# MATHEMATICS (M012)

Maximum Marks: 40

Time allowed: 75 minutes

Answers to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately.

You will **not** be allowed to write during first **10** minutes.

This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.

The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers

Attempt all questions from Section A and any two questions from Section B.

All working, including rough work, must be clearly shown, and must be done on the same sheet as the rest of the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets []

Mathematical tables and graph papers are provided

## SECTION A (20 marks)

(Attempt all questions from this **Section**)

#### Question 1

Choose the correct answers to the questions from the given options. [7]
(Do not copy the questions, write the correct answers only.)

(i) Determine the mean of the following frequency distribution:

Group	10-15	15-20	20-25	
Frequency	3	10	2	

(a) 15.1

(c) 17.17

(b) 15.17

(d) 17.71

(ii)	If there are 15 terms in an A.P. whose first term is $\sqrt{2}$ and common difference is $2\sqrt{2}$ , then the last term is:					
	(a) $31\sqrt{2}$	(c) $29\sqrt{2}$				
	(b) $30\sqrt{2}$	(d) $28\sqrt{2}$				
(iii)	If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ and $A^2 + xI = yA$ , then the	$= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ and $A^2 + xI = yA$ , then the value of $x$ is:				
	(a) -8	(c) 4				
	(b) -4	(d) 8				
(iv)	The remainder when $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 2$ is divided by $2x + 1$ , is:					
	(a) $\frac{1}{4}$	(c) -10				
	(b) $\frac{17}{4}$	(d) 22				
(v)	If length of hypotenuse of a right-angled triangle exceeds the length of one side by 2 cm and exceeds twice the length of other side by 1 cm, then the length of hypotenuse of the triangle is:					
	(a) 17 cm	(c) 15 cm				
	(b) 1 cm	(d) 22 cm				
(vi)	Evaluate: $\sin^2 \theta + \tan^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta$ :					
	(a) $\sec^2 \theta$	(c) 0				
	(b) 1	(d) $2\sin\theta$				
(vii)	Tenth term from the end of A.P. 18, 16, 14, $\dots$ , -10 is:					
	(a) 0	(c) -2				
	(b) 8	(d) 10				

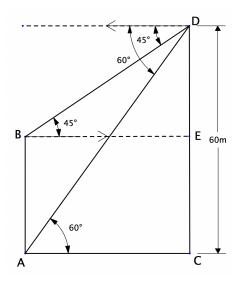
### Question 2

$$\sin^2\theta - \cos^4\theta = 1 - 2\cos^2\theta$$

(ii) The mean of the following distribution is 6. Find the value of P. [4]

Variate (x)	2	4	6	10	P+5
Frequency (f)	3	2	3	1	2

(iii) From the top of a tower 60m high, the angles of depression of the top and bottom of pole are observed to be 45° and 60° respectively. Find the height of the pole. [5]



### SECTION B (20 marks)

(Attempt any two questions from this **Section**)

### Question 3

- (i) If the polynomials  $ax^3 + 4x^2 + 3x 4$  and  $x^3 4x + a$  leave the same remainder when divided by (x 3), find the value of a.
- (ii) The factors of the polynomial  $x^3 + 10x^2 37x + 26$  are? [3]
- (iii) If the 6<sup>th</sup> term of an A.P. is equal to four times its first term and the sum of first six terms is 75, find the first term and the common difference. [4]

#### Question 4

(i) Determine the value of x given that  $A^2 = B$ , where: [3]

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 12 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & x \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix},$$

- (ii) Solve the equation  $2x \frac{1}{x} = 7$ . [3] Write your answer correct upto two decimal places.
- (iii) A recurring deposit account of ₹ 1,200 per month has a maturity value of ₹ 12,440.
  If the rate of interest is 3% and the interest is calculated at the end of every month;
  find the time (in months) of this Recurring Deposit Account.

#### Question 5

- (i) Find the value of a and b so that the polynomial  $x^3 + 10x^2 ax + b$  is exactly divisible by (x-1) as well as with (x-2).
- (ii) If the polynomial  $x^3 + ax^2 bx 30$  is exactly divisible by  $x^2 2x 15$ , find a and b and also the third factor. [6]