

Creating Socio-Technical Patches for Information Foraging: A Requirements Traceability Case Study

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*Thesis submitted to the Faculty of the University of Cincinnati in partial fulfillment of the
requirements for the degree of Master of Science in Computer Engineering*



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Overview

1. Introduction
2. Background
3. Examining Requirements Socio-Technical Graphs
4. Creating Socio-Technical Patches for Information Foraging
5. Discussions
6. Future Work



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- I. Introduction
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- V. Discussions
- VI. Future Work

INTRODUCTION: TERMINOLOGY AND PROBLEM



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Information Optimal Foraging Theory



[Image] (cc) <https://www.flickr.com/photos/pavdw/19456699639>



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Examples of Information Patches

- Web Search: Web Site [1]
- Bug Fixing: Code Fragment [2]

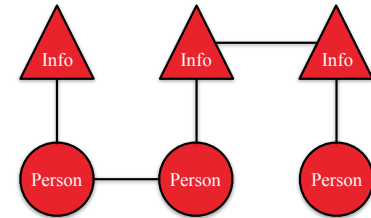


- [1] E. H. Chi, P. Pirolli, K. Chen, and J. E. Pitkow, "Using information needs and actions and the web," in Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems (CHI), Seattle, WA, USA, March-April 2001, pp. 490-497.
- [2] J. Lawrence, C. Bogart, M. M. Burnett, R. K. E. Bellamy, K. Rector, and S. D. Fleming, "How programmers debug, revisited: an information foraging theory perspective," IEEE Transactions on Software Engineering, vol. 39, no. 2, pp. 197-215, February 2013.

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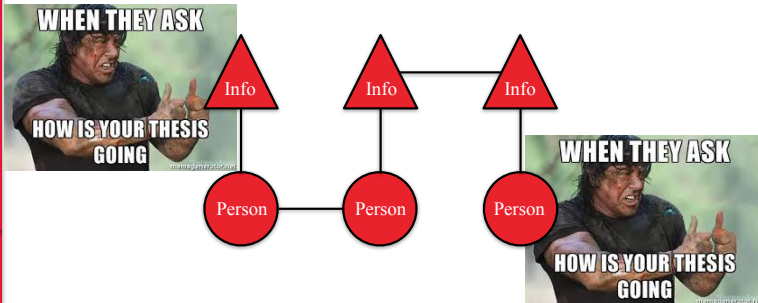
Socio-Technical Systems

- Facebook
- YouTube
- Twitter
- GitHub
- Wikipedia



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Socio-Technical Systems What's a Patch?



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Socio-Technical System:

Requirements Traceability

- Examining the life of a requirement from inception to implementation
- USDA Product Safety doubted [1]
- Facebook CEO can't explain decisions [2]
- Socio-Technical

- [1] P. Ma'ar, P. L. Jones, Y. Zhang, and J. Cleland-Huang, "Strategic traceability for safety-critical projects," IEEE Software, vol. 30, no. 3, pp. 58-66, May/June 2013.
- [2] Q. Forgey and A. E. Weaver, "Key moments from Mark Zuckerberg's senate testimony," <https://www.politico.com/story/2018/04/10/zuckerberg-senate-testimony-facebook-key-moments-5123347cid-apn>, April 2018, accessed: Apr 2018.

Requirements *Traceability Questions*

- ...are an information need. Prey.
- What's the patch?
- *where should a user search to understand their requirements traceability question?*

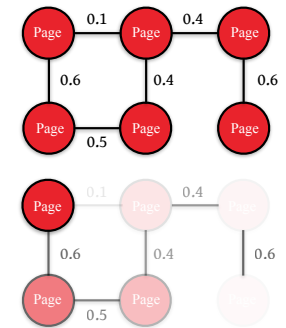
Traceability Patches

1. Examine 4 Requirements Repositories (with 125 Traceability Questions) as Socio-Technical Graphs
2. Identify what needs to be in a patch
3. Spreading Activation Algorithm to create patches as small as 5-10 nodes

BACKGROUND

Information Foraging Theory

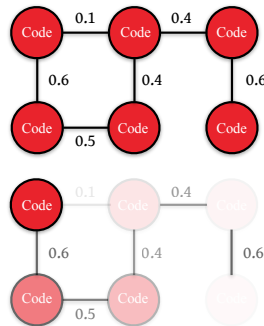
- Pirolli & Card, Web User Flow by Information Scent (WUFIS) [1]
- Nodes, Webpages (*patch*)
- Edges, Links
- Edges weighted by relatedness (*scent of other patches*)
- Predicts where the user will/should navigate with spreading activation. (*which patch will I switch to?*)



[1] P. Pirolli, "Computational models of information scent-following in a very large browsable text collection," in Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems (CHI), Atlanta, GA, USA, March 1997, pp. 3-10.

