

# Logistic Regression

Log. Reg D

$x_0^{\text{all}}$ :

	$x_0$	GPA	IQ	Placement
1	1	7.5	81	1
1	1	8.9	109	1
1	1	7.0	89	0
1	1	1	1	0

Perception Trick

$$w_0 + w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 = 0$$

$$\sim \sim \sim$$

Epoch = 1000

$\eta = 0.01$

$$w_0 x_0 + w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^n w_i x_i$$

+ if  $x_i \in N$  and  $\sum_{i=0}^n w_i x_i \geq 0$

$$w_{\text{new}} = w_{\text{old}} - \eta x_i$$

if  $x_i \in P$  and  $\sum_{i=0}^n w_i x_i < 0$

$$w_{\text{new}} = w_{\text{old}} + \eta x_i$$

$$w_{\text{new}} = w_{\text{old}} + \eta (y_i - \hat{y}) x_i$$

$y$	$y_i$	$\hat{y}_i$	$y_i - \hat{y}_i$
1	1	0	1
0	0	0	0
1	0	1	-1
0	1	0	1

## Logistic Regression

### Sigmoid Function

Log Reg (2)

$$w_n = w_0 + (\hat{y} - \hat{y}_i) \times i$$

try to skip  $(\hat{y}_i - \hat{y}_i) \neq 0$  (try to skip),  
because of Step funn this happen

so use Sigmoid Fun<sup>n</sup>

$$\sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} \quad \begin{cases} 0 < z < \infty \\ 0 < y < 1 \end{cases}$$

give now Sigmoid fun<sup>n</sup>:

$$\sigma(z) = \begin{cases} 0 \\ 0.5 \\ 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{if } z & \sigma(z) & \\ 1 & 0.52 & \\ 0 & 0.5 & \\ -1 & 0.48 & \end{array}$$

$$w_n = w_0 + \eta (\hat{y}_i - \hat{y}_i) \times i$$

$$\hat{y}_i = \sigma(z) \quad z = \sum w_i x_i$$

still we will not get good result.

Solved Exp LgR-1

Question

Logistic Regression

$$\text{Where } w_0 + \sum_i (y_i - \hat{y}_i) x_i$$



logistic fun

$$g(\text{Sigmoid}) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}}$$

Where

$$z = \sum w_i x_i$$

	$x_0$	$w$	C.G.P.A	T.Q	Placed
①	1	7	110	0	
②	1	8.5	120	1	
③	1	6	105	0	
④	1	9	130	1	
⑤	1	7.5	115	1	

$$Xw = Y$$

$$\text{initial } w = 1$$

Step-1 ①  $z = w_0 x_{01} + w_1 x_{11} + w_2 x_{21}$   
 $w_0, w_1, w_2$  all are 1

$$z = 1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 7 + 1 \cdot 110 = 118$$

$$g(z) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-118}} \approx 1 \text{ (Pred.)}$$

$$\text{Error} = \cancel{(y_i - \hat{y}_i)} = \cancel{(1 - 1)} = 0$$

Update =

$$w_{0-\text{new}} = 1 + 0.01 \cdot 1^{*(0-1)} = 0.99$$

$$w_{1-\text{new}} = 1 + 0.01 \cdot 7^{*(0-1)} = 0.93$$

$$w_{2-\text{new}} = 1 + 0.01 \cdot (1-1) \cdot 110 = -0.1$$

Solved  
EFP Log.RP

Step-2

(8.5, 120, 1)

$$z = w_0 x_{02} + w_1 x_{12} + w_2 x_{22}$$

$$w_0 = 0.99, w_1 = 0.93, w_2 = -0.1$$

$$z = 0.99 \times 1 + 0.93 \times 8.5 + (-0.1) \times 120 = -3.12$$

$$\sigma(z) = 0.0425$$

$$\text{Error} = (1 - 0.0425) \dots$$

$$w_{0-\text{new}} = 0.99 + 0.01 \times (1 - 0.0425) \times 1 = 0.996$$

$$w_{1-\text{new}} = 0.93 + 0.01 \times (1 - 0.0425) \times 8.5 = 1.01$$

$$w_{2-\text{new}} = -0.1 + 0.01 \times (1 - 0.0425) \times 120 = 1.04$$

Step-3

(6, 105, 0.)

