## **Strings in Java Assignment:**

```
    import java.util.*;
    class UserInput {
        public static void main (String args []){
            Scanner sc= new Scanner (System.in);
            String str=sc.nextLine();
            System.out.println(str);
        }
    }
```

- 2. In Java, String concatenation forms a new String that is the combination of multiple strings. There are two ways to concatenate strings in Java:
  - By + (String concatenation) operator
  - By concat() method

```
Example of string concatenation by + operator:
```

```
class StringConcatenation1{
public static void main(String args[]){
   String s="PW"+" Skills";
   System.out.println(s);
   //PW Skills
}
```

## Example of string concatenation by concat() method :

```
class StringConcatenation2{
public static void main(String args[]){
   String s1="PW ";
   String s2="Skills";
   String s3=s1.concat(s2);
   System.out.println(s3);
   //PW Skills
   }
}
```

3. To calculate the length of a string in Java, you can use an inbuilt length() method of the Java string class.

```
Example:
```

```
class StringLength{
public static void main (String args []){
String str = "The PW Skills";
System.out.println(str.length());
```

```
//13
   }
   }
4. There are three ways to compare String in Java:
   • Using equals() Method
   • Using == Operator
   compareTo() Method
   Example by using equals() method:
   class EqualsMethod{
   public static void main (String args □){
   String str1 = "Devi";
   String str2 = "Devi";
   String str3 = new String ("Devi");
   String str4 = "Devil";
   System.out.println(str1.equals(str2));
   System.out.println(str1.equals(str3));
   System.out.println(str1.equals(str4));
   //true
   //true
   //false
   }
   }
   Example by using == operator :
   class DoubleEqualMethod{
   public static void main (String args []){
   String str1 = "Devi";
   String str2 = "Devi";
   String str3 = new String ("Devi");
   String str4 = "Devil";
   System.out.println(str1==str2);
   System.out.println(str1==str3);
   System.out.println(str1==str4);
   //true
   //false
   //false
   }
```

Example by using compareTo() method : class CompareMethod{

}

```
public static void main (String args []){
   String str1 = "Devi";
   String str2 = "DEVIL";
   String str3 = new String ("Devi");
   String str4 = "Devi";
   System.out.println(str1.compareTo(str2));
   System.out.println(str1.compareTo(str3));
   System.out.println(str1.compareTo(str4));
   //0
   //0
   //-1
   }
   }
5. class StringLen{
   public static void main (String args []){
   String str = "refrigerator";
   System.out.println(str.length());
   }
6. class CheckLetter{
   public static void main (String args []){
   String str = "Umbrella";
   System.out.println(str.indexOf('e'));
   //4
   }
   }
7. class RemoveConsonants{
   public static void main (String args []){
   String str = "Hello, have a good day";
   System.out.println(str.replaceAll("[BCDEFGHJKLMNPQRSTVWXYZbcdfghjklmnpqrstvw
   xyz]",""));
   }
   }
```