# (All the codes are provided with comments for reference and this documentation contains all the steps for preparing the excercises.)

## **Exercise 1: Online Bookstore - Setting Up RESTful Services**

#### **Business Scenario:**

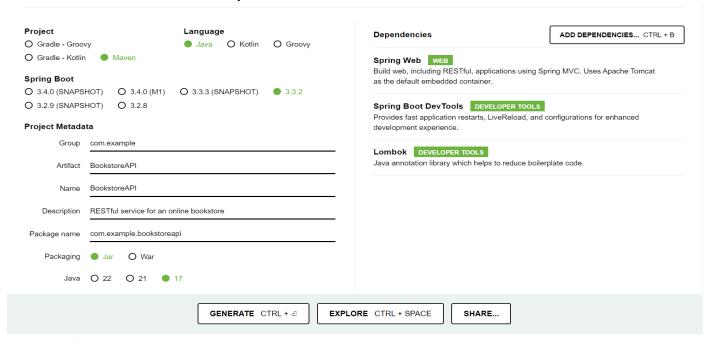
You are tasked with developing a RESTful service for an online bookstore. The service will manage books, authors, and customers.

#### Instructions:

#### 1. Setup Spring Boot Project:

- o Initialize a new Spring Boot project named BookstoreAPI.
- o Add dependencies: **Spring Web, Spring Boot DevTools, Lombok**.

At first the Springboot project "BookstoreAPI" is setup in the local file using the Spring Initializr and extracted into the Eclipse IDE.



## 2. Project Structure:

o Familiarize yourself with the generated project structure.

- BookstoreAPI static templates application.properties > ## com.example.bookstoreapi > Material JRE System Library [JavaSE-17] Maven Dependencies > > src > > target mvnw mvnw.cmd m pom.xml
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  - 3. What's New in Spring Boot 3:
    - Explore and document the new features introduced in Spring Boot 3.

## Spring Boot 3.x introduces several new features and improvements. Some of the key highlights include:

- 1. <u>Java 17 Support</u>: Spring Boot 3.x supports the latest LTS version of Java, which includes new language features and performance improvements.
- 2. **GraalVM Native Image Support**: Improved support for compiling Spring applications to native executables using GraalVM, reducing startup time and memory usage.
- 3. <u>Micrometer Observation API</u>: Introduction of a new observation API in Micrometer to provide a more flexible and powerful way to collect metrics and traces.
- 4. **Spring GraphQL**: Integration with Spring GraphQL, providing a new way to build GraphQL APIs with Spring Boot.
- 5. <u>WebFlux</u>: Enhancements to Spring WebFlux, including better support for RSocket and improvements in handling backpressure.
- 6. **Enhanced Security Configurations**: New security features and improvements, including support for multi-tenancy and enhanced OAuth2 configurations.
- Configuration Improvements: Simplified configuration properties and improved support for externalized configuration.

8. <u>Deprecations and Removals</u>: Removal of deprecated features and libraries from previous versions, cleaning up the codebase and ensuring better performance and security.

## **Exercise 2: Online Bookstore - Creating Basic REST Controllers**

#### **Business Scenario:**

Implement RESTful endpoints to manage books.

#### Instructions:

#### 1. Create Book Controller:

Define a BookController class with request mappings for /books.

A BookController class is defined in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.controller.

#### 2. Handle HTTP Methods:

o Implement methods to handle **GET**, **POST**, **PUT**, and **DELETE** requests.

A BookController class is defined in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.controller with CRUD operations methods and REST endpoints. A BookService class in package com.example.bookstoreapi.service id defined to handle the methods.

#### 3. Return JSON Responses:

- o Ensure the controller returns JSON responses.
- o Define the Book entity with attributes like id, title, author, price, and isbn.