$$w_0 = 0.996, w_1 = 1.01, w_2 = 1.04$$

$$z = 0.996 \times 1 + 1.01 \times 6 + 1.04 \times 105 = 117.20$$

$$\sigma(z) \approx 1$$

$$\text{Error} = (y_i - \hat{y}_i) = (0 - 1) = -1$$

$$w_{0-\text{new}} = 0.996 + 0.01 \times (-1) \times 1 = 0.989$$

$$w_{1-\text{new}} = 1.01 + 0.01 \times (-1) \times 6 = 0.95$$

$$w_{2-\text{new}} = 1.04 + 0.01 \times (-1) \times 105 = 0.99$$

Step-4

(9, 103, 1)

$$w_0 = 0.989, w_1 = 0.95, w_2 = 0.99$$

$$z = 0.98 \times 1 + 0.95 \times 9 + 0.99 \times 103 = 139.909$$

$$\sigma(z) \approx 1$$

$$\text{Error} = (y_i - \hat{y}_i) = (1 - 1) = 0 \text{ (No change).}$$

Same weight

Step-5

(7.5, 115, 1)

$$w_0 = 0.98, w_1 = 0.95, w_2 = 0.99$$

$$z = 0.98 \times 1 + 0.95 \times 7.5 + 0.99 \times 115 = 122.99$$

$$\sigma(z) \approx 1$$

$$\text{Error} = 1 - 1 = 0 \text{ (No change)}$$

$$\text{final weight} = \boxed{w_0 = 0.98 \quad w_1 = 0.95 \quad w_2 = 0.99}$$

### ③ Binary Cross Entropy

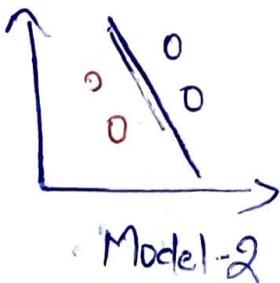
Log Reg

①

Find the Loss fun<sup>n</sup> of Logistic Regression.

$$\begin{array}{l} P(y=0) = 0.6 \quad P(y=1) = 0.4 \\ P(y=0) = 0.3 \quad P(y=1) = 0.4 \end{array}$$

Model-1



Model-2

- ① Perceptron Trick
- ② Sigmoid fun<sup>n</sup>
- ③ Binary Cross Entropy (Max Likelihood)
- ④ SoftMax

### Maximum Likelihood

Take Case

$$\hat{y} = \sigma(z) \quad \text{Sigmoid fun<sup>n</sup>}$$

find catch data Point based on Sigmoid fun<sup>n</sup>

→ Predicted Value of

$$M_1 = M_{\cancel{\text{Model 1}}} = 0.7 * 0.4 * 0.4 * 0.8 = \cancel{0.089} 0.089$$

$$M_2 = M_{\cancel{\text{Model 2}}} = 0.7 * 0.6 * 0.6 * 0.7 = \cancel{0.176} 0.176$$

Take Maxlikelihood ( $M_1, M_2$ ) =  $M_2$

Problem But answer is very small (Number)

so based on that I can do with the help of log.

$$\log(M_1) = -\log(0.7) - \log(0.4) - \log(0.4) - \log(0.8)$$

this Number always (0-1) so by always be (-ve) so we convert into

$$= \log(a)$$

Cross Entropy

Binary Cross Entropy - ②  $\log - P_y$

so we want to reduce cross entropy value

because ( $\log(0.1) > \log(0.4)$ )

so Cross Entropy we can write

$$-\log(\hat{y}_1) - \log(\hat{y}_2) - \log(\hat{y}_3) - \log(\hat{y}_4)$$

but it is not correct

instead of

$$-\log(\hat{y}_i) = -y_i \log(\hat{y}_i) - (1-y_i) \log(1-\hat{y}_i)$$

so LOSS fun will

$$L = \sum_{i=1}^n -y_i \log(\hat{y}_i) - (1-y_i) \log(1-\hat{y}_i)$$

$$L = -\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n -y_i \log(\hat{y}_i) + (1-y_i) \log(1-\hat{y}_i)$$



\* final log-loss fun

\* Binary Cross Entropy

we have to minimize the error

so we have to differentiate above eqn.

