assignment_1

August 5, 2025

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[]: import numpy as np
     class LoanRepaymentSimulator:
         A class to simulate and calculate home loan repayments under different
         interest rate scenarios.
         def __init__(self, principal: float, tenure_years: int):
             Initializes the simulator with core loan parameters.
             Arqs:
                 principal (float): The total loan amount.
                 tenure_years (int): The total loan tenure in years.
             self.principal = principal
             self.total_tenure_months = tenure_years * 12
         def _calculate_emi(self, p: float, annual_rate: float, n_months: int) ->__
      →float:
             Calculates the Equated Monthly Installment (EMI).
             Arqs:
                 p (float): The principal amount for calculation.
                 annual_rate (float): The annual interest rate (e.g., 8.5 for 8.5%).
                 n_months (int): The number of months for repayment.
             Returns:
                 float: The calculated EMI amount.
             if p <= 0 or n_months <= 0:</pre>
                 return 0
             monthly_rate = annual_rate / 12 / 100
             if monthly_rate == 0:
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return p / n_months
       emi = p * monthly_rate * (1 + monthly_rate)**n_months / ((1 +
→monthly_rate)**n_months - 1)
      return emi
  def calculate_fixed_rate_scenario(self, fixed_annual_rate: float) -> dict:
       Calculates repayment for a purely fixed-rate loan.
      Args:
           fixed_annual_rate (float): The fixed annual interest rate for the ___
\ominusentire tenure.
      Returns:
           dict: A dictionary containing the calculated EMI and total \Box
\neg repayment amount.
       emi = self._calculate_emi(self.principal, fixed_annual_rate, self.
→total_tenure_months)
      total_payment = emi * self.total_tenure_months
      return {
           "scenario": "Purely Fixed Rate",
           "fixed_rate_pa": fixed_annual_rate,
           "monthly_emi": round(emi, 2),
           "total_repayment": round(total_payment, 2)
      }
  def calculate_variable_rate_scenario(self, initial_repo_rate_x: float, u
→fixed_margin_y: float) -> dict:
       Simulates repayment for a purely variable-rate loan.
       Args:
           initial_repo_rate_x (float): The starting repo rate component.
           fixed_margin_y (float): The fixed credit margin component.
      Returns:
           dict: A dictionary containing the total repayment amount from the
\hookrightarrow simulation.
      outstanding_principal = self.principal
      total_payment = 0
      current_repo_rate_x = initial_repo_rate_x
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# Define the stochastic process for repo rate changes
      rate_changes = [0.5, 0.25, 0, -0.25, -0.5]
      probabilities = [1/8, 2/8, 2/8, 2/8, 1/8]
      current_emi = 0
      for month in range(1, self.total_tenure_months + 1):
           # Update rate and recalculate EMI every 2 months
           if (month - 1) \% 2 == 0:
               # On the first month, use initial rate. Subsequently, change it.
               if month > 1:
                   change = np.random.choice(rate_changes, p=probabilities)
                   current_repo_rate_x += change
               current_annual_rate = fixed_margin_y + current_repo_rate_x
               remaining_months = self.total_tenure_months - month + 1
               current_emi = self._calculate_emi(outstanding_principal,__
⇔current_annual_rate, remaining_months)
           # Calculate interest for the current month
           monthly_rate = (fixed_margin_y + current_repo_rate_x) / 12 / 100
           interest_for_month = outstanding_principal * monthly_rate
           # Ensure final payment clears the loan exactly
           if month == self.total_tenure_months:
               payment_this_month = outstanding_principal + interest_for_month
           else:
               payment_this_month = current_emi
