

# **Ajax: The Basics**

Originals of Slides and Source Code for Examples: http://www.coreservlets.com/Ajax-Tutorial/

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Taught by the author of Core Servlets and JSP, More Servlets and JSP, and this tutorial. Available at public venues, or customized versions can be held on-site at your organization.

- Courses developed and taught by Marty Hall
- Java 5, Java 6, intermediate/beginning servlets/JSP, advanced servlets/JSP, Struts, JSF, Ajax, customized mix of topics Courses developed and taught by coreservlets.com experts (edited by Marty)

  - Spring, Hibernate, EJB3, Ruby/Rails

# **Topics in This Chapter**

- Ajax motivation
- The basic Ajax process
- **Using dynamic content and JSP**
- Using dynamic content and servlets
- Sending GET data
- Sending POST data
- Displaying HTML results
- Parsing and displaying XML results
- **Toolkits**

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# **Motivation**

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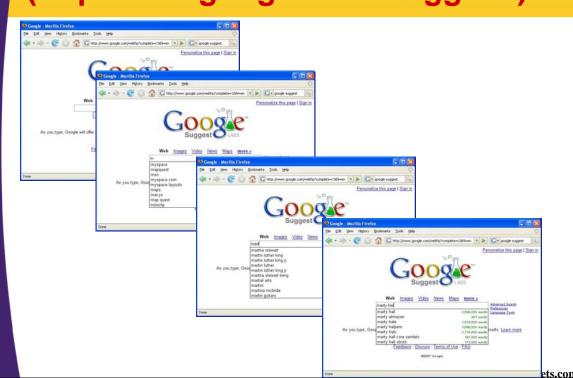
# Why Ajax?

- HTML and HTTP are weak
  - Non-interactive
  - Coarse-grained updates
- Everyone wants to use a browser
  - Not a custom application
- "Real" browser-based active content failed
  - Applets
    - Not universally supported
    - Can't interact with the HTML
  - Flash
    - Not universally supported
    - Limited power

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# Google Suggest (http://labs.google.com/suggest/)





# **The Basic Process**

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### The Basic Ajax Process

#### JavaScript

- Define an object for sending HTTP requests
- Initiate request
  - Get request object
  - Designate a request handler function
    - Supply as onreadystatechange attribute of request
  - Initiate a GET or POST request
  - Send data
- Handle response
  - Wait for readyState of 4 and HTTP status of 200
  - Extract return text with responseText or responseXML
  - Do something with result

#### HTML

- Loads JavaScript
- Designates control that initiates request
- Gives ids to input elements that will hazeradining shutil/courses.coreservlets.com

#### **Define a Request Object**

```
function getRequestObject() {
  if (window.ActiveXObject) {
    return(new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP"));
  } else if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
    return(new XMLHttpRequest());
  } else {
    return(null);
    Version for Internet Explorer
    (IE 5 and later)
  }
}

Version for Netscape, Firefox, and Opera
    (Netscape 5 and later)

Fails on older and nonstandard browsers
```

# **Initiate Request**

```
function sendRequest() {
    request = getRequestObject();
    request.onreadystatechange = handleResponse;
    request.open("GET", "message-data.html", true);
    request.send(null);
}

URL of server-side resource

Don't wait for response
(Send request asynchronously)
```

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# **Handle Response**

```
function handleResponse() {
   if (request.readyState == 4) {
      alert(request.responseText);
   }
}

Response is returned from server
   (handler gets invoked multiple times)

Text of server response
Pop up dialog box
```