## Binary Cross Entropy

(3)

Minimize the Loss

$$L = -\frac{1}{n} \sum y_i \log(\hat{y}_i) + (1-y_i) \log(1-\hat{y}_i)$$

$$\boxed{f(w, x) = \hat{y}_i} \rightarrow g_t \text{ is sigmoid fun}$$

so

$$\sum_{i=1}^n y_i \log(\hat{y}_i) = y_1 \log(\hat{y}_1) + y_2 \log(\hat{y}_2) + y_3 \log(\hat{y}_3) + y_4 \log(\hat{y}_4)$$

$$= [y_1 \ y_2 \ y_3 \ \dots \ y_n] \begin{bmatrix} \log(\hat{y}_1) \\ \log(\hat{y}_2) \\ \vdots \\ \log(\hat{y}_n) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n y_i \log(\hat{y}_i) = \underbrace{\gamma \log \hat{\gamma}}_{\frac{\partial L}{\partial w}} + \underbrace{(1-\gamma) \log(1-\hat{\gamma})}_{\gamma \log(1-\hat{\gamma})}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (1-y_i) \log(1-\hat{y}_i) = (1-y_i) \log(1-\hat{y}_i)$$

so  $L = -\frac{1}{n} [\gamma \log \hat{\gamma} + (1-\gamma) \log(1-\hat{\gamma})]$

↓

where  $\hat{\gamma} = \sigma(xw)$

Minimize the Loss

↓

Apply Gradient Descent

i.e.  $\overline{\overline{w_{\text{new}} = w_{\text{old}} - \eta \frac{\Delta L}{\Delta w}}}$

## Binary Cross Entropy - ④

$$\hat{y} = \sigma(xw)$$

Final

$$\frac{\Delta L}{\Delta w} = \left[ \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_0}, \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_1}, \frac{\partial L}{\partial w_2}, \dots \right]$$

$$\boxed{\frac{d}{dw} \gamma \log \hat{y}} \Rightarrow \gamma \frac{d}{dw} \log \hat{y}$$

$$\Rightarrow \gamma * \frac{1}{\hat{y}} \frac{d}{dL} (\hat{y})$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\gamma}{\hat{y}} \frac{d}{dL} \sigma(wx)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\gamma}{\hat{y}} \underbrace{\sigma(wx)}_{[1-\sigma(wx)]} \frac{d}{dw} (wx)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{\hat{y}} \cancel{x} [1-\hat{y}] * x$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{\gamma (1-\hat{y}) \cdot x}{\hat{y} (1-\hat{y}) \cdot x}}$$

same do with

$$\frac{d}{dw} (1-\gamma) \log (1-\hat{y}) = \frac{(1-\gamma)}{(1-\hat{y})} * \frac{d}{dw} (1-\hat{y})$$

$$= \cancel{\frac{(1-\gamma)}{(1-\hat{y})}} \boxed{-\hat{y} (1-\gamma) x}$$

so final

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w} = -\frac{1}{n} \left[ \gamma (1-\hat{y}) x - \hat{y} (1-\gamma) x \right]$$

Binary Cross Entropy

Log Reg - 5

$$= -\frac{1}{n} [\gamma(1-\hat{\gamma}) - \hat{\gamma}(1-\gamma)] x$$

$$= -\frac{1}{n} [\gamma - \gamma\hat{\gamma} - \hat{\gamma} + \hat{\gamma}\hat{\gamma}] x$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial L}{\partial w}} = -\frac{1}{n} [\gamma - \hat{\gamma}] x$$