Information Foraging Theory

- **PFIS [1]:** WUFIS for Code Navigation
 - Nodes, Code (patch)
 - Edges, Links
 - Edges weighted by relatedness (scent of other patches)
 - Predicts where the user will/should navigate with spreading activation (which patch will I switch to?)

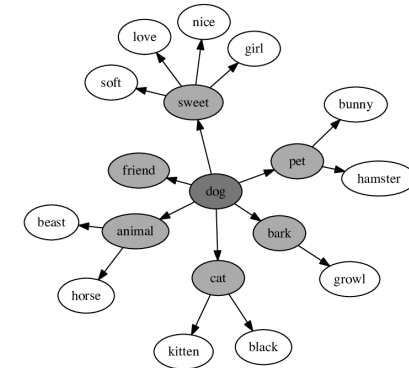


[1] J. Lawrence, R. K. E. Bellamy, M. M. Burnett, and K. Rector, "Using information scent to model the dynamic foraging behavior of programmers in maintenance tasks," in *Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems (CHI)*, Florence, Italy, April 2008, pp. 1323-1332.

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Detour: Spreading Activation

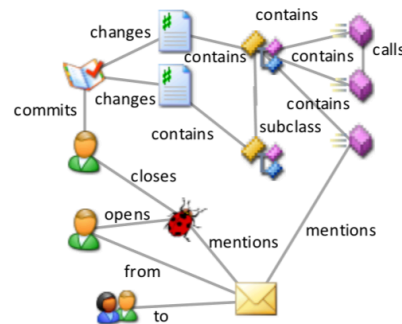


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Socio-Technical Topology

- **Codebook [1]:**
 People +
 Artifacts
- Regular
 Language
 Reachability



[1] J. A. Begel and R. DeLine, "Codebook: social networking over code," in *International Conference on Software Engineering (ICSE)*, Vancouver, Canada, May 2009, pp. 263-266.

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- Can we Spread Activation over a
- Socio-Technical Graph like Codebook
- to make IFT Patches?

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EXAMINING REQUIREMENTS SOCIO-TECHNICAL GRAPHS

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The Information Environment

- Where can we find Traceability Questions?
- Issue Trackers like Jira [1]

[1] P. Heck and A. Zaidman, "An analysis of requirements evolution in open source projects: recommendations for issue trackers," in *International Workshop on Principles of Software Evolution (IWPSSE)*, Saint Petersburg, Russia, August 2013, pp. 43–52.

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Issue Details:

- Type: Enhancement
- Priority: Major
- Status: Unresolved
- Affects Version/s: 7.8.0.Final
- Fix Version/s: None
- Component/s: DMN Editor
- Labels: None
- Epic Link: [DMN Authoring]
- Sprint: 2019 Week 25-26
- Docs QE Status: NEW
- QE Status: NEW

Description:

Matteo Marini suggested it advantageous to create input columns for each InputData element linked to the DecisionTable expression. For example, if a BPMN has 2 InputData nodes of simple data-types then two columns should be created. If a BPMN has 1 InputData node of complex data-type that consists of 3 elements then 3 columns should be created.

- For simple data types the input column names should correspond exactly to InputData elements.
- For complex data types, we should use dot notation, e.g. Person.name, Person.salary ...

Issue Links:

is followed up by [DROOLS-2657 \[DMN Designer\] Select Box for Decision Table ...](#)

Activity:

Josef Marfo added a comment - 9 hours ago

Matteo Marini in the meeting we discussed creating InputData nodes if input column added in the expression editor. You explained it is not expected/required. Now came to my mind similar question, if user has opened expression editor, the top level is a decision table, and an input column was deleted, should be the input node deleted (in case it is not connected to other nodes of DMN)?