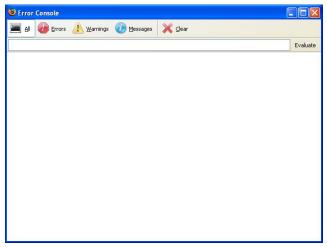
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Complete JavaScript Code (show-message.js)

```
var request;
function getRequestObject() {
  if (window.ActiveXObject) {
    return(new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP"));
  } else if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
    return(new XMLHttpRequest());
  } else {
    return(null);
}
function sendRequest() {
 request = getRequestObject();
  request.onreadystatechange = handleResponse;
  request.open("GET", "message-data.html", true);
  request.send(null);
function handleResponse() {
  if (request.readyState == 4) {
    alert(request.responseText);
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```

## The Firefox JavaScript Console

Invoke with Control-Shift-J



- Also see Venkman JavaScript debugger
  - http://www.mozilla.org/projects/venkman/
  - https://addons.mozilla.org/firefox/216/

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#### **HTML Code**

- Use xhtml, not HTML 4
  - In order to manipulate it with DOM

<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"

"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">

- <a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">...</a>/html>
- Due to IE bug, do not use XML header before the DOCTYPE
- Load the JavaScript file

<script src="relative-url-of-JavaScript-file"
type="text/javascript"></script>

- Use separate </script> end tag
- Designate control to initiate request

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#### **Internet Explorer XHTML Bugs**

#### Can't handle XML header

- XML documents in general are supposed to start with XML header:
  - <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> <!DOCTYPE html ...> <html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">...</html>
- XHTML specification recommends using it
- But... Internet Explorer will switch to quirks-mode (from standards-mode) if DOCTYPE is not first line.
  - Many recent style sheet formats will be ignored
  - So omit XML header

#### Needs separate end tags in some places

- Scripts will not load if you use <script .../> instead of <script...></script>

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# HTML Code (show-message.html)

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "..."
 "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head><title>Ajax: Simple Message</title>
<script src="show-message.js"</pre>
       type="text/javascript"></script>
</head>
<body>
<center>
<big>Ajax: Simple Message</big>
<form action="#">
<input type="button" value="Show Message"</pre>
       onclick="sendRequest()"/>
</form>
</center></body></html>
                                 J2EE training: http://courses.coreservlets.com
```

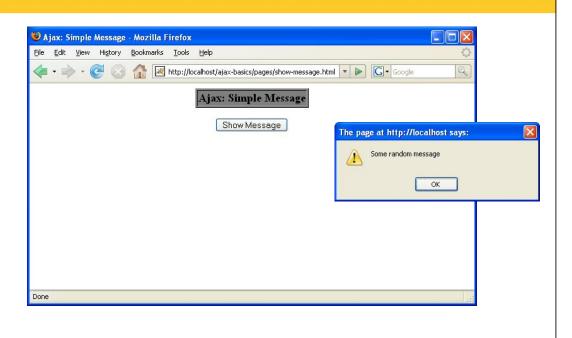
#### HTML Code (message-data.html)

Some random message

- Note: executing this example
  - Since main page uses relative URL and HTML content has no dynamic content, you can run this example directly from the disk without using a server. But later examples require dynamic content, so all examples will be shown running on Tomcat.

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#### **The Basic Process: Results**



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# Dynamic Content from JSP

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#### First Example: Design Deficiencies

- Content was the same on each request
  - Could have just hardcoded the alert value in JavaScript
  - Instead, invoke a JSP page on the server
- Resource address hardcoded in JavaScript
  - Prevents functions from applying to multiple situations
  - Instead, make generic function and pass address to it
- JavaScript file was in same folder as HTML
  - Makes it hard to reuse the JavaScript in different pages
  - Instead, make a special directory for JavaScript
- No style sheet was used
  - Less for JavaScript to work with when manipulating page
  - Use CSS for normal reasons as well as for JavaScript

#### **Steps**

#### JavaScript

- Define an object for sending HTTP requests
- Initiate request
  - Get request object
  - Designate a request handler function
    - Supply as onreadystatechange attribute of request
  - Initiate a GET or POST request to a JSP page
  - Send data
- Handle response
  - Wait for readyState of 4 and HTTP status of 200
  - Extract return text with responseText or responseXML
  - Do something with result

#### HTML

- Loads JavaScript from centralized directory
- Designates control that initiates request
- Gives ids to input elements that will be 2 EE araining shutpil/courses.coreservlets.com

# **Define a Request Object**

```
var request;

function getRequestObject() {
   if (window.ActiveXObject) {
     return(new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP"));
   } else if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
     return(new XMLHttpRequest());
   } else {
     return(null);
   }
}
```

No changes from previous example

#### **Initiate Request**

```
function sendRequest(address) {
  request = getRequestObject();
  request.onreadystatechange = showResponseAlert;
  request.open("GET", address, true);
  request.send(null);
}

Relative URL of server-side resource.
  (In this example, we will pass in the address of a JSP page.)
```

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# **Handle Response**

Server response came back with no errors. (HTTP status code 200.)