           principal_paid = payment_this_month - interest_for_month
           outstanding_principal -= principal_paid
           total_payment += payment_this_month
      return {
           "scenario": "Purely Variable Rate",
           "total_repayment": round(total_payment, 2)
      }
  def calculate_hybrid_scenario(self, fixed_rate: float, fixed_tenure_months:
\hookrightarrowint,
                                 initial_repo_rate_x: float, fixed_margin_y:__
⇔float) -> dict:
      Simulates repayment for a hybrid (Fixed + Variable) loan.
      Arqs:
           fixed_rate (float): The interest rate for the initial fixed period.
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fixed tenure months (int): The duration of the fixed period in \Box
\hookrightarrow months.
           initial_repo_rate_x (float): The starting repo rate for the_
\neg variable part.
           fixed_margin_y (float): The fixed credit margin for the variable_\( \)
\hookrightarrow part.
       Returns:
           dict: A dictionary containing the total repayment amount from the
\hookrightarrow simulation.
       outstanding_principal = self.principal
       total_payment = 0
       # Phase 1: Fixed Rate Period
       fixed_emi = self._calculate_emi(self.principal, fixed_rate, self.
→total_tenure_months)
       fixed_monthly_rate = fixed_rate / 12 / 100
       for _ in range(fixed_tenure_months):
           interest_for_month = outstanding_principal * fixed_monthly_rate
           principal_paid = fixed_emi - interest_for_month
           outstanding_principal -= principal_paid
           total_payment += fixed_emi
       # Phase 2: Variable Rate Period
       current_repo_rate_x = initial_repo_rate_x
       rate_changes = [0.5, 0.25, 0, -0.25, -0.5]
       probabilities = [1/8, 2/8, 2/8, 2/8, 1/8]
       current_emi = 0
       variable_period_start_month = fixed_tenure_months + 1
       for month in range(variable_period_start_month, self.
→total_tenure_months + 1):
           if (month - variable_period_start_month) % 2 == 0:
               if month > variable_period_start_month:
                   change = np.random.choice(rate_changes, p=probabilities)
                   current_repo_rate_x += change
               current_annual_rate = fixed_margin_y + current_repo_rate_x
               remaining months = self.total tenure months - month + 1
               current_emi = self._calculate_emi(outstanding_principal,__
Government_annual_rate, remaining_months)
           monthly_rate = (fixed_margin_y + current_repo_rate_x) / 12 / 100
           interest_for_month = outstanding_principal * monthly_rate
```

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[2]: if __name__ == '__main__':
        # --- Define Core Simulation Parameters ---
         LOAN_PRINCIPAL = 2000000
         LOAN_TENURE_YEARS = 20
         NUM_SIMULATIONS = 1000 # Number of runs for stochastic scenarios for all
      ⇔stable average
         # --- Define Variable Rate Parameters (Common for all banks as per prompt)
         INITIAL_REPO_RATE_X = 6.50
         FIXED_MARGIN_Y = 2.0
         # --- Define Bank-Specific Rate Data ---
         # This structure holds the unique rate offerings for each bank.
         bank data = [
             {
                 "name": "SBI",
                 "fixed_full_tenure_rate": 9.25,
                 "hybrid_fixed_rate": 8.95,
                 "hybrid_fixed_months": 36 # 3 years
             },
                 "name": "PNB",
                 "fixed_full_tenure_rate": 9.50,
                 "hybrid_fixed_rate": 8.90,
                 "hybrid_fixed_months": 60 # 5 years
             },
             {
                 "name": "HDFC Bank",
                 "fixed_full_tenure_rate": 8.70,
                 "hybrid_fixed_rate": 8.70,
                 "hybrid_fixed_months": 24 # 2 years
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},
           "name": "Axis Bank",
           "fixed_full_tenure_rate": 14.00,
           "hybrid_fixed_rate": 8.85,
           "hybrid_fixed_months": 24 # 2 years
      },
           "name": "Bank of Baroda",
