's battle rhythm for the stablishing a battle rhythm helps seque regulate the flow and sharing of informating the unit battle rhythm is nested with nest their unit battle rhythm in concert with a stablishing the unit battle rhythm in concer
- (3) **Long Range Training Calendar**. To prioritize training resources at the Battalion level, the 1-11th S-3 establishes a time management cycle. Management cycles give priority for finite training resources as specified by the command and based on scheduled unit deployment cycles, combat training center rotations, and other training priorities. GREEN, AMBER, RED cycles are managed under these cycles. Units in GREEN cycle focus on unit collective training, are free of external taskings, and have priority for resources. Units in AMBER cycle conduct some unit training, are vulnerable for some external taskings, and have second priority for resources. Units in RED cycle primarily focus on individual, crew, or team training; fulfill most external taskings; and are last in resource priority. This time management cycle provides a simple and effective method for ensuring training resource equity across the command at-echelon. Unit training calendars depict time management cycles. The proponent for this document is the Battalion S-3. (Attachment xx Long Range Training Calendar).
- (4) **Training and Command and Staff Meetings**. Training Meetings and Command and Staff Briefs are conducted IAW the Battle Rhythm. Digital submittal of meeting documents will be NLT 48hrs prior to the scheduled meeting, to the proponent listed.

Meeting	Proponent
BDE Quarterly Training	Battalion S-3, Current Operations
Brief (BDE QTB)	(Attachment xx – Quarterly Training Brief)
BN Training Meeting	Battalion S-3, Current Operations
(BN TRNG MTG)	(Attachment xx – Battalion Training Meeting)

BN Command & Staff	Battalion S-1
Meeting (BN CMD STF)	(Attachment xx – Battalion Command and Staff Meeting)
CO Training Meeting	Company Training Room
	(Attachment xx – Company Training Meeting)

(5) Risk Management.

(a) DD 2977. Units will complete a DD2977 following assessment of risk for every planned event. This is done IAW DA 385-30, dated 2 December 2014.

e. COORDINATING INSTRUCTIONS.

(1) **8-Step Training Model**. At the company and platoon levels, training models are developed and used as a simple and effective planning and execution tool for small-unit, individual training events using FM 7-0. Training models do not provide a sufficient level of detail from which to develop a UTP, to fully develop training events, or to coordinate training events. Instead, they serve as a useful tool for subordinate leaders to ensure major activities and steps are accomplished. Training models help manage training events that are not complex in planning or execution. Units modify training models in the number of steps and procedures based on experience and the efficiencies gained by their use. One training model is the 8-step training model (Reference FM 7-0). The 8-step training model provides a flexible and reliable vehicle for creating continuity for planning and managing simple training events.

(2) FY56 Training and Federal Holidays.

Date	Holiday		
11 OCT 19	Training Holiday		
14 OCT 19	Columbus Day		
11 NOV 19	Veterans Day		
28 NOV 19	Thanksgiving		
16 DEC 19 – 3 JAN 20	Holiday Half-Day Sched	lule	
24 DEC 19	Christmas Eve Training	Holiday	
25 DEC 19	Christmas		
31 DEC 19	New Year's Eve Training Holiday		
1 JAN 20	New Year's Day		
17 JAN 20	Training Holiday		
20 JAN 20	Martin Luther King Day		
14 FEB 20	Training Holiday		
17 FEB 20	President's Day		
9-13 MAR 20	Spring Break		
25 MAY 20	Memorial Day	QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS INCLUDE	
12 JUNE 20	Army's Birthday Training	VARIETY OF CHECKS AND BALANCES ACRO	
3 JUL 20	Independence Day (Ob	ORGANIZATION IN ORDER TO ENSURE EFFI	15011111111

(3) Organizational Inspection Program (Ol MANAGEMENT APPROACH.

Labor Day

7 SEP 20

program and can be of great value to the entire Command if executed properly. Unit

IN OPERATIONS AT EVERY LEVEL. THIS UNIT IS

THAT IS PART OF THE ENITER QUALITY

PLACING EMPHASIS ON AN INSPECTION PROGRAM

commanders will increase the involvement of subordinate leaders in the development and execution of their OIPs and incorporate OIP into Leader Development Programs. It is important for our Commanders at echelon to understand the linkage of OIP to an overarching quality management system. Commanders will establish a tracking process that ensures inspection deficiencies are corrected.

4. Sustainment.

a. **Maintenance Program.** Maintenance is critical to mission readiness. Maintenance operational rates hinge on quality maintenance and leader involvement. Implement and improve these systems deliberately. Maintenance is a training opportunity and indicates standards and discipline in our formation. Maintenance training focuses itself upon maintenance standards. Proponent: Support Company lead Maintenance Officer. Army equipment meets the maintenance standard when the following conditions exist:

	FULLY MISSION CAPABLE (FMC):	CONDITIONS		
#	Description			
1	All faults are identified following prescribed intervals us piece of equipment's respective technical manual.	sing the tables prescribed within the		
2	All repair parts on hand have been installed.			
3	All repair parts required but not on hand are on a valid	funded requisition.		
4	Corrective actions requiring sustainment level mainten documents used.	MAINTENANCE, PROPERTY AND SUPPL DISCIPLINE ARE MAJOR FACTORS NOT SURVIVABILITY, BUT DEGREE OF SURV	ONLY IN	
5	Scheduled services are performed at the service interv	UNDER VARIOUS CONDITIONS. OVERS BATTALION EXECUTIVE OFFICER, THE S4 AND SUPPORT COMPANY PLAY A LAIN THIS SECTION OF THE COMMAND GU	BATTALION ARGE ROLE	

- b. **Property and Supply Discipline Program.** The Battalion will conduct semiannual program inspections. The inspections measure the quality of a unit's ability to appropriately maintain its assigned equipment and its routine supply system. The Battalion will evaluate Companies. The Battalion S-4 is the proponent for this program.
- c. **Services.** Services are a deliberate operation that help to routinely sustain equipment; services will be scheduled and reflected on training calendars and will be in accordance with the equipment service requirements as listed in the technical manual. Proponent: Support Company Senior Maintenance Officer.

5. Command and Control

- a. Battalion Web-Portal: https://web.portal.link.here/
- b. **Reports.** Full listing of reports and requirements is found in the battalion TACSOP.

c. Points of Contact: Major James Madison, Battalion S3.

ACKNOWLEDGE:

THOMAS JEFFERSON LTC, IN COMMANDING

OFFICIAL: MADISON

S3

ATTACHMENTS:

- xx TACSOP
- xx Battle Rhythm
- xx Long Range Training Calendar
- xx BDE QTB Template
- xx BN CMD STF Template
- xx BN TRNG MTG Template
- xx CO TRNG MTG Template
- xx BN Maintenance Meeting Template
- xx OPD Program, MAY55