

## PHASE 3 : DEVELOPMENT PART 1

# WEBSITE TRAFFIC ANALYSIS

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Website traffic analysis is the process of collecting, examining, and interpreting data related to the visitors and interactions on a website. It provides invaluable insights into user behavior, preferences, and trends, helping organizations make informed decisions, optimize their online presence, and enhance user experiences.

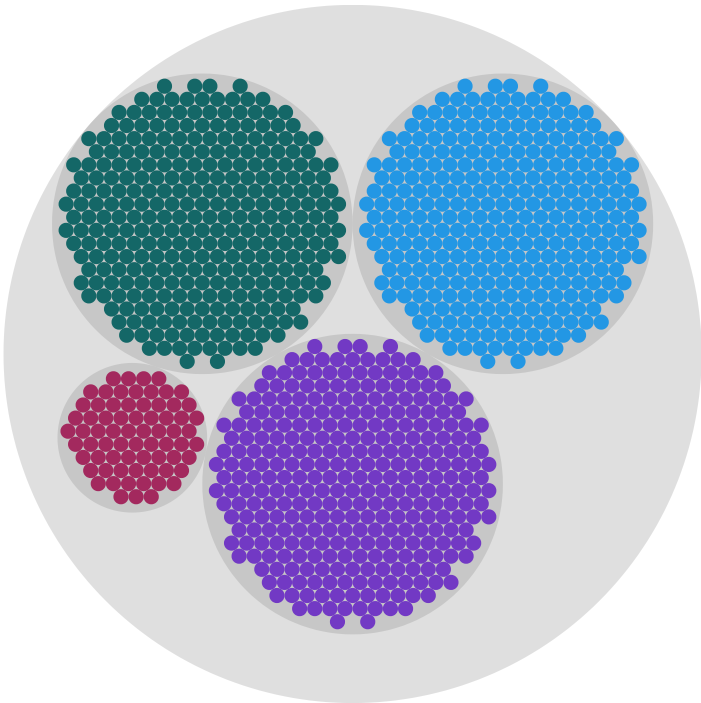
### **Abstract:**

This project aims to analyze website traffic data for insights into user behavior, popular pages, and traffic sources. It involves data collection, visualization using IBM Cognos, and Python for advanced analysis. The goal is to optimize user experiences and enhance website performance.

Tab 1

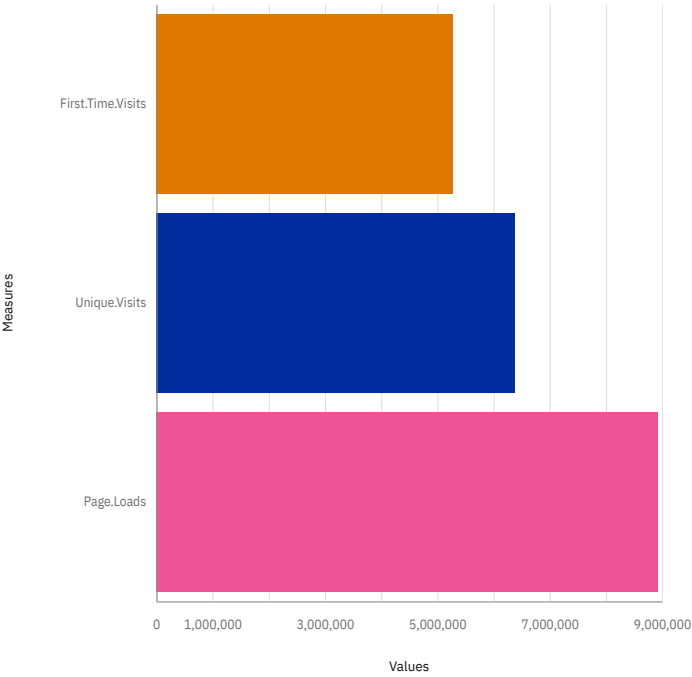
Day and Date hierarchy colored by Day.Of.Week

Day.Of.Week  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7



First.Time.Visits, Unique.Visits, Page.Loads

Measures  
First.Time.Visits Unique.Visits Page.Loads



## Insights :

Based on the current forecasting, **First.Time.Visits** may reach over 395 thousand by Day Monday+1.

The overall number of results for **First.Time.Visits** is over two thousand

The overall number of results for **Page.Loads** is over two thousand.