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# Complete JavaScript Code (Part of ajax-basics.js)

```
var request;
function getRequestObject()
 if (window.ActiveXObject)
   return(new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP"));
  } else if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
   return(new XMLHttpRequest());
  } else {
    return(null);
function sendRequest(address) {
 request = getRequestObject();
 request.onreadystatechange = showResponseAlert;
 request.open("GET", address, true);
 request.send(null);
function showResponseAlert() {
  if ((request.readyState == 4) &&
      (request.status == 200)) {
    alert(request.responseText);
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```

### **HTML Code**

Loads JavaScript from central location

```
<script src="../scripts/ajax-basics.js"

type="text/javascript"></script>
```

Passes JSP address to main function

```
<input type="button" value="Show Server Time"
    onclick='sendRequest("show-time.jsp")\'/>
```

Uses style sheet

```
k rel="stylesheet"
href="../css/styles.css"
type="text/css"/>
```

Note single quotes (Because of double quotes inside parens.)

# HTML Code (show-time-1.html)

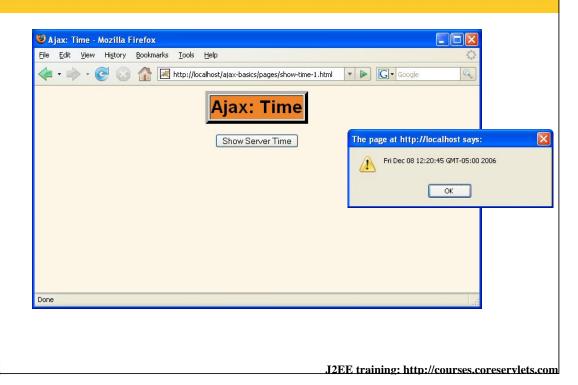
```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "..."
  "http://www.w3.org/...">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head><title>Ajax: Time</title>
<link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
     href="../css/styles.css"
     type="text/css"/>
<script src="../scripts/ajax-basics.js"</pre>
       type="text/javascript"></script>
</head>
<body>
<form action="#">
<input type="button" value="Show Server Time"</pre>
       onclick='sendRequest("show-time.jsp")'/>
</form>
```

# JSP Code (show-time.jsp)

```
<%= new java.util.Date() %>
```

- Note: executing this example
  - You must run from Tomcat.
    - Otherwise JSP cannot execute
    - Otherwise status code is -1, not 200 J2EE training: http://courses.coreservlets.com

# Message from JSP: Results



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# Dynamic Content from Servlet

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#### **JSP Example: Design Deficiencies**

#### Caching problems

- The URL stays the same but the output changes
- So if browser caches page, you get the wrong time
- Solution: send Cache-Control and Pragma headers

#### Date was not formatted

- Just used the toString method of Date
- Solution: use String.format (sprintf) and %t controls

#### JSP is wrong technology

- JSP is best for lots of HTML and little or no logic/Java
- But now we have logic but no HTML
- Solution: use a servlet

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# **Steps**

#### JavaScript

- Define an object for sending HTTP requests
- Initiate request
  - Get request object
  - Designate a request handler function
    - Supply as onreadystatechange attribute of request
  - Initiate a GET or POST request to a servlet
  - Send data
- Handle response
  - Wait for readyState of 4 and HTTP status of 200
  - Extract return text with responseText or responseXML
  - Do something with result

#### HTML

- Loads JavaScript from centralized directory
- Designates control that initiates request
- Gives ids to input elements that will bize araining successful fourses coreservlets.com

## **Define a Request Object**

```
var request;

function getRequestObject() {
   if (window.ActiveXObject) {
     return(new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP"));
   } else if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
     return(new XMLHttpRequest());
   } else {
     return(null);
   }
}
```

No changes from previous example

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# **Initiate Request**

