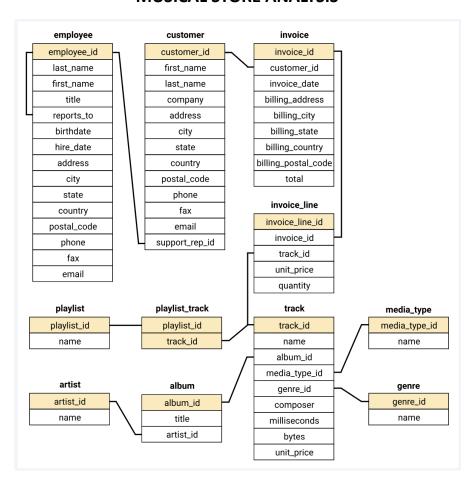
MUSICAL STORE ANALYSIS



QUESTION SET 1

Q1: Who is the senior most employee based on job title?

SELECT title, last_name, first_name FROM employee ORDER BY levels DESC LIMIT 1

Q2: Which countries have the most Invoices?

SELECT COUNT(*) AS c, billing_country FROM invoice GROUP BY billing_country ORDER BY c DESC

Q3: What are top 3 values of total invoice?

SELECT total FROM invoice ORDER BY total DESC

Q4: Which city has the best customers? We would like to throw a promotional Music Festival in the city we made the most money. Write a query that returns one city that has the highest sum of invoice totals. Return both the city name & sum of all invoice totals.

SELECT billing_city, SUM(total) AS InvoiceTotal FROM invoice
GROUP BY billing_city
ORDER BY InvoiceTotal DESC
LIMIT 1;

```
Q5: Who is the best customer? The customer who has spent the most money will be declared the best customer.
```

```
Write a query that returns the person who has spent the most money.

SELECT customer.customer_id, first_name, last_name, SUM(total) AS total_spending

FROM customer

JOIN invoice ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id

GROUP BY customer.customer_id

ORDER BY total_spending DESC

LIMIT 1;
```

QUESTION SET 2 - MODERATE

Q1: Write query to return the email, first name, last name, & Genre of all Rock Music listeners. Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with A.

Method 1

Method 2

SELECT DISTINCT email AS Email, first_name AS FirstName, last_name AS LastName, genre.name AS Name FROM customer

JOIN invoice ON invoice.customer_id = customer.customer_id

JOIN invoiceline ON invoiceline.invoice_id = invoice.invoice_id

JOIN track ON track.track_id = invoiceline.track_id

JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id

WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'

ORDER BY email;

Q2: Let's invite the artists who have written the most rock music in our dataset.

Write a query that returns the Artist name and total track count of the top 10 rock bands.

```
SELECT artist.artist_id, artist.name,COUNT(artist.artist_id) AS number_of_songs FROM track

JOIN album ON album.album_id = track.album_id

JOIN artist ON artist.artist_id = album.artist_id

JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id

WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'

GROUP BY artist.artist_id

ORDER BY number_of_songs DESC

LIMIT 10:
```

Q3: Return all the track names that have a song length longer than the average song length.

Return the Name and Milliseconds for each track. Order by the song length with the longest songs listed first.

Q1: Find how much amount spent by each customer on artists? Write a query to return customer name, artist name and total spent.

Steps to Solve: First, find which artist has earned the most according to the InvoiceLines. Now use this artist to find which customer spent the most on this artist. For this query, you will need to use the Invoice, InvoiceLine, Track, Customer.

Album, and Artist tables. Note, this one is tricky because the Total spent in the Invoice table might not be on a single product,

so you need to use the InvoiceLine table to find out how many of each product was purchased, and then multiply this by the price

for each artist.

```
WITH best_selling_artist AS (
         SELECT artist_id AS artist_id, artist.name AS artist_name,
SUM(invoice_line.unit_price*invoice_line.quantity) AS total_sales
         FROM invoice line
         JOIN track ON track.track_id = invoice_line.track_id
         JOIN album ON album.album_id = track.album_id
         JOIN artist ON artist.artist_id = album.artist_id
         GROUP BY 1
         ORDER BY 3 DESC
         LIMIT 1
)
SELECT c.customer id, c.first name, c.last name, bsa.artist name, SUM(il.unit price*il.quantity) AS amount spent
FROM invoice i
JOIN customer c ON c.customer_id = i.customer_id
JOIN invoice_line il ON il.invoice_id = i.invoice_id
JOIN track t ON t.track_id = il.track_id
JOIN album alb ON alb.album id = t.album id
JOIN best_selling_artist bsa ON bsa.artist_id = alb.artist_id
GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
ORDER BY 5 DESC;
```

Q2: We want to find out the most popular music Genre for each country. We determine the most popular genre as the genre

with the highest amount of purchases. Write a query that returns each country along with the top Genre. For countries where

the maximum number of purchases is shared return all Genres.

Steps to Solve: There are two parts in question- first most popular music genre and second need data at country level.

WITH RECURSIVE

```
sales_per_country AS(
                  SELECT COUNT(*) AS purchases per genre, customer.country, genre.name, genre.genre id
                  FROM invoice line
                  JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id
                  JOIN customer ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
                  JOIN track ON track.track_id = invoice_line.track_id
                  JOIN genre ON genre.genre id = track.genre id
                  GROUP BY 2,3,4
                  ORDER BY 2
         ),
         max genre per country AS (SELECT MAX(purchases per genre) AS max genre number, country
                  FROM sales per country
                  GROUP BY 2
                  ORDER BY 2)
SELECT sales per country.*
FROM sales_per_country
JOIN max_genre_per_country ON sales_per_country.country = max_genre_per_country.country
WHERE sales_per_country.purchases_per_genre = max_genre_per_country.max_genre_number;
Q3: Write a guery that determines the customer that has spent the most on music for each country. Write a guery that
returns the country along with the top customer and how much they spent.
For countries where the top amount spent is shared, provide all customers who spent this amount.
Steps to Solve: Similar to the above question. There are two parts in question-
first find the most spent on music for each country and second filter the data for respective customers.
Method 1: using CTE
WITH Customter_with_country AS (
                  SELECT customer.customer id, first name, last name, billing country, SUM(total) AS total spending,
           ROW_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY billing_country ORDER BY SUM(total) DESC) AS RowNo
                  FROM invoice
                  JOIN customer ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
                  GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
                  ORDER BY 4 ASC,5 DESC)
SELECT * FROM Customter_with_country WHERE RowNo <= 1
Method 2: Using Recursive
WITH RECURSIVE
         customter_with_country AS (
                  SELECT customer.customer_id,first_name,last_name,billing_country,SUM(total) AS total_spending
                  FROM invoice
                  JOIN customer ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
                  GROUP BY 1.2.3.4
                  ORDER BY 2,3 DESC),
         country max spending AS(
                  SELECT billing country, MAX(total spending) AS max spending
                  FROM customter_with_country
                  GROUP BY billing_country)
SELECT cc.billing country, cc.total spending, cc.first name, cc.last name, cc.customer id
FROM customter_with_country cc
JOIN country_max_spending ms
ON cc.billing country = ms.billing country
WHERE cc.total spending = ms.max spending
ORDER BY 1;
```