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Traceability Questions in JIRA

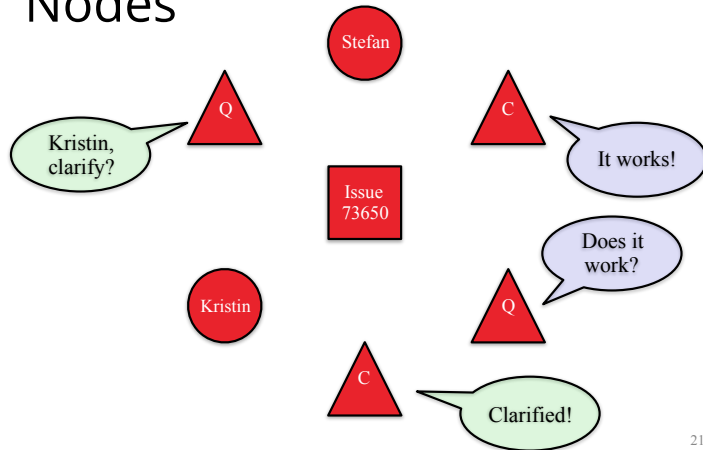
- Identified Questions using CoreNLP [1]
- Manually identified answers

id	issue	body	asker	answered by	role	operations
1206	972	Can you please send a PR adding a new example...?	Mario Fusco	Mauricio Salatino	Creator	add pull request
1220	963	This should be fixed for 6.4.0.Final, does it sound possible?	Mauricio Salatino	Petr Siroky	Assignee	change fix version
1371	907	...Please look at [my page]. What do you think ...	Michael Kiefer	Geoffrey De Smet	Creator	marked as done
1377	905	Thanks...[martenscs]. Is there any other prefix? ...	Petr Siroky			
1383	901	any news here [mfusco]?	David naranjo	Geoffrey De Smet		provide opinion
1627	823	Hi Geoff, I don't know what should be the expected behaviour? ...	Michael Kiefer			

[1] C. D. Manning, M. Surdeanu, J. Bauer, J. Finkel, S. J. Bethard, and D. McClosky, "The Stanford CoreNLP natural language processing toolkit," in *Association for Computational Linguistics (ACL) System Demonstrations*, 2014, pp. 55–60. [Online]. Available: <http://www.aclweb.org/anthology/P/P14/P14-5010>

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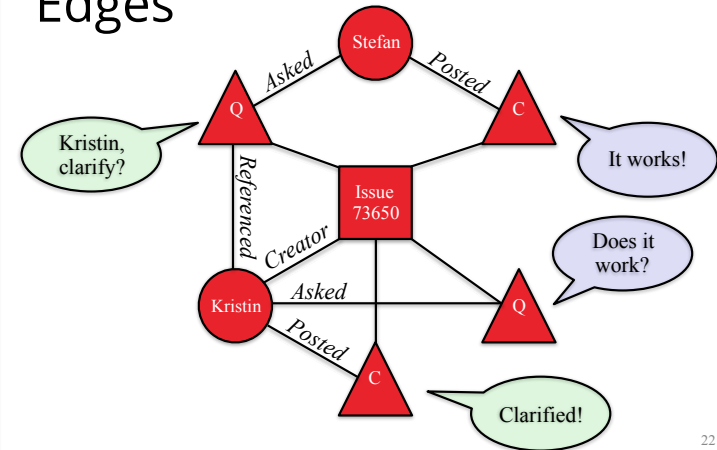
Nodes



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Edges



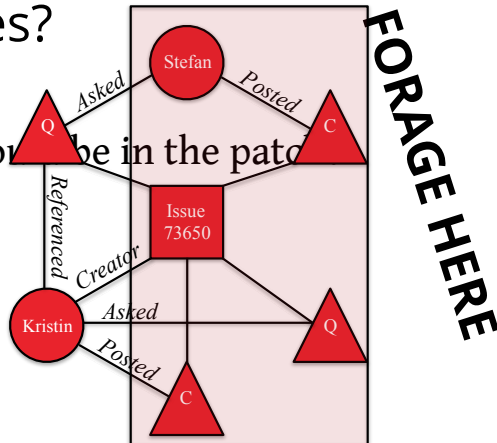
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Patches?

No.

What should be in the patch?