```
function sendRequest(address) {
  request = getRequestObject();
  request.onreadystatechange = showResponseAlert;
  request.open("GET", address, true);
  request.send(null);
}
```

No changes from previous example

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## **Handle Response**

No changes from previous example

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# HTML Code (show-time-2.html)

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "..."
  "http://www.w3.org/...">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head><title>Ajax: Time</title>
<link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
      href="../css/styles.css"
      type="text/css"/>
<script src="../scripts/ajax-basics.js"</pre>
        type="text/javascript"></script>
</head>
                                                Address of servlet.
<body>
                                                (From url-pattern of
                                                servlet-mapping.)
<form action="#">
 <input type="button" value="Show Server Time"</pre>
        onclick='sendRequest("../show-time")'/>
</form>
</center></body></html>
```

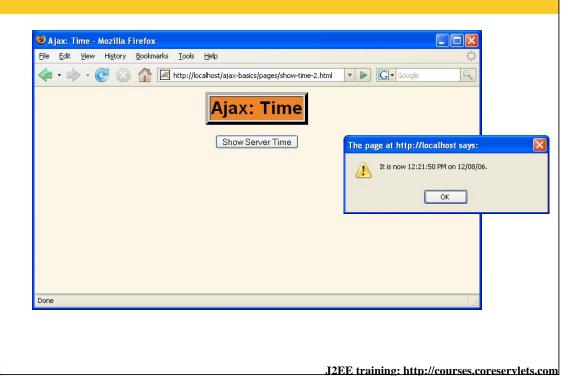
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#### **Servlet Code**

```
package coreservlets;
import ...
public class ShowTime extends HttpServlet {
  public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request,
                    HttpServletResponse response)
      throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setHeader("Cache-Control", "no-cache");
    response.setHeader("Pragma", "no-cache");
    response.setContentType("text/html");
    PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
    Date currentTime = new Date();
    String message =
      String.format("It is now %tr on %tD.",
                     currentTime, currentTime);
    out.print(message);
  }
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```

#### web.xml

# **Message from Servlet: Results**



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# **Sending GET Data**

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# Servlet Example: Design Deficiencies

- No data sent from HTML page to servlet
  - Solution: attach data to end of the URL (GET data)
    - Use normal GET format:
      - mainaddress?var1=val1&var2=val2

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## **Steps**

- JavaScript
  - Define an object for sending HTTP requests
  - Initiate request
    - Get request object
    - Designate a request handler function
      - Supply as onreadystatechange attribute of request
    - Initiate a GET request to a servlet
      - URL has GET data attached at the end
    - Send data
  - Handle response
    - Wait for readyState of 4 and HTTP status of 200
    - Extract return text with responseText or responseXML
    - Do something with result
- HTML
  - Loads JavaScript from centralized directory
  - Designates control that initiates request
  - Gives ids to input elements that will be read by script

### **JavaScript Code**

No changes from previous example

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#### **HTML Code** (show-time-3.html)

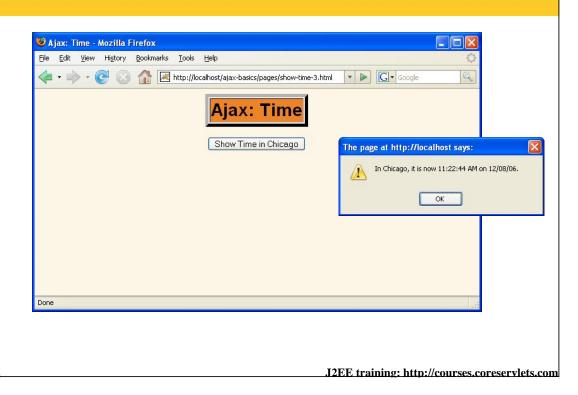
```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "..."
  "http://www.w3.org/...">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head><title>Ajax: Time</title>
<link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
      href="../css/styles.css"
      type="text/css"/>
<script src="../scripts/ajax-basics.js"</pre>
        type="text/javascript"></script>
</head>
<body>
<form action="#">
 <input type="button" value="Show Time in Chicago"</pre>
        onclick=
         'sendRequest("../show-time-in-city?city=Chicago")'/>
</form>
</center></body></html>
```

#### **Servlet Code**

#### **TimeZone Class**

- Maintains a list of cities and associated time zones
  - Given the name of a city, it finds the difference in hours between that city's time and server time (east coast US)
- Computes server time
  - Using standard GregorianCalendar class
- Converts to time in that city
  - By calling the "add" method with the timezone offset
- Formats the time and day
  - Using String.format with %tr and %tD

# **Sending GET Data: Results**



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# **Sending POST Data**

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#### **GET Example: Design Deficiencies**

#### City name was always Chicago

- Solution: read data from form

#### Data sent by GET

- Sometimes POST is preferred
- Solution: use POST instead of GET

#### GET vs. POST

- In normal Web pages, there are compelling reasons for choosing POST or GET
  - POST: simpler URL, data hidden from people looking over your shoulder, larger amounts of data can be sent
  - GET: can bookmark results page
- With Ajax, end users don't see URL, so choice is relatively arbitrary

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# **Steps**

#### JavaScript

- Define an object for sending HTTP requests
- Initiate request
  - Get request object
  - Designate a request handler function
    - Supply as onreadystatechange attribute of request
  - Initiate a POST request to a servlet
    - Put data to the "send" function
  - Send data
- Handle response
  - Wait for readyState of 4 and HTTP status of 200
  - Extract return text with responseText or responseXML
  - Do something with result

#### HTML

- Loads JavaScript from centralized directory
- Designates control that initiates request
- Gives ids to input elements that will be read by script

#### Sending POST Data in JavaScript

- Collect data from form
  - Give ids to input elements <input type="text" id="some-id"/>
  - Read datavar value1 = document.getElementById("some-id").value;
  - URL-encode data and form into query string var data = "var1=" + escape(value1);
- Specify POST instead of GET in "open" request.open("POST", address, true);
- Supply data in "send" request.send(data);

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#### **Define a Request Object**