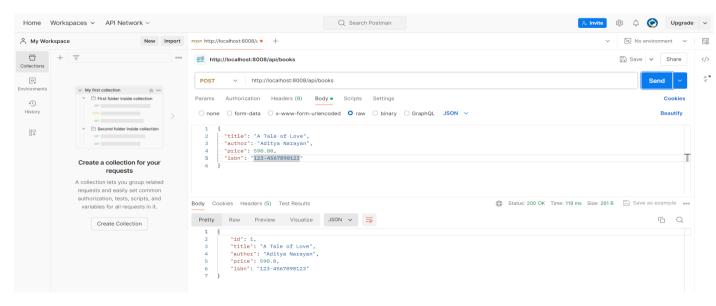
A entity class is defined in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.model along with BookRepository interface extending JPA Repository in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.repository. Below all the CRUD oprations are validated using postman and the REST endpoints.

#### POST /api/books

• Description: Create a new book.

Method: POST

• URL: http://localhost:8008/api/books

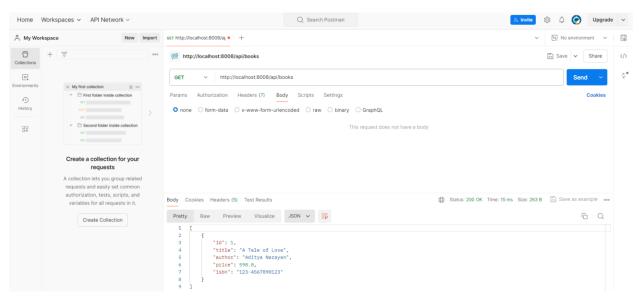


## **GET /api/books**

• Description: Retrieve all books.

Method: GET

• URL: http://localhost:8008/api/books

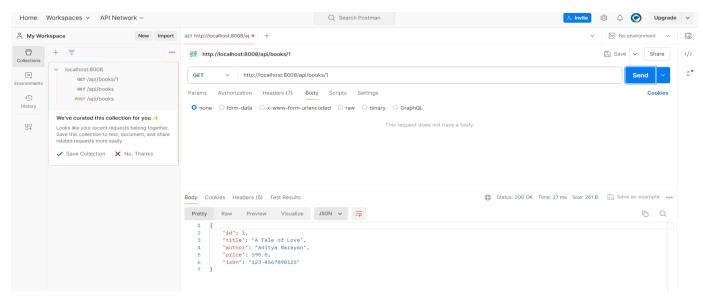


## GET /api/books/{id}

Description: Retrieve a book by its ID.

Method: GET

URL: http://localhost:8008/api/books/1

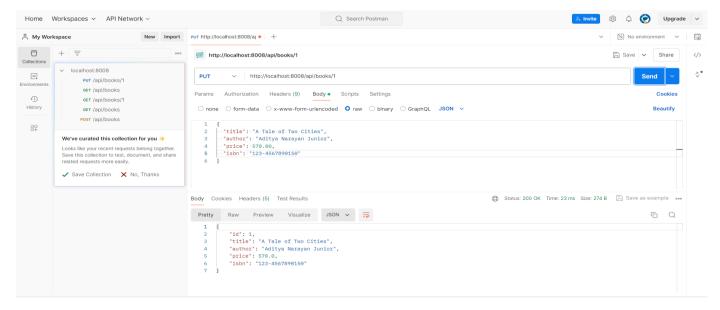


## PUT /api/books/{id}

Description: Update an existing book.

Method: PUT

URL: http://localhost:8008/api/books/1

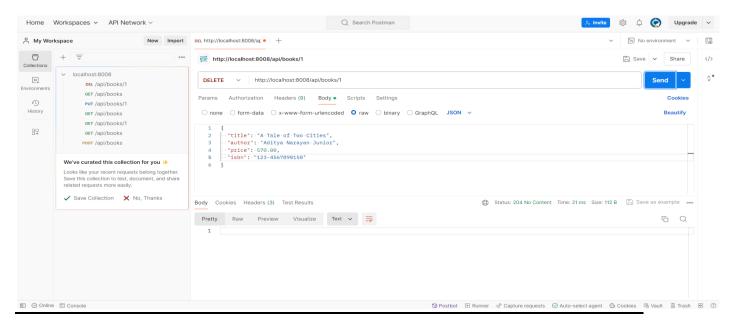


## **DELETE /api/books/{id}**

Description: Delete a book by its ID.

