- 1. There are low hanging fruits for this challenge. You can brute force by trying all possible values for k and f(x) when difficulty level D is low.
- 2. Analytical solution for f(x):

Consider P(T=1), in this scenario C1 is the max, and C0 is the second largest. The probability for C1 being max is  $\frac{1}{2}$ . Afterwards, C0 must be the second largest. So P(T=1) =  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

Consider P(T=2), in this scenario C2 is the max, and C0 is the second largest. The probability for C2 being max is 1/3 (i.e. choosing C2 among C0, C1, and C2), and probability for C0 being the second largest is ½ (i.e. choosing C0 among C0 and C1). So overall P(T=2) = 1/3 \* 1/2 = 1/6.

So on and so forth for P(T=3), P(T=4)...

Consider the conditional probability  $P(T \le x)$ , it is equal to 1 - P(T > x).

Now, P(T>x) implies that C0 is the max of C0, C1, C2... Cx. The probability of choosing C0 to be the max among the sequence is 1/(x+1).

So 
$$P(T \le x) = 1 - 1/(x+1)$$

Putting all together, the expected value of T given T<=x is:

$$f(x) = \frac{1 \times \frac{1}{2} + 2 \times \frac{1}{6} + \dots + x \cdot \frac{1}{x+1} \cdot \frac{1}{x}}{1 - \frac{1}{x+1}} = (H_{x+1} - 1) \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)$$

Where  $H_{x+1}$  is the harmonic number for x+1.

You can use the approximation formula for harmonic number (can be found on Wikipedia) since the challenge only requires 3 decimal places.