```
var request;

function getRequestObject() {
   if (window.ActiveXObject) {
     return(new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP"));
   } else if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
     return(new XMLHttpRequest());
   } else {
     return(null);
   }
}
```

No changes from previous example

#### **Initiate Request**

```
function sendRequestWithData(address, data,
                               responseHandler) {
 request = getRequestObject();
  request.onreadystatechange = responseHandler;
  request.open("POST", address, true);
  request.setRequestHeader("Content-Type",
          "application/x-www-form-urlencoded");
  request.send(data);
}
function showTimeInCity() {
 var address = "../show-time-in-city";
 var city = document.getElementById("city").value;
 var data = "city=" + escape(city);
  sendRequestWithData(address, data, showResponseAlert);
                                 No changes from previous example
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```

**Handle Response** 

No changes from previous example

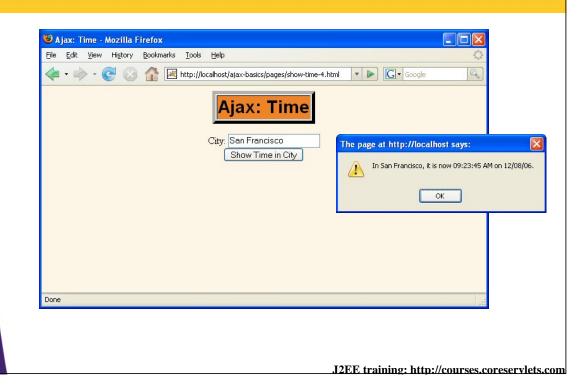
#### **HTML Code**

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "..."</pre>
  "http://www.w3.org/...">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head><title>Ajax: Time</title>
<link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
      href="../css/styles.css"
      type="text/css"/>
<script src="../scripts/ajax-basics.js"</pre>
         type="text/javascript"></script>
</head>
<body>
. . .
<form action="#">
 City: <input type="text" id="city"/><br/>
 <input type="button" value="Show Time in City"</pre>
         onclick="showTimeInCity()"/>
</form>
</center></body></html>
                                   J2EE training: http://courses.coreservlets.com
```

#### **Servlet Code**

```
public class ShowTimeInCity extends HttpServlet {
 public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request,
                    HttpServletResponse response)
      throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setHeader("Cache-Control", "no-cache");
    response.setHeader("Pragma", "no-cache");
    response.setContentType("text/html");
    PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
    String city = request.getParameter("city");
    String message = TimeZone.getTimeString(city);
    out.print(message);
 public void doPost(HttpServletRequest request,
                     HttpServletResponse response)
      throws ServletException, IOException {
    doGet(request, response);
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```

