

#BBM

Amazon

Q Given an array of size N.

& Q queries of the format  $s \quad e$  ( $s \leq e$ )  
start index end index

Return the sum of elements from index s to e

A : <sup>0</sup>-3, <sup>1</sup>6, <sup>2</sup>2, <sup>3</sup>4, <sup>4</sup>5, <sup>5</sup>2, <sup>6</sup>8, <sup>7</sup>-9, <sup>8</sup>3, <sup>9</sup>1

Q : 4

s	e	
1	3	→ 12
2	7	→ 12
4	8	→ 9
0	2	→ 5

fn (i=0; i < Q; i++) { → Q iterations

// sum s to e

sum = 0;

fn (j=s; j <= e; j++) { [s, e] → e-s+1  
sum = sum + A[j]; N iterations

}

Print[sum],

}

TC :  $O(QN)$

Given the scores of last 10 overs of a match

41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
288	312	330	349	360	383	394	406	436	439

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Runs Scored in 42<sup>nd</sup> over} &\longrightarrow R[42] - R[41] \\ &312 - 288 \\ &\Rightarrow 24 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Runs Scored in 49<sup>th</sup> over} &\longrightarrow R[49] - R[48] \\ &436 - 406 \\ &\Rightarrow 30 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Runs Scored in last 5 overs} &\longrightarrow R[50] - R[45] \\ &439 - 360 \\ &\Rightarrow 79 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Runs Scored from 42<sup>nd</sup> to 45<sup>th</sup>} &\longrightarrow R[45] - R[41] \\ &360 - 288 \\ &\Rightarrow 72 \end{aligned}$$

A : <sup>0</sup>-3, <sup>1</sup>6, <sup>2</sup>2, <sup>3</sup>4, <sup>4</sup>5, <sup>5</sup>2, <sup>6</sup>8, <sup>7</sup>-9, <sup>8</sup>3, <sup>9</sup>1

PS : -3, 3, 5, 9, 14, 16, 24, 15, 18, 19

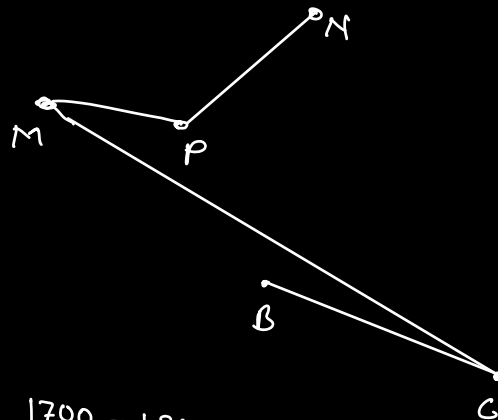
Prefix Sum Array

Every index stores the sum of all elements from start (0) till that index  
 $PS[i] \Rightarrow$  sum of elements from index 0 to i

# Wavelength

1700

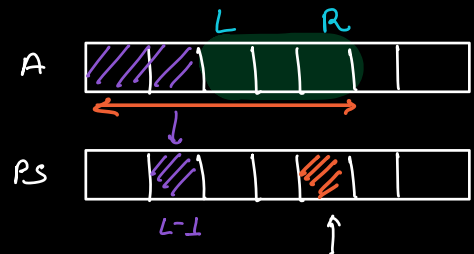
B → 0  
C → 250  
M → 1300  
P → 1400  
N → 1700



$$M \rightarrow N \Rightarrow 1700 - 1300 \Rightarrow 400 \text{ km}$$

$$C \rightarrow M \Rightarrow 1300 - 250 \Rightarrow 1050 \text{ km}$$

Sum of elements from  
index L to R  $\Rightarrow PS[R] - PS[L-1]$



A : <sup>0</sup>-3, <sup>1</sup>6, <sup>2</sup>2, <sup>3</sup>4, <sup>4</sup>5, <sup>5</sup>2, <sup>6</sup>8, <sup>7</sup>-9, <sup>8</sup>3, <sup>9</sup>1

