Keep Learning

GRADE 92.85%

1ATEST SUBMISSION GRADE 92.85%	
1. Which description best describes a persona?	1/1 point
A document that captures the needs, goals and abilities of a specific audience segment.	
A homogenous version of an "average" all user segment.	
O Descriptions and photos of users that are used to show a project is employing "user centered design."	
✓ Correct Designs usually don't work when trying to be all things to all people. A good persona document captures the specific needs, goals and abilities of your primary user or audience.	
2. Which of the following is true about continuous data?	1/1 point
The values cannot be subdivided.	
Continuous data has a potentially infinite set of values.	
There's no inherent order to the data.	
✓ Correct Continuous data has a potentially infinite set of values within a range, like temperatures or people's heights.	
3. Colin Ware proposed three interlocking feedback loops of visualization. Which one in this list is not one of them?	1/1 point
O Direct manipulation of graphical objects	
Exploration and navigation	
O Problem solving	
Color channeling	
✓ Correct The idea of three interlocking feedback loops - directly manipulating graphical objects, exploration, and problem solving - can be helpful in thinking about how to effectively design interactive visualizations that address each of these levels.	
4. What best describes the idea of progressive disclosure in an interactive visualization?	1 / 1 point
O Using only a subset of data in a statistical analysis.	
Real time streaming of data.	

The color choices The areas of the wedges

Showing just the information needed at the right time and place can be crucial in helping people achieve their

goals as quickly and easily as possible. Determining the right way to progressively disclose information can be

Showing only the level of data that is needed at a particular part of an analytic process or workflow.

0/1 point

Line lengths

Incorrect Please revisit the lesson Visual Lies and Cognitive Bias.

6. Which of the following is not an example of a useful coordinated view approach?

challenging but can really help your visualization designs.

5. What was the visual exaggeration in Florence Nightingales' "rose diagram"?

1/1 point

Filtering

✓ Correct

Highlighting

Distorting

✓ Correct

Coordinated highlighting and filtering can help viewers more effectively and directly interact with a data set and can provide more perspective about what they are seeing. Distorting the data is something that your visualizations won't do, right? ;-)

7. Which of the following is not true about discrete data?

Discrete data have a potentially infinite set of values. The values are not subdivided. There's no inherent order to the categories.

1 / 1 point

✓ Correct Discrete data fall into defined categories or bins. Think apples and oranges – there's not meaningful range or

continuum between the two types of fruit.

8. Which two visual attributes are good for displaying quantitative measures?

1/1 point

Line length and 2D position

Correct

The persona's pets' names

The persona's needs

The persona's goals

2D Position

Line length

Shape and size

✓ Correct

Color intensity and saturation

It is relatively easy to make precise quantitative comparisons with line lengths or the position of a dot, but nearly impossible to make a precise quantitative assessment with something like color intensity. For example, can a red and a slightly darker red be used effectively to show a precise numerical comparison between two

measures? 9. What's a common design problem for direct manipulation of graphical objects?

Users tend to preferentially select rectangular shapes.

A target area for selection is covered up or crowded out by other graphical objects.

1/1 point

1/1 point

The ability to directly interact with graphical objects in a visualization can be very useful, but be mindful about potentially creating situations in which users have a difficult or frustrating time selecting the intended object.

Graphical objects may appear closer than they really are.

10. Why is it generally a good idea to start axes with a zero?

It avoids distortions in the values being compared. Charts look better with axes starting at zero. It's always easier to design charts that way.

Without starting at zero, it's all too easy to present incomplete and misleading comparisons among different measure.

1/1 point

✓ Correct

11. Which of the following is not generally considered an essential element of a useful Persona description?

A key part of the persona description is a list of need and goals. These help set priorities and focus the design. Adding some details like a persona's pet name can, in some instances, be helpful in breathing life into a

12. Which visual attribute is good for displaying qualitative measures? Color intensity

persona and making them believable and relatable, but typically they are not an essential element.

1/1 point

✓ Correct

Color intensity can be very effective at conveying a qualitative sense of activity with a darker, more saturated color indicating higher activity, and a lighter, less saturated color showing lower activity.

1/1 point

A tendency to draw conclusions based on data from what survived a process and overlooking what did not.

14. True/False: Tree maps are an example of Geospatial representation?

hierarchies in a compact format.

A tendency to draw conclusions based on data from biased survivors.

13. Which definition best fits the idea of "survivor bias"?

A tendency to draw conclusions based only on data that survived the ETL process.

✓ Correct It's natural to think about the data collected for things that "survived" a process and overlook the data for things that did not survive the process.

1/1 point

True

False

✓ Correct Tree maps are best for showing part-to-whole relationships. They are an abstracted way of showing