# **Sending POST Data: Results**



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# Displaying HTML Output

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# POST Example: Design Deficiencies

#### Results always shown in dialog (alert) box

- Alerts usually reserved for errors or warnings
- Users prefer normal results inside page
- Solution: use DOM to update page with result text

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## **Steps**

#### JavaScript

- Define an object for sending HTTP requests
- Initiate request
  - Get request object
  - Designate a request handler function
  - Initiate a POST request to a servlet
  - Send data
- Handle response
  - Wait for readyState of 4 and HTTP status of 200
  - Extract return text with responseText or responseXML
  - Do something with result
    - Use innerHTML to insert result into "div" element

#### HTML

- Loads JavaScript from centralized directory
- Designates control that initiates request
- Gives ids to input elements that will be read by script
- Defines a blank "div" element with a known id

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# **Updating HTML Page Asynchronously**

#### HTML

Defines initially blank div elementdiv id="resultText"></div>

#### JavaScript

- Finds element (getElementById) and inserts text into innerHTML property document.getElementById("resultText").innerHTML = request.responseText;

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### **Define a Request Object**

```
var request;

function getRequestObject() {
   if (window.ActiveXObject) {
     return(new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP"));
   } else if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
     return(new XMLHttpRequest());
   } else {
     return(null);
   }
}
```

No changes from previous example

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## **Initiate Request**

```
function sendRequestWithData(address, data,
                              responseHandler) {
  request = getRequestObject();
  request.onreadystatechange = responseHandler;
  request.open("POST", address, true);
  request.setRequestHeader("Content-Type",
          "application/x-www-form-urlencoded");
                                  No changes from previous example
  request.send(data);
}
function displayTimeInCity() {
  var address = "../show-time-in-city";
  var city = document.getElementById("city").value;
  var data = "city=" + escape(city) + "&useHTML=true";
  sendRequestWithData(address, data, showResponseText);
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```

# **Handle Response**

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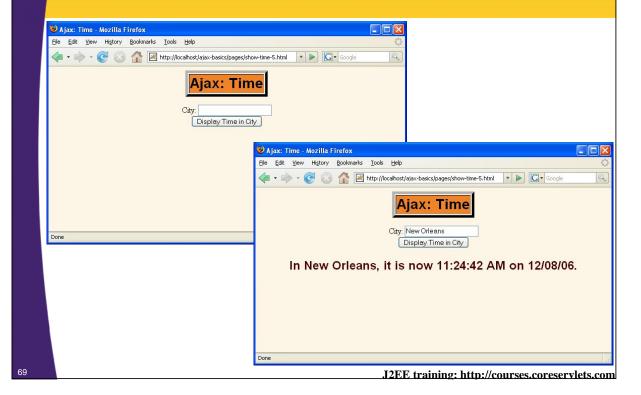
# HTML Code (show-time-5.html)

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "..." "http://www.w3.org/...">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head><title>Ajax: Time</title>
<link rel="stylesheet".../>
<script src="../scripts/ajax-basics.js"</pre>
        type="text/javascript"></script>
</head>
<body>
. . .
<form action="#">
City: <input type="text" id="city"/><br/>
 <input type="button" value="Display Time in City"</pre>
        onclick="displayTimeInCity()"/>
</form>
<div id="resultText"></div>
</center></body></html>
                                 J2EE training: http://courses.coreservlets.com
```

#### **Servlet Code**

```
public class ShowTimeInCity extends HttpServlet {
  public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request,
                    HttpServletResponse response)
      throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setHeader("Cache-Control", "no-cache");
    response.setHeader("Pragma", "no-cache");
    response.setContentType("text/html");
    PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
    String city = request.getParameter("city");
    boolean useHTML = false;
    if (request.getParameter("useHTML") != null) {
      useHTML = true;
    String message = TimeZone.getTimeString(city);
    if (useHTML) {
      message = String.format("<h2>%s</h2>", message);
    out.print(message);
  public void doPost(...) ... { doGet(negquesting: nesponses)careservlets.com
```

#### **Displaying HTML Output: Results**



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# Parsing and Displaying XML Output

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# HTML Example: Design Deficiencies

#### Java code generated HTML

- Page author has no control over format
- Cannot use the same data for different tasks
- Having server-side resource (servlet) generate HTML is often easier and better. But not always.