PS : -3, 3, 5, 9

$$PS[0] = A[0]$$

$$PS[1] = A[0] + A[1] \Rightarrow PS[0] + A[1]$$

$$PS[2] = A[0] + A[1] + A[2] \Rightarrow PS[1] + A[2]$$

$$PS[3] = A[0] + A[1] + A[2] + A[3] \Rightarrow PS[2] + A[3]$$

$$PS[4] = A[0] + A[1] + A[2] + A[3] + A[4] \Rightarrow PS[3] + A[4]$$

⋮

$$PS[i] = A[0] + A[1] + A[2] + \dots + A[i-1] + A[i] \Rightarrow PS[i-1] + A[i]$$

PS  $\rightarrow$  new array of size  $N$

PS[0] = A[0];

```
for (i = 1; i < N; i++) {  
    PS[i] = PS[i-1] + A[i];  
}
```

TC:  $O(N)$

SC:  $O(N)$

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Step I  $\rightarrow$  Build the PS  $O(N)$

Step II  $\rightarrow$  Run a loop  $Q$  times  
& answer all  $Q$  queries  $O(Q)$

TC:  $O(N+Q)$

Range Sum Queries

Direct i

Q Given an array. Return true if there exists an equilibrium index in the array.

EI  $\Rightarrow$  index for which,

Sum of all elements on left side = Sum of all elements on right side



A :  $\begin{matrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 8 & 10 \end{matrix} \rightarrow \text{True}$

$\begin{matrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ -7 & 1 & 5 & 2 & -4 & 3 & 0 \end{matrix}$   
-1 -1

Brute Force

For every index  $i$



Check if  $\sum [0, (i-1)] == \sum [(i+1), (N-1)]$

ret true,

fn ( $i=0; i < N; i++$ ) {  $\rightarrow O(N)$

$S_L = 0; \rightarrow 0 - (i-1)$

$S_R = 0; \rightarrow (i+1) - (N-1)$

fn ( $j=0; j < i; j++$ ) {  
 $S_L = S_L + A[j];$

}  
fn ( $j=i+1; j < N; j++$ ) {  
 $S_R = S_R + A[j];$

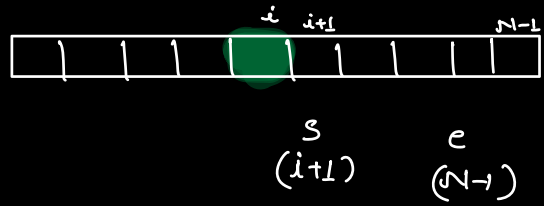
}  
if ( $S_L == S_R$ ) ret true,

TC :  $O(N^2)$

SC :  $O(1)$

Extra

$(N-1)$



PS  $\rightarrow$  Build a prefix sum

fn( $i=0; i < N; i++$ ) {  $\rightarrow O(N)$

$S_L = PS[i-1]$ , // if  $i \rightarrow 0, S_L \rightarrow 0$

$S_R = PS[N-1] - PS[i];$

$\Sigma [s, e] = PS[e] - PS[s-1]$

if ( $S_L == S_R$ ) ret true,

}

# iterations

$N$

PS

+

$N$

EI

$\Rightarrow$

$2N$

TC :  $O(N)$

SC :  $O(N)$

Q  
PayTM  
Ola

Given an array of size  $N$  &  $Q$  queries  $(s, e)$   
for every query return Count of even elements in the  
index range from  $s$  to  $e$ .

A :    <sup>0</sup>-3,   <sup>1</sup>6,   <sup>2</sup>2,   <sup>3</sup>4,   <sup>4</sup>5,   <sup>5</sup>2,   <sup>6</sup>8,   <sup>7</sup>-9,   <sup>8</sup>3,   <sup>9</sup>1

Q : 4

s	e	
1	3	→ 3
2	7	→ 4
4	8	→ 2
0	2	→ 2

Brute force

for every query

iterate from  $s$  to  $e$

↳ count the even no.

$O(QN)$

$A : \overset{0}{-3}, \overset{1}{6}, \overset{2}{2}, \overset{3}{4}, \overset{4}{5}, \overset{5}{2}, \overset{6}{8}, \overset{7}{-9}, \overset{8}{3}, \overset{9}{1}$   
 Even : 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0

Now this becomes Q1.  $\rightarrow O(Q+N)$

Amortized : Gradually write off the initial cost of an asset over a period of time

40/-