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Q&A Relationships

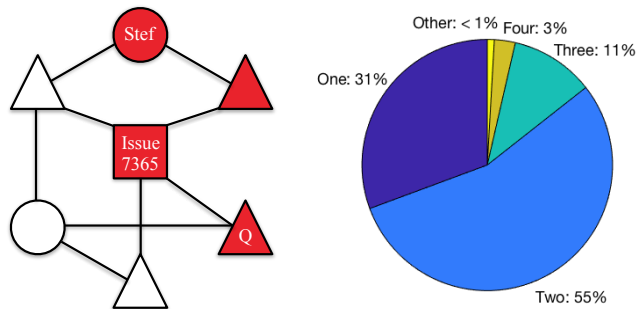
- *What should be in the patch?*
A patch should probably include the answer
- Question: Need from a Patch
- Answer: Need may be satisfied
- *Where is the Answer?*

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Q&A Relationships

- *Where is the Answer?*

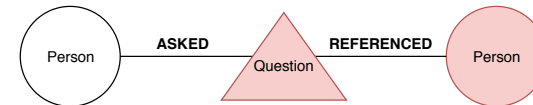


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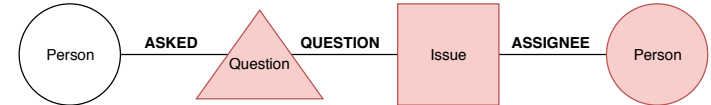
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Where is the Answer? *One or Two Degrees*

1 Degree: Referenced or Self



2 Degrees: Creator or Assignee

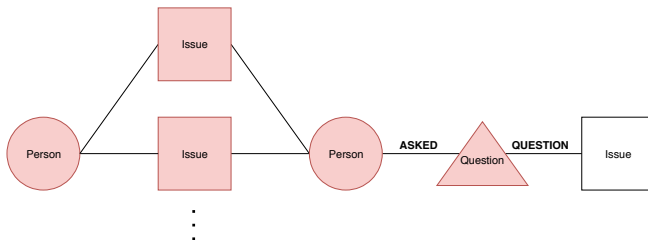


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Where is the Answer? *Three or Four Degrees*

3 Degrees: Frequent Collaborator

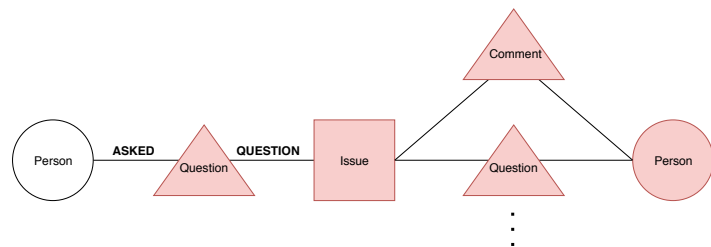


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Where is the Answer? *Three or Four Degrees*

3 Degrees: Frequent Contributor

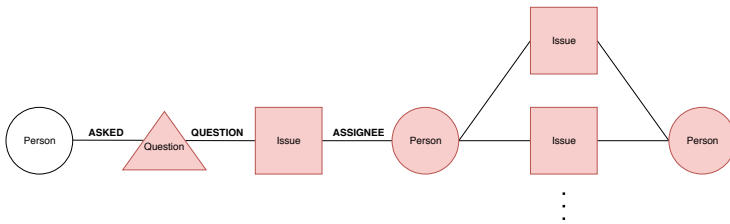


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Where is the Answer? *Three or Four Degrees*

4 Degrees: Frequent Collaborator of Creator or Assignee



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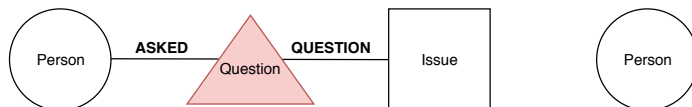
Where is the Answer? *Five or More Degrees*

- More Frequent Collaborators or Contributors?

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Where is the Answer? *Unconnected (For Now)*

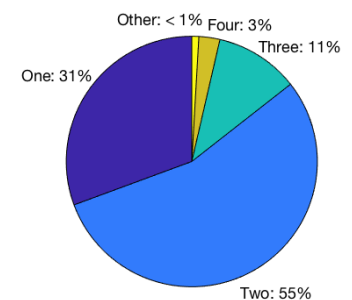
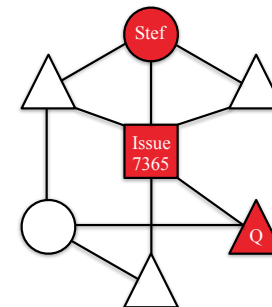


