Reading and Doing Ethnography

Social Anthropology 314

1.2 Ethnographic Encounters

Anthropological observations around the Arts Building

Race, gender, self-presentation

- » Girls like their group, while boys are more alone.
- >> It feels like we are scared of communicating to each other; then we isolate ourselves from other racially.
- >> They go on their phones to make themselves look occupied and look like they are being social.

Feelings

- >> Students were preoccupied. It seemed they did not entirely want to be in class.
- >> When they go into class they seem more unhapppy/have a look of dreadfulness, but when they leave they are kind of relieved.
- » [Smokers outside] look very relaxed as if they don't have any motive to work.
- >> There is a somewhat nervous energy which, as a 3rd year student, I assign to nervous 1st years who clearly have a lost or confused expression.

How social are we?

- 1. Majority of people sitting in the BA building use their phones while waiting for their next class, while minority read books and socialise with other people.
- 2. People tend to sit in groups to avoid sitting alone and to be part of a group's conversation. The few people who choose to sit alone, sit far from each other.

How do we analyze observations?

Things you can observe

- >> Physical behavior and location
- >> Forms of sociability or isolation (showing social relationships)
- » Cultural presentation (e.g. fashion)
- >> Ways of talking
- » Observations about social strategy
- >> Public feelings

What is "observing"

- >> You already have expectations when you observe.
- >> You notice differences between norm and reality.
- >> You make inferences about why people do what they do: their strategies.
- >> You may make inferences about theoretical findings.

Essential points in ethnographic observation

- >> Know what you're expecting.
- >> Don't generalize **at all**. Note specific people and details about them, rather than types.
- >> Find something surprising, given your expectations.
- >> Be aware of the difference between what you see and what you infer.

The main problem with this exercise:

It's impossible to observe with no project.

You have to have a project to start out, even if it changes.

Social situations

Gluckman-style questions

- >> Where is it?
- >> Who was there? Where did they come from?
- >> What happened, very concretely?
- >> What did people talk about?
- >> How were people divided into groups?
- >> What sorts of power and politics were at work?

- >> What is the role of the white state? Of race?
- >> What forms of work are represented?
- >> How are people organized by gender?
- >> How do different social structures fit together?
- >> What are people's different motives?

The difference from Malinowski

- » Malinowski gives us an image of coherent, separated "native" culture.
- Soluckman is interested in the system that integrates different racial and social groups.

Ethnographic Encounters

Abu-Lughod-style questions

- >> How are you integrated into local norms?
- >> What do you owe the locals?
- >> What sorts of attachments do you form?
- >> Is local culture a critique of your own culture?
- >> How are bodies regulated and ritualized?
- >> Can we distinguish "home" and "field"?
- >> How are similar practices interpreted culturally?