Method: DELETE

URL: http://localhost:8008/api/books/1



## **Exercise 3: Online Bookstore - Handling Path Variables and Query Parameters**

#### **Business Scenario:**

Enhance the book management endpoints to handle dynamic URLs and query parameters.

#### Instructions:

#### 1. Path Variables:

o Implement an endpoint to fetch a book by its ID using a path variable.

A GetMapping Endpoint using @PathVariable is implemented in the BookController class of the package com.example.bookstoreapi.controller. This endpoint fetches a book by its ID.

#### 2. Query Parameters:

o Implement an endpoint to filter books based on query parameters like title and author.

Custom query methods are added to the BookRepository in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.repository. To handle the query filtering logic methods are added in the BookService class of the package com.example.bookstoreapi.service. In the BookController class using a endpoint "/search" all the filter books logic are implemented.

#### Exercise 4: Online Bookstore - Processing Request Body and Form Data

#### **Business Scenario:**

Create endpoints to accept and process JSON request bodies and form data for customer registrations.

#### Instructions:

#### 1. Request Body:

 Implement a POST endpoint to create a new customer by accepting a JSON request body.

To create a new customer a entity class called Customer is defined in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.model with all the required fields. A JPA Respository with the name CustomerRepository is also defined in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.repository. Then a CustomerService class is also implemented in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.service to create methods for registering customers.

#### 2. Form Data:

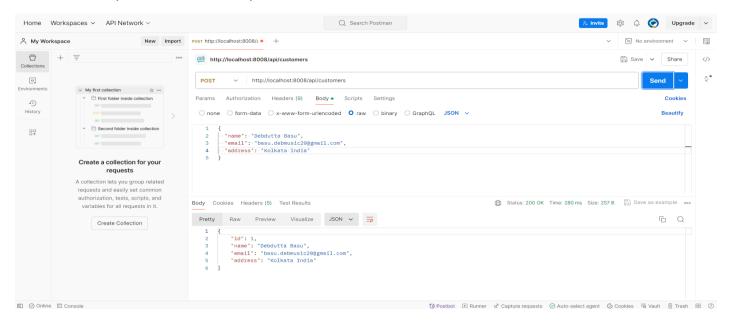
o Implement an endpoint to process form data for customer registrations.

Now in the CustomerController class of the package com.example.bookstoreapi.controller the endpoints for creating and registering new user are implemented. To check the workings of the endpoints we will use Postman.

## **Create Customer with JSON Request Body**

Method: POST

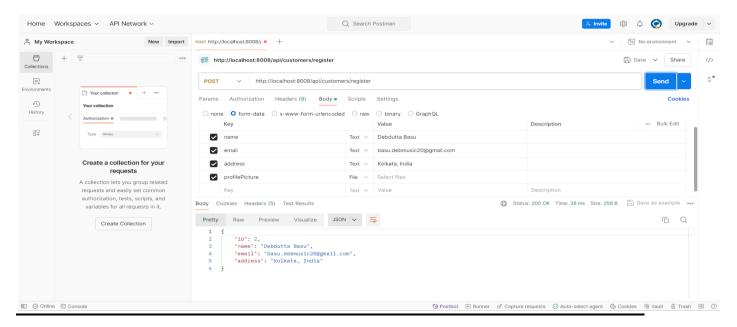
URL: http://localhost:8008/api/customers



## **Register Customer with Form Data**

Method: POST

URL: http://localhost:8008/api/customers/register



**Exercise 5: Online Bookstore - Customizing Response Status and Headers** 

#### **Business Scenario:**

Customize the HTTP response status and headers for the book management endpoints.

#### Instructions:

#### 1. Response Status:

Use @ResponseStatus to customize HTTP status codes for your endpoints.

@ResponseStatus has been added to the BookController class of the package com.example.bookstoreapi.controller.