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Q&A Relationships

- A patch should probably include the answer

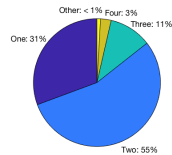


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Q&A Relationships

- A patch should probably include the answer



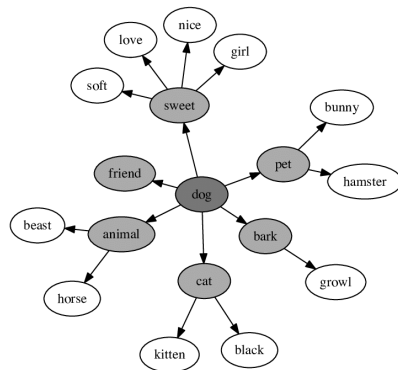
	Min	Q1	Med	Q3	Max
2 Degrees	4	29	192	442	1908
3 Degrees	5	271	510	1405	4192
4 Degrees	5	625	2288	3636	7542
5 Degrees	5	1949	3084	4597	7950

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CREATING SOCIO-TECHNICAL PATCHES FOR INFORMATION FORAGING

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Spreading Activation



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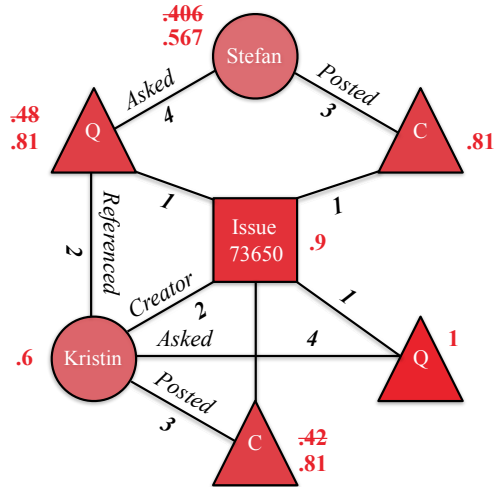
Spreading Activation: Weight

- Weight is Relatedness
- Weight is Relationships & Knowledge
- Comment to Issue: *Strong*
- Creator/Assignee to Issue: *Medium-Strong*
- Comment to Referenced: *Medium-Strong*
- Comment to User: *Medium*
- Question to User: *Weak*

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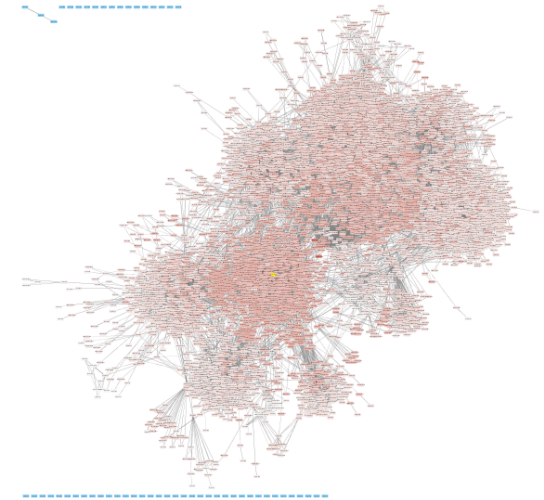
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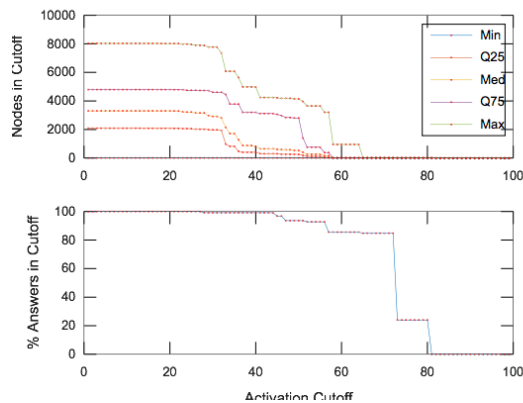
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Delineating Patches: Activation

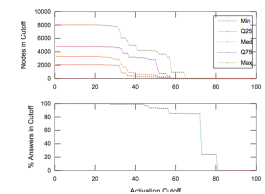


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Delineating Patches: Activation

