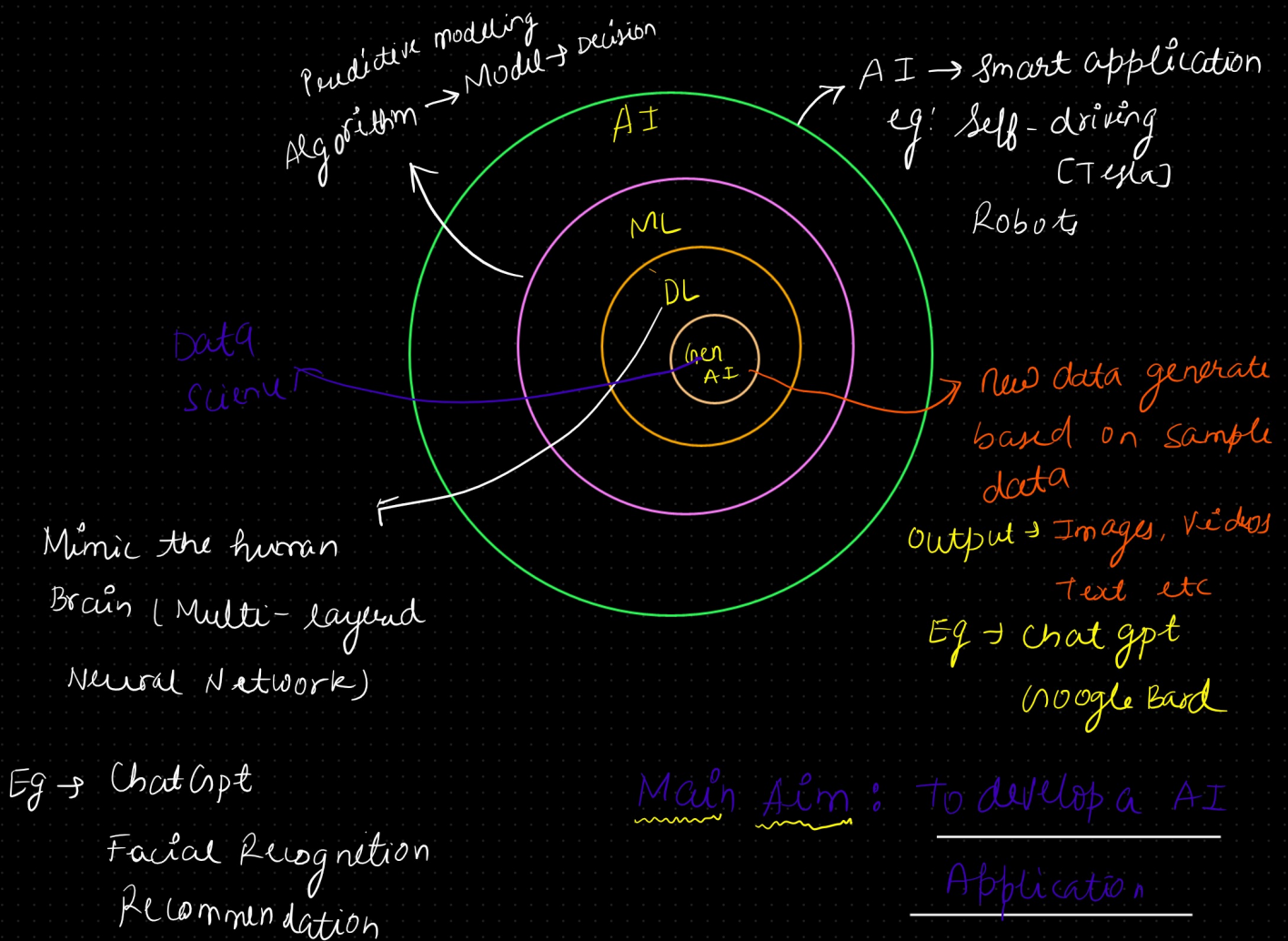


Deep Learning

Introduction to Deep Learning

- Deep learning is a subset of machine learning that utilizes artificial neural networks with multiple layers to learn intricate patterns and representations from data.
- For instance, in image recognition, a deep learning model can be trained to identify objects like cats or dogs by analyzing numerous images and learning the distinguishing features of each.

