

### Proof of Personhood tokens on the Ethereum blockchain

# What are Proof of Personhood (pop) tokens?

"Accountable anonymous credentials"

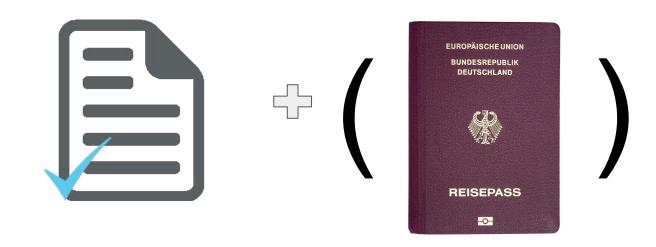
### What are PoP tokens?

# "Accountable anonymous credentials"

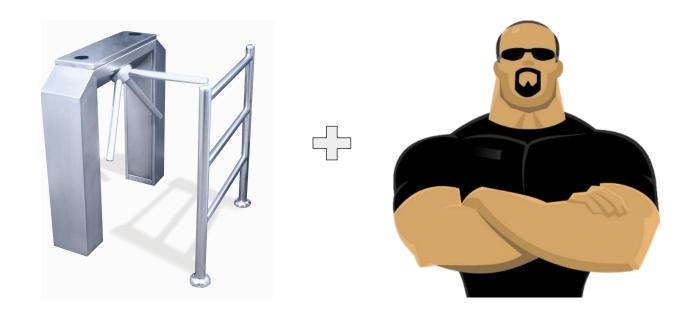


A turnstile

# Accessing a website. Instead of:



# Accessing a website. Use:



### Applications in:

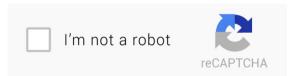
- Forums



- Wikipedia article editing



- Anti-Sybil attacks mechanisms



### Problematic:

# Reconciling anonymity and accountability on internet





## How to start?



A party!

# A pseudonym party

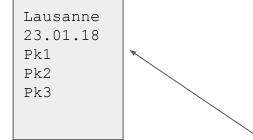


Keeps

private key



# Party transcript is then



# Organizers







**Public Key** 





**Attendees** 







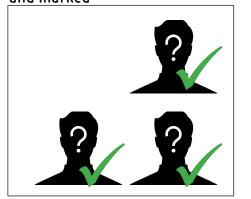






# pushed to the blockchain















### PoP token

### Party transcript

Lausanne 19.01.2018 Pk1 Pk2 Pk3



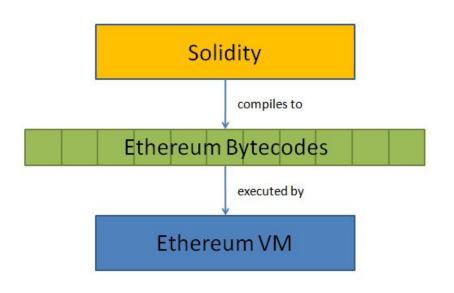


Private Key Personhood token

# What is Ethereum? Why use it?



### Open-source, public, blockchain-based distributed computing platform



#### Random stats:

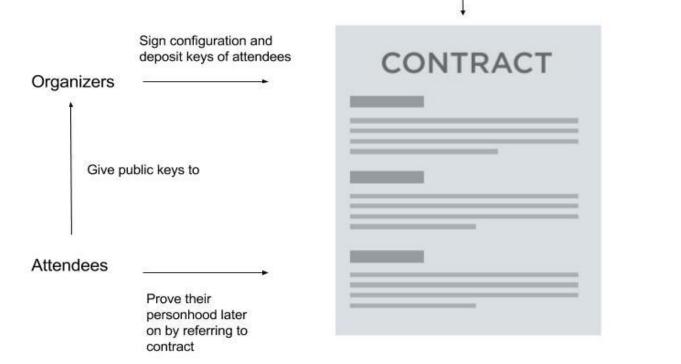
- 30000+ nodes
- Started in 2015
- 16 sec average block time (vs
  10 min block time for Bitcoin)

# Proof of personhood smart-contract:

Use a smart-contract to organize and store information of a pseudonym party

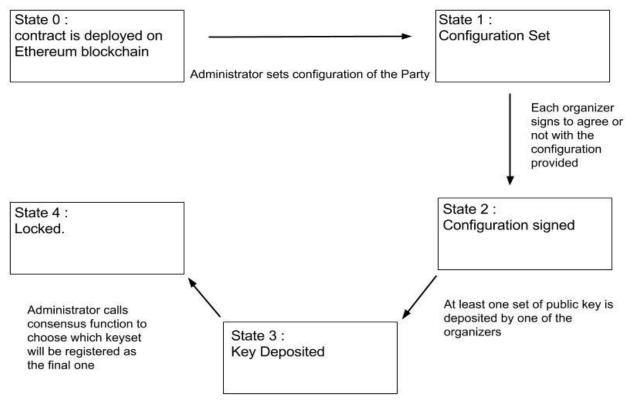
#### Administrator

Deploy and set configuration of party



### How to ensure security?

Model the smart-contract as a finite state machine



# Demo

### Conclusion

Goal: let people *trust* each other on internet while also *staying anonymous* 

Realisation: physical party + cryptographic tools + a immutable decentralized ledger (ethereum blockchain)

### Further improvements:

- price is high (100\$+) but can be run on testnet
- add new functionalities
- not very user-friendly