

Assignment-2

1. Write a Prolog program to insert an element in a list.

code.pl

```
insert(E, L, [E|L]).
```

```
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```

```
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```

```
?- insert(5, [1,2,3], Result).
Result = [5, 1, 2, 3] .
```

-
2. Write a Prolog program to insert an element in the last position of a list.

code.pl

```
insert_at_end(E, [], [E]).
insert_at_end(E, [H|T], [H|R]) :-
    insert_at_end(E, T, R).
```

```
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```

```
?- insert_at_end(5, [1,2,3], Result).
Result = [1, 2, 3, 5] .
```

-
3. Write a Prolog program to delete an element in a list.

code.pl

```
delete(_, [], []).
delete(E, [E|T], T).
delete(E, [H|T], [H|R]) :-
    E \= H,
    delete(E, T, R).
```

```
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```

```
?- delete(3, [1,2,3,4,3,3,5,3], Result).
Result = [1, 2, 4, 3, 3, 5, 3] .
```

4. Write a Prolog program to generate all permutations of a list of elements.

code.pl

```
permutation(List) :-
    permutation(List, P),
    write(P), nl,
    fail.
permutation(_).
```

```
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```

```
?- permutation([1,2,3]).
[1,2,3]
[1,3,2]
[2,1,3]
[2,3,1]
[3,1,2]
[3,2,1]
true.
```

5. Write a Prolog program to find before and after list values of particular elements in the list.

code.pl

```
find_before_after(E, List, Before, After) :-
    append(Before, [E|After], List).
```

```
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```

```
?- find_before_after(3, [1,2,3,4,5], B, A).
B = [1, 2],
A = [4, 5] .
```

```
?- find_before_after(2, [2,3,2,4], B, A).
B = [],
A = [3, 2, 4] ;
B = [2, 3],
A = [4] .
```

6. Write a Prolog program to find the nth element of a list.

code.pl

```
nth_element(1, [H|_], H).
nth_element(N, [_|T], E) :-
    N > 1,
    N1 is N - 1,
    nth_element(N1, T, E).
```

```
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```

```
?- nth_element(3, [10,20,30,40], E).
E = 30 .
```

```
?- nth_element(1, [a,b,c], E).
E = a .
```

```
?- nth_element(5, [1,2,3], E).
false.
```

7. Write a Prolog program to increment one value of a list element.

code.pl

```
increment([], _, []).
increment([H|T], H, [H1|T]) :-
    H1 is H + 1.
increment([H|T], E, [H|R]) :-
    H \= E,
    increment(T, E, R).
```

```
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```

```
?- increment([1,2,3,2], 2, Result).
Result = [1, 3, 3, 2] .
```

```
?- increment([5,7,5], 5, Result).
Result = [6, 7, 5] .
```

```
?- increment([1,2,3], 4, Result).
Result = [1, 2, 3].
```

8. Write a Prolog program to decompose a list.

code.pl

```
decompose([]) :-
    write('End of list. '), nl.

decompose([H|T]) :-
    write('Head: '), write(H), nl,
    write('Tail: '), write(T), nl, nl,
    decompose(T).
```

```
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```

```
?- decompose([1,2,3,4]).
```

```
Head: 1
```

```
Tail: [2,3,4]
```

```
Head: 2
```

```
Tail: [3,4]
```

```
Head: 3
```

```
Tail: [4]
```

```
Head: 4
```

```
Tail: []
```

```
End of list.
```

```
true.
```

9. Write a Prolog program to concatenate two lists.

code.pl

```
concatenate([], L2, L2).
concatenate([H|T], L2, [H|R]) :-
    concatenate(T, L2, R).
```

```
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```
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```

```
?- concatenate([1,2,3], [4,5,6], Result).
Result = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6].
```

```
?- concatenate([], [a,b], Result).
Result = [a, b].
```

```
?- concatenate([x,y], [], Result).
Result = [x, y].
```