Keep Learning

grade 85.71%

Module 3 Quiz

LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE

85.71%	

1.	An example of leveraging white space means that	1/1 point
	The bars in a bar graph should not be too wide or too narrow.	
	You must stretch the graph to narrow the margins. Fill white space with a legend.	
	You must leave a lot of room between the titles and data.	
	✓ Correct White space is crucial in ensuring that the audience picks up on either similarities or differences in a category.	
2.	True/False: You can use any combination of fonts you'd like to add pop to your visual.	1/1 point
	False	
	○ True	
	✓ Correct	
	Stick to the basics and don't go overboard. You will lose your audience with too many font choices as well as make the visualization less effective.	
3.	Choose the most appropriate way to design a visualization.	1/1 point
	Choose a corporate or a standard font that is consistent and easy to read.	
	Use a fun font like Comic Sans to get the reader's attention. Add a paragraph in small font as a footnote to the visualization to explain every nuance of the data.	
	O not coordinate the color of the text with the color of the category.	
	Correct Some organizations require you to use the right fonts, but if that's not the case, be conservative in your choice of typeface.	
4.	True/False: The Gestalt principle of proximity and the first law of geography are closely related.	1/1 point
	● True	
	○ False	
	✓ Correct	
	Tobler's first law of geography and the Gestalt principle of proximity are virtually the same thing.	
_		
5.	The Gestalt principle of proximity does not mean If a data point is not close to other points then it is not related at all.	1/1 point
	Things that are close to each other are more likely to be related than those that are further apart.	
	✓ Correct	
	Correct Just because a data point isn't close doesn't mean it's not related. If fact, the lack of proximity can help gain insight into the data.	
6.	What would be the best guess for why there were Cholera deaths of people outside of the neighborhood of the polluted	1/1 point
	water pump? Polluted water was not the cause of Cholera. There must be some other cause.	
	The victims died of something other than Cholera.	
	The researcher was wrong about determining what were polluted pumps.	
	The victims who lived outside of the hot spot consumed water from the polluted pump despite living further away from the pump.	
	✓ Correct	
	Do not infer without evidence that the data are "wrong" or the science is wrong or the epidemiology is wrong. The most likely explanation is that the polluted water pump was still responsible even if the victim didn't live	
	nearby.	
7.	What other attributes were used in the Cholera map to ascertain which water pump was polluted? Color and size	0 / 1 point
	O Continuity	
	Closure	
	○ Symmetry	
	Incorrect	
	Please revisit the lesson <i>Gestalt Principle: Proximity.</i>	
8.	True/False: If you're careful and thoughtful you can re-scale complex data to help aid in accessibility of your data.	1/1 point
0.	True True	17 I point
	○ False	
	✓ Correct	
	The data must never be manipulated in a way that falsifies the story, but calculating indexes and other techniques can help the audience understand the underlying data.	
9.	True/False: It is unacceptable to use more than one type of pre-attentive attribute.	1/1 point
	○ True	
	False	
	✓ Correct You should be very systematic and strategic in choosing which pre-attentive attributes to use. Sometimes it's	
	one, other times it will be more than one.	
10.	Outliers may be Always something to be concerned about	1/1 point
	Deleted from the dataset	
	Safely ignored after looking for them	
	Interesting in its own way and an analyst must understand the context	
	✓ Correct	
	Outliers must be understood before you figure out how to answer questions about your data. They could be coding errors, but they could be important in and of itself.	
11.	In the lessons, we saw a strip plot, scatterplot, histogram, and control charts being used to investigate unusual data. Which of the following visualizations would be another good way to check for outliers?	0 / 1 point
	A map for data are within a defined geographic range (such as cities in a particular state or province) and there are a couple of points that are out of the expected range.	
	a couple of points that are out of the expected range. A bar chart that has a very small bar that indicates that there is likely outliers.	
	A pie chart that shows a very small slice for one category means those are outliers.	
	A line chart which shows a very large spike in one time period.	
	Incorrect Please revisit the lesson on Constructing a Control Chart	
	Please revisit the lesson on <i>Constructing a Control Chart</i> .	
12	True/False: Because a control chart is often used in manufacturing and heavy industry, paying attention to aesthetics and	1/1 point
	pre-attentive attributes is not as important.	
	TrueFalse	
	✓ Correct Careful use of color and other aesthetics are about making it easy for people to identify important elements.	
13.	Exploratory analysis is?	1/1 point
	Something that should be ignored if you have a clearly defined question. Playing around with the data in an aimless way.	
	Playing around with the data in an aimless way. Learning about outliers.	
	Understanding your data well to facilitate explanatory analysis.	
	✓ Correct	
	One shouldn't do explanatory analysis without doing at least some exploratory analysis of the data.	

14. Anscombe's quartet showed ______.

Visualizations are necessary and complements summary statistics.

O Summary statistics are not helpful in any way because they mask problems with the data.

It seems trivial now, but both summary statistics and visualizations are crucial to understanding the data you

Visualizations are sufficient.

Correlation is causation.

✓ Correct

have.

1/1 point