#### Solution

- Have servlet return XML content
- JavaScript parses XML and decides what to do with it

#### Secondary problem

- Generating XML from a servlet is inconvenient

#### Secondary solution

- Use MVC architecture on server
  - Servlet creates dynamic data
  - JSP formats the data
  - See detailed lecture on using MVC in Java: http://courses.coreservlets.com/Course-Materials/csajsp2.html

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## **Steps**

#### JavaScript

- Define an object for sending HTTP requests
- Initiate request
  - Get request object
  - Designate a request handler function
  - Initiate a POST request to a servlet (that uses MVC)
  - Send data
- Handle response
  - Wait for readyState of 4 and HTTP status of 200
  - Extract return text with responseText or responseXML
  - Do something with result
    - Parse data. Use innerHTML to insert result into "div" element

#### HTML

- Loads JavaScript from centralized directory
- Designates control that initiates request
- Gives ids to input elements that will be read by script

## Parsing XML in JavaScript

#### Getting the main XML document

- Use responseXML instead of responseText var xmlDocument = request.responseXML;
- Get array of elements with getElementsByTagNamevar names = xmlDocument.getElementsByTagName("name");
- Get body text by getting value of first child node for(var i=0; i<names.length; i++) { var name = names[i].childNodes[0].nodeValue; doSomethingWith(name);

# See detailed lecture on parsing XML with DOM in Java

- http://courses.coreservlets.com/ Course-Materials/java5.html
- Java API and JavaScript API are very similar

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#### **Define a Request Object**

```
var request;

function getRequestObject() {
   if (window.ActiveXObject) {
      return(new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP"));
   } else if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
      return(new XMLHttpRequest());
   } else {
      return(null);
   }
}
```

No changes from previous example

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#### **Initiate Request**

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#### **Handle Response**

```
function showCityTable() {
  if ((request.readyState == 4) &&
      (request.status == 200)) {
   var xmlDocument = request.responseXML;
   var names = xmlDocument.getElementsByTagName("name");
   var times = xmlDocument.getElementsByTagName("time");
   var days = xmlDocument.getElementsByTagName("day");
   var tableData = getTableStart();
   for(var i=0; i<names.length; i++) {</pre>
     var name = names[i].childNodes[0].nodeValue;
     var time = times[i].childNodes[0].nodeValue;
     var day = days[i].childNodes[0].nodeValue;
      tableData = tableData + getRowData(name, time, day);
   tableData = tableData + getTableEnd();
   document.getElementById("resultText").innerHTML =
      tableData;
```

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#### **Auxiliary Functions**

```
function getTableStart() {
 return("\n" +
  " CityTimeDay\n");
}
function getRowData(name, time, day) {
 return(" " + name +
     + time +
     + day +
     "\n");
}
function getTableEnd() {
 return("\n");
```

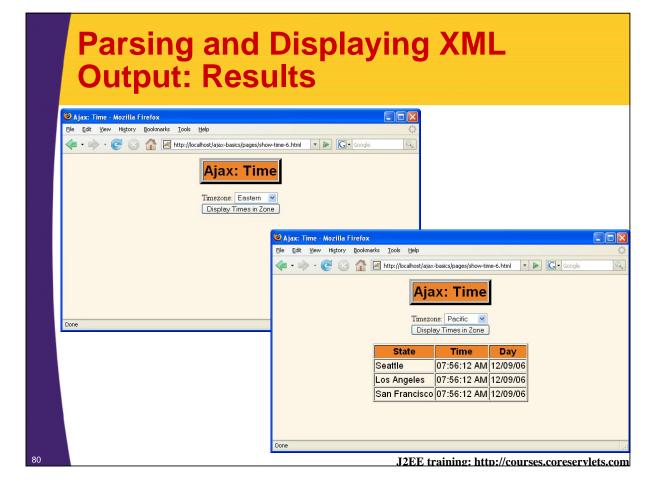
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#### **Servlet Code**

```
response.setHeader("Cache-Control", "no-cache");
response.setHeader("Pragma", "no-cache");
response.setContentType("text/xml");
String timezone = request.getParameter("timezone");
List legalZones =
  Arrays.asList("eastern", "central", "mountain", "pacific");
if ((timezone == null) || (!legalZones.contains(timezone))) {
  timezone = "eastern";
timezone = timezone.toLowerCase();
String outputPage =
  String.format("/WEB-INF/results/%s.jsp", timezone);
FormattedTimeAndDay timeAndDay =
  new FormattedTimeAndDay(timezone);
request.setAttribute("timeAndDay", timeAndDay);
RequestDispatcher dispatcher =
  request.getRequestDispatcher(outputPage);
dispatcher.include(request, response);
                                      J2EE training: http://courses.coreservlets.com
```

