

1. For each of the following Adams-Moulton implicit methods, derive the formula for the method and the form of their local truncation errors. Furthermore, determine the stability with the help of the characteristic polynomial.
 - two step Adams-Moulton implicit method.
 - three step Adams-Moulton implicit method.
 - four step Adams-Moulton implicit method.
2. Using the form of the Runge-Kutta method of order 2 (RK-2) for a single IVP, derive the RK-2 method for the following system:

$$\begin{aligned} u_1' &= f_1(t, u_1, u_2), & a \leq t \leq b, \\ u_2' &= f_2(t, u_1, u_2), & a \leq t \leq b, \\ u_1(a) &= \alpha_1, \\ u_2(a) &= \alpha_2. \end{aligned}$$

3. Consider the initial value problem(IVP):

$$y''(t) = f(t, y') + y, \quad t \in [a, b], \quad y(a) = \alpha, \quad y'(a) = \beta,$$

where f is a smooth functions of its variables. Convert the IVP into an initial value problem for a system of first order differential equations and derive the Adams-Bashforth two step method for the resulting system. Express the local truncation error in terms of the mesh size and the derivatives of y .

4. Consider the two point boundary value problem (BVP):

$$y''(x) + a(x)y'(x) - y(x) = f(x), \quad x \in [0, 1], \quad y(0) = \alpha, \quad y(1) = \beta.$$

For BVP, define the linear shooting method using initial value problems(IVPs) and Euler's method (for IVPs) to deduce a numerical algorithm to determine numerical solution of BVP.