The overall number of results for **Unique.Visits** is over two thousand

## 'Python Integration' for Website Traffic Analysis :

Including the Insights into the Python to know the actual data that provided by Kaggle

```

In [16]: import pandas as pd
Web_data = pd.read_csv("D:\daily-website-visitors.csv",header = 0,sep = ",")
Web_data.dropna(axis = 0,inplace=True)
print(Web_data)

```

|      | Row  | Day       | Day.Of.Week | Date      | Page.Loads | Unique.Visits | \ |
|------|------|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------|---------------|---|
| 0    | 1    | Sunday    | 1           | 9/14/2014 | 2,146      | 1,582         |   |
| 1    | 2    | Monday    | 2           | 9/15/2014 | 3,621      | 2,528         |   |
| 2    | 3    | Tuesday   | 3           | 9/16/2014 | 3,698      | 2,630         |   |
| 3    | 4    | Wednesday | 4           | 9/17/2014 | 3,667      | 2,614         |   |
| 4    | 5    | Thursday  | 5           | 9/18/2014 | 3,316      | 2,366         |   |
| ...  | ...  | ...       | ...         | ...       | ...        | ...           |   |
| 2162 | 2163 | Saturday  | 7           | 8/15/2020 | 2,221      | 1,696         |   |
| 2163 | 2164 | Sunday    | 1           | 8/16/2020 | 2,724      | 2,037         |   |
| 2164 | 2165 | Monday    | 2           | 8/17/2020 | 3,456      | 2,638         |   |
| 2165 | 2166 | Tuesday   | 3           | 8/18/2020 | 3,581      | 2,683         |   |
| 2166 | 2167 | Wednesday | 4           | 8/19/2020 | 2,064      | 1,564         |   |

|      | First.Time.Visits | Returning.Visits |
|------|-------------------|------------------|
| 0    | 1,430             | 152              |
| 1    | 2,297             | 231              |
| 2    | 2,352             | 278              |
| 3    | 2,327             | 287              |
| 4    | 2,130             | 236              |
| ...  | ...               | ...              |
| 2162 | 1,373             | 323              |
| 2163 | 1,686             | 351              |
| 2164 | 2,181             | 457              |
| 2165 | 2,184             | 499              |

2166                      1,297                      267

[2167 rows x 8 columns]

## Getting of data set information using info function.

```
In [17]: print(Web_data.info())

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 2167 entries, 0 to 2166
Data columns (total 8 columns):
#   Column             Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -
0   Row                 2167 non-null  int64   
1   Day                 2167 non-null  object  
2   Day.Of.Week         2167 non-null  int64   
3   Date                2167 non-null  object  
4   Page.Loads          2167 non-null  object  
5   Unique.Visits       2167 non-null  object  
6   First.Time.Visits   2167 non-null  object  
7   Returning.Visits    2167 non-null  object  
dtypes: int64(2), object(6)
memory usage: 135.6+ KB
None

In [ ]: 

In [18]: print(Web_data.describe())

              Row  Day.Of.Week
count  2167.000000  2167.000000
mean   1084.000000    3.997231
std     625.703338    2.000229
min      1.000000    1.000000
25%     542.500000    2.000000
50%     1084.000000   4.000000
75%     1625.500000   6.000000
max     2167.000000   7.000000

In [ ]: 
```

## Printing the values of data set using Pandas Library

```
File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help Not Trusted Python 3 (ipykernel)

import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
plt.style.use('ggplot')

In [3]: df = pd.read_csv("D:\daily-website-visitors.csv")
df

Out[3]:
```

|      | Row  | Day       | Day.Of.Week | Date      | Page.Loads | Unique.Visits | First.Time.Visits | Returning.Visits |
|------|------|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 0    | 1    | Sunday    | 1           | 9/14/2014 | 2,146      | 1,582         | 1,430             | 152              |
| 1    | 2    | Monday    | 2           | 9/15/2014 | 3,621      | 2,528         | 2,297             | 231              |
| 2    | 3    | Tuesday   | 3           | 9/16/2014 | 3,698      | 2,630         | 2,352             | 278              |
| 3    | 4    | Wednesday | 4           | 9/17/2014 | 3,667      | 2,614         | 2,327             | 287              |
| 4    | 5    | Thursday  | 5           | 9/18/2014 | 3,316      | 2,366         | 2,130             | 236              |
| ...  | ...  | ...       | ...         | ...       | ...        | ...           | ...               | ...              |
| 2162 | 2163 | Saturday  | 7           | 8/15/2020 | 2,221      | 1,696         | 1,373             | 323              |
| 2163 | 2164 | Sunday    | 1           | 8/16/2020 | 2,724      | 2,037         | 1,686             | 351              |
| 2164 | 2165 | Monday    | 2           | 8/17/2020 | 3,456      | 2,638         | 2,181             | 457              |
| 2165 | 2166 | Tuesday   | 3           | 8/18/2020 | 3,581      | 2,683         | 2,184             | 499              |
| 2166 | 2167 | Wednesday | 4           | 8/19/2020 | 2,064      | 1,564         | 1,297             | 267              |

2167 rows x 8 columns

```
In [41]: df.select_dtypes(include='object').unique()
```