           "fixed full tenure rate": 9.50,
           "hybrid fixed rate": 9.25,
           "hybrid_fixed_months": 36 # 3 years
      },
  ]
  # --- Initialize Simulator and Results Storage ---
  simulator = LoanRepaymentSimulator(principal=LOAN_PRINCIPAL,_
→tenure_years=LOAN_TENURE_YEARS)
  final results = {
      "Scenario 1 (Full Fixed)": {},
      "Scenario 2 (Pure Variable)": {},
      "Scenario 3 (Hybrid)": {}
  }
  print("="*60)
  print("Running Loan Repayment Simulations for Multiple Banks...")
  print(f"Number of simulations per bank for variable scenarios:
→{NUM_SIMULATIONS}")
  print("="*60)
  \# Since the variable rate formula is identical for all banks, we run it_\sqcup
⇔once.
  print("Calculating common 'Purely Variable Rate' benchmark...")
  variable_repayments = []
  for _ in range(NUM_SIMULATIONS):
      result = simulator.
→calculate_variable_rate_scenario(INITIAL_REPO_RATE_X, FIXED_MARGIN_Y)
      variable_repayments.append(result['total_repayment'])
  average_variable_repayment = sum(variable_repayments) / NUM_SIMULATIONS
  final_results["Scenario 2 (Pure Variable)"]["Common Benchmark"] = __
⇔average_variable_repayment
  print("Done.\n")
  # --- Main Loop to Iterate Through Each Bank ---
  for bank in bank_data:
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print(f"Processing Bank: {bank['name']}...")
       # --- SCENARIO 1: PURELY FIXED RATE ---
      if bank['fixed_full_tenure_rate'] is not None:
          fixed_result = simulator.calculate_fixed_rate_scenario(
               fixed_annual_rate=bank['fixed_full_tenure_rate']
          final_results["Scenario 1 (Full Fixed)"][bank['name']] = __
→fixed_result['total_repayment']
       # --- SCENARIO 3: HYBRID (FIXED + VARIABLE) RATE ---
      if bank['hybrid_fixed_rate'] is not None:
          hybrid_repayments = []
          for _ in range(NUM_SIMULATIONS):
              hybrid_result = simulator.calculate_hybrid_scenario(
                   fixed_rate=bank['hybrid_fixed_rate'],
                   fixed_tenure_months=bank['hybrid_fixed_months'],
                   initial_repo_rate_x=INITIAL_REPO_RATE_X,
                   fixed margin y=FIXED MARGIN Y
              hybrid repayments.append(hybrid result['total repayment'])
           average_hybrid_repayment = sum(hybrid_repayments) / NUM_SIMULATIONS
          final_results["Scenario 3 (Hybrid)"][bank['name']] = [
→average_hybrid_repayment
  print("\nSimulations Complete. Analyzing results...")
  print("="*60 + "\n")
  # --- Analyze and Print Final Recommendations ---
  for scenario, bank_repayments in final_results.items():
      print(f"--- {scenario} ---")
      if not bank repayments:
          print(" No data available for this scenario.\n")
           continue
      # Print all results for the scenario
      for bank_name, amount in bank_repayments.items():
          print(f" - {bank_name:<18}: {amount:,.2f}")</pre>
      # Find and print the winner
      if len(bank_repayments) > 1:
           winner_bank = min(bank_repayments, key=bank_repayments.get)
          lowest_amount = bank_repayments[winner_bank]
          print(f" \n RECOMMENDATION: {winner_bank} has the lowest_
⇔estimated repayment.\n")
```

else: print()

Running Loan Repayment Simulations for Multiple Banks...

Number of simulations per bank for variable scenarios: 1000

Calculating common 'Purely Variable Rate' benchmark... Done.

Processing Bank: SBI...
Processing Bank: PNB...

Processing Bank: HDFC Bank...
Processing Bank: Axis Bank...
Processing Bank: Bank of Baroda...

Simulations Complete. Analyzing results...

--- Scenario 1 (Full Fixed) ---

- SBI : 4,396,160.80 - PNB : 4,474,229.70 - HDFC Bank : 4,226,510.03 - Axis Bank : 5,968,899.89 - Bank of Baroda : 4,474,229.70

RECOMMENDATION: HDFC Bank has the lowest estimated repayment.

--- Scenario 2 (Pure Variable) --- Common Benchmark : 4,162,306.06

--- Scenario 3 (Hybrid) ---

- SBI : 4,196,834.65 - PNB : 4,222,044.44 - HDFC Bank : 4,185,391.76 - Axis Bank : 4,171,594.84 - Bank of Baroda : 4,229,210.85

RECOMMENDATION: Axis Bank has the lowest estimated repayment.