

Week#12 – Starting from April 11 – 2016

Program to analyse Protocol Data Units (PDU)

Why this experiment?

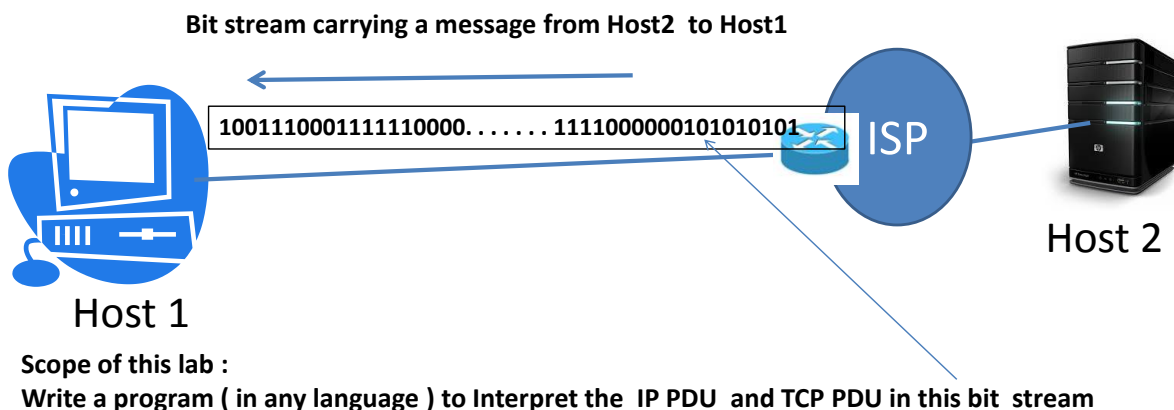
- To get a feel of how the code has to be written to implement protocol at every layer of protocol stack.

Preamble :

Refer the simple scenario shown below :

- a message is sent from Host 2 to Host 1
- What comes out of the Host2, after passing through all the protocol layers, is the bit stream comprising the headers of all the 5 layers.
- This bit stream enters the Network Interface Card of the receiving Host 1.
- Now, the first step, is to **interpret** the stream to decide what needs to be done. (*Interpreting is the first step in any protocol analysis*)

In this lab, you will write a code to interpret the bit stream.



Scope:

Assume that Link layer present in NIC has already analysed the stream and passed it on to the IP layer.

The code you need to write is only to interpret

- 1) IP
- 2) TCP

Test input to the program :

- Following Bit stream [400 bits]
 - carrying 20 bytes of IP PDU+20 bytes of TCP PDU+10 Bytes of upper layer dummy Data

LSByte

```
0100010100000000000000001000011101000000011100110101000000000000010000000000000110
000000000000000001100000010101000000000010110011010000000011101111111010100001100
00010000000111110000000001010000111101010011001001100100101100100110010010110010
01101011101001100101010010010010010010000000110000011100110100010000000000000000
11111111111111111111111111111111111111111111111111111111111111111111111111111111111
```

MS Byte

- ***This bit pattern is also available in the attached file : PDUStreamIP-TCP.doc***

Expected output for this test input**1) Following IP PDU**

| | |
|------------------------|----------------|
| Version | 4 |
| Header Length -bytes | 20 |
| Service | 0 |
| Total length | 541 |
| Identification | 461 |
| Flag | 02 |
| Offset | 0 |
| Time to live | 128 |
| Protocol | 6 |
| Header checksum | 0 |
| Source IP address | 192.168.1.102 |
| Destination IP address | 128.119.245.12 |

2) Following TCP PDU

| | |
|------------------------|-------|
| Source Port | 4127 |
| Destination port | 80 |
| Sequence number | 1 |
| Acknowledgement number | 1 |
| Header Length (bytes) | 20 |
| Flags | 24 |
| Receive window | 64240 |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Checksum (Hex) | 0X39a2 |
| Urgent Pointer | 0 |
| Data (Octet Decimal) | 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 |

Language to be used (Any language)

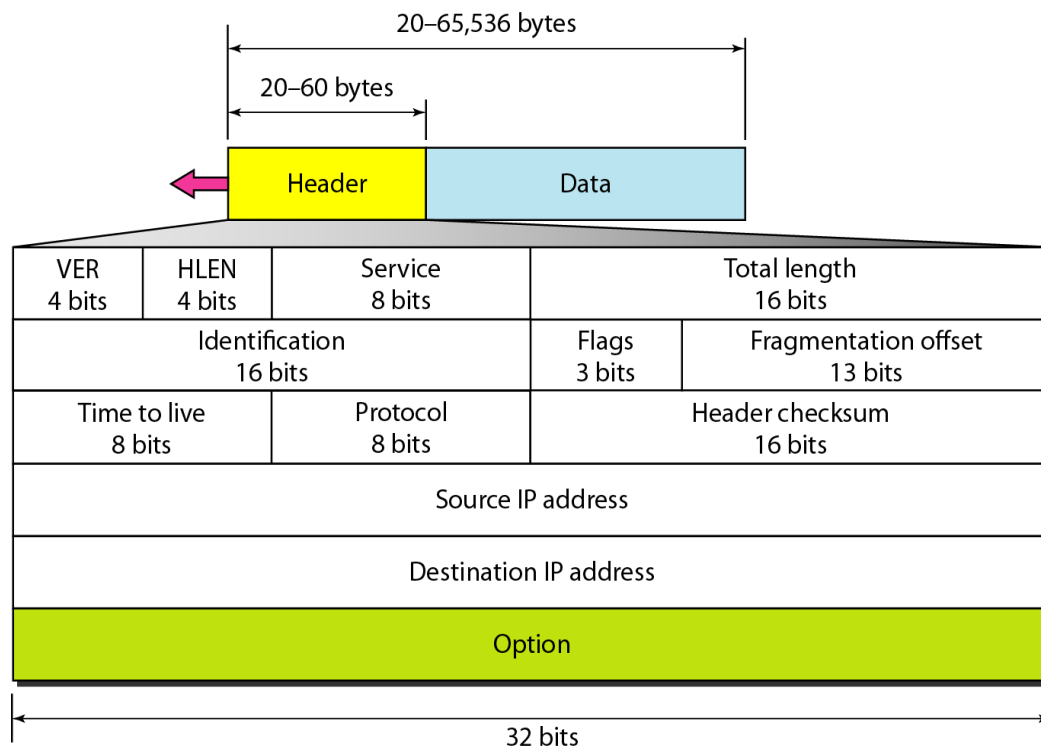
How to go about ?

Very simple !

As per the prescription of the Header format shown below, select the required number of bits from the bit stream for each field find out the value of the field and display.

Special note

You are allowed to work in a team (2 members / team

Header formats including the length of each field**IP****TCP**