# JSP Code (eastern.jsp)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<cities>
  <city>
    <name>New York</name>
    <time>${time>$time}</time>
    <day>${timeAndDay.day}</day>
  </city>
  <city>
    <name>Philadelphia
    <time>${time>quantime}</time>
    <day>${timeAndDay.day}</day>
  </city>
  <city>
    <name>Boston</name>
    <time>${time>andDay.time}</time>
    <day>${timeAndDay.day}</day>
  </city>
</cities>
                                    J2EE training: http://courses.coreservlets.com
```





# **Ajax Tools**

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#### **Tools and Toolkits**

#### Client-Side Tools

- Dojo.
  - Open source JavaScript toolkit with Ajax support
  - http://www.dojotoolkit.org/
- Google Web Toolkit
  - · Write code in Java, translate it to JavaScript
  - http://code.google.com/webtoolkit/
- script.aculo.us
  - Free JavaScript toolkit with Ajax support
  - http://script.aculo.us/
- Yahoo User Interface Library (YUI)
  - Free JavaScript toolkit with some Ajax support
  - http://developer.yahoo.com/yui/

# **Tools and Toolkits (Continued)**

#### Server-Side Tools

- Direct Web Remoting
  - Lets you call Java methods semi-directly from JavaScript
  - http://getahead.ltd.uk/dwr/
- JSON/JSON-RPC
  - For sending data to/from JavaScript with less parsing
  - http://www.json.org/
  - http://json-rpc.org/
- JSP custom tag libraries
  - Create tags that generate into HTML and JavaScript
  - http://courses.coreservlets.com/Course-Materials/msajsp.html

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### **Tools and Toolkits (Continued)**

#### **Hybrid Client/Server Tools**

- AjaxTags
  - JSP custom tags that generate Ajax functionality
    - Supports many powerful Ajax capabilities with very simple syntax
    - Moderately difficult to extend
    - Built on top of script.aculo.us
  - http://ajaxtags.sourceforge.net
- JavaServer Faces (JSF) component libraries
  - Trinidad (formerly Oracle ADF)
    - http://myfaces.apache.org/
    - http://www.oracle.com/technology/products/jdev/htdocs/ partners/addins/exchange/jsf/index.html
  - Tomahawk
    - http://myfaces.apache.org/tomahawk/
  - Build your own
    - http://courses.coreservlets.com/Course-Materials/jsf.html

#### **Books**

#### Foundations of Ajax

- Asleson and Schutta. APress.
- Geared around Java on the server-side.

#### Ajax in Action

- Crane, Pascarello, and James. Manning.
- Geared around Java on the server-side.

#### Pro JSF and Ajax

- Jacobi and Fallows. APress.
- Geared around JavaServer Faces integration.

#### Professional Ajax

- Zakas, et al. Wrox. Wait for 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- Geared around Java on the server-side.

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## **Summary**

#### JavaScript

- Define request object
  - Check for both Microsoft and non-MS objects. Identical in all apps.
- Initiate request
  - Get request object
  - Designate a request handler function
  - Initiate a GET or POST request
  - Send data (null for GET)
- Handle response
  - Wait for readyState of 4 and HTTP status of 200
  - Extract return text with responseText or responseXML
  - Do something with result
    - Use innerHTML to insert result into "div" element

#### HTML

- Give ids to input elements and to div. Initiate process.

#### Java

Use JSP, servlet, or combination (MVC) as appropriate.
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# **Questions?**

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