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Grammatical gender

The grammatical gender of German nouns can in many cases be **guessed (with varying accuracy)**.

Suffixes and prefixes denoting grammatical gender

grammatical gender	masculine 	feminine 	neuter
corresponding article	 der	 die	das
suffixes	 -ling	 -in	
		-heit	-nis
		-keit	-chen
	l	-schaft	-lein
		-ung	-sel
suffixes of Latin or	 	l 	
Greek origin	-ant	-ion	-ment
	-ist	-tät	-ium
	-ismus	-ie	
		-enz	
 prefixes	l	<u> </u>	 Ge-

Examples

masculine:

Frühling "spring"	from	früh "early"	
Denunziant "denunciator"	compare	denunciante	
Sozialist "socialist"	compare	socialista	
Sozialismus "socialism"	compare	socialismo	

feminine:

Herrin "mistress"	from	Herr "master"
Schönheit "beauty"	from	schön "beautiful"
Ehrlichkeit "honesty"	from	ehrlich "honest"

from	Knecht "slave"	
from	schreiben "to write"	
compare	fascinação	
compare	majestade	
compare	fantasia	
compare	presença	
	from compare compare compare	from schreiben "to write" compare fascinação compare majestade compare fantasia

neuter:

Brauchtum "all the customs"	from	Brauch "a custom"
Zeugnis "testimony, certificate"	from	zeugen "to testify"
Hündchen "little dog"	from	Hund "dog"
Kindlein "little child"	from	Kind "child"
Rätsel "riddle"	from	raten "to guess"
Firmament "firmament"	compare	firmamento
Mysterium "mystery"	compare	mistério
Gerede "gossip"	from	reden "to talk"

Suffixes denoting grammatical gender depending on the meaning of the word

grammatical			
gender	masculine 	feminine 	neuter
corresponding		 	
article	der	die	das
suffixes	l 	 	
with meaning	-er	-e	-en
	(someone who does	(abstractions,	(nominalized
	something, e.g.	e.g. Liebe "love")	infinitives, e.g.
	Bäcker "baker", or		Backen "baking")
	someone who is from		
	some place, e.g.		<u> </u>
	Berliner "man from		
	Berlin") 	 	
		-t	
		(abstractions,	
		e.g. Flucht	
		"escape")	
	l	 -ei	
	1	(locations, e.g.	

	Bäckerei "place	
	where people bake")	
	-lei	
	(abstractions, e.g.	
	Schmeichelei	
	"flattery")	

Grammatical gender being associated with categories

grammatical gender	 masculine 	 feminine 	neuter
categories	male persons	female persons	animal children
	male animals	female animals	fractions
	big/dangerous animals	small/harmless animals	
	1	names of birds	
	1	names of trees	
	1	names of German rivers	
	I		

Examples

masculine:

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Mann "man"
Stier "bull"
Wal "whale"
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feminine:

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Frau "woman"
Kuh "cow"
Maus "mouse"
Amsel "blackbird"
Birke "birch"
Donau "Danube"
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neuter:

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Fohlen "foal"
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Drittel "a third"

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