	Min	Q1	Med	Q3	Max	Answer
4 Degrees	5	625	2288	3636	7542	100%
$A \geq 0.45$	5	273	649	1860	4834	100%
$A \geq 0.50$	5	190	406	1399	3961	93%
$A \geq 0.56$	4	44	165	384	3207	85%
$A \geq 0.72$	2	4	6	10	24	84%

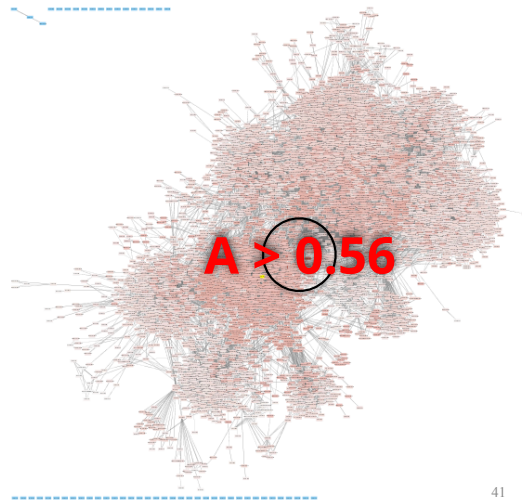


- All Answers at $A > 0.45$
- Frequent Collaborators at $A > 0.50$
- Frequent Contributors at $A > 0.56$
- Most Answers $A > 0.72$

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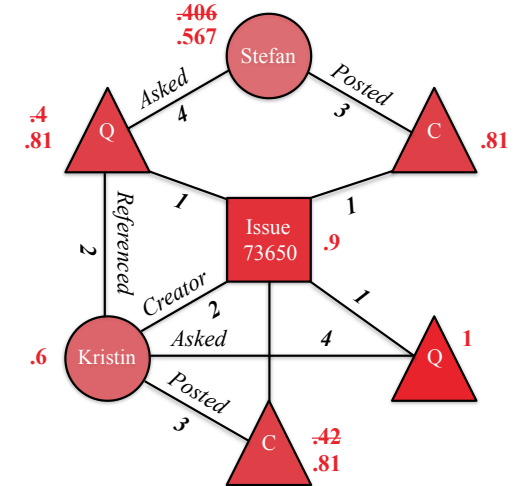
Practical Example



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Practical Example



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DISCUSSIONS

Implications

- Piorkowski et al. [1], Prey in Pieces
- RSTG Small World [2], 4 Degrees
- Answering Natural Language Traceability Needs [3]

[1] D. Piorkowski, A. Z. Henley, T. Nabi, S. D. Fleming, C. Scaffidi, and M. M. Bur-nett, "Foraging and navigations, fundamentally: developers' predictions of value and cost," in International Symposium on Foundations of Software Engineering (FSE), Seattle, WA, USA, November 2016, pp. 97–108.
[2] D. Chakrabarti and C. Faloutsos, "Graph mining: laws, generators, and algorithms," ACM Computing Surveys, vol. 38, no. 1, pp. Article 2, March 2006.
[3] P. Pruski, S. Lohar, W. Goss, A. Rasin, and J. Cleland-Huang, "TIQI: answering un-structured natural language trace queries," Requirements Engineering, vol. 20, no. 3, pp. 215–232, September 2015.

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Conclusion

- Foraging Needs Patches
- We Made Patches
 - Identified Relationships
 - Spreading Activation
- This is a Foundation

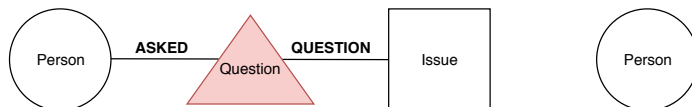
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FUTURE WORK

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New Data Types



- Connect Unconnected Users
- Shorter paths = tighter patches

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New Data Types

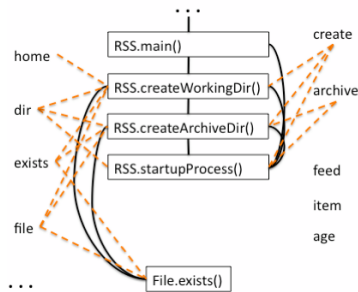
- Code & Commits
- Edges between Questions & Answers
- Semantic Similarity

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New Data Types

- Semantic Similarity

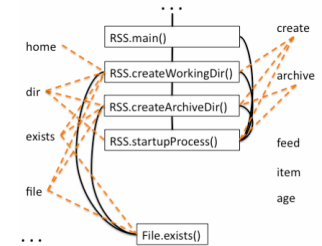


[Image] J. Lawrence, M. M. Burnett, R. K. E. Bellamy, C. Bogart, and C. Swart, "Reactive information foraging for evolving goals," in *Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems (CHI)*, Atlanta, GA, USA, April 2010, pp. 25–34.

