

一致性选择：如何实现数据一致性与事务一致性

存储数据结构：在写入与读取操作上选择了什么数据结构

读写性能：读写操作的效率

事务支持：是否支持分布式事务，支持什么级别

数据正确性：如何保证数据不丢失

内存管理：如何使用内存提高效率，如何回收内存

锁的实现

任务队列

网络框架

压缩与解压缩

多表操作

```
1 # This is the folder that contains the rule yaml files
2 # Any .yaml file will be loaded as a rule
3 rules_folder: example_rules
4
5 # How often ElastAlert will query Elasticsearch
6 # The unit can be anything from weeks to seconds
7 run_every:
8   minutes: 1
9
10 # ElastAlert will buffer results from the most recent
11 # period of time, in case some log sources are not in real time
12 buffer_time:
13   minutes: 15
14
15 # The Elasticsearch hostname for metadata writeback
16 # Note that every rule can have its own Elasticsearch host
17 es_host: es1
18
19 # The Elasticsearch port
20 es_port: 9200
21
22 # The AWS region to use. Set this when using AWS-managed elasticsearch
23 #aws_region: us-east-1
24
25 # The AWS profile to use. Use this if you are using an aws-cli profile.
```

```
26 # See http://docs.aws.amazon.com/cli/latest/userguide/cli-chap-getting-s
    tarted.html
27 # for details
28 #profile: test
29
30 # Optional URL prefix for Elasticsearch
31 #es_url_prefix: elasticsearch
32
33 # Connect with TLS to Elasticsearch
34 #use_ssl: True
35
36 # Verify TLS certificates
37 #verify_certs: True
38
39 # GET request with body is the default option for Elasticsearch.
40 # If it fails for some reason, you can pass 'GET', 'POST' or 'source'.
41 # See http://elasticsearch-py.readthedocs.io/en/master/connection.html?h
    ighlight=send\_get\_body\_as#transport
42 # for details
43 #es_send_get_body_as: GET
44
45 # Option basic-auth username and password for Elasticsearch
46 es_username: elastic
47 es_password: elastic
48
49 # Use SSL authentication with client certificates client_cert must be
50 # a pem file containing both cert and key for client
51 #verify_certs: True
52 #ca_certs: /path/to/cacert.pem
53 #client_cert: /path/to/client\_cert.pem
54 #client_key: /path/to/client\_key.key
55
56 # The index on es_host which is used for metadata storage
57 # This can be a unmapped index, but it is recommended that you run
58 # elastalert-create-index to set a mapping
59 writeback_index: elastalert_status
60
61 # If an alert fails for some reason, ElastAlert will retry
62 # sending the alert until this time period has elapsed
63 alert_time_limit:
64     days: 2
```

```
65
66 # Custom logging configuration
67 # If you want to setup your own logging configuration to log into
68 # files as well or to Logstash and/or modify log levels, use
69 # the configuration below and adjust to your needs.
70 # Note: if you run ElastAlert with --verbose/--debug, the log level of
71 # the "elastalert" logger is changed to INFO, if not already INFO/DEBUG.
72 #logging:
73 # version: 1
74 # incremental: false
75 # disable_existing_loggers: false
76 # formatters:
77 # logline:
78 # format: '%(asctime)s %(levelname)+8s %(name)+20s %(message)s'
79 #
80 # handlers:
81 # console:
82 # class: logging.StreamHandler
83 # formatter: logline
84 # level: DEBUG
85 # stream: ext://sys.stderr
86 #
87 # file:
88 # class : logging.FileHandler
89 # formatter: logline
90 # level: DEBUG
91 # filename: elastalert.log
92 #
93 # loggers:
94 # elastalert:
95 # level: WARN
96 # handlers: []
97 # propagate: true
98 #
99 # elasticsearch:
100 # level: WARN
101 # handlers: []
102 # propagate: true
103 #
104 # elasticsearch.trace:
```

```
105 # level: WARN
106 # handlers: []
107 # propagate: true
108 #
109 # '': # root logger
110 # level: WARN
111 # handlers:
112 # - console
113 # - file
114 # propagate: false
```