## **Assignment-2**

## Question:

Write a python program that takes an undirected graph as input add

- Checks whether the graph is Eulerian or not.
- If found Eulerian, then your program should compute and print a Euler tour in the graph using Hierholzer's algorithm.
- Your program should also print the cycles as they are discovered and merged (spliced) with the existing cycle during the execution of the algorithm.

You may use adjacency list or adjacency matrix as the data structure to store the input graph.

## **Solution:**

```
code.py
from collections import defaultdict, deque
class Graph:
   def init (self, vertices):
        self.V = vertices
        self.graph = defaultdict(list)
    def add_edge(self, u, v):
        self.graph[u].append(v)
        self.graph[v].append(u)
   def is connected(self):
        visited = [False] * self.V
        start = -1
        for i in range(self.V):
            if len(self.graph[i]) > 0:
                start = i
                break
        if start == -1:
            return True
        queue = deque([start])
        visited[start] = True
        while queue:
            u = queue.popleft()
            for v in self.graph[u]:
                if not visited[v]:
                    visited[v] = True
                    queue.append(v)
        for i in range(self.V):
            if not visited[i] and len(self.graph[i]) > 0:
```

```
return False
        return True
    # Check for Eular Path
   def is_eulerian(self):
        if not self.is_connected():
            return 0
        odd degree = sum(1 for i in range(self.V) if len(self.graph[i]) % 2 !=
0)
        if odd degree == 0:
            return 2
        elif odd degree == 2:
            return 1
        else:
            return 0
   # If Eular Path is present, then print the Eular Path
   def print_euler_tour(self):
        status = self.is eulerian()
        if status == 0:
            print("Graph is NOT Eulerian!")
            return
        elif status == 2:
            print("Graph has an Euler Circuit.\n")
        else:
            print("Graph has an Euler Path (but not a circuit).\n")
        print("Running Hierholzer's Algorithm...")
        self. hierholzer()
   def find cycle from(self, start, graph copy):
       path = [start]
        while True:
            cur = path[-1]
            if not graph copy[cur]:
                return None
            nxt = graph_copy[cur].pop(0)
            if cur in graph_copy[nxt]:
                graph copy[nxt].remove(cur)
            if nxt in path:
                idx = path.index(nxt)
                cycle = path[idx:] + [nxt]
                return cycle
            else:
                path.append(nxt)
   def hierholzer(self):
        graph_copy = {i: list(self.graph[i]) for i in range(self.V)}
        start = 0
        for i in range(self.V):
            if len(graph_copy[i]) > 0:
                start = i
                break
        initial cycle = self. find cycle from(start, graph copy)
        if not initial cycle:
            print("\nFinal Euler Tour: []")
            return
```

```
print("Splicing Cycle:", initial_cycle[::-1])
        main cycle = initial cycle[:]
        while True:
            idx_with_extra = None
            for idx in range(len(main_cycle) - 1):
                v = main cycle[idx]
                if graph copy[v]:
                    idx with extra = idx
                    break
            if idx with extra is None:
                break
            v = main_cycle[idx_with_extra]
            new_cycle = self._find_cycle_from(v, graph_copy)
            if not new_cycle:
                break
            print("Splicing Cycle:", new_cycle)
            main cycle = (
                main_cycle[:idx_with_extra]
                + new_cycle
                + main cycle[idx with extra + 1 :]
        print("\nFinal Euler Tour:", main cycle)
if __name__ == "__main__":
   V = int(input("Enter number of vertices: "))
    E = int(input("Enter number of edges: "))
   q = Graph(V)
    print("Enter edges (format: u v):")
    for _ in range(E):
       u, v = map(int, input().split())
        g.add edge(u, v)
    print()
    g.print_euler_tour()
```

```
input

Enter number of vertices: 7
Enter number of edges: 9
Enter edges (format: u v):
0 1
0 2
1 2
1 3
3 4
1 4
2 5
5 6
2 6
```

```
output

Graph has an Euler Circuit.

Running Hierholzer's Algorithm...

Splicing Cycle: [0, 2, 1, 0]

Splicing Cycle: [1, 3, 4, 1]

Splicing Cycle: [2, 5, 6, 2]

Final Euler Tour: [0, 1, 3, 4, 1, 2, 5, 6, 2, 0]
```

```
<u>input</u>
Enter number of vertices: 17
Enter number of edges: 22
Enter edges (format: u v):
0 1
1 2
2 3
3 4
4 5
5 6
6 7
0 7
1 6
2 5
6 8
8 9
9 10
10 11
11 5
1 12
2 12
12 13
13 14
14 15
15 16
12 16
```

```
Output

Graph has an Euler Circuit.

Running Hierholzer's Algorithm...

Splicing Cycle: [0, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0]

Splicing Cycle: [1, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 5, 2, 12, 1]

Splicing Cycle: [12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 12]

Final Euler Tour: [0, 1, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 5, 2, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 12, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 0]
```