#### 2. Custom Headers:

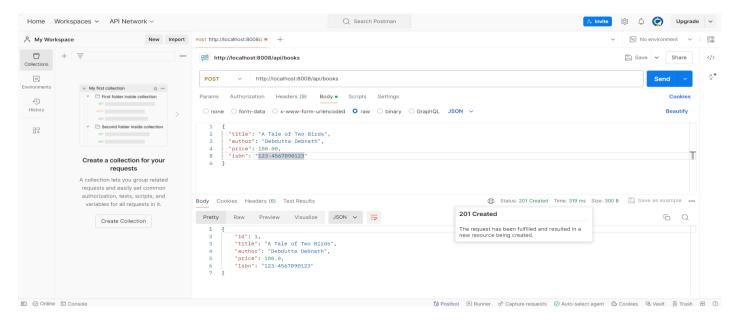
Add custom headers to the response using ResponseEntity.

Custom header has also been added with the CRUD methods in the BookController class. Now we will check the response status of the endpoints using Postman.

#### **Create Book with Custom Header**

Method: POST

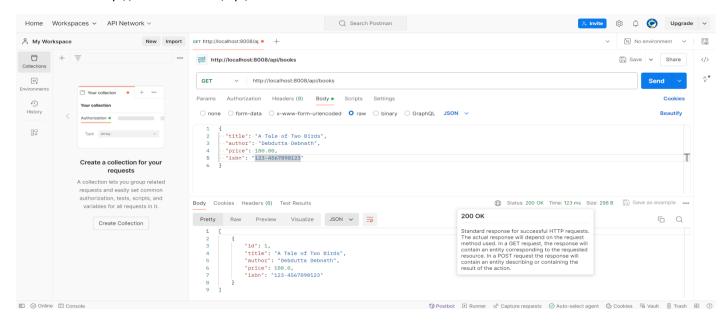
• URL: <a href="http://localhost:8080/api/books">http://localhost:8080/api/books</a>



#### **Get All Books with Custom Header**

Method: GET

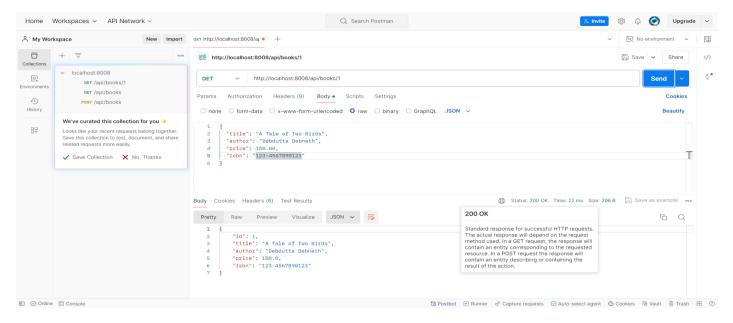
• URL: http://localhost:8080/api/books



#### Get Book by ID with Custom Header

Method: GET

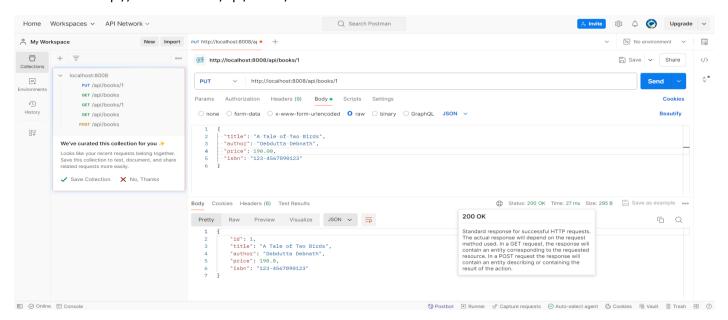
• URL: http://localhost:8080/api/books/1