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New Data Types

- Semantic Similarity
- No shorter paths*
- No higher activation



- * Comment 9732 – Issue 4548 – Person 4 – Issue 4792 – Person 691
Comment 9732 – **“workaround”** – Comment – Person 691
- * Comment 1940 – Issue 1421 – Person 196 – Issue 1432 – Person 70
Comment 1940 – **“issue”** – Comment 2133 – Person 70

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Better Algorithm

- Trial-Error Parameters
- Decay
- Weights
- Frequency Reward
- Patch Cutoff

Better Algorithm

- Weights
- Frequency Reward
- Weightless
 - Answers in A > 0.72 Dropped 60%
- Weightless + Issue Activated
 - Similar to Original!

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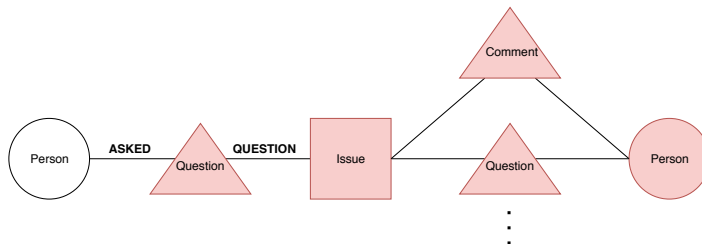
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Better Algorithm

- Weights
- Frequency Reward



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New Domains

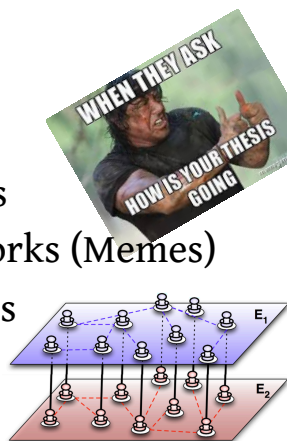
- Requirements Traceability Case Study
- Applying Design Thinking...
 - Movies?
 - Safety Certification?
 - Composite Networks?

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New Domains

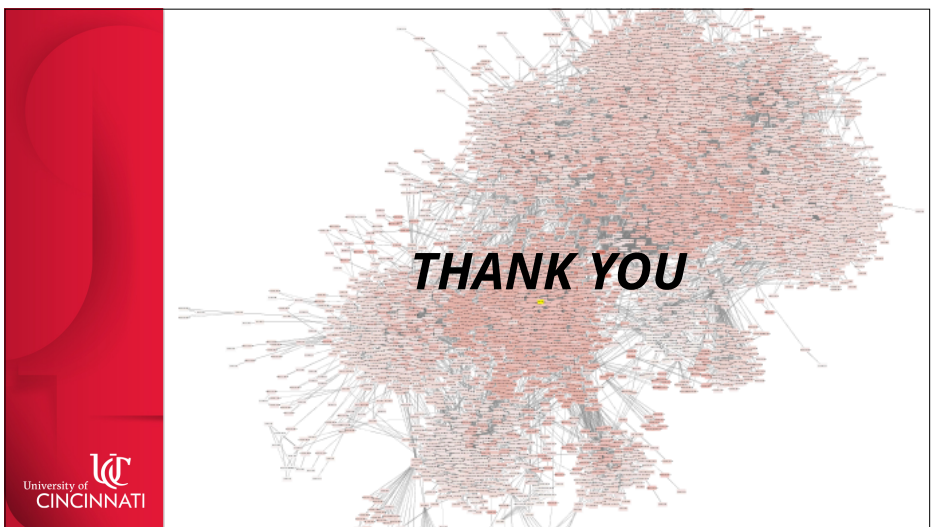
- Composite Networks
- Multiple JIRA Projects
- Multiple Social Networks (Memes)
- Popping News Bubbles



[Image] X. Wei, N. Valler, B. A. Prakash, I. Neamtiu, M. Faloutsos, and C. Faloutsos, "Competing memes propagation on networks: a case study of composite networks," ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review, vol. 42, no. 5, pp. 5-12, 2012.

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