

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

```
df=pd.read_csv('used_cars_dataset.csv')
df.head()
```

|   | name                     | year | km_driven | fuel   | seller_type | transmission | owner        | selling_price |
|---|--------------------------|------|-----------|--------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| 0 | Maruti 800 AC            | 2007 | 70000     | Petrol | Individual  | Manual       | First Owner  | 60000         |
| 1 | Maruti Wagon R LXI Minor | 2007 | 50000     | Petrol | Individual  | Manual       | First Owner  | 135000        |
| 2 | Hyundai Verna 1.6 SX     | 2012 | 100000    | Diesel | Individual  | Manual       | First Owner  | 600000        |
| 3 | Datsun RediGO T Option   | 2017 | 46000     | Petrol | Individual  | Manual       | First Owner  | 250000        |
| 4 | Honda Amaze VX i-DTEC    | 2014 | 141000    | Diesel | Individual  | Manual       | Second Owner | 450000        |

Next steps: [Generate code with df](#) [New interactive sheet](#)

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4340 entries, 0 to 4339
Data columns (total 8 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---
0   name             4340 non-null   object
1   year             4340 non-null   int64
2   km_driven        4340 non-null   int64
3   fuel             4340 non-null   object
4   seller_type      4340 non-null   object
5   transmission     4340 non-null   object
6   owner            4340 non-null   object
7   selling_price    4340 non-null   int64
dtypes: int64(3), object(5)
memory usage: 271.4+ KB
```

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

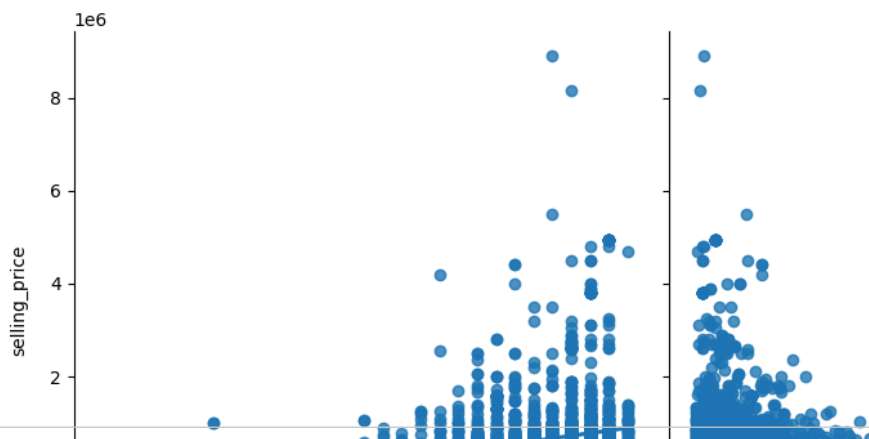
```
0
name      0
year      0
km_driven 0
fuel      0
seller_type 0
transmission 0
owner     0
selling_price 0
```

```
dtype: int64
```

```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

sns.pairplot(data=df,
              x_vars=['year', 'km_driven'],
              y_vars=['selling_price'],
              height=5,
              aspect=1,
              kind='reg')

plt.show()
```



```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer

numerical_col=df.select_dtypes(include=np.number)
categorical_col=df.select_dtypes(exclude=np.number)

preprocessor=ColumnTransformer(transformers=[
    ('num',StandardScaler(),numerical_col.columns),
    ('cat',OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown='ignore'),categorical_col.columns)
])

x=preprocessor.fit_transform(df)
y=df['selling_price']
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=42)
```

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
model=LinearRegression()
model.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

LinearRegression ⓘ ?

LinearRegression()

```
y_pred=model.predict(x_test)
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score,mean_absolute_error,mean_squared_error

print(r2_score(y_test,y_pred))
print(mean_absolute_error(y_test,y_pred))
print(mean_squared_error(y_test,y_pred))
```

```
0.9999999999577959
2.352358972232948
12.879448112095707
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.scatter(y_test,y_pred)
plt.xlabel('Actual')
plt.ylabel('Predicted')
plt.title('Actual vs Predicted')
plt.show()
```