#### **Update Book with Custom Header**

Method: PUT

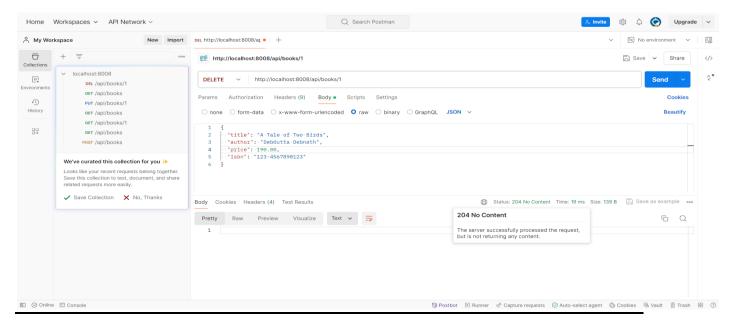
• URL: http://localhost:8080/api/books/1



#### **Delete Book with Custom Header**

Method: DELETE

URL: http://localhost:8080/api/books/1



## **Exercise 6: Online Bookstore - Exception Handling in REST Controllers**

#### **Business Scenario:**

Implement a global exception handling mechanism for the bookstore RESTful services.

#### Instructions:

#### 1. Global Exception Handler:

Create a GlobalExceptionHandler class using @ControllerAdvice.

Created a GlobalExceptionHandler class in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.handler using @ControllerAdvice to handle exceptions globally.

o Define methods to handle various exceptions and return appropriate HTTP status codes.

Defined custom exception classes (ResourceNotFoundException and InvalidInputException) in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.handler to represent specific error scenarios. Also updated the BookService class to represent those senarios.

## **Exercise 7: Online Bookstore - Introduction to Data Transfer Objects (DTOs)**

#### **Business Scenario:**

Use DTOs to transfer data between the client and server for books and customers.

#### Instructions:

#### 1. Create DTOs:

o Define BookDTO and CustomerDTO classes.

DTOs to Transfer Data Between the Client and Server are formed in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.dto with the class names BookDTO and CustomerDTO to map entities to DTO.

#### 2. Mapping Entities to DTOs:

Use a library like MapStruct or ModelMapper to map entities to DTOs and vice versa.

We have defined dependencies in the pom.xml file to use mapping classes. In the package com.example.bookstoreapi.mapper we have defined the MapStruct and ModelMapper class to map DTO entities.

#### 3. Custom Serialization/Deserialization:

o Customize JSON serialization and deserialization using Jackson annotations.

CustomerDTO and BookDTO are defined with JSON serialization.

## **Exercise 8: Online Bookstore - Implementing CRUD Operations**

#### **Business Scenario:**

Implement Create, Read, Update, and Delete operations for the Book and Customer entities.

#### Instructions:

#### 1. CRUD Endpoints:

o Implement endpoints for creating, reading, updating, and deleting books and customers.

REST endpoints for creating, reading, updating, and deleting books and customers are sequentially defined in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.controller in the classes CustomerController and BookController.

#### 2. Validating Input Data:

Use validation annotations like @NotNull, @Size, and @Min to validate input data.

Validation annotations are added in the entity class for Book and Customer in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.model.

#### 3. Optimistic Locking:

o Implement optimistic locking for concurrent updates using JPA versioning.

Optimistic locking using the @Version annotation is added in the entity class for Book and Customer in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.model.

## **Exercise 9: Online Bookstore - Understanding HATEOAS**

#### **Business Scenario:**

Enhance your REST API to follow HATEOAS principles for navigation through resources.

#### Instructions:

#### 1. Add Links to Resources:

Use Spring HATEOAS to add links to resources in your API responses.

Spring HATEOAS dependency added to the pom.xml file. The BookDTO and CustomerDTO classes in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.dto are updated to extend RepresentationModel as part of Hateoas.

#### 2. Hypermedia-Driven APIs:

o Build and consume hypermedia-driven APIs.

Next the Controller classes BookController and CustomerController in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.controller are updated with Entity and Link classes to create hyperlink for API documentation.

## **Exercise 10: Online Bookstore - Configuring Content Negotiation**

#### **Business Scenario:**

Support different media types (JSON, XML) for your bookstore's RESTful services.

#### Instructions:

#### 1. Content Negotiation:

Configure Spring Boot to support content negotiation.

Spring Boot configured with change in pom.xml file by adding the Jackson.dataformat.xml dependency. Also the application.properties is configured to include the logic behind content negotiation.