↓

$\frac{\Delta L}{\Delta w}$

$$w_{new} = w_{old} - \eta \frac{\Delta L}{\Delta w}$$

so

$$w_{new} = w_{old} + \eta \frac{1}{n} (\gamma - \hat{\gamma}) x$$

+ Final weight

$$w = \begin{bmatrix} w_0 \\ \vdots \\ w_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & x_{11} & \dots & x_{1m} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ 1 & x_{n1} & \dots & x_{nm} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\gamma = \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_1 \\ \vdots \\ \gamma_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\gamma} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{\gamma}_1 \\ \vdots \\ \hat{\gamma}_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{w_{new} = w_{old} + \eta \times \frac{1}{n} (\gamma - \hat{\gamma}) x}$$

## SoftMax Regression ①

## Log Reg - ①

It will use for MultiClass.

(Multinomial Logistic Regression)

$$\sigma(z_i) = \frac{e^{z_i}}{\sum_{j=1}^n e^{z_j}}$$

if three classes [ Yes, No, Maybe ]

then  $\sigma(\text{Yes}) = \frac{\text{Yes}}{\text{Yes} + \text{No} + \text{Maybe}}$

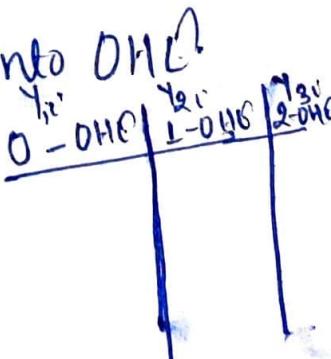
$$\sigma(z_1) = \frac{\sigma(z_1)}{\sigma(z_1) + \sigma(z_0) + \sigma(z_2)}$$

$$\sigma(z_0) = \frac{\sigma(z_0)}{\sigma(z_0) + \sigma(z_1) + \sigma(z_2)}$$

$$\sigma(z_2) = \frac{\sigma(z_2)}{\sigma(z_0) + \sigma(z_1) + \sigma(z_2)}$$

How to Solve

① Convert output column of label data into OHCL



catch

SoftMax - Regressn - ②  
Model home

Log Reg

m<sub>1</sub>

m<sub>2</sub>

m<sub>3</sub>

$$z_1 = w_0^1 w_1^1 w_2^1$$

$$z_2 = w_0^2 w_1^2 w_2^2$$

$$z_3 = w_0^3 w_1^3 w_2^3$$

YEP  
find { 7, 70 }

$$z_1 = w_0^1 + 7w_1^1 + 70w_2^1$$

$$z_2 = w_0^2 + 7w_1^2 + 70w_2^2$$

$$z_3 = w_0^3 + 7w_1^3 + 70w_2^3$$

$$\sigma(\text{Yes}) = \frac{e^{z_1}}{e^{z_1} + e^{z_2} + e^{z_3}}$$

$$\sigma(\text{No}) = \frac{e^{z_2}}{e^{z_1} + e^{z_2} + e^{z_3}}$$

$$\sigma(\text{Maybe}) = \frac{e^{z_3}}{e^{z_1} + e^{z_2} + e^{z_3}}$$

}

find Max  
Sigmoid-Value

## Polynomial Regression

## Logistic Regression

$x_1 \ x_2 \ \gamma$

increase degree = 3

so

$$x_1 \text{ become } (x_1^0 + x_1^1 + x_1^2 + x_1^3)$$

$$x_2 \text{ become } (x_2^0 + x_2^1 + x_2^2 + x_2^3)$$

so total column will be

$w_0$	$w_1$	$w_2$	$w_3$	$w_4$	$w_5$	$w_6$	$w_7$	$w_8$	$\gamma$
$x_0$	$x_1^0$	$x_1^1$	$x_1^2$	$x_1^3$	$x_2^0$	$x_2^1$	$x_2^2$	$x_2^3$	
1									
1									
1									
1									

$g+$  will cause - Overfitting Problem