AI vs ML vs DL vs Gen AI vs DS

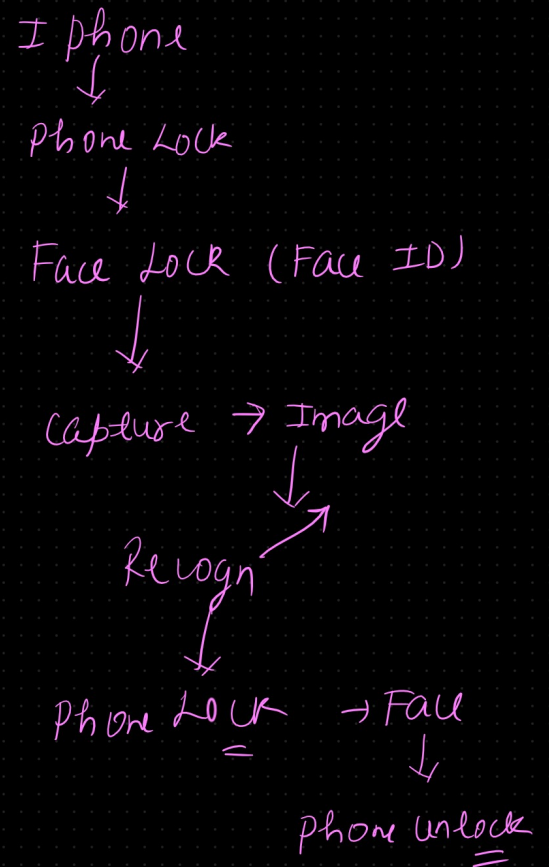
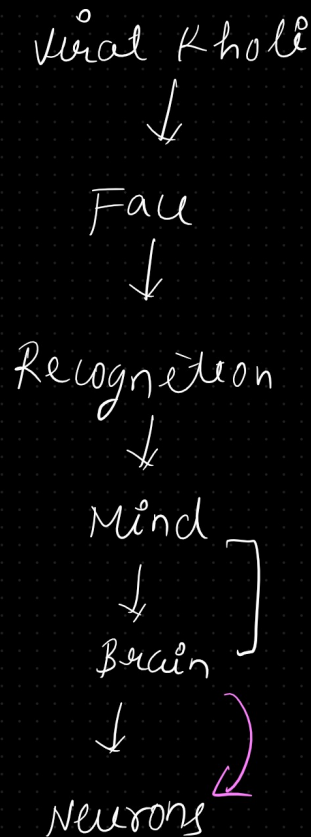


ML is a subset of AI

DL is a subset of ML

Gen AI is a subset of DL

Deep learning → Mimic the human Brain
↳ neuron → Artificial
use case → Facial Recognition



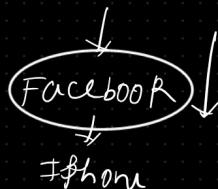
✓ → NLP
✓ → Computer vision

> Gen AI

∴ Gen AI is a subset of DL

Social media → Facebook, WhatsApp, Insta
↓
Account create

Amazon → iPhone



Recommendation Data

→ Exponentially ↑↑

[Big Data] → Efficiently

SBI → Data
50 CR → Accounts → Data use
↓
Credit Card ✓
↓
Loan ✓

NVIDIA \rightarrow GPU \rightarrow Hardware

ML

VS

DL

Feature Engineering

Manually

Automatically \rightarrow Feature select
Important Feature

Model Complexity

Data ↑↑

Neural Network

Performance

$\uparrow\uparrow$, complex $\downarrow\downarrow$

NLP, computer vision

speech Recognition
Google Translator

NL P

sirî

Google Assistant =

① Artificial Neural Network (ANN)

→ tabular Data → Image Reog

② Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)

→ MNIST → 4 3 2 1 9

Object Detection, Image Classification

(3) Recurrent Neural Network \rightarrow NLP
 \downarrow
Speech Recog.

(4) Generative Adversarial Network
(GAN) \rightarrow Gen AI
 \downarrow huge topic
prompt \rightarrow images