#### 2. Accept Header:

 Implement logic to produce and consume different media types based on the Accept header.

The BookController class in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.controller is updated with @RequestMapping to specify the produces attribute, which indicates the supported media types.

## **Exercise 11: Online Bookstore - Integrating Spring Boot Actuator**

#### **Business Scenario:**

Monitor and manage your bookstore's RESTful services using Spring Boot Actuator.

#### Instructions:

#### 1. Add Actuator Dependency:

o Include the Spring Boot Actuator dependency in your project.

The Spring Boot Actuator dependency is added in the pom.xml file in our project.

#### 2. Expose Actuator Endpoints:

o Enable and customize Actuator endpoints.

Actuator endpoints are enabled and customized in the application.properties file and also a CustomMetricsConfig class is defined in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.config to support the configuration.

#### 3. Custom Metrics:

o Expose custom metrics for monitoring your application.

Custom metrics are exposed in the BookController class of the package com.example.bookstoreapi.controller for monitoring the application using built in REST endpoints.

## **Exercise 12: Online Bookstore - Securing RESTful Endpoints with Spring Security**

#### **Business Scenario:**

Secure your bookstore's RESTful endpoints using Spring Security with JWT-based authentication.

#### Instructions:

#### 1. Add Spring Security:

Integrate Spring Security into your project.

Spring Security and Jwt based authentication and authorization dependencies are added in the pom.xml file to integrate spring security into the project.

#### 2. JWT Authentication:

o Implement JWT-based authentication and authorization.

A Jwt Utility class along with Jwt Request and Response classes are added within the package com.example.bookstoreapi.token to define the fields of authentication. Spring Security requires a custom UserDetailsService to load user-specific data which is defined

in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.service. Jwtfilter will intercept requests and validate JWT tokens. Now SpringSecurity controller class is defined to validate and authenticate the REST endpoints.

## 3. CORS Handling:

Configure CORS to handle cross-origin requests.

CROS is configured in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.config to handle cross origin requests.

## **Exercise 13: Online Bookstore - Unit Testing REST Controllers**

#### **Business Scenario:**

Write unit tests for your bookstore's REST controllers using JUnit and Mockito.

#### Instructions:

#### 1. JUnit Setup:

Set up JUnit and Mockito in your project.

All the Junit and Mockito dependencies are added in the pom.xml file for Unit testing purpose.

#### 2. MockMvc:

o Use MockMvc to write unit tests for your REST controllers.

MockMvc is used in the class BookControllerTest class of the package com.example.bookstoreapi.test for testing the REST endpoints.

#### 3. Test Coverage:

o Ensure comprehensive test coverage and follow best practices for testing.

## **Exercise 14: Online Bookstore - Integration Testing for REST Services**

#### **Business Scenario:**

Write integration tests for your bookstore's RESTful services.

#### Instructions:

#### 1. Spring Test:

Set up Spring Test for integration testing.

All the required dependencies for Integration Testing are added in the pom.xml file.

#### 2. MockMvc Integration:

o Use MockMvc for end-to-end testing of your REST endpoints.

Used MockMvc in the class BookControllerIntegrationTest of the package com.example.bookstoreapi.test for end-to-end testing of REST endpoints.

#### 3. Database Integration:

o Include database integration in your tests using an in-memory database like **H2**.

H2 database for integration testing is configured in the application.properties file.

## Scenario 15: Online Bookstore - API Documentation with Swagger

#### **Business Scenario:**

Document your bookstore's REST APIs using Swagger and Springdoc.

#### Instructions:

## 1. Add Swagger Dependency:

o Include Swagger or Springdoc dependencies in your project.

All the required swagger-ui dependencies are added as part of API documentation process streamlining.

#### 2. Document Endpoints:

Annotate your REST controllers and methods to generate API documentation.

REST controllers like BookController class in the package com.example.bookstoreapi.controller are annotated with swagger specific annotation for API documentation.

#### 3. API Documentation:

Generate and review the API documentation using Swagger UI or Springdoc UI.

Next the API documentation is reviewed by visiting the hosted links.